NXC

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1 NXC Programmer's Guide

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2 Introduction

NXC stands for Not eXactly C.

It is a simple language for programming the LEGO MINDSTORMS NXT product. The NXT has a bytecode interpreter (provided by LEGO), which can be used to execute programs. The NXC compiler translates a source program into NXT bytecodes, which can then be executed on the target itself. Although the preprocessor and control structures of NXC are very similar to C, NXC is not a general-purpose programming language - there are many restrictions that stem from limitations of the NXT bytecode interpreter.

Logically, NXC is defined as two separate pieces. The NXC language describes the syntax to be used in writing programs. The NXC Application Programming Interface (API) describes the system functions, constants, and macros that can be used by programs. This API is defined in a special file known as a "header file" which is, by default, automatically included when compiling a program.

This document describes both the NXC language and the NXC API. In short, it provides the information needed to write NXC programs. Since there are different interfaces for NXC, this document does not describe how to use any specific NXC implementation (such as the command-line compiler or Bricx Command Center). Refer to

the documentation provided with the NXC tool, such as the NXC User Manual, for information specific to that implementation.

For up-to-date information and documentation for NXC, visit the NXC website at http://bricxcc.sourceforge.net/nxc/.

3 The NXC Language

This section describes the NXC language.

This includes the lexical rules used by the compiler, the structure of programs, statements and expressions, and the operation of the preprocessor.

NXC is a case-sensitive language, just like C and C++, which means the identifier "xYz" is not the same identifier as "Xyz". Similarly, the "if" statement begins with the keyword "if" but "iF", "If", or "IF" are all just valid identifiers - not keywords.

3.1 Lexical Rules

The lexical rules describe how NXC breaks a source file into individual tokens.

This includes the way comments are written, the handling of whitespace, and valid characters for identifiers.

3.1.1 Comments

Two forms of comments are supported in NXC.

The first are traditional C comments. They begin with '/∗' and end with '∗ /'. These comments are allowed to span multiple lines, but they cannot be nested.

```
/* this is a comment */

/* this is a two
   line comment */

/* another comment...
   /* trying to nest...
      ending the inner comment...*/
   this text is no longer a comment! */
```

The second form of comments supported in NXC begins with '//' and continues to the end of the current line. These are sometimes known as C++ style comments.

```
// a single line comment
```

As you might guess, the compiler ignores comments. Their only purpose is to allow the programmer to document the source code.

3.1.2 Whitespace

Whitespace consists of all spaces, tabs, and newlines.

It is used to separate tokens and to make a program more readable. As long as the tokens are distinguishable, adding or subtracting whitespace has no effect on the meaning of a program. For example, the following lines of code both have the same meaning:

```
x=2;
x   =  2  ;
```

Some of the C++ operators consist of multiple characters. In order to preserve these tokens, whitespace cannot appear within them. In the example below, the first line uses a right shift operator ('>>'), but in the second line the added space causes the '>' symbols to be interpreted as two separate tokens and thus results in a compiler error.

```
x = 1 >> 4; // set x to 1 right shifted by 4 bits
x = 1 > > 4; // error
```

3.1.3 Numerical Constants

Numerical constants may be written in either decimal or hexadecimal form.

Decimal constants consist of one or more decimal digits. Decimal constants may optionally include a decimal point along with one or more decimal digits following the decimal point. Hexadecimal constants start with 0x or 0X followed by one or more hexadecimal digits.

```
x = 10;  // set x to 10
x = 0x10; // set x to 16 (10 hex)
f = 10.5; // set f to 10.5
```

3.1.4 String Constants

String constants in NXC, just as in C, are delimited with double quote characters.

NXC has a string data type that makes strings easier to use than in C. Behind the scenes, a string is automatically converted into an array of bytes, with the last byte in the array being a zero. The final zero byte is generally referred to as the null terminator.

```
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "testing");
```

3.1.5 Character Constants

Character constants in NXC are delimited with single quote characters and may contain a single ASCII character.

The value of a character constant is the numeric ASCII value of the character.

```
char ch = 'a'; // ch == 97
```

3.1.6 Identifiers and Keywords

Identifiers are used for variable, task, function, and subroutine names.

The first character of an identifier must be an upper or lower case letter or the underscore ('_'). Remaining characters may be letters, numbers, and underscores.

A number of tokens are reserved for use in the NXC language itself. These are called keywords and may not be used as identifiers. A complete list of keywords appears below:

- The asm statement
- bool
- The break statement
- byte
- The case label
- char
- const
- The continue statement

- The default label
- The do statement
- The if-else statement
- enum
- The false condition
- float
- The for statement
- The goto statement
- The if statement
- The inline keyword
- int
- long
- mutex
- The priority statement
- The repeat statement
- The return statement
- The safecall keyword
- short
- The start statement
- The stop statement
- string
- Structures
- The sub keyword
- The switch statement
- Tasks
- The true condition
- typedef
- unsigned

- The until statement
- The void keyword
- The while statement

3.1.6.1 const

The const keyword is used to alter a variable declaration so that the variable cannot have its value changed after it is initialized.

The initialization must occur at the point of the variable declaration.

```
const int myConst = 23; // declare and initialize constant integer
task main() {
  int x = myConst; // this works fine
  myConst++; // compiler error - you cannot modify a constant's value
}
```

3.1.6.2 enum

The enum keyword is used to create an enumerated type named name.

The syntax is show below.

```
enum [name] {name-list} var-list;
```

The enumerated type consists of the elements in name-list. The var-list argument is optional, and can be used to create instances of the type along with the declaration. For example, the following code creates an enumerated type for colors:

```
enum ColorT {red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet};
```

In the above example, the effect of the enumeration is to introduce several new constants named red, orange, yellow, etc. By default, these constants are assigned consecutive integer values starting at zero. You can change the values of those constants, as shown by the next example:

```
enum ColorT { red = 10, blue = 15, green };
```

In the above example, green has a value of 16. Once you have defined an enumerated type you can use it to declare variables just like you use any native type. Here are a few examples of using the enum keyword:

```
// values start from 0 and increment upward by 1
enum { ONE, TWO, THREE };
// optional equal sign with constant expression for the value
enum { SMALL=10, MEDIUM=100, LARGE=1000 };
// names without equal sign increment by one from last name's value
enum { FRED=1, WILMA, BARNEY, BETTY };
// optional named type (like a typedef)
```

```
enum TheSeasons { SPRING, SUMMER, FALL, WINTER };
// optional variable at end
enum Days {
   saturday,            // saturday = 0 by default
   sunday = 0x0,          // sunday = 0 as well
   monday,              // monday = 1
   tuesday,             // tuesday = 2
   wednesday,           // etc.
   thursday,
   friday
} today;                // Variable today has type Days

Days tomorrow;

task main()
{
  TheSeasons test = FALL;
  today = monday;
  tomorrow = today+1;
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, THREE);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, MEDIUM);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, FRED);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, SPRING);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, friday);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, today);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE7, test);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, tomorrow);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

3.1.6.3 typedef

A typedef declaration introduces a name that, within its scope, becomes a synonym for the type given by the type-declaration portion of the declaration.

```
typedef type-declaration synonym;
```

You can use typedef declarations to construct shorter or more meaningful names for types already defined by the language or for types that you have declared. Typedef names allow you to encapsulate implementation details that may change.

A typedef declaration does not introduce a new type - it introduces a new name for an existing type. Here are a few examples of how to use the typedef keyword:

```
typedef char FlagType;
const FlagType x;
typedef char CHAR;          // Character type.
CHAR ch;
typedef unsigned long ulong;
ulong ul;     // Equivalent to "unsigned long ul;"
```

3.2 Program Structure

An NXC program is composed of code blocks and variables.

There are two distinct types of code blocks: tasks and functions. Each type of code block has its own unique features, but they share a common structure. The maximum number of code blocks of both tasks and functions combined is 256.

3.2.1 Code Order

Code order has two aspects: the order in which the code appears in the source code file and the order in which it is executed at runtime.

The first will be referred to as the lexical order and the second as the runtime order.

The lexical order is important to the NXC compiler, but not to the NXT brick. This means that the order in which you write your task and function definitions has no effect on the runtime order. The rules controlling runtime order are:

1. There must be a task called main and this task will always run first.
2. The time at which any other task will run is determined by the API functions documented in Command module functions section.
3. A function will run whenever it is called from another block of code.

This last rule may seem trivial, but it has important consequences when multiple tasks are running. If a task calls a function that is already in the midst of running because it was called first by another task, unpredictable behavior and results may ensue. Tasks can share functions by treating them as shared resources and using mutexes to prevent one task from calling the function while another task is using it. The The safecall keyword keyword (see Functions) may be used to simplify the coding.

The rules for lexical ordering are:

1. Any identifier naming a task or function must be known to the compiler before it is used in a code block.

2. A task or function definition makes its naming identifier known to the compiler.
3. A task or function declaration also makes a naming identifier known to the compiler.
4. Once a task or function is defined it cannot be redefined or declared.
5. Once a task or function is declared it cannot be redeclared.

Sometimes you will run into situations where is impossible or inconvenient to order the task and function definitions so the compiler knows every task or function name before it sees that name used in a code block. You can work around this by inserting task or function declarations of the form

```
task name();
return_type name(argument_list);
```

before the code block where the first usage occurs. The *argument_list* must match the list of formal arguments given later in the function's actual definition.

3.2.2 Tasks

Since the NXT supports multi-threading, a task in NXC directly corresponds to an NXT thread.

Tasks are defined using the task keyword with the syntax shown in the code sample below.

```
task name()
{
  // the task's code is placed here
}
```

The name of the task may be any legal identifier. A program must always have at least one task - named "main" - which is started whenever the program is run. The body of a task consists of a list of statements.

You can start and stop tasks with the start and stop statements, which are discussed below. However, the primary mechanism for starting dependant tasks is scheduling them with either the Precedes or the Follows API function.

The StopAllTasks API function stops all currently running tasks. You can also stop all tasks using the Stop function. A task can stop itself via the ExitTo function. Finally, a task will stop itself simply by reaching the end of its body.

In the code sample below, the main task schedules a music task, a movement task, and a controller task before exiting and allowing these three tasks to start executing concurrently. The controller task waits ten seconds before stopping the music task, and then waits another five seconds before stopping all tasks to end the program.

```
task music() {
  while (true) {
    PlayTone(TONE_A4, MS_500);
    Wait(MS_600);
  }
}

task movement() {
  while (true) {
    OnFwd(OUT_A, Random(100));
    Wait(Random(SEC_1));
  }
}

task controller() {
  Wait(SEC_10);
  stop music;
  Wait(SEC_5);
  StopAllTasks();
}

task main() {
  Precedes(music, movement, controller);
}
```

3.2.3 Functions

It is often helpful to group a set of statements together into a single function, which your code can then call as needed.

NXC supports functions with arguments and return values. Functions are defined using the syntax below.

```
[safecall] [inline] return_type name(argument_list)
{
       // body of the function
}
```

The return type is the type of data returned. In the C programming language, functions must specify the type of data they return. Functions that do not return data simply return void.

Additional details about the keywords safecall, inline, and void can be found below.

- The safecall keyword
- The inline keyword
- The void keyword

The argument list of a function may be empty, or may contain one or more argument definitions. An argument is defined by a type followed by a name. Commas separate

multiple arguments. All values are represented as bool, char, byte, int, short, long, unsigned int, unsigned long, float, string, struct types, or arrays of any type.

NXC supports specifying a default value for function arguments that are not struct or array types. Simply add an equal sign followed by the default value. Specifying a default value makes the argument optional when you call the function. All optional arguments must be at the end of the argument list.

```
int foo(int x, int y = 20)
{
       return x*y;
}

task main()
{
       NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, foo(10)); outputs 200
       NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, foo(10, 5)); outputs 50
       Wait(SEC_10); // wait 10 seconds
}
```

NXC also supports passing arguments by value, by constant value, by reference, and by constant reference. These four modes for passing parameters into a function are discussed below.

When arguments are passed by value from the calling function or task to the called function the compiler must allocate a temporary variable to hold the argument. There are no restrictions on the type of value that may be used. However, since the function is working with a copy of the actual argument, the caller will not see any changes the called function makes to the value. In the example below, the function foo attempts to set the value of its argument to 2. This is perfectly legal, but since foo is working on a copy of the original argument, the variable y from the main task remains unchanged.

```
void foo(int x)
{
       x = 2;
}

task main()
{
       int y = 1;      // y is now equal to 1
       foo(y); // y is still equal to 1!
}
```

The second type of argument, const arg_type, is also passed by value. If the function is an inline function then arguments of this kind can sometimes be treated by the compiler as true constant values and can be evaluated at compile-time. If the function is not inline then the compiler treats the argument as if it were a constant reference, allowing you to pass either constants or variables. Being able to fully evaluate function arguments at compile-time can be important since some NXC API functions only work with true constant arguments.

```
void foo(const int x)
{
       PlayTone(x, MS_500);
       x = 1;  // error - cannot modify argument
       Wait(SEC_1);
```

```
}

task main()
{
       int x = TONE_A4;
       foo(TONE_A5);   // ok
       foo(4*TONE_A3); // expression is still constant
       foo(x); // x is not a constant but is okay
}
```

The third type, arg_type &, passes arguments by reference rather than by value. This allows the called function to modify the value and have those changes be available in the calling function after the called function returns. However, only variables may be used when calling a function using arg_type & arguments:

```
void foo(int &x)
{
       x = 2;
}

task main()
{
       int y = 1;      // y is equal to 1

       foo(y); // y is now equal to 2
       foo(2); // error - only variables allowed
}
```

The fourth type, const arg_type &, is interesting. It is also passed by reference, but with the restriction that the called function is not allowed to modify the value. Because of this restriction, the compiler is able to pass anything, not just variables, to functions using this type of argument. Due to NXT firmware restrictions, passing an argument by reference in NXC is not as optimal as it is in C. A copy of the argument is still made but the compiler will enforce the restriction that the value may not be modified inside the called function.

Functions must be invoked with the correct number and type of arguments. The code example below shows several different legal and illegal calls to function foo.

```
void foo(int bar, const int baz)
{
       // do something here...
}

task main()
{
       int x;  // declare variable x
       foo(1, 2);      // ok
       foo(x, 2);      // ok
       foo(2); // error - wrong number of arguments!
}
```

3.2.3.1 The safecall keyword

An optional keyword that can be specified prior to the return type of a function is the safecall keyword.

If a function is marked as safecall then the compiler will synchronize the execution of this function across multiple threads by wrapping each call to the function in Acquire and Release calls. If a second thread tries to call a safecall function while another thread is executing it the second thread will have to wait until the function returns to the first thread.

The code example below shows how you can use the safecall keyword to make a function synchronize its execution when it is shared between multiple threads.

```
safecall void foo(unsigned int frequency)
{
  PlayTone(frequency, SEC_1);
  Wait(SEC_1);
}

task task1()
{
  while(true) {
    foo(TONE_A4);
    Yield();
  }
}

task task2()
{
  while(true) {
    foo(TONE_A5);
    Yield();
}

task main()
{
       Precedes(task1, task2);
}
```

3.2.3.2 The inline keyword

You can optionally mark NXC functions as inline functions.

This means that each call to the function will create another copy of the function's code. Unless used judiciously, inline functions can lead to excessive code size.

If a function is not marked as inline then an actual NXT subroutine is created and the call to the function in NXC code will result in a subroutine call to the NXT subroutine. The total number of non-inline functions (aka subroutines) and tasks must not exceed 256.

The code example below shows how you can use the inline keyword to make a function emit its code at the point where it is called rather than requiring a subroutine call.

```
inline void foo(unsigned int frequency)
{
  PlayTone(frequency, SEC_1);
  Wait(SEC_1);
}

task main()
{
  foo(TONE_A4);
  foo(TONE_B4);
  foo(TONE_C5);
  foo(TONE_D5);
}
```

In this case task main will contain 4 PlayTone calls and 4 Wait calls rather than 4 calls to the foo subroutine since it was expanded inline.

3.2.3.3 The void keyword

The void keyword allows you to define a function that returns no data.

Functions that do not return any value are sometimes referred to as procedures or subroutines. The sub keyword is an alias for void. Both of these keywords can only be used when declaring or defining a function. Unlike C you cannot use void when declaring a variable type.

In NQC the void keyword was used to declare inline functions that could have arguments but could not return a value. In NXC void functions are not automatically inline as they were in NQC. To make a function inline you have to use the inline keyword prior to the function return type as described in the Functions section above.

- The sub keyword

3.2.3.3.1 The sub keyword The sub keyword allows you to define a function that returns no data.

Functions that do not return any value are sometimes referred to as procedures or subroutines. The sub keyword is an alias for void. Both of these keywords can only be used when declaring or defining a function.

In NQC you used this keyword to define a true subroutine which could have no arguments and return no value. For the sake of C compatibility it is preferrable to use the void keyword if you want to define a function that does not return a value.

3.2.4 Variables

All variables in NXC are defined using one of the types listed below:

- bool
- byte
- char
- int
- short
- long
- unsigned
- float
- mutex
- string
- Structures
- Arrays

Variables are declared using the keyword(s) for the desired type, followed by a comma-separated list of variable names and terminated by a semicolon (';'). Optionally, an initial value for each variable may be specified using an equals sign ('=') after the variable name. Several examples appear below:

```
int x;         // declare x
bool y,z;      // declare y and z
long a=1,b;    // declare a and b, initialize a to 1
float f=1.15, g; // declare f and g, initialize f
int data[10]; // an array of 10 zeros in data
bool flags[] = {true, true, false, false};
string msg = "hello world";
```

Global variables are declared at the program scope (outside of any code block). Once declared, they may be used within all tasks, functions, and subroutines. Their scope begins at declaration and ends at the end of the program.

Local variables may be declared within tasks and functions. Such variables are only accessible within the code block in which they are defined. Specifically, their scope begins with their declaration and ends at the end of their code block. In the case of local variables, a compound statement (a group of statements bracketed by '{' and '}') is considered a block:

```
int x;  // x is global

task main()
{
       int y;  // y is local to task main
       x = y; // ok
       {       // begin compound statement
               int z;  // local z declared
```

```
                y = z; // ok
        }
        y = z; // error - z no longer in scope
}

task foo()
{
        x = 1; // ok
        y = 2; // error - y is not global
}
```

3.2.4.1 bool

In NXC the bool type is an unsigned 8-bit value.

Normally you would only store a zero or one in a variable of this type but it can store values from zero to UCHAR_MAX.

```
bool flag=true;
```

3.2.4.2 byte

In NXC the byte type is an unsigned 8-bit value.

This type can store values from zero to UCHAR_MAX. You can also define an unsigned 8-bit variable using the unsigned keyword followed by the char type.

```
byte x=12;
unsigned char b = 0xE2;
```

3.2.4.3 char

In NXC the char type is a signed 8-bit value.

This type can store values from SCHAR_MIN to SCHAR_MAX. The char type is often used to store the ASCII value of a single character. Use Character Constants page has more details about this usage.

```
char ch=12;
char test = 'A';
```

3.2.4.4 int

In NXC the int type is a signed 16-bit value.

This type can store values from INT_MIN to INT_MAX. To declare an unsigned 16-bit value you have to use the unsigned keyword followed by the int type. The range of values that can be stored in an unsigned int variable is from zero to UINT_MAX.

```
int x = 0xfff;
int y = -23;
unsigned int z = 62043;
```

3.2.4.5 short

In NXC the short type is a signed 16-bit value.

This type can store values from SHRT_MIN to SHRT_MAX. This is an alias for the int type.

```
short x = 0xfff;
short y = -23;
```

3.2.4.6 long

In NXC the long type is a signed 32-bit value.

This type can store values from LONG_MIN to LONG_MAX. To declare an unsigned 16-bit value you have to use the unsigned keyword followed by the int type. The range of values that can be stored in an unsigned int variable is from zero to ULONG_MAX.

```
long x = 2147000000;
long y = -88235;
unsigned long b = 0xdeadbeef;
```

3.2.4.7 unsigned

The unsigned keyword is used to modify the char, int, and long types in order to define unsigned versions of these types.

The unsigned types can store the full 8-, 16-, and 32-bits of data without requiring that one of the bits be used to represent the sign of the value. This doubles the range of positive values that can be stored in each of these variable types.

```
unsigned char uc = 0xff;
unsigned int ui = 0xffff;
unsigned long ul = 0xffffffff;
```

3.2.4.8 float

In NXC the float type is a 32-bit IEEE 754 single precision floating point representation.

This is a binary format that occupies 32 bits (4 bytes) and its significand has a precision of 24 bits (about 7 decimal digits).

Floating point arithmetic will be slower than integer operations but if you need to easily store decimal values the float type is your best option. The standard NXT firmware

provides the sqrt function which benefits from the ability to use the float type. In the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware there are many more native opcodes from the standard C math library which are designed to work with floats.

```
float pi = 3.14159;
float e = 2.71828;
float s2 = 1.4142;
```

3.2.4.9 mutex

In NXC the mutex type is a 32-bit value that is used to synchronize access to resources shared across multiple threads.

For this reason there is never a reason to declare a mutex variable inside a task or a function. It is designed for global variables that all tasks or functions can Acquire or Release in order to obtain exclusive access to a resource that other tasks or functions are also trying to use.

```
mutex motorMutex;
task t1()
{
   while (true) {
     Acquire(motorMutex);
     // use the motor(s) protected by this mutex.
     Release(motorMutex);
     Wait(MS_500);
   }
}
task t2()
{
   while (true) {
     Acquire(motorMutex);
     // use the motor(s) protected by this mutex.
     Release(motorMutex);
     Wait(MS_200);
   }
}
task main()
{
  Precedes(t1, t2);
}
```

3.2.4.10 string

In NXC the string type is provided for easily defining and manipulating strings which consist of an array of byte with a 0 or null value at the end of the array.

You can write strings to the NXC mailboxes, to files, and to the LCD, for example. You can initialize string variables using constant strings. See String Constants for additional details.

```
string msg = "Testing";
string ff = "Fred Flintstone";
```

3.2.5 Structures

NXC supports user-defined aggregate types known as structs.

These are declared very much like you declare structs in a C program.

```
struct car
{
  string car_type;
  int manu_year;
};

struct person
{
  string name;
  int age;
  car vehicle;
};

person myPerson;
```

After you have defined the structure type you can use the new type to declare a variable or nested within another structure type declaration. Members (or fields) within the struct are accessed using a dot notation.

```
  myPerson.age = 40;
  anotherPerson = myPerson;
  fooBar.car_type = "honda";
  fooBar.manu_year = anotherPerson.age;
```

You can assign structs of the same type but the compiler will complain if the types do not match.

3.2.6 Arrays

NXC also support arrays.

Arrays are declared the same way as ordinary variables, but with an open and close bracket following the variable name.

```
int my_array[];  // declare an array with 0 elements
```

To declare arrays with more than one dimension simply add more pairs of square brackets. The maximum number of dimensions supported in NXC is 4.

```
bool my_array[][];  // declare a 2-dimensional array
```

Arrays of up to two dimensions may be initialized at the point of declaration using the following syntax:

```
int X[] = {1, 2, 3, 4}, Y[]={10, 10}; // 2 arrays
int matrix[][] = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}};
string cars[] = {"honda", "ford", "chevy"};
```

The elements of an array are identified by their position within the array (called an index). The first element has an index of 0, the second has index 1, and so on. For example:

```
my_array[0] = 123; // set first element to 123
my_array[1] = my_array[2]; // copy third into second
```

You may also initialize local arrays or arrays with multiple dimensions using the ArrayInit function. The following example shows how to initialize a two-dimensional array using ArrayInit. It also demonstrates some of the supported array API functions and expressions.

```
task main()
{
  int myArray[][];
  int myVector[] = {0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0};
  byte fooArray[][][];

  ArrayInit(myArray, myVector, 10); // 10 vectors
  ArrayInit(fooArray, myArray, 2); // 2 myArrays

  fooArray[1] = myArray;
  myArray[1][4] = 34;

  int ax[], ay[];
  ArrayBuild(ax, 5, 7);
  ArrayBuild(ay, 2, 10, 6, 43);
  int axlen = ArrayLen(ax);
  ArraySubset(ax, ay, 1, 2); // ax = {10, 6}
  if (ax == ay) {
    // compare two arrays
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, myArray[1][4]);
  }
}
```

NXC also supports specifying an initial size for both global and local arrays. The compiler automatically generates the required code to correctly initialize the array to zeros. If an array declaration includes both a size and a set of initial values the size is ignored in favor of the specified values.

```
task main()
{
  int myArray[10][10];
  int myVector[10];

  //ArrayInit(myVector, 0, 10); // 10 zeros in myVector
  //ArrayInit(myArray, myVector, 10); // 10 vectors myArray
}
```

The calls to ArrayInit are not required since we specified the initial sizes in the preceding array declarations, which means the arrays were already initialized to all zeros. In fact, the myVector array declaration is not needed unless we have a use for myVector other than initializing myArray.

3.3 Statements

The body of a code block (task or function) is composed of statements.

Statements are terminated with a semi-colon (';'), as you have seen in the example code above.

- Variable Declaration
- Assignment
- Control Structures
- The asm statement
- Other NXC Statements

3.3.1 Variable Declaration

Variable declaration, which has already been discussed, is one type of statement.

Its purpose is to declare a local variable (with optional initialization) for use within the code block. The syntax for a variable declaration is shown below.

```
arg_type variables;
```

Here arg_type must be one of the types supported by NXC. Following the type are variable names, which must be a comma-separated list of identifiers with optional initial values as shown in the code fragment below.

```
name[=expression]
```

Arrays of variables may also be declared:

```
int array[n][=initializer];
```

You can also define variables using user-defined aggregate structure types.

```
struct TPerson {
  int age;
  string name;
};
TPerson bob; // cannot be initialized at declaration
```

3.3.2 Assignment

Once declared, variables may be assigned the value of an expression using the syntax shown in the code sample below.

```
variable assign_operator expression;
```

There are nine different assignment operators. The most basic operator, '=', simply assigns the value of the expression to the variable. The other operators modify the variable's value in some other way as shown in the table below.

Operator	Action
=	Set variable to expression
+=	Add expression to variable
-=	Subtract expression from variable
*=	Multiple variable by expression
/=	Divide variable by expression
%=	Set variable to remainder after dividing by expression
&=	Bitwise AND expression into variable
|=	Bitwise OR expression into variable
^=	Bitwise exclusive OR into variable
||=	Set variable to absolute value of expression
+-=	Set variable to sign (-1,+1,0) of expression
>>=	Right shift variable by expression
<<=	Left shift variable by expression

Table 3. Operators

The code sample below shows a few of the different types of operators that you can use in NXC expressions.

```
x = 2; // set x to 2
y = 7; // set y to 7
x += y;        // x is 9, y is still 7
```

3.3.3 Control Structures

An NXC task or function usually contains a collection of nested control structures.

There are several types described below.

- The compound statement
- The if statement
- The if-else statement
- The while statement

- The do statement
- The for statement
- The repeat statement
- The switch statement
- The goto statement
- The until statement

3.3.3.1 The compound statement

The simplest control structure is a compound statement.

This is a list of statements enclosed within curly braces ('{' and '}'):

```
{
        x = 1;
        y = 2;
}
```

Although this may not seem very significant, it plays a crucial role in building more complicated control structures. Many control structures expect a single statement as their body. By using a compound statement, the same control structure can be used to control multiple statements.

3.3.3.2 The if statement

The if statement evaluates a condition.

If the condition is true, it executes one statement (the consequence). The value of a condition is considered to be false only when it evaluates to zero. If it evaluates to any non-zero value, it is true. The syntax for an if statement is shown below.

```
if (condition) consequence
```

The condition of an if-statement must be enclosed in parentheses, as shown in the code sample below. The compound statement in the last example allows two statements to execute as a consequence of the condition being true.

```
if (x==1) y = 2;
if (x==1) { y = 1; z = 2; }
```

3.3.3.3 The if-else statement

The if-else statement evaluates a condition.

If the condition is true, it executes one statement (the consequence). A second statement (the alternative), preceded by the keyword else, is executed if the condition is false. The value of a condition is considered to be false only when it evaluates to zero. If it evaluates to any non-zero value, it is true. The syntax for an if-else statement is shown below.

```
if (condition) consequence else alternative
```

The condition of an if-statement must be enclosed in parentheses, as shown in the code sample below. The compound statement in the last example allows two statements to execute as a consequence of the condition being true as well as two which execute when the condition is false.

```
if (x==1)
  y = 3;
else
  y = 4;
if (x==1) {
  y = 1;
  z = 2;
}
else {
  y = 3;
  z = 5;
}
```

3.3.3.4 The while statement

The while statement is used to construct a conditional loop.

The condition is evaluated, and if true the body of the loop is executed, then the condition is tested again. This process continues until the condition becomes false (or a break statement is executed). The syntax for a while loop appears in the code fragment below.

```
while (condition) body
```

Because the body of a while statement must be a single statement, it is very common to use a compound statement as the body. The sample below illustrates this usage pattern.

```
while(x < 10)
{
       x = x+1;
       y = y*2;
}
```

3.3.3.5 The do statement

A variant of the while loop is the do-while loop.

The syntax for this control structure is shown below.

```
do body while (condition)
```

The difference between a while loop and a do-while loop is that the do-while loop always executes the body at least once, whereas the while loop may not execute it at all.

```
do
{
       x = x+1;
       y = y*2;
} while(x < 10);
```

3.3.3.6 The for statement

Another kind of loop is the for loop.

This type of loop allows automatic initialization and incrmementation of a counter variable. It uses the syntax shown below.

```
for(statement1 ; condition ; statement2) body
```

A for loop always executes statement1, and then it repeatedly checks the condition. While the condition remains true, it executes the body followed by statement2. The for loop is equivalent to the code shown below.

```
statement1;
while(condition)
{
       body
       statement2;
}
```

Frequently, statement1 sets a loop counter variable to its starting value. The condition is generally a relational statement that checks the counter variable against a termination value, and statement2 increments or decrements the counter value.

Here is an example of how to use the for loop:

```
for (int i=0; i<8; i++)
{
        NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1-i*8, i);
}
```

3.3.3.7 The repeat statement

The repeat statement executes a loop a specified number of times.

This control structure is not included in the set of Standard C looping constructs. NXC inherits this statement from NQC. The syntax is shown below.

```
repeat (expression) body
```

The expression determines how many times the body will be executed. Note: the expression following the repeat keyword is evaluated a single time and then the body is repeated that number of times. This is different from both the while and do-while loops which evaluate their condition each time through the loop.

Here is an example of how to use the repeat loop:

```
int i=0;
repeat (8)
{
        NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1-i*8, i++);
}
```

3.3.3.8 The switch statement

A switch statement executes one of several different code sections depending on the value of an expression.

One or more case labels precede each code section. Each case must be a constant and unique within the switch statement. The switch statement evaluates the expression, and then looks for a matching case label. It will execute any statements following the matching case until either a break statement or the end of the switch is reached. A single default label may also be used - it will match any value not already appearing in a case label. A switch statement uses the syntax shown below.

```
switch (expression) body
```

Additional information about the case and default labels and the break statement can be found below.

- The case label
- The default label
- The break statement

A typical switch statement might look like this:

```
switch(x)
{
       case 1:
              // do something when x is 1
              break;
       case 2:
       case 3:
              // do something else when x is 2 or 3
              break;
       default:
              // do this when x is not 1, 2, or 3
              break;
}
```

NXC also supports using string types in the switch expression and constant strings in case labels.

3.3.3.8.1 The case label The case label in a switch statement is not a statement in itself.

It is a label that precedes a list of statements. Multiple case labels can precede the same statement. The case label has the syntax shown below.

```
case constant_expression :
```

The switch statement page contains an example of how to use the case label.

3.3.3.8.2 The default label The default label in a switch statement is not a statement in itself.

It is a label that precedes a list of statements. There can be only one default label within a switch statement. The default label has the syntax shown below.

```
default :
```

The switch statement page contains an example of how to use the default label.

3.3.3.9 The goto statement

The goto statement forces a program to jump to the specified location.

Statements in a program can be labeled by preceding them with an identifier and a colon. A goto statement then specifies the label that the program should jump to. You can only branch to a label within the current function or task, not from one function or task to another.

Here is an example of an infinite loop that increments a variable:

```
my_loop:
       x++;
       goto my_loop;
```

The goto statement should be used sparingly and cautiously. In almost every case, control structures such as if, while, and switch make a program much more readable and maintainable than using goto.

3.3.3.10 The until statement

NXC also defines an until macro for compatibility with NQC.

This construct provides a convenient alternative to the while loop. The actual definition of until is shown below.

```
#define until(c)       while(!(c))
```

In other words, until will continue looping until the condition becomes true. It is most often used in conjunction with an empty body statement or a body which simply yields to other tasks:

```
until(EVENT_OCCURS);   // wait for some event to occur
```

3.3.4 The asm statement

The asm statement is used to define many of the NXC API calls.

The syntax of the statement is shown below.

```
asm {
 one or more lines of NBC assembly language
}
```

The statement simply emits the body of the statement as NeXT Byte Codes (NBC) code and passes it directly to the NBC compiler's backend. The asm statement can often be used to optimize code so that it executes as fast as possible on the NXT firmware. The following example shows an asm block containing variable declarations, labels, and basic NBC statements as well as comments.

```
asm {
//      jmp __lbl00D5
      dseg segment
        sl0000 slong
        sl0005 slong
        bGTTrue byte
      dseg ends
      mov      sl0000, 0x0
      mov      sl0005, sl0000
      mov      sl0000, 0x1
      cmp      GT, bGTTrue, sl0005, sl0000
      set bGTTrue, FALSE
      brtst    EQ, __lbl00D5, bGTTrue
  __lbl00D5:
}
```

A few NXC keywords have meaning only within an asm statement. These keywords provide a means for returning string or scalar values from asm statements and for using temporary variables of byte, word, long, and float types.

ASM Keyword	Meaning
__RETURN__, __RETURNS__	Used to return a signed value other than __RETVAL__ or __STRRETVAL__
__RETURNU__	Used to return an unsigned value.
__RETURNF__	Used to return a floating point value.
__RETVAL__	Writing to this 4-byte signed value returns it to the calling program
__GENRETVAL__	Writing to this generic value returns it to the calling program
__URETVAL__	Writing to this 4-byte unsigned value returns it to the calling program
__STRRETVAL__	Writing to this string value returns it to the calling program
__FLTRETVAL__	Writing to this 4-byte floating point value returns it to the calling program
__STRBUFFER__	This is primary string buffer which can be used to store intermediate string values.
__STRTMPBUFFER__	This is a secondary string buffer.
__TMPBYTE__	Use this temporary variable to write and return single byte signed values
__TMPWORD__	Use this temporary variable to write and return 2-byte signed values
__TMPLONG__	Use this temporary variable to write and return 4-byte signed values
__TMPULONG__	Use this temporary variable to write and return 4-byte unsigned values
__TMPFLOAT__	Use this temporary variable to write and return 4-byte floating point values
__I__	A local counter variable
__J__	A second local counter variable
__IncI__	Increment the local counter variable named I
__IncJ__	Increment the local counter variable named J
__DecI__	Decrement the local counter variable named I
__DecJ__	Deccrement the local counter variable named J
__ResetI__	Reset the local counter variable named I to zero
__ResetJ__	Reset the local counter variable named J to zero
__THREADNAME__	The current thread name
__LINE__	The current line number
__FILE__	The current file name
__VER__	The product version number

Table 4. ASM Keywords

The asm block statement and these special ASM keywords are used throughout the NXC API. You can have a look at the NXCDefs.h header file for several examples of how they are used. To keep the main NXC code as "C-like" as possible and for the sake of better readability NXC asm block statements can be wrapped in preprocessor macros and placed in custom header files which are included using #include. The following example demonstrates using a macro wrapper around an asm block.

```
#define SetMotorSpeed(port, cc, thresh, fast, slow) \
  asm { \
  set theSpeed, fast \
  brcmp cc, EndIfOut__I__, SV, thresh \
  set theSpeed, slow \
EndIfOut__I__: \
  OnFwd(port, theSpeed) \
  __IncI__ \
}
```

3.3.5 Other NXC Statements

NXC supports a few other statement types.

The other NXC statements are described below.

- The function call statement
- The start statement
- The stop statement
- The priority statement
- The break statement
- The continue statement
- The return statement

Many expressions are not legal statements. A notable exception are expressions using increment (++) or decrement (--) operators.

```
x++;
```

The empty statement (just a bare semicolon) is also a legal statement.

3.3.5.1 The function call statement

A function call can also be a statement of the following form:

```
name(arguments);
```

The arguments list is a comma-separated list of expressions. The number and type of arguments supplied must match the definition of the function itself. Optionally, the return value may be assigned to a variable.

3.3.5.2 The start statement

You can start a task with the start statement.

This statement can be used with both the standard and enhanced NBC/NXC firmwares. The resulting operation is a native opcode in the enhanced firmware but it requires special compiler-generated subroutines in order to work with the standard firmware.

```
start task_name;
```

3.3.5.3 The stop statement

You can stop a task with the stop statement.

The stop statement is only supported if you are running the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware on your NXT.

```
stop task_name;
```

3.3.5.4 The priority statement

You can adjust the priority of a task using the priority statement.

Setting task priorities also requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware. A task's priority is simply the number of operations it will try to execute before yielding to another task. This usually is 20 operations.

```
priority task_name, new_priority;
```

3.3.5.5 The break statement

Within loops (such as a while loop) you can use the break statement to exit the loop immediately.

It only exits out of the innermost loop

```
break;
```

The break statement is also a critical component of most switch statements. It prevents code in subsequent code sections from being executed, which is usually a programmer's intent, by immediately exiting the switch statement. Missing break statements in a switch are a frequent source of hard-to-find bugs.

Here is an example of how to use the break statement:

```
while (x<100) {
  x = get_new_x();
  if (button_pressed())
    break;
  process(x);
}
```

3.3.5.6 The continue statement

Within loops you can use the continue statement to skip to the top of the next iteration of the loop without executing any of the code in the loop that follows the continue statement.

```
continue;
```

Here is an example of how to use the continue statement:

```
while (x<100) {
  ch = get_char();
  if (ch != 's')
    continue;
  process(ch);
}
```

3.3.5.7 The return statement

If you want a function to return a value or to return before it reaches the end of its code, use a return statement.

An expression may optionally follow the return keyword and, when present, is the value returned by the function. The type of the expression must be compatible with the return type of the function.

```
return [expression];
```

3.4 Expressions

Values are the most primitive type of expressions.

More complicated expressions are formed from values using various operators.

Numerical constants in the NXT are represented as integers or floating point values. The type depends on the value of the constant. NXC internally uses 32 bit floating point math for constant expression evaluation. Numeric constants are written as either decimal (e.g. 123, 3.14) or hexadecimal (e.g. 0xABC). Presently, there is very

little range checking on constants, so using a value larger than expected may produce unusual results.

Two special values are predefined: true and false. The value of false is zero (0), while the value of true is one (1). The same values hold for relational operators (e.g. $<$): when the relation is false the value is 0, otherwise the value is 1.

Values may be combined using operators. NXC operators are listed here in order of precedence from highest to lowest.

Operator	Description	Associativity	Restriction	Example
abs()	Absolute value	n/a		abs(x)
sign()	Sign of operand	n/a		sign(x)
++, --	Postfix incremen-t/decrement	left	variables only	x++
++, --	Prefix incremen-t/decrement	right	variables only	++x
-	Unary minus	right		-x
~	Bitwise negation (unary)	right		~123
!	Logical negation	right		!x
*, /, %	Multiplica-tion, division, modulus	left		x * y
+, -	Addition, subtraction	left		x + y
<<, >>	Bitwise shift left and right	left		x << 4
<, >, <=, >=	relational operators	left		x < y
==, !=	equal to, not equal to	left		x == 1
&	Bitwise AND	left		x & y
^	Bitwise exclusive OR	left		x ^ y
|	Bitwise inclusive OR	left		x | y
&&	Logical AND	left		x && y
||	Logical OR	left		x || y
?:	Ternary conditional value	right		x==1 ? y : z

Table 5. Expression Operators

Where needed, parentheses are used to change the order of evaluation:

```
x = 2 + 3 * 4; // set x to 14
y = (2 + 3) * 4;       // set y to 20
```

- Conditions

3.4.1 Conditions

Comparing two expressions forms a condition.

A condition may be negated with the logical negation operator, or two conditions combined with the logical AND and logical OR operators. Like most modern computer languages, NXC supports something called "short-circuit" evaluation of conditions. This means that if the entire value of the conditional can be logically determined by only evaluating the left hand term of the condition, then the right hand term will not be evaluated.

The table below summarizes the different types of conditions.

Condition	Meaning
Expr	true if expr is not equal to 0
Expr1 == expr2	true if expr1 equals expr2
Expr1 != expr2	true if expr1 is not equal to expr2
Expr1 < expr2	true if one expr1 is less than expr2
Expr1 <= expr2	true if expr1 is less than or equal to expr2
Expr1 > expr2	true if expr1 is greater than expr2
Expr1 >= expr2	true if expr1 is greater than or equal to expr2
! condition	logical negation of a condition - true if condition is false
Cond1 && cond2	logical AND of two conditions (true if and only if both conditions are true)
Cond1 || cond2	logical OR of two conditions (true if and only if at least one of the conditions are true)

Table 6. Conditions

There are also two special constant conditions which can be used anywhere that the above conditions are allowed. They are listed below.

- The true condition
- The false condition

You can use conditions in NXC control structures, such as the if-statement and the while or until statements, to specify exactly how you want your program to behave.

3.4.1.1 The true condition

The keyword true has a value of one.

It represents a condition that is always true.

3.4.1.2 The false condition

The keyword false has a value of zero.

It represents a condition that is always false.

3.5 The Preprocessor

NXC also includes a preprocessor that is modeled after the Standard C preprocessor.

The C preprocessor processes a source code file before the compiler does. It handles such tasks as including code from other files, conditionally including or excluding blocks of code, stripping comments, defining simple and parameterized macros, and expanding macros wherever they are encountered in the source code.

The NXC preprocessor implements the following standard preprocessor directives: #include, #define, #ifdef, #ifndef, #endif, #if, #elif, #undef, ##, #line, #error, and #pragma. It also supports two non-standard directives: #download and #import. Its implementation is close to a standard C preprocessor's, so most preprocessor directives should work as C programmers expect in NXC. Any significant deviations are explained below.

- include
- define
- ## (Concatenation)
- Conditional Compilation
- import
- download

3.5.1 #include

The #include command works as in Standard C, with the caveat that the filename must be enclosed in double quotes.

There is no notion of a system include path, so enclosing a filename in angle brackets is forbidden.

```
#include "foo.h"  // ok
#include <foo.h> // error!
```

NXC programs can begin with #include "NXCDefs.h" but they don't need to. This standard header file includes many important constants and macros, which form the core NXC API. NXC no longer require that you manually include the NXCDefs.h header file. Unless you specifically tell the compiler to ignore the standard system files, this header file is included automatically.

3.5.2 #define

The #define command is used for macro substitution.

Redefinition of a macro will result in a compiler warning. Macros are normally restricted to one line because the newline character at the end of the line acts as a terminator. However, you can write multiline macros by instructing the preprocessor to ignore the newline character. This is accomplished by escaping the newline character with a backslash ('\'). The backslash character must be the very last character in the line or it will not extend the macro definition to the next line. The code sample below shows how to write a multi-line preprocessor macro.

```
#define foo(x)  do { bar(x); \\
                     baz(x); } while(false)
```

The #undef directive may be used to remove a macro's definition.

3.5.3 ## (Concatenation)

The ## directive works similar to the C preprocessor.

It is replaced by nothing, which causes tokens on either side to be concatenated together. Because it acts as a separator initially, it can be used within macro functions to produce identifiers via combination with parameter values.

```
#define ELEMENT_OUT(n) \
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE##n, b##n)

bool b1 = false;
bool b2 = true;

task main()
{
   ELEMENT_OUT(1);
   ELEMENT_OUT(2);
   Wait(SEC_2);
}
```

This is the same as writing

```
bool b1 = false;
bool b2 = true;

task main()
{
   NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, b1);
   NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, b2);
   Wait(SEC_2);
}
```

3.5.4 Conditional Compilation

Conditional compilation works similar to the C preprocessor's conditional compilation.

The following preprocessor directives may be used:

Directive	Meaning
#ifdef symbol	If symbol is defined then compile the following code
#ifndef symbol	If symbol is not defined then compile the following code
#else	Switch from compiling to not compiling and vice versa
#endif	Return to previous compiling state
#if condition	If the condition evaluates to true then compile the following code
#elif	Same as #else but used with #if

Table 7. Conditional compilation directives

See the NXTDefs.h and NXCDefs.h header files for many examples of how to use conditional compilation.

3.5.5 #import

The #import directive lets you define a global byte array variable in your NXC program that contains the contents of the imported file.

Like #include, this directive is followed by a filename enclosed in double quote characters. Following the filename you may optionally include a format string for constructing the name of the variable you want to define using this directive.

```
#import "myfile.txt" data
```

By default, the format string is s which means that the name of the file without any file extension will be the name of the variable. For instance, if the format string "data" were not specified in the example above, then the name of the byte array variable would be "myfile". In this case the name of the byte array variable will be "data".

The #import directive is often used in conjunction with the GraphicArrayOut and GraphicArrayOutEx API functions.

3.5.6 #download

The #download directive works in conjunction with the compiler's built-in download capability.

It lets you tell the compiler to download a specified auxiliary file in addition to the .rxe file produced from your source code. If the file extension matches a type of source code that the compiler knows how to compile (such as .rs or .nbc) then the compiler will first compile the source before downloading the resulting binary. The name of the file to

download (and optionally compile) is enclosed in double quote characters immediately following this directive. If the compiler is only told to compile the original source code then the #download directive is ignored.

```
#download "myfile.rs"
#download "mypicture.ric"
```

4 Todo List

Global <globalScope>::StopSound() ?.

Global <globalScope>::SysComputeCalibValue(ComputeCalibValueType &args)
figure out what this function is intended for

Global <globalScope>::SysDatalogGetTimes(DatalogGetTimesType &args)
figure out what this function is intended for

Global <globalScope>::SysDatalogWrite(DatalogWriteType &args) figure out what this function is intended for

Global <globalScope>::SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo(UpdateCalibCacheInfoType &args)
figure out what this function is intended for

Global CommHSControlType::Result values?

Global ComputeCalibValueType::Name ?.

Global ComputeCalibValueType::RawVal ?.

Global ComputeCalibValueType::Result ?.

Global UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::Name ?.

Global UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::Result ?.

5 Deprecated List

Global <globalScope>::Acos(_X) Use acos() instead.

Global <globalScope>::AcosD(_X) Use acosd() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Asin(_X) Use asin() instead.

Global <globalScope>::AsinD(_X) Use asind() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Atan(_X) Use atan() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Atan2(_Y, _X) Use atan2() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Atan2D(_Y, _X) Use atan2d() instead.

Global <globalScope>::AtanD(_X) Use atand() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Ceil(_X) Use ceil() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Cos(_X) Use cos() instead.

Global <globalScope>::CosD(_X) Use cosd() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Cosh(_X) Use cosh() instead.

Global <globalScope>::CoshD(_X) Use coshd() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Exp(_X) Use exp() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Floor(_X) Use floor() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Frac(_X) Use frac() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Log(_X) Use log() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Log10(_X) Use log10() instead.

Global <globalScope>::MulDiv32(_A, _B, _C) Use muldiv32() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Pow(_Base, _Exponent) Use pow() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Sin(_X) Use sin() instead.

Global <globalScope>::SinD(_X) Use sind() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Sinh(_X) Use sinh() instead.

Global <globalScope>::SinhD(_X) Use sinhd() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Sqrt(_X) Use sqrt() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Tan(_X) Use tan() instead.

Global <globalScope>::TanD(_X) Use tand() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Tanh(_X) Use tanh() instead.

Global <globalScope>::TanhD(_X) Use tanhd() instead.

Global <globalScope>::Trunc(_X) Use trunc() instead.

6 Module Documentation

6.1 NXT Firmware Modules

Documentation common to all NXT firmware modules.

Modules

- Input module

  Constants and functions related to the Input module.

- Output module

  Constants and functions related to the Output module.

- Display module

  Constants and functions related to the Display module.

- Sound module

  Constants and functions related to the Sound module.

- Low Speed module

  Constants and functions related to the Low Speed module.

- Command module

  Constants and functions related to the Command module.

- IOCtrl module

  Constants and functions related to the IOCtrl module.

- Comm module

  Constants and functions related to the Comm module.

- Button module

  Constants and functions related to the Button module.

- Ui module

  Constants and functions related to the Ui module.

- Loader module

  Constants and functions related to the Loader module.

- NXT firmware module names

Constant string names for all the NXT firmware modules.

- NXT firmware module IDs

  Constant numeric IDs for all the NXT firmware modules.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Documentation common to all NXT firmware modules.

6.2 Input module

Constants and functions related to the Input module.

Modules

- Input module types

  Types used by various input module functions.

- Input module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying input module features.

- Input module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Input module.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Input module. The NXT input module encompasses all sensor inputs except for digital I2C (LowSpeed) sensors.

There are four sensors, which internally are numbered 0, 1, 2, and 3. This is potentially confusing since they are externally labeled on the NXT as sensors 1, 2, 3, and 4. To help mitigate this confusion, the sensor port names S1, S2, S3, and S4 have been defined. See Input port constants. These sensor names may be used in any function that requires a sensor port as an argument. Alternatively, the NBC port name constants IN_1, IN_2, IN_3, and IN_4 may also be used when a sensor port is required, although this is not recommended. See NBC Input port constants. Sensor value names SENSOR_1, SENSOR_2, SENSOR_3, and SENSOR_4 have also been defined. These names may also be used whenever a program wishes to read the current value of the analog sensor:

```
x = SENSOR_1; // read sensor and store value in x
```

6.3 Input module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Input module.

Modules

- Input port constants
  Input port constants are used when calling NXC sensor control API functions.
- NBC Input port constants
  Input port constants are used when calling sensor control API functions.
- Input field constants
  Constants for use with SetInput() and GetInput().
- Input port digital pin constants
  Constants for use when directly controlling or reading a port's digital pin state.
- Color sensor array indices
  Constants for use with color sensor value arrays to index RGB and blank return values.
- Color values
  Constants for use with the ColorValue returned by the color sensor in full color mode.
- Color calibration state constants
  Constants for use with the color calibration state function.
- Color calibration constants
  Constants for use with the color calibration functions.
- Input module IOMAP offsets
  Constant offsets into the Input module IOMAP structure.
- Sensor types and modes
  Constants that are used for defining sensor types and modes.

Defines

- #define INPUT_CUSTOMINACTIVE 0x00
- #define INPUT_CUSTOM9V 0x01
- #define INPUT_CUSTOMACTIVE 0x02
- #define INPUT_INVALID_DATA 0x01

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Input module.

6.3.2 Define Documentation

6.3.2.1 #define INPUT_CUSTOM9V 0x01

Custom sensor 9V

6.3.2.2 #define INPUT_CUSTOMACTIVE 0x02

Custom sensor active

6.3.2.3 #define INPUT_CUSTOMINACTIVE 0x00

Custom sensor inactive

6.3.2.4 #define INPUT_INVALID_DATA 0x01

Invalid data flag

6.4 Sensor types and modes

Constants that are used for defining sensor types and modes.

Modules

- Sensor type constants

  Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor.

- Sensor mode constants

  Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode.

- Combined sensor type and mode constants

  Use the combined sensor type and mode constants to configure both the sensor mode and type in a single function call.

- NBC sensor type constants

  Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor.

- NBC sensor mode constants

  Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode.

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are used for defining sensor types and modes. The sensor ports on the NXT are capable of interfacing to a variety of different sensors. It is up to the program to tell the NXT what kind of sensor is attached to each port. Calling SetSensorType configures a sensor's type. There are 16 sensor types, each corresponding to a specific type of LEGO RCX or NXT sensor. Two of these types are for NXT I2C digital sensors, either 9V powered or unpowered, and a third is used to configure port S4 as a high-speed RS-485 serial port. A seventeenth type (SENSOR_TYPE_CUSTOM) is for use with custom analog sensors. And an eighteenth type (SENSOR_TYPE_NONE) is used to indicate that no sensor has been configured, effectively turning off the specified port.

In general, a program should configure the type to match the actual sensor. If a sensor port is configured as the wrong type, the NXT may not be able to read it accurately. Use either the Sensor type constants or the NBC sensor type constants.

The NXT allows a sensor to be configured in different modes. The sensor mode determines how a sensor's raw value is processed. Some modes only make sense for certain types of sensors, for example SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION is useful only with rotation sensors. Call SetSensorMode to set the sensor mode. The possible modes are shown below. Use either the Sensor mode constants or the NBC sensor mode constants.

When using the NXT, it is common to set both the type and mode at the same time. The SetSensor function makes this process a little easier by providing a single function to call and a set of standard type/mode combinations. Use the Combined sensor type and mode constants.

The NXT provides a boolean conversion for all sensors - not just touch sensors. This boolean conversion is normally based on preset thresholds for the raw value. A "low" value (less than 460) is a boolean value of 1. A high value (greater than 562) is a boolean value of 0. This conversion can be modified: a slope value between 0 and 31 may be added to a sensor's mode when calling SetSensorMode. If the sensor's value changes more than the slope value during a certain time (3ms), then the sensor's boolean state will change. This allows the boolean state to reflect rapid changes in the raw value. A rapid increase will result in a boolean value of 0, a rapid decrease is a boolean value of 1.

Even when a sensor is configured for some other mode (i.e. SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT), the boolean conversion will still be carried out.

6.5 Output module

Constants and functions related to the Output module.

Modules

- Output module types

  Types used by various output module functions.

- Output module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying output module features.

- Output module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Output module.

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Output module. The NXT output module encompasses all the motor outputs.

Nearly all of the NXC API functions dealing with outputs take either a single output or a set of outputs as their first argument. Depending on the function call, the output or set of outputs may be a constant or a variable containing an appropriate output port value. The constants OUT_A, OUT_B, and OUT_C are used to identify the three outputs. Unlike NQC, adding individual outputs together does not combine multiple outputs. Instead, the NXC API provides predefined combinations of outputs: OUT_AB, OUT_AC, OUT_BC, and OUT_ABC. Manually combining outputs involves creating an array and adding two or more of the three individual output constants to the array.

Output power levels can range 0 (lowest) to 100 (highest). Negative power levels reverse the direction of rotation (i.e., forward at a power level of -100 actually means reverse at a power level of 100).

The outputs each have several fields that define the current state of the output port. These fields are defined in the Output field constants section.

6.6 Output module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Output module.

Modules

- Output port constants

Output port constants are used when calling motor control API functions.

- PID constants

  PID constants are for adjusting the Proportional, Integral, and Derivative motor controller parameters.

- Output port update flag constants

  Use these constants to specify which motor values need to be updated.

- Tachometer counter reset flags

  Use these constants to specify which of the three tachometer counters should be reset.

- Output port mode constants

  Use these constants to configure the desired mode for the specified motor(s): coast, motoron, brake, or regulated.

- Output port option constants

  Use these constants to configure the desired options for the specified motor(s): hold at limit and ramp down to limit.

- Output regulation option constants

  Use these constants to configure the desired options for position regulation.

- Output port run state constants

  Use these constants to configure the desired run state for the specified motor(s): idle, rampup, running, rampdown, or hold.

- Output port regulation mode constants

  Use these constants to configure the desired regulation mode for the specified motor(s): none, speed regulation, multi-motor synchronization, or position regulation (requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+).

- Output field constants

  Constants for use with SetOutput() and GetOutput().

- Output module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Output module IOMAP structure.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Output module.

6.7 Command module

Constants and functions related to the Command module.

Modules

- Command module types

  Types used by various Command module functions.

- Command module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying Command module features.

- Command module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Command module.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Command module. The NXT command module encompasses support for the execution of user programs via the NXT virtual machine. It also implements the direct command protocol support that enables the NXT to respond to USB or Bluetooth requests from other devices such as a PC or another NXT brick.

6.8 Command module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Command module.

Modules

- Array operation constants

  Constants for use with the NXC ArrayOp function and the NBC arrop statement.

- System Call function constants

  Constants for use in the SysCall() function or NBC syscall statement.

- Time constants

  Constants for use with the Wait() function.

- VM state constants

  Constants defining possible VM states.

- Fatal errors

  Constants defining various fatal error conditions.

- General errors

  Constants defining general error conditions.

- Communications specific errors

  Constants defining communication error conditions.

- Remote control (direct commands) errors

  Constants defining errors that can occur during remote control (RC) direct command operations.

- Program status constants

  Constants defining various states of the command module virtual machine.

- Command module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Command module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define STAT_MSG_EMPTY_MAILBOX 64
- #define STAT_COMM_PENDING 32
- #define POOL_MAX_SIZE 32768
- #define NO_ERR 0

6.8.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Command module.

6.8.2 Define Documentation

6.8.2.1 #define NO_ERR 0

Successful execution of the specified command

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc,

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc, ex_sysfileopenread.nxc, ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfileresize.nxc, ex_sysfileseek.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysiomapread.nxc, ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, and ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

6.8.2.2 #define POOL_MAX_SIZE 32768

Maximum size of memory pool, in bytes

6.8.2.3 #define STAT_COMM_PENDING 32

Pending setup operation in progress

6.8.2.4 #define STAT_MSG_EMPTY_MAILBOX 64

Specified mailbox contains no new messages

6.9 Comm module

Constants and functions related to the Comm module.

Modules

- Comm module types

  Types used by various Comm module functions.

- Comm module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying Comm module features.

- Comm module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Comm module.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Comm module. The NXT comm module encompasses support for all forms of Bluetooth, USB, and HiSpeed communication.

You can use the Bluetooth communication methods to send information to other devices connected to the NXT brick. The NXT firmware also implements a message queuing or mailbox system which you can access using these methods.

Communication via Bluetooth uses a master/slave connection system. One device must be designated as the master device before you run a program using Bluetooth. If the NXT is the master device then you can configure up to three slave devices using connection 1, 2, and 3 on the NXT brick. If your NXT is a slave device then connection 0 on the brick must be reserved for the master device.

Programs running on the master NXT brick can send packets of data to any connected slave devices using the BluetoothWrite method. Slave devices write response packets to the message queuing system where they wait for the master device to poll for the response.

Using the direct command protocol, a master device can send messages to slave NXT bricks in the form of text strings addressed to a particular mailbox. Each mailbox on the slave NXT brick is a circular message queue holding up to five messages. Each message can be up to 58 bytes long.

To send messages from a master NXT brick to a slave brick, use BluetoothWrite on the master brick to send a MessageWrite direct command packet to the slave. Then, you can use ReceiveMessage on the slave brick to read the message. The slave NXT brick must be running a program when an incoming message packet is received. Otherwise, the slave NXT brick ignores the message and the message is dropped.

6.10 Button module

Constants and functions related to the Button module.

Modules

- Button module types

  Types used by various Button module functions.

- Button module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying Button module features.

- Button module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Button module.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Button module. The NXT button module encompasses support for the 4 buttons on the NXT brick.

6.11 IOCtrl module

Constants and functions related to the IOCtrl module.

Modules

- IOCtrl module types
  Types used by various IOCtrl module functions.
- IOCtrl module functions
  Functions for accessing and modifying IOCtrl module features.
- IOCtrl module constants
  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's IOCtrl module.

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the IOCtrl module. The NXT ioctrl module encompasses low-level communication between the two processors that control the NXT. The NXC API exposes two functions that are part of this module.

6.12 Loader module

Constants and functions related to the Loader module.

Modules

- Loader module types
  Types used by various Loader module functions.
- Loader module functions
  Functions for accessing and modifying Loader module features.
- Loader module constants
  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Loader module.

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Loader module. The NXT loader module encompasses support for the NXT file system. The NXT supports creating files, opening existing files, reading, writing, renaming, and deleting files.

Files in the NXT file system must adhere to the 15.3 naming convention for a maximum filename length of 19 characters. While multiple files can be opened simultaneously, a maximum of 4 files can be open for writing at any given time.

When accessing files on the NXT, errors can occur. The NXC API defines several constants that define possible result codes. They are listed in the Loader module error codes section.

6.13 Sound module

Constants and functions related to the Sound module.

Modules

- Sound module types

  Types used by various sound module functions.

- Sound module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying sound module features.

- Sound module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Sound module.

6.13.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Sound module. The NXT sound module encompasses all sound output features. The NXT provides support for playing basic tones as well as two different types of files.

Sound files (.rso) are like .wav files. They contain thousands of sound samples that digitally represent an analog waveform. With sounds files the NXT can speak or play music or make just about any sound imaginable.

Melody files are like MIDI files. They contain multiple tones with each tone being defined by a frequency and duration pair. When played on the NXT a melody file sounds like a pure sine-wave tone generator playing back a series of notes. While not as fancy as sound files, melody files are usually much smaller than sound files.

When a sound or a file is played on the NXT, execution of the program does not wait for the previous playback to complete. To play multiple tones or files sequentially it is necessary to wait for the previous tone or file playback to complete first. This can be done via the Wait API function or by using the sound state value within a while loop.

The NXC API defines frequency and duration constants which may be used in calls to PlayTone or PlayToneEx. Frequency constants start with TONE_A3 (the 'A' pitch in octave 3) and go to TONE_B7 (the 'B' pitch in octave 7). Duration constants start with MS_1 (1 millisecond) and go up to MIN_1 (60000 milliseconds) with several constants in between. See NBCCommon.h for the complete list.

6.14 Ui module

Constants and functions related to the Ui module.

Modules

- Ui module types

  Types used by various Ui module functions.

- Ui module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying Ui module features.

- Ui module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Ui module.

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Ui module. The NXT UI module encompasses support for various aspects of the user interface for the NXT brick.

6.15 Low Speed module

Constants and functions related to the Low Speed module.

Modules

- LowSpeed module types

  Types used by various low speed module functions.

- LowSpeed module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying low speed module features.

- LowSpeed module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's LowSpeed module.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Low Speed module. The NXT low speed module encompasses support for digital I2C sensor communication.

Use the lowspeed (aka I2C) communication methods to access devices that use the I2C protocol on the NXT brick's four input ports.

You must set the input port's Type property to SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED or SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V on a given port before using an I2C device on that port. Use SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V if your device requires 9V power from the NXT brick. Remember that you also need to set the input port's InvalidDataField property to true after setting TypeField to a new value, and then wait in a loop for the NXT firmware to set InvalidDataField back to false. This process ensures that the firmware has time to properly initialize the port, including the 9V power lines, if applicable. Some digital devices might need additional time to initialize after power up.

The SetSensorLowspeed API function sets the specified port to SENSOR_TYPE_-LOWSPEED_9V and calls ResetSensor to perform the InvalidDataField reset loop described above.

When communicating with I2C devices, the NXT firmware uses a master/slave setup in which the NXT brick is always the master device. This means that the firmware is responsible for controlling the write and read operations. The NXT firmware maintains write and read buffers for each port, and the three main Lowspeed (I2C) methods described below enable you to access these buffers.

A call to LowspeedWrite starts an asynchronous transaction between the NXT brick and a digital I2C device. The program continues to run while the firmware manages sending bytes from the write buffer and reading the response bytes from the device. Because the NXT is the master device, you must also specify the number of bytes to expect from the device in response to each write operation. You can exchange up to 16 bytes in each direction per transaction.

After you start a write transaction with LowspeedWrite, use LowspeedStatus in a loop to check the status of the port. If LowspeedStatus returns a status code of 0 and a count of bytes available in the read buffer, the system is ready for you to use LowspeedRead to copy the data from the read buffer into the buffer you provide.

Note that any of these calls might return various status codes at any time. A status code of 0 means the port is idle and the last transaction (if any) did not result in any errors.

Negative status codes and the positive status code 32 indicate errors. There are a few possible errors per call.

Valid low speed return values include NO_ERR as well as the error codes listed in the Communications specific errors section.

6.16 Display module

Constants and functions related to the Display module.

Modules

- Display module types

  Types used by various display module functions.

- Display module functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying display module features.

- Display module constants

  Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Display module.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Constants and functions related to the Display module. The NXT display module encompasses support for drawing to the NXT LCD. The NXT supports drawing points, lines, rectangles, and circles on the LCD. It supports drawing graphic icon files on the screen as well as text and numbers. With the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware you can also draw ellipses and polygons as well as text and numbers using custom RIC-based font files. Also, all of the drawing operations have several drawing options for how the shapes are drawn to the LCD.

The LCD screen has its origin (0, 0) at the bottom left-hand corner of the screen with the positive Y-axis extending upward and the positive X-axis extending toward the right. The NXC API provides constants for use in the NumOut and TextOut functions which make it possible to specify LCD line numbers between 1 and 8 with line 1 being at the top of the screen and line 8 being at the bottom of the screen. These constants (LCD_LINE1, LCD_LINE2, LCD_LINE3, LCD_LINE4, LCD_LINE5, LCD_LINE6, LCD_LINE7, LCD_LINE8) should be used as the Y coordinate in NumOut and TextOut calls. Values of Y other than these constants will be adjusted so that text and numbers are on one of 8 fixed line positions.

6.17 HiTechnic API Functions

Functions for accessing and modifying HiTechnic devices.

Modules

- HiTechnic device constants
  Constants that are for use with HiTechnic devices.

Functions

- int SensorHTGyro (const byte &port, int offset=0)
  Read HiTechnic Gyro sensor.
- int SensorHTMagnet (const byte &port, int offset=0)
  Read HiTechnic Magnet sensor.
- int SensorHTEOPD (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic EOPD sensor.
- void SetSensorHTEOPD (const byte &port, bool bStandard)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic EOPD.
- void SetSensorHTGyro (const byte &port)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic Gyro.
- void SetSensorHTMagnet (const byte &port)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic Magnet.
- int SensorHTColorNum (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic color sensor color number.
- int SensorHTCompass (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic compass.
- int SensorHTIRSeekerDir (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker direction.
- int SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr (const byte &port, const byte reg)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 register.

- int SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir (const byte &port)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC direction.

- int SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir (const byte &port)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC direction.

- char SetHTColor2Mode (const byte &port, byte mode)

  Set HiTechnic Color2 mode.

- char SetHTIRSeeker2Mode (const byte &port, const byte mode)

  Set HiTechnic IRSeeker2 mode.

- bool ReadSensorHTAccel (const byte port, int &x, int &y, int &z)

  Read HiTechnic acceleration values.

- bool ReadSensorHTColor (const byte port, byte &ColorNum, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker values.

- bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor (const byte port, byte &ColorIdx, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color normalized values.

- bool ReadSensorHTRawColor (const byte port, unsigned int &Red, unsigned int &Green, unsigned int &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color raw values.

- bool ReadSensorHTColor2Active (byte port, byte &ColorNum, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue, byte &White)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 active values.

- bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active (const byte port, byte &ColorIdx, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 normalized active values.

- bool ReadSensorHTRawColor2 (const byte port, unsigned int &Red, unsigned int &Green, unsigned int &Blue, unsigned int &White)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 raw values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiver (const byte port, char &pfdata[ ])

  Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function bytes.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx (const byte port, const byte offset, char &pfchar)

  Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function value.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9, byte &avg)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC values.

- char ResetSensorHTAngle (const byte port, const byte mode)

  Reset HiTechnic Angle sensor.

- bool ReadSensorHTAngle (const byte port, int &Angle, long &AccAngle, int &RPM)

  Read HiTechnic Angle sensor values.

- void ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer (const byte port, byte &t1, byte &t2, byte &t3, byte &t4)

  Read HiTechnic touch multiplexer.

- char HTIRTrain (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte func)

  HTIRTrain function.

- char HTPFComboDirect (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  HTPFComboDirect function.

- char HTPFComboPWM (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  HTPFComboPWM function.

- char HTPFRawOutput (const byte port, const byte nibble0, const byte nibble1, const byte nibble2)

  HTPFRawOutput function.

- char HTPFRepeat (const byte port, const byte count, const unsigned int delay)

  HTPFRepeat function.

- char HTPFSingleOutputCST (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  HTPFSingleOutputCST function.

- char HTPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  HTPFSingleOutputPWM function.

- char HTPFSinglePin (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte pin, const byte func, bool cont)

  HTPFSinglePin function.

- char HTPFTrain (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte func)

  HTPFTrain function.

- void HTRCXSetIRLinkPort (const byte port)

  HTRCXSetIRLinkPort function.

- int HTRCXBatteryLevel (void)

  HTRCXBatteryLevel function.

- int HTRCXPoll (const byte src, const byte value)

  HTRCXPoll function Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

- int HTRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int address)

  HTRCXPollMemory function.

- void HTRCXAddToDatalog (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  HTRCXAddToDatalog function.

- void HTRCXClearAllEvents (void)

  HTRCXClearAllEvents function.

- void HTRCXClearCounter (const byte counter)

  HTRCXClearCounter function.

- void HTRCXClearMsg (void)

  HTRCXClearMsg function.

- void HTRCXClearSensor (const byte port)

  HTRCXClearSensor function.

- void HTRCXClearSound (void)
  HTRCXClearSound function.
- void HTRCXClearTimer (const byte timer)
  HTRCXClearTimer function.
- void HTRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int size)
  HTRCXCreateDatalog function.
- void HTRCXDecCounter (const byte counter)
  HTRCXDecCounter function.
- void HTRCXDeleteSub (const byte s)
  HTRCXDeleteSub function.
- void HTRCXDeleteSubs (void)
  HTRCXDeleteSubs function.
- void HTRCXDeleteTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXDeleteTask function.
- void HTRCXDeleteTasks (void)
  HTRCXDeleteTasks function.
- void HTRCXDisableOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXDisableOutput function.
- void HTRCXEnableOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXEnableOutput function.
- void HTRCXEvent (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTRCXEvent function.
- void HTRCXFloat (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXFloat function.
- void HTRCXFwd (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXFwd function.
- void HTRCXIncCounter (const byte counter)
  HTRCXIncCounter function.

- void HTRCXInvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXInvertOutput function.
- void HTRCXMuteSound (void)
  HTRCXMuteSound function.
- void HTRCXObvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXObvertOutput function.
- void HTRCXOff (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOff function.
- void HTRCXOn (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOn function.
- void HTRCXOnFor (const byte outputs, const unsigned int ms)
  HTRCXOnFor function.
- void HTRCXOnFwd (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOnFwd function.
- void HTRCXOnRev (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOnRev function.
- void HTRCXPBTurnOff (void)
  HTRCXPBTurnOff function.
- void HTRCXPing (void)
  HTRCXPing function.
- void HTRCXPlaySound (const byte snd)
  HTRCXPlaySound function.
- void HTRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int freq, const byte duration)
  HTRCXPlayTone function.
- void HTRCXPlayToneVar (const byte varnum, const byte duration)
  HTRCXPlayToneVar function.
- void HTRCXRemote (unsigned int cmd)
  HTRCXRemote function.

- void HTRCXRev (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXRev function.
- void HTRCXSelectDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTRCXSelectDisplay function.
- void HTRCXSelectProgram (const byte prog)
  HTRCXSelectProgram function.
- void HTRCXSendSerial (const byte first, const byte count)
  HTRCXSendSerial function.
- void HTRCXSetDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  HTRCXSetDirection function.
- void HTRCXSetEvent (const byte evt, const byte src, const byte type)
  HTRCXSetEvent function.
- void HTRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  HTRCXSetGlobalDirection function.
- void HTRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)
  HTRCXSetGlobalOutput function.
- void HTRCXSetMaxPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)
  HTRCXSetMaxPower function.
- void HTRCXSetMessage (const byte msg)
  HTRCXSetMessage function.
- void HTRCXSetOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)
  HTRCXSetOutput function.
- void HTRCXSetPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)
  HTRCXSetPower function.
- void HTRCXSetPriority (const byte p)
  HTRCXSetPriority function.
- void HTRCXSetSensorMode (const byte port, const byte mode)

HTRCXSetSensorMode function.

- void HTRCXSetSensorType (const byte port, const byte type)
  HTRCXSetSensorType function.
- void HTRCXSetSleepTime (const byte t)
  HTRCXSetSleepTime function.
- void HTRCXSetTxPower (const byte pwr)
  HTRCXSetTxPower function.
- void HTRCXSetWatch (const byte hours, const byte minutes)
  HTRCXSetWatch function.
- void HTRCXStartTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXStartTask function.
- void HTRCXStopAllTasks (void)
  HTRCXStopAllTasks function.
- void HTRCXStopTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXStopTask function.
- void HTRCXToggle (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXToggle function.
- void HTRCXUnmuteSound (void)
  HTRCXUnmuteSound function.
- void HTScoutCalibrateSensor (void)
  HTScoutCalibrateSensor function.
- void HTScoutMuteSound (void)
  HTScoutMuteSound function.
- void HTScoutSelectSounds (const byte grp)
  HTScoutSelectSounds function.
- void HTScoutSendVLL (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSendVLL function.
- void HTScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

HTScoutSetEventFeedback function.

- void HTScoutSetLight (const byte x)
  HTScoutSetLight function.
- void HTScoutSetScoutMode (const byte mode)
  HTScoutSetScoutMode function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorClickTime function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.
- void HTScoutUnmuteSound (void)
  HTScoutUnmuteSound function.

6.17.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying HiTechnic devices.

6.17.2 Function Documentation

6.17.2.1 char HTIRTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) `[inline]`

HTIRTrain function. Control an IR Train receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Valid func values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channel values are TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 through TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 and TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The IR Train channel. See IR Train channel constants.

func The IR Train function. See PF/IR Train function constants

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc.

6.17.2.2 char HTPFComboDirect (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) `[inline]`

HTPFComboDirect function. Execute a pair of Power Function motor commands on the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Commands for outa and outb are PF_CMD_STOP, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_FWD, and PF_CMD_BRAKE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function command for output A. See Power Function command constants.

outb The Power Function command for output B. See Power Function command constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc.

6.17.2.3 char HTPFComboPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) [inline]

HTPFComboPWM function. Control the speed of both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Valid output values are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function PWM command for output A. See Power Function PWM option constants.

outb The Power Function PWM command for output B. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc.

6.17.2.4 char HTPFRawOutput (const byte *port*, const byte *nibble0*, const byte *nibble1*, const byte *nibble2*) [inline]

HTPFRawOutput function. Control a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Build the raw data stream using the 3 nibbles (4 bit values). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

nibble0 The first raw data nibble.

nibble1 The second raw data nibble.

nibble2 The third raw data nibble.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFRawOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.5 char HTPFRepeat (const byte *port*, const byte *count*, const unsigned int *delay*) [inline]

HTPFRepeat function. Repeat sending the last Power Function command using the HiTechnic IRLink device. Specify the number of times to repeat the command and the number of milliseconds of delay between each repetition. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

count The number of times to repeat the command.

delay The number of milliseconds to delay between each repetition.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFRepeat.nxc.

6.17.2.6 char HTPFSingleOutputCST (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) [inline]

HTPFSingleOutputCST function. Control a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2, PF_CST_SET1_SET2, PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_FULL_FWD, PF_CST_FULL_REV, and PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function CST function. See Power Function CST options constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

6.17.2.7 char HTPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) `[inline]`

HTPFSingleOutputPWM function. Control the speed of a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function PWM function. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

6.17.2.8 char HTPFSinglePin (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *pin*, const byte *func*, bool *cont*) [inline]

HTPFSinglePin function. Control a single pin on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Select the desired pin using PF_PIN_C1 or PF_PIN_C2. Valid functions are PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE, PF_FUNC_CLEAR, PF_FUNC_SET, and PF_FUNC_TOGGLE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. Specify whether the mode by passing true (continuous) or false (timeout) as the final parameter. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

pin The Power Function pin. See Power Function pin constants.

func The Power Function single pin function. See Power Function single pin function constants.

cont Control whether the mode is continuous or timeout.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc.

6.17.2.9 char HTPFTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

HTPFTrain function. Control both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device as if it were an IR Train receiver. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

func The Power Function train function. See PF/IR Train function constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFTrain.nxc.

6.17.2.10 void HTRCXAddToDatalog (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) `[inline]`

HTRCXAddToDatalog function. Send the AddToDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc.

6.17.2.11 int HTRCXBatteryLevel (void) `[inline]`

HTRCXBatteryLevel function. Send the BatteryLevel command to an RCX to read the current battery level.

Returns:

The RCX battery level.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXBatteryLevel.nxc.

6.17.2.12 void HTRCXClearAllEvents (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearAllEvents function. Send the ClearAllEvents command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearAllEvents.nxc.

6.17.2.13 void HTRCXClearCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXClearCounter function. Send the ClearCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to clear.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearCounter.nxc.

6.17.2.14 void HTRCXClearMsg (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearMsg function. Send the ClearMsg command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearMsg.nxc.

6.17.2.15 void HTRCXClearSensor (const byte *port*) [inline]

HTRCXClearSensor function. Send the ClearSensor command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX port number.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearSensor.nxc.

6.17.2.16 void HTRCXClearSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearSound function. Send the ClearSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearSound.nxc.

6.17.2.17 void HTRCXClearTimer (const byte *timer*) [inline]

HTRCXClearTimer function. Send the ClearTimer command to an RCX.

Parameters:

timer The timer to clear.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearTimer.nxc.

6.17.2.18 void HTRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int *size*) [inline]

HTRCXCreateDatalog function. Send the CreateDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

size The new datalog size.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXCreateDatalog.nxc.

6.17.2.19 void HTRCXDecCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXDecCounter function. Send the DecCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to decrement.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDecCounter.nxc.

6.17.2.20 void HTRCXDeleteSub (const byte *s*) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteSub function. Send the DeleteSub command to an RCX.

Parameters:

s The subroutine number to delete.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteSub.nxc.

6.17.2.21 void HTRCXDeleteSubs (void) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteSubs function. Send the DeleteSubs command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteSubs.nxc.

6.17.2.22 void HTRCXDeleteTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteTask function. Send the DeleteTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to delete.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteTask.nxc.

6.17.2.23 void HTRCXDeleteTasks (void) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteTasks function. Send the DeleteTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteTasks.nxc.

6.17.2.24 void HTRCXDisableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXDisableOutput function. Send the DisableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to disable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDisableOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.25 void HTRCXEnableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXEnableOutput function. Send the EnableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to enable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEnableOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.26 void HTRCXEvent (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTRCXEvent function. Send the Event command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEvent.nxc.

6.17.2.27 void HTRCXFloat (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXFloat function. Send commands to an RCX to float the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to float. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXFloat.nxc.

6.17.2.28 void HTRCXFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set forward. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXFwd.nxc.

6.17.2.29 void HTRCXIncCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXIncCounter function. Send the IncCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to increment.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXIncCounter.nxc.

6.17.2.30 void HTRCXInvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXInvertOutput function. Send the InvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to invert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXInvertOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.31 void HTRCXMuteSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXMuteSound.nxc.

6.17.2.32 void HTRCXObvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXObvertOutput function. Send the ObvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to obvert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXObvertOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.33 void HTRCXOff (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOff function. Send commands to an RCX to turn off the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn off. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOff.nxc.

6.17.2.34 void HTRCXOn (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOn function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOn.nxc.

6.17.2.35 void HTRCXOnFor (const byte *outputs*, const unsigned int *ms*) [inline]

HTRCXOnFor function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction for the specified duration.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

ms The number of milliseconds to leave the outputs on

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnFor.nxc.

6.17.2.36 void HTRCXOnFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOnFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the forward direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnFwd.nxc.

6.17.2.37 void HTRCXOnRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOnRev function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnRev.nxc.

6.17.2.38 void HTRCXPBTurnOff (void) [inline]

HTRCXPBTurnOff function. Send the PBTurnOff command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPBTurnOff.nxc.

6.17.2.39 void HTRCXPing (void) [inline]

HTRCXPing function. Send the Ping command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPing.nxc.

6.17.2.40 void HTRCXPlaySound (const byte *snd*) [inline]

HTRCXPlaySound function. Send the PlaySound command to an RCX.

Parameters:

snd The sound number to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlaySound.nxc.

6.17.2.41 void HTRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int *freq*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

HTRCXPlayTone function. Send the PlayTone command to an RCX.

Parameters:

freq The frequency of the tone to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlayTone.nxc.

6.17.2.42 void HTRCXPlayToneVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

HTRCXPlayToneVar function. Send the PlayToneVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable containing the tone frequency to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlayToneVar.nxc.

6.17.2.43 int HTRCXPoll (const byte *src*, const byte *value*) [inline]

HTRCXPoll function Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Returns:

The value read from the specified port and value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPoll.nxc.

6.17.2.44 int HTRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int *address*) [inline]

HTRCXPollMemory function. Send the PollMemory command to an RCX.

Parameters:

address The RCX memory address.

Returns:

The value read from the specified address.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPollMemory.nxc.

6.17.2.45 void HTRCXRemote (unsigned int *cmd*) [inline]

HTRCXRemote function. Send the Remote command to an RCX.

Parameters:

cmd The RCX IR remote command to send. See RCX IR remote constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRemote.nxc.

6.17.2.46 void HTRCXRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXRev function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRev.nxc.

6.17.2.47 void HTRCXSelectDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTRCXSelectDisplay function. Send the SelectDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSelectDisplay.nxc.

6.17.2.48 void HTRCXSelectProgram (const byte *prog*) [inline]

HTRCXSelectProgram function. Send the SelectProgram command to an RCX.

Parameters:

prog The program number to select.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSelectProgram.nxc.

6.17.2.49 void HTRCXSendSerial (const byte *first*, const byte *count*) [inline]

HTRCXSendSerial function. Send the SendSerial command to an RCX.

Parameters:

first The first byte address.

count The number of bytes to send.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSendSerial.nxc.

6.17.2.50 void HTRCXSetDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

HTRCXSetDirection function. Send the SetDirection command to an RCX to configure the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc.

6.17.2.51 void HTRCXSetEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *src*, const byte *type*) [inline]

HTRCXSetEvent function. Send the SetEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number to set.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

type The event type.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetEvent.nxc.

6.17.2.52 void HTRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

HTRCXSetGlobalDirection function. Send the SetGlobalDirection command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

6.17.2.53 void HTRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetGlobalOutput function. Send the SetGlobalOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.54 void HTRCXSetIRLinkPort (const byte *port*) [inline]

HTRCXSetIRLinkPort function. Set the global port in advance of using the HTRCX∗ and HTScout∗ API functions for sending RCX and Scout messages over the HiTechnic iRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using any of the HiTechnic RCX and Scout iRLink functions.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

6.17.2.55 void HTRCXSetMaxPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

HTRCXSetMaxPower function. Send the SetMaxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set max power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc.

6.17.2.56 void HTRCXSetMessage (const byte *msg*) [inline]

HTRCXSetMessage function. Send the SetMessage command to an RCX.

Parameters:

msg The numeric message to send.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetMessage.nxc.

6.17.2.57 void HTRCXSetOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetOutput function. Send the SetOutput command to an RCX to configure the mode of the specified outputs

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc.

6.17.2.58 void HTRCXSetPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

HTRCXSetPower function. Send the SetPower command to an RCX to configure the power level of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc.

6.17.2.59 void HTRCXSetPriority (const byte *p*) [inline]

HTRCXSetPriority function. Send the SetPriority command to an RCX.

Parameters:

p The new task priority.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPriority.nxc.

6.17.2.60 void HTRCXSetSensorMode (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSensorMode function. Send the SetSensorMode command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

mode The RCX sensor mode.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

6.17.2.61 void HTRCXSetSensorType (const byte *port*, const byte *type*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSensorType function. Send the SetSensorType command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

type The RCX sensor type.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc.

6.17.2.62 void HTRCXSetSleepTime (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSleepTime function. Send the SetSleepTime command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The new sleep time value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSleepTime.nxc.

6.17.2.63 void HTRCXSetTxPower (const byte *pwr*) [inline]

HTRCXSetTxPower function. Send the SetTxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

pwr The IR transmit power level.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetTxPower.nxc.

6.17.2.64 void HTRCXSetWatch (const byte *hours*, const byte *minutes*) [inline]

HTRCXSetWatch function. Send the SetWatch command to an RCX.

Parameters:

hours The new watch time hours value.

minutes The new watch time minutes value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetWatch.nxc.

6.17.2.65 void HTRCXStartTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXStartTask function. Send the StartTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to start.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStartTask.nxc.

6.17.2.66 void HTRCXStopAllTasks (void) [inline]

HTRCXStopAllTasks function. Send the StopAllTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStopAllTasks.nxc.

6.17.2.67 void HTRCXStopTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXStopTask function. Send the StopTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to stop.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStopTask.nxc.

6.17.2.68 void HTRCXToggle (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXToggle function. Send commands to an RCX to toggle the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to toggle. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXToggle.nxc.

6.17.2.69 void HTRCXUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXUnmuteSound.nxc.

6.17.2.70 void HTScoutCalibrateSensor (void) [inline]

HTScoutCalibrateSensor function. Send the CalibrateSensor command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc.

6.17.2.71 void HTScoutMuteSound (void) [inline]

HTScoutMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutMuteSound.nxc.

6.17.2.72 void HTScoutSelectSounds (const byte *grp*) [inline]

HTScoutSelectSounds function. Send the SelectSounds command to a Scout.

Parameters:

grp The Scout sound group to select.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSelectSounds.nxc.

6.17.2.73 void HTScoutSendVLL (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSendVLL function. Send the SendVLL command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSendVLL.nxc.

6.17.2.74 void HTScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetEventFeedback function. Send the SetEventFeedback command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc.

6.17.2.75 void HTScoutSetLight (const byte *x*) [inline]

HTScoutSetLight function. Send the SetLight command to a Scout.

Parameters:

x Set the light on or off using this value. See Scout light constants.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetLight.nxc.

6.17.2.76 void HTScoutSetScoutMode (const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTScoutSetScoutMode function. Send the SetScoutMode command to a Scout.

Parameters:

mode Set the scout mode. See Scout mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

6.17.2.77 void HTScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorClickTime function. Send the SetSensorClickTime command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc.

6.17.2.78 void HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis function. Send the SetSensorHysteresis command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc.

6.17.2.79 void HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function. Send the SetSensorLowerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc.

6.17.2.80 void HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function. Send the SetSensorUpperLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

6.17.2.81 void HTScoutUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

HTScoutUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutUnmuteSound.nxc.

6.17.2.82 bool ReadSensorHTAccel (const byte *port*, int & *x*, int & *y*, int & *z*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic acceleration values. Read X, Y, and Z axis acceleration values from the HiTechnic Accelerometer sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

x The output x-axis acceleration.

y The output y-axis acceleration.

z The output z-axis acceleration.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTAccel.nxc.

6.17.2.83 bool ReadSensorHTAngle (const byte *port*, int & *Angle*, long & *AccAngle*, int & *RPM*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Angle sensor values. Read values from the HiTechnic Angle sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

Angle Current angle in degrees (0-359).

AccAngle Accumulated angle in degrees (-2147483648 to 2147483647).

RPM rotations per minute (-1000 to 1000).

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc.

6.17.2.84 bool ReadSensorHTColor (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorNum*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color values. Read color number, red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorNum The output color number.

Red The red color value.

Green The green color value.

Blue The blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTColor.nxc.

6.17.2.85 bool ReadSensorHTColor2Active (byte *port*, byte & *ColorNum*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*, byte & *White*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic Color2 active values. Read color number, red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorNum The output color number.

Red The red color value.

Green The green color value.

Blue The blue color value.

White The white color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTColor2Active.nxc.

6.17.2.86 bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiver (const byte *port*, char & *pfdata*[ ]) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function bytes. Read Power Function bytes from the HiTechnic IRReceiver sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

pfdata Eight bytes of power function remote IR data.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiver.nxc.

6.17.2.87 bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, char & *pfchar*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function value. Read a Power Function byte from the HiTechnic IRReceiver sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The power function data offset. See HiTechnic IRReceiver constants.

pfchar A single byte of power function remote IR data.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc.

6.17.2.88 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker values. Read direction, and five signal strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker.nxc.

6.17.2.89 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC values. Read direction, and five signal strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor in AC mode. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC.nxc.

6.17.2.90 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*, byte & *avg*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC values. Read direction, five signal strength, and average strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

avg The average signal strength.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC.nxc.

6.17.2.91 bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorIdx*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color normalized values. Read the color index and the normalized red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorIdx The output color index.

Red The normalized red color value.

Green The normalized green color value.

Blue The normalized blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor.nxc.

6.17.2.92 bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorIdx*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color2 normalized active values. Read the color index and the normalized red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorIdx The output color index.

Red The normalized red color value.

Green The normalized green color value.

Blue The normalized blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active.nxc.

6.17.2.93 bool ReadSensorHTRawColor (const byte *port*, unsigned int & *Red*, unsigned int & *Green*, unsigned int & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color raw values. Read the raw red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Red The raw red color value.

Green The raw green color value.

Blue The raw blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor.nxc.

6.17.2.94 bool ReadSensorHTRawColor2 (const byte *port*, unsigned int & *Red*, unsigned int & *Green*, unsigned int & *Blue*, unsigned int & *White*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color2 raw values. Read the raw red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Red The raw red color value.

Green The raw green color value.

Blue The raw blue color value.

White The raw white color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor2.nxc.

6.17.2.95 void ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer (const byte *port*, byte & *t1*, byte & *t2*, byte & *t3*, byte & *t4*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic touch multiplexer. Read touch sensor values from the HiTechnic touch multiplexer device.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

t1 The value of touch sensor 1.

t2 The value of touch sensor 2.

t3 The value of touch sensor 3.

t4 The value of touch sensor 4.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc.

6.17.2.96 char ResetSensorHTAngle (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

Reset HiTechnic Angle sensor. Reset the HiTechnic Angle sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The Angle reset mode. See HiTechnic Angle sensor constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc.

6.17.2.97 int SensorHTColorNum (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic color sensor color number. Read the color number from the HiTechnic Color sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The color number.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTColorNum.nxc.

6.17.2.98 int SensorHTCompass (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic compass. Read the compass heading value of the HiTechnic Compass sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The compass heading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTCompass.nxc.

6.17.2.99 int SensorHTEOPD (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic EOPD sensor. Read the HiTechnic EOPD sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The EOPD sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTEOPD.nxc.

6.17.2.100 int SensorHTGyro (const byte & *port*, int *offset* = 0) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Gyro sensor. Read the HiTechnic Gyro sensor on the specified port. The offset value should be calculated by averaging several readings with an offset of zero while the sensor is perfectly still.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The zero offset.

Returns:

The Gyro sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, and ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc.

6.17.2.101 int SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC direction. Read the AC direction value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 AC direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir.nxc.

6.17.2.102 int SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr (const byte & *port*, const byte *reg*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 register. Read a register value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

reg The register address. See HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 register value.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc.

6.17.2.103 int SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC direction. Read the DC direction value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 DC direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir.nxc.

6.17.2.104 int SensorHTIRSeekerDir (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker direction. Read the direction value of the HiTechnic IR Seeker on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeekerDir.nxc.

6.17.2.105 int SensorHTMagnet (const byte & *port*, int *offset* = 0) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Magnet sensor. Read the HiTechnic Magnet sensor on the specified port. The offset value should be calculated by averaging several readings with an offset of zero while the sensor is perfectly still.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The zero offset.

Returns:

The Magnet sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTMagnet.nxc.

6.17.2.106 char SetHTColor2Mode (const byte & *port*, byte *mode*) [inline]

Set HiTechnic Color2 mode. Set the mode of the HiTechnic Color2 sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The Color2 mode. See HiTechnic Color2 constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc.

6.17.2.107 char SetHTIRSeeker2Mode (const byte & *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

Set HiTechnic IRSeeker2 mode. Set the mode of the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The IRSeeker2 mode. See HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, and ex_setsensorboolean.nxc.

6.17.2.108 void SetSensorHTEOPD (const byte & *port*, bool *bStandard*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic EOPD. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic EOPD sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

bStandard Configure in standard or long-range mode.

Examples:

ex_setsensorhteopd.nxc.

6.17.2.109 void SetSensorHTGyro (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic Gyro. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic Gyro sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, and ex_SetSensorHTGyro.nxc.

6.17.2.110 void SetSensorHTMagnet (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic Magnet. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic Magnet sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorHTMagnet.nxc.

6.18 MindSensors API Functions

Functions for accessing and modifying MindSensors devices.

Modules

- MindSensors device constants

  Constants that are for use with MindSensors devices.

Functions

- void SetSensorMSPressure (const byte &port)

  Configure a mindsensors pressure sensor.

- void SetSensorMSDROD (const byte &port, bool bActive)

  Configure a mindsensors DROD sensor.

- void SetSensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte &port, bool bLong)

  Configure a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor.

- int SensorMSPressure (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors pressure sensor.

- char SensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone.

- int SensorMSCompass (const byte &port, const byte i2caddr)

  Read mindsensors compass value.

- int SensorMSDROD (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors DROD value.

- int SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value.

- int SensorMSPressureRaw (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors raw pressure value.

- bool ReadSensorMSAccel (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, int &x, int &y, int &z)

  Read mindsensors acceleration values.

- bool ReadSensorMSPlayStation (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte &btnset1, byte &btnset2, byte &xleft, byte &yleft, byte &xright, byte &yright)

  Read mindsensors playstation controller values.

- bool ReadSensorMSRTClock (const byte port, byte &sec, byte &min, byte &hrs, byte &dow, byte &date, byte &month, byte &year)

  Read mindsensors RTClock values.

- bool ReadSensorMSTilt (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, byte &x, byte &y, byte &z)

  Read mindsensors tilt values.

- bool PFMateSend (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &channel, const byte &motors, const byte &cmdA, const byte &spdA, const byte &cmdB, const byte &spdB)

  Send PFMate command.

- bool PFMateSendRaw (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &channel, const byte &b1, const byte &b2)

  Send raw PFMate command.

- int MSReadValue (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte reg, const byte numbytes)

  Read a mindsensors device value.

- char MSEnergize (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn on power to device.

- char MSDeenergize (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn off power to device.

- char MSADPAOn (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn on mindsensors ADPA mode.

- char MSADPAOff (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn off mindsensors ADPA mode.

- char DISTNxGP2D12 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure DISTNx as GP2D12.

- char DISTNxGP2D120 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure DISTNx as GP2D120.

- char DISTNxGP2YA02 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure DISTNx as GP2YA02.

- char DISTNxGP2YA21 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

Configure DISTNx as GP2YA21.

- int DISTNxDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx distance value.
- int DISTNxMaxDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx maximum distance value.
- int DISTNxMinDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx minimum distance value.
- byte DISTNxModuleType (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx module type value.
- byte DISTNxNumPoints (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx num points value.
- int DISTNxVoltage (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx voltage value.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateX (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx X-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx X-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateY (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx Y-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Y-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateZ (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx Z-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Z-axis.
- char ACCLNxResetCalibration (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Reset ACCL-Nx calibration.
- char SetACCLNxSensitivity (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte slevel)

Set ACCL-Nx sensitivity.

- byte ACCLNxSensitivity (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx sensitivity value.
- int ACCLNxXOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx X offset value.
- int ACCLNxXRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx X range value.
- int ACCLNxYOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Y offset value.
- int ACCLNxYRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Y range value.
- int ACCLNxZOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Z offset value.
- int ACCLNxZRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Z range value.
- char PSPNxDigital (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Configure PSPNx in digital mode.
- char PSPNxAnalog (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Configure PSPNx in analog mode.
- unsigned int NXTServoPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)
  Read NXTServo servo position value.
- byte NXTServoSpeed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)
  Read NXTServo servo speed value.
- byte NXTServoBatteryVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTServo battery voltage value.
- char SetNXTServoSpeed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &speed)
  Set NXTServo servo motor speed.

- char SetNXTServoQuickPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &qpos)

  Set NXTServo servo motor quick position.

- char SetNXTServoPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &pos)

  Set NXTServo servo motor position.

- char NXTServoReset (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Reset NXTServo properties.

- char NXTServoHaltMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Halt NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoResumeMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Resume NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoPauseMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Pause NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoInit (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)

  Initialize NXTServo servo properties.

- char NXTServoGotoMacroAddress (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &macro)

  Goto NXTServo macro address.

- char NXTServoEditMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Edit NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoQuitEdit (const byte &port)

  Quit NXTServo macro edit mode.

- char NXTHIDAsciiMode (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Set NXTHID into ASCII data mode.

- char NXTHIDDirectMode (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Set NXTHID into direct data mode.

- char NXTHIDTransmit (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Transmit NXTHID character.

- char NXTHIDLoadCharacter (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &modifier, const byte &character)

  Load NXTHID character.

- char NXTPowerMeterResetCounters (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Reset NXTPowerMeter counters.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present current.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present voltage.

- int NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter capacity used.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentPower (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present power.

- long NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter total power consumed.

- int NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter maximum current.

- int NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter minimum current.

- int NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage.

- int NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage.

- long NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter elapsed time.

- int NXTPowerMeterErrorCount (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter error count.

- char NXTLineLeaderPowerDown (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Powerdown NXTLineLeader device.

- char NXTLineLeaderPowerUp (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Powerup NXTLineLeader device.
- char NXTLineLeaderInvert (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Invert NXTLineLeader colors.
- char NXTLineLeaderReset (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Reset NXTLineLeader color inversion.
- char NXTLineLeaderSnapshot (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Take NXTLineLeader line snapshot.
- char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Calibrate NXTLineLeader white color.
- char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Calibrate NXTLineLeader black color.
- char NXTLineLeaderSteering (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader steering.
- char NXTLineLeaderAverage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader average.
- byte NXTLineLeaderResult (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader result.
- char SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)
  Write NXTLineLeader setpoint.
- char SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)
  Write NXTLineLeader Kp value.
- char SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)
  Write NXTLineLeader Ki value.
- char SetNXTLineLeaderKdValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)
  Write NXTLineLeader Kd value.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kp factor.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Ki factor.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kd factor.

- char NRLink2400 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in 2400 baud mode.

- char NRLink4800 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in 4800 baud mode.

- char NRLinkFlush (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Flush NRLink buffers.

- char NRLinkIRLong (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR long mode.

- char NRLinkIRShort (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR short mode.

- char NRLinkSetPF (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in power function mode.

- char NRLinkSetRCX (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in RCX mode.

- char NRLinkSetTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR train mode.

- char NRLinkTxRaw (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in raw IR transmit mode.

- byte NRLinkStatus (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Read NRLink status.

- char RunNRLinkMacro (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte macro)

  Run NRLink macro.

- char WriteNRLinkBytes (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte data[ ])

  Write data to NRLink.

- bool ReadNRLinkBytes (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte &data[ ])

  Read data from NRLink.

- char MSIRTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte func)

  MSIRTrain function.

- char MSPFComboDirect (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  MSPFComboDirect function.

- char MSPFComboPWM (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  MSPFComboPWM function.

- char MSPFRawOutput (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte nibble0, const byte nibble1, const byte nibble2)

  MSPFRawOutput function.

- char MSPFRepeat (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte count, const unsigned int delay)

  MSPFRepeat function.

- char MSPFSingleOutputCST (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  MSPFSingleOutputCST function.

- char MSPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  MSPFSingleOutputPWM function.

- char MSPFSinglePin (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte pin, const byte func, bool cont)

  MSPFSinglePin function.

- char MSPFTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte func)

MSPFTrain function.

- void MSRCXSetNRLinkPort (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  MSRCXSetIRLinkPort function.
- int MSRCXBatteryLevel (void)
  MSRCXBatteryLevel function.
- int MSRCXPoll (const byte src, const byte value)
  MSRCXPoll function.
- int MSRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int address)
  MSRCXPollMemory function.
- void MSRCXAbsVar (const byte varnum, const byte byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXAbsVar function.
- void MSRCXAddToDatalog (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXAddToDatalog function.
- void MSRCXAndVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXAndVar function.
- void MSRCXBoot (void)
  MSRCXBoot function.
- void MSRCXCalibrateEvent (const byte evt, const byte low, const byte hi, const byte hyst)
  MSRCXCalibrateEvent function.
- void MSRCXClearAllEvents (void)
  MSRCXClearAllEvents function.
- void MSRCXClearCounter (const byte counter)
  MSRCXClearCounter function.
- void MSRCXClearMsg (void)
  MSRCXClearMsg function.
- void MSRCXClearSensor (const byte port)
  MSRCXClearSensor function.

- void MSRCXClearSound (void)
  MSRCXClearSound function.
- void MSRCXClearTimer (const byte timer)
  MSRCXClearTimer function.
- void MSRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int size)
  MSRCXCreateDatalog function.
- void MSRCXDecCounter (const byte counter)
  MSRCXDecCounter function.
- void MSRCXDeleteSub (const byte s)
  MSRCXDeleteSub function.
- void MSRCXDeleteSubs (void)
  MSRCXDeleteSubs function.
- void MSRCXDeleteTask (const byte t)
  MSRCXDeleteTask function.
- void MSRCXDeleteTasks (void)
  MSRCXDeleteTasks function.
- void MSRCXDisableOutput (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXDisableOutput function.
- void MSRCXDivVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXDivVar function.
- void MSRCXEnableOutput (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXEnableOutput function.
- void MSRCXEvent (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXEvent function.
- void MSRCXFloat (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXFloat function.
- void MSRCXFwd (const byte outputs)

MSRCXFwd function.

- void MSRCXIncCounter (const byte counter)
  MSRCXIncCounter function.
- void MSRCXInvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXInvertOutput function.
- void MSRCXMulVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, unsigned int value)
  MSRCXMulVar function.
- void MSRCXMuteSound (void)
  MSRCXMuteSound function.
- void MSRCXObvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXObvertOutput function.
- void MSRCXOff (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXOff function.
- void MSRCXOn (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXOn function.
- void MSRCXOnFor (const byte outputs, const unsigned int ms)
  MSRCXOnFor function.
- void MSRCXOnFwd (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXOnFwd function.
- void MSRCXOnRev (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXOnRev function.
- void MSRCXOrVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXOrVar function.
- void MSRCXPBTurnOff (void)
  MSRCXPBTurnOff function.
- void MSRCXPing (void)
  MSRCXPing function.
- void MSRCXPlaySound (const byte snd)

MSRCXPlaySound function.

- void MSRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int freq, const byte duration)
  MSRCXPlayTone function.
- void MSRCXPlayToneVar (const byte varnum, const byte duration)
  MSRCXPlayToneVar function.
- void MSRCXRemote (unsigned int cmd)
  MSRCXRemote function.
- void MSRCXReset (void)
  MSRCXReset function.
- void MSRCXRev (const byte outputs)
  MSRCXRev function.
- void MSRCXSelectDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSRCXSelectDisplay function.
- void MSRCXSelectProgram (const byte prog)
  MSRCXSelectProgram function.
- void MSRCXSendSerial (const byte first, const byte count)
  MSRCXSendSerial function.
- void MSRCXSet (const byte dstsrc, const byte dstval, const byte src, unsigned int value)
  MSRCXSet function.
- void MSRCXSetDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  MSRCXSetDirection function.
- void MSRCXSetEvent (const byte evt, const byte src, const byte type)
  MSRCXSetEvent function.
- void MSRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  MSRCXSetGlobalDirection function.
- void MSRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)
  MSRCXSetGlobalOutput function.

- void MSRCXSetMaxPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)

  MSRCXSetMaxPower function.

- void MSRCXSetMessage (const byte msg)

  MSRCXSetMessage function.

- void MSRCXSetOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)

  MSRCXSetOutput function.

- void MSRCXSetPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)

  MSRCXSetPower function.

- void MSRCXSetPriority (const byte p)

  MSRCXSetPriority function.

- void MSRCXSetSensorMode (const byte port, const byte mode)

  MSRCXSetSensorMode function.

- void MSRCXSetSensorType (const byte port, const byte type)

  MSRCXSetSensorType function.

- void MSRCXSetSleepTime (const byte t)

  MSRCXSetSleepTime function.

- void MSRCXSetTxPower (const byte pwr)

  MSRCXSetTxPower function.

- void MSRCXSetUserDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value, const byte precision)

  MSRCXSetUserDisplay function.

- void MSRCXSetVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSetVar function.

- void MSRCXSetWatch (const byte hours, const byte minutes)

  MSRCXSetWatch function.

- void MSRCXSgnVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSgnVar function.

- void MSRCXStartTask (const byte t)

  MSRCXStartTask function.

- void MSRCXStopAllTasks (void)

  MSRCXStopAllTasks function.

- void MSRCXStopTask (const byte t)

  MSRCXStopTask function.

- void MSRCXSubVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSubVar function.

- void MSRCXSumVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSumVar function.

- void MSRCXToggle (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXToggle function.

- void MSRCXUnlock (void)

  MSRCXUnlock function.

- void MSRCXUnmuteSound (void)

  MSRCXUnmuteSound function.

- void MSScoutCalibrateSensor (void)

  MSScoutCalibrateSensor function.

- void MSScoutMuteSound (void)

  MSScoutMuteSound function.

- void MSScoutSelectSounds (const byte grp)

  MSScoutSelectSounds function.

- void MSScoutSendVLL (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSendVLL function.

- void MSScoutSetCounterLimit (const byte ctr, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetCounterLimit function.

- void MSScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetEventFeedback function.
- void MSScoutSetLight (const byte x)
  MSScoutSetLight function.
- void MSScoutSetScoutMode (const byte mode)
  MSScoutSetScoutMode function.
- void MSScoutSetScoutRules (const byte m, const byte t, const byte l, const byte tm, const byte fx)
  MSScoutSetScoutRules function.
- void MSScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetSensorClickTime function.
- void MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.
- void MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.
- void MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.
- void MSScoutSetTimerLimit (const byte tmr, const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  MSScoutSetTimerLimit function.
- void MSScoutUnmuteSound (void)
  MSScoutUnmuteSound function.

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying MindSensors devices.

6.18.2 Function Documentation

6.18.2.1 char ACCLNxCalibrateX (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate ACCL-Nx X-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor X-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc.

6.18.2.2 char ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx X-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor X-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc.

6.18.2.3 char ACCLNxCalibrateY (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Calibrate ACCL-Nx Y-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Y-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc.

6.18.2.4 char ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Y-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Y-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc.

6.18.2.5 char ACCLNxCalibrateZ (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate ACCL-Nx Z-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Z-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc.

6.18.2.6 char ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Z-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Z-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc.

6.18.2.7 char ACCLNxResetCalibration (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset ACCL-Nx calibration. Reset the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor calibration to factory settings. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc.

6.18.2.8 byte ACCLNxSensitivity (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx sensitivity value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The sensitivity value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

6.18.2.9 int ACCLNxXOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx X offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's X offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The X offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc.

6.18.2.10 int ACCLNxXRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx X range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's X range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The X range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc.

6.18.2.11 int ACCLNxYOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read ACCL-Nx Y offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Y offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Y offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc.

6.18.2.12 int ACCLNxYRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read ACCL-Nx Y range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Y range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Y range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc.

6.18.2.13 int ACCLNxZOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Z offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Z offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Z offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc.

6.18.2.14 int ACCLNxZRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Z range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Z range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Z range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc.

6.18.2.15 int DISTNxDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc.

6.18.2.16 char DISTNxGP2D12 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2D12. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2D12. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc.

6.18.2.17 char DISTNxGP2D120 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2D120. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2D120. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc.

6.18.2.18 char DISTNxGP2YA02 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2YA02. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2YA02. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc.

6.18.2.19 char DISTNxGP2YA21 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2YA21. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2YA21. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc.

6.18.2.20 int DISTNxMaxDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx maximum distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's maximum distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The maximum distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc.

6.18.2.21 int DISTNxMinDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx minimum distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's minimum distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc.

6.18.2.22 byte DISTNxModuleType (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx module type value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's module type value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The module type value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc.

6.18.2.23 byte DISTNxNumPoints (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx num points value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's num points value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The num points value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc.

6.18.2.24 int DISTNxVoltage (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx voltage value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The voltage value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc.

6.18.2.25 char MSADPAOff (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn off mindsensors ADPA mode. Turn ADPA mode off for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSADPAOff.nxc.

6.18.2.26 char MSADPAOn (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn on mindsensors ADPA mode. Turn ADPA mode on for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSADPAOn.nxc.

6.18.2.27 char MSDeenergize (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Turn off power to device. Turn power off for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSDeenergize.nxc.

6.18.2.28 char MSEnergize (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Turn on power to device. Turn the power on for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSEnergize.nxc.

6.18.2.29 char MSIRTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSIRTrain function. Control an IR Train receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 through TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 and TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The IR Train channel. See IR Train channel constants.

func The IR Train function. See PF/IR Train function constants

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSIRTrain.nxc.

6.18.2.30 char MSPFComboDirect (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) [inline]

MSPFComboDirect function. Execute a pair of Power Function motor commands on the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Commands for outa and outb are PF_CMD_STOP, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_FWD, and PF_CMD_BRAKE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function command for output A. See Power Function command constants.

outb The Power Function command for output B. See Power Function command constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc.

6.18.2.31 char MSPFComboPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) `[inline]`

MSPFComboPWM function. Control the speed of both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Valid output values are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function PWM command for output A. See Power Function PWM option constants.

outb The Power Function PWM command for output B. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc.

6.18.2.32 char MSPFRawOutput (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *nibble0*, const byte *nibble1*, const byte *nibble2*) [inline]

MSPFRawOutput function. Control a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Build the raw data stream using the 3 nibbles (4 bit values). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

nibble0 The first raw data nibble.

nibble1 The second raw data nibble.

nibble2 The third raw data nibble.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.33 char MSPFRepeat (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *count*, const unsigned int *delay*) [inline]

MSPFRepeat function. Repeat sending the last Power Function command using the mindsensors NRLink device. Specify the number of times to repeat the command and the number of milliseconds of delay between each repetition. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

count The number of times to repeat the command.

delay The number of milliseconds to delay between each repetition.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc.

6.18.2.34 char MSPFSingleOutputCST (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSPFSingleOutputCST function. Control a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2, PF_CST_SET1_SET2, PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_FULL_FWD, PF_CST_FULL_REV, and PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function CST function. See Power Function CST options constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

6.18.2.35 char MSPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSPFSingleOutputPWM function. Control the speed of a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions

are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function PWM function. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

6.18.2.36 char MSPFSinglePin (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *pin*, const byte *func*, bool *cont*) [inline]

MSPFSinglePin function. Control a single pin on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Select the desired pin using PF_PIN_C1 or PF_PIN_C2. Valid functions are PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE, PF_FUNC_CLEAR, PF_FUNC_SET, and PF_FUNC_TOGGLE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. Specify whether the mode by passing true (continuous) or false (timeout) as the final parameter. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

pin The Power Function pin. See Power Function pin constants.

func The Power Function single pin function. See Power Function single pin function constants.

cont Control whether the mode is continuous or timeout.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

6.18.2.37 char MSPFTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) `[inline]`

MSPFTrain function. Control both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device as if it were an IR Train receiver. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

func The Power Function train function. See PF/IR Train function constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFTrain.nxc.

6.18.2.38 void MSRCXAbsVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAbsVar function. Send the AbsVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAbsVar.nxc.

6.18.2.39 void MSRCXAddToDatalog (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAddToDatalog function. Send the AddToDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc.

6.18.2.40 void MSRCXAndVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAndVar function. Send the AndVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAndVar.nxc.

6.18.2.41 int MSRCXBatteryLevel (void) [inline]

MSRCXBatteryLevel function. Send the BatteryLevel command to an RCX to read the current battery level.

Returns:

The RCX battery level.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXBatteryLevel.nxc.

6.18.2.42 void MSRCXBoot (void) [inline]

MSRCXBoot function. Send the Boot command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXBoot.nxc.

6.18.2.43 void MSRCXCalibrateEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *low*, const byte *hi*, const byte *hyst*) [inline]

MSRCXCalibrateEvent function. Send the CalibrateEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number.

low The low threshold.

hi The high threshold.

hyst The hysterisis value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXCalibrateEvent.nxc.

6.18.2.44 void MSRCXClearAllEvents (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearAllEvents function. Send the ClearAllEvents command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearAllEvents.nxc.

6.18.2.45 void MSRCXClearCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXClearCounter function. Send the ClearCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to clear.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearCounter.nxc.

6.18.2.46 void MSRCXClearMsg (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearMsg function. Send the ClearMsg command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearMsg.nxc.

6.18.2.47 void MSRCXClearSensor (const byte *port*) [inline]

MSRCXClearSensor function. Send the ClearSensor command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX port number.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearSensor.nxc.

6.18.2.48 void MSRCXClearSound (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearSound function. Send the ClearSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearSound.nxc.

6.18.2.49 void MSRCXClearTimer (const byte *timer*) [inline]

MSRCXClearTimer function. Send the ClearTimer command to an RCX.

Parameters:

timer The timer to clear.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearTimer.nxc.

6.18.2.50 void MSRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int *size*) [inline]

MSRCXCreateDatalog function. Send the CreateDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

size The new datalog size.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXCreateDatalog.nxc.

6.18.2.51 void MSRCXDecCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXDecCounter function. Send the DecCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to decrement.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDecCounter.nxc.

6.18.2.52 void MSRCXDeleteSub (const byte *s*) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteSub function. Send the DeleteSub command to an RCX.

Parameters:

s The subroutine number to delete.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteSub.nxc.

6.18.2.53 void MSRCXDeleteSubs (void) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteSubs function. Send the DeleteSubs command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteSubs.nxc.

6.18.2.54 void MSRCXDeleteTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteTask function. Send the DeleteTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to delete.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteTask.nxc.

6.18.2.55 void MSRCXDeleteTasks (void) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteTasks function. Send the DeleteTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteTasks.nxc.

6.18.2.56 void MSRCXDisableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXDisableOutput function. Send the DisableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to disable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDisableOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.57 void MSRCXDivVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXDivVar function. Send the DivVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDivVar.nxc.

6.18.2.58 void MSRCXEnableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXEnableOutput function. Send the EnableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to enable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXEnableOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.59 void MSRCXEvent (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXEvent function. Send the Event command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXEvent.nxc.

6.18.2.60 void MSRCXFloat (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXFloat function. Send commands to an RCX to float the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to float. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXFloat.nxc.

6.18.2.61 void MSRCXFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set forward. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXFwd.nxc.

6.18.2.62 void MSRCXIncCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXIncCounter function. Send the IncCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to increment.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXIncCounter.nxc.

6.18.2.63 void MSRCXInvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXInvertOutput function. Send the InvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to invert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXInvertOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.64 void MSRCXMulVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXMulVar function. Send the MulVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXMulVar.nxc.

6.18.2.65 void MSRCXMuteSound (void) `[inline]`

MSRCXMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXMuteSound.nxc.

6.18.2.66 void MSRCXObvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

MSRCXObvertOutput function. Send the ObvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to obvert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXObvertOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.67 void MSRCXOff (const byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

MSRCXOff function. Send commands to an RCX to turn off the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn off. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOff.nxc.

6.18.2.68 void MSRCXOn (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOn function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOn.nxc.

6.18.2.69 void MSRCXOnFor (const byte *outputs*, const unsigned int *ms*) [inline]

MSRCXOnFor function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction for the specified duration.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

ms The number of milliseconds to leave the outputs on

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnFor.nxc.

6.18.2.70 void MSRCXOnFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOnFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the forward direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnFwd.nxc.

6.18.2.71 void MSRCXOnRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOnRev function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnRev.nxc.

6.18.2.72 void MSRCXOrVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXOrVar function. Send the OrVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOrVar.nxc.

6.18.2.73 void MSRCXPBTurnOff (void) [inline]

MSRCXPBTurnOff function. Send the PBTurnOff command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPBTurnOff.nxc.

6.18.2.74 void MSRCXPing (void) [inline]

MSRCXPing function. Send the Ping command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPing.nxc.

6.18.2.75 void MSRCXPlaySound (const byte *snd*) [inline]

MSRCXPlaySound function. Send the PlaySound command to an RCX.

Parameters:

snd The sound number to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlaySound.nxc.

6.18.2.76 void MSRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int *freq*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

MSRCXPlayTone function. Send the PlayTone command to an RCX.

Parameters:

freq The frequency of the tone to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlayTone.nxc.

6.18.2.77 void MSRCXPlayToneVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

MSRCXPlayToneVar function. Send the PlayToneVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable containing the tone frequency to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlayToneVar.nxc.

6.18.2.78 int MSRCXPoll (const byte *src*, const byte *value*) [inline]

MSRCXPoll function. Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Returns:

The value read from the specified port and value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPoll.nxc.

6.18.2.79 int MSRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int *address*) [inline]

MSRCXPollMemory function. Send the PollMemory command to an RCX.

Parameters:

address The RCX memory address.

Returns:

The value read from the specified address.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPollMemory.nxc.

6.18.2.80 void MSRCXRemote (unsigned int *cmd*) [inline]

MSRCXRemote function. Send the Remote command to an RCX.

Parameters:

cmd The RCX IR remote command to send. See RCX IR remote constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXRemote.nxc.

6.18.2.81 void MSRCXReset (void) [inline]

MSRCXReset function. Send the Reset command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXReset.nxc.

6.18.2.82 void MSRCXRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXRev function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXRev.nxc.

6.18.2.83 void MSRCXSelectDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSelectDisplay function. Send the SelectDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSelectDisplay.nxc.

6.18.2.84 void MSRCXSelectProgram (const byte *prog*) [inline]

MSRCXSelectProgram function. Send the SelectProgram command to an RCX.

Parameters:

prog The program number to select.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSelectProgram.nxc.

6.18.2.85 void MSRCXSendSerial (const byte *first*, const byte *count*) [inline]

MSRCXSendSerial function. Send the SendSerial command to an RCX.

Parameters:

first The first byte address.

count The number of bytes to send.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSendSerial.nxc.

6.18.2.86 void MSRCXSet (const byte *dstsrc*, const byte *dstval*, const byte *src*, unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSet function. Send the Set command to an RCX.

Parameters:

dstsrc The RCX destination source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

dstval The RCX destination value.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSet.nxc.

6.18.2.87 void MSRCXSetDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

MSRCXSetDirection function. Send the SetDirection command to an RCX to configure the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc.

6.18.2.88 void MSRCXSetEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *src*, const byte *type*) [inline]

MSRCXSetEvent function. Send the SetEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number to set.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

type The event type.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetEvent.nxc.

6.18.2.89 void MSRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

MSRCXSetGlobalDirection function. Send the SetGlobalDirection command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

6.18.2.90 void MSRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetGlobalOutput function. Send the SetGlobalOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.91 void MSRCXSetMaxPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

MSRCXSetMaxPower function. Send the SetMaxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set max power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc.

6.18.2.92 void MSRCXSetMessage (const byte *msg*) [inline]

MSRCXSetMessage function. Send the SetMessage command to an RCX.

Parameters:

msg The numeric message to send.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetMessage.nxc.

6.18.2.93 void MSRCXSetNRLinkPort (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

MSRCXSetIRLinkPort function. Set the global port in advance of using the MSRCX∗ and MSScout∗ API functions for sending RCX and Scout messages over the mindsensors NRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using any of the mindsensors RCX and Scout NRLink functions.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc.

6.18.2.94 void MSRCXSetOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetOutput function. Send the SetOutput command to an RCX to configure the mode of the specified outputs

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc.

6.18.2.95 void MSRCXSetPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) `[inline]`

MSRCXSetPower function. Send the SetPower command to an RCX to configure the power level of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc.

6.18.2.96 void MSRCXSetPriority (const byte *p*) `[inline]`

MSRCXSetPriority function. Send the SetPriority command to an RCX.

Parameters:

p The new task priority.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetPriority.nxc.

6.18.2.97 void MSRCXSetSensorMode (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSensorMode function. Send the SetSensorMode command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

mode The RCX sensor mode.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

6.18.2.98 void MSRCXSetSensorType (const byte *port*, const byte *type*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSensorType function. Send the SetSensorType command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

type The RCX sensor type.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc.

6.18.2.99 void MSRCXSetSleepTime (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSleepTime function. Send the SetSleepTime command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The new sleep time value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSleepTime.nxc.

6.18.2.100 void MSRCXSetTxPower (const byte *pwr*) [inline]

MSRCXSetTxPower function. Send the SetTxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

pwr The IR transmit power level.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetTxPower.nxc.

6.18.2.101 void MSRCXSetUserDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*, const byte *precision*) [inline]

MSRCXSetUserDisplay function. Send the SetUserDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

precision The number of digits of precision.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetUserDisplay.nxc.

6.18.2.102 void MSRCXSetVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSetVar function. Send the SetVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetVar.nxc.

6.18.2.103 void MSRCXSetWatch (const byte *hours*, const byte *minutes*) [inline]

MSRCXSetWatch function. Send the SetWatch command to an RCX.

Parameters:

hours The new watch time hours value.

minutes The new watch time minutes value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetWatch.nxc.

6.18.2.104 void MSRCXSgnVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSgnVar function. Send the SgnVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSgnVar.nxc.

6.18.2.105 void MSRCXStartTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXStartTask function. Send the StartTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to start.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStartTask.nxc.

6.18.2.106 void MSRCXStopAllTasks (void) [inline]

MSRCXStopAllTasks function. Send the StopAllTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStopAllTasks.nxc.

6.18.2.107 void MSRCXStopTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXStopTask function. Send the StopTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to stop.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStopTask.nxc.

6.18.2.108 void MSRCXSubVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSubVar function. Send the SubVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSubVar.nxc.

6.18.2.109 void MSRCXSumVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSumVar function. Send the SumVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc.

6.18.2.110 void MSRCXToggle (const byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

MSRCXToggle function. Send commands to an RCX to toggle the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to toggle. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXToggle.nxc.

6.18.2.111 void MSRCXUnlock (void) `[inline]`

MSRCXUnlock function. Send the Unlock command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXUnlock.nxc.

6.18.2.112 void MSRCXUnmuteSound (void) `[inline]`

MSRCXUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXUnmuteSound.nxc.

6.18.2.113 int MSReadValue (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *reg*, const byte *numbytes*) [inline]

Read a mindsensors device value. Read a one, two, or four byte value from a mindsensors sensor. The value must be stored with the least signficant byte (LSB) first (i.e., little endian). Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

reg The device register to read.

numbytes The number of bytes to read. Only 1, 2 or 4 byte values are supported.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSReadValue.nxc.

6.18.2.114 void MSScoutCalibrateSensor (void) [inline]

MSScoutCalibrateSensor function. Send the CalibrateSensor command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc.

6.18.2.115 void MSScoutMuteSound (void) [inline]

MSScoutMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutMuteSound.nxc.

6.18.2.116 void MSScoutSelectSounds (const byte *grp*) [inline]

MSScoutSelectSounds function. Send the SelectSounds command to a Scout.

Parameters:

grp The Scout sound group to select.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSelectSounds.nxc.

6.18.2.117 void MSScoutSendVLL (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSendVLL function. Send the SendVLL command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSendVLL.nxc.

6.18.2.118 void MSScoutSetCounterLimit (const byte *ctr*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetCounterLimit function. Send the SetCounterLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

ctr The counter for which to set the limit.

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetCounterLimit.nxc.

6.18.2.119 void MSScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetEventFeedback function. Send the SetEventFeedback command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc.

6.18.2.120 void MSScoutSetLight (const byte *x*) [inline]

MSScoutSetLight function. Send the SetLight command to a Scout.

Parameters:

x Set the light on or off using this value. See Scout light constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetLight.nxc.

6.18.2.121 void MSScoutSetScoutMode (const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSScoutSetScoutMode function. Send the SetScoutMode command to a Scout.

Parameters:

mode Set the scout mode. See Scout mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

6.18.2.122 void MSScoutSetScoutRules (const byte *m*, const byte *t*, const byte *l*, const byte *tm*, const byte *fx*) [inline]

MSScoutSetScoutRules function. Send the SetScoutRules command to a Scout.

Parameters:

m Scout motion rule. See Scout motion rule constants.

t Scout touch rule. See Scout touch rule constants.

l Scout light rule. See Scout light rule constants.

tm Scout transmit rule. See Scout transmit rule constants.

fx Scout special effects rule. See Scout special effect constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.18.2.123 void MSScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorClickTime function. Send the SetSensorClickTime command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc.

6.18.2.124 void MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis function. Send the SetSensorHysteresis command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc.

6.18.2.125 void MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function. Send the SetSensorLowerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc.

6.18.2.126 void MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function. Send the SetSensorUpperLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

6.18.2.127 void MSScoutSetTimerLimit (const byte *tmr*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetTimerLimit function. Send the SetTimerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

tmr The timer for which to set a limit.

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetTimerLimit.nxc.

6.18.2.128 void MSScoutUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

MSScoutUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutUnmuteSound.nxc.

6.18.2.129 char NRLink2400 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in 2400 baud mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in 2400 baud mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLink2400.nxc.

6.18.2.130 char NRLink4800 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in 4800 baud mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in 4800 baud mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLink4800.nxc.

6.18.2.131 char NRLinkFlush (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Flush NRLink buffers. Flush the mindsensors NRLink device buffers. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc.

6.18.2.132 char NRLinkIRLong (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR long mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR long mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc.

6.18.2.133 char NRLinkIRShort (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR short mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR short mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc.

6.18.2.134 char NRLinkSetPF (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in power function mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in power function mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc.

6.18.2.135 char NRLinkSetRCX (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in RCX mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in RCX mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc.

6.18.2.136 char NRLinkSetTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR train mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR train mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc.

6.18.2.137 byte NRLinkStatus (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NRLink status. Read the status of the mindsensors NRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The mindsensors NRLink status.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc.

6.18.2.138 char NRLinkTxRaw (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in raw IR transmit mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in raw IR transmit mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc.

6.18.2.139 char NXTHIDAsciiMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Set NXTHID into ASCII data mode. Set the NXTHID device into ASCII data mode. Only printable characters can be transmitted in this mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.18.2.140 char NXTHIDDirectMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Set NXTHID into direct data mode. Set the NXTHID device into direct data mode. Any character can be transmitted while in this mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.18.2.141 char NXTHIDLoadCharacter (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *modifier*, const byte & *character*) [inline]

Load NXTHID character. Load a character into the NXTHID device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

modifier The key modifier. See the MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys group.

character The character.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.18.2.142 char NXTHIDTransmit (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Transmit NXTHID character. Transmit a single character to a computer using the NXTHID device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.18.2.143 char NXTLineLeaderAverage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTLineLeader average. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's average value. The average is a weighted average of the bits set to 1 based on the position.

The left most bit has a weight of 10, second bit has a weight of 20, and so forth. When all 8 sensors are over a black surface the average will be 45. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader average value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.144 char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate NXTLineLeader black color. Store calibration data for the black color. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.145 char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate NXTLineLeader white color. Store calibration data for the white color. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.146 char NXTLineLeaderInvert (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Invert NXTLineLeader colors. Invert color sensing so that the device can detect a white line on a black background. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.147 char NXTLineLeaderPowerDown (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Powerdown NXTLineLeader device. Put the NXTLineLeader to sleep so that it does not consume power when it is not required. The device wakes up on its own when any I2C communication happens or you can specifically wake it up by using the NXTLine-LeaderPowerUp command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.148 char NXTLineLeaderPowerUp (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Powerup NXTLineLeader device. Wake up the NXTLineLeader device so that it can be used. The device can be put to sleep using the NXTLineLeaderPowerDown command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.149 char NXTLineLeaderReset (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Reset NXTLineLeader color inversion. Reset the NXTLineLeader color detection back to its default state (black line on a white background). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.150 byte NXTLineLeaderResult (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTLineLeader result. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's result value. This is a single byte showing the 8 sensor's readings. Each bit corresponding to the sensor where the line is seen is set to 1, otherwise it is set to 0. When all 8 sensors are over a black surface the result will be 255 (b11111111). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader result value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.151 char NXTLineLeaderSnapshot (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Take NXTLineLeader line snapshot. Takes a snapshot of the line under the sensor and tracks that position in subsequent tracking operations. This function also will set color inversion if it sees a white line on a black background. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.152 char NXTLineLeaderSteering (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read NXTLineLeader steering. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's steering value. This is the power returned by the sensor to correct your course. Add this value to your left motor and subtract it from your right motor. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader steering value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.153 int NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read NXTPowerMeter capacity used. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's capacity used since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter capacity used value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.154 long NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read NXTPowerMeter elapsed time. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's elapsed time since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter elapsed time value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.155 int NXTPowerMeterErrorCount (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read NXTPowerMeter error count. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's error count value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter error count value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.156 int NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter maximum current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's maximum current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter maximum current value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.157 int NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's maximum voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.158 int NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter minimum current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's minimum current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter minimum current value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.159 int NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's minimum voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.160 int NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present current.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.161 int NXTPowerMeterPresentPower (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present power. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present power value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present power value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.162 int NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present voltage.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.163 char NXTPowerMeterResetCounters (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset NXTPowerMeter counters. Reset the NXTPowerMeter counters back to zero. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.164 long NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter total power consumed. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's total power consumed since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter total power consumed value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.18.2.165 byte NXTServoBatteryVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTServo battery voltage value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's battery voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The battery level.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.166 char NXTServoEditMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Edit NXTServo macro. Put the NXTServo device into macro edit mode. This operation changes the I2C address of the device to 0x40. Macros are written to EEPROM addresses between 0x21 and 0xFF. Use NXTServoQuitEdit to return the device to its normal operation mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.167 char NXTServoGotoMacroAddress (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *macro*) [inline]

Goto NXTServo macro address. Run the macro found at the specified EEPROM macro address. This command re-initializes the macro environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

macro The EEPROM macro address.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.168 char NXTServoHaltMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Halt NXTServo macro. Halt a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command re-initializes the macro environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.169 char NXTServoInit (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Initialize NXTServo servo properties. Store the initial speed and position properties of the servo motor 'n'. Current speed and position values of the nth servo is read from the servo speed register and servo position register and written to permanent memory. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.170 char NXTServoPauseMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Pause NXTServo macro. Pause a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command will pause the currently executing macro, and save the environment for subsequent resumption. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.171 unsigned int NXTServoPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Read NXTServo servo position value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's servo position value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

The specified servo's position value.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.172 char NXTServoQuitEdit (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Quit NXTServo macro edit mode. Stop editing NXTServo device macro EEPROM memory. Use NXTServoEditMacro to start editing a macro. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.173 char NXTServoReset (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset NXTServo properties. Reset NXTServo device properties to factory defaults. Initial position = 1500. Initial speed = 0. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.174 char NXTServoResumeMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Resume NXTServo macro. Resume a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command resumes executing a macro where it was paused last, using the same environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.175 byte NXTServoSpeed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Read NXTServo servo speed value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's servo speed value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

The specified servo's speed value.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.176 bool PFMateSend (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *channel*, const byte & *motors*, const byte & *cmdA*, const byte & *spdA*, const byte & *cmdB*, const byte & *spdB*) [inline]

Send PFMate command. Send a PFMate command to the power function IR receiver. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The power function IR receiver channel. See the PFMate channel constants group.

motors The motor(s) to control. See the PFMate motor constants group.

cmdA The power function command for motor A.

spdA The power function speed for motor A.

cmdB The power function command for motor B.

spdB The power function speed for motor B.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.18.2.177 bool PFMateSendRaw (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *channel*, const byte & *b1*, const byte & *b2*) [inline]

Send raw PFMate command. Send a raw PFMate command to the power function IR receiver. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The power function IR receiver channel. See the PFMate channel constants group.

b1 Raw byte 1.

b2 Raw byte 2.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.18.2.178 char PSPNxAnalog (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure PSPNx in analog mode. Configure the mindsensors PSPNx device in analog mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc.

6.18.2.179 char PSPNxDigital (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure PSPNx in digital mode. Configure the mindsensors PSPNx device in digital mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc.

6.18.2.180 bool ReadNRLinkBytes (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read data from NRLink. Read data from the mindsensors NRLink device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the device on output.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc.

6.18.2.181 bool ReadSensorMSAccel (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, int & *x*, int & *y*, int & *z*) `[inline]`

Read mindsensors acceleration values. Read X, Y, and Z axis acceleration values from the mindsensors Accelerometer sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

x The output x-axis acceleration.

y The output y-axis acceleration.

z The output z-axis acceleration.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc.

6.18.2.182 bool ReadSensorMSPlayStation (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte & *btnset1*, byte & *btnset2*, byte & *xleft*, byte & *yleft*, byte & *xright*, byte & *yright*) [inline]

Read mindsensors playstation controller values. Read playstation controller values from the mindsensors playstation sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

btnset1 The button set 1 values. See MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 constants.

btnset2 The button set 2 values. See MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 constants.

xleft The left joystick x value.

yleft The left joystick y value.

xright The right joystick x value.

yright The right joystick y value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc.

6.18.2.183 bool ReadSensorMSRTClock (const byte *port*, byte & *sec*, byte & *min*, byte & *hrs*, byte & *dow*, byte & *date*, byte & *month*, byte & *year*) [inline]

Read mindsensors RTClock values. Read real-time clock values from the Mindsensors RTClock sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

sec The seconds.

min The minutes.

hrs The hours.

dow The day of week number.

date The day.

month The month.

year The year.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSRTClock.nxc.

6.18.2.184 bool ReadSensorMSTilt (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, byte & *x*, byte & *y*, byte & *z*) [inline]

Read mindsensors tilt values. Read X, Y, and Z axis tilt values from the mindsensors tilt sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

x The output x-axis tilt.

y The output y-axis tilt.

z The output z-axis tilt.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc.

6.18.2.185 char RunNRLinkMacro (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *macro*) [inline]

Run NRLink macro. Run the specified mindsensors NRLink device macro. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

macro The address of the macro to execute.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc.

6.18.2.186 int SensorMSCompass (const byte & *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read mindsensors compass value. Return the Mindsensors Compass sensor value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The mindsensors compass value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc.

6.18.2.187 int SensorMSDROD (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors DROD value. Return the Mindsensors DROD sensor value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors DROD value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSDROD.nxc.

6.18.2.188 int SensorMSPressure (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors pressure sensor. Read the pressure sensor value of the mindsensors pressure sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The pressure reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorMSPressure.nxc.

6.18.2.189 int SensorMSPressureRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors raw pressure value. Return the Mindsensors pressure sensor raw value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors raw pressure value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSPressureRaw.nxc.

6.18.2.190 char SensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte & *port*)

Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone. Return the Mindsensors NXTSumoEyes sensor obstacle zone value. The port should be configured for the NXTSumoEyes device using SetSensorNXTSumoEyes before calling this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone value. See MindSensors NXTSumoEyes constants.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.18.2.191 int SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value. Return the Mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw sensor value. The port should be configured for the NXTSumoEyes device using SetSensorNXTSumoEyes before calling this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.18.2.192 char SetACCLNxSensitivity (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte *slevel*) [inline]

Set ACCL-Nx sensitivity. Reset the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor calibration to factory settings. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

slevel The sensitivity level. See MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level constants.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

6.18.2.193 char SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kd factor. Write a Kd divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Kd value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kd factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.194 char SetNXTLineLeaderKdValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kd value. Write a Kd value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Kd is the Derivative value for the PID control. Suggested value is 8 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kd value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.195 char SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Ki factor. Write a Ki divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Ki value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Ki factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.196 char SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) `[inline]`

Write NXTLineLeader Ki value. Write a Ki value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Ki is the Integral value for the PID control. Suggested value is 0 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Ki value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.197 char SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kp factor. Write a Kp divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Kp value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kp factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.198 char SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kp value. Write a Kp value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Kp is the Proportional value for the PID control. Suggested value is 25 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kp value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.199 char SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader setpoint. Write a new setpoint value to the NXTLineLeader device. The Set Point is a value you can ask sensor to maintain the average to. The default value is 45, whereby the line is maintained in center of the sensor. If you need to maintain line towards left of the sensor, set the Set Point to a lower value (minimum: 10). If you need it to be towards on the right of the sensor, set it to higher value (maximum: 80). Set point is also useful while tracking an edge of dark and light areas. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new setpoint value (10..80).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.18.2.200 char SetNXTServoPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *pos*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor position. Set the position of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

pos The servo position. See MindSensors NXTServo position constants group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.201 char SetNXTServoQuickPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *qpos*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor quick position. Set the quick position of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

qpos The servo quick position. See MindSensors NXTServo quick position constants group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.202 char SetNXTServoSpeed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *speed*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor speed. Set the speed of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

speed The servo speed. (0..255)

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.18.2.203 void SetSensorMSDROD (const byte & *port*, bool *bActive*) `[inline]`

Configure a mindsensors DROD sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors DROD sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bActive A flag indicating whether to configure the sensor in active or inactive mode.

Examples:

ex_setsensormsdrod.nxc.

6.18.2.204 void SetSensorMSPressure (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Configure a mindsensors pressure sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors pressure sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_setsensormspressure.nxc.

6.18.2.205 void SetSensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte & *port*, bool *bLong*) [inline]

Configure a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bLong A flag indicating whether to configure the sensor in long range or short range mode.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.18.2.206 char WriteNRLinkBytes (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Write data to NRLink. Write data to the mindsensors NRLink device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

data A byte array containing the data to write.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

6.19 Codatex API Functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Codatex devices.

Modules

- Codatex device constants

  Constants that are for use with Codatex devices.

Functions

- bool RFIDInit (const byte &port)

  RFIDInit function.

- bool RFIDMode (const byte &port, const byte &mode)

  RFIDMode function.

- byte RFIDStatus (const byte &port)

  RFIDStatus function.

- bool RFIDRead (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])

  RFIDRead function.

- bool RFIDStop (const byte &port)

  RFIDStop function.

- bool RFIDReadSingle (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])

  RFIDReadSingle function.

- bool RFIDReadContinuous (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])

  RFIDReadContinuous function.

6.19.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Codatex devices.

6.19.2 Function Documentation

6.19.2.1 bool RFIDInit (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

RFIDInit function. Initialize the Codatex RFID sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDInit.nxc.

6.19.2.2 bool RFIDMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *mode*) `[inline]`

RFIDMode function. Configure the Codatex RFID sensor mode.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

mode The RFID sensor mode. See the Codatex RFID sensor modes group.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDMode.nxc.

6.19.2.3 bool RFIDRead (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) `[inline]`

RFIDRead function. Read the Codatex RFID sensor value.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDRead.nxc.

6.19.2.4 bool RFIDReadContinuous (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) [inline]

RFIDReadContinuous function. Set the Codatex RFID sensor into continuous mode, if necessary, and read the RFID data.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDReadContinuous.nxc.

6.19.2.5 bool RFIDReadSingle (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) [inline]

RFIDReadSingle function. Set the Codatex RFID sensor into single mode and read the RFID data.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDReadSingle.nxc.

6.19.2.6 byte RFIDStatus (const byte & *port*) [inline]

RFIDStatus function. Read the Codatex RFID sensor status.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The RFID sensor status.

Examples:

ex_RFIDStatus.nxc.

6.19.2.7 bool RFIDStop (const byte & *port*) [inline]

RFIDStop function. Stop the Codatex RFID sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDStop.nxc.

6.20 RIC Macro Wrappers

Macro wrappers for use in defining RIC byte arrays.

Defines

- #define RICSetValue(_data, _idx, _newval) _data[(_idx)] = (_newval)&0xFF; _data[(_idx)+1] = (_newval)>>8

Set the value of an element in an RIC data array.

- #define RICImgPoint(_X, _Y) (_X)&0xFF, (_X)>>8, (_Y)&0xFF, (_Y)>>8

  Output an RIC ImgPoint structure.

- #define RICImgRect(_Pt, _W, _H) _Pt, (_W)&0xFF, (_W)>>8, (_H)&0xFF, (_H)>>8

  Output an RIC ImgRect structure.

- #define RICOpDescription(_Options, _Width, _Height) 8, 0, 0, 0, (_Options)&0xFF, (_Options)>>8, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

  Output an RIC Description opcode.

- #define RICOpCopyBits(_CopyOptions, _DataAddr, _SrcRect, _DstPoint) 18, 0, 3, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, _SrcRect, _DstPoint

  Output an RIC CopyBits opcode.

- #define RICOpPixel(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 4, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

  Output an RIC Pixel opcode.

- #define RICOpLine(_CopyOptions, _Point1, _Point2) 12, 0, 5, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point1, _Point2

  Output an RIC Line opcode.

- #define RICOpRect(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Width, _Height) 12, 0, 6, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

  Output an RIC Rect opcode.

- #define RICOpCircle(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Radius) 10, 0, 7, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Radius)&0xFF, (_Radius)>>8

  Output an RIC Circle opcode.

- #define RICOpNumBox(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 8, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

  Output an RIC NumBox opcode.

- #define RICOpSprite(_DataAddr, _Rows, _BytesPerRow, _SpriteData) ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)&0xFF, ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)>>8, 1, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_Rows)&0xFF, (_Rows)>>8, (_BytesPerRow)&0xFF, (_BytesPerRow)>>8, _SpriteData

  Output an RIC Sprite opcode.

- #define RICSpriteData(...) __VA_ARGS__

  Output RIC sprite data.

- #define RICOpVarMap(_DataAddr, _MapCount, _MapFunction) ((_MapCount*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_MapCount*4)+6)>>8, 2, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_MapCount)&0xFF, (_MapCount)>>8, _MapFunction

  Output an RIC VarMap opcode.

- #define RICMapElement(_Domain, _Range) (_Domain)&0xFF, (_Domain)>>8, (_Range)&0xFF, (_Range)>>8

  Output an RIC map element.

- #define RICMapFunction(_MapElement,...) _MapElement, __VA_ARGS__

  Output an RIC VarMap function.

- #define RICArg(_arg) ((_arg)|0x1000)

  Output an RIC parameterized argument.

- #define RICMapArg(_mapidx, _arg) ((_arg)|0x1000|(((_mapidx)&0xF)<<8))

  Output an RIC parameterized and mapped argument.

- #define RICOpPolygon(_CopyOptions, _Count, _ThePoints) ((_Count*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_Count*4)+6)>>8, 10, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_Count)&0xFF, (_Count)>>8, _ThePoints

  Output an RIC Polygon opcode.

- #define RICPolygonPoints(_pPoint1, _pPoint2,...) _pPoint1, _pPoint2, __VA_ARGS__

  Output RIC polygon points.

- #define RICOpEllipse(_CopyOptions, _Point, _RadiusX, _RadiusY) 12, 0, 9, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_RadiusX)&0xFF, (_RadiusX)>>8, (_RadiusY)&0xFF, (_RadiusY)>>8

  Output an RIC Ellipse opcode.

6.20.1 Detailed Description

Macro wrappers for use in defining RIC byte arrays.

6.20.2 Define Documentation

6.20.2.1 #define RICArg(_arg) ((_arg)|0x1000)

Output an RIC parameterized argument.

Parameters:

_arg The argument that you want to parameterize.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

6.20.2.2 #define RICImgPoint(_X, _Y) (_X)&0xFF, (_X)>>8, (_Y)&0xFF, (_Y)>>8

Output an RIC ImgPoint structure.

Parameters:

_X The X coordinate.

_Y The Y coordinate.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.20.2.3 #define RICImgRect(_Pt, _W, _H) _Pt, (_W)&0xFF, (_W)>>8, (_H)&0xFF, (_H)>>8

Output an RIC ImgRect structure.

Parameters:

_Pt An ImgPoint. See RICImgPoint.

_W The rectangle width.

_H The rectangle height.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.20.2.4 #define RICMapArg(_mapidx, _arg) ((_arg)|0x1000|(((_mapidx)&0xF)<<8))

Output an RIC parameterized and mapped argument.

Parameters:

_mapidx The varmap data address.

_arg The parameterized argument you want to pass through a varmap.

6.20.2.5 #define RICMapElement(_Domain, _Range) (_Domain)&0xFF, (_Domain)>>8, (_Range)&0xFF, (_Range)>>8

Output an RIC map element.

Parameters:

_Domain The map element domain.

_Range The map element range.

6.20.2.6 #define RICMapFunction(_MapElement, ...) _MapElement, __VA_ARGS__

Output an RIC VarMap function.

Parameters:

_MapElement An entry in the varmap function. At least 2 elements are required. See RICMapElement.

6.20.2.7 #define RICOpCircle(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Radius) 10, 0, 7, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Radius)&0xFF, (_Radius)>>8

Output an RIC Circle opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Circle copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The circle's center point. See RICImgPoint.

_Radius The circle's radius.

6.20.2.8 #define RICOpCopyBits(_CopyOptions, _DataAddr, _SrcRect, _DstPoint) 18, 0, 3, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, _SrcRect, _DstPoint

Output an RIC CopyBits opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions CopyBits copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_DataAddr The address of the sprite from which to copy data.

_SrcRect The rectangular portion of the sprite to copy. See RICImgRect.

_DstPoint The LCD coordinate to which to copy the data. See RICImgPoint.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.20.2.9 #define RICOpDescription(_Options, _Width, _Height) 8, 0, 0, 0, (_Options)&0xFF, (_Options)>>8, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

Output an RIC Description opcode.

Parameters:

_Options RIC options.

_Width The total RIC width.

_Height The total RIC height.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

6.20.2.10 #define RICOpEllipse(_CopyOptions, _Point, _RadiusX, _RadiusY) 12, 0, 9, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_RadiusX)&0xFF, (_RadiusX)>>8, (_RadiusY)&0xFF, (_RadiusY)>>8

Output an RIC Ellipse opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Ellipse copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The center of the ellipse. See RICImgPoint.

_RadiusX The x-axis radius of the ellipse.

_RadiusY The y-axis radius of the ellipse.

6.20.2.11 #define RICOpLine(_CopyOptions, _Point1, _Point2) 12, 0, 5, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point1, _Point2

Output an RIC Line opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Line copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point1 The starting point of the line. See RICImgPoint.

_Point2 The ending point of the line. See RICImgPoint.

6.20.2.12 #define RICOpNumBox(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 8, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

Output an RIC NumBox opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions NumBox copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The numbox bottom left corner. See RICImgPoint.

_Value The number to draw.

6.20.2.13 #define RICOpPixel(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 4, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

Output an RIC Pixel opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Pixel copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The pixel coordinate. See RICImgPoint.

_Value The pixel value (unused).

6.20.2.14 #define RICOpPolygon(_CopyOptions, _Count, _ThePoints) ((_Count*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_Count*4)+6)>>8, 10, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_Count)&0xFF, (_Count)>>8, _ThePoints

Output an RIC Polygon opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Polygon copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Count The number of points in the polygon.

_ThePoints The list of polygon points. See RICPolygonPoints.

6.20.2.15 #define RICOpRect(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Width, _Height) 12, 0, 6, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

Output an RIC Rect opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Rect copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The rectangle's top left corner. See RICImgPoint.

_Width The rectangle's width.

_Height The rectangle's height.

6.20.2.16 #define RICOpSprite(_DataAddr, _Rows, _BytesPerRow, _SpriteData) ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)&0xFF, ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)>>8, 1, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_Rows)&0xFF, (_Rows)>>8, (_BytesPerRow)&0xFF, (_BytesPerRow)>>8, _SpriteData

Output an RIC Sprite opcode.

Parameters:

_DataAddr The address of the sprite.

_Rows The number of rows of data.

_BytesPerRow The number of bytes per row.

_SpriteData The actual sprite data. See RICSpriteData.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.20.2.17 #define RICOpVarMap(_DataAddr, _MapCount, _MapFunction) ((_MapCount*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_MapCount*4)+6)>>8, 2, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_MapCount)&0xFF, (_MapCount)>>8, _MapFunction

Output an RIC VarMap opcode.

Parameters:

_DataAddr The address of the varmap.

_MapCount The number of points in the function.

_MapFunction The definition of the varmap function. See RICMapFunction.

6.20.2.18 #define RICPolygonPoints(_pPoint1, _pPoint2, ...) _pPoint1, _pPoint2, __VA_ARGS__

Output RIC polygon points.

Parameters:

_pPoint1 The first polygon point. See RICImgPoint.

_pPoint2 The second polygon point (at least 3 points are required). See RICImgPoint.

6.20.2.19 #define RICSetValue(_data, _idx, _newval) _data[(_idx)] = (_newval)&0xFF; _data[(_idx)+1] = (_newval)>>8

Set the value of an element in an RIC data array.

Parameters:

_data The RIC data array

_idx The array index to update

_newval The new value to write into the RIC data array

6.20.2.20 #define RICSpriteData(...) __VA_ARGS__

Output RIC sprite data.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.21 NXT firmware module names

Constant string names for all the NXT firmware modules.

Defines

- #define CommandModuleName "Command.mod"
- #define IOCtrlModuleName "IOCtrl.mod"

- #define LoaderModuleName "Loader.mod"
- #define SoundModuleName "Sound.mod"
- #define ButtonModuleName "Button.mod"
- #define UIModuleName "Ui.mod"
- #define InputModuleName "Input.mod"
- #define OutputModuleName "Output.mod"
- #define LowSpeedModuleName "Low Speed.mod"
- #define DisplayModuleName "Display.mod"
- #define CommModuleName "Comm.mod"

6.21.1 Detailed Description

Constant string names for all the NXT firmware modules.

6.21.2 Define Documentation

6.21.2.1 #define ButtonModuleName "Button.mod"

The button module name

6.21.2.2 #define CommandModuleName "Command.mod"

The command module name

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

6.21.2.3 #define CommModuleName "Comm.mod"

The Comm module name

6.21.2.4 #define DisplayModuleName "Display.mod"

The display module name

6.21.2.5 #define InputModuleName "Input.mod"

The input module name.

6.21.2.6 #define IOCtrlModuleName "IOCtrl.mod"

The IOCtrl module name

6.21.2.7 #define LoaderModuleName "Loader.mod"

The Loader module name

6.21.2.8 #define LowSpeedModuleName "Low Speed.mod"

The low speed module name

6.21.2.9 #define OutputModuleName "Output.mod"

The output module name

6.21.2.10 #define SoundModuleName "Sound.mod"

The sound module name

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

6.21.2.11 #define UIModuleName "Ui.mod"

The Ui module name

6.22 NXT firmware module IDs

Constant numeric IDs for all the NXT firmware modules.

Defines

- #define CommandModuleID 0x00010001
- #define IOCtrlModuleID 0x00060001
- #define LoaderModuleID 0x00090001
- #define SoundModuleID 0x00080001
- #define ButtonModuleID 0x00040001
- #define UIModuleID 0x000C0001

- #define InputModuleID 0x00030001
- #define OutputModuleID 0x00020001
- #define LowSpeedModuleID 0x000B0001
- #define DisplayModuleID 0x000A0001
- #define CommModuleID 0x00050001

6.22.1 Detailed Description

Constant numeric IDs for all the NXT firmware modules.

6.22.2 Define Documentation

6.22.2.1 #define ButtonModuleID 0x00040001

The button module ID

6.22.2.2 #define CommandModuleID 0x00010001

The command module ID

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

6.22.2.3 #define CommModuleID 0x00050001

The Comm module ID

6.22.2.4 #define DisplayModuleID 0x000A0001

The display module ID

6.22.2.5 #define InputModuleID 0x00030001

The input module ID

6.22.2.6 #define IOCtrlModuleID 0x00060001

The IOCtrl module ID

6.22.2.7 #define LoaderModuleID 0x00090001

The Loader module ID

6.22.2.8 #define LowSpeedModuleID 0x000B0001

The low speed module ID

6.22.2.9 #define OutputModuleID 0x00020001

The output module ID

6.22.2.10 #define SoundModuleID 0x00080001

The sound module ID

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

6.22.2.11 #define UIModuleID 0x000C0001

The Ui module ID

6.23 Miscellaneous NBC/NXC constants

Miscellaneous constants for use in NBC and NXC.

Modules

- Type aliases

  Short type aliases indicating signed/unsigned and bit count for each type.

- Property constants

  Use these constants for specifying the property for the GetProperty and SetProperty direct commands.

- Data type limits

  Constants that define various data type limits.

Defines

- #define TRUE 1
- #define FALSE 0
- #define NA 0xFFFF
- #define PI 3.141593
- #define RADIANS_PER_DEGREE PI/180
- #define DEGREES_PER_RADIAN 180/PI

6.23.1 Detailed Description

Miscellaneous constants for use in NBC and NXC.

6.23.2 Define Documentation

6.23.2.1 #define DEGREES_PER_RADIAN 180/PI

Used for converting from radians to degrees

6.23.2.2 #define FALSE 0

A false value

6.23.2.3 #define NA 0xFFFF

The specified argument does not apply (aka unwired)

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, and ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc.

6.23.2.4 #define PI 3.141593

A constant for PI

Examples:

ex_dispfnout.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.23.2.5 #define RADIANS_PER_DEGREE PI/180

Used for converting from degrees to radians

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

6.23.2.6 #define TRUE 1

A true value

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

6.24 Third-party NXT devices

Documentation for NXT devices made by companies other than LEGO such as HiTechnic, mindsensors.com, and CodaTex.

Modules

- RCX constants

  Constants that are for use with devices that communicate with the RCX or Scout programmable bricks via IR such as the HiTechnic IRLink or the MindSensors nRLink.

- HiTechnic/mindsensors Power Function/IR Train constants

  Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRLink or mindsensors nRLink in Power Function or IR Train mode.

- HiTechnic API Functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying HiTechnic devices.

- MindSensors API Functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying MindSensors devices.

- Codatex API Functions

  Functions for accessing and modifying Codatex devices.

6.24.1 Detailed Description

Documentation for NXT devices made by companies other than LEGO such as HiTechnic, mindsensors.com, and CodaTex.

6.25 Standard-C API functions

Documentation for various Standard-C library routines.

Modules

- cmath API

  Standard C cmath API functions.

- cstdio API

  Standard C cstdio API functions.

- cstdlib API

  Standard C cstdlib API functions and types.

- cstring API

  Standard C cstring API functions.

- ctype API

  Standard C ctype API functions.

6.25.1 Detailed Description

Documentation for various Standard-C library routines.

6.26 A simple 3D graphics library

Documentation for a simple 3D graphics library.

Modules

- Graphics library begin modes

  Constants that are used to specify the polygon surface begin mode.

- Graphics library actions

Constants that are used to specify a graphics library action.

- Graphics library settings

  Constants that are used to configure the graphics library settings.

- Graphics library cull mode

  Constants to use when setting the graphics library cull mode.

Functions

- void glInit ()

  Initialize graphics library.

- void glSet (int glType, int glValue)

  Set graphics library options.

- int glBeginObject ()

  Begin defining an object.

- void glEndObject ()

  Stop defining an object.

- void glObjectAction (int glObjectId, int glAction, int glValue)

  Perform an object action.

- void glAddVertex (int glX, int glY, int glZ)

  Add a vertex to an object.

- void glBegin (int glBeginMode)

  Begin a new polygon for the current object.

- void glEnd ()

  Finish a polygon for the current object.

- void glBeginRender ()

  Begin a new render.

- void glCallObject (int glObjectId)

  Call a graphic object.

- void glFinishRender ()

Finish the current render.

- void glSetAngleX (int glValue)
  Set the X axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleX (int glValue)
  Add to the X axis angle.
- void glSetAngleY (int glValue)
  Set the Y axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleY (int glValue)
  Add to the Y axis angle.
- void glSetAngleZ (int glValue)
  Set the Z axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleZ (int glValue)
  Add to the Z axis angle.
- int glSin32768 (int glAngle)
  Table-based sine scaled by 32768.
- int glCos32768 (int glAngle)
  Table-based cosine scaled by 32768.
- int glBox (int glMode, int glSizeX, int glSizeY, int glSizeZ)
  Create a 3D box.
- int glCube (int glMode, int glSize)
  Create a 3D cube.
- int glPyramid (int glMode, int glSizeX, int glSizeY, int glSizeZ)
  Create a 3D pyramid.

6.26.1 Detailed Description

Documentation for a simple 3D graphics library. The library code was written by Arno van der Vegt.

6.26.2 Function Documentation

6.26.2.1 void glAddToAngleX (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the X axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing X axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the X axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, and glCircleDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.2 void glAddToAngleY (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the Y axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing Y axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the Y axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.3 void glAddToAngleZ (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the Z axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing Z axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the Z axis angle.

6.26.2.4 void glAddVertex (int *glX*, int *glY*, int *glZ*) [inline]

Add a vertex to an object. Add a vertex to an object currently being defined. This function should only be used between glBegin and glEnd which are themselves nested within a glBeginObject and glEndObject pair.

Parameters:

glX The X axis coordinate.

glY The Y axis coordinate.

glZ The Z axis coordinate.

6.26.2.5 void glBegin (int *glBeginMode*) `[inline]`

Begin a new polygon for the current object. Start defining a polygon surface for the current graphics object using the specified begin mode.

Parameters:

glBeginMode The desired mode. See Graphics library begin modes.

6.26.2.6 int glBeginObject () `[inline]`

Begin defining an object. Start the process of defining a graphics library object using low level functions such as glBegin, glAddVertex, and glEnd.

Returns:

The object index of the new object being created.

6.26.2.7 void glBeginRender () `[inline]`

Begin a new render. Start the process of rendering the existing graphic objects.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.8 int glBox (int *glMode*, int *glSizeX*, int *glSizeY*, int *glSizeZ*) [inline]

Create a 3D box. Define a 3D box using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the box is at the origin of the XYZ axis with width, height, and depth specified via the glSizeX, glSizeY, and glSizeZ parameters.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.

glSizeX The X axis size (width).

glSizeY The Y axis size (height).

glSizeZ The Z axis size (depth).

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.9 void glCallObject (int *glObjectId*) [inline]

Call a graphic object. Tell the graphics library that you want it to include the specified object in the render.

Parameters:

glObjectId The desired object id.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.10 int glCos32768 (int *glAngle*) [inline]

Table-based cosine scaled by 32768. Return the cosine of the specified angle in degrees. The result is scaled by 32768.

Parameters:

glAngle The angle in degrees.

Returns:

The cosine value scaled by 32768.

6.26.2.11 int glCube (int *glMode*, int *glSize*) [inline]

Create a 3D cube. Define a 3D cube using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the box is at the origin of the XYZ axis with equal width, height, and depth specified via the glSize parameter.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.

glSize The cube's width, height, and depth.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.12 void glEnd () [inline]

Finish a polygon for the current object. Stop defining a polgyon surface for the current graphics object.

6.26.2.13 void glEndObject () [inline]

Stop defining an object. Finish the process of defining a graphics library object. Call this function after you have completed the object definition.

6.26.2.14 void glFinishRender () [inline]

Finish the current render. Rotate the vertex list, clear the screen, and draw the rendered objects to the LCD.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.15 void glInit () [inline]

Initialize graphics library. Setup all the necessary data for the graphics library to function. Call this function before any other graphics library routine.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.16 void glObjectAction (int *glObjectId*, int *glAction*, int *glValue*) [inline]

Perform an object action. Execute the specified action on the specified object.

Parameters:

glObjectId The object id.

glAction The action to perform on the object. See Graphics library actions.

glValue The setting value.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.17 int glPyramid (int *glMode*, int *glSizeX*, int *glSizeY*, int *glSizeZ*) [inline]

Create a 3D pyramid. Define a 3D pyramid using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the pyramid is at the origin of the XYZ axis with width, height, and depth specified via the glSizeX, glSizeY, and glSizeZ parameters.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.
glSizeX The X axis size (width).
glSizeY The Y axis size (height).
glSizeZ The Z axis size (depth).

6.26.2.18 void glSet (int *glType*, int *glValue*) [inline]

Set graphics library options. Adjust graphic library settings for circle size and cull mode.

Parameters:

glType The setting type. See Graphics library settings.
glValue The setting value. For culling modes see Graphics library cull mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.19 void glSetAngleX (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the X axis angle. Set the X axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new X axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.26.2.20 void glSetAngleY (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the Y axis angle. Set the Y axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new Y axis angle.

6.26.2.21 void glSetAngleZ (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the Z axis angle. Set the Z axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new Z axis angle.

6.26.2.22 int glSin32768 (int *glAngle*) [inline]

Table-based sine scaled by 32768. Return the sine of the specified angle in degrees. The result is scaled by 32768.

Parameters:

glAngle The angle in degrees.

Returns:

The sine value scaled by 32768.

6.27 Type aliases

Short type aliases indicating signed/unsigned and bit count for each type.

Defines

- #define u8 unsigned char
- #define s8 char
- #define u16 unsigned int
- #define s16 int
- #define u32 unsigned long
- #define s32 long

6.27.1 Detailed Description

Short type aliases indicating signed/unsigned and bit count for each type.

6.27.2 Define Documentation

6.27.2.1 #define s16 int

Signed 16 bit type

6.27.2.2 #define s32 long

Signed 32 bit type

6.27.2.3 #define s8 char

Signed 8 bit type

6.27.2.4 #define u16 unsigned int

Unsigned 16 bit type

6.27.2.5 #define u32 unsigned long

Unsigned 32 bit type

6.27.2.6 #define u8 unsigned char

Unsigned 8 bit type

6.28 Input port constants

Input port constants are used when calling NXC sensor control API functions.

Defines

- #define S1 0
- #define S2 1
- #define S3 2
- #define S4 3

6.28.1 Detailed Description

Input port constants are used when calling NXC sensor control API functions.

6.28.2 Define Documentation

6.28.2.1 #define S1 0

Input port 1

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc, ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc, ex_ClearSensor.nxc, ex_ColorADRaw.nxc, ex_ColorBoolean.nxc, ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, ex_ColorCalibrationState.nxc, ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc, ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc, ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc, ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc, ex_CustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc, ex_CustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc, ex_CustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc, ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc, ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc, ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc, ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc, ex_GetInput.nxc, ex_GetLSInputBuffer.nxc, ex_GetLSOutputBuffer.nxc, ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_HTPFRepeat.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_HTRCXClearSensor.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetIRLinkPort.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_I2CBytesReady.nxc, ex_I2CCheckStatus.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_I2CRead.nxc, ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, ex_I2CStatus.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_I2CWrite.nxc, ex_LowspeedBytesReady.nxc, ex_LowspeedCheckStatus.nxc, ex_LowspeedRead.nxc, ex_LowspeedStatus.nxc, ex_LowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_LSChannelState.nxc, ex_LSErrorType.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferBytesToRx.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferInPtr.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc, ex_LSMode.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferBytesToRx.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc, ex_MSADPAOff.nxc, ex_MSADPAOn.nxc, ex_MSDeenergize.nxc, ex_MSEnergize.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_MSRCXClearSensor.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc, ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_NRLink2400.nxc, ex_-

NRLink4800.nxc, ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc, ex_-NRLinkIRShort.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc, ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc, ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_-PSPNxAnalog.nxc, ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc, ex_ReadSensorColorEx.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorColorRaw.nxc, ex_ReadSensorEMeter.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTColor.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTColor2Active.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiver.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor2.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSRTClock.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorUSEx.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc, ex_-RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteResetScaledValue.nxc, ex_-RemoteSetInputMode.nxc, ex_RFIDInit.nxc, ex_RFIDMode.nxc, ex_-RFIDRead.nxc, ex_RFIDReadContinuous.nxc, ex_RFIDReadSingle.nxc, ex_RFIDStatus.nxc, ex_RFIDStop.nxc, ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc, ex_-Sensor.nxc, ex_SensorBoolean.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc, ex_-SensorHTColorNum.nxc, ex_SensorHTCompass.nxc, ex_SensorHTEOPD.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir.nxc, ex_-SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeekerDir.nxc, ex_SensorHTMagnet.nxc, ex_-SensorInvalid.nxc, ex_SensorMode.nxc, ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc, ex_SensorMSDROD.nxc, ex_SensorMSPressure.nxc, ex_-SensorMSPressureRaw.nxc, ex_SensorNormalized.nxc, ex_SensorRaw.nxc, ex_SensorScaled.nxc, ex_SensorTemperature.nxc, ex_SensorType.nxc, ex_-SensorValue.nxc, ex_SensorValueBool.nxc, ex_SensorValueRaw.nxc, ex_-SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_SetCustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc, ex_-SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc, ex_SetCustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc, ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc, ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, ex_SetInput.nxc, ex_-SetSensor.nxc, ex_setsensorboolean.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorblue.nxc, ex_-setsensorcolorfull.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorgreen.nxc, ex_setsensorcolornone.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorred.nxc, ex_SetSensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc, ex_-SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc, ex_SetSensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc, ex_-SetSensorEMeter.nxc, ex_setsensorhteopd.nxc, ex_SetSensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_-SetSensorHTMagnet.nxc, ex_SetSensorLight.nxc, ex_SetSensorLowspeed.nxc, ex_SetSensorMode.nxc, ex_setsensormsdrod.nxc, ex_setsensormspressure.nxc, ex_SetSensorSound.nxc, ex_SetSensorTemperature.nxc, ex_-SetSensorTouch.nxc, ex_SetSensorType.nxc, ex_SetSensorUltrasonic.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc, ex_-syscommlsread.nxc, ex_syscommlswrite.nxc, ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc,

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_writei2cregister.nxc, and ex_-writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

6.28.2.2 #define S2 1

Input port 2

6.28.2.3 #define S3 2

Input port 3

6.28.2.4 #define S4 3

Input port 4

Examples:

ex_I2CBytes.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, and ex_SensorUS.nxc.

6.29 Sensor type constants

Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor.

Defines

- #define SENSOR_TYPE_NONE IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH IN_TYPE_SWITCH
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT IN_TYPE_REFLECTION
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_ROTATION IN_TYPE_ANGLE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DBA IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_CUSTOM IN_TYPE_CUSTOM
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_HIGHSPEED IN_TYPE_HISPEED
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORFULL IN_TYPE_COLORFULL
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED IN_TYPE_COLORRED

- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORGREEN IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORBLUE IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORNONE IN_TYPE_COLORNONE

6.29.1 Detailed Description

Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor.

See also:

SetSensorType()

6.29.2 Define Documentation

6.29.2.1 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORBLUE IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE

NXT 2.0 color sensor with blue light

6.29.2.2 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORFULL IN_TYPE_COLORFULL

NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode

6.29.2.3 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORGREEN IN_TYPE_-COLORGREEN

NXT 2.0 color sensor with green light

6.29.2.4 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORNONE IN_TYPE_COLORNONE

NXT 2.0 color sensor with no light

6.29.2.5 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED IN_TYPE_COLORRED

NXT 2.0 color sensor with red light

6.29.2.6 #define SENSOR_TYPE_CUSTOM IN_TYPE_CUSTOM

NXT custom sensor

6.29.2.7 #define SENSOR_TYPE_HIGHSPEED IN_TYPE_HISPEED

NXT Hi-speed port (only S4)

6.29.2.8 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT IN_TYPE_REFLECTION

RCX light sensor

6.29.2.9 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE

NXT light sensor with light

6.29.2.10 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE

NXT light sensor without light

6.29.2.11 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED

NXT I2C digital sensor

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc.

6.29.2.12 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V

NXT I2C digital sensor with 9V power

6.29.2.13 #define SENSOR_TYPE_NONE IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR

No sensor configured

6.29.2.14 #define SENSOR_TYPE_ROTATION IN_TYPE_ANGLE

RCX rotation sensor

6.29.2.15 #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB

NXT sound sensor with dB scaling

Examples:

ex_SetInput.nxc.

6.29.2.16 #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DBA IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA

NXT sound sensor with dBA scaling

6.29.2.17 #define SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE IN_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE

RCX temperature sensor

6.29.2.18 #define SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH IN_TYPE_SWITCH

NXT or RCX touch sensor

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc, and ex_-SetSensorType.nxc.

6.30 Sensor mode constants

Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode.

Defines

- #define SENSOR_MODE_RAW IN_MODE_RAW
- #define SENSOR_MODE_BOOL IN_MODE_BOOLEAN
- #define SENSOR_MODE_EDGE IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT
- #define SENSOR_MODE_PULSE IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER
- #define SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE
- #define SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS IN_MODE_CELSIUS
- #define SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT
- #define SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP

6.30.1 Detailed Description

Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode.

See also:

SetSensorMode()

6.30.2 Define Documentation

6.30.2.1 #define SENSOR_MODE_BOOL IN_MODE_BOOLEAN

Boolean value (0 or 1)

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

6.30.2.2 #define SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS IN_MODE_CELSIUS

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees celcius

6.30.2.3 #define SENSOR_MODE_EDGE IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT

Counts the number of boolean transitions

6.30.2.4 #define SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees fahrenheit

6.30.2.5 #define SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE

Scaled value from 0 to 100

6.30.2.6 #define SENSOR_MODE_PULSE IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER

Counts the number of boolean periods

6.30.2.7 #define SENSOR_MODE_RAW IN_MODE_RAW

Raw value from 0 to 1023

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc, and ex_SetSensorMode.nxc.

6.30.2.8 #define SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP

RCX rotation sensor (16 ticks per revolution)

6.31 Combined sensor type and mode constants

Use the combined sensor type and mode constants to configure both the sensor mode and type in a single function call.

Defines

- #define _SENSOR_CFG(_type, _mode) (((_type)<<8)+(_mode))
- #define SENSOR_TOUCH _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL)
- #define SENSOR_LIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_ROTATION _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-ROTATION, SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION)
- #define SENSOR_CELSIUS _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS)
- #define SENSOR_FAHRENHEIT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT)
- #define SENSOR_PULSE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_PULSE)
- #define SENSOR_EDGE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_EDGE)
- #define SENSOR_NXTLIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_-ACTIVE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_SOUND _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED_9V _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-LOWSPEED_9V, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-LOWSPEED, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_COLORFULL _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORFULL, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_COLORRED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORRED, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

- #define SENSOR_COLORGREEN _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORGREEN, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_COLORBLUE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORBLUE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_COLORNONE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORNONE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

6.31.1 Detailed Description

Use the combined sensor type and mode constants to configure both the sensor mode and type in a single function call.

See also:

SetSensor()

6.31.2 Define Documentation

6.31.2.1 #define _SENSOR_CFG(_type, _mode) (((_type)<<8)+(_mode))

Macro for defining SetSensor combined type and mode constants

6.31.2.2 #define SENSOR_CELSIUS _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS)

RCX temperature sensor in celcius mode

6.31.2.3 #define SENSOR_COLORBLUE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORBLUE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (blue) in percent mode

6.31.2.4 #define SENSOR_COLORFULL _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORFULL, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (full) in raw mode

6.31.2.5 #define SENSOR_COLORGREEN _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_-TYPE_COLORGREEN, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (green) in percent mode

6.31.2.6 #define SENSOR_COLORNONE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_COLORNONE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (none) in percent mode

6.31.2.7 #define SENSOR_COLORRED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (red) in percent mode

6.31.2.8 #define SENSOR_EDGE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_EDGE)

Touch sensor in edge mode

6.31.2.9 #define SENSOR_FAHRENHEIT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT)

RCX temperature sensor in fahrenheit mode

6.31.2.10 #define SENSOR_LIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

RCX Light sensor in percent mode

6.31.2.11 #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT I2C sensor without 9V power in raw mode

6.31.2.12 #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED_9V _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT I2C sensor with 9V power in raw mode

6.31.2.13 #define SENSOR_NXTLIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT light sensor in active mode

6.31.2.14 #define SENSOR_PULSE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_PULSE)

Touch sensor in pulse mode

6.31.2.15 #define SENSOR_ROTATION _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-ROTATION, SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION)

RCX rotation sensor in rotation mode

6.31.2.16 #define SENSOR_SOUND _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-SOUND_DB, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT sound sensor (dB) in percent mode

6.31.2.17 #define SENSOR_TOUCH _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL)

Touch sensor in boolean mode

Examples:

ex_SetSensor.nxc.

6.32 Input module types

Types used by various input module functions.

Data Structures

- struct ColorSensorReadType

  Parameters for the ColorSensorRead system call.

- struct InputValuesType

  Parameters for the RemoteGetInputValues function.

6.32.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various input module functions.

6.33 Input module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying input module features.

Modules

- Basic analog sensor value names

  Read analog sensor values using these names.

Functions

- void SetSensorType (const byte &port, byte type)

  Set sensor type.

- void SetSensorMode (const byte &port, byte mode)

  Set sensor mode.

- void ClearSensor (const byte &port)

  Clear a sensor value.

- void ResetSensor (const byte &port)

  Reset the sensor port.

- void SetSensor (const byte &port, const unsigned int config)

  Set sensor configuration.

- void SetSensorTouch (const byte &port)

  Configure a touch sensor.

- void SetSensorLight (const byte &port, bool bActive=true)

  Configure a light sensor.

- void SetSensorSound (const byte &port, bool bdBScaling=true)

  Configure a sound sensor.

- void SetSensorLowspeed (const byte &port, bool bIsPowered=true)

  Configure an I2C sensor.

- void SetSensorUltrasonic (const byte &port)

  Configure an ultrasonic sensor.

- void SetSensorEMeter (const byte &port)
  Configure an EMeter sensor.
- void SetSensorTemperature (const byte &port)
  Configure a temperature sensor.
- void SetSensorColorFull (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 full color sensor.
- void SetSensorColorRed (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 red light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorGreen (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 green light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorBlue (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 blue light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorNone (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 no light sensor.
- variant GetInput (const byte &port, const byte field)
  Get an input field value.
- void SetInput (const byte &port, const int field, variant value)
  Set an input field value.
- unsigned int Sensor (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.
- bool SensorBoolean (const byte port)
  Read sensor boolean value.
- byte SensorDigiPinsDirection (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins direction.
- byte SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins output level.
- byte SensorDigiPinsStatus (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins status.

- bool SensorInvalid (const byte &port)
  Read sensor invalid data flag.
- byte SensorMode (const byte &port)
  Read sensor mode.
- unsigned int SensorNormalized (const byte &port)
  Read sensor normalized value.
- unsigned int SensorRaw (const byte &port)
  Read sensor raw value.
- unsigned int SensorScaled (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.
- byte SensorType (const byte &port)
  Read sensor type.
- unsigned int SensorValue (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.
- bool SensorValueBool (const byte port)
  Read sensor boolean value.
- unsigned int SensorValueRaw (const byte &port)
  Read sensor raw value.
- byte CustomSensorActiveStatus (byte port)
  Get the custom sensor active status.
- byte CustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte port)
  Get the custom sensor percent full scale.
- unsigned int CustomSensorZeroOffset (byte port)
  Get the custom sensor zero offset.
- void SetCustomSensorActiveStatus (byte port, byte activeStatus)
  Set active status.
- void SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte port, byte pctFullScale)
  Set percent full scale.

- void SetCustomSensorZeroOffset (byte port, int zeroOffset)

  Set custom zero offset.

- void SetSensorBoolean (byte port, bool value)

  Set sensor boolean value.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsDirection (byte port, byte direction)

  Set digital pins direction.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (byte port, byte outputLevel)

  Set digital pins output level.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsStatus (byte port, byte status)

  Set digital pins status.

- void SysColorSensorRead (ColorSensorReadType &args)

  Read LEGO color sensor.

- int ReadSensorColorEx (const byte &port, int &colorval, unsigned int &raw[ ], unsigned int &norm[ ], int &scaled[ ])

  Read LEGO color sensor extra.

- int ReadSensorColorRaw (const byte &port, unsigned int &rawVals[ ])

  Read LEGO color sensor raw values.

- unsigned int ColorADRaw (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor AD raw value.

- bool ColorBoolean (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor boolean value.

- long ColorCalibration (byte port, byte point, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor calibration point value.

- byte ColorCalibrationState (byte port)

  Read LEGO color sensor calibration state.

- unsigned int ColorCalLimits (byte port, byte point)

  Read a LEGO color sensor calibration limit value.

- unsigned int ColorSensorRaw (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor raw value.

- unsigned int ColorSensorValue (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor scaled value.

6.33.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying input module features.

6.33.2 Function Documentation

6.33.2.1 void ClearSensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Clear a sensor value. Clear the value of a sensor - only affects sensors that are configured to measure a cumulative quantity such as rotation or a pulse count.

Parameters:

port The port to clear. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ClearSensor.nxc.

6.33.2.2 unsigned int ColorADRaw (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor AD raw value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor AD raw value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The AD raw value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorADRaw.nxc.

6.33.2.3 bool ColorBoolean (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor boolean value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor boolean value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The boolean value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorBoolean.nxc.

6.33.2.4 long ColorCalibration (byte *port*, byte *point*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor calibration point value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color calibration point value. The port, point, and color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

point The calibration point. See Color calibration constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The calibration point value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibration.nxc.

6.33.2.5 byte ColorCalibrationState (byte *port*) `[inline]`

Read LEGO color sensor calibration state. This function lets you directly access the LEGO color calibration state. The port must be a constant.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The calibration state.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibrationState.nxc.

6.33.2.6 unsigned int ColorCalLimits (byte *port*, byte *point*) `[inline]`

Read a LEGO color sensor calibration limit value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color calibration limit value. The port and the point must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

point The calibration point. See Color calibration constants.

Returns:

The calibration limit value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc.

6.33.2.7 unsigned int ColorSensorRaw (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor raw value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor raw value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The raw value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc.

6.33.2.8 unsigned int ColorSensorValue (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor scaled value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor scaled value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The scaled value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc.

6.33.2.9 byte CustomSensorActiveStatus (byte *port*) `[inline]`

Get the custom sensor active status. Return the custom sensor active status value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor active status.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc.

6.33.2.10 byte CustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte *port*) `[inline]`

Get the custom sensor percent full scale. Return the custom sensor percent full scale value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor percent full scale.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc.

6.33.2.11 unsigned int CustomSensorZeroOffset (byte *port*) [inline]

Get the custom sensor zero offset. Return the custom sensor zero offset value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor zero offset.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc.

6.33.2.12 variant GetInput (const byte & *port*, const byte *field*) [inline]

Get an input field value. Return the value of the specified field of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A constant or a variable may be used (no expressions).

field An input field constant. See Input field constants.

Returns:

The input field value.

Examples:

ex_GetInput.nxc.

6.33.2.13 int ReadSensorColorEx (const byte & *port*, int & *colorval*, unsigned int & *raw*[ ], unsigned int & *norm*[ ], int & *scaled*[ ]) [inline]

Read LEGO color sensor extra. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor. It returns the color value, and three arrays containing raw, normalized, and scaled color values for red, green, blue, and none indices.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

colorval The color value. See Color values.

raw An array containing four raw color values. See Color sensor array indices.

norm An array containing four normalized color values. See Color sensor array indices.

scaled An array containing four scaled color values. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The function call result.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorColorEx.nxc.

6.33.2.14 int ReadSensorColorRaw (const byte & *port*, unsigned int & *rawVals*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read LEGO color sensor raw values. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor. It returns an array containing raw color values for red, green, blue, and none indices.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

rawVals An array containing four raw color values. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The function call result.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorColorRaw.nxc.

6.33.2.15 void ResetSensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Reset the sensor port. Sets the invalid data flag on the specified port and waits for it to become valid again. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call this function to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

Parameters:

port The port to reset. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ResetSensor.nxc.

6.33.2.16 unsigned int Sensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1).

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_Sensor.nxc, and ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

6.33.2.17 bool SensorBoolean (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor boolean value. Return the boolean value of a sensor on the specified port. Boolean conversion is either done based on preset cutoffs, or a slope parameter specified by calling SetSensorMode.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's boolean value.

Examples:

ex_SensorBoolean.nxc.

6.33.2.18 byte SensorDigiPinsDirection (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor digital pins direction. Return the digital pins direction value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc.

6.33.2.19 byte SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor digital pins output level. Return the digital pins output level value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins output level.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc.

6.33.2.20 byte SensorDigiPinsStatus (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor digital pins status. Return the digital pins status value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins status.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc.

6.33.2.21 bool SensorInvalid (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor invalid data flag. Return the value of the InvalidData flag of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's invalid data flag.

Examples:

ex_SensorInvalid.nxc.

6.33.2.22 byte SensorMode (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor mode. Return the mode of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SensorMode.nxc.

6.33.2.23 unsigned int SensorNormalized (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor normalized value. Return the normalized value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's normalized value.

Examples:

ex_SensorNormalized.nxc.

6.33.2.24 unsigned int SensorRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor raw value. Return the raw value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's raw value.

Examples:

ex_SensorRaw.nxc.

6.33.2.25 unsigned int SensorScaled (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1) or the Sensor function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_SensorScaled.nxc.

6.33.2.26 byte SensorType (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor type. Return the type of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's type. See Sensor type constants.

Examples:

ex_SensorType.nxc.

6.33.2.27 unsigned int SensorValue (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1) or the Sensor function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValue.nxc.

6.33.2.28 bool SensorValueBool (const byte *port*) `[inline]`

Read sensor boolean value. Return the boolean value of a sensor on the specified port. Boolean conversion is either done based on preset cutoffs, or a slope parameter specified by calling SetSensorMode.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's boolean value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValueBool.nxc.

6.33.2.29 unsigned int SensorValueRaw (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Read sensor raw value. Return the raw value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's raw value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValueRaw.nxc.

6.33.2.30 void SetCustomSensorActiveStatus (byte *port*, byte *activeStatus*) [inline]

Set active status. Sets the active status value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

activeStatus The new active status value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc.

6.33.2.31 void SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte *port*, byte *pctFullScale*) [inline]

Set percent full scale. Sets the percent full scale value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

pctFullScale The new percent full scale value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc.

6.33.2.32 void SetCustomSensorZeroOffset (byte *port*, int *zeroOffset*) [inline]

Set custom zero offset. Sets the zero offset value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

zeroOffset The new zero offset value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc.

6.33.2.33 void SetInput (const byte & *port*, const int *field*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set an input field value. Set the specified field of the sensor on the specified port to the value provided.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A constant or a variable may be used (no expressions).

field An input field constant. See Input field constants.

value The new value, which may be any valid expression.

Examples:

ex_SetInput.nxc.

6.33.2.34 void SetSensor (const byte & *port*, const unsigned int *config*) [inline]

Set sensor configuration. Set the type and mode of the given sensor to the specified configuration, which must be a special constant containing both type and mode information.

See also:

SetSensorType(), SetSensorMode(), and ResetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

config The configuration constant containing both the type and mode. See Combined sensor type and mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensor.nxc.

6.33.2.35 void SetSensorBoolean (byte *port*, bool *value*) [inline]

Set sensor boolean value. Sets the boolean value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

value The new boolean value.

6.33.2.36 void SetSensorColorBlue (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 blue light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in blue light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorblue.nxc.

6.33.2.37 void SetSensorColorFull (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 full color sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorfull.nxc, and ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

6.33.2.38 void SetSensorColorGreen (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 green light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in green light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorgreen.nxc.

6.33.2.39 void SetSensorColorNone (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 no light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in no light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolornone.nxc.

6.33.2.40 void SetSensorColorRed (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 red light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in red light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorred.nxc.

6.33.2.41 void SetSensorDigiPinsDirection (byte *port*, byte *direction*) [inline]

Set digital pins direction. Sets the digital pins direction value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

direction The new digital pins direction value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc.

6.33.2.42 void SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (byte *port*, byte *outputLevel*) [inline]

Set digital pins output level. Sets the digital pins output level value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

outputLevel The new digital pins output level value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc.

6.33.2.43 void SetSensorDigiPinsStatus (byte *port*, byte *status*) [inline]

Set digital pins status. Sets the digital pins status value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

status The new digital pins status value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc.

6.33.2.44 void SetSensorEMeter (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an EMeter sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an EMeter sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorEMeter.nxc.

6.33.2.45 void SetSensorLight (const byte & *port*, bool *bActive* = true) [inline]

Configure a light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT light sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bActive A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port as an active or inactive light sensor. The default value for this optional parameter is true.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorLight.nxc.

6.33.2.46 void SetSensorLowspeed (const byte & *port*, bool *bIsPowered* = `true`) `[inline]`

Configure an I2C sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an I2C digital sensor for either powered (9 volt) or unpowered devices.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bIsPowered A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port for powered or unpowered I2C devices. The default value for this optional parameter is true.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetIRLinkPort.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, and ex_SetSensorLowspeed.nxc.

6.33.2.47 void SetSensorMode (const byte & *port*, byte *mode*) `[inline]`

Set sensor mode. Set a sensor's mode, which should be one of the predefined sensor mode constants. A slope parameter for boolean conversion, if desired, may be added to the mode. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call ResetSensor to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

See also:

SetSensorType(), SetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

mode The desired sensor mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorMode.nxc.

6.33.2.48 void SetSensorSound (const byte & *port*, bool *bdBScaling* = `true`) `[inline]`

Configure a sound sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a sound sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bdBScaling A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port as a sound sensor with dB or dBA scaling. The default value for this optional parameter is true, meaning dB scaling.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorSound.nxc.

6.33.2.49 void SetSensorTemperature (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Configure a temperature sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a temperature sensor. Use this to setup the temperature sensor rather than SetSensorLowspeed so that the sensor is properly configured in 12-bit conversion mode.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorTemperature.nxc.

6.33.2.50 void SetSensorTouch (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Configure a touch sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a touch sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, and ex_SetSensorTouch.nxc.

6.33.2.51 void SetSensorType (const byte & *port*, byte *type*) [inline]

Set sensor type. Set a sensor's type, which must be one of the predefined sensor type constants. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call ResetSensor to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

See also:

SetSensorMode(), SetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

type The desired sensor type. See Sensor type constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorType.nxc.

6.33.2.52 void SetSensorUltrasonic (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an ultrasonic sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an ultrasonic sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorUltrasonic.nxc.

6.33.2.53 void SysColorSensorRead (ColorSensorReadType & *args*) [inline]

Read LEGO color sensor. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor given the parameters you pass in via the ColorSensorReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The ColorSensorReadType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

6.34 Basic analog sensor value names

Read analog sensor values using these names.

Defines

- #define SENSOR_1 Sensor(S1)
- #define SENSOR_2 Sensor(S2)
- #define SENSOR_3 Sensor(S3)
- #define SENSOR_4 Sensor(S4)

6.34.1 Detailed Description

Read analog sensor values using these names. Returns the current scaled value of the sensor on the specified port.

6.34.2 Define Documentation

6.34.2.1 #define SENSOR_1 Sensor(S1)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S1

6.34.2.2 #define SENSOR_2 Sensor(S2)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S2

6.34.2.3 #define SENSOR_3 Sensor(S3)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S3

6.34.2.4 #define SENSOR_4 Sensor(S4)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S4

6.35 Output module types

Types used by various output module functions.

Data Structures

- struct OutputStateType

  Parameters for the RemoteGetOutputState function.

6.35.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various output module functions.

6.36 Output module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying output module features.

Functions

- void SetMotorPwnFreq (byte n)

  Set motor regulation frequency.

- void SetMotorRegulationTime (byte n)

  Set regulation time.

- void SetMotorRegulationOptions (byte n)

  Set regulation options.

- void OnFwdSyncPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward synchronised with PID factors.

- void OnFwdSyncExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnRevSyncPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward synchronised with PID factors.

- void OnRevSyncExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnFwdRegPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward regulated with PID factors.

- void OnFwdRegExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward regulated and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnRevRegPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors reverse regulated with PID factors.

- void OnRevRegExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward regulated and reset counters with PID factors.

- void Off (byte outputs)

  Turn motors off.

- void OffEx (byte outputs, const byte reset)

  Turn motors off and reset counters.

- void Coast (byte outputs)

  Coast motors.

- void CoastEx (byte outputs, const byte reset)

  Coast motors and reset counters.

- void Float (byte outputs)

  Float motors.

- void OnFwd (byte outputs, char pwr)

  Run motors forward.

- void OnFwdEx (byte outputs, char pwr, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward and reset counters.

- void OnRev (byte outputs, char pwr)

  Run motors backward.

- void OnRevEx (byte outputs, char pwr, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward and reset counters.

- void OnFwdReg (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode)

  Run motors forward regulated.

- void OnFwdRegEx (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward regulated and reset counters.

- void OnRevReg (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode)

  Run motors forward regulated.

- void OnRevRegEx (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward regulated and reset counters.

- void OnFwdSync (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct)

  Run motors forward synchronised.

- void OnFwdSyncEx (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters.

- void OnRevSync (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct)

  Run motors backward synchronised.

- void OnRevSyncEx (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters.

- void RotateMotor (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle)

  Rotate motor.

- void RotateMotorPID (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Rotate motor with PID factors.

- void RotateMotorEx (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, char turnpct, bool sync, bool stop)

  Rotate motor.

- void RotateMotorExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, char turnpct, bool sync, bool stop, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Rotate motor.

- void ResetTachoCount (byte outputs)

  Reset tachometer counter.

- void ResetBlockTachoCount (byte outputs)

  Reset block-relative counter.

- void ResetRotationCount (byte outputs)

  Reset program-relative counter.

- void ResetAllTachoCounts (byte outputs)

  Reset all tachometer counters.

- void SetOutput (byte outputs, byte field1, variant val1,..., byte fieldN, variant valN)

  Set output fields.

- variant GetOutput (byte output, const byte field)

  Get output field value.

- byte MotorMode (byte output)

  Get motor mode.

- char MotorPower (byte output)

  Get motor power level.

- char MotorActualSpeed (byte output)

  Get motor actual speed.

- long MotorTachoCount (byte output)

  Get motor tachometer counter.

- long MotorTachoLimit (byte output)

  Get motor tachometer limit.

- byte MotorRunState (byte output)

  Get motor run state.

- char MotorTurnRatio (byte output)

  Get motor turn ratio.

- byte MotorRegulation (byte output)

  Get motor regulation mode.

- bool MotorOverload (byte output)
  Get motor overload status.
- byte MotorRegPValue (byte output)
  Get motor P value.
- byte MotorRegIValue (byte output)
  Get motor I value.
- byte MotorRegDValue (byte output)
  Get motor D value.
- long MotorBlockTachoCount (byte output)
  Get motor block-relative counter.
- long MotorRotationCount (byte output)
  Get motor program-relative counter.
- byte MotorOutputOptions (byte output)
  Get motor options.
- byte MotorMaxSpeed (byte output)
  Get motor max speed.
- byte MotorMaxAcceleration (byte output)
  Get motor max acceleration.
- byte MotorPwnFreq ()
  Get motor regulation frequency.
- byte MotorRegulationTime ()
  Get motor regulation time.
- byte MotorRegulationOptions ()
  Get motor regulation options.
- void PosRegEnable (byte output, byte p=PID_3, byte i=PID_1, byte d=PID_1)
  Enable absolute position regulation with PID factors.
- void PosRegSetAngle (byte output, long angle)
  Change the current value for set angle.

- void PosRegAddAngle (byte output, long angle_add)

  Add to the current value for set angle.

- void PosRegSetMax (byte output, byte max_speed, byte max_acceleration)

  Set maximum limits.

6.36.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying output module features.

6.36.2 Function Documentation

6.36.2.1 void Coast (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Coast motors. Turn off the specified outputs, making them coast to a stop.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_coast.nxc.

6.36.2.2 void CoastEx (byte *outputs*, const byte *reset*) `[inline]`

Coast motors and reset counters. Turn off the specified outputs, making them coast to a stop.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_coastex.nxc.

6.36.2.3 void Float (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Float motors. Make outputs float. Float is an alias for Coast.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_float.nxc.

6.36.2.4 variant GetOutput (byte *output*, const byte *field*) `[inline]`

Get output field value. Get the value of the specified field for the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

field Output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

Returns:

The requested output field value.

Examples:

ex_getoutput.nxc.

6.36.2.5 char MotorActualSpeed (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor actual speed. Get the actual speed value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The actual speed value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoractualspeed.nxc.

6.36.2.6 long MotorBlockTachoCount (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor block-relative counter. Get the block-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The block-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorblocktachocount.nxc.

6.36.2.7 byte MotorMaxAcceleration (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor max acceleration. Get the max acceleration value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The max acceleration value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.8 byte MotorMaxSpeed (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor max speed. Get the max speed value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The max speed value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.9 byte MotorMode (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor mode. Get the mode of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The mode of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motormode.nxc.

6.36.2.10 byte MotorOutputOptions (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor options. Get the options value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The options value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc.

6.36.2.11 bool MotorOverload (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor overload status. Get the overload value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The overload value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoroverload.nxc.

6.36.2.12 char MotorPower (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor power level. Get the power level of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The power level of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorpower.nxc.

6.36.2.13 byte MotorPwnFreq () [inline]

Get motor regulation frequency. Get the current motor regulation frequency in milliseconds.

Returns:

The motor regulation frequency.

Examples:

ex_motorpwnfreq.nxc.

6.36.2.14 byte MotorRegDValue (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor D value. Get the derivative PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The derivative PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregdvalue.nxc.

6.36.2.15 byte MotorRegIValue (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor I value. Get the integral PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The integral PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregivalue.nxc.

6.36.2.16 byte MotorRegPValue (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor P value. Get the proportional PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The proportional PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregpvalue.nxc.

6.36.2.17 byte MotorRegulation (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor regulation mode. Get the regulation value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The regulation value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregulation.nxc.

6.36.2.18 byte MotorRegulationOptions () [inline]

Get motor regulation options. Get the current motor regulation options.

Returns:

The motor regulation options.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.19 byte MotorRegulationTime () [inline]

Get motor regulation time. Get the current motor regulation time in milliseconds.

Returns:

The motor regulation time.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.20 long MotorRotationCount (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor program-relative counter. Get the program-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The program-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorrotationcount.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.36.2.21 byte MotorRunState (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor run state. Get the RunState value of the specified output, see Output port run state constants.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The RunState value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorrunstate.nxc.

6.36.2.22 long MotorTachoCount (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor tachometer counter. Get the tachometer count value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The tachometer count value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motortachocount.nxc.

6.36.2.23 long MotorTachoLimit (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor tachometer limit. Get the tachometer limit value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The tachometer limit value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motortacholimit.nxc.

6.36.2.24 char MotorTurnRatio (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor turn ratio. Get the turn ratio value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The turn ratio value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorturnratio.nxc.

6.36.2.25 void Off (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Turn motors off. Turn the specified outputs off (with braking).

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_off.nxc.

6.36.2.26 void OffEx (byte *outputs*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Turn motors off and reset counters. Turn the specified outputs off (with braking).

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_offex.nxc.

6.36.2.27 void OnFwd (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*) [inline]

Run motors forward. Set outputs to forward direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_onfwd.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.36.2.28 void OnFwdEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors forward and reset counters. Set outputs to forward direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdex.nxc.

6.36.2.29 void OnFwdReg (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward regulated. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdreg.nxc.

6.36.2.30 void OnFwdRegEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward regulated and reset counters. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a

single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregex.nxc.

6.36.2.31 void OnFwdRegExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward regulated and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc.

6.36.2.32 void OnFwdRegPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward regulated with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregpid.nxc.

6.36.2.33 void OnFwdSync (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward synchronised. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsync.nxc.

6.36.2.34 void OnFwdSyncEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc.

6.36.2.35 void OnFwdSyncExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc.

6.36.2.36 void OnFwdSyncPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward synchronised with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncpid.nxc.

6.36.2.37 void OnRev (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*) [inline]

Run motors backward. Set outputs to reverse direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_onrev.nxc.

6.36.2.38 void OnRevEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward and reset counters. Set outputs to reverse direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevex.nxc.

6.36.2.39 void OnRevReg (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevreg.nxc.

6.36.2.40 void OnRevRegEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward regulated and reset counters. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevregex.nxc.

6.36.2.41 void OnRevRegExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors backward regulated and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevregexpid.nxc.

6.36.2.42 void OnRevRegPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors reverse regulated with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevregpid.nxc.

6.36.2.43 void OnRevSync (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

Examples:

ex_onrevsync.nxc.

6.36.2.44 void OnRevSyncEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncex.nxc.

6.36.2.45 void OnRevSyncExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc.

6.36.2.46 void OnRevSyncPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncpid.nxc.

6.36.2.47 void PosRegAddAngle (byte *output*, long *angle_add*) `[inline]`

Add to the current value for set angle. Add an offset to the current set position. Returns immediately, but keep regulating.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

angle_add Value to add to the current set position, in degree. Can be negative. Can be greater than 360 degree to make several turns.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.48 void PosRegEnable (byte *output*, byte *p* = `PID_3`, byte *i* = `PID_1`, byte *d* = `PID_1`) `[inline]`

Enable absolute position regulation with PID factors. Enable absolute position regulation on the specified output. Motor is kept regulated as long as this is enabled. Optionally specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_3.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_1.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_1.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.49 void PosRegSetAngle (byte *output*, long *angle*) `[inline]`

Change the current value for set angle. Make the absolute position regulation going toward the new provided angle. Returns immediately, but keep regulating.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

angle New set position, in degree. The 0 angle corresponds to the position of the motor when absolute position regulation was first enabled. Can be negative. Can be greater than 360 degree to make several turns.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.50 void PosRegSetMax (byte *output*, byte *max_speed*, byte *max_acceleration*) `[inline]`

Set maximum limits. Set maximum speed and acceleration.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

max_speed Maximum speed, or 0 to disable speed limiting.

max_acceleration Maximum acceleration, or 0 to disable acceleration limiting. The max_speed parameter should not be 0 if this is not 0.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.51 void ResetAllTachoCounts (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Reset all tachometer counters. Reset all three position counters and reset the current tachometer limit goal for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetalltachocounts.nxc.

6.36.2.52 void ResetBlockTachoCount (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Reset block-relative counter. Reset the block-relative position counter for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetblocktachocount.nxc.

6.36.2.53 void ResetRotationCount (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Reset program-relative counter. Reset the program-relative position counter for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetrotationcount.nxc.

6.36.2.54 void ResetTachoCount (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Reset tachometer counter. Reset the tachometer count and tachometer limit goal for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resettachocount.nxc.

6.36.2.55 void RotateMotor (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*) [inline]

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotor.nxc.

6.36.2.56 void RotateMotorEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, char *turnpct*, bool *sync*, bool *stop*) [inline]

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

sync Synchronise two motors. Should be set to true if a non-zero turn percent is specified or no turning will occur.

stop Specify whether the motor(s) should brake at the end of the rotation.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorex.nxc.

6.36.2.57 void RotateMotorExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, char *turnpct*, bool *sync*, bool *stop*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a

single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

sync Synchronise two motors. Should be set to true if a non-zero turn percent is specified or no turning will occur.

stop Specify whether the motor(s) should brake at the end of the rotation.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorexpid.nxc.

6.36.2.58 void RotateMotorPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Rotate motor with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorpid.nxc.

6.36.2.59 void SetMotorPwnFreq (byte *n*) [inline]

Set motor regulation frequency. Set the motor regulation frequency in milliseconds. By default this is set to 100ms.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation frequency.

Examples:

ex_SetMotorPwnFreq.nxc.

6.36.2.60 void SetMotorRegulationOptions (byte *n*) [inline]

Set regulation options. Set the motor regulation options.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation options.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.61 void SetMotorRegulationTime (byte *n*) [inline]

Set regulation time. Set the motor regulation time in milliseconds. By default this is set to 100ms.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation time.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.36.2.62 void SetOutput (byte *outputs*, byte *field1*, variant *val1*, ..., byte *fieldN*, variant *valN*) `[inline]`

Set output fields. Set the specified field of the outputs to the value provided. The field must be a valid output field constant. This function takes a variable number of field/value pairs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

field1 The 1st output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

val1 Value to set for the 1st field.

fieldN The Nth output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

valN The value to set for the Nth field.

Examples:

ex_setoutput.nxc.

6.37 Display module types

Types used by various display module functions.

Data Structures

- struct LocationType

  A point on the NXT LCD screen.

- struct SizeType

  Width and height dimensions for the DrawRect system call.

- struct DrawTextType

  Parameters for the DrawText system call.

- struct DrawPointType

  Parameters for the DrawPoint system call.

- struct DrawLineType

  Parameters for the DrawLine system call.

- struct DrawCircleType

  Parameters for the DrawCircle system call.

- struct DrawRectType

  Parameters for the DrawRect system call.

- struct DrawGraphicType

  Parameters for the DrawGraphic system call.

- struct SetScreenModeType

  Parameters for the SetScreenMode system call.

- struct DisplayExecuteFunctionType

  Parameters for the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

- struct DrawGraphicArrayType

  Parameters for the DrawGraphicArray system call.

- struct DrawPolygonType

  Parameters for the DrawPolygon system call.

- struct DrawEllipseType

  Parameters for the DrawEllipse system call.

- struct DrawFontType

  Parameters for the DrawFont system call.

6.37.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various display module functions.

6.38 Display module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying display module features.

Functions

- void ResetScreen ()

  Reset LCD screen.

- char CircleOut (int x, int y, byte radius, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a circle.

- char LineOut (int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a line.

- char PointOut (int x, int y, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a point.

- char RectOut (int x, int y, int width, int height, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a rectangle.

- char TextOut (int x, int y, string str, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw text.

- char NumOut (int x, int y, variant value, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a number.

- char EllipseOut (int x, int y, byte radiusX, byte radiusY, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw an ellipse.

- char PolyOut (LocationType points[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a polygon.

- char FontTextOut (int x, int y, string filename, string str, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw text with font.

- char FontNumOut (int x, int y, string filename, variant value, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a number with font.

- char GraphicOut (int x, int y, string filename, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image.

- char GraphicArrayOut (int x, int y, byte data[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image from byte array.

- char GraphicOutEx (int x, int y, string filename, byte vars[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image with parameters.

- char GraphicArrayOutEx (int x, int y, byte data[ ], byte vars[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image from byte array with parameters.

- void GetDisplayNormal (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte &data[ ])

  Read pixel data from the normal display buffer.

- void SetDisplayNormal (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte data[ ])

  Write pixel data to the normal display buffer.

- void GetDisplayPopup (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte &data[ ])

  Read pixel data from the popup display buffer.

- void SetDisplayPopup (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte data[ ])

  Write pixel data to the popup display buffer.

- unsigned long DisplayEraseMask ()

  Read the display erase mask value.

- unsigned long DisplayUpdateMask ()

  Read the display update mask value.

- unsigned long DisplayFont ()

  Read the display font memory address.

- unsigned long DisplayDisplay ()

Read the display memory address.

- byte DisplayFlags ()

  Read the display flags.

- byte DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags ()

  Read the display text lines center flags.

- void SysDrawText (DrawTextType &args)

  Draw text.

- void SysDrawPoint (DrawPointType &args)

  Draw a point.

- void SysDrawLine (DrawLineType &args)

  Draw a line.

- void SysDrawCircle (DrawCircleType &args)

  Draw a circle.

- void SysDrawRect (DrawRectType &args)

  Draw a rectangle.

- void SysDrawGraphic (DrawGraphicType &args)

  Draw a graphic (RIC file).

- void SysSetScreenMode (SetScreenModeType &args)

  Set the screen mode.

- void SysDisplayExecuteFunction (DisplayExecuteFunctionType &args)

  Execute any Display module command.

- byte DisplayContrast ()

  Read the display contrast setting.

- void SysDrawGraphicArray (DrawGraphicArrayType &args)

  Draw a graphic image from a byte array.

- void SysDrawPolygon (DrawPolygonType &args)

  Draw a polygon.

- void SysDrawEllipse (DrawEllipseType &args)

Draw an ellipse.

- void SysDrawFont (DrawFontType &args)
  Draw text using a custom font.
- void ClearScreen ()
  Clear LCD screen.
- void ClearLine (byte line)
  Clear a line on the LCD screen.
- void SetDisplayFont (unsigned long fontaddr)
  Set the display font memory address.
- void SetDisplayDisplay (unsigned long dispaddr)
  Set the display memory address.
- void SetDisplayEraseMask (unsigned long eraseMask)
  Set the display erase mask.
- void SetDisplayFlags (byte flags)
  Set the display flags.
- void SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags (byte ctrFlags)
  Set the display text lines center flags.
- void SetDisplayUpdateMask (unsigned long updateMask)
  Set the display update mask.
- void SetDisplayContrast (byte contrast)
  Set the display contrast.

6.38.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying display module features.

6.38.2 Function Documentation

6.38.2.1 char CircleOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *radius*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a circle. This function lets you draw a circle on the screen with its center at the specified x and y location, using the specified radius. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawCircle, DrawCircleType

Parameters:

x The x value for the center of the circle.

y The y value for the center of the circle.

radius The radius of the circle.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, and ex_file_system.nxc.

6.38.2.2 void ClearLine (byte *line*) `[inline]`

Clear a line on the LCD screen. This function lets you clear a single line on the NXT LCD.

Parameters:

line The line you want to clear. See Line number constants.

Examples:

ex_clearline.nxc.

6.38.2.3 void ClearScreen () `[inline]`

Clear LCD screen. This function lets you clear the NXT LCD to a blank screen.

Examples:

ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

6.38.2.4 byte DisplayContrast () [inline]

Read the display contrast setting. This function lets you read the current display contrast setting.

Returns:

The current display contrast (byte).

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc.

6.38.2.5 unsigned long DisplayDisplay () [inline]

Read the display memory address. This function lets you read the current display memory address.

Returns:

The current display memory address.

Examples:

ex_DisplayDisplay.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.38.2.6 unsigned long DisplayEraseMask () [inline]

Read the display erase mask value. This function lets you read the current display erase mask value.

Returns:

The current display erase mask value.

Examples:

ex_DisplayEraseMask.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.38.2.7 byte DisplayFlags () [inline]

Read the display flags. This function lets you read the current display flags. Valid flag values are listed in the Display flags group.

Returns:

The current display flags.

Examples:

ex_DisplayFlags.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.38.2.8 unsigned long DisplayFont () [inline]

Read the display font memory address. This function lets you read the current display font memory address.

Returns:

The current display font memory address.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, and ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc.

6.38.2.9 byte DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags () [inline]

Read the display text lines center flags. This function lets you read the current display text lines center flags.

Returns:

The current display text lines center flags.

Examples:

ex_DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.38.2.10 unsigned long DisplayUpdateMask () [inline]

Read the display update mask value. This function lets you read the current display update mask value.

Returns:

The current display update mask.

Examples:

ex_DisplayUpdateMask.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.38.2.11 char EllipseOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *radiusX*, byte *radiusY*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw an ellipse. This function lets you draw an ellipse on the screen with its center at the specified x and y location, using the specified radii. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawEllipse, DrawEllipseType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the center of the ellipse.

y The y value for the center of the ellipse.

radiusX The x axis radius.

radiusY The y axis radius.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_EllipseOut.nxc.

6.38.2.12 char FontNumOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, variant *value*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a number with font. Draw a numeric value on the screen at the specified x and y location using a custom RIC font. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. See the Font drawing option constants for options specific to the font drawing functions.

See also:

FontTextOut, SysDrawFont, DrawFontType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the number output.

y The y value for the start of the number output.

filename The filename of the RIC font.

value The value to output to the LCD screen. Any numeric type is supported.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispfnout.nxc.

6.38.2.13 char FontTextOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, string *str*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw text with font. Draw a text value on the screen at the specified x and y location using a custom RIC font. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. See the Font drawing option constants for options specific to the font drawing functions.

See also:

FontNumOut, SysDrawFont, DrawFontType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the text output.

y The y value for the start of the text output.

filename The filename of the RIC font.

str The text to output to the LCD screen.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.38.2.14 void GetDisplayNormal (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Read pixel data from the normal display buffer. Read "cnt" bytes from the normal display memory into the data array. Start reading from the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data read from screen memory is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position from which to read pixel data.

line The desired line from which to read pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to read.

data The array of bytes into which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayNormal.nxc.

6.38.2.15 void GetDisplayPopup (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read pixel data from the popup display buffer. Read "cnt" bytes from the popup display memory into the data array. Start reading from the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data read from screen memory is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position from which to read pixel data.

line The desired line from which to read pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to read.

data The array of bytes into which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayPopup.nxc.

6.38.2.16 char GraphicArrayOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *data*[ ], unsigned long *options* = `DRAW_OPT_NORMAL`) `[inline]`

Draw a graphic image from byte array. Draw a graphic image byte array on the screen at the specified x and y location. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphicArray, DrawGraphicArrayType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

data The byte array of the RIC graphic image.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc.

6.38.2.17 char GraphicArrayOutEx (int *x*, int *y*, byte *data*[ ], byte *vars*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image from byte array with parameters. Draw a graphic image byte array on the screen at the specified x and y location using an array of parameters. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphicArray, DrawGraphicArrayType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

data The byte array of the RIC graphic image.

vars The byte array of parameters.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

6.38.2.18 char GraphicOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image. Draw a graphic image file on the screen at the specified x and y location. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphic, DrawGraphicType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

filename The filename of the RIC graphic image.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_GraphicOut.nxc.

6.38.2.19 char GraphicOutEx (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, byte *vars*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image with parameters. Draw a graphic image file on the screen at the specified x and y location using an array of parameters. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphic, DrawGraphicType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

filename The filename of the RIC graphic image.

vars The byte array of parameters.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc, and ex_GraphicOutEx.nxc.

6.38.2.20 char LineOut (int *x1*, int *y1*, int *x2*, int *y2*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a line. This function lets you draw a line on the screen from x1, y1 to x2, y2. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawLine, DrawLineType

Parameters:

x1 The x value for the start of the line.

y1 The y value for the start of the line.

x2 The x value for the end of the line.

y2 The y value for the end of the line.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

6.38.2.21 char NumOut (int *x*, int *y*, variant *value*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a number. Draw a numeric value on the screen at the specified x and y location. The y value must be a multiple of 8. Valid line number constants are listed in the Line number constants group. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawText, DrawTextType

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the number output.

y The text line number for the number output.

value The value to output to the LCD screen. Any numeric type is supported.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_NumOut.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_Pos.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_SysReadSemData.nxc, ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc, ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.38.2.22 char PointOut (int *x*, int *y*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a point. This function lets you draw a point on the screen at x, y. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPoint, DrawPointType

Parameters:

x The x value for the point.

y The y value for the point.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_PointOut.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, and ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

6.38.2.23 char PolyOut (LocationType *points*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a polygon. This function lets you draw a polygon on the screen using an array of points. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPolygon, DrawPolygonType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

points An array of LocationType points that define the polygon.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_PolyOut.nxc.

6.38.2.24 char RectOut (int *x*, int *y*, int *width*, int *height*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a rectangle. This function lets you draw a rectangle on the screen at x, y with the specified width and height. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawRect, DrawRectType

Parameters:

x The x value for the top left corner of the rectangle.

y The y value for the top left corner of the rectangle.

width The width of the rectangle.

height The height of the rectangle.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_RectOut.nxc.

6.38.2.25 void ResetScreen () [inline]

Reset LCD screen. This function lets you restore the standard NXT running program screen.

Examples:

ex_ResetScreen.nxc.

6.38.2.26 void SetDisplayContrast (byte *contrast*) [inline]

Set the display contrast. This function lets you set the display contrast setting.

Parameters:

contrast The desired display contrast.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc, and ex_setdisplaycontrast.nxc.

6.38.2.27 void SetDisplayDisplay (unsigned long *dispaddr*) [inline]

Set the display memory address. This function lets you set the current display memory address.

Parameters:

dispaddr The new display memory address.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayDisplay.nxc.

6.38.2.28 void SetDisplayEraseMask (unsigned long *eraseMask*) [inline]

Set the display erase mask. This function lets you set the current display erase mask.

Parameters:

eraseMask The new display erase mask.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayEraseMask.nxc.

6.38.2.29 void SetDisplayFlags (byte *flags*) [inline]

Set the display flags. This function lets you set the current display flags.

Parameters:

flags The new display flags. See Display flags.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayFlags.nxc.

6.38.2.30 void SetDisplayFont (unsigned long *fontaddr*) [inline]

Set the display font memory address. This function lets you set the current display font memory address.

Parameters:

fontaddr The new display font memory address.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, and ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc.

6.38.2.31 void SetDisplayNormal (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Write pixel data to the normal display buffer. Write "cnt" bytes to the normal display memory from the data array. Start writing at the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position where you wish to write pixel data.

line The desired line where you wish to write pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to write.

data The array of bytes from which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_SetDisplayNormal.nxc.

6.38.2.32 void SetDisplayPopup (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write pixel data to the popup display buffer. Write "cnt" bytes to the popup display memory from the data array. Start writing at the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position where you wish to write pixel data.

line The desired line where you wish to write pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to write.

data The array of bytes from which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_SetDisplayPopup.nxc.

6.38.2.33 void SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags (byte *ctrFlags*) `[inline]`

Set the display text lines center flags. This function lets you set the current display text lines center flags.

Parameters:

ctrFlags The new display text lines center flags.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc.

6.38.2.34 void SetDisplayUpdateMask (unsigned long *updateMask*) [inline]

Set the display update mask. This function lets you set the current display update mask.

Parameters:

updateMask The new display update mask.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayUpdateMask.nxc.

6.38.2.35 void SysDisplayExecuteFunction (DisplayExecuteFunctionType & *args*) [inline]

Execute any Display module command. This function lets you directly execute the Display module's primary drawing function using the values specified via the DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

6.38.2.36 void SysDrawCircle (DrawCircleType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a circle. This function lets you draw a circle on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawCircleType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawCircleType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

6.38.2.37 void SysDrawEllipse (DrawEllipseType & *args*) [inline]

Draw an ellipse. This function lets you draw an ellipse on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawEllipseType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawEllipseType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

6.38.2.38 void SysDrawFont (DrawFontType & *args*) [inline]

Draw text using a custom font. This function lets you draw text on the NXT LCD using a custom font with parameters you pass in via the DrawFontType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawFontType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

6.38.2.39 void SysDrawGraphic (DrawGraphicType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a graphic (RIC file). This function lets you draw a graphic image (RIC file) on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawGraphicType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawGraphicType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

6.38.2.40 void SysDrawGraphicArray (DrawGraphicArrayType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a graphic image from a byte array. This function lets you draw a graphic image on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawGraphicArrayType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawGraphicArrayType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

6.38.2.41 void SysDrawLine (DrawLineType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a line. This function lets you draw a line on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawLineType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawLineType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

6.38.2.42 void SysDrawPoint (DrawPointType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a point. This function lets you draw a pixel on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawPointType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawPointType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc.

6.38.2.43 void SysDrawPolygon (DrawPolygonType & *args*) `[inline]`

Draw a polygon. This function lets you draw a polygon on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawPolygonType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawPolygonType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

6.38.2.44 void SysDrawRect (DrawRectType & *args*) `[inline]`

Draw a rectangle. This function lets you draw a rectangle on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawRectType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawRectType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

6.38.2.45 void SysDrawText (DrawTextType & *args*) [inline]

Draw text. This function lets you draw text on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawTextType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawTextType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

6.38.2.46 void SysSetScreenMode (SetScreenModeType & *args*) [inline]

Set the screen mode. This function lets you set the screen mode of the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawTextType structure.

Parameters:

args The SetScreenModeType structure containing the screen mode parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssetscreenmode.nxc.

6.38.2.47 char TextOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *str*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw text. Draw a text value on the screen at the specified x and y location. The y value must be a multiple of 8. Valid line number constants are listed in the Line number constants group. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawText, DrawTextType

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the text output.

y The text line number for the text output.

str The text to output to the LCD screen.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_-ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_-atand.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_-delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_-HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_-ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_-SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_-SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc, ex_-sysfileread.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, ex_tand.nxc, ex_TextOut.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.39 Sound module types

Types used by various sound module functions.

Data Structures

- struct Tone

  Type used with the PlayTones API function.

- struct SoundPlayFileType

  Parameters for the SoundPlayFile system call.

- struct SoundPlayToneType

Parameters for the SoundPlayTone system call.

- struct SoundGetStateType

  Parameters for the SoundGetState system call.

- struct SoundSetStateType

  Parameters for the SoundSetState system call.

6.39.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various sound module functions.

6.40 Sound module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying sound module features.

Functions

- char PlayFile (string filename)

  Play a file.

- char PlayFileEx (string filename, byte volume, bool loop)

  Play a file with extra options.

- char PlayTone (unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration)

  Play a tone.

- char PlayToneEx (unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration, byte volume, bool loop)

  Play a tone with extra options.

- byte SoundState ()

  Get sound module state.

- byte SoundFlags ()

  Get sound module flags.

- byte StopSound ()

  Stop sound.

- unsigned int SoundFrequency ()
  Get sound frequency.
- unsigned int SoundDuration ()
  Get sound duration.
- unsigned int SoundSampleRate ()
  Get sample rate.
- byte SoundMode ()
  Get sound mode.
- byte SoundVolume ()
  Get volume.
- void SetSoundDuration (unsigned int duration)
  Set sound duration.
- void SetSoundFlags (byte flags)
  Set sound module flags.
- void SetSoundFrequency (unsigned int frequency)
  Set sound frequency.
- void SetSoundMode (byte mode)
  Set sound mode.
- void SetSoundModuleState (byte state)
  Set sound module state.
- void SetSoundSampleRate (unsigned int sampleRate)
  Set sample rate.
- void SetSoundVolume (byte volume)
  Set sound volume.
- void SysSoundPlayFile (SoundPlayFileType &args)
  Play sound file.
- void SysSoundPlayTone (SoundPlayToneType &args)
  Play tone.

- void SysSoundGetState (SoundGetStateType &args)
  Get sound state.
- void SysSoundSetState (SoundSetStateType &args)
  Set sound state.
- void PlaySound (const int &aCode)
  Play a system sound.
- void PlayTones (Tone tones[ ])
  Play multiple tones.

6.40.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying sound module features.

6.40.2 Function Documentation

6.40.2.1 char PlayFile (string *filename*) `[inline]`

Play a file. Play the specified file. The filename may be any valid string expression. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

filename The name of the sound or melody file to play.

Examples:

ex_PlayFile.nxc.

6.40.2.2 char PlayFileEx (string *filename*, byte *volume*, bool *loop*) `[inline]`

Play a file with extra options. Play the specified file. The filename may be any valid string expression. Volume should be a number from 0 (silent) to 4 (loudest). Play the file repeatedly if loop is true. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

filename The name of the sound or melody file to play.

volume The desired tone volume.

loop A boolean flag indicating whether to play the file repeatedly.

Examples:

ex_PlayFileEx.nxc.

6.40.2.3 void PlaySound (const int & *aCode*)

Play a system sound. Play a sound that mimics the RCX system sounds using one of the RCX and Scout sound constants.

aCode	Resulting Sound
SOUND_CLICK	key click sound
SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP	double beep
SOUND_DOWN	sweep down
SOUND_UP	sweep up
SOUND_LOW_BEEP	error sound
SOUND_FAST_UP	fast sweep up

Parameters:

aCode The system sound to play. See RCX and Scout sound constants.

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

6.40.2.4 char PlayTone (unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*) `[inline]`

Play a tone. Play a single tone of the specified frequency and duration. The frequency is in Hz (see the Tone constants group). The duration is in 1000ths of a second (see the Time constants group). The tone is played at the loudest sound level supported by the firmware and it is not looped.

Parameters:

frequency The desired tone frequency, in Hz.

duration The desired tone duration, in ms.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_PlayTone.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

6.40.2.5 char PlayToneEx (unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*, byte *volume*, bool *loop*) [inline]

Play a tone with extra options. Play a single tone of the specified frequency, duration, and volume. The frequency is in Hz (see the Tone constants group). The duration is in 1000ths of a second (see the Time constants group). Volume should be a number from 0 (silent) to 4 (loudest). Play the tone repeatedly if loop is true.

Parameters:

frequency The desired tone frequency, in Hz.

duration The desired tone duration, in ms.

volume The desired tone volume.

loop A boolean flag indicating whether to play the tone repeatedly.

Examples:

ex_PlayToneEx.nxc.

6.40.2.6 void PlayTones (Tone *tones*[ ])

Play multiple tones. Play a series of tones contained in the tones array. Each element in the array is an instance of the Tone structure, containing a frequency and a duration.

Parameters:

tones The array of tones to play.

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

6.40.2.7 void SetSoundDuration (unsigned int *duration*) [inline]

Set sound duration. Set the sound duration.

See also:

SoundDuration()

Parameters:

duration The new sound duration

Examples:

ex_SetSoundDuration.nxc.

6.40.2.8 void SetSoundFlags (byte *flags*) [inline]

Set sound module flags. Set the sound module flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

See also:

SetSoundFlags(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Parameters:

flags The new sound module flags

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFlags.nxc.

6.40.2.9 void SetSoundFrequency (unsigned int *frequency*) [inline]

Set sound frequency. Set the sound frequency.

See also:

SoundFrequency()

Parameters:

frequency The new sound frequency

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFrequency.nxc.

6.40.2.10 void SetSoundMode (byte *mode*) [inline]

Set sound mode. Set the sound mode. See the SoundMode constants group.

See also:

SoundMode()

Parameters:

mode The new sound mode

Examples:

ex_SetSoundMode.nxc.

6.40.2.11 void SetSoundModuleState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set sound module state. Set the sound module state. See the SoundState constants group.

See also:

SoundState(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Parameters:

state The new sound state

Examples:

ex_SetSoundModuleState.nxc.

6.40.2.12 void SetSoundSampleRate (unsigned int *sampleRate*) [inline]

Set sample rate. Set the sound sample rate.

See also:

SoundSampleRate()

Parameters:

sampleRate The new sample rate

Examples:

ex_SetSoundSampleRate.nxc.

6.40.2.13 void SetSoundVolume (byte *volume*) [inline]

Set sound volume. Set the sound volume.

See also:

SoundVolume()

Parameters:

volume The new volume

Examples:

ex_SetSoundVolume.nxc.

6.40.2.14 unsigned int SoundDuration () [inline]

Get sound duration. Return the current sound duration.

See also:

SetSoundDuration()

Returns:

The current sound duration.

Examples:

ex_SoundDuration.nxc.

6.40.2.15 byte SoundFlags () [inline]

Get sound module flags. Return the current sound module flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

See also:

SetSoundFlags(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Returns:

The current sound module flags.

Examples:

ex_SoundFlags.nxc.

6.40.2.16 unsigned int SoundFrequency () [inline]

Get sound frequency. Return the current sound frequency.

See also:

SetSoundFrequency()

Returns:

The current sound frequency.

Examples:

ex_SoundFrequency.nxc.

6.40.2.17 byte SoundMode () [inline]

Get sound mode. Return the current sound mode. See the SoundMode constants group.

See also:

SetSoundMode()

Returns:

The current sound mode.

Examples:

ex_SoundMode.nxc.

6.40.2.18 unsigned int SoundSampleRate () [inline]

Get sample rate. Return the current sound sample rate.

See also:

SetSoundSampleRate()

Returns:

The current sound sample rate.

Examples:

ex_SoundSampleRate.nxc.

6.40.2.19 byte SoundState () [inline]

Get sound module state. Return the current sound module state. See the SoundState constants group.

See also:

SetSoundModuleState(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Returns:

The current sound module state.

Examples:

ex_SoundState.nxc.

6.40.2.20 byte SoundVolume () [inline]

Get volume. Return the current sound volume.

See also:

SetSoundVolume()

Returns:

The current sound volume.

Examples:

ex_SoundVolume.nxc.

6.40.2.21 byte StopSound () [inline]

Stop sound. Stop playing of the current tone or file.

Returns:

The result

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_StopSound.nxc.

6.40.2.22 void SysSoundGetState (SoundGetStateType & *args*) [inline]

Get sound state. This function lets you retrieve information about the sound module state via the SoundGetStateType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundGetStateType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

6.40.2.23 void SysSoundPlayFile (SoundPlayFileType & *args*) [inline]

Play sound file. This function lets you play a sound file given the parameters you pass in via the SoundPlayFileType structure. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

args The SoundPlayFileType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

6.40.2.24 void SysSoundPlayTone (SoundPlayToneType & *args*) [inline]

Play tone. This function lets you play a tone given the parameters you pass in via the SoundPlayToneType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundPlayToneType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

6.40.2.25 void SysSoundSetState (SoundSetStateType & *args*) [inline]

Set sound state. This function lets you set sound module state settings via the SoundSetStateType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundSetStateType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

6.41 LowSpeed module types

Types used by various low speed module functions.

Data Structures

- struct CommLSWriteType
  Parameters for the CommLSWrite system call.
- struct CommLSReadType
  Parameters for the CommLSRead system call.
- struct CommLSCheckStatusType
  Parameters for the CommLSCheckStatus system call.
- struct CommLSWriteExType
  Parameters for the CommLSWriteEx system call.

6.41.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various low speed module functions.

6.42 LowSpeed module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying low speed module features.

Modules

- Low level LowSpeed module functions
  Low level functions for accessing low speed module features.
- LowSpeed module system call functions
  System call functions for accessing low speed module features.

Functions

- byte SensorUS (const byte port)
  Read ultrasonic sensor value.

- char ReadSensorUSEx (const byte port, byte &values[ ])

  Read multiple ultrasonic sensor values.

- char ReadSensorEMeter (const byte &port, float &vIn, float &aIn, float &vOut, float &aOut, int &joules, float &wIn, float &wOut)

  Read the LEGO EMeter values.

- char ConfigureTemperatureSensor (const byte &port, const byte &config)

  Configure LEGO Temperature sensor options.

- float SensorTemperature (const byte &port)

  Read the LEGO Temperature sensor value.

- long LowspeedStatus (const byte port, byte &bytesready)

  Get lowspeed status.

- long LowspeedCheckStatus (const byte port)

  Check lowspeed status.

- byte LowspeedBytesReady (const byte port)

  Get lowspeed bytes ready.

- long LowspeedWrite (const byte port, byte retlen, byte buffer[ ])

  Write lowspeed data.

- long LowspeedRead (const byte port, byte buflen, byte &buffer[ ])

  Read lowspeed data.

- long I2CStatus (const byte port, byte &bytesready)

  Get I2C status.

- long I2CCheckStatus (const byte port)

  Check I2C status.

- byte I2CBytesReady (const byte port)

  Get I2C bytes ready.

- long I2CWrite (const byte port, byte retlen, byte buffer[ ])

  Write I2C data.

- long I2CRead (const byte port, byte buflen, byte &buffer[ ])

  Read I2C data.

- long I2CBytes (const byte port, byte inbuf[ ], byte &count, byte &outbuf[ ])
  Perform an I2C write/read transaction.
- char ReadI2CRegister (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte reg, byte &out)
  Read I2C register.
- char WriteI2CRegister (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte reg, byte val)
  Write I2C register.
- string I2CDeviceInfo (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte info)
  Read I2C device information.
- string I2CVersion (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device version.
- string I2CVendorId (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device vendor.
- string I2CDeviceId (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device identifier.
- long I2CSendCommand (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte cmd)
  Send an I2C command.

6.42.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying low speed module features.

6.42.2 Function Documentation

6.42.2.1 char ConfigureTemperatureSensor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *config*) `[inline]`

Configure LEGO Temperature sensor options. Set various LEGO Temperature sensor options.

Parameters:

port The port to which the temperature sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

config The temperature sensor configuration settings. See LEGO temperature sensor constants for configuration constants that can be ORed or added together.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc.

6.42.2.2 long I2CBytes (const byte *port*, byte *inbuf*[ ], byte & *count*, byte & *outbuf*[ ]) `[inline]`

Perform an I2C write/read transaction. This method writes the bytes contained in the input buffer (inbuf) to the I2C device on the specified port, checks for the specified number of bytes to be ready for reading, and then tries to read the specified number (count) of bytes from the I2C device into the output buffer (outbuf).

This is a higher-level wrapper around the three main I2C functions. It also maintains a "last good read" buffer and returns values from that buffer if the I2C communication transaction fails.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

inbuf A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

count The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device. On output count is set to the number of bytes in outbuf.

outbuf A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer.

Returns:

Returns true or false indicating whether the I2C transaction succeeded or failed.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, I2CRead, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CBytes.nxc.

6.42.2.3 byte I2CBytesReady (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C bytes ready. This method checks the number of bytes that are ready to be read on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful I2CWrite call that requested response data from the device then the return value will be the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CBytesReady.nxc.

6.42.2.4 long I2CCheckStatus (const byte *port*) [inline]

Check I2C status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to I2CRead or I2CWrite while this function returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, LowspeedStatus, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CCheckStatus.nxc.

6.42.2.5 string I2CDeviceId (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read I2C device identifier. Read standard I2C device identifier. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device identifier.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

6.42.2.6 string I2CDeviceInfo (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *info*) [inline]

Read I2C device information. Read standard I2C device information: version, vendor, and device ID. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

info A value indicating the type of device information you are requesting. See Standard I2C constants.

Returns:

A string containing the requested device information.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

6.42.2.7 long I2CRead (const byte *port*, byte *buflen*, byte & *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Read I2C data. Read the specified number of bytes from the I2C device on the specified port and store the bytes read in the byte array buffer provided. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

buflen The initial size of the output buffer.

buffer A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer. If the return value is negative then the output buffer will be empty.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CRead.nxc.

6.42.2.8 long I2CSendCommand (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *cmd*) [inline]

Send an I2C command. Send a command to an I2C device at the standard command register: I2C_REG_CMD. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

cmd The command to send to the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc.

6.42.2.9 long I2CStatus (const byte *port*, byte & *bytesready*) [inline]

Get I2C status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful I2CWrite call that requested response data from the device then bytesready will be set to the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

bytesready The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible return values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to I2CRead or I2CWrite while I2CStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, LowspeedStatus, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CStatus.nxc.

6.42.2.10 string I2CVendorId (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read I2C device vendor. Read standard I2C device vendor. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device vendor.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

6.42.2.11 string I2CVersion (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read I2C device version. Read standard I2C device version. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device version.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

6.42.2.12 long I2CWrite (const byte *port*, byte *retlen*, byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write I2C data. This method starts a transaction to write the bytes contained in the array buffer to the I2C device on the specified port. It also tells the I2C device the number of bytes that should be included in the response. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

retlen The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device.

buffer A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSWriteType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CWrite.nxc.

6.42.2.13 byte LowspeedBytesReady (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get lowspeed bytes ready. This method checks the number of bytes that are ready to be read on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful LowspeedWrite call that requested response data from the device then the return value will be the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedBytesReady.nxc.

6.42.2.14 long LowspeedCheckStatus (const byte *port*) [inline]

Check lowspeed status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to LowspeedRead or LowspeedWrite while LowspeedCheckStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedCheckStatus.nxc.

6.42.2.15 long LowspeedRead (const byte *port*, byte *buflen*, byte & *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read lowspeed data. Read the specified number of bytes from the I2C device on the specified port and store the bytes read in the byte array buffer provided. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

buflen The initial size of the output buffer.

buffer A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer. If the return value is negative then the output buffer will be empty.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedRead.nxc.

6.42.2.16 long LowspeedStatus (const byte *port*, byte & *bytesready*) [inline]

Get lowspeed status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful LowspeedWrite call that requested response data from the device then bytesready will be set to the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

bytesready The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to LowspeedRead or LowspeedWrite while LowspeedStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CCheckStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedStatus.nxc.

6.42.2.17 long LowspeedWrite (const byte *port*, byte *retlen*, byte *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Write lowspeed data. This method starts a transaction to write the bytes contained in the array buffer to the I2C device on the specified port. It also tells the I2C device the

number of bytes that should be included in the response. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

retlen The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device.

buffer A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSWriteType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedWrite.nxc.

6.42.2.18 char ReadI2CRegister (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *reg*, byte & *out*) `[inline]`

Read I2C register. Read a single byte from an I2C device register.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

reg The I2C device register from which to read a single byte.

out The single byte read from the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_readi2cregister.nxc.

6.42.2.19 char ReadSensorEMeter (const byte & *port*, float & *vIn*, float & *aIn*, float & *vOut*, float & *aOut*, int & *joules*, float & *wIn*, float & *wOut*) [inline]

Read the LEGO EMeter values. Read all the LEGO EMeter register values. They must all be read at once to ensure data coherency.

Parameters:

port The port to which the LEGO EMeter sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

vIn Input voltage

aIn Input current

vOut Output voltage

aOut Output current

joules The number of joules stored in the EMeter

wIn The number of watts generated

wOut The number of watts consumed

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorEMeter.nxc.

6.42.2.20 char ReadSensorUSEx (const byte *port*, byte & *values*[ ]) [inline]

Read multiple ultrasonic sensor values. Return eight ultrasonic sensor distance values.

Parameters:

port The port to which the ultrasonic sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

values An array of bytes that will contain the 8 distance values read from the ultrasonic sensor.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorUSEx.nxc.

6.42.2.21 float SensorTemperature (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read the LEGO Temperature sensor value. Return the temperature sensor value in degrees celcius. Since a temperature sensor is an I2C digital sensor its value cannot be read using the standard Sensor(n) value. The port must be configured as a temperature sensor port before using this function. Use SetSensorTemperature to configure the port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the temperature sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The temperature sensor value in degrees celcius.

Examples:

ex_SensorTemperature.nxc.

6.42.2.22 byte SensorUS (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read ultrasonic sensor value. Return the ultrasonic sensor distance value. Since an ultrasonic sensor is an I2C digital sensor its value cannot be read using the standard Sensor(n) value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The port to which the ultrasonic sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The ultrasonic sensor distance value (0..255)

Examples:

ex_SensorUS.nxc.

6.42.2.23 char WriteI2CRegister (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *reg*, byte *val*) [inline]

Write I2C register. Write a single byte to an I2C device register.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

reg The I2C device register to which to write a single byte.

val The byte to write to the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

6.43 Low level LowSpeed module functions

Low level functions for accessing low speed module features.

Functions

- void GetLSInputBuffer (const byte port, const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])

Get I2C input buffer data.

- void GetLSOutputBuffer (const byte port, const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])

  Get I2C output buffer data.

- byte LSInputBufferInPtr (const byte port)

  Get I2C input buffer in-pointer.

- byte LSInputBufferOutPtr (const byte port)

  Get I2C input buffer out-pointer.

- byte LSInputBufferBytesToRx (const byte port)

  Get I2C input buffer bytes to rx.

- byte LSOutputBufferInPtr (const byte port)

  Get I2C output buffer in-pointer.

- byte LSOutputBufferOutPtr (const byte port)

  Get I2C output buffer out-pointer.

- byte LSOutputBufferBytesToRx (const byte port)

  Get I2C output buffer bytes to rx.

- byte LSMode (const byte port)

  Get I2C mode.

- byte LSChannelState (const byte port)

  Get I2C channel state.

- byte LSErrorType (const byte port)

  Get I2C error type.

- byte LSState ()

  Get I2C state.

- byte LSSpeed ()

  Get I2C speed.

- byte LSNoRestartOnRead ()

  Get I2C no restart on read setting.

6.43.1 Detailed Description

Low level functions for accessing low speed module features.

6.43.2 Function Documentation

6.43.2.1 void GetLSInputBuffer (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the I2C input buffer for the specified port and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

offset A constant offset into the I2C input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the I2C input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetLSInputBuffer.nxc.

6.43.2.2 void GetLSOutputBuffer (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer data. This method reads cnt bytes of data from the I2C output buffer for the specified port and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

offset A constant offset into the I2C output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the I2C output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetLSOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.43.2.3 byte LSChannelState (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C channel state. This method returns the value of the I2C channel state for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port channel state. See LSChannelState constants.

Examples:

ex_LSChannelState.nxc.

6.43.2.4 byte LSErrorType (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C error type. This method returns the value of the I2C error type for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port error type. See LSErrorType constants.

Examples:

ex_LSErrorType.nxc.

6.43.2.5 byte LSInputBufferBytesToRx (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer bytes to rx. This method returns the value of the bytes to rx field of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's bytes to rx value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferBytesToRx.nxc.

6.43.2.6 byte LSInputBufferInPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.43.2.7 byte LSInputBufferOutPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.43.2.8 byte LSMode (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C mode. This method returns the value of the I2C mode for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port mode. See LSMode constants.

Examples:

ex_LSMode.nxc.

6.43.2.9 byte LSNoRestartOnRead () [inline]

Get I2C no restart on read setting. This method returns the value of the I2C no restart on read field.

Returns:

The I2C no restart on read field. See LSNoRestartOnRead constants.

Examples:

ex_LSNoRestartOnRead.nxc.

6.43.2.10 byte LSOutputBufferBytesToRx (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer bytes to rx. This method returns the value of the bytes to rx field of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's bytes to rx value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferBytesToRx.nxc.

6.43.2.11 byte LSOutputBufferInPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.43.2.12 byte LSOutputBufferOutPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.43.2.13 byte LSSpeed () [inline]

Get I2C speed. This method returns the value of the I2C speed.

Returns:

The I2C speed.

Warning:

This function is unimplemented within the firmware.

Examples:

ex_LSSpeed.nxc.

6.43.2.14 byte LSState () [inline]

Get I2C state. This method returns the value of the I2C state.

Returns:

The I2C state. See LSState constants.

Examples:

ex_LSState.nxc.

6.44 LowSpeed module system call functions

System call functions for accessing low speed module features.

Functions

- void SysCommLSWrite (CommLSWriteType &args)
  Write to a Lowspeed sensor.
- void SysCommLSRead (CommLSReadType &args)
  Read from a Lowspeed sensor.
- void SysCommLSCheckStatus (CommLSCheckStatusType &args)
  Check Lowspeed sensor status.
- void SysCommLSWriteEx (CommLSWriteExType &args)
  Write to a Lowspeed sensor (extra).

6.44.1 Detailed Description

System call functions for accessing low speed module features.

6.44.2 Function Documentation

6.44.2.1 void SysCommLSCheckStatus (CommLSCheckStatusType & *args*) [inline]

Check Lowspeed sensor status. This function lets you check the status of an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor transaction using the values specified via the CommLSCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

6.44.2.2 void SysCommLSRead (CommLSReadType & *args*) [inline]

Read from a Lowspeed sensor. This function lets you read from an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

6.44.2.3 void SysCommLSWrite (CommLSWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to a Lowspeed sensor. This function lets you write to an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

6.44.2.4 void SysCommLSWriteEx (CommLSWriteExType & *args*) [inline]

Write to a Lowspeed sensor (extra). This function lets you write to an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSWriteExType structure. This is the same as the SysCommLSWrite function except that you also can specify whether or not the Lowspeed module should issue a restart command to the I2C device before beginning to read data from the device.

Parameters:

args The CommLSWriteExType structure containing the desired parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

6.45 Command module types

Types used by various Command module functions.

Data Structures

- struct GetStartTickType

  Parameters for the GetStartTick system call.

- struct KeepAliveType

  Parameters for the KeepAlive system call.

- struct IOMapReadType

  Parameters for the IOMapRead system call.

- struct IOMapWriteType

  Parameters for the IOMapWrite system call.

- struct IOMapReadByIDType

  Parameters for the IOMapReadByID system call.

- struct IOMapWriteByIDType

  Parameters for the IOMapWriteByID system call.

- struct DatalogWriteType

Parameters for the DatalogWrite system call.

- struct DatalogGetTimesType

  Parameters for the DatalogGetTimes system call.

- struct ReadSemDataType

  Parameters for the ReadSemData system call.

- struct WriteSemDataType

  Parameters for the WriteSemData system call.

- struct UpdateCalibCacheInfoType

  Parameters for the UpdateCalibCacheInfo system call.

- struct ComputeCalibValueType

  Parameters for the ComputeCalibValue system call.

- struct MemoryManagerType

  Parameters for the MemoryManager system call.

- struct ReadLastResponseType

  Parameters for the ReadLastResponse system call.

6.45.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various Command module functions.

6.46 Command module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Command module features.

Modules

- Array API functions

  Functions for use with NXC array types.

Functions

- unsigned long CurrentTick ()
  Read the current system tick.
- unsigned long FirstTick ()
  Get the first tick.
- long ResetSleepTimer ()
  Reset the sleep timer.
- void SysCall (byte funcID, variant &args)
  Call any system function.
- void SysGetStartTick (GetStartTickType &args)
  Get start tick.
- void SysKeepAlive (KeepAliveType &args)
  Keep alive.
- void SysIOMapRead (IOMapReadType &args)
  Read from IOMap by name.
- void SysIOMapWrite (IOMapWriteType &args)
  Write to IOMap by name.
- void SysIOMapReadByID (IOMapReadByIDType &args)
  Read from IOMap by identifier.
- void SysIOMapWriteByID (IOMapWriteByIDType &args)
  Write to IOMap by identifier.
- void SysDatalogWrite (DatalogWriteType &args)
  Write to the datalog.
- void SysDatalogGetTimes (DatalogGetTimesType &args)
  Get datalog times.
- void SysReadSemData (ReadSemDataType &args)
  Read semaphore data.
- void SysWriteSemData (WriteSemDataType &args)
  Write semaphore data.

- void SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo (UpdateCalibCacheInfoType &args)

  Update calibration cache information.

- void SysComputeCalibValue (ComputeCalibValueType &args)

  Compute calibration values.

- char GetMemoryInfo (bool Compact, unsigned int &PoolSize, unsigned int &DataspaceSize)

  Read memory information.

- void SysMemoryManager (MemoryManagerType &args)

  Read memory information.

- char GetLastResponseInfo (bool Clear, byte &Length, byte &Command, byte &Buffer[ ])

  Read last response information.

- void SysReadLastResponse (ReadLastResponseType &args)

  Read last response information.

- void Wait (unsigned long ms)

  Wait some milliseconds.

- void Yield ()

  Yield to another task.

- void StopAllTasks ()

  Stop all tasks.

- void Stop (bool bvalue)

  Stop the running program.

- void ExitTo (task newTask)

  Exit to another task.

- void Precedes (task task1, task task2,..., task taskN)

  Declare tasks that this task precedes.

- void Follows (task task1, task task2,..., task taskN)

  Declare tasks that this task follows.

- void Acquire (mutex m)

Acquire a mutex.

- void Release (mutex m)

  Acquire a mutex.

- void StartTask (task t)

  Start a task.

- void StopTask (task t)

  Stop a task.

- void SetIOMapBytes (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set IOMap bytes by name.

- void SetIOMapValue (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOMap value by name.

- void GetIOMapBytes (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get IOMap bytes by name.

- void GetIOMapValue (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get IOMap value by name.

- void GetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Lowspeed module IOMap bytes.

- void GetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Display module IOMap bytes.

- void GetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Comm module IOMap bytes.

- void GetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Command module IOMap bytes.

- void SetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Command module IOMap bytes.

- void SetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Lowspeed module IOMap bytes.

- void SetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Display module IOMap bytes.

- void SetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Comm module IOMap bytes.

- void SetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set IOMap bytes by ID.

- void SetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOMap value by ID.

- void GetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get IOMap bytes by ID.

- void GetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get IOMap value by ID.

- void SetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set Command module IOMap value.

- void SetIOCtrlModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOCtrl module IOMap value.

- void SetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set Loader module IOMap value.

- void SetUIModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set Ui module IOMap value.

- void SetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Sound module IOMap value.
- void SetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Button module IOMap value.
- void SetInputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Input module IOMap value.
- void SetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Output module IOMap value.
- void SetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Lowspeed module IOMap value.
- void SetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Display module IOMap value.
- void SetCommModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Comm module IOMap value.
- void GetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Command module IOMap value.
- void GetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Loader module IOMap value.
- void GetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Sound module IOMap value.
- void GetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Button module IOMap value.
- void GetUIModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Ui module IOMap value.
- void GetInputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Input module IOMap value.
- void GetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Output module IOMap value.

- void GetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get LowSpeed module IOMap value.
- void GetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Display module IOMap value.
- void GetCommModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Comm module IOMap value.

6.46.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Command module features.

6.46.2 Function Documentation

6.46.2.1 void Acquire (mutex *m*) `[inline]`

Acquire a mutex. Acquire the specified mutex variable. If another task already has acquired the mutex then the current task will be suspended until the mutex is released by the other task. This function is used to ensure that the current task has exclusive access to a shared resource, such as the display or a motor. After the current task has finished using the shared resource the program should call Release to allow other tasks to acquire the mutex.

Parameters:

m The mutex to acquire.

Examples:

ex_Acquire.nxc, and ex_Release.nxc.

6.46.2.2 unsigned long CurrentTick () `[inline]`

Read the current system tick. This function lets you current system tick count.

Returns:

The current system tick count.

Examples:

ex_CurrentTick.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.46.2.3 void ExitTo (task *newTask*) [inline]

Exit to another task. Immediately exit the current task and start executing the specified task.

Parameters:

newTask The task to start executing after exiting the current task.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc.

6.46.2.4 unsigned long FirstTick () [inline]

Get the first tick. Return an unsigned 32-bit value, which is the system timing value (called a "tick") in milliseconds at the time that the program began running.

Returns:

The tick count at the start of program execution.

Examples:

ex_FirstTick.nxc.

6.46.2.5 void Follows (task *task1*, task *task2*, ..., task *taskN*) [inline]

Declare tasks that this task follows. Schedule this task to follow the specified tasks so that it will execute once any of the specified tasks has completed executing. This statement should occur once within a task - preferably at the start of the task definition. If multiple tasks declare that they follow the same task then they will all execute simultaneously unless other dependencies prevent them from doing so. Any number of tasks may be listed in the Follows statement.

Parameters:

task1 The first task that this task follows.

task2 The second task that this task follows.

taskN The last task that this task follows.

Examples:

ex_Follows.nxc.

6.46.2.6 void GetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Get Button module IOMap value. Read a value from the Button module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Button module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Button module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.7 void GetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get Command module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Command module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Command module IOMap.

6.46.2.8 void GetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Command module IOMap value. Read a value from the Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.9 void GetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Comm module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Comm module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Comm module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Comm module IOMap.

6.46.2.10 void GetCommModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Comm module IOMap value. Read a value from the Comm module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.11 void GetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get Display module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Display module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Display module IOMap.

6.46.2.12 void GetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Get Display module IOMap value. Read a value from the Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.13 void GetInputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Get Input module IOMap value. Read a value from the Input module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Input module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Input module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.14 void GetIOMapBytes (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get IOMap bytes by name. Read one or more bytes of data from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be read

count The number of bytes to read from the specified IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the IOMap

6.46.2.15 void GetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get IOMap bytes by ID. Read one or more bytes of data from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be read.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.46.2.16 void GetIOMapValue (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Get IOMap value by name. Read a value from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to read the value along with a variable that will contain the IOMap value.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap

6.46.2.17 void GetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Get IOMap value by ID. Read a value from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to read the value along with a variable that will contain the IOMap value.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.46.2.18 char GetLastResponseInfo (bool *Clear*, byte & *Length*, byte & *Command*, byte & *Buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Read last response information. Read the last direct or system command response packet received by the NXT. Optionally clear the response after retrieving the information.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Parameters:

Clear A boolean value indicating whether to clear the response or not.

Length The response packet length.

Command The original command byte.

Buffer The response packet buffer.

Returns:

The response status code.

Examples:

ex_GetLastResponseInfo.nxc.

6.46.2.19 void GetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Loader module IOMap value. Read a value from the Loader module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Loader module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Loader module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.20 void GetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Lowspeed module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Lowspeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Lowspeed module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Lowspeed module IOMap.

6.46.2.21 void GetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get LowSpeed module IOMap value. Read a value from the LowSpeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.22 char GetMemoryInfo (bool *Compact*, unsigned int & *PoolSize*, unsigned int & *DataspaceSize*) [inline]

Read memory information. Read the current pool size and dataspace size. Optionally compact the dataspace before returning the information. Running programs have a maximum of 32k bytes of memory available. The amount of free RAM can be calculated by subtracting the value returned by this function from POOL_MAX_SIZE.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

Compact A boolean value indicating whether to compact the dataspace or not.

PoolSize The current pool size.

DataspaceSize The current dataspace size.

Returns:

The function call result. It will be NO_ERR if the compact operation is not performed. Otherwise it will be the result of the compact operation.

Examples:

ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc.

6.46.2.23 void GetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Output module IOMap value. Read a value from the Output module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Output module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Output module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.24 void GetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Sound module IOMap value. Read a value from the Sound module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Sound module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Sound module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.25 void GetUIModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Ui module IOMap value. Read a value from the Ui module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Ui module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Ui module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

6.46.2.26 void Precedes (task *task1*, task *task2*, ..., task *taskN*) [inline]

Declare tasks that this task precedes. Schedule the listed tasks for execution once the current task has completed executing. The tasks will all execute simultaneously unless other dependencies prevent them from doing so. This statement should be used once within a task - preferably at the start of the task definition. Any number of tasks may be listed in the Precedes statement.

Parameters:

task1 The first task to start executing after the current task ends.

task2 The second task to start executing after the current task ends.

taskN The last task to start executing after the current task ends.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_Precedes.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

6.46.2.27 void Release (mutex *m*) [inline]

Acquire a mutex. Release the specified mutex variable. Use this to relinquish a mutex so that it can be acquired by another task. Release should always be called after a matching call to Acquire and as soon as possible after a shared resource is no longer needed.

Parameters:

m The mutex to release.

Examples:

ex_Acquire.nxc, and ex_Release.nxc.

6.46.2.28 long ResetSleepTimer () [inline]

Reset the sleep timer. This function lets you reset the sleep timer.

Returns:

The result of resetting the sleep timer.

Examples:

ex_ResetSleepTimer.nxc.

6.46.2.29 void SetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Button module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Button module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Button module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Button module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Button module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Button module IOMap.

6.46.2.30 void SetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set Command module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Command module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Command module IOMap.

6.46.2.31 void SetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Command module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Command module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Command module IOMap.

6.46.2.32 void SetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set Comm module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Comm module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Comm module IOMap.

6.46.2.33 void SetCommModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Set Comm module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Comm module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Comm module IOMap.

6.46.2.34 void SetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set Display module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Display module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Display module IOMap.

6.46.2.35 void SetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Display module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Display module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Display module IOMap.

6.46.2.36 void SetInputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Input module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Input module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Input module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Input module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Input module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Input module IOMap.

6.46.2.37 void SetIOCtrlModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set IOCtrl module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the IOCtrl module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the IOCtrl module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOCtrl module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See IOCtrl module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOCtrl module IOMap.

6.46.2.38 void SetIOMapBytes (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set IOMap bytes by name. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be written

count The number of bytes to write at the specified IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the IOMap

6.46.2.39 void SetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set IOMap bytes by ID. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be written.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.46.2.40 void SetIOMapValue (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set IOMap value by name. Set one of the fields of an IOMap structure to a new value. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the new value should be written

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOMap

6.46.2.41 void SetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set IOMap value by ID. Set one of the fields of an IOMap structure to a new value. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the new value should be written.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.46.2.42 void SetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Loader module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Loader module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Loader module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Loader module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Loader module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Loader module IOMap.

6.46.2.43 void SetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set Lowspeed module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Lowspeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Lowspeed module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Lowspeed module IOMap.

6.46.2.44 void SetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Set Lowspeed module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Lowspeed module IOMap.

6.46.2.45 void SetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Output module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Output module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Output module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Output module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Output module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Output module IOMap.

6.46.2.46 void SetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Sound module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Sound module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Sound module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Sound module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Sound module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Sound module IOMap.

6.46.2.47 void SetUIModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Ui module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Ui module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Ui module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Ui module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Ui module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Ui module IOMap.

6.46.2.48 void StartTask (task *t*) `[inline]`

Start a task. Start the specified task.

Parameters:

t The task to start.

Examples:

ex_StartTask.nxc.

6.46.2.49 void Stop (bool *bvalue*) `[inline]`

Stop the running program. Stop the running program if bvalue is true. This will halt the program completely, so any code following this command will be ignored.

Parameters:

bvalue If this value is true the program will stop executing.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Stop.nxc.

6.46.2.50 void StopAllTasks () `[inline]`

Stop all tasks. Stop all currently running tasks. This will halt the program completely, so any code following this command will be ignored.

Examples:

ex_StopAllTasks.nxc.

6.46.2.51 void StopTask (task *t*) [inline]

Stop a task. Stop the specified task.

Parameters:

t The task to stop.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_StopTask.nxc.

6.46.2.52 void SysCall (byte *funcID*, variant & *args*) [inline]

Call any system function. This generic macro can be used to call any system function. No type checking is performed so you need to make sure you use the correct structure type given the selected system function ID. This is, however, the fastest possible way to call a system function in NXC.

Valid function ID constants are defined in the System Call function constants group.

Parameters:

funcID The function ID constant corresponding to the function to be called.

args The structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_syscall.nxc.

6.46.2.53 void SysComputeCalibValue (ComputeCalibValueType & *args*) [inline]

Compute calibration values. This function lets you compute calibration values using the values specified via the ComputeCalibValueType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The ComputeCalibValueType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

6.46.2.54 void SysDatalogGetTimes (DatalogGetTimesType & *args*) [inline]

Get datalog times. This function lets you get datalog times using the values specified via the DatalogGetTimesType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The DatalogGetTimesType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

6.46.2.55 void SysDatalogWrite (DatalogWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to the datalog. This function lets you write to the datalog using the values specified via the DatalogWriteType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The DatalogWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc.

6.46.2.56 void SysGetStartTick (GetStartTickType & *args*) `[inline]`

Get start tick. This function lets you obtain the tick value at the time your program began executing via the GetStartTickType structure.

Parameters:

args The GetStartTickType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_sysgetstarttick.nxc.

6.46.2.57 void SysIOMapRead (IOMapReadType & *args*) `[inline]`

Read from IOMap by name. This function lets you read data from a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The IOMapReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

6.46.2.58 void SysIOMapReadByID (IOMapReadByIDType & *args*) [inline]

Read from IOMap by identifier. This function lets you read data from a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapReadByIDType structure. This function can be as much as three times faster than using SysIOMapRead since it does not have to do a string lookup using the ModuleName.

Parameters:

args The IOMapReadByIDType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

6.46.2.59 void SysIOMapWrite (IOMapWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to IOMap by name. This function lets you write data to a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The IOMapWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

6.46.2.60 void SysIOMapWriteByID (IOMapWriteByIDType & *args*) [inline]

Write to IOMap by identifier. This function lets you write data to a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapWriteByIDType structure. This function can be as much as three times faster than using SysIOMapWrite since it does not have to do a string lookup using the ModuleName.

Parameters:

args The IOMapWriteByIDType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

6.46.2.61 void SysKeepAlive (KeepAliveType & *args*) `[inline]`

Keep alive. This function lets you reset the sleep timer via the KeepAliveType structure.

Parameters:

args The KeepAliveType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_syskeepalive.nxc.

6.46.2.62 void SysMemoryManager (MemoryManagerType & *args*) `[inline]`

Read memory information. This function lets you read memory information using the values specified via the MemoryManagerType structure.

Parameters:

args The MemoryManagerType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

6.46.2.63 void SysReadLastResponse (ReadLastResponseType & *args*) [inline]

Read last response information. This function lets you read the last system or direct command response received by the NXT using the values specified via the ReadLastResponseType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadLastResponseType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

6.46.2.64 void SysReadSemData (ReadSemDataType & *args*) [inline]

Read semaphore data. This function lets you read global motor semaphore data using the values specified via the ReadSemDataType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadSemDataType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysReadSemData.nxc.

6.46.2.65 void SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo (UpdateCalibCacheInfoType & *args*) [inline]

Update calibration cache information. This function lets you update calibration cache information using the values specified via the UpdateCalibCacheInfoType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The UpdateCalibCacheInfoType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

6.46.2.66 void SysWriteSemData (WriteSemDataType & *args*) `[inline]`

Write semaphore data. This function lets you write global motor semaphore data using the values specified via the WriteSemDataType structure.

Parameters:

args The WriteSemDataType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

6.46.2.67 void Wait (unsigned long *ms*) `[inline]`

Wait some milliseconds. Make a task sleep for specified amount of time (in 1000ths of a second).

Parameters:

ms The number of milliseconds to sleep.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispfunc.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_dispgoutex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_playsound.nxc, ex_playtones.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, ex_wait.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, glBoxDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.46.2.68 void Yield () [inline]

Yield to another task. Make a task yield to another concurrently running task.

Examples:

ex_yield.nxc.

6.47 Array API functions

Functions for use with NXC array types.

Functions

- void ArrayBuild (variant &aout[ ], variant src1, variant src2,..., variant srcN)

Build an array.

- unsigned int ArrayLen (variant data[ ])

  Get array length.

- void ArrayInit (variant &aout[ ], variant value, unsigned int count)

  Initialize an array.

- void ArraySubset (variant &aout[ ], variant asrc[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Copy an array subset.

- variant ArraySum (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the sum of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMean (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the mean of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArraySumSqr (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayStd (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMin (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the minimum of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMax (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the maximum of the elements in a numeric array.

- void ArraySort (variant &dest[ ], const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Sort the elements in a numeric array.

- void ArrayOp (const byte op, variant &dest, const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Operate on numeric arrays.

6.47.1 Detailed Description

Functions for use with NXC array types.

6.47.2 Function Documentation

6.47.2.1 void ArrayBuild (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *src1*, variant *src2*, ..., variant *srcN*) [inline]

Build an array. Build a new array from the specified source(s). The sources can be of any type so long as the number of dimensions is equal to or one less than the number of dimensions in the output array and the type is compatible with the type of the output array. If a source is an array with the same number of dimensions as the output array then all of its elements are added to the output array.

Parameters:

aout The output array to build.

src1 The first source to build into the output array.

src2 The second source to build into the output array.

srcN The first source to build into the output array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

6.47.2.2 void ArrayInit (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *value*, unsigned int *count*) [inline]

Initialize an array. Initialize the array to contain count elements with each element equal to the value provided. To initialize a multi-dimensional array, the value should be an array of N-1 dimensions, where N is the number of dimensions in the array being initialized.

Parameters:

aout The output array to initialize.

value The value to initialize each element to.

count The number of elements to create in the output array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayInit.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

6.47.2.3 unsigned int ArrayLen (variant *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get array length. Return the length of the specified array. Any type of array of up to four dimensions can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

data The array whose length you need to read.

Returns:

The length of the specified array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayLen.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, and ex_tand.nxc.

6.47.2.4 variant ArrayMax (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) `[inline]`

Calculate the maximum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the maximum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The maximum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, and ex_ArraySort.nxc.

6.47.2.5 variant ArrayMean (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the mean of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the mean of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The mean value of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMean.nxc.

6.47.2.6 variant ArrayMin (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the minimum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the minimum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The minimum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMin.nxc, and ex_ArraySort.nxc.

6.47.2.7 void ArrayOp (const byte *op*, variant & *dest*, const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Operate on numeric arrays. This function lets you perform various operations on numeric arrays.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

op The array operation. See Array operation constants.

dest The destination variant type (scalar or array, depending on the operation).

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the specified process. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Examples:

ex_ArrayOp.nxc.

6.47.2.8 void ArraySort (variant & *dest*[ ], const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Sort the elements in a numeric array. This function sorts all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array in ascending order and saves the results in the numeric dest array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

dest The destination numeric array.

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the sorting process. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc.

6.47.2.9 variant ArrayStd (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) `[inline]`

Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the standard deviation of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The standard deviation of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayStd.nxc.

6.47.2.10 void ArraySubset (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *asrc*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy an array subset. Copy a subset of the source array starting at the specified index and containing the specified number of elements into the destination array.

Parameters:

aout The output array containing the subset.

asrc The input array from which to copy a subset.

idx The start index of the array subset.

len The length of the array subset.

Examples:

ex_ArraySubset.nxc.

6.47.2.11 variant ArraySum (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the sum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the sum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The sum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArraySum.nxc.

6.47.2.12 variant ArraySumSqr (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) `[inline]`

Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the sum of the squares of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The sum of the squares of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc.

6.48 IOCtrl module types

Types used by various IOCtrl module functions. Types used by various IOCtrl module functions.

6.49 IOCtrl module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying IOCtrl module features.

Functions

- void PowerDown ()

  Power down the NXT.

- void SleepNow ()
  Put the brick to sleep immediately.
- void RebootInFirmwareMode ()
  Reboot the NXT in firmware download mode.

6.49.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying IOCtrl module features.

6.49.2 Function Documentation

6.49.2.1 void PowerDown () [inline]

Power down the NXT. This function powers down the NXT. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_PowerDown.nxc.

6.49.2.2 void RebootInFirmwareMode () [inline]

Reboot the NXT in firmware download mode. This function lets you reboot the NXT into SAMBA or firmware download mode. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_RebootInFirmwareMode.nxc.

6.49.2.3 void SleepNow () [inline]

Put the brick to sleep immediately. This function lets you immediately put the NXT to sleep. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_SleepNow.nxc.

6.50 Comm module types

Types used by various Comm module functions.

Data Structures

- struct MessageWriteType
  Parameters for the MessageWrite system call.
- struct MessageReadType
  Parameters for the MessageRead system call.
- struct CommBTCheckStatusType
  Parameters for the CommBTCheckStatus system call.
- struct CommBTWriteType
  Parameters for the CommBTWrite system call.
- struct CommExecuteFunctionType
  Parameters for the CommExecuteFunction system call.
- struct CommHSControlType
  Parameters for the CommHSControl system call.
- struct CommHSCheckStatusType
  Parameters for the CommHSCheckStatus system call.
- struct CommHSReadWriteType
  Parameters for the CommHSReadWrite system call.
- struct CommBTOnOffType
  Parameters for the CommBTOnOff system call.
- struct CommBTConnectionType
  Parameters for the CommBTConnection system call.

6.50.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various Comm module functions.

6.51 Comm module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Comm module features.

Modules

- Direct Command functions
  Functions for sending direct commands to another NXT.
- System Command functions
  Functions for sending system commands to another NXT.

Functions

- char SendMessage (byte queue, string msg)
  Send a message to a queue/mailbox.
- char ReceiveMessage (byte queue, bool clear, string &msg)
  Read a message from a queue/mailbox.
- char BluetoothStatus (byte conn)
  Check bluetooth status.
- char BluetoothWrite (byte conn, byte buffer[ ])
  Write to a bluetooth connection.
- char RemoteConnectionWrite (byte conn, byte buffer[ ])
  Write to a remote connection.
- bool RemoteConnectionIdle (byte conn)
  Check if remote connection is idle.
- char SendRemoteBool (byte conn, byte queue, bool bval)
  Send a boolean value to a remote mailbox.
- char SendRemoteNumber (byte conn, byte queue, long val)
  Send a numeric value to a remote mailbox.
- char SendRemoteString (byte conn, byte queue, string str)
  Send a string value to a remote mailbox.

- char SendResponseBool (byte queue, bool bval)

  Write a boolean value to a local response mailbox.

- char SendResponseNumber (byte queue, long val)

  Write a numeric value to a local response mailbox.

- char SendResponseString (byte queue, string str)

  Write a string value to a local response mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteBool (byte queue, bool clear, bool &bval)

  Read a boolean value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteMessageEx (byte queue, bool clear, string &str, long &val, bool &bval)

  Read a value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteNumber (byte queue, bool clear, long &val)

  Read a numeric value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteString (byte queue, bool clear, string &str)

  Read a string value from a queue/mailbox.

- void UseRS485 (void)

  Use the RS485 port.

- char RS485Control (byte cmd, byte baud, unsigned int mode)

  Control the RS485 port.

- bool RS485DataAvailable (void)

  Check for RS485 available data.

- char RS485Initialize (void)

  Initialize RS485 port.

- char RS485Disable (void)

  Disable RS485.

- char RS485Enable (void)

  Enable RS485.

- char RS485Read (byte &buffer[ ])

  Read RS485 data.

- bool RS485SendingData (void)
  Is RS485 sending data.
- void RS485Status (bool &sendingData, bool &dataAvail)
  Check RS485 status.
- char RS485Uart (byte baud, unsigned int mode)
  Configure RS485 UART.
- char RS485Write (byte buffer[ ])
  Write RS485 data.
- char SendRS485Bool (bool bval)
  Write RS485 boolean.
- char SendRS485Number (long val)
  Write RS485 numeric.
- char SendRS485String (string str)
  Write RS485 string.
- void GetBTInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth input buffer data.
- void GetBTOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth output buffer data.
- void GetHSInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get hi-speed port input buffer data.
- void GetHSOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get hi-speed port output buffer data.
- void GetUSBInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb input buffer data.
- void GetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb output buffer data.
- void GetUSBPollBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb poll buffer data.

- string BTDeviceName (const byte devidx)
  Get bluetooth device name.
- string BTConnectionName (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device name.
- string BTConnectionPinCode (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device pin code.
- string BrickDataName (void)
  Get NXT name.
- void GetBTDeviceAddress (const byte devidx, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth device address.
- void GetBTConnectionAddress (const byte conn, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth device address.
- void GetBrickDataAddress (byte &data[ ])
  Get NXT address.
- long BTDeviceClass (const byte devidx)
  Get bluetooth device class.
- byte BTDeviceStatus (const byte devidx)
  Get bluetooth device status.
- long BTConnectionClass (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device class.
- byte BTConnectionHandleNum (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device handle number.
- byte BTConnectionStreamStatus (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device stream status.
- byte BTConnectionLinkQuality (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device link quality.
- int BrickDataBluecoreVersion (void)
  Get NXT bluecore version.

- byte BrickDataBtStateStatus (void)

  Get NXT bluetooth state status.

- byte BrickDataBtHardwareStatus (void)

  Get NXT bluetooth hardware status.

- byte BrickDataTimeoutValue (void)

  Get NXT bluetooth timeout value.

- byte BTInputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get bluetooth input buffer in-pointer.

- byte BTInputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get bluetooth input buffer out-pointer.

- byte BTOutputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get bluetooth output buffer in-pointer.

- byte BTOutputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get bluetooth output buffer out-pointer.

- byte HSInputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer.

- byte HSInputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer.

- byte HSOutputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer.

- byte HSOutputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer.

- byte USBInputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get usb port input buffer in-pointer.

- byte USBInputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get usb port input buffer out-pointer.

- byte USBOutputBufferInPtr (void)

  Get usb port output buffer in-pointer.

- byte USBOutputBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get usb port output buffer out-pointer.

- byte USBPollBufferInPtr (void)

  Get usb port poll buffer in-pointer.

- byte USBPollBufferOutPtr (void)

  Get usb port poll buffer out-pointer.

- byte BTDeviceCount (void)

  Get bluetooth device count.

- byte BTDeviceNameCount (void)

  Get bluetooth device name count.

- byte HSFlags (void)

  Get hi-speed port flags.

- byte HSSpeed (void)

  Get hi-speed port speed.

- byte HSState (void)

  Get hi-speed port state.

- int HSMode (void)

  Get hi-speed port mode.

- int BTDataMode (void)

  Get Bluetooth data mode.

- int HSDataMode (void)

  Get hi-speed port datamode.

- byte USBState (void)

  Get USB state.

- void SetBTInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])

  Set bluetooth input buffer data.

- void SetBTInputBufferInPtr (byte n)

  Set bluetooth input buffer in-pointer.

- void SetBTInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth input buffer out-pointer.
- void SetBTOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set bluetooth output buffer data.
- void SetBTOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth output buffer in-pointer.
- void SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth output buffer out-pointer.
- void SetHSInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set hi-speed port input buffer data.
- void SetHSInputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer.
- void SetHSInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer.
- void SetHSOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set hi-speed port output buffer data.
- void SetHSOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer.
- void SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer.
- void SetUSBInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set USB input buffer data.
- void SetUSBInputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set USB input buffer in-pointer.
- void SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set USB input buffer out-pointer.
- void SetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set USB output buffer data.

- void SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set USB output buffer in-pointer.
- void SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set USB output buffer out-pointer.
- void SetUSBPollBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set USB poll buffer data.
- void SetUSBPollBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set USB poll buffer in-pointer.
- void SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set USB poll buffer out-pointer.
- void SetHSFlags (byte hsFlags)
  Set hi-speed port flags.
- void SetHSSpeed (byte hsSpeed)
  Set hi-speed port speed.
- void SetHSState (byte hsState)
  Set hi-speed port state.
- void SetHSMode (unsigned int hsMode)
  Set hi-speed port mode.
- void SetBTDataMode (const byte dataMode)
  Set Bluetooth data mode.
- void SetHSDataMode (const byte dataMode)
  Set hi-speed port data mode.
- void SetUSBState (byte usbState)
  Set USB state.
- void SysMessageWrite (MessageWriteType &args)
  Write message.
- void SysMessageRead (MessageReadType &args)
  Read message.

- void SysCommBTWrite (CommBTWriteType &args)
  Write data to a Bluetooth connection.
- void SysCommBTCheckStatus (CommBTCheckStatusType &args)
  Check Bluetooth connection status.
- void SysCommExecuteFunction (CommExecuteFunctionType &args)
  Execute any Comm module command.
- void SysCommHSControl (CommHSControlType &args)
  Control the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommHSCheckStatus (CommHSCheckStatusType &args)
  Check the hi-speed port status.
- void SysCommHSRead (CommHSReadWriteType &args)
  Read from the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommHSWrite (CommHSReadWriteType &args)
  Write to the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommBTOnOff (CommBTOnOffType &args)
  Turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem.
- void SysCommBTConnection (CommBTConnectionType &args)
  Connect or disconnect a bluetooth device.

6.51.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Comm module features.

6.51.2 Function Documentation

6.51.2.1 char BluetoothStatus (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Check bluetooth status. Check the status of the bluetooth subsystem for the specified connection slot.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

The bluetooth status for the specified connection.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothStatus.nxc, and ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

6.51.2.2 char BluetoothWrite (byte *conn*, byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write to a bluetooth connection. This method tells the NXT firmware to write the data in the buffer to the device on the specified Bluetooth connection. Use BluetoothStatus to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. See Remote connection constants.

buffer The data to be written (up to 128 bytes)

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothWrite.nxc.

6.51.2.3 int BrickDataBluecoreVersion (void) `[inline]`

Get NXT bluecore version. This method returns the bluecore version of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluecore version number.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBluecoreVersion.nxc.

6.51.2.4 byte BrickDataBtHardwareStatus (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth hardware status. This method returns the Bluetooth hardware status of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth hardware status.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBtHardwareStatus.nxc.

6.51.2.5 byte BrickDataBtStateStatus (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth state status. This method returns the Bluetooth state status of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth state status.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBtStateStatus.nxc.

6.51.2.6 string BrickDataName (void) [inline]

Get NXT name. This method returns the name of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth name.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataName.nxc.

6.51.2.7 byte BrickDataTimeoutValue (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth timeout value. This method returns the Bluetooth timeout value of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth timeout value.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataTimeoutValue.nxc.

6.51.2.8 long BTConnectionClass (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device class. This method returns the class of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The class of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionClass.nxc.

6.51.2.9 byte BTConnectionHandleNum (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device handle number. This method returns the handle number of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The handle number of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionHandleNum.nxc.

6.51.2.10 byte BTConnectionLinkQuality (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device link quality. This method returns the link quality of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The link quality of the specified connection slot (unimplemented).

Warning:

This function is not implemented at the firmware level.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionLinkQuality.nxc.

6.51.2.11 string BTConnectionName (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device name. This method returns the name of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The name of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionName.nxc.

6.51.2.12 string BTConnectionPinCode (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device pin code. This method returns the pin code of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The pin code for the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionPinCode.nxc.

6.51.2.13 byte BTConnectionStreamStatus (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device stream status. This method returns the stream status of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The stream status of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionStreamStatus.nxc.

6.51.2.14 int BTDataMode (void) [inline]

Get Bluetooth data mode. This method returns the value of the Bluetooth data mode.

Returns:

The Bluetooth data mode. See Data mode constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.51.2.15 long BTDeviceClass (const byte *devidx*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device class. This method returns the class of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The device class of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceClass.nxc.

6.51.2.16 byte BTDeviceCount (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth device count. This method returns the number of devices defined within the Bluetooth device table.

Returns:

The count of known bluetooth devices.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceCount.nxc.

6.51.2.17 string BTDeviceName (const byte *devidx*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device name. This method returns the name of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The device name of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceName.nxc.

6.51.2.18 byte BTDeviceNameCount (void) `[inline]`

Get bluetooth device name count. This method returns the number of device names defined within the Bluetooth device table. This usually has the same value as BTDeviceCount but it can differ in some instances.

Returns:

The count of known bluetooth device names.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceNameCount.nxc.

6.51.2.19 byte BTDeviceStatus (const byte *devidx*) `[inline]`

Get bluetooth device status. This method returns the status of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The status of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceStatus.nxc.

6.51.2.20 byte BTInputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the Bluetooth input buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.21 byte BTInputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the Bluetooth input buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.22 byte BTOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the Bluetooth output buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.23 byte BTOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the Bluetooth output buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.24 void GetBrickDataAddress (byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get NXT address. This method reads the address of the NXT and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc.

6.51.2.25 void GetBTConnectionAddress (const byte *conn*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth device address. This method reads the address of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBTConnectionAddress.nxc.

6.51.2.26 void GetBTDeviceAddress (const byte *devidx*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth device address. This method reads the address of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBTDeviceAddress.nxc.

6.51.2.27 void GetBTInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the Bluetooth input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the bluetooth input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the bluetooth input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetBTInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.28 void GetBTOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the Bluetooth output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the bluetooth output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the bluetooth output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetBTOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.29 void GetHSInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the hi-speed port input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the hi-speed port input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the hi-speed port input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetHSInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.30 void GetHSOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the hi-speed port output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the hi-speed port output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the hi-speed port output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetHSOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.31 void GetUSBInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.32 void GetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.33 void GetUSBPollBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb poll buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb poll buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb poll buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb poll buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBPollBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.34 int HSDataMode (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port datamode. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port data mode.

Returns:

The hi-speed port data mode. See Data mode constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.51.2.35 byte HSFlags (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port flags. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port flags.

Returns:

The hi-speed port flags. See Hi-speed port flags constants.

Examples:

ex_HSFlags.nxc.

6.51.2.36 byte HSInputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the hi-speed port input buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.37 byte HSInputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the hi-speed port input buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.38 int HSMode (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port mode. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port mode.

Returns:

The hi-speed port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_HSMode.nxc.

6.51.2.39 byte HSOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the hi-speed port output buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.40 byte HSOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the hi-speed port output buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.41 byte HSSpeed (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port speed. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port speed (baud rate).

Returns:

The hi-speed port speed (baud rate). See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

Examples:

ex_HSSpeed.nxc.

6.51.2.42 byte HSState (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port state. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port state.

Returns:

The hi-speed port state. See Hi-speed port state constants.

Examples:

ex_HSState.nxc.

6.51.2.43 char ReceiveMessage (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *msg*) [inline]

Read a message from a queue/mailbox. Read a message from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

msg The message that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

6.51.2.44 char ReceiveRemoteBool (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, bool & *bval*) [inline]

Read a boolean value from a queue/mailbox. Read a boolean value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

bval The boolean value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteBool.nxc, and ex_ReceiveRemoteNumber.nxc.

6.51.2.45 char ReceiveRemoteMessageEx (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *str*, long & *val*, bool & *bval*) [inline]

Read a value from a queue/mailbox. Read a value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number. Output the value in string, number, and boolean form.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

str The string value that is read from the mailbox.

val The numeric value that is read from the mailbox.

bval The boolean value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteMessageEx.nxc.

6.51.2.46 char ReceiveRemoteNumber (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, long & *val*) [inline]

Read a numeric value from a queue/mailbox. Read a numeric value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

val The numeric value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

6.51.2.47 char ReceiveRemoteString (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *str*) [inline]

Read a string value from a queue/mailbox. Read a string value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

str The string value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteString.nxc.

6.51.2.48 bool RemoteConnectionIdle (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Check if remote connection is idle. Check whether a Bluetooth or RS485 hi-speed port connection is idle, i.e., not currently sending data.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the connection is idle or busy.

Warning:

Checking the status of the RS485 hi-speed connection requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware

Examples:

ex_RemoteConnectionIdle.nxc.

6.51.2.49 char RemoteConnectionWrite (byte *conn*, byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write to a remote connection. This method tells the NXT firmware to write the data in the buffer to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

buffer The data to be written (up to 128 bytes)

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

Writing to the RS485 hi-speed connection requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware

Examples:

ex_RemoteConnectionWrite.nxc.

6.51.2.50 char RS485Control (byte *cmd*, byte *baud*, unsigned int *mode*) [inline]

Control the RS485 port. Control the RS485 hi-speed port using the specified parameters.

Parameters:

cmd The control command to send to the port. See Hi-speed port SysCommHSControl constants.

baud The baud rate for the RS485 port. See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

mode The RS485 port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.51 bool RS485DataAvailable (void) [inline]

Check for RS485 available data. Check the RS485 hi-speed port for available data.

Returns:

A value indicating whether data is available or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc.

6.51.2.52 char RS485Disable (void) [inline]

Disable RS485. Turn off the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.53 char RS485Enable (void) [inline]

Enable RS485. Turn on the RS485 hi-speed port so that it can be used.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.54 char RS485Initialize (void) [inline]

Initialize RS485 port. Initialize the RS485 UART port to its default values. The baud rate is set to 921600 and the mode is set to 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit). Data cannot be sent or received over the RS485 port until the port is configured as as a hi-speed port, the port is turned on, and the UART is initialized.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.55 char RS485Read (byte & *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Read RS485 data. Read data from the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

buffer A byte array that will contain the data read from the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc.

6.51.2.56 bool RS485SendingData (void) [inline]

Is RS485 sending data. Check whether the RS485 is actively sending data.

Returns:

A value indicating whether data is being sent or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.57 void RS485Status (bool & *sendingData*, bool & *dataAvail*) [inline]

Check RS485 status. Check the status of the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

sendingData A boolean value set to true on output if data is being sent.

dataAvail A boolean value set to true on output if data is available to be read.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.58 char RS485Uart (byte *baud*, unsigned int *mode*) [inline]

Configure RS485 UART. Configure the RS485 UART parameters, including baud rate, data bits, stop bits, and parity.

Parameters:

baud The baud rate for the RS485 port. See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

mode The RS485 port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.59 char RS485Write (byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write RS485 data. Write data to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

buffer A byte array containing the data to write to the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.60 char SendMessage (byte *queue*, string *msg*) `[inline]`

Send a message to a queue/mailbox. Write a message into a local mailbox.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

msg The message to write to the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendMessage.nxc.

6.51.2.61 char SendRemoteBool (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, bool *bval*) [inline]

Send a boolean value to a remote mailbox. Send a boolean value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

bval The boolean value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteBool.nxc.

6.51.2.62 char SendRemoteNumber (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, long *val*) [inline]

Send a numeric value to a remote mailbox. Send a numeric value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

val The numeric value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteNumber.nxc.

6.51.2.63 char SendRemoteString (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, string *str*) `[inline]`

Send a string value to a remote mailbox. Send a string value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

str The string value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteString.nxc.

6.51.2.64 char SendResponseBool (byte *queue*, bool *bval*) `[inline]`

Write a boolean value to a local response mailbox. Write a boolean value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

bval The boolean value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseBool.nxc.

6.51.2.65 char SendResponseNumber (byte *queue*, long *val*) `[inline]`

Write a numeric value to a local response mailbox. Write a numeric value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

val The numeric value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseNumber.nxc.

6.51.2.66 char SendResponseString (byte *queue*, string *str*) `[inline]`

Write a string value to a local response mailbox. Write a string value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

str The string value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseString.nxc.

6.51.2.67 char SendRS485Bool (bool *bval*) [inline]

Write RS485 boolean. Write a boolean value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

bval A boolean value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.68 char SendRS485Number (long *val*) [inline]

Write RS485 numeric. Write a numeric value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

val A numeric value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.69 char SendRS485String (string *str*) [inline]

Write RS485 string. Write a string value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

str A string value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.51.2.70 void SetBTDataMode (const byte *dataMode*) [inline]

Set Bluetooth data mode. This method sets the value of the Bluetooth data mode.

Parameters:

dataMode The Bluetooth data mode. See Data mode constants. Must be a constant.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.51.2.71 void SetBTInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the bluetooth input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.72 void SetBTInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.73 void SetBTInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.74 void SetBTOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the bluetooth output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.75 void SetBTOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.76 void SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.77 void SetHSDataMode (const byte *dataMode*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port data mode. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port data mode.

Parameters:

dataMode The hi-speed port data mode. See Data mode constants. Must be a constant.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.51.2.78 void SetHSFlags (byte *hsFlags*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port flags. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port flags.

Parameters:

hsFlags The hi-speed port flags. See Hi-speed port flags constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSFlags.nxc.

6.51.2.79 void SetHSInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the hi-speed port input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.80 void SetHSInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.81 void SetHSInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.82 void SetHSMode (unsigned int *hsMode*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port mode. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port mode.

Parameters:

hsMode The hi-speed port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sethsmode.nxc.

6.51.2.83 void SetHSOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the hi-speed port output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.84 void SetHSOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.85 void SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.86 void SetHSSpeed (byte *hsSpeed*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port speed. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port speed (baud rate).

Parameters:

hsSpeed The hi-speed port speed (baud rate). See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSSpeed.nxc.

6.51.2.87 void SetHSState (byte *hsState*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port state. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port state.

Parameters:

hsState The hi-speed port state. See Hi-speed port state constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSState.nxc.

6.51.2.88 void SetUSBInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set USB input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.89 void SetUSBInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.90 void SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.91 void SetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set USB output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.92 void SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) `[inline]`

Set USB output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.93 void SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) `[inline]`

Set USB output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.94 void SetUSBPollBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set USB poll buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB poll buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the poll buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBuffer.nxc.

6.51.2.95 void SetUSBPollBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB poll buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the poll buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.96 void SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB poll buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the poll buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.97 void SetUSBState (byte *usbState*) [inline]

Set USB state. This method sets the value of the USB state.

Parameters:

usbState The USB state.

Examples:

ex_SetUsbState.nxc.

6.51.2.98 void SysCommBTCheckStatus (CommBTCheckStatusType & *args*)

Check Bluetooth connection status. This function lets you check the status of a Bluetooth connection using the values specified via the CommBTCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc.

6.51.2.99 void SysCommBTConnection (CommBTConnectionType & *args*) `[inline]`

Connect or disconnect a bluetooth device. This function lets you connect or disconnect a bluetooth device using the values specified via the CommBTConnectionType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTConnectionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

6.51.2.100 void SysCommBTOnOff (CommBTOnOffType & *args*) `[inline]`

Turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem. This function lets you turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem using the values specified via the CommBTOnOffType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTOnOffType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc.

6.51.2.101 void SysCommBTWrite (CommBTWriteType & *args*)

Write data to a Bluetooth connection. This function lets you write to a Bluetooth connection using the values specified via the CommBTWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc.

6.51.2.102 void SysCommExecuteFunction (CommExecuteFunctionType & *args*) `[inline]`

Execute any Comm module command. This function lets you directly execute the Comm module's primary function using the values specified via the CommExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommExecuteFunctionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

6.51.2.103 void SysCommHSCheckStatus (CommHSCheckStatusType & *args*) [inline]

Check the hi-speed port status. This function lets you check the hi-speed port status using the values specified via the CommHSCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc.

6.51.2.104 void SysCommHSControl (CommHSControlType & *args*) [inline]

Control the hi-speed port. This function lets you control the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSControlType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSControlType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

6.51.2.105 void SysCommHSRead (CommHSReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Read from the hi-speed port. This function lets you read from the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc.

6.51.2.106 void SysCommHSWrite (CommHSReadWriteType & *args*) `[inline]`

Write to the hi-speed port. This function lets you write to the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc.

6.51.2.107 void SysMessageRead (MessageReadType & *args*)

Read message. This function lets you read a message from a queue (aka mailbox) using the values specified via the MessageReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The MessageReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

6.51.2.108 void SysMessageWrite (MessageWriteType & *args*)

Write message. This function lets you write a message to a queue (aka mailbox) using the values specified via the MessageWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The MessageWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

6.51.2.109 byte USBInputBufferInPtr (void) `[inline]`

Get usb port input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port input buffer.

Returns:

The USB port input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.110 byte USBInputBufferOutPtr (void) `[inline]`

Get usb port input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port input buffer.

Returns:

The USB port input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.111 byte USBOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port output buffer.

Returns:

The USB port output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.112 byte USBOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port output buffer.

Returns:

The USB port output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.113 byte USBPollBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port poll buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port poll buffer.

Returns:

The USB port poll buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBPollBufferInPtr.nxc.

6.51.2.114 byte USBPollBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port poll buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port poll buffer.

Returns:

The USB port poll buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc, and ex_UsbState.nxc.

6.51.2.115 byte USBState (void) [inline]

Get USB state. This method returns the value of the USB state.

Returns:

The USB state.

6.51.2.116 void UseRS485 (void) [inline]

Use the RS485 port. Configure port 4 for RS485 usage.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.52 Direct Command functions

Functions for sending direct commands to another NXT.

Functions

- char RemoteKeepAlive (byte conn)

  Send a KeepAlive message.

- char RemoteMessageRead (byte conn, byte queue)

Send a MessageRead message.

- char RemoteMessageWrite (byte conn, byte queue, string msg)

  Send a MessageWrite message.

- char RemotePlaySoundFile (byte conn, string filename, bool bloop)

  Send a PlaySoundFile message.

- char RemotePlayTone (byte conn, unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration)

  Send a PlayTone message.

- char RemoteResetMotorPosition (byte conn, byte port, bool brelative)

  Send a ResetMotorPosition message.

- char RemoteResetScaledValue (byte conn, byte port)

  Send a ResetScaledValue message.

- char RemoteSetInputMode (byte conn, byte port, byte type, byte mode)

  Send a SetInputMode message.

- char RemoteSetOutputState (byte conn, byte port, char speed, byte mode, byte regmode, char turnpct, byte runstate, unsigned long tacholimit)

  Send a SetOutputMode message.

- char RemoteStartProgram (byte conn, string filename)

  Send a StartProgram message.

- char RemoteStopProgram (byte conn)

  Send a StopProgram message.

- char RemoteStopSound (byte conn)

  Send a StopSound message.

- char RemoteGetOutputState (byte conn, OutputStateType &params)

  Send a GetOutputState message.

- char RemoteGetInputValues (byte conn, InputValuesType &params)

  Send a GetInputValues message.

- char RemoteGetBatteryLevel (byte conn, int &value)

  Send a GetBatteryLevel message.

- char RemoteLowspeedGetStatus (byte conn, byte &value)

  Send a LowspeedGetStatus message.

- char RemoteLowspeedRead (byte conn, byte port, byte &bread, byte &data[ ])

  Send a LowspeedRead message.

- char RemoteGetCurrentProgramName (byte conn, string &name)

  Send a GetCurrentProgramName message.

- char RemoteDatalogRead (byte conn, bool remove, byte &cnt, byte &log[ ])

  Send a DatalogRead message.

- char RemoteGetContactCount (byte conn, byte &cnt)

  Send a GetContactCount message.

- char RemoteGetContactName (byte conn, byte idx, string &name)

  Send a GetContactName message.

- char RemoteGetConnectionCount (byte conn, byte &cnt)

  Send a GetConnectionCount message.

- char RemoteGetConnectionName (byte conn, byte idx, string &name)

  Send a GetConnectionName message.

- char RemoteGetProperty (byte conn, byte property, variant &value)

  Send a GetProperty message.

- char RemoteResetTachoCount (byte conn, byte port)

  Send a ResetTachoCount message.

- char RemoteDatalogSetTimes (byte conn, long synctime)

  Send a DatalogSetTimes message.

- char RemoteSetProperty (byte conn, byte prop, variant value)

  Send a SetProperty message.

- char RemoteLowspeedWrite (byte conn, byte port, byte txlen, byte rxlen, byte data[ ])

  Send a LowspeedWrite message.

6.52.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sending direct commands to another NXT.

6.52.2 Function Documentation

6.52.2.1 char RemoteDatalogRead (byte *conn*, bool *remove*, byte & *cnt*, byte & *log*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a DatalogRead message. Send the DatalogRead direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

remove Remove the datalog message from the queue after reading it (true or false).

cnt The number of bytes read from the datalog.

log A byte array containing the datalog contents.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDatalogRead.nxc.

6.52.2.2 char RemoteDatalogSetTimes (byte *conn*, long *synctime*) `[inline]`

Send a DatalogSetTimes message. Send the DatalogSetTimes direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

synctime The datalog sync time.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDatalogSetTimes.nxc.

6.52.2.3 char RemoteGetBatteryLevel (byte *conn*, int & *value*) `[inline]`

Send a GetBatteryLevel message. Send the GetBatteryLevel direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

value The battery level value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetBatteryLevel.nxc.

6.52.2.4 char RemoteGetConnectionCount (byte *conn*, byte & *cnt*) `[inline]`

Send a GetConnectionCount message. This method sends a GetConnectionCount direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

cnt The number of connections.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetConnectionCount.nxc.

6.52.2.5 char RemoteGetConnectionName (byte *conn*, byte *idx*, string & *name*) `[inline]`

Send a GetConnectionName message. Send the GetConnectionName direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

idx The index of the connection.

name The name of the specified connection.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetConnectionName.nxc.

6.52.2.6 char RemoteGetContactCount (byte *conn*, byte & *cnt*) [inline]

Send a GetContactCount message. This method sends a GetContactCount direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

cnt The number of contacts.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetContactCount.nxc.

6.52.2.7 char RemoteGetContactName (byte *conn*, byte *idx*, string & *name*) [inline]

Send a GetContactName message. Send the GetContactName direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

idx The index of the contact.

name The name of the specified contact.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetContactName.nxc.

6.52.2.8 char RemoteGetCurrentProgramName (byte *conn*, string & *name*) [inline]

Send a GetCurrentProgramName message. This method sends a GetCurrentProgramName direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The current program name.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetCurrentProgramName.nxc.

6.52.2.9 char RemoteGetInputValues (byte *conn*, InputValuesType & *params*) [inline]

Send a GetInputValues message. Send the GetInputValues direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

params The input and output parameters for the function call. See InputValuesType.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc.

6.52.2.10 char RemoteGetOutputState (byte *conn*, OutputStateType & *params*) `[inline]`

Send a GetOutputState message. Send the GetOutputState direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

params The input and output parameters for the function call. See OutputStateType.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc.

6.52.2.11 char RemoteGetProperty (byte *conn*, byte *property*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Send a GetProperty message. Send the GetProperty direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

property The property to read. See Property constants.

value The property value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc.

6.52.2.12 char RemoteKeepAlive (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a KeepAlive message. This method sends a KeepAlive direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteKeepAlive.nxc.

6.52.2.13 char RemoteLowspeedGetStatus (byte *conn*, byte & *value*) [inline]

Send a LowspeedGetStatus message. This method sends a LowspeedGetStatus direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

value The count of available bytes to read.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedGetStatus.nxc.

6.52.2.14 char RemoteLowspeedRead (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte & *bread*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send a LowspeedRead message. Send the LowspeedRead direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port from which to read I2C data. See Input port constants.

bread The number of bytes read.

data A byte array containing the data read from the I2C device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc.

6.52.2.15 char RemoteLowspeedWrite (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte *txlen*, byte *rxlen*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a LowspeedWrite message. Send the LowspeedWrite direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The I2C port. See Input port constants.

txlen The number of bytes you are writing to the I2C device.

rxlen The number of bytes want to read from the I2C device.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing to the device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc.

6.52.2.16 char RemoteMessageRead (byte *conn*, byte *queue*) `[inline]`

Send a MessageRead message. This method sends a MessageRead direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox to read. See Mailbox constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteMessageRead.nxc.

6.52.2.17 char RemoteMessageWrite (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, string *msg*) [inline]

Send a MessageWrite message. This method sends a MessageWrite direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox to write. See Mailbox constants.

msg The message to write to the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteMessageWrite.nxc.

6.52.2.18 char RemotePlaySoundFile (byte *conn*, string *filename*, bool *bloop*) [inline]

Send a PlaySoundFile message. Send the PlaySoundFile direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the sound file to play.

bloop A boolean value indicating whether to loop the sound file or not.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePlaySoundFile.nxc.

6.52.2.19 char RemotePlayTone (byte *conn*, unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*) `[inline]`

Send a PlayTone message. Send the PlayTone direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

frequency The frequency of the tone.

duration The duration of the tone.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePlayTone.nxc.

6.52.2.20 char RemoteResetMotorPosition (byte *conn*, byte *port*, bool *brelative*) [inline]

Send a ResetMotorPosition message. Send the ResetMotorPosition direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to reset.

brelative A flag indicating whether the counter to reset is relative.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetMotorPosition.nxc.

6.52.2.21 char RemoteResetScaledValue (byte *conn*, byte *port*) [inline]

Send a ResetScaledValue message. Send the ResetScaledValue direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port to reset.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetScaledValue.nxc.

6.52.2.22 char RemoteResetTachoCount (byte *conn*, byte *port*) [inline]

Send a ResetTachoCount message. Send the ResetTachoCount direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to reset the tachometer count on. See Output port constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc.

6.52.2.23 char RemoteSetInputMode (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte *type*, byte *mode*) [inline]

Send a SetInputMode message. Send the SetInputMode direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port to configure. See Input port constants.

type The sensor type. See Sensor type constants.

mode The sensor mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc.

6.52.2.24 char RemoteSetOutputState (byte *conn*, byte *port*, char *speed*, byte *mode*, byte *regmode*, char *turnpct*, byte *runstate*, unsigned long *tacholimit*) [inline]

Send a SetOutputMode message. Send the SetOutputMode direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to configure. See Output port constants.

speed The motor speed. (-100..100)

mode The motor mode. See Output port mode constants.

regmode The motor regulation mode. See Output port regulation mode constants.

turnpct The motor synchronized turn percentage. (-100..100)

runstate The motor run state. See Output port run state constants.

tacholimit The motor tachometer limit.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

6.52.2.25 char RemoteSetProperty (byte *conn*, byte *prop*, variant *value*) [inline]

Send a SetProperty message. Send the SetProperty direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

prop The property to set. See Property constants.

value The new property value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc.

6.52.2.26 char RemoteStartProgram (byte *conn*, string *filename*) `[inline]`

Send a StartProgram message. Send the StartProgram direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the program to start running.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStartProgram.nxc.

6.52.2.27 char RemoteStopProgram (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Send a StopProgram message. Send the StopProgram direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStopProgram.nxc.

6.52.2.28 char RemoteStopSound (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Send a StopSound message. Send the StopSound direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStopSound.nxc.

6.53 System Command functions

Functions for sending system commands to another NXT.

Functions

- char RemoteOpenRead (byte conn, string filename, byte &handle, long &size)

  Send an OpenRead message.

- char RemoteOpenAppendData (byte conn, string filename, byte &handle, long &size)

  Send an OpenAppendData message.

- char RemoteDeleteFile (byte conn, string filename)

  Send a DeleteFile message.

- char RemoteFindFirstFile (byte conn, string mask, byte &handle, string &name, long &size)

  Send a FindFirstFile message.

- char RemoteGetFirmwareVersion (byte conn, byte &pmin, byte &pmaj, byte &fmin, byte &fmaj)

  Send a GetFirmwareVersion message.

- char RemoteGetBluetoothAddress (byte conn, byte &btaddr[ ])

  Send a GetBluetoothAddress message.

- char RemoteGetDeviceInfo (byte conn, string &name, byte &btaddr[ ], byte &btsignal[ ], long &freemem)

  Send a GetDeviceInfo message.

- char RemoteDeleteUserFlash (byte conn)

  Send a DeleteUserFlash message.

- char RemoteOpenWrite (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWrite message.

- char RemoteOpenWriteLinear (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWriteLinear message.

- char RemoteOpenWriteData (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWriteData message.

- char RemoteCloseFile (byte conn, byte handle)

  Send a CloseFile message.

- char RemoteFindNextFile (byte conn, byte &handle, string &name, long &size)

  Send a FindNextFile message.

- char RemotePollCommandLength (byte conn, byte bufnum, byte &length)

  Send a PollCommandLength message.

- char RemoteWrite (byte conn, byte &handle, int &numbytes, byte data[ ])

  Send a Write message.

- char RemoteRead (byte conn, byte &handle, int &numbytes, byte &data[ ])

  Send a Read message.

- char RemoteIOMapRead (byte conn, long id, int offset, int &numbytes, byte &data[ ])

  Send an IOMapRead message.

- char RemotePollCommand (byte conn, byte bufnum, byte &len, byte &data[ ])

  Send a PollCommand message.

- char RemoteRenameFile (byte conn, string oldname, string newname)

  Send a RenameFile message.

- char RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset (byte conn)

  Send a BluetoothFactoryReset message.

- char RemoteIOMapWriteValue (byte conn, long id, int offset, variant value)

  Send an IOMapWrite value message.

- char RemoteIOMapWriteBytes (byte conn, long id, int offset, byte data[ ])

  Send an IOMapWrite bytes message.

- char RemoteSetBrickName (byte conn, string name)

  Send a SetBrickName message.

6.53.1 Detailed Description

Functions for sending system commands to another NXT.

6.53.2 Function Documentation

6.53.2.1 char RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Send a BluetoothFactoryReset message. This method sends a BluetoothFactoryReset system command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed. This command cannot be sent over a bluetooth connection.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset.nxc.

6.53.2.2 char RemoteCloseFile (byte *conn*, byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Send a CloseFile message. Send the CloseFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file to close.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteCloseFile.nxc.

6.53.2.3 char RemoteDeleteFile (byte *conn*, string *filename*) `[inline]`

Send a DeleteFile message. Send the DeleteFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to delete.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDeleteFile.nxc.

6.53.2.4 char RemoteDeleteUserFlash (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Send a DeleteUserFlash message. This method sends a DeleteUserFlash system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDeleteUserFlash.nxc.

6.53.2.5 char RemoteFindFirstFile (byte *conn*, string *mask*, byte & *handle*, string & *name*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send a FindFirstFile message. Send the FindFirstFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

mask The filename mask for the files you want to find.

handle The handle of the found file.

name The name of the found file.

size The size of the found file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteFindFirstFile.nxc.

6.53.2.6 char RemoteFindNextFile (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, string & *name*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send a FindNextFile message. Send the FindNextFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle returned by the last FindFirstFile or FindNextFile call.

name The name of the next found file.

size The size of the next found file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteFindNextFile.nxc.

6.53.2.7 char RemoteGetBluetoothAddress (byte *conn*, byte & *btaddr*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a GetBluetoothAddress message. This method sends a GetBluetoothAddress system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

btaddr The bluetooth address of the remote device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetBluetoothAddress.nxc.

6.53.2.8 char RemoteGetDeviceInfo (byte *conn*, string & *name*, byte & *btaddr*[ ], byte & *btsignal*[ ], long & *freemem*) `[inline]`

Send a GetDeviceInfo message. This method sends a GetDeviceInfo system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The name of the remote device.

btaddr The bluetooth address of the remote device.

btsignal The signal strength of each connection on the remote device.

freemem The number of bytes of free flash memory on the remote device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetDeviceInfo.nxc.

6.53.2.9 char RemoteGetFirmwareVersion (byte *conn*, byte & *pmin*, byte & *pmaj*, byte & *fmin*, byte & *fmaj*) `[inline]`

Send a GetFirmwareVersion message. This method sends a GetFirmwareVersion system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

pmin The protocol minor version byte.

pmaj The protocol major version byte.

fmin The firmware minor version byte.

fmaj The firmware major version byte.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetFirmwareVersion.nxc.

6.53.2.10 char RemoteIOMapRead (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, int & *numbytes*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send an IOMapRead message. Send the IOMapRead system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module from which to read data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure from which to read.

numbytes The number of bytes of data to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc.

6.53.2.11 char RemoteIOMapWriteBytes (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send an IOMapWrite bytes message. Send the IOMapWrite system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module to which to write data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure to which to write.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing to the IOMap structure.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc.

6.53.2.12 char RemoteIOMapWriteValue (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Send an IOMapWrite value message. Send the IOMapWrite system command on the specified connection slot to write the value provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module to which to write data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure to which to write.

value A scalar variable containing the value you are writing to the IOMap structure.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc.

6.53.2.13 char RemoteOpenAppendData (byte *conn*, string *filename*, byte & *handle*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send an OpenAppendData message. Send the OpenAppendData system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for appending.

handle The handle of the file.

size The size of the file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenAppendData.nxc.

6.53.2.14 char RemoteOpenRead (byte *conn*, string *filename*, byte & *handle*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send an OpenRead message. Send the OpenRead system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for reading.

handle The handle of the file.

size The size of the file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenRead.nxc.

6.53.2.15 char RemoteOpenWrite (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) `[inline]`

Send an OpenWrite message. Send the OpenWrite system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWrite.nxc.

6.53.2.16 char RemoteOpenWriteData (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Send an OpenWriteData message. Send the OpenWriteData system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWriteData.nxc.

6.53.2.17 char RemoteOpenWriteLinear (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Send an OpenWriteLinear message. Send the OpenWriteLinear system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWriteLinear.nxc.

6.53.2.18 char RemotePollCommand (byte *conn*, byte *bufnum*, byte & *len*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a PollCommand message. Send the PollCommand system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

bufnum The buffer from which to read data (0=USBPoll, 1=HiSpeed).

len The number of bytes to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePollCommand.nxc.

6.53.2.19 char RemotePollCommandLength (byte *conn*, byte *bufnum*, byte & *length*) [inline]

Send a PollCommandLength message. Send the PollCommandLength system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

bufnum The poll buffer you want to query (0=USBPoll, 1=HiSpeed).

length The number of bytes available for polling.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePollCommandLength.nxc.

6.53.2.20 char RemoteRead (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, int & *numbytes*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send a Read message. Send the Read system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file you are reading from.

numbytes The number of bytes you want to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteRead.nxc.

6.53.2.21 char RemoteRenameFile (byte *conn*, string *oldname*, string *newname*) `[inline]`

Send a RenameFile message. Send the RenameFile system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

oldname The old filename.

newname The new filename.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteRenameFile.nxc.

6.53.2.22 char RemoteSetBrickName (byte *conn*, string *name*) `[inline]`

Send a SetBrickName message. Send the SetBrickName system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The new brick name.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetBrickName.nxc.

6.53.2.23 char RemoteWrite (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, int & *numbytes*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a Write message. Send the Write system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file you are writing to.

numbytes The number of bytes actually written.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteWrite.nxc.

6.54 Button module types

Types used by various Button module functions.

Data Structures

- struct ReadButtonType

  Parameters for the ReadButton system call.

6.54.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various Button module functions.

6.55 Button module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Button module features.

Functions

- bool ButtonPressed (const byte btn, bool resetCount)

  Check for button press.

- byte ButtonCount (const byte btn, bool resetCount)

  Get button press count.

- char ReadButtonEx (const byte btn, bool reset, bool &pressed, unsigned int &count)

  Read button information.

- byte ButtonPressCount (const byte btn)

  Get button press count.

- byte ButtonLongPressCount (const byte btn)

  Get button long press count.

- byte ButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte btn)

  Get button short release count.

- byte ButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte btn)

  Get button long release count.

- byte ButtonReleaseCount (const byte btn)
  Get button release count.
- byte ButtonState (const byte btn)
  Get button state.
- void SetButtonLongPressCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button long press count.
- void SetButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button long release count.
- void SetButtonPressCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button press count.
- void SetButtonReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button release count.
- void SetButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button short release count.
- void SetButtonState (const byte btn, const byte state)
  Set button state.
- void SysReadButton (ReadButtonType &args)
  Read button.

6.55.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Button module features.

6.55.2 Function Documentation

6.55.2.1 byte ButtonCount (const byte *btn*, bool *resetCount*) `[inline]`

Get button press count. Return the number of times the specified button has been pressed since the last time the button press count was reset. Optionally clear the count after reading it.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

resetCount Whether or not to reset the press counter.

Returns:

The button press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonCount.nxc.

6.55.2.2 byte ButtonLongPressCount (const byte *btn*) `[inline]`

Get button long press count. Return the long press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button long press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonLongPressCount.nxc.

6.55.2.3 byte ButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) `[inline]`

Get button long release count. Return the long release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button long release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.4 byte ButtonPressCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button press count. Return the press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.55.2.5 bool ButtonPressed (const byte *btn*, bool *resetCount*) [inline]

Check for button press. This function checks whether the specified button is pressed or not. You may optionally reset the press count.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

resetCount Whether or not to reset the press counter.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the button is pressed or not.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_-SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.55.2.6 byte ButtonReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button release count. Return the release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.7 byte ButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button short release count. Return the short release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button short release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.8 byte ButtonState (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button state. Return the state of the specified button. See ButtonState constants.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button state.

Examples:

ex_ButtonState.nxc.

6.55.2.9 char ReadButtonEx (const byte *btn*, bool *reset*, bool & *pressed*, unsigned int & *count*) [inline]

Read button information. Read the specified button. Set the pressed and count parameters with the current state of the button. Optionally reset the press count after reading it.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

reset Whether or not to reset the press counter.

pressed The button pressed state.

count The button press count.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadButtonEx.nxc.

6.55.2.10 void SetButtonLongPressCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button long press count. Set the long press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new long press count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonLongPressCount.nxc.

6.55.2.11 void SetButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button long release count. Set the long release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new long release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.12 void SetButtonPressCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button press count. Set the press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new press count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonPressCount.nxc.

6.55.2.13 void SetButtonReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button release count. Set the release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.14 void SetButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button short release count. Set the short release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new short release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc.

6.55.2.15 void SetButtonState (const byte *btn*, const byte *state*) [inline]

Set button state. Set the state of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

state The new button state. See ButtonState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonState.nxc.

6.55.2.16 void SysReadButton (ReadButtonType & *args*) [inline]

Read button. This function lets you read button state information via the ReadButtonType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadButtonType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

6.56 Ui module types

Types used by various Ui module functions.

Data Structures

- struct SetSleepTimeoutType

  Parameters for the SetSleepTimeout system call.

6.56.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various Ui module functions.

6.57 Ui module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Ui module features.

Functions

- byte CommandFlags (void)

  Get command flags.

- byte UIState (void)

  Get UI module state.

- byte UIButton (void)

  Read UI button.

- byte VMRunState (void)

  Read VM run state.

- byte BatteryState (void)

  Get battery state.

- byte BluetoothState (void)

  Get bluetooth state.

- byte UsbState (void)

  Get UI module USB state.

- byte SleepTimeout (void)

  Read sleep timeout.

- byte SleepTime (void)

Read sleep time.

- byte SleepTimer (void)
  Read sleep timer.
- bool RechargeableBattery (void)
  Read battery type.
- byte Volume (void)
  Read volume.
- byte OnBrickProgramPointer (void)
  Read the on brick program pointer value.
- byte AbortFlag (void)
  Read abort flag.
- byte LongAbort (void)
  Read long abort setting.
- unsigned int BatteryLevel (void)
  Get battery Level.
- void SetCommandFlags (const byte cmdFlags)
  Set command flags.
- void SetUIButton (byte btn)
  Set UI button.
- void SetUIState (byte state)
  Set UI state.
- void SetVMRunState (const byte vmRunState)
  Set VM run state.
- void SetBatteryState (byte state)
  Set battery state.
- void SetBluetoothState (byte state)
  Set bluetooth state.
- void SetSleepTimeout (const byte n)

Set sleep timeout.

- void SetSleepTime (const byte n)
  Set sleep time.
- void SetSleepTimer (const byte n)
  Set the sleep timer.
- void SetVolume (byte volume)
  Set volume.
- void SetOnBrickProgramPointer (byte obpStep)
  Set on-brick program pointer.
- void ForceOff (byte num)
  Turn off NXT.
- void SetAbortFlag (byte abortFlag)
  Set abort flag.
- void SetLongAbort (bool longAbort)
  Set long abort.
- void SysSetSleepTimeout (SetSleepTimeoutType &args)
  Set system sleep timeout.

6.57.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Ui module features.

6.57.2 Function Documentation

6.57.2.1 byte AbortFlag (void) `[inline]`

Read abort flag. Return the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's abort flag.

Returns:

The current abort flag value. See ButtonState constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_AbortFlag.nxc.

6.57.2.2 unsigned int BatteryLevel (void) [inline]

Get battery Level. Return the battery level in millivolts.

Returns:

The battery level

Examples:

util_battery_1.nxc, and util_battery_2.nxc.

6.57.2.3 byte BatteryState (void) [inline]

Get battery state. Return battery state information (0..4).

Returns:

The battery state (0..4)

Examples:

ex_BatteryState.nxc.

6.57.2.4 byte BluetoothState (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth state. Return the bluetooth state.

Returns:

The bluetooth state. See BluetoothState constants.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothState.nxc.

6.57.2.5 byte CommandFlags (void) [inline]

Get command flags. Return the command flags.

Returns:

Command flags. See CommandFlags constants

Examples:

ex_CommandFlags.nxc.

6.57.2.6 void ForceOff (byte *num*) [inline]

Turn off NXT. Force the NXT to turn off if the specified value is greater than zero.

Parameters:

num If greater than zero the NXT will turn off.

Examples:

ex_ForceOff.nxc.

6.57.2.7 byte LongAbort (void) [inline]

Read long abort setting. Return the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's long abort setting.

See also:

AbortFlag

Returns:

The current abort flag value. See ButtonState constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_LongAbort.nxc.

6.57.2.8 byte OnBrickProgramPointer (void) [inline]

Read the on brick program pointer value. Return the current OBP (on-brick program) step

Returns:

On brick program pointer (step).

Examples:

ex_OnBrickProgramPointer.nxc.

6.57.2.9 bool RechargeableBattery (void) [inline]

Read battery type. Return whether the NXT has a rechargeable battery installed or not.

Returns:

Whether the battery is rechargeable or not. (false = no, true = yes)

Examples:

ex_RechargeableBattery.nxc.

6.57.2.10 void SetAbortFlag (byte *abortFlag*) [inline]

Set abort flag. Set the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's program abort flag. By default the running program can be interrupted by a short press of the escape button. You can change this to any other button state flag.

Parameters:

abortFlag The new abort flag value. See ButtonState constants

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.57.2.11 void SetBatteryState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set battery state. Set battery state information.

Parameters:

state The desired battery state (0..4).

Examples:

ex_SetBatteryState.nxc.

6.57.2.12 void SetBluetoothState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set bluetooth state. Set the Bluetooth state.

Parameters:

state The desired bluetooth state. See BluetoothState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetBluetoothState.nxc.

6.57.2.13 void SetCommandFlags (const byte *cmdFlags*) [inline]

Set command flags. Set the command flags.

Parameters:

cmdFlags The new command flags. See CommandFlags constants.

Examples:

ex_SetCommandFlags.nxc.

6.57.2.14 void SetLongAbort (bool *longAbort*) [inline]

Set long abort. Set the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's long abort setting (true or false). If set to true then a program has access the escape button. Aborting a program requires a long press of the escape button.

Parameters:

longAbort If true then require a long press of the escape button to abort a program, otherwise a short press will abort it.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.57.2.15 void SetOnBrickProgramPointer (byte *obpStep*) [inline]

Set on-brick program pointer. Set the current OBP (on-brick program) step.

Parameters:

obpStep The new on-brick program step.

Examples:

ex_SetOnBrickProgramPointer.nxc.

6.57.2.16 void SetSleepTime (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set sleep time. Set the NXT sleep timeout value to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes to wait before sleeping.

See also:

SetSleepTimeout, SleepTimeout

Examples:

ex_setsleeptime.nxc.

6.57.2.17 void SetSleepTimeout (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set sleep timeout. Set the NXT sleep timeout value to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes to wait before sleeping.

Examples:

ex_SetSleepTimeout.nxc.

6.57.2.18 void SetSleepTimer (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set the sleep timer. Set the system sleep timer to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes left on the timer.

Examples:

ex_SetSleepTimer.nxc.

6.57.2.19 void SetUIButton (byte *btn*) [inline]

Set UI button. Set user interface button information.

Parameters:

btn A user interface button value. See UIButton constants.

Examples:

ex_SetUIButton.nxc.

6.57.2.20 void SetUIState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set UI state. Set the user interface state.

Parameters:

state A user interface state value. See UIState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetUIState.nxc.

6.57.2.21 void SetVMRunState (const byte *vmRunState*) [inline]

Set VM run state. Set VM run state information.

Parameters:

vmRunState The desired VM run state. See VM run state constants.

Warning:

It is not a good idea to change the VM run state from within a running program unless you know what you are doing.

Examples:

ex_SetVMRunState.nxc.

6.57.2.22 void SetVolume (byte *volume*) [inline]

Set volume. Set the user interface volume level. Valid values are from 0 to 4.

Parameters:

volume The new volume level.

Examples:

ex_SetVolume.nxc.

6.57.2.23 byte SleepTime (void) [inline]

Read sleep time. Return the number of minutes that the NXT will remain on before it automatically shuts down.

Returns:

The sleep time value

See also:

SleepTimeout

Examples:

ex_sleeptime.nxc.

6.57.2.24 byte SleepTimeout (void) [inline]

Read sleep timeout. Return the number of minutes that the NXT will remain on before it automatically shuts down.

Returns:

The sleep timeout value

Examples:

ex_SleepTimeout.nxc.

6.57.2.25 byte SleepTimer (void) [inline]

Read sleep timer. Return the number of minutes left in the countdown to zero from the original SleepTimeout value. When the SleepTimer value reaches zero the NXT will shutdown.

Returns:

The sleep timer value

Examples:

ex_SleepTimer.nxc.

6.57.2.26 void SysSetSleepTimeout (SetSleepTimeoutType & *args*) [inline]

Set system sleep timeout. This function lets you set the system sleep timeout value given the parameters you pass in via the SetSleepTimeoutType structure.

Parameters:

args The SetSleepTimeoutType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

6.57.2.27 byte UIButton (void) [inline]

Read UI button. Return user interface button information.

Returns:

A UI button value. See UIButton constants.

Examples:

ex_UIButton.nxc.

6.57.2.28 byte UIState (void) [inline]

Get UI module state. Return the user interface state.

Returns:

The UI module state. See UIState constants.

Examples:

ex_UIState.nxc.

6.57.2.29 byte UsbState (void) [inline]

Get UI module USB state. This method returns the UI module USB state.

Returns:

The UI module USB state. (0=disconnected, 1=connected, 2=working)

Examples:

ex_UiUsbState.nxc.

6.57.2.30 byte VMRunState (void) [inline]

Read VM run state. Return VM run state information.

Returns:

VM run state. See VM run state constants.

Examples:

ex_VMRunState.nxc.

6.57.2.31 byte Volume (void) [inline]

Read volume. Return the user interface volume level. Valid values are from 0 to 4.

Returns:

The UI module volume. (0..4)

Examples:

ex_Volume.nxc.

6.58 Loader module types

Types used by various Loader module functions.

Data Structures

- struct FileOpenType

  Parameters for the FileOpen system call.

- struct FileReadWriteType

  Parameters for the FileReadWrite system call.

- struct FileCloseType

  Parameters for the FileClose system call.

- struct FileResolveHandleType

  Parameters for the FileResolveHandle system call.

- struct FileRenameType

  Parameters for the FileRename system call.

- struct FileDeleteType

  Parameters for the FileDelete system call.

- struct LoaderExecuteFunctionType

  Parameters for the LoaderExecuteFunction system call.

- struct FileFindType

  Parameters for the FileFind system call.

- struct FileSeekType

  Parameters for the FileSeek system call.

- struct FileResizeType

  Parameters for the FileResize system call.

- struct FileTellType

  Parameters for the FileTell system call.

- struct ListFilesType

  Parameters for the ListFiles system call.

6.58.1 Detailed Description

Types used by various Loader module functions.

6.59 Loader module functions

Functions for accessing and modifying Loader module features.

Functions

- unsigned int FreeMemory (void)
  Get free flash memory.
- unsigned int CreateFile (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)
  Create a file.
- unsigned int OpenFileAppend (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)
  Open a file for appending.
- unsigned int OpenFileRead (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)
  Open a file for reading.
- unsigned int CloseFile (byte handle)
  Close a file.
- unsigned int ResolveHandle (string filename, byte &handle, bool &writeable)
  Resolve a handle.
- unsigned int RenameFile (string oldname, string newname)
  Rename a file.
- unsigned int DeleteFile (string fname)
  Delete a file.
- unsigned int ResizeFile (string fname, const unsigned int newsize)
  Resize a file.
- unsigned int CreateFileLinear (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)
  Create a linear file.
- unsigned int CreateFileNonLinear (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)
  Create a non-linear file.
- unsigned int OpenFileReadLinear (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)

Open a linear file for reading.

- unsigned int FindFirstFile (string &fname, byte &handle)
  Start searching for files.
- unsigned int FindNextFile (string &fname, byte &handle)
  Continue searching for files.
- unsigned int SizeOf (variant &value)
  Calculate the size of a variable.
- unsigned int Read (byte handle, variant &value)
  Read a value from a file.
- unsigned int ReadLn (byte handle, variant &value)
  Read a value from a file plus line ending.
- unsigned int ReadBytes (byte handle, unsigned int &length, byte &buf[ ])
  Read bytes from a file.
- unsigned int ReadLnString (byte handle, string &output)
  Read a string from a file plus line ending.
- unsigned int Write (byte handle, const variant &value)
  Write value to file.
- unsigned int WriteBytes (byte handle, const byte &buf[ ], unsigned int &cnt)
  Write bytes to file.
- unsigned int WriteBytesEx (byte handle, unsigned int &len, const byte &buf[ ])
  Write bytes to a file with limit.
- unsigned int WriteLn (byte handle, const variant &value)
  Write a value and new line to a file.
- unsigned int WriteLnString (byte handle, const string &str, unsigned int &cnt)
  Write string and new line to a file.
- unsigned int WriteString (byte handle, const string &str, unsigned int &cnt)
  Write string to a file.
- void SysFileOpenRead (FileOpenType &args)

Open file for reading.

- void SysFileOpenWrite (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenAppend (FileOpenType &args)
  Open file for writing at end of file.
- void SysFileRead (FileReadWriteType &args)
  Read from file.
- void SysFileWrite (FileReadWriteType &args)
  File write.
- void SysFileClose (FileCloseType &args)
  Close file handle.
- void SysFileResolveHandle (FileResolveHandleType &args)
  File resolve handle.
- void SysFileRename (FileRenameType &args)
  Rename file.
- void SysFileDelete (FileDeleteType &args)
  Delete file.
- void SysLoaderExecuteFunction (LoaderExecuteFunctionType &args)
  Execute any Loader module command.
- void SysFileFindFirst (FileFindType &args)
  Start finding files.
- void SysFileFindNext (FileFindType &args)
  Continue finding files.
- void SysFileOpenWriteLinear (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create linear file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create non-linear file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenReadLinear (FileOpenType &args)

Open linear file for reading.

- void SysFileSeek (FileSeekType &args)

  Seek to file position.

- void SysFileResize (FileResizeType &args)

  Resize a file.

- void SysFileTell (FileTellType &args)

  Return the file position.

- void SysListFiles (ListFilesType &args)

  List files.

6.59.1 Detailed Description

Functions for accessing and modifying Loader module features.

6.59.2 Function Documentation

6.59.2.1 unsigned int CloseFile (byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Close a file. Close the file associated with the specified file handle. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The handle parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_CloseFile.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_-findnextfile.nxc.

6.59.2.2 unsigned int CreateFile (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a file. Create a new file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_CreateFile.nxc, and ex_file_system.nxc.

6.59.2.3 unsigned int CreateFileLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a linear file. Create a new linear file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_CreateFileLinear.nxc.

6.59.2.4 unsigned int CreateFileNonLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a non-linear file. Create a new non-linear file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_CreateFileNonLinear.nxc.

6.59.2.5 unsigned int DeleteFile (string *fname*) [inline]

Delete a file. Delete the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to delete.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_delete_data_file.nxc, and ex_DeleteFile.nxc.

6.59.2.6 unsigned int FindFirstFile (string & *fname*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Start searching for files. This function lets you begin iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

fname On input this contains the filename pattern you are searching for. On output this contains the name of the first file found that matches the pattern.

handle The search handle input to and output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_findnextfile.nxc.

6.59.2.7 unsigned int FindNextFile (string & *fname*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Continue searching for files. This function lets you continue iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

fname On output this contains the name of the next file found that matches the pattern used when the search began by calling FindFirstFile.

handle The search handle input to and output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_findnextfile.nxc.

6.59.2.8 unsigned int FreeMemory (void) `[inline]`

Get free flash memory. Get the number of bytes of flash memory that are available for use.

Returns:

The number of bytes of unused flash memory.

Examples:

ex_FreeMemory.nxc.

6.59.2.9 unsigned int OpenFileAppend (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) `[inline]`

Open a file for appending. Open an existing file with the specified filename for writing. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_OpenFileAppend.nxc.

6.59.2.10 unsigned int OpenFileRead (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) `[inline]`

Open a file for reading. Open an existing file with the specified filename for reading. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_OpenFileRead.nxc.

6.59.2.11 unsigned int OpenFileReadLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) `[inline]`

Open a linear file for reading. Open an existing linear file with the specified filename for reading. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_OpenFileReadLinear.nxc.

6.59.2.12 unsigned int Read (byte *handle*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Read a value from a file. Read a value from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data read.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The variable to store the data read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Read.nxc.

6.59.2.13 unsigned int ReadBytes (byte *handle*, unsigned int & *length*, byte & *buf*[ ]) [inline]

Read bytes from a file. Read the specified number of bytes from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The length parameter must be a variable. The buf parameter must be an array or a string variable. The actual number of bytes read is returned in the length parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

length The number of bytes to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

buf The byte array where the data is stored on output.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ReadBytes.nxc.

6.59.2.14 unsigned int ReadLn (byte *handle*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Read a value from a file plus line ending. Read a value from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data read. The ReadLn function reads two additional bytes from the file which it assumes are a carriage return and line feed pair.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The variable to store the data read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ReadLn.nxc.

6.59.2.15 unsigned int ReadLnString (byte *handle*, string & *output*) `[inline]`

Read a string from a file plus line ending. Read a string from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The output parameter must be a variable. Appends bytes to the output variable until a line ending (CRLF) is reached. The line ending is also read but it is not appended to the output parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

output The variable to store the string read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

6.59.2.16 unsigned int RenameFile (string *oldname*, string *newname*) [inline]

Rename a file. Rename a file from the old filename to the new filename. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameters must be constants or variables.

Parameters:

oldname The old filename.

newname The new filename.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_RenameFile.nxc.

6.59.2.17 unsigned int ResizeFile (string *fname*, const unsigned int *newsize*) [inline]

Resize a file. Resize the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to resize.

newsize The new size for the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_resizefile.nxc.

6.59.2.18 unsigned int ResolveHandle (string *filename*, byte & *handle*, bool & *writeable*) [inline]

Resolve a handle. Resolve a file handle from the specified filename. The file handle is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. A boolean value indicating whether the handle can be used to write to the file or not is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file for which to resolve a handle.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

writeable A boolean flag indicating whether the handle is to a file open for writing (true) or reading (false).

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ResolveHandle.nxc.

6.59.2.19 unsigned int SizeOf (variant & *value*) [inline]

Calculate the size of a variable. Calculate the number of bytes required to store the contents of the variable passed into the function.

Parameters:

value The variable.

Returns:

The number of bytes occupied by the variable.

Examples:

ex_SizeOf.nxc.

6.59.2.20 void SysFileClose (FileCloseType & *args*) [inline]

Close file handle. This function lets you close a file using the values specified via the FileCloseType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileCloseType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileclose.nxc.

6.59.2.21 void SysFileDelete (FileDeleteType & *args*) [inline]

Delete file. This function lets you delete a file using the values specified via the FileDeleteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileDeleteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfiledelete.nxc.

6.59.2.22 void SysFileFindFirst (FileFindType & *args*) [inline]

Start finding files. This function lets you begin iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

args The FileFindType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc.

6.59.2.23 void SysFileFindNext (FileFindType & *args*) [inline]

Continue finding files. This function lets you continue iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

args The FileFindType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc.

6.59.2.24 void SysFileOpenAppend (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open file for writing at end of file. This function lets you open an existing file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The available length remaining in the file is returned via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc.

6.59.2.25 void SysFileOpenRead (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open file for reading. This function lets you open an existing file for reading using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The number of bytes that can be read from the file is returned via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenread.nxc.

6.59.2.26 void SysFileOpenReadLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open linear file for reading. This function lets you open an existing linear file for reading using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc.

6.59.2.27 void SysFileOpenWrite (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open and create file for writing. This function lets you create a file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The desired maximum file capacity in bytes is specified via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc.

6.59.2.28 void SysFileOpenWriteLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open and create linear file for writing. This function lets you create a linear file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc.

6.59.2.29 void SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open and create non-linear file for writing. This function lets you create a non-linear linear file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

6.59.2.30 void SysFileRead (FileReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Read from file. This function lets you read from a file using the values specified via the FileReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc.

6.59.2.31 void SysFileRename (FileRenameType & *args*) [inline]

Rename file. This function lets you rename a file using the values specified via the FileRenameType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileRenameType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

6.59.2.32 void SysFileResize (FileResizeType & *args*) [inline]

Resize a file. This function lets you resize a file using the values specified via the FileResizeType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileResizeType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware. It has not yet been implemented at the firmware level.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

6.59.2.33 void SysFileResolveHandle (FileResolveHandleType & *args*) [inline]

File resolve handle. This function lets you resolve the handle of a file using the values specified via the FileResolveHandleType structure. This will find a previously opened file handle.

Parameters:

args The FileResolveHandleType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

6.59.2.34 void SysFileSeek (FileSeekType & *args*) [inline]

Seek to file position. This function lets you seek to a specific file position using the values specified via the FileSeekType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileSeekType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

6.59.2.35 void SysFileTell (FileTellType & *args*) [inline]

Return the file position. This function returns the current file position in the open file specified via the FileTellType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileTellType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

6.59.2.36 void SysFileWrite (FileReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

File write. This function lets you write to a file using the values specified via the FileReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

6.59.2.37 void SysListFiles (ListFilesType & *args*) `[inline]`

List files. This function lets you retrieve a list of files on the NXT using the values specified via the ListFilesType structure.

Parameters:

args The ListFilesType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

6.59.2.38 void SysLoaderExecuteFunction (LoaderExecuteFunctionType & *args*) `[inline]`

Execute any Loader module command. This function lets you directly execute the Loader module's primary function using the values specified via the LoaderExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The LoaderExecuteFunctionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysloaderexecutefunction.nxc.

6.59.2.39 unsigned int Write (byte *handle*, const variant & *value*) [inline]

Write value to file. Write a value to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a constant, a constant expression, or a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data written.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The value to write to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Write.nxc.

6.59.2.40 unsigned int WriteBytes (byte *handle*, const byte & *buf*[ ], unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write bytes to file. Write the contents of the data array to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The cnt parameter must be a variable. The data parameter must be a byte array. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

buf The byte array or string containing the data to write.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteBytes.nxc.

6.59.2.41 unsigned int WriteBytesEx (byte *handle*, unsigned int & *len*, const byte & *buf*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write bytes to a file with limit. Write the specified number of bytes to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The len parameter must be a variable. The buf parameter must be a byte array or a string variable or string constant. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the len parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

len The maximum number of bytes to write on input. Returns the actual number of bytes written.

buf The byte array or string containing the data to write.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteBytesEx.nxc.

6.59.2.42 unsigned int WriteLn (byte *handle*, const variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Write a value and new line to a file. Write a value to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a constant, a constant expression, or a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data written. This function also writes a carriage return and a line feed to the file following the numeric data.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The value to write to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteLn.nxc.

6.59.2.43 unsigned int WriteLnString (byte *handle*, const string & *str*, unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write string and new line to a file. Write the string to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The count parameter must be a variable. The str parameter must be a string variable or string constant. This function also writes a carriage return and a line feed to the file following the string data. The total number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

str The string to write to the file.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteLnString.nxc.

6.59.2.44 unsigned int WriteString (byte *handle*, const string & *str*, unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write string to a file. Write the string to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The count parameter must be a variable. The str parameter must be a string variable or string constant. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

str The string to write to the file.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteString.nxc.

6.60 cmath API

Standard C cmath API functions.

Defines

- #define Sqrt(_X) asm { sqrt __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute square root.
- #define Sin(_X) asm { sin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute sine.
- #define Cos(_X) asm { cos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute cosine.
- #define Asin(_X) asm { asin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute arc sine.
- #define Acos(_X) asm { acos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute arc cosine.
- #define Atan(_X) asm { atan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute arc tangent.
- #define Ceil(_X) asm { ceil __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Round up value.
- #define Exp(_X) asm { exp __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute exponential function .
- #define Floor(_X) asm { floor __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Round down value.
- #define Tan(_X) asm { tan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute tangent.
- #define Tanh(_X) asm { tanh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute hyperbolic tangent.
- #define Cosh(_X) asm { cosh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }
  Compute hyperbolic cosine.

- #define Sinh(_X) asm { sinh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic sine.

- #define Log(_X) asm { log __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute natural logarithm.

- #define Log10(_X) asm { log10 __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute common logarithm.

- #define Atan2(_Y, _X) asm { atan2 __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters.

- #define Pow(_Base, _Exponent) asm { pow __FLTRETVAL__, _Base, _Exponent }

  Raise to power.

- #define Trunc(_X) asm { trunc __RETVAL__, _X }

  Compute integral part.

- #define Frac(_X) asm { frac __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute fractional part.

- #define MulDiv32(_A, _B, _C) asm { muldiv __RETVAL__, _A, _B, _C }

  Multiply and divide.

- #define SinD(_X) asm { sind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute sine (degrees).

- #define CosD(_X) asm { cosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute cosine (degrees).

- #define AsinD(_X) asm { asind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arch sine (degrees).

- #define AcosD(_X) asm { acosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc cosine (degrees).

- #define AtanD(_X) asm { atand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc tangent (degrees).

- #define TanD(_X) asm { tand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute tangent (degrees).

- #define TanhD(_X) asm { tanhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees).

- #define CoshD(_X) asm { coshd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees).

- #define SinhD(_X) asm { sinhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees).

- #define Atan2D(_Y, _X) asm { atan2d __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

  Compute arc tangent with two parameters (degrees).

Functions

- float sqrt (float x)

  Compute square root.

- float cos (float x)

  Compute cosine.

- float sin (float x)

  Compute sine.

- float tan (float x)

  Compute tangent.

- float acos (float x)

  Compute arc cosine.

- float asin (float x)

  Compute arc sine.

- float atan (float x)

  Compute arc tangent.

- float atan2 (float y, float x)

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters.

- float cosh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic cosine.

- float sinh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic sine.

- float tanh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic tangent.

- float exp (float x)

  Compute exponential function.

- float log (float x)

  Compute natural logarithm.

- float log10 (float x)

  Compute common logarithm.

- long trunc (float x)

  Compute integral part.

- float frac (float x)

  Compute fractional part.

- float pow (float base, float exponent)

  Raise to power.

- float ceil (float x)

  Round up value.

- float floor (float x)

  Round down value.

- long muldiv32 (long a, long b, long c)

  Multiply and divide.

- float cosd (float x)

  Compute cosine (degrees).

- float sind (float x)

  Compute sine (degrees).

- float tand (float x)

  Compute tangent (degrees).

- float acosd (float x)

  Compute arc cosine (degrees).

- float asind (float x)

  Compute arc sine (degrees).

- float atand (float x)

  Compute arc tangent (degrees).

- float atan2d (float y, float x)

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters (degrees).

- float coshd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees).

- float sinhd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees).

- float tanhd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees).

- byte bcd2dec (byte bcd)

  Convert from BCD to decimal Return the decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal value provided.

- bool isNAN (float value)

  Is the value NaN.

- char sign (variant num)

  Sign value.

6.60.1 Detailed Description

Standard C cmath API functions.

6.60.2 Define Documentation

6.60.2.1 #define Acos(_X) asm { acos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc cosine. Computes the arc cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use acos() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc cosine of _X.

6.60.2.2 #define AcosD(_X) asm { acosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc cosine (degrees). Computes the arc cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use acosd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc cosine of _X.

6.60.2.3 #define Asin(_X) asm { asin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc sine. Computes the arc sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use asin() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc sine of _X.

6.60.2.4 #define AsinD(_X) asm { asind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arch sine (degrees). Computes the arc sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use asind() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc sine of _X.

6.60.2.5 #define Atan(_X) asm { atan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc tangent. Computes the arc tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _X.

6.60.2.6 #define Atan2(_Y, _X) asm { atan2 __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of _Y/_X, expressed in radians. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan2() instead.

Parameters:

_Y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

_X Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _Y/_X, in the interval [-pi,+pi] radians.

6.60.2.7 #define Atan2D(_Y, _X) asm { atan2d __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

Compute arc tangent with two parameters (degrees). Computes the arc tangent of _Y/_X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan2d() instead.

Parameters:

_Y Floating point value.

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _Y/_X, in the interval [-180,+180] degrees.

6.60.2.8 #define AtanD(_X) asm { atand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc tangent (degrees). Computes the arc tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atand() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _X.

6.60.2.9 #define Ceil(_X) asm { ceil __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Round up value. Computes the smallest integral value that is not less than _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use ceil() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

The smallest integral value not less than _X.

6.60.2.10 #define Cos(_X) asm { cos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute cosine. Computes the cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cos() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Cosine of _X.

6.60.2.11 #define CosD(_X) asm { cosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute cosine (degrees). Computes the cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cosd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Cosine of _X.

6.60.2.12 #define Cosh(_X) asm { cosh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic cosine. Computes the hyperbolic cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cosh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of _X.

6.60.2.13 #define CoshD(_X) asm { coshd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use coshd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of _X.

6.60.2.14 #define Exp(_X) asm { exp __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute exponential function . Computes the base-e exponential function of _X, which is the e number raised to the power _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use exp() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Exponential value of _X.

6.60.2.15 #define Floor(_X) asm { floor __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Round down value. Computes the largest integral value that is not greater than _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use floor() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

The largest integral value not greater than _X.

6.60.2.16 #define Frac(_X) asm { frac __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute fractional part. Computes the fractional part of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use frac() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Fractional part of _X.

6.60.2.17 #define Log(_X) asm { log __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute natural logarithm. Computes the natural logarithm of _X. The natural logarithm is the base-e logarithm, the inverse of the natural exponential function (exp). For base-10 logarithms, a specific function Log10() exists. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use log() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Natural logarithm of _X.

6.60.2.18 #define Log10(_X) asm { log10 __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute common logarithm. Computes the common logarithm of _X. The common logarithm is the base-10 logarithm. For base-e logarithms, a specific function Log() exists. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use log10() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Common logarithm of _X.

6.60.2.19 #define MulDiv32(_A, _B, _C) asm { muldiv __RETVAL__, _A, _B, _C }

Multiply and divide. Multiplies two 32-bit values and then divides the 64-bit result by a third 32-bit value. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use muldiv32() instead.

Parameters:

_A 32-bit long value.

_B 32-bit long value.

_C 32-bit long value.

Returns:

The result of multiplying _A times _B and dividing by _C.

6.60.2.20 #define Pow(_Base, _Exponent) asm { pow __FLTRETVAL__, _Base, _Exponent }

Raise to power. Computes _Base raised to the power _Exponent. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use pow() instead.

Parameters:

_Base Floating point value.

_Exponent Floating point value.

Returns:

The result of raising _Base to the power _Exponent.

6.60.2.21 #define Sin(_X) asm { sin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute sine. Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sin() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Sine of _X.

6.60.2.22 #define SinD(_X) asm { sind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute sine (degrees). Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sind() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Sine of _X.

6.60.2.23 #define Sinh(_X) asm { sinh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic sine. Computes the hyperbolic sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sinh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of _X.

6.60.2.24 #define SinhD(_X) asm { sinhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sinhd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of _X.

6.60.2.25 #define Sqrt(_X) asm { sqrt __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute square root. Computes the square root of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sqrt() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Square root of _X.

6.60.2.26 #define Tan(_X) asm { tan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute tangent. Computes the tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tan() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Tangent of _X.

6.60.2.27 #define TanD(_X) asm { tand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute tangent (degrees). Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tand() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Tangent of _X.

6.60.2.28 #define Tanh(_X) asm { tanh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic tangent. Computes the hyperbolic tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tanh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of _X.

6.60.2.29 #define TanhD(_X) asm { tanhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tanhd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of _X.

6.60.2.30 #define Trunc(_X) asm { trunc __RETVAL__, _X }

Compute integral part. Computes the integral part of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use trunc() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Integral part of _X.

6.60.3 Function Documentation

6.60.3.1 float acos (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc cosine. Computes the principal value of the arc cosine of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc cosine is the inverse operation of cosine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc cosine of x, in the interval [0,pi] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc.

6.60.3.2 float acosd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc cosine (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc cosine of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc cosine is the inverse operation of cosine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc cosine of x, in the interval [0,180] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acosd.nxc.

6.60.3.3 float asin (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc sine. Computes the principal value of the arc sine of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc sine is the inverse operation of sine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc sine of x, in the interval [-pi/2,+pi/2] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_asin.nxc.

6.60.3.4 float asind (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc sine (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc sine of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc sine is the inverse operation of sine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc sine of x, in the interval [-90,+90] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_asind.nxc.

6.60.3.5 float atan (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc tangent is the inverse operation of tangent. Notice that because of the sign ambiguity, a function cannot determine with certainty in which quadrant the angle falls only by its tangent value. You can use atan2() if you need to determine the quadrant.

See also:

atan2()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of x, in the interval [-pi/2,+pi/2] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan.nxc.

6.60.3.6 float atan2 (float *y*, float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of y/x, expressed in radians. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant.

See also:

atan()

Parameters:

y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

x Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of y/x, in the interval [-pi,+pi] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan2.nxc.

6.60.3.7 float atan2d (float *y*, float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of y/x, expressed in degrees. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant.

Parameters:

y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

x Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of y/x, in the interval [-180,+180] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan2d.nxc.

6.60.3.8 float atand (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc tangent is the inverse operation of tangent. Notice that because of the sign ambiguity, a function cannot determine with certainty in which quadrant the angle falls only by its tangent value. You can use atan2d if you need to determine the quadrant.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of x, in the interval [-90,+90] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atand.nxc.

6.60.3.9 byte bcd2dec (byte *bcd*) [inline]

Convert from BCD to decimal Return the decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal value provided.

Parameters:

bcd The value you want to convert from bcd to decimal.

Returns:

The decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal byte.

Examples:

ex_bcd2dec.nxc.

6.60.3.10 float ceil (float *x*) [inline]

Round up value. Computes the smallest integral value that is not less than x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

The smallest integral value not less than x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_ceil.nxc.

6.60.3.11 float cos (float *x*) [inline]

Compute cosine. Computes the cosine of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

6.60.3.12 float cosd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute cosine (degrees). Computes the cosine of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

6.60.3.13 float cosh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic cosine. Computes the hyperbolic cosine of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_cosh.nxc.

6.60.3.14 float coshd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic cosine of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.60.3.15 float exp (float *x*) [inline]

Compute exponential function. Computes the base-e exponential function of x, which is the e number raised to the power x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Exponential value of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_exp.nxc.

6.60.3.16 float floor (float *x*) [inline]

Round down value. Computes the largest integral value that is not greater than x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

The largest integral value not greater than x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_floor.nxc.

6.60.3.17 float frac (float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute fractional part. Computes the fractional part of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Fractional part of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_frac.nxc.

6.60.3.18 bool isNAN (float *value*) `[inline]`

Is the value NaN. Returns true if the floating point value is NaN (not a number).

Parameters:

value A floating point variable.

Returns:

Whether the value is NaN.

Examples:

ex_isnan.nxc, and ex_labs.nxc.

6.60.3.19 float log (float *x*) [inline]

Compute natural logarithm. Computes the natural logarithm of x. The natural logarithm is the base-e logarithm, the inverse of the natural exponential function (exp). For base-10 logarithms, a specific function log10() exists.

See also:

log10(), exp()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Natural logarithm of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_log.nxc.

6.60.3.20 float log10 (float *x*) [inline]

Compute common logarithm. Computes the common logarithm of x. The common logarithm is the base-10 logarithm. For base-e logarithms, a specific function log() exists.

See also:

log(), exp()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Common logarithm of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_log10.nxc.

6.60.3.21 long muldiv32 (long *a*, long *b*, long *c*) [inline]

Multiply and divide. Multiplies two 32-bit values and then divides the 64-bit result by a third 32-bit value.

Parameters:

a 32-bit long value.

b 32-bit long value.

c 32-bit long value.

Returns:

The result of multiplying a times b and dividing by c.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_muldiv32.nxc.

6.60.3.22 float pow (float *base*, float *exponent*) [inline]

Raise to power. Computes base raised to the power exponent.

Parameters:

base Floating point value.

exponent Floating point value.

Returns:

The result of raising base to the power exponent.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_pow.nxc.

6.60.3.23 char sign (variant *num*) `[inline]`

Sign value. Return the sign of the value argument (-1, 0, or 1). Any scalar type can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

num The numeric value for which to calculate its sign value.

Returns:

-1 if the parameter is negative, 0 if the parameter is zero, or 1 if the parameter is positive.

Examples:

ex_sign.nxc.

6.60.3.24 float sin (float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute sine. Computes the sine of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

6.60.3.25 float sind (float *x*) [inline]

Compute sine (degrees). Computes the sine of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

6.60.3.26 float sinh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic sine. Computes the hyperbolic sine of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sinh.nxc.

6.60.3.27 float sinhd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic sine of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.60.3.28 float sqrt (float *x*) [inline]

Compute square root. Computes the square root of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Square root of x.

Examples:

ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, and ex_sqrt.nxc.

6.60.3.29 float tan (float *x*) [inline]

Compute tangent. Computes the tangent of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tan.nxc.

6.60.3.30 float tand (float *x*) [inline]

Compute tangent (degrees). Computes the tangent of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tand.nxc.

6.60.3.31 float tanh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic tangent. Computes the hyperbolic tangent of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tanh.nxc.

6.60.3.32 float tanhd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic tangent of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

6.60.3.33 long trunc (float *x*) [inline]

Compute integral part. Computes the integral part of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Integral part of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, and ex_trunc.nxc.

6.61 cstdio API

Standard C cstdio API functions.

Modules

- fseek origin constants

  Constants for use in calls to fseek.

Defines

- #define getc(_handle) fgetc(_handle)

  Get character from file.

- #define putc(_ch, _handle) fputc(_ch, _handle)

  Write character to file.

Functions

- int fclose (byte handle)

  Close file.

- int remove (string filename)

  Remove file.

- int rename (string old, string new)

Rename file.

- char fgetc (byte handle)
  Get character from file.
- string fgets (string &str, int num, byte handle)
  Get string from file.
- int feof (byte handle)
  Check End-of-file indicator.
- void set_fopen_size (unsigned long fsize)
  Set the default fopen file size.
- byte fopen (string filename, const string mode)
  Open file.
- int fflush (byte handle)
  Flush file.
- unsigned long ftell (byte handle)
  Get current position in file.
- char fputc (char ch, byte handle)
  Write character to file.
- int fputs (string str, byte handle)
  Write string to file.
- void printf (string format, variant value)
  Print formatted data to stdout.
- void fprintf (byte handle, string format, variant value)
  Write formatted data to file.
- void sprintf (string &str, string format, variant value)
  Write formatted data to string.
- int fseek (byte handle, long offset, int origin)
  Reposition file position indicator.
- void rewind (byte handle)

Set position indicator to the beginning.

- int getchar ()
  Get character from stdin.

Variables

- unsigned long **__fopen_default_size** = 1024

6.61.1 Detailed Description

Standard C cstdio API functions.

6.61.2 Define Documentation

6.61.2.1 #define getc(_handle) fgetc(_handle)

Get character from file. Returns the character currently pointed to by the internal file position indicator of the file specified by the handle. The internal file position indicator is then advanced by one character to point to the next character. The functions fgetc and getc are equivalent.

Parameters:

_handle The handle of the file from which the character is read.

Returns:

The character read from the file.

Examples:

ex_getc.nxc.

6.61.2.2 #define putc(_ch, _handle) fputc(_ch, _handle)

Write character to file. Writes a character to the file and advances the position indicator. The character is written at the current position of the file as indicated by the internal position indicator, which is then advanced one character. If there are no errors, the same character that has been written is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

_ch The character to be written.

_handle The handle of the file where the character is to be written.

Returns:

The character written to the file.

Examples:

ex_putc.nxc.

6.61.3 Function Documentation

6.61.3.1 int fclose (byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Close file. Close the file associated with the specified file handle. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to be closed.

Returns:

The loader result code.

Examples:

ex_fclose.nxc.

6.61.3.2 int feof (byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Check End-of-file indicator. Checks whether the End-of-File indicator associated with the handle is set, returning a value different from zero if it is.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to check.

Returns:

Currently always returns 0.

Examples:

ex_feof.nxc.

6.61.3.3 int fflush (byte *handle*) [inline]

Flush file. Writes any buffered data to the file. A zero value indicates success.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to be flushed.

Returns:

Currently always returns 0.

Examples:

ex_fflush.nxc.

6.61.3.4 char fgetc (byte *handle*) [inline]

Get character from file. Returns the character currently pointed to by the internal file position indicator of the file specified by the handle. The internal file position indicator is then advanced by one character to point to the next character. The functions fgetc and getc are equivalent.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file from which the character is read.

Returns:

The character read from the file.

Examples:

ex_fgetc.nxc.

6.61.3.5 string fgets (string & *str*, int *num*, byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Get string from file. Reads characters from a file and stores them as a string into str until (num-1) characters have been read or either a newline or a the End-of-File is reached, whichever comes first. A newline character makes fgets stop reading, but it is considered a valid character and therefore it is included in the string copied to str. A null character is automatically appended in str after the characters read to signal the end of the string. Returns the string parameter.

Parameters:

str The string where the characters are stored.

num The maximum number of characters to be read.

handle The handle of the file from which the characters are read.

Returns:

The string read from the file.

Examples:

ex_fgets.nxc.

6.61.3.6 byte fopen (string *filename*, const string *mode*)

Open file. Opens the file whose name is specified in the parameter filename and associates it with a file handle that can be identified in future operations by the handle that is returned. The operations that are allowed on the stream and how these are performed are defined by the mode parameter.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file to be opened.

mode The file access mode. Valid values are "r" - opens an existing file for reading, "w" - creates a new file and opens it for writing, and "a" - opens an existing file for appending to the end of the file.

Returns:

The handle to the opened file.

Examples:

ex_fopen.nxc.

6.61.3.7 void fprintf (byte *handle*, string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Write formatted data to file. Writes a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies to a file. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to write to.

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_fprintf.nxc.

6.61.3.8 char fputc (char *ch*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Write character to file. Writes a character to the file and advances the position indicator. The character is written at the current position of the file as indicated by the internal position indicator, which is then advanced one character. If there are no errors, the same character that has been written is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

ch The character to be written.

handle The handle of the file where the character is to be written.

Returns:

The character written to the file.

Examples:

ex_fputc.nxc.

6.61.3.9 int fputs (string *str*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Write string to file. Writes the string to the file specified by the handle. The null terminating character at the end of the string is not written to the file. If there are no errors, a non-negative value is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

str The string of characters to be written.

handle The handle of the file where the string is to be written.

Returns:

The number of characters written to the file.

Examples:

ex_fputs.nxc.

6.61.3.10 int fseek (byte *handle*, long *offset*, int *origin*) [inline]

Reposition file position indicator. Sets the position indicator associated with the file to a new position defined by adding offset to a reference position specified by origin.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

offset The number of bytes to offset from origin.

origin Position from where offset is added. It is specified by one of the following constants: SEEK_SET - beginning of file, SEEK_CUR - current position of the file pointer, or SEEK_END - end of file. fseek origin constants

Returns:

A value of zero if successful or non-zero otherwise. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_fseek.nxc.

6.61.3.11 unsigned long ftell (byte *handle*) [inline]

Get current position in file. Returns the current value of the file position indicator of the specified handle.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

Returns:

The current file position in the open file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Examples:

ex_ftell.nxc.

6.61.3.12 int getchar () [inline]

Get character from stdin. Returns the next character from the standard input (stdin). It is equivalent to getc with stdin as its argument. On the NXT this means wait for a button press and return the value of the button pressed.

Returns:

The pressed button. See Button name constants.

Examples:

ex_getchar.nxc.

6.61.3.13 void printf (string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Print formatted data to stdout. Writes to the LCD at 0, LCD_LINE1 a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the LCD.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_printf.nxc.

6.61.3.14 int remove (string *filename*) `[inline]`

Remove file. Delete the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file to be deleted.

Returns:

The loader result code.

6.61.3.15 int rename (string *old*, string *new*) `[inline]`

Rename file. Rename a file from the old filename to the new filename. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

old The name of the file to be renamed.

new The new name for the file.

Returns:

The loader result code.

Examples:

ex_rename.nxc.

6.61.3.16 void rewind (byte *handle*) [inline]

Set position indicator to the beginning. Sets the position indicator associated with stream to the beginning of the file.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_rewind.nxc.

6.61.3.17 void set_fopen_size (unsigned long *fsize*) [inline]

Set the default fopen file size. Set the default size of a file created via a call to fopen.

Parameters:

fsize The default new file size for fopen.

6.61.3.18 void sprintf (string & *str*, string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Write formatted data to string. Writes a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies to a string. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

str The string to write to.

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the string.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sprintf.nxc.

6.62 fseek origin constants

Constants for use in calls to fseek.

Defines

- #define SEEK_SET 0
- #define SEEK_CUR 1
- #define SEEK_END 2

6.62.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use in calls to fseek.

6.62.2 Define Documentation

6.62.2.1 #define SEEK_CUR 1

Seek from the current file position

Examples:

ex_fseek.nxc.

6.62.2.2 #define SEEK_END 2

Seek from the end of the file

6.62.2.3 #define SEEK_SET 0

Seek from the beginning of the file

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

6.63 cstdlib API

Standard C cstdlib API functions and types.

Modules

- cstdlib API types
  Standard C cstdlib API types.

Functions

- void abort ()
  Abort current process.
- variant abs (variant num)
  Absolute value.
- unsigned int rand ()
  Generate random number.
- int Random (unsigned int n=0)
  Generate random number.
- void SysRandomNumber (RandomNumberType &args)
  Draw a random number.
- int atoi (const string &str)
  Convert string to integer.
- long atol (const string &str)
  Convert string to long integer.
- long labs (long n)
  Absolute value.
- float atof (const string &str)
  Convert string to float.
- float strtod (const string &str, string &endptr)
  Convert string to float.

- long strtol (const string &str, string &endptr, int base=10)
  Convert string to long integer.
- long strtoul (const string &str, string &endptr, int base=10)
  Convert string to unsigned long integer.
- div_t div (int numer, int denom)
  Integral division.
- ldiv_t ldiv (long numer, long denom)
  Integral division.

6.63.1 Detailed Description

Standard C cstdlib API functions and types.

6.63.2 Function Documentation

6.63.2.1 void abort () `[inline]`

Abort current process. Aborts the process with an abnormal program termination. The function never returns to its caller.

Examples:

ex_abort.nxc.

6.63.2.2 variant abs (variant *num*) `[inline]`

Absolute value. Return the absolute value of the value argument. Any scalar type can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

num The numeric value.

Returns:

The absolute value of num. The return type matches the input type.

Examples:

ex_abs.nxc.

6.63.2.3 float atof (const string & *str*) [inline]

Convert string to float. Parses the string str interpreting its content as a floating point number and returns its value as a float.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax resembling that of floating point literals, and interprets them as a numerical value. The rest of the string after the last valid character is ignored and has no effect on the behavior of this function.

A valid floating point number for atof is formed by a succession of:

- An optional plus or minus sign
- A sequence of digits, optionally containing a decimal-point character
- An optional exponent part, which itself consists on an 'e' or 'E' character followed by an optional sign and a sequence of digits.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid floating-point number as just defined, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a floating-point number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted floating point number as a float value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value (0.0) is returned.

Examples:

ex_atof.nxc.

6.63.2.4 int atoi (const string & *str*) [inline]

Convert string to integer. Parses the string str interpreting its content as an integral number, which is returned as an int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes an optional initial plus or minus sign followed by as many numerical digits as possible, and interprets them as a numerical value.

The string can contain additional characters after those that form the integral number, which are ignored and have no effect on the behavior of this function.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as an int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Examples:

ex_atoi.nxc.

6.63.2.5 long atol (const string & *str*) `[inline]`

Convert string to long integer. Parses the string str interpreting its content as an integral number, which is returned as a long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes an optional initial plus or minus sign followed by as many numerical digits as possible, and interprets them as a numerical value.

The string can contain additional characters after those that form the integral number, which are ignored and have no effect on the behavior of this function.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as a long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Examples:

ex_atol.nxc.

6.63.2.6 div_t div (int *numer*, int *denom*) [inline]

Integral division. Returns the integral quotient and remainder of the division of numerator by denominator as a structure of type div_t, which has two members: quot and rem.

Parameters:

numer Numerator.

denom Denominator.

Returns:

The result is returned by value in a structure defined in cstdlib, which has two members. For div_t, these are, in either order: int quot; int rem.

Examples:

ex_div.nxc.

6.63.2.7 long labs (long *n*) [inline]

Absolute value. Return the absolute value of parameter n.

Parameters:

n Integral value.

Returns:

The absolute value of n.

6.63.2.8 ldiv_t ldiv (long *numer*, long *denom*) [inline]

Integral division. Returns the integral quotient and remainder of the division of numerator by denominator as a structure of type ldiv_t, which has two members: quot and rem.

Parameters:

numer Numerator.

denom Denominator.

Returns:

The result is returned by value in a structure defined in cstdlib, which has two members. For ldiv_t, these are, in either order: long quot; long rem.

Examples:

ex_ldiv.nxc.

6.63.2.9 unsigned int rand () [inline]

Generate random number. Returns a pseudo-random integral number in the range 0 to RAND_MAX.

Returns:

An integer value between 0 and RAND_MAX.

Examples:

ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, and ex_rand.nxc.

6.63.2.10 int Random (unsigned int *n* = 0) [inline]

Generate random number. Return a signed or unsigned 16-bit random number. If the optional argument n is not provided the function will return a signed value. Otherwise the returned value will range between 0 and n (exclusive).

Parameters:

n The maximum unsigned value desired (optional).

Returns:

A random number

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispgoutex.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_Random.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_wait.nxc.

6.63.2.11 float strtod (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*) [inline]

Convert string to float. Parses the string str interpreting its content as a floating point number and returns its value as a float.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax resembling that of floating point literals, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the string after the last valid character is stored in endptr.

A valid floating point number for atof is formed by a succession of:

- An optional plus or minus sign
- A sequence of digits, optionally containing a decimal-point character
- An optional exponent part, which itself consists on an 'e' or 'E' character followed by an optional sign and a sequence of digits.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid floating-point number as just defined, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a floating-point number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted floating point number as a float value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value (0.0) is returned.

Examples:

ex_strtod.nxc.

6.63.2.12 long strtol (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*, int *base* = 10) [inline]

Convert string to long integer. Parses the C string str interpreting its content as an integral number of the specified base, which is returned as a long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax that depends on the base parameter, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the characters following the integer representation in str is stored in endptr.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

base Optional and ignored if specified.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as a long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Warning:

Only base = 10 is currently supported.

Examples:

ex_strtol.nxc.

6.63.2.13 long strtoul (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*, int *base* = 10) [inline]

Convert string to unsigned long integer. Parses the C string str interpreting its content as an unsigned integral number of the specified base, which is returned as an unsigned long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax that depends on the base parameter, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the characters following the integer representation in str is stored in endptr.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String containing the representation of an unsigned integral number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

base Optional and ignored if specified.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as an unsigned long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Warning:

Only base = 10 is currently supported.

Examples:

ex_strtoul.nxc.

6.63.2.14 void SysRandomNumber (RandomNumberType & *args*) `[inline]`

Draw a random number. This function lets you obtain a random number via the RandomNumberType structure.

Parameters:

args The RandomNumberType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_sysrandomnumber.nxc.

6.64 cstdlib API types

Standard C cstdlib API types.

Data Structures

- struct RandomNumberType
  Parameters for the RandomNumber system call.
- struct div_t
  Output type of the div function.
- struct ldiv_t
  Output type of the ldiv function.

6.64.1 Detailed Description

Standard C cstdlib API types.

6.65 cstring API

Standard C cstring API functions.

Functions

- variant StrToNum (string str)
  Convert string to number.
- unsigned int StrLen (string str)
  Get string length.
- byte StrIndex (string str, unsigned int idx)
  Extract a character from a string.
- string NumToStr (variant num)
  Convert number to string.
- string StrCat (string str1, string str2, string strN)
  Concatenate strings.

- string SubStr (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Extract a portion of a string.
- string Flatten (variant num)
  Flatten a number to a string.
- string StrReplace (string str, unsigned int idx, string strnew)
  Replace a portion of a string.
- string FormatNum (string fmt, variant num)
  Format a number.
- string FlattenVar (variant x)
  Flatten any data to a string.
- int UnflattenVar (string str, variant &x)
  Unflatten a string into a data type.
- int Pos (string Substr, string S)
  Find substring position.
- string ByteArrayToStr (byte data[ ])
  Convert a byte array to a string.
- void ByteArrayToStrEx (byte data[ ], string &str)
  Convert a byte array to a string.
- void StrToByteArray (string str, byte &data[ ])
  Convert a string to a byte array.
- string Copy (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Copy a portion of a string.
- string MidStr (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Copy a portion from the middle of a string.
- string RightStr (string str, unsigned int size)
  Copy a portion from the end of a string.
- string LeftStr (string str, unsigned int size)
  Copy a portion from the start of a string.

- int strlen (const string &str)
  Get string length.
- string strcat (string &dest, const string &src)
  Concatenate strings.
- string strncat (string &dest, const string &src, unsigned int num)
  Append characters from string.
- string strcpy (string &dest, const string &src)
  Copy string.
- string strncpy (string &dest, const string &src, unsigned int num)
  Copy characters from string.
- int strcmp (const string &str1, const string &str2)
  Compare two strings.
- int strncmp (const string &str1, const string &str2, unsigned int num)
  Compare characters of two strings.
- void memcpy (variant dest, variant src, byte num)
  Copy memory.
- void memmove (variant dest, variant src, byte num)
  Move memory.
- char memcmp (variant ptr1, variant ptr2, byte num)
  Compare two blocks of memory.
- unsigned long addressOf (variant data)
  Get the absolute address of a variable.
- unsigned long reladdressOf (variant data)
  Get the relative address of a variable.
- unsigned long addressOfEx (variant data, bool relative)
  Get the absolute or relative address of a variable.

6.65.1 Detailed Description

Standard C cstring API functions.

6.65.2 Function Documentation

6.65.2.1 unsigned long addressOf (variant *data*) [inline]

Get the absolute address of a variable. Get the absolute address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

Returns:

The absolute address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc.

6.65.2.2 unsigned long addressOfEx (variant *data*, bool *relative*) [inline]

Get the absolute or relative address of a variable. Get the absolute or relative address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value. The relative address is an offset from the Command module's MemoryPool address.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

relative A boolean flag indicating whether you want to get the relative or absolute address.

Returns:

The absolute or relative address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_addressofex.nxc.

6.65.2.3 string ByteArrayToStr (byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Convert a byte array to a string. Convert the specified array to a string by appending a null terminator to the end of the array elements. The array must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

StrToByteArray, ByteArrayToStrEx

Parameters:

data A byte array.

Returns:

A string containing data and a null terminator byte.

Examples:

ex_ByteArrayToStr.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.65.2.4 void ByteArrayToStrEx (byte *data*[ ], string & *str*) `[inline]`

Convert a byte array to a string. Convert the specified array to a string by appending a null terminator to the end of the array elements. The array must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

StrToByteArray, ByteArrayToStr

Parameters:

data A byte array.

str A string variable reference which, on output, will contain data and a null terminator byte.

Examples:

ex_ByteArrayToStrEx.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.65.2.5 string Copy (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy a portion of a string. Returns a substring of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

idx The starting index of the substring.

len The length of the substring.

Returns:

The specified substring.

Examples:

ex_copy.nxc.

6.65.2.6 string Flatten (variant *num*) [inline]

Flatten a number to a string. Return a string containing the byte representation of the specified value.

Parameters:

num A number.

Returns:

A string containing the byte representation of the parameter num.

Examples:

ex_Flatten.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.65.2.7 string FlattenVar (variant *x*) [inline]

Flatten any data to a string. Return a string containing the byte representation of the specified value.

See also:

UnflattenVar

Parameters:

x Any NXC datatype.

Returns:

A string containing the byte representation of the parameter x.

Examples:

ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.65.2.8 string FormatNum (string *fmt*, variant *num*) `[inline]`

Format a number. Return the formatted string using the format and value. Use a standard numeric sprintf format specifier within the format string. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

fmt The string format containing a sprintf numeric format specifier.

num A number.

Returns:

A string containing the formatted numeric value.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_FormatNum.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, ex_tand.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.65.2.9 string LeftStr (string *str*, unsigned int *size*) [inline]

Copy a portion from the start of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at the start of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

size The size or length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at the start of a string.

Examples:

ex_leftstr.nxc.

6.65.2.10 char memcmp (variant *ptr1*, variant *ptr2*, byte *num*) [inline]

Compare two blocks of memory. Compares the variant ptr1 to the variant ptr2. Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the variables. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

ptr1 A variable to be compared.

ptr2 A variable to be compared.

num The number of bytes to compare (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memcmp.nxc.

6.65.2.11 void memcpy (variant *dest*, variant *src*, byte *num*) [inline]

Copy memory. Copies memory contents from the source to the destination. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

dest The destination variable.

src The source variable.

num The number of bytes to copy (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memcpy.nxc.

6.65.2.12 void memmove (variant *dest*, variant *src*, byte *num*) [inline]

Move memory. Moves memory contents from the source to the destination. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

dest The destination variable.

src The source variable.

num The number of bytes to copy (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memmove.nxc.

6.65.2.13 string MidStr (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy a portion from the middle of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at a specified position in a string.

Parameters:

str A string

idx The starting index of the substring.

len The length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at a specified position in a string.

Examples:

ex_midstr.nxc.

6.65.2.14 string NumToStr (variant *num*) [inline]

Convert number to string. Return the string representation of the specified numeric value.

Parameters:

num A number.

Returns:

The string representation of the parameter num.

Examples:

ex_NumToStr.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.65.2.15 int Pos (string *Substr*, string *S*) [inline]

Find substring position. Returns the index value of the first character in a specified substring that occurs in a given string. Pos searches for Substr within S and returns an integer value that is the index of the first character of Substr within S. Pos is case-sensitive. If Substr is not found, Pos returns negative one.

Parameters:

Substr A substring to search for in another string.

S A string that might contain the specified substring.

Returns:

The position of the substring in the specified string or -1 if it is not found.

Examples:

ex_Pos.nxc.

6.65.2.16 unsigned long reladdressOf (variant *data*) [inline]

Get the relative address of a variable. Get the relative address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value. The relative address is an offset from the Command module's MemoryPool address.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

Returns:

The relative address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc.

6.65.2.17 string RightStr (string *str*, unsigned int *size*) `[inline]`

Copy a portion from the end of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at the end of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

size The size or length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at the end of a string.

Examples:

ex_rightstr.nxc.

6.65.2.18 string strcat (string & *dest*, const string & *src*) `[inline]`

Concatenate strings. Appends a copy of the source string to the destination string. The terminating null character in destination is overwritten by the first character of source, and a new null-character is appended at the end of the new string formed by the concatenation of both in destination. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_StrCat.nxc.

6.65.2.19 string StrCat (string *str1*, string *str2*, string *strN*) [inline]

Concatenate strings. Return a string which is the result of concatenating all of the string arguments together. This function accepts any number of parameters which may be string variables, constants, or expressions.

Parameters:

str1 The first string.

str2 The second string.

strN The Nth string.

Returns:

The concatenated string.

Examples:

ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, and util_battery_1.nxc.

6.65.2.20 int strcmp (const string & *str1*, const string & *str2*) [inline]

Compare two strings. Compares the string str1 to the string str2.

Parameters:

str1 A string to be compared.

str2 A string to be compared.

Returns:

Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the strings. A zero value indicates that both strings are equal. A value greater than zero indicates that the first character that does not match has a greater value in str1 than in str2. A value less than zero indicates the opposite.

Examples:

ex_strcmp.nxc.

6.65.2.21 string strcpy (string & *dest*, const string & *src*) `[inline]`

Copy string. Copies the string pointed by source into the array pointed by destination, including the terminating null character. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strcpy.nxc.

6.65.2.22 byte StrIndex (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*) `[inline]`

Extract a character from a string. Return the numeric value of the character in the specified string at the specified index. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The index of the character to retrieve.

Returns:

The numeric value of the character at the specified index.

Examples:

ex_StrIndex.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.65.2.23 int strlen (const string & *str*) [inline]

Get string length. Return the length of the specified string. The length of a string does not include the null terminator at the end of the string.

Parameters:

str A string.

Returns:

The length of the string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrLen.nxc.

6.65.2.24 unsigned int StrLen (string *str*) [inline]

Get string length. Return the length of the specified string. The length of a string does not include the null terminator at the end of the string. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

Returns:

The length of the string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrLenOld.nxc.

6.65.2.25 string strncat (string & *dest*, const string & *src*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Append characters from string. Appends the first num characters of source to destination, plus a terminating null-character. If the length of the string in source is less than num, only the content up to the terminating null-character is copied. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

num The maximum number of characters to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strncat.nxc.

6.65.2.26 int strncmp (const string & *str1*, const string & *str2*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Compare characters of two strings. Compares up to num characters of the string str1 to those of the string str2.

Parameters:

str1 A string to be compared.

str2 A string to be compared.

num The maximum number of characters to be compared.

Returns:

Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the strings. A zero value indicates that the characters compared in both strings are all equal. A value greater than zero indicates that the first character that does not match has a greater value in str1 than in str2. A value less than zero indicates the opposite.

Examples:

ex_strncmp.nxc.

6.65.2.27 string strncpy (string & *dest*, const string & *src*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Copy characters from string. Copies the first num characters of source to destination. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

num The maximum number of characters to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strncpy.nxc.

6.65.2.28 string StrReplace (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, string *strnew*) [inline]

Replace a portion of a string. Return a string with the part of the string replaced (starting at the specified index) with the contents of the new string value provided in the third argument. The input string parameters may be variables, constants, or expressions.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The starting point for the replace operation.

strnew The replacement string.

Returns:

The modified string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrReplace.nxc.

6.65.2.29 void StrToByteArray (string *str*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Convert a string to a byte array. Convert the specified string to an array of byte by removing the null terminator at the end of the string. The output array variable must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

ByteArrayToStr, ByteArrayToStrEx

Parameters:

str A string

data A byte array reference which, on output, will contain str without its null terminator.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrToByteArray.nxc.

6.65.2.30 variant StrToNum (string *str*) `[inline]`

Convert string to number. Return the numeric value specified by the string passed to the function. If the content of the string is not a numeric value then this function returns zero. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a number.

str A string.

Returns:

A number.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrToNum.nxc.

6.65.2.31 string SubStr (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Extract a portion of a string. Return a sub-string from the specified input string starting at idx and including the specified number of characters. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The starting point of the sub-string.

len The length of the sub-string.

Returns:

The sub-string extracted from parameter str.

Examples:

ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_SubStr.nxc.

6.65.2.32 int UnflattenVar (string *str*, variant & *x*) [inline]

Unflatten a string into a data type. Convert a string containing the byte representation of the specified variable back into the original variable type.

See also:

FlattenVar, Flatten

Parameters:

str A string containing flattened data.

x A variable reference where the unflattened data is stored.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.66 ctype API

Standard C ctype API functions.

Functions

- int isupper (int c)
  Check if character is uppercase letter.
- int islower (int c)
  Check if character is lowercase letter.
- int isalpha (int c)
  Check if character is alphabetic.
- int isdigit (int c)
  Check if character is decimal digit.
- int isalnum (int c)
  Check if character is alphanumeric.
- int isspace (int c)
  Check if character is a white-space.
- int iscntrl (int c)
  Check if character is a control character.
- int isprint (int c)
  Check if character is printable.
- int isgraph (int c)
  Check if character has graphical representation.
- int ispunct (int c)
  Check if character is a punctuation.
- int isxdigit (int c)
  Check if character is hexadecimal digit.
- int toupper (int c)
  Convert lowercase letter to uppercase.

- int tolower (int c)

  Convert uppercase letter to lowercase.

6.66.1 Detailed Description

Standard C ctype API functions.

6.66.2 Function Documentation

6.66.2.1 int isalnum (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is alphanumeric. Checks if parameter c is either a decimal digit or an uppercase or lowercase letter. The result is true if either isalpha or isdigit would also return true.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is either a digit or a letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isalnum.nxc.

6.66.2.2 int isalpha (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is alphabetic. Checks if parameter c is either an uppercase or lowercase letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isalpha.nxc.

6.66.2.3 int iscntrl (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a control character. Checks if parameter c is a control character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a control character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_iscntrl.nxc.

6.66.2.4 int isdigit (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is decimal digit. Checks if parameter c is a decimal digit character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a decimal digit, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isdigit.nxc.

6.66.2.5 int isgraph (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character has graphical representation. Checks if parameter c is a character with a graphical representation.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c has a graphical representation, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isgraph.nxc.

6.66.2.6 int islower (int *c*) `[inline]`

Check if character is lowercase letter. Checks if parameter c is an lowercase alphabetic letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an lowercase alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_islower.nxc.

6.66.2.7 int isprint (int *c*) `[inline]`

Check if character is printable. Checks if parameter c is a printable character (i.e., not a control character).

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a printable character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isprint.nxc.

6.66.2.8 int ispunct (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a punctuation. Checks if parameter c is a punctuation character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a punctuation character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_ispunct.nxc.

6.66.2.9 int isspace (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a white-space. Checks if parameter c is a white-space character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a white-space character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isspace.nxc.

6.66.2.10 int isupper (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is uppercase letter. Checks if parameter c is an uppercase alphabetic letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an uppercase alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isupper.nxc.

6.66.2.11 int isxdigit (int *c*) `[inline]`

Check if character is hexadecimal digit. Checks if parameter c is a hexadecimal digit character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a hexadecimal digit character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isxdigit.nxc.

6.66.2.12 int tolower (int *c*) `[inline]`

Convert uppercase letter to lowercase. Converts parameter c to its lowercase equivalent if c is an uppercase letter and has a lowercase equivalent. If no such conversion is possible, the value returned is c unchanged.

Parameters:

c Uppercase letter character to be converted.

Returns:

The lowercase equivalent to c, if such value exists, or c (unchanged) otherwise..

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_tolower.nxc.

6.66.2.13 int toupper (int *c*) [inline]

Convert lowercase letter to uppercase. Converts parameter c to its uppercase equivalent if c is a lowercase letter and has an uppercase equivalent. If no such conversion is possible, the value returned is c unchanged.

Parameters:

c Lowercase letter character to be converted.

Returns:

The uppercase equivalent to c, if such value exists, or c (unchanged) otherwise..

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_toupper.nxc.

6.67 Property constants

Use these constants for specifying the property for the GetProperty and SetProperty direct commands.

Defines

- #define RC_PROP_BTONOFF 0x0
- #define RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL 0x1
- #define RC_PROP_SLEEP_TIMEOUT 0x2
- #define RC_PROP_DEBUGGING 0xF

6.67.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants for specifying the property for the GetProperty and SetProperty direct commands.

6.67.2 Define Documentation

6.67.2.1 #define RC_PROP_BTONOFF 0x0

Set/get whether bluetooth is on or off

6.67.2.2 #define RC_PROP_DEBUGGING 0xF

Set/get enhanced firmware debugging information

6.67.2.3 #define RC_PROP_SLEEP_TIMEOUT 0x2

Set/get the NXT sleep timeout value (times 60000)

6.67.2.4 #define RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL 0x1

Set/get the NXT sound level

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc, and ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc.

6.68 Array operation constants

Constants for use with the NXC ArrayOp function and the NBC arrop statement.

Defines

- #define OPARR_SUM 0x00
- #define OPARR_MEAN 0x01
- #define OPARR_SUMSQR 0x02
- #define OPARR_STD 0x03
- #define OPARR_MIN 0x04
- #define OPARR_MAX 0x05
- #define OPARR_SORT 0x06

6.68.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the NXC ArrayOp function and the NBC arrop statement.

6.68.2 Define Documentation

6.68.2.1 #define OPARR_MAX 0x05

Calculate the maximum value of the elements in the numeric input array

Examples:

ex_ArrayOp.nxc.

6.68.2.2 #define OPARR_MEAN 0x01

Calculate the mean value for the elements in the numeric input array

6.68.2.3 #define OPARR_MIN 0x04

Calculate the minimum value of the elements in the numeric input array

6.68.2.4 #define OPARR_SORT 0x06

Sort the elements in the numeric input array

6.68.2.5 #define OPARR_STD 0x03

Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in the numeric input array

6.68.2.6 #define OPARR_SUM 0x00

Calculate the sum of the elements in the numeric input array

6.68.2.7 #define OPARR_SUMSQR 0x02

Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in the numeric input array

6.69 System Call function constants

Constants for use in the SysCall() function or NBC syscall statement.

Defines

- #define FileOpenRead 0
- #define FileOpenWrite 1
- #define FileOpenAppend 2
- #define FileRead 3
- #define FileWrite 4
- #define FileClose 5
- #define FileResolveHandle 6
- #define FileRename 7
- #define FileDelete 8
- #define SoundPlayFile 9
- #define SoundPlayTone 10
- #define SoundGetState 11
- #define SoundSetState 12
- #define DrawText 13
- #define DrawPoint 14
- #define DrawLine 15
- #define DrawCircle 16
- #define DrawRect 17
- #define DrawGraphic 18
- #define SetScreenMode 19
- #define ReadButton 20
- #define CommLSWrite 21
- #define CommLSRead 22
- #define CommLSCheckStatus 23
- #define RandomNumber 24
- #define GetStartTick 25
- #define MessageWrite 26
- #define MessageRead 27
- #define CommBTCheckStatus 28
- #define CommBTWrite 29
- #define CommBTRead 30
- #define KeepAlive 31
- #define IOMapRead 32
- #define IOMapWrite 33
- #define ColorSensorRead 34
- #define CommBTOnOff 35
- #define CommBTConnection 36
- #define CommHSWrite 37
- #define CommHSRead 38
- #define CommHSCheckStatus 39
- #define ReadSemData 40

- #define WriteSemData 41
- #define ComputeCalibValue 42
- #define UpdateCalibCacheInfo 43
- #define DatalogWrite 44
- #define DatalogGetTimes 45
- #define SetSleepTimeoutVal 46
- #define ListFiles 47
- #define IOMapReadByID 78
- #define IOMapWriteByID 79
- #define DisplayExecuteFunction 80
- #define CommExecuteFunction 81
- #define LoaderExecuteFunction 82
- #define FileFindFirst 83
- #define FileFindNext 84
- #define FileOpenWriteLinear 85
- #define FileOpenWriteNonLinear 86
- #define FileOpenReadLinear 87
- #define CommHSControl 88
- #define CommLSWriteEx 89
- #define FileSeek 90
- #define FileResize 91
- #define DrawGraphicArray 92
- #define DrawPolygon 93
- #define DrawEllipse 94
- #define DrawFont 95
- #define MemoryManager 96
- #define ReadLastResponse 97
- #define FileTell 98

6.69.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use in the SysCall() function or NBC syscall statement.

6.69.2 Define Documentation

6.69.2.1 #define ColorSensorRead 34

Read data from the NXT 2.0 color sensor

6.69.2.2 #define CommBTCheckStatus 28

Check the bluetooth status

6.69.2.3 #define CommBTConnection 36

Connect or disconnect to a known bluetooth device

6.69.2.4 #define CommBTOnOff 35

Turn the bluetooth radio on or off

6.69.2.5 #define CommBTRead 30

Read from a bluetooth connection

6.69.2.6 #define CommBTWrite 29

Write to a bluetooth connections

6.69.2.7 #define CommExecuteFunction 81

Execute one of the Comm module's internal functions

6.69.2.8 #define CommHSCheckStatus 39

Check the status of the hi-speed port

6.69.2.9 #define CommHSControl 88

Control the hi-speed port

6.69.2.10 #define CommHSRead 38

Read data from the hi-speed port

6.69.2.11 #define CommHSWrite 37

Write data to the hi-speed port

6.69.2.12 #define CommLSCheckStatus 23

Check the status of a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

6.69.2.13 #define CommLSRead 22

Read from a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

6.69.2.14 #define CommLSWrite 21

Write to a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

6.69.2.15 #define CommLSWriteEx 89

Write to a lowspeed (aka I2C) device with optional restart on read

6.69.2.16 #define ComputeCalibValue 42

Compute a calibration value

6.69.2.17 #define DatalogGetTimes 45

Get datalog timing information

6.69.2.18 #define DatalogWrite 44

Write to the datalog

6.69.2.19 #define DisplayExecuteFunction 80

Execute one of the Display module's internal functions

6.69.2.20 #define DrawCircle 16

Draw a circle on the LCD screen

6.69.2.21 #define DrawEllipse 94

Draw an ellipse on the LCD screen

6.69.2.22 #define DrawFont 95

Draw text using a custom RIC-based font to the LCD screen

6.69.2.23 #define DrawGraphic 18

Draw a graphic image on the LCD screen

6.69.2.24 #define DrawGraphicArray 92

Draw a graphic image from a byte array to the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc.

6.69.2.25 #define DrawLine 15

Draw a line on the LCD screen

6.69.2.26 #define DrawPoint 14

Draw a single pixel on the LCD screen

6.69.2.27 #define DrawPolygon 93

Draw a polygon on the LCD screen

6.69.2.28 #define DrawRect 17

Draw a rectangle on the LCD screen

6.69.2.29 #define DrawText 13

Draw text to one of 8 LCD lines

Examples:

ex_syscall.nxc.

6.69.2.30 #define FileClose 5

Close the specified file

6.69.2.31 #define FileDelete 8

Delete a file

6.69.2.32 #define FileFindFirst 83

Start a search for a file using a filename pattern

6.69.2.33 #define FileFindNext 84

Continue searching for a file

6.69.2.34 #define FileOpenAppend 2

Open a file for appending to the end of the file

6.69.2.35 #define FileOpenRead 0

Open a file for reading

6.69.2.36 #define FileOpenReadLinear 87

Open a linear file for reading

6.69.2.37 #define FileOpenWrite 1

Open a file for writing (creates a new file)

6.69.2.38 #define FileOpenWriteLinear 85

Open a linear file for writing

6.69.2.39 #define FileOpenWriteNonLinear 86

Open a non-linear file for writing

6.69.2.40 #define FileRead 3

Read from the specified file

6.69.2.41 #define FileRename 7

Rename a file

6.69.2.42 #define FileResize 91

Resize a file (not yet implemented)

6.69.2.43 #define FileResolveHandle 6

Get a file handle for the specified filename if it is already open

6.69.2.44 #define FileSeek 90

Seek to a specific position in an open file

6.69.2.45 #define FileTell 98

Return the current file position in an open file

6.69.2.46 #define FileWrite 4

Write to the specified file

6.69.2.47 #define GetStartTick 25

Get the current system tick count

6.69.2.48 #define IOMapRead 32

Read data from one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's name

6.69.2.49 #define IOMapReadByID 78

Read data from one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's ID

6.69.2.50 #define IOMapWrite 33

Write data to one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's name

6.69.2.51 #define IOMapWriteByID 79

Write data to one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's ID

6.69.2.52 #define KeepAlive 31

Reset the NXT sleep timer

6.69.2.53 #define ListFiles 47

List files that match the specified filename pattern

6.69.2.54 #define LoaderExecuteFunction 82

Execute one of the Loader module's internal functions

6.69.2.55 #define MemoryManager 96

Read memory manager information, optionally compacting the dataspace first

6.69.2.56 #define MessageRead 27

Read a message from a mailbox

6.69.2.57 #define MessageWrite 26

Write a message to a mailbox

6.69.2.58 #define RandomNumber 24

Generate a random number

6.69.2.59 #define ReadButton 20

Read the current button state

6.69.2.60 #define ReadLastResponse 97

Read the last response packet received by the NXT. Optionally clear the value after reading it.

6.69.2.61 #define ReadSemData 40

Read motor semaphore data

6.69.2.62 #define SetScreenMode 19

Set the screen mode

6.69.2.63 #define SetSleepTimeoutVal 46

Set the NXT sleep timeout value

6.69.2.64 #define SoundGetState 11

Get the current sound module state

6.69.2.65 #define SoundPlayFile 9

Play a sound or melody file

6.69.2.66 #define SoundPlayTone 10

Play a simple tone with the specified frequency and duration

6.69.2.67 #define SoundSetState 12

Set the sound module state

6.69.2.68 #define UpdateCalibCacheInfo 43

Update sensor calibration cache information

6.69.2.69 #define WriteSemData 41

Write motor semaphore data

6.70 Line number constants

Line numbers for use with DrawText system function.

Defines

- #define LCD_LINE8 0
- #define LCD_LINE7 8
- #define LCD_LINE6 16
- #define LCD_LINE5 24
- #define LCD_LINE4 32
- #define LCD_LINE3 40
- #define LCD_LINE2 48
- #define LCD_LINE1 56

6.70.1 Detailed Description

Line numbers for use with DrawText system function.

See also:

SysDrawText(), TextOut(), NumOut()

6.70.2 Define Documentation

6.70.2.1 #define LCD_LINE1 56

The 1st line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc,

ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_NumOut.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_Pos.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_syscall.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysdrawtext.nxc, ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_SysReadSemData.nxc, ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc, ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.70.2.2 #define LCD_LINE2 48

The 2nd line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.70.2.3 #define LCD_LINE3 40

The 3rd line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_TextOut.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.70.2.4 #define LCD_LINE4 32

The 4th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

6.70.2.5 #define LCD_LINE5 24

The 5th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

6.70.2.6 #define LCD_LINE6 16

The 6th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, and ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

6.70.2.7 #define LCD_LINE7 8

The 7th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

6.70.2.8 #define LCD_LINE8 0

The 8th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

6.71 Time constants

Constants for use with the Wait() function.

Defines

- #define MS_1 1
- #define MS_2 2
- #define MS_3 3
- #define MS_4 4
- #define MS_5 5
- #define MS_6 6
- #define MS_7 7
- #define MS_8 8
- #define MS_9 9
- #define MS_10 10
- #define MS_20 20
- #define MS_30 30
- #define MS_40 40
- #define MS_50 50
- #define MS_60 60
- #define MS_70 70
- #define MS_80 80
- #define MS_90 90
- #define MS_100 100

- #define MS_150 150
- #define MS_200 200
- #define MS_250 250
- #define MS_300 300
- #define MS_350 350
- #define MS_400 400
- #define MS_450 450
- #define MS_500 500
- #define MS_600 600
- #define MS_700 700
- #define MS_800 800
- #define MS_900 900
- #define SEC_1 1000
- #define SEC_2 2000
- #define SEC_3 3000
- #define SEC_4 4000
- #define SEC_5 5000
- #define SEC_6 6000
- #define SEC_7 7000
- #define SEC_8 8000
- #define SEC_9 9000
- #define SEC_10 10000
- #define SEC_15 15000
- #define SEC_20 20000
- #define SEC_30 30000
- #define MIN_1 60000

6.71.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the Wait() function.

See also:

Wait()

6.71.2 Define Documentation

6.71.2.1 #define MIN_1 60000

1 minute

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

6.71.2.2 #define MS_1 1

1 millisecond

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.71.2.3 #define MS_10 10

10 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.71.2.4 #define MS_100 100

100 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_PolyOut.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

6.71.2.5 #define MS_150 150

150 milliseconds

6.71.2.6 #define MS_2 2

2 milliseconds

6.71.2.7 #define MS_20 20

20 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, glBoxDemo.nxc, and glScaleDemo.nxc.

6.71.2.8 #define MS_200 200

200 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

6.71.2.9 #define MS_250 250

250 milliseconds

6.71.2.10 #define MS_3 3

3 milliseconds

6.71.2.11 #define MS_30 30

30 milliseconds

6.71.2.12 #define MS_300 300

300 milliseconds

6.71.2.13 #define MS_350 350

350 milliseconds

6.71.2.14 #define MS_4 4

4 milliseconds

6.71.2.15 #define MS_40 40

40 milliseconds

6.71.2.16 #define MS_400 400

400 milliseconds

6.71.2.17 #define MS_450 450

450 milliseconds

6.71.2.18 #define MS_5 5

5 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_getchar.nxc.

6.71.2.19 #define MS_50 50

50 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

6.71.2.20 #define MS_500 500

500 milliseconds

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_playsound.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

6.71.2.21 #define MS_6 6

6 milliseconds

6.71.2.22 #define MS_60 60

60 milliseconds

6.71.2.23 #define MS_600 600

600 milliseconds

6.71.2.24 #define MS_7 7

7 milliseconds

6.71.2.25 #define MS_70 70

70 milliseconds

6.71.2.26 #define MS_700 700

700 milliseconds

6.71.2.27 #define MS_8 8

8 milliseconds

6.71.2.28 #define MS_80 80

80 milliseconds

6.71.2.29 #define MS_800 800

800 milliseconds

6.71.2.30 #define MS_9 9

9 milliseconds

6.71.2.31 #define MS_90 90

90 milliseconds

6.71.2.32 #define MS_900 900

900 milliseconds

6.71.2.33 #define SEC_1 1000

1 second

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_-getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_-playsound.nxc, ex_playtones.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_wait.nxc, and ex_-yield.nxc.

6.71.2.34 #define SEC_10 10000

10 seconds

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, and ex_-SysCommHSControl.nxc.

6.71.2.35 #define SEC_15 15000

15 seconds

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_memcmp.nxc.

6.71.2.36 #define SEC_2 2000

2 seconds

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_-PolyOut.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

6.71.2.37 #define SEC_20 20000

20 seconds

6.71.2.38 #define SEC_3 3000

3 seconds

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_div.nxc, and ex_ldiv.nxc.

6.71.2.39 #define SEC_30 30000

30 seconds

6.71.2.40 #define SEC_4 4000

4 seconds

Examples:

ex_copy.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, and util_battery_2.nxc.

6.71.2.41 #define SEC_5 5000

5 seconds

Examples:

ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, and ex_wait.nxc.

6.71.2.42 #define SEC_6 6000

6 seconds

Examples:

ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, and ex_strtoul.nxc.

6.71.2.43 #define SEC_7 7000

7 seconds

6.71.2.44 #define SEC_8 8000

8 seconds

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

6.71.2.45 #define SEC_9 9000

9 seconds

Examples:

ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc.

6.72 Mailbox constants

Mailbox number constants should be used to avoid confusing NXT-G users.

Defines

- #define MAILBOX1 0
- #define MAILBOX2 1
- #define MAILBOX3 2
- #define MAILBOX4 3
- #define MAILBOX5 4
- #define MAILBOX6 5
- #define MAILBOX7 6
- #define MAILBOX8 7
- #define MAILBOX9 8
- #define MAILBOX10 9

6.72.1 Detailed Description

Mailbox number constants should be used to avoid confusing NXT-G users.

See also:

SysMessageWrite(), SysMessageRead(), SendMessage(), ReceiveMessage(), SendRemoteBool(), SendRemoteNumber(), SendRemoteString(), SendResponseBool(), SendResponseNumber(), SendResponseString(), ReceiveRemoteBool(), ReceiveRemoteNumber(), ReceiveRemoteString(), ReceiveRemoteMessageEx(), RemoteMessageRead(), RemoteMessageWrite()

6.72.2 Define Documentation

6.72.2.1 #define MAILBOX1 0

Mailbox number 1

Examples:

ex_ReceiveMessage.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteBool.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteMessageEx.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteNumber.nxc, ex_SendMessage.nxc, ex_SendRemoteBool.nxc, ex_SendRemoteNumber.nxc, ex_SendRemoteString.nxc, ex_SendResponseBool.nxc, ex_SendResponseNumber.nxc, ex_SendResponseString.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, and ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

6.72.2.2 #define MAILBOX10 9

Mailbox number 10

6.72.2.3 #define MAILBOX2 1

Mailbox number 2

6.72.2.4 #define MAILBOX3 2

Mailbox number 3

6.72.2.5 #define MAILBOX4 3

Mailbox number 4

6.72.2.6 #define MAILBOX5 4

Mailbox number 5

6.72.2.7 #define MAILBOX6 5

Mailbox number 6

6.72.2.8 #define MAILBOX7 6

Mailbox number 7

6.72.2.9 #define MAILBOX8 7

Mailbox number 8

6.72.2.10 #define MAILBOX9 8

Mailbox number 9

6.73 VM state constants

Constants defining possible VM states.

Defines

- #define TIMES_UP 6
- #define ROTATE_QUEUE 5
- #define STOP_REQ 4
- #define BREAKOUT_REQ 3
- #define CLUMP_SUSPEND 2
- #define CLUMP_DONE 1

6.73.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining possible VM states.

6.73.2 Define Documentation

6.73.2.1 #define BREAKOUT_REQ 3

VM should break out of current thread

6.73.2.2 #define CLUMP_DONE 1

VM has finished executing thread

6.73.2.3 #define CLUMP_SUSPEND 2

VM should suspend thread

6.73.2.4 #define ROTATE_QUEUE 5

VM should rotate queue

6.73.2.5 #define STOP_REQ 4

VM should stop executing program

6.73.2.6 #define TIMES_UP 6

VM time is up

6.74 Fatal errors

Constants defining various fatal error conditions.

Defines

- #define ERR_ARG -1
- #define ERR_INSTR -2
- #define ERR_FILE -3
- #define ERR_VER -4
- #define ERR_MEM -5
- #define ERR_BAD_PTR -6
- #define ERR_CLUMP_COUNT -7
- #define ERR_NO_CODE -8

- #define ERR_INSANE_OFFSET -9
- #define ERR_BAD_POOL_SIZE -10
- #define ERR_LOADER_ERR -11
- #define ERR_SPOTCHECK_FAIL -12
- #define ERR_NO_ACTIVE_CLUMP -13
- #define ERR_DEFAULT_OFFSETS -14
- #define ERR_MEMMGR_FAIL -15
- #define ERR_NON_FATAL -16

6.74.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining various fatal error conditions.

6.74.2 Define Documentation

6.74.2.1 #define ERR_ARG -1

0xFF Bad arguments

6.74.2.2 #define ERR_BAD_POOL_SIZE -10

0xF6 VarsCmd.PoolSize > POOL_MAX_SIZE

6.74.2.3 #define ERR_BAD_PTR -6

0xFA Someone passed us a bad pointer!

6.74.2.4 #define ERR_CLUMP_COUNT -7

0xF9 (FileClumpCount == 0 || FileClumpCount >= NOT_A_CLUMP)

6.74.2.5 #define ERR_DEFAULT_OFFSETS -14

0xF2 (DefaultsOffset != FileOffsets.DynamicDefaults) || (DefaultsOffset + FileOffsets.DynamicDefaultsSize != FileOffsets.DSDefaultsSize)

6.74.2.6 #define ERR_FILE -3

0xFD Malformed file contents

6.74.2.7 #define ERR_INSANE_OFFSET -9

0xF7 CurrOffset != (DataSize - VarsCmd.CodespaceCount * 2)

6.74.2.8 #define ERR_INSTR -2

0xFE Illegal bytecode instruction

6.74.2.9 #define ERR_LOADER_ERR -11

0xF5 LOADER_ERR(LStatus) != SUCCESS || pData == NULL || DataSize == 0

6.74.2.10 #define ERR_MEM -5

0xFB Insufficient memory available

6.74.2.11 #define ERR_MEMMGR_FAIL -15

0xF1 (UBYTE *)VarsCmd.MemMgr.pDopeVectorArray != VarsCmd.pDataspace + DV_ARRAY[0].Offset

6.74.2.12 #define ERR_NO_ACTIVE_CLUMP -13

0xF3 VarsCmd.RunQ.Head == NOT_A_CLUMP

6.74.2.13 #define ERR_NO_CODE -8

0xF8 VarsCmd.CodespaceCount == 0

6.74.2.14 #define ERR_NON_FATAL -16

Fatal errors are greater than this value

6.74.2.15 #define ERR_SPOTCHECK_FAIL -12

0xF4 ((UBYTE*)(VarsCmd.pCodespace) < pData) (c_cmd.c 1893)

6.74.2.16 #define ERR_VER -4

0xFC Version mismatch between firmware and compiler

6.75 General errors

Constants defining general error conditions.

Defines

- #define ERR_INVALID_PORT -16
- #define ERR_INVALID_FIELD -17
- #define ERR_INVALID_QUEUE -18
- #define ERR_INVALID_SIZE -19
- #define ERR_NO_PROG -20

6.75.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining general error conditions.

6.75.2 Define Documentation

6.75.2.1 #define ERR_INVALID_FIELD -17

0xEF Attempted to access invalid field of a structure

6.75.2.2 #define ERR_INVALID_PORT -16

0xF0 Bad input or output port specified

6.75.2.3 #define ERR_INVALID_QUEUE -18

0xEE Illegal queue ID specified

6.75.2.4 #define ERR_INVALID_SIZE -19

0xED Illegal size specified

6.75.2.5 #define ERR_NO_PROG -20

0xEC No active program

6.76 Communications specific errors

Constants defining communication error conditions.

Defines

- #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY -32
- #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID -33
- #define ERR_COMM_BUFFER_FULL -34
- #define ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR -35

6.76.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining communication error conditions.

6.76.2 Define Documentation

6.76.2.1 #define ERR_COMM_BUFFER_FULL -34

0xDE No room in comm buffer

6.76.2.2 #define ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR -35

0xDD Something went wrong on the communications bus

6.76.2.3 #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID -33

0xDF Specified channel/connection is not valid

6.76.2.4 #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY -32

0xE0 Specified channel/connection not configured or busy

6.77 Remote control (direct commands) errors

Constants defining errors that can occur during remote control (RC) direct command operations.

Defines

- #define ERR_RC_ILLEGAL_VAL -64
- #define ERR_RC_BAD_PACKET -65
- #define ERR_RC_UNKNOWN_CMD -66
- #define ERR_RC_FAILED -67

6.77.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining errors that can occur during remote control (RC) direct command operations.

6.77.2 Define Documentation

6.77.2.1 #define ERR_RC_BAD_PACKET -65

0xBF Clearly insane packet

6.77.2.2 #define ERR_RC_FAILED -67

0xBD Request failed (i.e. specified file not found)

6.77.2.3 #define ERR_RC_ILLEGAL_VAL -64

0xC0 Data contains out-of-range values

6.77.2.4 #define ERR_RC_UNKNOWN_CMD -66

0xBE Unknown command opcode

6.78 Program status constants

Constants defining various states of the command module virtual machine.

Defines

- #define PROG_IDLE 0
- #define PROG_OK 1
- #define PROG_RUNNING 2
- #define PROG_ERROR 3

- #define PROG_ABORT 4
- #define PROG_RESET 5

6.78.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining various states of the command module virtual machine.

6.78.2 Define Documentation

6.78.2.1 #define PROG_ABORT 4

Program has been aborted

6.78.2.2 #define PROG_ERROR 3

A program error has occurred

6.78.2.3 #define PROG_IDLE 0

Program state is idle

6.78.2.4 #define PROG_OK 1

Program state is okay

6.78.2.5 #define PROG_RESET 5

Program has been reset

6.78.2.6 #define PROG_RUNNING 2

Program is running

6.79 Command module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Command module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define CommandOffsetFormatString 0
- #define CommandOffsetPRCHandler 16
- #define CommandOffsetTick 20
- #define CommandOffsetOffsetDS 24
- #define CommandOffsetOffsetDVA 26
- #define CommandOffsetProgStatus 28
- #define CommandOffsetAwake 29
- #define CommandOffsetActivateFlag 30
- #define CommandOffsetDeactivateFlag 31
- #define CommandOffsetFileName 32
- #define CommandOffsetMemoryPool 52
- #define CommandOffsetSyncTime 32820
- #define CommandOffsetSyncTick 32824

6.79.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Command module IOMAP structure.

6.79.2 Define Documentation

6.79.2.1 #define CommandOffsetActivateFlag 30

Offset to the activate flag

6.79.2.2 #define CommandOffsetAwake 29

Offset to the VM's awake state

6.79.2.3 #define CommandOffsetDeactivateFlag 31

Offset to the deactivate flag

6.79.2.4 #define CommandOffsetFileName 32

Offset to the running program's filename

6.79.2.5 #define CommandOffsetFormatString 0

Offset to the format string

6.79.2.6 #define CommandOffsetMemoryPool 52

Offset to the VM's memory pool

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc.

6.79.2.7 #define CommandOffsetOffsetDS 24

Offset to the running program's data space (DS)

6.79.2.8 #define CommandOffsetOffsetDVA 26

Offset to the running program's DOPE vector address (DVA)

6.79.2.9 #define CommandOffsetPRCHandler 16

Offset to the RC Handler function pointer

6.79.2.10 #define CommandOffsetProgStatus 28

Offset to the running program's status

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, and ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc.

6.79.2.11 #define CommandOffsetSyncTick 32824

Offset to the VM sync tick

6.79.2.12 #define CommandOffsetSyncTime 32820

Offset to the VM sync time

6.79.2.13 #define CommandOffsetTick 20

Offset to the VM's current tick

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

6.80 IOCtrl module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's IOCtrl module.

Modules

- PowerOn constants

  Use these constants to power down the NXT or boot it into SAMBA (aka firmware download) mode.

- IOCtrl module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the IOCtrl module IOMAP structure.

6.80.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's IOCtrl module.

6.81 PowerOn constants

Use these constants to power down the NXT or boot it into SAMBA (aka firmware download) mode.

Defines

- #define IOCTRL_POWERDOWN 0x5A00
- #define IOCTRL_BOOT 0xA55A

6.81.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to power down the NXT or boot it into SAMBA (aka firmware download) mode.

6.81.2 Define Documentation

6.81.2.1 #define IOCTRL_BOOT 0xA55A

Reboot the NXT into SAMBA mode

6.81.2.2 #define IOCTRL_POWERDOWN 0x5A00

Power down the NXT

6.82 IOCtrl module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the IOCtrl module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define IOCtrlOffsetPowerOn 0

6.82.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the IOCtrl module IOMAP structure.

6.82.2 Define Documentation

6.82.2.1 #define IOCtrlOffsetPowerOn 0

Offset to power on field

6.83 Loader module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Loader module.

Modules

- Loader module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Loader module IOMAP structure.

- Loader module error codes

  Error codes returned by functions in the Loader module (file access).

- Loader module function constants

  Constants defining the functions provided by the Loader module.

Defines

- #define EOF -1
- #define NULL 0

6.83.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Loader module.

6.83.2 Define Documentation

6.83.2.1 #define EOF -1

A constant representing end of file

6.83.2.2 #define NULL 0

A constant representing NULL

6.84 Loader module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Loader module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define LoaderOffsetPFunc 0
- #define LoaderOffsetFreeUserFlash 4

6.84.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Loader module IOMAP structure.

6.84.2 Define Documentation

6.84.2.1 #define LoaderOffsetFreeUserFlash 4

Offset to the amount of free user flash

6.84.2.2 #define LoaderOffsetPFunc 0

Offset to the Loader module function pointer

6.85 Loader module error codes

Error codes returned by functions in the Loader module (file access).

Defines

- #define LDR_SUCCESS 0x0000
- #define LDR_INPROGRESS 0x0001
- #define LDR_REQPIN 0x0002
- #define LDR_NOMOREHANDLES 0x8100
- #define LDR_NOSPACE 0x8200
- #define LDR_NOMOREFILES 0x8300
- #define LDR_EOFEXPECTED 0x8400
- #define LDR_ENDOFFILE 0x8500
- #define LDR_NOTLINEARFILE 0x8600
- #define LDR_FILENOTFOUND 0x8700
- #define LDR_HANDLEALREADYCLOSED 0x8800
- #define LDR_NOLINEARSPACE 0x8900
- #define LDR_UNDEFINEDERROR 0x8A00
- #define LDR_FILEISBUSY 0x8B00
- #define LDR_NOWRITEBUFFERS 0x8C00
- #define LDR_APPENDNOTPOSSIBLE 0x8D00
- #define LDR_FILEISFULL 0x8E00
- #define LDR_FILEEXISTS 0x8F00
- #define LDR_MODULENOTFOUND 0x9000
- #define LDR_OUTOFBOUNDARY 0x9100
- #define LDR_ILLEGALFILENAME 0x9200
- #define LDR_ILLEGALHANDLE 0x9300
- #define LDR_BTBUSY 0x9400
- #define LDR_BTCONNECTFAIL 0x9500
- #define LDR_BTTIMEOUT 0x9600
- #define LDR_FILETX_TIMEOUT 0x9700
- #define LDR_FILETX_DSTEXISTS 0x9800
- #define LDR_FILETX_SRCMISSING 0x9900
- #define LDR_FILETX_STREAMERROR 0x9A00
- #define LDR_FILETX_CLOSEERROR 0x9B00
- #define LDR_INVALIDSEEK 0x9C00

6.85.1 Detailed Description

Error codes returned by functions in the Loader module (file access).

6.85.2 Define Documentation

6.85.2.1 #define LDR_APPENDNOTPOSSIBLE 0x8D00

Only datafiles can be appended to.

6.85.2.2 #define LDR_BTBUSY 0x9400

The bluetooth system is busy.

6.85.2.3 #define LDR_BTCONNECTFAIL 0x9500

Bluetooth connection attempt failed.

6.85.2.4 #define LDR_BTTIMEOUT 0x9600

A timeout in the bluetooth system has occurred.

6.85.2.5 #define LDR_ENDOFFILE 0x8500

The end of the file has been reached.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

6.85.2.6 #define LDR_EOFEXPECTED 0x8400

EOF expected.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

6.85.2.7 #define LDR_FILEEXISTS 0x8F00

A file with the same name already exists.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

6.85.2.8 #define LDR_FILEISBUSY 0x8B00

The file is already being used.

6.85.2.9 #define LDR_FILEISFULL 0x8E00

The allocated file size has been filled.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

6.85.2.10 #define LDR_FILENOTFOUND 0x8700

No files matched the search criteria.

6.85.2.11 #define LDR_FILETX_CLOSEERROR 0x9B00

Error transmitting file: attempt to close file failed.

6.85.2.12 #define LDR_FILETX_DSTEXISTS 0x9800

Error transmitting file: destination file exists.

6.85.2.13 #define LDR_FILETX_SRCMISSING 0x9900

Error transmitting file: source file is missing.

6.85.2.14 #define LDR_FILETX_STREAMERROR 0x9A00

Error transmitting file: a stream error occurred.

6.85.2.15 #define LDR_FILETX_TIMEOUT 0x9700

Error transmitting file: a timeout occurred.

6.85.2.16 #define LDR_HANDLEALREADYCLOSED 0x8800

The file handle has already been closed.

6.85.2.17 #define LDR_ILLEGALFILENAME 0x9200

Filename length to long or attempted open a system file (∗.rxe, ∗.rtm, or ∗.sys) for writing as a datafile.

6.85.2.18 #define LDR_ILLEGALHANDLE 0x9300

Invalid file handle.

6.85.2.19 #define LDR_INPROGRESS 0x0001

The function is executing but has not yet completed.

6.85.2.20 #define LDR_INVALIDSEEK 0x9C00

Invalid file seek operation.

6.85.2.21 #define LDR_MODULENOTFOUND 0x9000

No modules matched the specified search criteria.

6.85.2.22 #define LDR_NOLINEARSPACE 0x8900

Not enough linear flash memory is available.

6.85.2.23 #define LDR_NOMOREFILES 0x8300

The maximum number of files has been reached.

6.85.2.24 #define LDR_NOMOREHANDLES 0x8100

All available file handles are in use.

6.85.2.25 #define LDR_NOSPACE 0x8200

Not enough free flash memory for the specified file size.

6.85.2.26 #define LDR_NOTLINEARFILE 0x8600

The specified file is not linear.

6.85.2.27 #define LDR_NOWRITEBUFFERS 0x8C00

No more write buffers are available.

6.85.2.28 #define LDR_OUTOFBOUNDARY 0x9100

Specified IOMap offset is outside the bounds of the IOMap.

6.85.2.29 #define LDR_REQPIN 0x0002

A PIN exchange request is in progress.

6.85.2.30 #define LDR_SUCCESS 0x0000

The function completed successfully.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_-syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysfilerename.nxc, and ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

6.85.2.31 #define LDR_UNDEFINEDERROR 0x8A00

An undefined error has occurred.

6.86 Loader module function constants

Constants defining the functions provided by the Loader module.

Defines

- #define LDR_CMD_OPENREAD 0x80
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITE 0x81
- #define LDR_CMD_READ 0x82
- #define LDR_CMD_WRITE 0x83
- #define LDR_CMD_CLOSE 0x84
- #define LDR_CMD_DELETE 0x85
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRST 0x86
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXT 0x87
- #define LDR_CMD_VERSIONS 0x88
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITELINEAR 0x89
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENREADLINEAR 0x8A
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITEDATA 0x8B
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENAPPENDDATA 0x8C
- #define LDR_CMD_CROPDATAFILE 0x8D
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRSTMODULE 0x90
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXTMODULE 0x91
- #define LDR_CMD_CLOSEMODHANDLE 0x92
- #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPREAD 0x94
- #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPWRITE 0x95
- #define LDR_CMD_BOOTCMD 0x97
- #define LDR_CMD_SETBRICKNAME 0x98
- #define LDR_CMD_BTGETADR 0x9A
- #define LDR_CMD_DEVICEINFO 0x9B
- #define LDR_CMD_DELETEUSERFLASH 0xA0
- #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMDLEN 0xA1
- #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMD 0xA2
- #define LDR_CMD_RENAMEFILE 0xA3
- #define LDR_CMD_BTFACTORYRESET 0xA4
- #define LDR_CMD_RESIZEDATAFILE 0xD0
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMSTART 0xD1
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMCURRENT 0xD2
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMEND 0xD3

6.86.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining the functions provided by the Loader module.

6.86.2 Define Documentation

6.86.2.1 #define LDR_CMD_BOOTCMD 0x97

Reboot the NXT into SAMBA mode

6.86.2.2 #define LDR_CMD_BTFACTORYRESET 0xA4

Reset bluetooth configuration to factory defaults

6.86.2.3 #define LDR_CMD_BTGETADR 0x9A

Get the NXT's bluetooth brick address

6.86.2.4 #define LDR_CMD_CLOSE 0x84

Close a file handle

6.86.2.5 #define LDR_CMD_CLOSEMODHANDLE 0x92

Close a module handle

6.86.2.6 #define LDR_CMD_CROPDATAFILE 0x8D

Crop a data file to its used space

6.86.2.7 #define LDR_CMD_DELETE 0x85

Delete a file

6.86.2.8 #define LDR_CMD_DELETEUSERFLASH 0xA0

Delete all files from user flash memory

6.86.2.9 #define LDR_CMD_DEVICEINFO 0x9B

Read device information

6.86.2.10 #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRST 0x86

Find the first file matching the specified pattern

6.86.2.11 #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRSTMODULE 0x90

Find the first module matching the specified pattern

6.86.2.12 #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXT 0x87

Find the next file matching the specified pattern

6.86.2.13 #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXTMODULE 0x91

Find the next module matching the specified pattern

6.86.2.14 #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPREAD 0x94

Read data from a module IOMAP

6.86.2.15 #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPWRITE 0x95

Write data to a module IOMAP

6.86.2.16 #define LDR_CMD_OPENAPPENDDATA 0x8C

Open a data file for appending

6.86.2.17 #define LDR_CMD_OPENREAD 0x80

Open a file for reading

6.86.2.18 #define LDR_CMD_OPENREADLINEAR 0x8A

Open a linear file for reading

6.86.2.19 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITE 0x81

Open a file for writing

6.86.2.20 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITEDATA 0x8B

Open a data file for writing

6.86.2.21 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITELINEAR 0x89

Open a linear file for writing

6.86.2.22 #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMD 0xA2

Poll command

6.86.2.23 #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMDLEN 0xA1

Read poll command length

6.86.2.24 #define LDR_CMD_READ 0x82

Read from a file

6.86.2.25 #define LDR_CMD_RENAMEFILE 0xA3

Rename a file

6.86.2.26 #define LDR_CMD_RESIZEDATAFILE 0xD0

Resize a data file

6.86.2.27 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMCURRENT 0xD2

Seek from the current position

6.86.2.28 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMEND 0xD3

Seek from the end of the file

6.86.2.29 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMSTART 0xD1

Seek from the start of the file

6.86.2.30 #define LDR_CMD_SETBRICKNAME 0x98

Set the NXT's brick name

6.86.2.31 #define LDR_CMD_VERSIONS 0x88

Read firmware version information

6.86.2.32 #define LDR_CMD_WRITE 0x83

Write to a file

6.87 Sound module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Sound module.

Modules

- SoundFlags constants
  Constants for use with the SoundFlags() function.
- SoundState constants
  Constants for use with the SoundState() function.
- SoundMode constants
  Constants for use with the SoundMode() function.
- Sound module IOMAP offsets
  Constant offsets into the Sound module IOMAP structure.
- Sound module miscellaneous constants
  Constants defining miscellaneous sound module aspects.
- Tone constants
  Constants for use in the SoundPlayTone() API function.

6.87.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Sound module.

6.88 SoundFlags constants

Constants for use with the SoundFlags() function.

Defines

- #define SOUND_FLAGS_IDLE 0x00
- #define SOUND_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01
- #define SOUND_FLAGS_RUNNING 0x02

6.88.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the SoundFlags() function.

See also:

SoundFlags()

6.88.2 Define Documentation

6.88.2.1 #define SOUND_FLAGS_IDLE 0x00

R - Sound is idle

6.88.2.2 #define SOUND_FLAGS_RUNNING 0x02

R - Currently processing a tone or file

6.88.2.3 #define SOUND_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01

W - Make changes take effect

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFlags.nxc.

6.89 SoundState constants

Constants for use with the SoundState() function.

Defines

- #define SOUND_STATE_IDLE 0x00
- #define SOUND_STATE_FILE 0x02
- #define SOUND_STATE_TONE 0x03
- #define SOUND_STATE_STOP 0x04

6.89.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the SoundState() function.

See also:

SoundState()

6.89.2 Define Documentation

6.89.2.1 #define SOUND_STATE_FILE 0x02

R - Processing a file of sound/melody data

6.89.2.2 #define SOUND_STATE_IDLE 0x00

R - Idle, ready for start sound (SOUND_UPDATE)

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

6.89.2.3 #define SOUND_STATE_STOP 0x04

W - Stop sound immediately and close hardware

Examples:

ex_SetSoundModuleState.nxc, and ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

6.89.2.4 #define SOUND_STATE_TONE 0x03

R - Processing a play tone request

6.90 SoundMode constants

Constants for use with the SoundMode() function.

Defines

- #define SOUND_MODE_ONCE 0x00
- #define SOUND_MODE_LOOP 0x01
- #define SOUND_MODE_TONE 0x02

6.90.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the SoundMode() function.

See also:

SoundMode()

6.90.2 Define Documentation

6.90.2.1 #define SOUND_MODE_LOOP 0x01

W - Play file until writing SOUND_STATE_STOP into SoundState

6.90.2.2 #define SOUND_MODE_ONCE 0x00

W - Only play file once

Examples:

ex_SetSoundMode.nxc.

6.90.2.3 #define SOUND_MODE_TONE 0x02

W - Play tone specified in Frequency for Duration ms

6.91 Sound module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Sound module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define SoundOffsetFreq 0
- #define SoundOffsetDuration 2
- #define SoundOffsetSampleRate 4
- #define SoundOffsetSoundFilename 6
- #define SoundOffsetFlags 26
- #define SoundOffsetState 27
- #define SoundOffsetMode 28
- #define SoundOffsetVolume 29

6.91.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Sound module IOMAP structure.

6.91.2 Define Documentation

6.91.2.1 #define SoundOffsetDuration 2

RW - Tone duration [mS] (2 bytes)

6.91.2.2 #define SoundOffsetFlags 26

RW - Play flag - described above (1 byte) SoundFlags constants

6.91.2.3 #define SoundOffsetFreq 0

RW - Tone frequency [Hz] (2 bytes)

6.91.2.4 #define SoundOffsetMode 28

RW - Play mode - described above (1 byte) SoundMode constants

6.91.2.5 #define SoundOffsetSampleRate 4

RW - Sound file sample rate [2000..16000] (2 bytes)

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

6.91.2.6 #define SoundOffsetSoundFilename 6

RW - Sound/melody filename (20 bytes)

6.91.2.7 #define SoundOffsetState 27

RW - Play state - described above (1 byte) SoundState constants

6.91.2.8 #define SoundOffsetVolume 29

RW - Sound/melody volume [0..4] 0 = off (1 byte)

6.92 Sound module miscellaneous constants

Constants defining miscellaneous sound module aspects.

Defines

- #define FREQUENCY_MIN 220
- #define FREQUENCY_MAX 14080

- #define SAMPLERATE_MIN 2000
- #define SAMPLERATE_DEFAULT 8000
- #define SAMPLERATE_MAX 16000

6.92.1 Detailed Description

Constants defining miscellaneous sound module aspects.

6.92.2 Define Documentation

6.92.2.1 #define FREQUENCY_MAX 14080

Maximum frequency [Hz]

6.92.2.2 #define FREQUENCY_MIN 220

Minimum frequency [Hz]

6.92.2.3 #define SAMPLERATE_DEFAULT 8000

Default sample rate [sps]

6.92.2.4 #define SAMPLERATE_MAX 16000

Max sample rate [sps]

6.92.2.5 #define SAMPLERATE_MIN 2000

Min sample rate [sps]

6.93 Tone constants

Constants for use in the SoundPlayTone() API function.

Defines

- #define TONE_A3 220
- #define TONE_AS3 233
- #define TONE_B3 247

- #define TONE_C4 262
- #define TONE_CS4 277
- #define TONE_D4 294
- #define TONE_DS4 311
- #define TONE_E4 330
- #define TONE_F4 349
- #define TONE_FS4 370
- #define TONE_G4 392
- #define TONE_GS4 415
- #define TONE_A4 440
- #define TONE_AS4 466
- #define TONE_B4 494
- #define TONE_C5 523
- #define TONE_CS5 554
- #define TONE_D5 587
- #define TONE_DS5 622
- #define TONE_E5 659
- #define TONE_F5 698
- #define TONE_FS5 740
- #define TONE_G5 784
- #define TONE_GS5 831
- #define TONE_A5 880
- #define TONE_AS5 932
- #define TONE_B5 988
- #define TONE_C6 1047
- #define TONE_CS6 1109
- #define TONE_D6 1175
- #define TONE_DS6 1245
- #define TONE_E6 1319
- #define TONE_F6 1397
- #define TONE_FS6 1480
- #define TONE_G6 1568
- #define TONE_GS6 1661
- #define TONE_A6 1760
- #define TONE_AS6 1865
- #define TONE_B6 1976
- #define TONE_C7 2093
- #define TONE_CS7 2217
- #define TONE_D7 2349
- #define TONE_DS7 2489
- #define TONE_E7 2637
- #define TONE_F7 2794
- #define TONE_FS7 2960

- #define TONE_G7 3136
- #define TONE_GS7 3322
- #define TONE_A7 3520
- #define TONE_AS7 3729
- #define TONE_B7 3951

6.93.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use in the SoundPlayTone() API function.

See also:

SoundPlayTone()

6.93.2 Define Documentation

6.93.2.1 #define TONE_A3 220

Third octave A

6.93.2.2 #define TONE_A4 440

Fourth octave A

Examples:

ex_yield.nxc.

6.93.2.3 #define TONE_A5 880

Fifth octave A

6.93.2.4 #define TONE_A6 1760

Sixth octave A

6.93.2.5 #define TONE_A7 3520

Seventh octave A

6.93.2.6 #define TONE_AS3 233

Third octave A sharp

6.93.2.7 #define TONE_AS4 466

Fourth octave A sharp

6.93.2.8 #define TONE_AS5 932

Fifth octave A sharp

6.93.2.9 #define TONE_AS6 1865

Sixth octave A sharp

6.93.2.10 #define TONE_AS7 3729

Seventh octave A sharp

6.93.2.11 #define TONE_B3 247

Third octave B

6.93.2.12 #define TONE_B4 494

Fourth octave B

6.93.2.13 #define TONE_B5 988

Fifth octave B

6.93.2.14 #define TONE_B6 1976

Sixth octave B

6.93.2.15 #define TONE_B7 3951

Seventh octave B

6.93.2.16 #define TONE_C4 262

Fourth octave C

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.17 #define TONE_C5 523

Fifth octave C

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.18 #define TONE_C6 1047

Sixth octave C

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.19 #define TONE_C7 2093

Seventh octave C

6.93.2.20 #define TONE_CS4 277

Fourth octave C sharp

6.93.2.21 #define TONE_CS5 554

Fifth octave C sharp

6.93.2.22 #define TONE_CS6 1109

Sixth octave C sharp

6.93.2.23 #define TONE_CS7 2217

Seventh octave C sharp

6.93.2.24 #define TONE_D4 294

Fourth octave D

6.93.2.25 #define TONE_D5 587

Fifth octave D

6.93.2.26 #define TONE_D6 1175

Sixth octave D

6.93.2.27 #define TONE_D7 2349

Seventh octave D

6.93.2.28 #define TONE_DS4 311

Fourth octave D sharp

6.93.2.29 #define TONE_DS5 622

Fifth octave D sharp

6.93.2.30 #define TONE_DS6 1245

Sixth octave D sharp

6.93.2.31 #define TONE_DS7 2489

Seventh octave D sharp

6.93.2.32 #define TONE_E4 330

Fourth octave E

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.33 #define TONE_E5 659

Fifth octave E

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.34 #define TONE_E6 1319

Sixth octave E

6.93.2.35 #define TONE_E7 2637

Seventh octave E

6.93.2.36 #define TONE_F4 349

Fourth octave F

6.93.2.37 #define TONE_F5 698

Fifth octave F

6.93.2.38 #define TONE_F6 1397

Sixth octave F

6.93.2.39 #define TONE_F7 2794

Seventh octave F

6.93.2.40 #define TONE_FS4 370

Fourth octave F sharp

6.93.2.41 #define TONE_FS5 740

Fifth octave F sharp

6.93.2.42 #define TONE_FS6 1480

Sixth octave F sharp

6.93.2.43 #define TONE_FS7 2960

Seventh octave F sharp

6.93.2.44 #define TONE_G4 392

Fourth octave G

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.45 #define TONE_G5 784

Fifth octave G

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

6.93.2.46 #define TONE_G6 1568

Sixth octave G

6.93.2.47 #define TONE_G7 3136

Seventh octave G

6.93.2.48 #define TONE_GS4 415

Fourth octave G sharp

6.93.2.49 #define TONE_GS5 831

Fifth octave G sharp

6.93.2.50 #define TONE_GS6 1661

Sixth octave G sharp

6.93.2.51 #define TONE_GS7 3322

Seventh octave G sharp

6.94 Button module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Button module.

Modules

- Button name constants

  Constants to specify which button to use with button module functions.

- ButtonState constants

  Constants for use with the ButtonState() function.

- Button module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Button module IOMAP structure.

6.94.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Button module.

6.95 Button name constants

Constants to specify which button to use with button module functions.

Defines

- #define BTN1 0
- #define BTN2 1

- #define BTN3 2
- #define BTN4 3
- #define BTNEXIT BTN1
- #define BTNRIGHT BTN2
- #define BTNLEFT BTN3
- #define BTNCENTER BTN4
- #define NO_OF_BTNS 4

6.95.1 Detailed Description

Constants to specify which button to use with button module functions.

See also:

ButtonPressed(), ButtonState(), ButtonCount(), ReadButtonEx(), SysReadButton(), ReadButtonType

6.95.2 Define Documentation

6.95.2.1 #define BTN1 0

The exit button.

Examples:

ex_ButtonCount.nxc, ex_ButtonLongPressCount.nxc, ex_ButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc, ex_ButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_ButtonReleaseCount.nxc, ex_ButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc, ex_ButtonState.nxc, ex_ReadButtonEx.nxc, ex_SetButtonLongPressCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonReleaseCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc, and ex_SetButtonState.nxc.

6.95.2.2 #define BTN2 1

The right button.

6.95.2.3 #define BTN3 2

The left button.

6.95.2.4 #define BTN4 3

The enter button.

6.95.2.5 #define BTNCENTER BTN4

The enter button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, and ex_HTGyroTest.nxc.

6.95.2.6 #define BTNEXIT BTN1

The exit button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.95.2.7 #define BTNLEFT BTN3

The left button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc.

6.95.2.8 #define BTNRIGHT BTN2

The right button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, and ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

6.95.2.9 #define NO_OF_BTNS 4

The number of NXT buttons.

6.96 ButtonState constants

Constants for use with the ButtonState() function.

Defines

- #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_EV 0x01
- #define BTNSTATE_SHORT_RELEASED_EV 0x02
- #define BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV 0x04
- #define BTNSTATE_LONG_RELEASED_EV 0x08
- #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_STATE 0x80
- #define BTNSTATE_NONE 0x10

6.96.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the ButtonState() function. The _EV values can be combined together using a bitwise OR operation.

See also:

ButtonState()

6.96.2 Define Documentation

6.96.2.1 #define BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV 0x04

Button is in the long pressed state.

Examples:

ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

6.96.2.2 #define BTNSTATE_LONG_RELEASED_EV 0x08

Button is in the long released state.

6.96.2.3 #define BTNSTATE_NONE 0x10

The default button state.

6.96.2.4 #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_EV 0x01

Button is in the pressed state.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonState.nxc.

6.96.2.5 #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_STATE 0x80

A bitmask for the button pressed state

6.96.2.6 #define BTNSTATE_SHORT_RELEASED_EV 0x02

Button is in the short released state.

6.97 Button module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Button module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define ButtonOffsetPressedCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+0)
- #define ButtonOffsetLongPressCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+1)
- #define ButtonOffsetShortRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+2)
- #define ButtonOffsetLongRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+3)
- #define ButtonOffsetRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+4)
- #define ButtonOffsetState(b) ((b)+32)

6.97.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Button module IOMAP structure.

6.97.2 Define Documentation

6.97.2.1 #define ButtonOffsetLongPressCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+1)

Offset to the LongPressCnt field. This field stores the long press count.

6.97.2.2 #define ButtonOffsetLongRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+3)

Offset to the LongRelCnt field. This field stores the long release count.

6.97.2.3 #define ButtonOffsetPressedCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+0)

Offset to the PressedCnt field. This field stores the press count.

6.97.2.4 #define ButtonOffsetRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+4)

Offset to the RelCnt field. This field stores the release count.

6.97.2.5 #define ButtonOffsetShortRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+2)

Offset to the ShortRelCnt field. This field stores the short release count.

6.97.2.6 #define ButtonOffsetState(b) ((b)+32)

Offset to the State field. This field stores the current button state.

6.98 Ui module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Ui module.

Modules

- CommandFlags constants

  Constants for use with the CommandFlags() function.

- UIState constants

  Constants for use with the UIState() function.

- UIButton constants

  Constants for use with the UIButton() function.

- BluetoothState constants

  Constants for use with the BluetoothState() function.

- VM run state constants

  Constants for use with the VMRunState() function.

- Ui module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Ui module IOMAP structure.

6.98.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Ui module.

6.99 CommandFlags constants

Constants for use with the CommandFlags() function.

Defines

- #define UI_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01
- #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_LEFT_RIGHT_ENTER 0x02
- #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_EXIT 0x04
- #define UI_FLAGS_REDRAW_STATUS 0x08
- #define UI_FLAGS_RESET_SLEEP_TIMER 0x10
- #define UI_FLAGS_EXECUTE_LMS_FILE 0x20
- #define UI_FLAGS_BUSY 0x40
- #define UI_FLAGS_ENABLE_STATUS_UPDATE 0x80

6.99.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the CommandFlags() function.

See also:

CommandFlags()

6.99.2 Define Documentation

6.99.2.1 #define UI_FLAGS_BUSY 0x40

R - UI busy running or datalogging (popup disabled)

6.99.2.2 #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_EXIT 0x04

RW - Disable exit button

6.99.2.3 #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_LEFT_RIGHT_ENTER 0x02

RW - Disable left, right and enter button

6.99.2.4 #define UI_FLAGS_ENABLE_STATUS_UPDATE 0x80

W - Enable status line to be updated

6.99.2.5 #define UI_FLAGS_EXECUTE_LMS_FILE 0x20

W - Execute LMS file in "LMSfilename" (Try It)

6.99.2.6 #define UI_FLAGS_REDRAW_STATUS 0x08

W - Redraw entire status line

Examples:

ex_SetCommandFlags.nxc.

6.99.2.7 #define UI_FLAGS_RESET_SLEEP_TIMER 0x10

W - Reset sleep timeout timer

6.99.2.8 #define UI_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01

W - Make changes take effect

6.100 UIState constants

Constants for use with the UIState() function.

Defines

- #define UI_STATE_INIT_DISPLAY 0
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_LOW_BATTERY 1
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_INTRO 2
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_WAIT 3
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_MENU 4
- #define UI_STATE_NEXT_MENU 5

- #define UI_STATE_DRAW_MENU 6
- #define UI_STATE_TEST_BUTTONS 7
- #define UI_STATE_LEFT_PRESSED 8
- #define UI_STATE_RIGHT_PRESSED 9
- #define UI_STATE_ENTER_PRESSED 10
- #define UI_STATE_EXIT_PRESSED 11
- #define UI_STATE_CONNECT_REQUEST 12
- #define UI_STATE_EXECUTE_FILE 13
- #define UI_STATE_EXECUTING_FILE 14
- #define UI_STATE_LOW_BATTERY 15
- #define UI_STATE_BT_ERROR 16

6.100.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the UIState() function.

See also:

UIState()

6.100.2 Define Documentation

6.100.2.1 #define UI_STATE_BT_ERROR 16

R - BT error

6.100.2.2 #define UI_STATE_CONNECT_REQUEST 12

RW - Request for connection accept

6.100.2.3 #define UI_STATE_DRAW_MENU 6

RW - Execute function and draw menu icons

6.100.2.4 #define UI_STATE_ENTER_PRESSED 10

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

6.100.2.5 #define UI_STATE_EXECUTE_FILE 13

RW - Execute file in "LMSfilename"

6.100.2.6 #define UI_STATE_EXECUTING_FILE 14

R - Executing file in "LMSfilename"

6.100.2.7 #define UI_STATE_EXIT_PRESSED 11

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

6.100.2.8 #define UI_STATE_INIT_DISPLAY 0

RW - Init display and load font, menu etc.

6.100.2.9 #define UI_STATE_INIT_INTRO 2

R - Display intro

6.100.2.10 #define UI_STATE_INIT_LOW_BATTERY 1

R - Low battery voltage at power on

6.100.2.11 #define UI_STATE_INIT_MENU 4

RW - Init menu system

6.100.2.12 #define UI_STATE_INIT_WAIT 3

RW - Wait for initialization end

6.100.2.13 #define UI_STATE_LEFT_PRESSED 8

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

6.100.2.14 #define UI_STATE_LOW_BATTERY 15

R - Low battery at runtime

Examples:

ex_SetUIState.nxc.

6.100.2.15 #define UI_STATE_NEXT_MENU 5

RW - Next menu icons ready for drawing

6.100.2.16 #define UI_STATE_RIGHT_PRESSED 9

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

6.100.2.17 #define UI_STATE_TEST_BUTTONS 7

RW - Wait for buttons to be pressed

6.101 UIButton constants

Constants for use with the UIButton() function.

Defines

- #define UI_BUTTON_NONE 0
- #define UI_BUTTON_LEFT 1
- #define UI_BUTTON_ENTER 2
- #define UI_BUTTON_RIGHT 3
- #define UI_BUTTON_EXIT 4

6.101.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the UIButton() function.

See also:

UIButton()

6.101.2 Define Documentation

6.101.2.1 #define UI_BUTTON_ENTER 2

W - Insert enter button

Examples:

ex_SetUIButton.nxc.

6.101.2.2 #define UI_BUTTON_EXIT 4

W - Insert exit button

6.101.2.3 #define UI_BUTTON_LEFT 1

W - Insert left arrow button

6.101.2.4 #define UI_BUTTON_NONE 0

R - Button inserted are executed

6.101.2.5 #define UI_BUTTON_RIGHT 3

W - Insert right arrow button

6.102 BluetoothState constants

Constants for use with the BluetoothState() function.

Defines

- #define UI_BT_STATE_VISIBLE 0x01
- #define UI_BT_STATE_CONNECTED 0x02
- #define UI_BT_STATE_OFF 0x04
- #define UI_BT_ERROR_ATTENTION 0x08
- #define UI_BT_CONNECT_REQUEST 0x40
- #define UI_BT_PIN_REQUEST 0x80

6.102.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the BluetoothState() function.

See also:

BluetoothState()

6.102.2 Define Documentation

6.102.2.1 #define UI_BT_CONNECT_REQUEST 0x40

RW - BT get connect accept in progress

6.102.2.2 #define UI_BT_ERROR_ATTENTION 0x08

W - BT error attention

6.102.2.3 #define UI_BT_PIN_REQUEST 0x80

RW - BT get pin code

6.102.2.4 #define UI_BT_STATE_CONNECTED 0x02

RW - BT connected to something

6.102.2.5 #define UI_BT_STATE_OFF 0x04

RW - BT power off

Examples:

ex_SetBluetoothState.nxc.

6.102.2.6 #define UI_BT_STATE_VISIBLE 0x01

RW - BT visible

6.103 VM run state constants

Constants for use with the VMRunState() function.

Defines

- #define UI_VM_IDLE 0
- #define UI_VM_RUN_FREE 1
- #define UI_VM_RUN_SINGLE 2
- #define UI_VM_RUN_PAUSE 3
- #define UI_VM_RESET1 4
- #define UI_VM_RESET2 5

6.103.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the VMRunState() function.

See also:

VMRunState()

6.103.2 Define Documentation

6.103.2.1 #define UI_VM_IDLE 0

VM_IDLE: Just sitting around. Request to run program will lead to ONE of the VM_RUN∗ states.

6.103.2.2 #define UI_VM_RESET1 4

VM_RESET1: Initialize state variables and some I/O devices -- executed when programs end

6.103.2.3 #define UI_VM_RESET2 5

VM_RESET2: Final clean up and return to IDLE

6.103.2.4 #define UI_VM_RUN_FREE 1

VM_RUN_FREE: Attempt to run as many instructions as possible within our timeslice

6.103.2.5 #define UI_VM_RUN_PAUSE 3

VM_RUN_PAUSE: Program still "active", but someone has asked us to pause

6.103.2.6 #define UI_VM_RUN_SINGLE 2

VM_RUN_SINGLE: Run exactly one instruction per timeslice

6.104 Ui module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Ui module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define UIOffsetPMenu 0
- #define UIOffsetBatteryVoltage 4
- #define UIOffsetLMSfilename 6
- #define UIOffsetFlags 26
- #define UIOffsetState 27
- #define UIOffsetButton 28
- #define UIOffsetRunState 29
- #define UIOffsetBatteryState 30
- #define UIOffsetBluetoothState 31
- #define UIOffsetUsbState 32
- #define UIOffsetSleepTimeout 33
- #define UIOffsetSleepTimer 34
- #define UIOffsetRechargeable 35
- #define UIOffsetVolume 36
- #define UIOffsetError 37
- #define UIOffsetOBPPointer 38
- #define UIOffsetForceOff 39
- #define UIOffsetAbortFlag 40

6.104.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Ui module IOMAP structure.

6.104.2 Define Documentation

6.104.2.1 #define UIOffsetAbortFlag 40

RW - Long Abort (true == use long press to abort) (1 byte)

6.104.2.2 #define UIOffsetBatteryState 30

W - Battery state (0..4 capacity) (1 byte)

6.104.2.3 #define UIOffsetBatteryVoltage 4

R - Battery voltage in millivolts (2 bytes)

6.104.2.4 #define UIOffsetBluetoothState 31

W - Bluetooth state (0=on, 1=visible, 2=conn, 3=conn.visible, 4=off, 5=dfu) (1 byte)

6.104.2.5 #define UIOffsetButton 28

RW - Insert button (buttons enumerated above) (1 byte)

6.104.2.6 #define UIOffsetError 37

W - Error code (1 byte)

6.104.2.7 #define UIOffsetFlags 26

RW - Update command flags (flags enumerated above) (1 byte)

6.104.2.8 #define UIOffsetForceOff 39

W - Force off (> 0 = off) (1 byte)

6.104.2.9 #define UIOffsetLMSfilename 6

W - LMS filename to execute (Try It) (20 bytes)

6.104.2.10 #define UIOffsetOBPPointer 38

W - Actual OBP step (0 - 4) (1 byte)

6.104.2.11 #define UIOffsetPMenu 0

W - Pointer to menu file (4 bytes)

6.104.2.12 #define UIOffsetRechargeable 35

R - Rechargeable battery (0 = no, 1 = yes) (1 byte)

6.104.2.13 #define UIOffsetRunState 29

W - VM Run state (0 = stopped, 1 = running) (1 byte)

6.104.2.14 #define UIOffsetSleepTimeout 33

RW - Sleep timeout time (min) (1 byte)

6.104.2.15 #define UIOffsetSleepTimer 34

RW - Sleep timer (min) (1 byte)

6.104.2.16 #define UIOffsetState 27

RW - UI state (states enumerated above) (1 byte)

6.104.2.17 #define UIOffsetUsbState 32

W - Usb state (0=disconnected, 1=connected, 2=working) (1 byte)

6.104.2.18 #define UIOffsetVolume 36

RW - Volume used in UI (0 - 4) (1 byte)

6.105 NBC Input port constants

Input port constants are used when calling sensor control API functions.

Defines

- #define IN_1 0x00
- #define IN_2 0x01
- #define IN_3 0x02
- #define IN_4 0x03

6.105.1 Detailed Description

Input port constants are used when calling sensor control API functions. These constants are intended for use in NBC.

See also:

SetSensorType(), SetSensorMode(), S1, S2, S3, S4

6.105.2 Define Documentation

6.105.2.1 #define IN_1 0x00

Input port 1

6.105.2.2 #define IN_2 0x01

Input port 2

6.105.2.3 #define IN_3 0x02

Input port 3

6.105.2.4 #define IN_4 0x03

Input port 4

6.106 NBC sensor type constants

Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor.

Defines

- #define IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR 0x00
- #define IN_TYPE_SWITCH 0x01
- #define IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE 0x02
- #define IN_TYPE_REFLECTION 0x03
- #define IN_TYPE_ANGLE 0x04
- #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE 0x05
- #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE 0x06
- #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB 0x07
- #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA 0x08
- #define IN_TYPE_CUSTOM 0x09
- #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED 0x0A
- #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V 0x0B
- #define IN_TYPE_HISPEED 0x0C
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORFULL 0x0D
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORRED 0x0E
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN 0x0F
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE 0x10
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORNONE 0x11
- #define IN_TYPE_COLOREXIT 0x12

6.106.1 Detailed Description

Use sensor type constants to configure an input port for a specific type of sensor. These constants are intended for use in NBC.

See also:

SetSensorType()

6.106.2 Define Documentation

6.106.2.1 #define IN_TYPE_ANGLE 0x04

RCX rotation sensor

6.106.2.2 #define IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE 0x10

NXT 2.0 color sensor with blue light

6.106.2.3 #define IN_TYPE_COLOREXIT 0x12

NXT 2.0 color sensor internal state

6.106.2.4 #define IN_TYPE_COLORFULL 0x0D

NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode

6.106.2.5 #define IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN 0x0F

NXT 2.0 color sensor with green light

6.106.2.6 #define IN_TYPE_COLORNONE 0x11

NXT 2.0 color sensor with no light

6.106.2.7 #define IN_TYPE_COLORRED 0x0E

NXT 2.0 color sensor with red light

6.106.2.8 #define IN_TYPE_CUSTOM 0x09

NXT custom sensor

6.106.2.9 #define IN_TYPE_HISPEED 0x0C

NXT Hi-speed port (only S4)

6.106.2.10 #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE 0x05

NXT light sensor with light

6.106.2.11 #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE 0x06

NXT light sensor without light

6.106.2.12 #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED 0x0A

NXT I2C digital sensor

6.106.2.13 #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V 0x0B

NXT I2C digital sensor with 9V power

6.106.2.14 #define IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR 0x00

No sensor configured

6.106.2.15 #define IN_TYPE_REFLECTION 0x03

RCX light sensor

6.106.2.16 #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB 0x07

NXT sound sensor with dB scaling

6.106.2.17 #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA 0x08

NXT sound sensor with dBA scaling

6.106.2.18 #define IN_TYPE_SWITCH 0x01

NXT or RCX touch sensor

6.106.2.19 #define IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE 0x02

RCX temperature sensor

6.107 NBC sensor mode constants

Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode.

Defines

- #define IN_MODE_RAW 0x00
- #define IN_MODE_BOOLEAN 0x20
- #define IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT 0x40
- #define IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER 0x60
- #define IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE 0x80
- #define IN_MODE_CELSIUS 0xA0
- #define IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT 0xC0
- #define IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP 0xE0
- #define IN_MODE_SLOPEMASK 0x1F
- #define IN_MODE_MODEMASK 0xE0

6.107.1 Detailed Description

Use sensor mode constants to configure an input port for the desired sensor mode. The constants are intended for use in NBC.

See also:

SetSensorMode()

6.107.2 Define Documentation

6.107.2.1 #define IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP 0xE0

RCX rotation sensor (16 ticks per revolution)

6.107.2.2 #define IN_MODE_BOOLEAN 0x20

Boolean value (0 or 1)

6.107.2.3 #define IN_MODE_CELSIUS 0xA0

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees celcius

6.107.2.4 #define IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT 0xC0

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees fahrenheit

6.107.2.5 #define IN_MODE_MODEMASK 0xE0

Mask for the mode without any slope value

6.107.2.6 #define IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE 0x80

Scaled value from 0 to 100

6.107.2.7 #define IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER 0x60

Counts the number of boolean periods

6.107.2.8 #define IN_MODE_RAW 0x00

Raw value from 0 to 1023

6.107.2.9 #define IN_MODE_SLOPEMASK 0x1F

Mask for slope parameter added to mode

6.107.2.10 #define IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT 0x40

Counts the number of boolean transitions

6.108 Input field constants

Constants for use with SetInput() and GetInput().

Defines

- #define TypeField 0
- #define InputModeField 1
- #define RawValueField 2
- #define NormalizedValueField 3
- #define ScaledValueField 4
- #define InvalidDataField 5

6.108.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with SetInput() and GetInput(). Each sensor has six fields that are used to define its state.

6.108.2 Define Documentation

6.108.2.1 #define InputModeField 1

Input mode field. Contains one of the sensor mode constants. Read/write.

6.108.2.2 #define InvalidDataField 5

Invalid data field. Contains a boolean value indicating whether the sensor data is valid or not. Read/write.

6.108.2.3 #define NormalizedValueField 3

Normalized value field. Contains the current normalized analog sensor value. Read only.

6.108.2.4 #define RawValueField 2

Raw value field. Contains the current raw analog sensor value. Read only.

6.108.2.5 #define ScaledValueField 4

Scaled value field. Contains the current scaled analog sensor value. Read/write.

6.108.2.6 #define TypeField 0

Type field. Contains one of the sensor type constants. Read/write.

6.109 Input port digital pin constants

Constants for use when directly controlling or reading a port's digital pin state.

Defines

- #define INPUT_DIGI0 0x01
- #define INPUT_DIGI1 0x02

6.109.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when directly controlling or reading a port's digital pin state.

6.109.2 Define Documentation

6.109.2.1 #define INPUT_DIGI0 0x01

Digital pin 0

6.109.2.2 #define INPUT_DIGI1 0x02

Digital pin 1

6.110 Color sensor array indices

Constants for use with color sensor value arrays to index RGB and blank return values.

Defines

- #define INPUT_RED 0
- #define INPUT_GREEN 1
- #define INPUT_BLUE 2
- #define INPUT_BLANK 3
- #define INPUT_NO_OF_COLORS 4

6.110.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with color sensor value arrays to index RGB and blank return values.

See also:

ReadSensorColorEx(), ReadSensorColorRaw(), SysColorSensorRead(), ColorSensorReadType

6.110.2 Define Documentation

6.110.2.1 #define INPUT_BLANK 3

Access the blank value from color sensor value arrays

6.110.2.2 #define INPUT_BLUE 2

Access the blue value from color sensor value arrays

6.110.2.3 #define INPUT_GREEN 1

Access the green value from color sensor value arrays

6.110.2.4 #define INPUT_NO_OF_COLORS 4

The number of entries in the color sensor value arrays

6.110.2.5 #define INPUT_RED 0

Access the red value from color sensor value arrays

Examples:

ex_ColorADRaw.nxc, ex_ColorBoolean.nxc, ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc, and ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc.

6.111 Color values

Constants for use with the ColorValue returned by the color sensor in full color mode.

Defines

- #define INPUT_BLACKCOLOR 1
- #define INPUT_BLUECOLOR 2
- #define INPUT_GREENCOLOR 3

- #define INPUT_YELLOWCOLOR 4
- #define INPUT_REDCOLOR 5
- #define INPUT_WHITECOLOR 6

6.111.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the ColorValue returned by the color sensor in full color mode.

See also:

SensorValue(), SysColorSensorRead(), ColorSensorReadType

6.111.2 Define Documentation

6.111.2.1 #define INPUT_BLACKCOLOR 1

The color value is black

6.111.2.2 #define INPUT_BLUECOLOR 2

The color value is blue

6.111.2.3 #define INPUT_GREENCOLOR 3

The color value is green

6.111.2.4 #define INPUT_REDCOLOR 5

The color value is red

6.111.2.5 #define INPUT_WHITECOLOR 6

The color value is white

6.111.2.6 #define INPUT_YELLOWCOLOR 4

The color value is yellow

6.112 Color calibration state constants

Constants for use with the color calibration state function.

Defines

- #define INPUT_SENSORCAL 0x01
- #define INPUT_SENSOROFF 0x02
- #define INPUT_RUNNINGCAL 0x20
- #define INPUT_STARTCAL 0x40
- #define INPUT_RESETCAL 0x80

6.112.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the color calibration state function.

See also:

ColorCalibrationState()

6.112.2 Define Documentation

6.112.2.1 #define INPUT_RESETCAL 0x80

Unused calibration state constant

6.112.2.2 #define INPUT_RUNNINGCAL 0x20

Unused calibration state constant

6.112.2.3 #define INPUT_SENSORCAL 0x01

The state returned while the color sensor is calibrating

6.112.2.4 #define INPUT_SENSOROFF 0x02

The state returned once calibration has completed

6.112.2.5 #define INPUT_STARTCAL 0x40

Unused calibration state constant

6.113 Color calibration constants

Constants for use with the color calibration functions.

Defines

- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_0 0
- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_1 1
- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_2 2
- #define INPUT_NO_OF_POINTS 3

6.113.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the color calibration functions.

See also:

ColorCalibration(), ColorCalLimits()

6.113.2 Define Documentation

6.113.2.1 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_0 0

Calibration point 0

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, and ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc.

6.113.2.2 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_1 1

Calibration point 1

6.113.2.3 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_2 2

Calibration point 2

6.113.2.4 #define INPUT_NO_OF_POINTS 3

The number of calibration points

6.114 Input module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Input module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define InputOffsetCustomZeroOffset(p) (((p)∗20)+0)
- #define InputOffsetADRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+2)
- #define InputOffsetSensorRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+4)
- #define InputOffsetSensorValue(p) (((p)∗20)+6)
- #define InputOffsetSensorType(p) (((p)∗20)+8)
- #define InputOffsetSensorMode(p) (((p)∗20)+9)
- #define InputOffsetSensorBoolean(p) (((p)∗20)+10)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsDir(p) (((p)∗20)+11)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsIn(p) (((p)∗20)+12)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsOut(p) (((p)∗20)+13)
- #define InputOffsetCustomPctFullScale(p) (((p)∗20)+14)
- #define InputOffsetCustomActiveStatus(p) (((p)∗20)+15)
- #define InputOffsetInvalidData(p) (((p)∗20)+16)
- #define InputOffsetColorCalibration(p, np, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+0+((np)∗16)+((nc)∗4))
- #define InputOffsetColorCalLimits(p, np) (80+((p)∗84)+48+((np)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorADRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+52+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorSensorRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+60+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorSensorValue(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+68+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorBoolean(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+76+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorCalibrationState(p) (80+((p)∗84)+80)

6.114.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Input module IOMAP structure.

6.114.2 Define Documentation

6.114.2.1 #define InputOffsetADRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+2)

Read the AD raw sensor value (2 bytes) uword

6.114.2.2 #define InputOffsetColorADRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+52+((nc)∗2))

Read AD raw color sensor values

6.114.2.3 #define InputOffsetColorBoolean(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+76+((nc)∗2))

Read color sensor boolean values

6.114.2.4 #define InputOffsetColorCalibration(p, np, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+0+((np)∗16)+((nc)∗4))

Read/write color calibration point values

6.114.2.5 #define InputOffsetColorCalibrationState(p) (80+((p)∗84)+80)

Read color sensor calibration state

6.114.2.6 #define InputOffsetColorCalLimits(p, np) (80+((p)∗84)+48+((np)∗2))

Read/write color calibration limits

6.114.2.7 #define InputOffsetColorSensorRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+60+((nc)∗2))

Read raw color sensor values

6.114.2.8 #define InputOffsetColorSensorValue(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+68+((nc)∗2))

Read scaled color sensor values

6.114.2.9 #define InputOffsetCustomActiveStatus(p) (((p)∗20)+15)

Read/write the active or inactive state of the custom sensor

6.114.2.10 #define InputOffsetCustomPctFullScale(p) (((p)∗20)+14)

Read/write the Pct full scale of the custom sensor

6.114.2.11 #define InputOffsetCustomZeroOffset(p) (((p)∗20)+0)

Read/write the zero offset of a custom sensor (2 bytes) uword

6.114.2.12 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsDir(p) (((p)∗20)+11)

Read/write the direction of the Digital pins (1 is output, 0 is input)

6.114.2.13 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsIn(p) (((p)∗20)+12)

Read/write the status of the digital pins

6.114.2.14 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsOut(p) (((p)∗20)+13)

Read/write the output level of the digital pins

6.114.2.15 #define InputOffsetInvalidData(p) (((p)∗20)+16)

Indicates whether data is invalid (1) or valid (0)

6.114.2.16 #define InputOffsetSensorBoolean(p) (((p)∗20)+10)

Read the sensor boolean value

6.114.2.17 #define InputOffsetSensorMode(p) (((p)∗20)+9)

Read/write the sensor mode

6.114.2.18 #define InputOffsetSensorRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+4)

Read the raw sensor value (2 bytes) uword

6.114.2.19 #define InputOffsetSensorType(p) (((p)∗20)+8)

Read/write the sensor type

6.114.2.20 #define InputOffsetSensorValue(p) (((p)∗20)+6)

Read/write the scaled sensor value (2 bytes) sword

6.115 Output port constants

Output port constants are used when calling motor control API functions.

Defines

- #define OUT_A 0x00
- #define OUT_B 0x01
- #define OUT_C 0x02
- #define OUT_AB 0x03
- #define OUT_AC 0x04
- #define OUT_BC 0x05
- #define OUT_ABC 0x06

6.115.1 Detailed Description

Output port constants are used when calling motor control API functions.

6.115.2 Define Documentation

6.115.2.1 #define OUT_A 0x00

Output port A

Examples:

ex_coast.nxc, ex_coastex.nxc, ex_float.nxc, ex_getoutput.nxc, ex_-motoractualspeed.nxc, ex_motorblocktachocount.nxc, ex_motormode.nxc, ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_motoroverload.nxc, ex_motorpower.nxc, ex_motorregdvalue.nxc, ex_motorregivalue.nxc, ex_motorregpvalue.nxc, ex_motorregulation.nxc, ex_motorrotationcount.nxc, ex_motorrunstate.nxc, ex_motortachocount.nxc, ex_motortacholimit.nxc, ex_motorturnratio.nxc, ex_off.nxc, ex_offex.nxc, ex_onfwd.nxc, ex_onfwdex.nxc, ex_onfwdreg.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdregpid.nxc, ex_onrev.nxc, ex_onrevex.nxc, ex_onrevreg.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, ex_onrevregpid.nxc, ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_RemoteResetMotorPosition.nxc, ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc, ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc, ex_-rotatemotor.nxc, ex_rotatemotorpid.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

6.115.2.2 #define OUT_AB 0x03

Output ports A and B

Examples:

ex_onfwdsync.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncpid.nxc, ex_onrevsync.nxc, ex_onrevsyncex.nxc, ex_-

onrevsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onrevsyncpid.nxc, ex_resetalltachocounts.nxc, ex_-resetblocktachocount.nxc, ex_resetrotationcount.nxc, ex_resettachocount.nxc, ex_rotatemotorex.nxc, ex_rotatemotorexpid.nxc, and ex_setoutput.nxc.

6.115.2.3 #define OUT_ABC 0x06

Output ports A, B, and C

6.115.2.4 #define OUT_AC 0x04

Output ports A and C

6.115.2.5 #define OUT_B 0x01

Output port B

6.115.2.6 #define OUT_BC 0x05

Output ports B and C

6.115.2.7 #define OUT_C 0x02

Output port C

6.116 PID constants

PID constants are for adjusting the Proportional, Integral, and Derivative motor controller parameters.

Defines

- #define PID_0 0
- #define PID_1 32
- #define PID_2 64
- #define PID_3 96
- #define PID_4 128
- #define PID_5 160
- #define PID_6 192
- #define PID_7 224

6.116.1 Detailed Description

PID constants are for adjusting the Proportional, Integral, and Derivative motor controller parameters.

See also:

RotateMotorExPID(), RotateMotorPID(), OnFwdExPID(), OnRevExPID(), OnFwdRegExPID(), OnRevRegExPID(), OnFwdRegPID(), OnRevRegPID(), OnFwdSyncExPID(), OnRevSyncExPID(), OnFwdSyncPID(), OnRevSyncPID()

6.116.2 Define Documentation

6.116.2.1 #define PID_0 0

PID zero

6.116.2.2 #define PID_1 32

PID one

6.116.2.3 #define PID_2 64

PID two

6.116.2.4 #define PID_3 96

PID three

6.116.2.5 #define PID_4 128

PID four

6.116.2.6 #define PID_5 160

PID five

6.116.2.7 #define PID_6 192

PID six

6.116.2.8 #define PID_7 224

PID seven

6.117 Output port update flag constants

Use these constants to specify which motor values need to be updated.

Defines

- #define UF_UPDATE_MODE 0x01
- #define UF_UPDATE_SPEED 0x02
- #define UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT 0x04
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT 0x08
- #define UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES 0x10
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40
- #define UF_PENDING_UPDATES 0x80

6.117.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to specify which motor values need to be updated. Update flag constants can be combined with bitwise OR.

See also:

SetOutput()

6.117.2 Define Documentation

6.117.2.1 #define UF_PENDING_UPDATES 0x80

Are there any pending motor updates?

6.117.2.2 #define UF_UPDATE_MODE 0x01

Commits changes to the OutputModeField output property

6.117.2.3 #define UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES 0x10

Commits changes to the PID motor regulation properties

6.117.2.4 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20

Resets the NXT-G block-relative rotation counter

6.117.2.5 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT 0x08

Resets all rotation counters, cancels the current goal, and resets the rotation error-correction system

6.117.2.6 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40

Resets the program-relative (user) rotation counter

6.117.2.7 #define UF_UPDATE_SPEED 0x02

Commits changes to the PowerField output property

6.117.2.8 #define UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT 0x04

Commits changes to the TachoLimitField output property

6.118 Tachometer counter reset flags

Use these constants to specify which of the three tachometer counters should be reset.

Defines

- #define RESET_NONE 0x00
- #define RESET_COUNT 0x08
- #define RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20
- #define RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40
- #define RESET_BLOCKANDTACHO 0x28
- #define RESET_ALL 0x68

6.118.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to specify which of the three tachometer counters should be reset. Reset constants can be combined with bitwise OR.

See also:

OnFwdEx(), OnRevEx(), etc...

6.118.2 Define Documentation

6.118.2.1 #define RESET_ALL 0x68

Reset all three tachometer counters

6.118.2.2 #define RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20

Reset the NXT-G block tachometer counter

6.118.2.3 #define RESET_BLOCKANDTACHO 0x28

Reset both the internal counter and the NXT-G block counter

6.118.2.4 #define RESET_COUNT 0x08

Reset the internal tachometer counter

6.118.2.5 #define RESET_NONE 0x00

No counters will be reset

Examples:

ex_coastex.nxc, ex_offex.nxc, ex_onfwdex.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onrevex.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, ex_onrevsyncex.nxc, and ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc.

6.118.2.6 #define RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40

Reset the rotation counter

6.119 Output port mode constants

Use these constants to configure the desired mode for the specified motor(s): coast, motoron, brake, or regulated.

Defines

- #define OUT_MODE_COAST 0x00
- #define OUT_MODE_MOTORON 0x01
- #define OUT_MODE_BRAKE 0x02
- #define OUT_MODE_REGULATED 0x04
- #define OUT_MODE_REGMETHOD 0xF0

6.119.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to configure the desired mode for the specified motor(s): coast, motoron, brake, or regulated. Mode constants can be combined with bitwise OR.

See also:

SetOutput()

6.119.2 Define Documentation

6.119.2.1 #define OUT_MODE_BRAKE 0x02

Uses electronic braking to outputs

6.119.2.2 #define OUT_MODE_COAST 0x00

No power and no braking so motors rotate freely.

6.119.2.3 #define OUT_MODE_MOTORON 0x01

Enables PWM power to the outputs given the power setting

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

6.119.2.4 #define OUT_MODE_REGMETHOD 0xF0

Mask for unimplemented regulation mode

6.119.2.5 #define OUT_MODE_REGULATED 0x04

Enables active power regulation using the regulation mode value

6.120 Output port option constants

Use these constants to configure the desired options for the specified motor(s): hold at limit and ramp down to limit.

Defines

- #define OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT 0x10
- #define OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT 0x20

6.120.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to configure the desired options for the specified motor(s): hold at limit and ramp down to limit. Option constants can be combined with bitwise OR.

See also:

SetOutput()

6.120.2 Define Documentation

6.120.2.1 #define OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT 0x10

Option to have the firmware hold the motor when it reaches the tachometer limit

6.120.2.2 #define OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT 0x20

Option to have the firmware rampdown the motor power as it approaches the tachometer limit

6.121 Output regulation option constants

Use these constants to configure the desired options for position regulation.

Defines

- #define OUT_REGOPTION_NO_SATURATION 0x01

6.121.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to configure the desired options for position regulation.

6.121.2 Define Documentation

6.121.2.1 #define OUT_REGOPTION_NO_SATURATION 0x01

Do not limit intermediary regulation results

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

6.122 Output port run state constants

Use these constants to configure the desired run state for the specified motor(s): idle, rampup, running, rampdown, or hold.

Defines

- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE 0x00
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP 0x10
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING 0x20
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN 0x40
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_HOLD 0x60

6.122.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to configure the desired run state for the specified motor(s): idle, rampup, running, rampdown, or hold.

See also:

SetOutput()

6.122.2 Define Documentation

6.122.2.1 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_HOLD 0x60

Set motor run state to hold at the current position.

6.122.2.2 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE 0x00

Disable all power to motors.

6.122.2.3 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN 0x40

Enable ramping down from a current power to a new (lower) power over a specified TachoLimitField goal.

6.122.2.4 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP 0x10

Enable ramping up from a current power to a new (higher) power over a specified TachoLimitField goal.

6.122.2.5 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING 0x20

Enable power to motors at the specified power level.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

6.123 Output port regulation mode constants

Use these constants to configure the desired regulation mode for the specified motor(s): none, speed regulation, multi-motor synchronization, or position regulation (requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+).

Defines

- #define OUT_REGMODE_IDLE 0
- #define OUT_REGMODE_SPEED 1
- #define OUT_REGMODE_SYNC 2
- #define OUT_REGMODE_POS 4

6.123.1 Detailed Description

Use these constants to configure the desired regulation mode for the specified motor(s): none, speed regulation, multi-motor synchronization, or position regulation (requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+).

See also:

SetOutput()

6.123.2 Define Documentation

6.123.2.1 #define OUT_REGMODE_IDLE 0

No motor regulation.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

6.123.2.2 #define OUT_REGMODE_POS 4

Regulate a motor's position.

6.123.2.3 #define OUT_REGMODE_SPEED 1

Regulate a motor's speed (aka power).

Examples:

ex_onfwdreg.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdregpid.nxc, ex_onrevreg.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, and ex_onrevregpid.nxc.

6.123.2.4 #define OUT_REGMODE_SYNC 2

Synchronize the rotation of two motors.

6.124 Output field constants

Constants for use with SetOutput() and GetOutput().

Defines

- #define UpdateFlagsField 0

  Update flags field.

- #define OutputModeField 1

  Mode field.

- #define PowerField 2

Power field.

- #define ActualSpeedField 3
  Actual speed field.
- #define TachoCountField 4
  Internal tachometer count field.
- #define TachoLimitField 5
  Tachometer limit field.
- #define RunStateField 6
  Run state field.
- #define TurnRatioField 7
  Turn ratio field.
- #define RegModeField 8
  Regulation mode field.
- #define OverloadField 9
  Overload field.
- #define RegPValueField 10
  Proportional field.
- #define RegIValueField 11
  Integral field.
- #define RegDValueField 12
  Derivative field.
- #define BlockTachoCountField 13
  NXT-G block tachometer count field.
- #define RotationCountField 14
  Rotation counter field.
- #define OutputOptionsField 15
  Options field.
- #define MaxSpeedField 16

MaxSpeed field.

- #define MaxAccelerationField 17

  MaxAcceleration field.

6.124.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with SetOutput() and GetOutput().

See also:

SetOutput(), GetOutput()

6.124.2 Define Documentation

6.124.2.1 #define ActualSpeedField 3

Actual speed field. Contains the actual power level (-100 to 100). Read only. Return the percent of full power the firmware is applying to the output. This may vary from the PowerField value when auto-regulation code in the firmware responds to a load on the output.

6.124.2.2 #define BlockTachoCountField 13

NXT-G block tachometer count field. Contains the current NXT-G block tachometer count. Read only. Return the block-relative position counter value for the specified port. Refer to the UpdateFlagsField description for information about how to use block-relative position counts. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField to request that the firmware reset the BlockTachoCountField. The sign of BlockTachoCountField indicates the direction of rotation. Positive values indicate forward rotation and negative values indicate reverse rotation. Forward and reverse depend on the orientation of the motor.

6.124.2.3 #define MaxAccelerationField 17

MaxAcceleration field. Contains the current max acceleration value. Read/write. Set the maximum acceleration to be used during position regulation.

6.124.2.4 #define MaxSpeedField 16

MaxSpeed field. Contains the current max speed value. Read/write. Set the maximum speed to be used during position regulation.

6.124.2.5 #define OutputModeField 1

Mode field. Contains a combination of the output mode constants. Read/write. The OUT_MODE_MOTORON bit must be set in order for power to be applied to the motors. Add OUT_MODE_BRAKE to enable electronic braking. Braking means that the output voltage is not allowed to float between active PWM pulses. It improves the accuracy of motor output but uses more battery power. To use motor regulation include OUT_MODE_REGULATED in the OutputModeField value. Use UF_UPDATE_MODE with UpdateFlagsField to commit changes to this field.

6.124.2.6 #define OutputOptionsField 15

Options field. Contains a combination of the output options constants. Read/write. Set options for how the output module will act when a tachometer limit is reached. Option constants can be combined with bitwise OR. Use OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT to have the output module hold the motor when it reaches the tachometer limit. Use OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT to have the output module ramp down the motor power as it approaches the tachometer limit.

6.124.2.7 #define OverloadField 9

Overload field. Contains a boolean value which is TRUE if the motor is overloaded. Read only. This field will have a value of 1 (true) if the firmware speed regulation cannot overcome a physical load on the motor. In other words, the motor is turning more slowly than expected. If the motor speed can be maintained in spite of loading then this field value is zero (false). In order to use this field the motor must have a non-idle RunStateField, an OutputModeField which includes OUT_MODE_MOTORON and OUT_MODE_REGULATED, and its RegModeField must be set to OUT_REGMODE_SPEED.

6.124.2.8 #define PowerField 2

Power field. Contains the desired power level (-100 to 100). Read/write. Specify the power level of the output. The absolute value of PowerField is a percentage of the full power of the motor. The sign of PowerField controls the rotation direction. Positive values tell the firmware to turn the motor forward, while negative values turn the motor backward. Use UF_UPDATE_SPEED with UpdateFlagsField to commit changes to this field.

6.124.2.9 #define RegDValueField 12

Derivative field. Contains the derivative constant for the PID motor controller. Read-/write. This field specifies the derivative term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

6.124.2.10 #define RegIValueField 11

Integral field. Contains the integral constant for the PID motor controller. Read/write. This field specifies the integral term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

6.124.2.11 #define RegModeField 8

Regulation mode field. Contains one of the regulation mode constants. Read/write. This field specifies the regulation mode to use with the specified port(s). It is ignored if the OUT_MODE_REGULATED bit is not set in the OutputModeField field. Unlike OutputModeField, RegModeField is not a bitfield. Only one regulation mode value can be set at a time. Speed regulation means that the firmware tries to maintain a certain speed based on the PowerField setting. The firmware adjusts the PWM duty cycle if the motor is affected by a physical load. This adjustment is reflected by the value of the ActualSpeedField property. When using speed regulation, do not set PowerField to its maximum value since the firmware cannot adjust to higher power levels in that situation. Synchronization means the firmware tries to keep two motors in sync regardless of physical loads. Use this mode to maintain a straight path for a mobile robot automatically. Also use this mode with the TurnRatioField property to provide proportional turning. Set OUT_REGMODE_SYNC on at least two motor ports in order

for synchronization to function. Setting OUT_REGMODE_SYNC on all three motor ports will result in only the first two (OUT_A and OUT_B) being synchronized.

6.124.2.12 #define RegPValueField 10

Proportional field. Contains the proportional constant for the PID motor controller. Read/write. This field specifies the proportional term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

6.124.2.13 #define RotationCountField 14

Rotation counter field. Contains the current rotation count. Read only. Return the program-relative position counter value for the specified port. Refer to the UpdateFlagsField description for information about how to use program-relative position counts. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField to request that the firmware reset the RotationCountField. The sign of RotationCountField indicates the direction of rotation. Positive values indicate forward rotation and negative values indicate reverse rotation. Forward and reverse depend on the orientation of the motor.

6.124.2.14 #define RunStateField 6

Run state field. Contains one of the run state constants. Read/write. Use this field to specify the running state of an output. Set the RunStateField to OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING to enable power to any output. Use OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP to enable automatic ramping to a new PowerField level greater than the current PowerField level. Use OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN to enable automatic ramping to a new PowerField level less than the current PowerField level. Both the rampup and rampdown bits must be used in conjunction with appropriate TachoLimitField and PowerField values. In this case the firmware smoothly increases or decreases the actual power to the new PowerField level over the total number of degrees of rotation specified in TachoLimitField.

6.124.2.15 #define TachoCountField 4

Internal tachometer count field. Contains the current internal tachometer count. Read only. Return the internal position counter value for the specified output. The internal count is reset automatically when a new goal is set using the TachoLimitField and the UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT flag. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField to reset TachoCountField and cancel any TachoLimitField. The sign of TachoCountField indicates the motor rotation direction.

6.124.2.16 #define TachoLimitField 5

Tachometer limit field. Contains the current tachometer limit. Read/write. Specify the number of degrees the motor should rotate. Use UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT with the UpdateFlagsField field to commit changes to the TachoLimitField. The value of this field is a relative distance from the current motor position at the moment when the UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT flag is processed.

6.124.2.17 #define TurnRatioField 7

Turn ratio field. Contains the current turn ratio. Only applicable when synchronizing multiple motors. Read/write. Use this field to specify a proportional turning ratio. This field must be used in conjunction with other field values: OutputModeField must include OUT_MODE_MOTORON and OUT_MODE_REGULATED, RegModeField must be set to OUT_REGMODE_SYNC, RunStateField must not be OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE, and PowerField must be non-zero. There are only three valid combinations of left and right motors for use with TurnRatioField: OUT_AB, OUT_BC, and OUT_AC. In each of these three options the first motor listed is considered to be the left motor and the second motor is the right motor, regardless of the physical configuration of the robot. Negative turn ratio values shift power toward the left motor while positive values shift power toward the right motor. An absolute value of 50 usually results in one motor stopping. An absolute value of 100 usually results in two motors turning in opposite directions at equal power.

6.124.2.18 #define UpdateFlagsField 0

Update flags field. Contains a combination of the update flag constants. Read/write. Use UF_UPDATE_MODE, UF_UPDATE_SPEED, UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT, and UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES along with other fields to commit changes to the state of outputs. Set the appropriate flags after setting one or more of the output fields in order for the changes to actually go into affect.

6.125 Output module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Output module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define OutputOffsetTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+0)
- #define OutputOffsetBlockTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+4)
- #define OutputOffsetRotationCount(p) (((p)∗32)+8)
- #define OutputOffsetTachoLimit(p) (((p)∗32)+12)
- #define OutputOffsetMotorRPM(p) (((p)∗32)+16)
- #define OutputOffsetFlags(p) (((p)∗32)+18)
- #define OutputOffsetMode(p) (((p)∗32)+19)
- #define OutputOffsetSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+20)
- #define OutputOffsetActualSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+21)
- #define OutputOffsetRegPParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+22)
- #define OutputOffsetRegIParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+23)
- #define OutputOffsetRegDParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+24)
- #define OutputOffsetRunState(p) (((p)∗32)+25)
- #define OutputOffsetRegMode(p) (((p)∗32)+26)
- #define OutputOffsetOverloaded(p) (((p)∗32)+27)
- #define OutputOffsetSyncTurnParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+28)
- #define OutputOffsetOptions(p) (((p)∗32)+29)
- #define OutputOffsetMaxSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+30)
- #define OutputOffsetMaxAccel(p) (((p)∗32)+31)
- #define OutputOffsetRegulationTime 96
- #define OutputOffsetRegulationOptions 97

6.125.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Output module IOMAP structure.

6.125.2 Define Documentation

6.125.2.1 #define OutputOffsetActualSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+21)

R - Holds the current motor speed (1 byte) sbyte

6.125.2.2 #define OutputOffsetBlockTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+4)

R - Holds current number of counts for the current output block (4 bytes) slong

6.125.2.3 #define OutputOffsetFlags(p) (((p)*32)+18)

RW - Holds flags for which data should be updated (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.4 #define OutputOffsetMaxAccel(p) (((p)*32)+31)

RW - holds the maximum acceleration for position regulation (1 byte) sbyte (NBC/NXC)

6.125.2.5 #define OutputOffsetMaxSpeed(p) (((p)*32)+30)

RW - holds the maximum speed for position regulation (1 byte) sbyte (NBC/NXC)

6.125.2.6 #define OutputOffsetMode(p) (((p)*32)+19)

RW - Holds motor mode: Run, Break, regulated, ... (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.7 #define OutputOffsetMotorRPM(p) (((p)*32)+16)

Not updated, will be removed later !! (2 bytes) sword

6.125.2.8 #define OutputOffsetOptions(p) (((p)*32)+29)

RW - holds extra motor options related to the tachometer limit (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

6.125.2.9 #define OutputOffsetOverloaded(p) (((p)*32)+27)

R - True if the motor has been overloaded within speed control regulation (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.10 #define OutputOffsetRegDParameter(p) (((p)*32)+24)

RW - Holds the D-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.11 #define OutputOffsetRegIParameter(p) (((p)*32)+23)

RW - Holds the I-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.12 #define OutputOffsetRegMode(p) (((p)∗32)+26)

RW - Tells which regulation mode should be used (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.13 #define OutputOffsetRegPParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+22)

RW - Holds the P-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.14 #define OutputOffsetRegulationOptions 97

use for position regulation options (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

6.125.2.15 #define OutputOffsetRegulationTime 96

use for frequency of checking regulation mode (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

6.125.2.16 #define OutputOffsetRotationCount(p) (((p)∗32)+8)

R - Holds current number of counts for the rotation counter to the output (4 bytes) slong

6.125.2.17 #define OutputOffsetRunState(p) (((p)∗32)+25)

RW - Holds the current motor run state in the output module (1 byte) ubyte

6.125.2.18 #define OutputOffsetSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+20)

RW - Holds the wanted speed (1 byte) sbyte

6.125.2.19 #define OutputOffsetSyncTurnParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+28)

RW - Holds the turning parameter need within MoveBlock (1 byte) sbyte

6.125.2.20 #define OutputOffsetTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+0)

R - Holds current number of counts, since last reset, updated every 1 mS (4 bytes) slong

6.125.2.21 #define OutputOffsetTachoLimit(p) (((p)∗32)+12)

RW - Holds number of counts to travel, 0 => Run forever (4 bytes) ulong

6.126 LowSpeed module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's LowSpeed module.

Modules

- LSState constants

  Constants for the low speed module LSState function.

- LSChannelState constants

  Constants for the low speed module LSChannelState function.

- LSMode constants

  Constants for the low speed module LSMode function.

- LSErrorType constants

  Constants for the low speed module LSErrorType function.

- Low speed module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the low speed module IOMAP structure.

- LSNoRestartOnRead constants

  Constants for the low speed module LSNoRestartOnRead and SetLSNoRestartOnRead functions.

- Standard I2C constants

  Constants for use with standard I2C devices.

- LEGO I2C address constants

  Constants for LEGO I2C device addresses.

- Ultrasonic sensor constants

  Constants for use with the ultrasonic sensor.

- LEGO temperature sensor constants

  Constants for use with the LEGO temperature sensor.

- E-Meter sensor constants

Constants for use with the e-meter sensor.

6.126.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's LowSpeed module.

6.127 LSState constants

Constants for the low speed module LSState function.

Defines

- #define COM_CHANNEL_NONE_ACTIVE 0x00
- #define COM_CHANNEL_ONE_ACTIVE 0x01
- #define COM_CHANNEL_TWO_ACTIVE 0x02
- #define COM_CHANNEL_THREE_ACTIVE 0x04
- #define COM_CHANNEL_FOUR_ACTIVE 0x08

6.127.1 Detailed Description

Constants for the low speed module LSState function. These values are combined together using a bitwise OR operation.

See also:

LSState()

6.127.2 Define Documentation

6.127.2.1 #define COM_CHANNEL_FOUR_ACTIVE 0x08

Low speed channel 4 is active

6.127.2.2 #define COM_CHANNEL_NONE_ACTIVE 0x00

None of the low speed channels are active

6.127.2.3 #define COM_CHANNEL_ONE_ACTIVE 0x01

Low speed channel 1 is active

6.127.2.4 #define COM_CHANNEL_THREE_ACTIVE 0x04

Low speed channel 3 is active

6.127.2.5 #define COM_CHANNEL_TWO_ACTIVE 0x02

Low speed channel 2 is active

6.128 LSChannelState constants

Constants for the low speed module LSChannelState function.

Defines

- #define LOWSPEED_IDLE 0
- #define LOWSPEED_INIT 1
- #define LOWSPEED_LOAD_BUFFER 2
- #define LOWSPEED_COMMUNICATING 3
- #define LOWSPEED_ERROR 4
- #define LOWSPEED_DONE 5

6.128.1 Detailed Description

Constants for the low speed module LSChannelState function.

See also:

LSChannelState()

6.128.2 Define Documentation

6.128.2.1 #define LOWSPEED_COMMUNICATING 3

Channel is actively communicating

6.128.2.2 #define LOWSPEED_DONE 5

Channel is done communicating

6.128.2.3 #define LOWSPEED_ERROR 4

Channel is in an error state

6.128.2.4 #define LOWSPEED_IDLE 0

Channel is idle

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

6.128.2.5 #define LOWSPEED_INIT 1

Channel is being initialized

6.128.2.6 #define LOWSPEED_LOAD_BUFFER 2

Channel buffer is loading

6.129 LSMode constants

Constants for the low speed module LSMode function.

Defines

- #define LOWSPEED_TRANSMITTING 1
- #define LOWSPEED_RECEIVING 2
- #define LOWSPEED_DATA_RECEIVED 3

6.129.1 Detailed Description

Constants for the low speed module LSMode function.

See also:

LSMode()

6.129.2 Define Documentation

6.129.2.1 #define LOWSPEED_DATA_RECEIVED 3

Lowspeed port is in data received mode

6.129.2.2 #define LOWSPEED_RECEIVING 2

Lowspeed port is in receiving mode

6.129.2.3 #define LOWSPEED_TRANSMITTING 1

Lowspeed port is in transmitting mode

6.130 LSErrorType constants

Constants for the low speed module LSErrorType function.

Defines

- #define LOWSPEED_NO_ERROR 0
- #define LOWSPEED_CH_NOT_READY 1
- #define LOWSPEED_TX_ERROR 2
- #define LOWSPEED_RX_ERROR 3

6.130.1 Detailed Description

Constants for the low speed module LSErrorType function.

See also:

LSErrorType()

6.130.2 Define Documentation

6.130.2.1 #define LOWSPEED_CH_NOT_READY 1

Lowspeed port is not ready

6.130.2.2 #define LOWSPEED_NO_ERROR 0

Lowspeed port has no error

6.130.2.3 #define LOWSPEED_RX_ERROR 3

Lowspeed port encountered an error while receiving data

6.130.2.4 #define LOWSPEED_TX_ERROR 2

Lowspeed port encountered an error while transmitting data

6.131 Low speed module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the low speed module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+0)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+16)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+17)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+18)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+76)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+92)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+93)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+94)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetMode(p) ((p)+152)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetChannelState(p) ((p)+156)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetErrorType(p) ((p)+160)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetState 164
- #define LowSpeedOffsetSpeed 165
- #define LowSpeedOffsetNoRestartOnRead 166

6.131.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the low speed module IOMAP structure.

6.131.2 Define Documentation

6.131.2.1 #define LowSpeedOffsetChannelState(p) ((p)+156)

R - Lowspeed channgel state (1 byte)

6.131.2.2 #define LowSpeedOffsetErrorType(p) ((p)+160)

R - Lowspeed port error type (1 byte)

6.131.2.3 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+0)

RW - Input buffer data buffer field offset (16 bytes)

6.131.2.4 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+18)

RW - Input buffer bytes to receive field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.5 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+16)

RW - Input buffer in pointer field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.6 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+17)

RW - Input buffer out pointer field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.7 #define LowSpeedOffsetMode(p) ((p)+152)

R - Lowspeed port mode (1 byte)

6.131.2.8 #define LowSpeedOffsetNoRestartOnRead 166

RW - Lowspeed option for no restart on read (all channels) (NBC/NXC)

6.131.2.9 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+76)

RW - Output buffer data buffer field offset (16 bytes)

6.131.2.10 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+94)

RW - Output buffer bytes to receive field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.11 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+92)

RW - Output buffer in pointer field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.12 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+93)

RW - Output buffer out pointer field offset (1 byte)

6.131.2.13 #define LowSpeedOffsetSpeed 165

R - Lowspeed speed (unused)

6.131.2.14 #define LowSpeedOffsetState 164

R - Lowspeed state (all channels)

6.132 LSNoRestartOnRead constants

Constants for the low speed module LSNoRestartOnRead and SetLSNoRestartOnRead functions.

Defines

- #define LSREAD_RESTART_ALL 0x00
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_1 0x01
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_2 0x02
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_3 0x04
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_4 0x08
- #define LSREAD_RESTART_NONE 0x0F
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_MASK 0x10

6.132.1 Detailed Description

Constants for the low speed module LSNoRestartOnRead and SetLSNoRestartOnRead functions. These values are combined with a bitwise OR operation.

See also:

LSNoRestartOnRead(), SetLSNoRestartOnRead()

6.132.2 Define Documentation

6.132.2.1 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_1 0x01

No restart on read for channel 1

6.132.2.2 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_2 0x02

No restart on read for channel 2

6.132.2.3 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_3 0x04

No restart on read for channel 3

6.132.2.4 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_4 0x08

No restart on read for channel 4

6.132.2.5 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_MASK 0x10

No restart mask

6.132.2.6 #define LSREAD_RESTART_ALL 0x00

Restart on read for all channels (default)

6.132.2.7 #define LSREAD_RESTART_NONE 0x0F

No restart on read for all channels

6.133 Standard I2C constants

Constants for use with standard I2C devices.

Defines

- #define I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT 0x02
- #define I2C_REG_VERSION 0x00
- #define I2C_REG_VENDOR_ID 0x08
- #define I2C_REG_DEVICE_ID 0x10
- #define I2C_REG_CMD 0x41

6.133.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with standard I2C devices.

6.133.2 Define Documentation

6.133.2.1 #define I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT 0x02

Standard NXT I2C device address

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_MSDeenergize.nxc, ex_MSEnergize.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, and ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

6.133.2.2 #define I2C_REG_CMD 0x41

Standard NXT I2C device command register

Examples:

ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, and ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

6.133.2.3 #define I2C_REG_DEVICE_ID 0x10

Standard NXT I2C device ID register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

6.133.2.4 #define I2C_REG_VENDOR_ID 0x08

Standard NXT I2C vendor ID register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

6.133.2.5 #define I2C_REG_VERSION 0x00

Standard NXT I2C version register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

6.134 LEGO I2C address constants

Constants for LEGO I2C device addresses.

Defines

- #define LEGO_ADDR_US 0x02
- #define LEGO_ADDR_TEMP 0x98
- #define LEGO_ADDR_EMETER 0x04

6.134.1 Detailed Description

Constants for LEGO I2C device addresses.

6.134.2 Define Documentation

6.134.2.1 #define LEGO_ADDR_EMETER 0x04

The LEGO e-meter sensor's I2C address

6.134.2.2 #define LEGO_ADDR_TEMP 0x98

The LEGO temperature sensor's I2C address

6.134.2.3 #define LEGO_ADDR_US 0x02

The LEGO ultrasonic sensor's I2C address

6.135 Ultrasonic sensor constants

Constants for use with the ultrasonic sensor.

Defines

- #define US_CMD_OFF 0x00
- #define US_CMD_SINGLESHOT 0x01

- #define US_CMD_CONTINUOUS 0x02
- #define US_CMD_EVENTCAPTURE 0x03
- #define US_CMD_WARMRESET 0x04
- #define US_REG_CM_INTERVAL 0x40
- #define US_REG_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x50
- #define US_REG_SCALE_FACTOR 0x51
- #define US_REG_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x52
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x11
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_FACTOR 0x12
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x13
- #define US_REG_MEASUREMENT_UNITS 0x14

6.135.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the ultrasonic sensor.

6.135.2 Define Documentation

6.135.2.1 #define US_CMD_CONTINUOUS 0x02

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into continuous polling mode (default)

6.135.2.2 #define US_CMD_EVENTCAPTURE 0x03

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into event capture mode

6.135.2.3 #define US_CMD_OFF 0x00

Command to turn off the ultrasonic sensor

Examples:

ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

6.135.2.4 #define US_CMD_SINGLESHOT 0x01

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into single shot mode

6.135.2.5 #define US_CMD_WARMRESET 0x04

Command to warm reset the ultrasonic sensor

6.135.2.6 #define US_REG_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x50

The register address used to store the actual zero value

6.135.2.7 #define US_REG_CM_INTERVAL 0x40

The register address used to store the CM interval

6.135.2.8 #define US_REG_FACTORY_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x11

The register address containing the factory setting for the actual zero value

6.135.2.9 #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x13

The register address containing the factory setting for the scale divisor value

6.135.2.10 #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_FACTOR 0x12

The register address containing the factory setting for the scale factor value

6.135.2.11 #define US_REG_MEASUREMENT_UNITS 0x14

The register address containing the measurement units (degrees C or F)

6.135.2.12 #define US_REG_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x52

The register address used to store the scale divisor value

6.135.2.13 #define US_REG_SCALE_FACTOR 0x51

The register address used to store the scale factor value

6.136 LEGO temperature sensor constants

Constants for use with the LEGO temperature sensor.

Defines

- #define TEMP_RES_9BIT 0x00
- #define TEMP_RES_10BIT 0x20
- #define TEMP_RES_11BIT 0x40
- #define TEMP_RES_12BIT 0x60
- #define TEMP_SD_CONTINUOUS 0x00
- #define TEMP_SD_SHUTDOWN 0x01
- #define TEMP_TM_COMPARATOR 0x00
- #define TEMP_TM_INTERRUPT 0x02
- #define TEMP_OS_ONESHOT 0x80
- #define TEMP_FQ_1 0x00
- #define TEMP_FQ_2 0x08
- #define TEMP_FQ_4 0x10
- #define TEMP_FQ_6 0x18
- #define TEMP_POL_LOW 0x00
- #define TEMP_POL_HIGH 0x04
- #define TEMP_REG_TEMP 0x00
- #define TEMP_REG_CONFIG 0x01
- #define TEMP_REG_TLOW 0x02
- #define TEMP_REG_THIGH 0x03

6.136.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the LEGO temperature sensor.

6.136.2 Define Documentation

6.136.2.1 #define TEMP_FQ_1 0x00

Set fault queue to 1 fault before alert

6.136.2.2 #define TEMP_FQ_2 0x08

Set fault queue to 2 faults before alert

6.136.2.3 #define TEMP_FQ_4 0x10

Set fault queue to 4 faults before alert

6.136.2.4 #define TEMP_FQ_6 0x18

Set fault queue to 6 faults before alert

6.136.2.5 #define TEMP_OS_ONESHOT 0x80

Set the sensor into oneshot mode. When the device is in shutdown mode this will start a single temperature conversion. The device returns to shutdown mode when it completes.

6.136.2.6 #define TEMP_POL_HIGH 0x04

Set polarity of ALERT pin to be active HIGH

6.136.2.7 #define TEMP_POL_LOW 0x00

Set polarity of ALERT pin to be active LOW

6.136.2.8 #define TEMP_REG_CONFIG 0x01

The register for reading/writing sensor configuration values

6.136.2.9 #define TEMP_REG_TEMP 0x00

The register where temperature values can be read

6.136.2.10 #define TEMP_REG_THIGH 0x03

The register for reading/writing a user-defined high temperature limit

6.136.2.11 #define TEMP_REG_TLOW 0x02

The register for reading/writing a user-defined low temperature limit

6.136.2.12 #define TEMP_RES_10BIT 0x20

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 10 bit

6.136.2.13 #define TEMP_RES_11BIT 0x40

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 11 bit

6.136.2.14 #define TEMP_RES_12BIT 0x60

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 12 bit

Examples:

ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc.

6.136.2.15 #define TEMP_RES_9BIT 0x00

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 9 bit

6.136.2.16 #define TEMP_SD_CONTINUOUS 0x00

Set the sensor mode to continuous

6.136.2.17 #define TEMP_SD_SHUTDOWN 0x01

Set the sensor mode to shutdown. The device will shut down after the current conversion is completed.

6.136.2.18 #define TEMP_TM_COMPARATOR 0x00

Set the thermostat mode to comparator

6.136.2.19 #define TEMP_TM_INTERRUPT 0x02

Set the thermostat mode to interrupt

6.137 E-Meter sensor constants

Constants for use with the e-meter sensor.

Defines

- #define EMETER_REG_VIN 0x0a
- #define EMETER_REG_AIN 0x0c
- #define EMETER_REG_VOUT 0x0e
- #define EMETER_REG_AOUT 0x10
- #define EMETER_REG_JOULES 0x12
- #define EMETER_REG_WIN 0x14
- #define EMETER_REG_WOUT 0x16

6.137.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the e-meter sensor.

6.137.2 Define Documentation

6.137.2.1 #define EMETER_REG_AIN 0x0c

The register address for amps in

6.137.2.2 #define EMETER_REG_AOUT 0x10

The register address for amps out

6.137.2.3 #define EMETER_REG_JOULES 0x12

The register address for joules

6.137.2.4 #define EMETER_REG_VIN 0x0a

The register address for voltage in

6.137.2.5 #define EMETER_REG_VOUT 0x0e

The register address for voltage out

6.137.2.6 #define EMETER_REG_WIN 0x14

The register address for watts in

6.137.2.7 #define EMETER_REG_WOUT 0x16

The register address for watts out

6.138 Display module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Display module.

Modules

- Line number constants

  Line numbers for use with DrawText system function.

- DisplayExecuteFunction constants

  Constants that are for use with the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

- Drawing option constants

  Constants that are for specifying drawing options in several display module API functions.

- Display flags

  Constants that are for use with the display flags functions.

- Display contrast constants

  Constants that are for use with the display contrast API functions.

- Text line constants

  Constants that are for use with getting/setting display data.

- Display module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the display module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define SCREEN_MODE_RESTORE 0x00
- #define SCREEN_MODE_CLEAR 0x01
- #define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 64
- #define DISPLAY_WIDTH 100
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_Y 40
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_OFFS 7
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_DIFF 31

- #define MENUICON_LEFT 0
- #define MENUICON_CENTER 1
- #define MENUICON_RIGHT 2
- #define MENUICONS 3
- #define FRAME_SELECT 0
- #define STATUSTEXT 1
- #define MENUTEXT 2
- #define STEPLINE 3
- #define TOPLINE 4
- #define SPECIALS 5
- #define STATUSICON_BLUETOOTH 0
- #define STATUSICON_USB 1
- #define STATUSICON_VM 2
- #define STATUSICON_BATTERY 3
- #define STATUSICONS 4
- #define SCREEN_BACKGROUND 0
- #define SCREEN_LARGE 1
- #define SCREEN_SMALL 2
- #define SCREENS 3
- #define BITMAP_1 0
- #define BITMAP_2 1
- #define BITMAP_3 2
- #define BITMAP_4 3
- #define BITMAPS 4
- #define STEPICON_1 0
- #define STEPICON_2 1
- #define STEPICON_3 2
- #define STEPICON_4 3
- #define STEPICON_5 4
- #define STEPICONS 5

6.138.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Display module.

6.138.2 Define Documentation

6.138.2.1 #define BITMAP_1 0

Bitmap 1

6.138.2.2 #define BITMAP_2 1

Bitmap 2

6.138.2.3 #define BITMAP_3 2

Bitmap 3

6.138.2.4 #define BITMAP_4 3

Bitmap 4

6.138.2.5 #define BITMAPS 4

The number of bitmap bits

6.138.2.6 #define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 64

The height of the LCD screen in pixels

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

6.138.2.7 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_DIFF 31

6.138.2.8 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_OFFS 7

6.138.2.9 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_Y 40

6.138.2.10 #define DISPLAY_WIDTH 100

The width of the LCD screen in pixels

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

6.138.2.11 #define FRAME_SELECT 0

Center icon select frame

6.138.2.12 #define MENUICON_CENTER 1

Center icon

6.138.2.13 #define MENUICON_LEFT 0

Left icon

6.138.2.14 #define MENUICON_RIGHT 2

Right icon

6.138.2.15 #define MENUICONS 3

The number of menu icons

6.138.2.16 #define MENUTEXT 2

Center icon text

6.138.2.17 #define SCREEN_BACKGROUND 0

Entire screen

6.138.2.18 #define SCREEN_LARGE 1

Entire screen except status line

6.138.2.19 #define SCREEN_MODE_CLEAR 0x01

Clear the screen

See also:

SetScreenMode()

6.138.2.20 #define SCREEN_MODE_RESTORE 0x00

Restore the screen

See also:

SetScreenMode()

6.138.2.21 #define SCREEN_SMALL 2

Screen between menu icons and status line

6.138.2.22 #define SCREENS 3

The number of screen bits

6.138.2.23 #define SPECIALS 5

The number of special bit values

6.138.2.24 #define STATUSICON_BATTERY 3

Battery status icon collection

6.138.2.25 #define STATUSICON_BLUETOOTH 0

BlueTooth status icon collection

6.138.2.26 #define STATUSICON_USB 1

USB status icon collection

6.138.2.27 #define STATUSICON_VM 2

VM status icon collection

6.138.2.28 #define STATUSICONS 4

The number of status icons

6.138.2.29 #define STATUSTEXT 1

Status text (BT name)

6.138.2.30 #define STEPICON_1 0

Left most step icon

6.138.2.31 #define STEPICON_2 1

6.138.2.32 #define STEPICON_3 2

6.138.2.33 #define STEPICON_4 3

6.138.2.34 #define STEPICON_5 4

Right most step icon

6.138.2.35 #define STEPICONS 5

6.138.2.36 #define STEPLINE 3

Step collection lines

6.138.2.37 #define TOPLINE 4

Top status underline

6.139 DisplayExecuteFunction constants

Constants that are for use with the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

Defines

- #define DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL 0x00
- #define DISPLAY_PIXEL 0x01
- #define DISPLAY_HORIZONTAL_LINE 0x02
- #define DISPLAY_VERTICAL_LINE 0x03
- #define DISPLAY_CHAR 0x04
- #define DISPLAY_ERASE_LINE 0x05
- #define DISPLAY_FILL_REGION 0x06
- #define DISPLAY_FRAME 0x07

6.139.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

6.139.2 Define Documentation

6.139.2.1 #define DISPLAY_CHAR 0x04

W - draw char (actual font) (CMD,TRUE,X1,Y1,Char,x)

6.139.2.2 #define DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL 0x00

W - erase entire screen (CMD,x,x,x,x,x)

Examples:

ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

6.139.2.3 #define DISPLAY_ERASE_LINE 0x05

W - erase a single line (CMD,x,LINE,x,x,x)

6.139.2.4 #define DISPLAY_FILL_REGION 0x06

W - fill screen region (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)

6.139.2.5 #define DISPLAY_FRAME 0x07

W - draw a frame (on/off) (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)

6.139.2.6 #define DISPLAY_HORIZONTAL_LINE 0x02

W - draw horizontal line (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,x)

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

6.139.2.7 #define DISPLAY_PIXEL 0x01

W - set pixel (on/off) (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X,Y,x,x)

6.139.2.8 #define DISPLAY_VERTICAL_LINE 0x03

W - draw vertical line (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,x,Y2)

6.140 Drawing option constants

Constants that are for specifying drawing options in several display module API functions.

Modules

- Font drawing option constants

  These addition drawing option constants are only for use when drawing text and numbers on the LCD using an RIC-based font.

Defines

- #define DRAW_OPT_NORMAL (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_WHOLE_SCREEN (0x0001)

- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_EXCEPT_STATUS_SCREEN (0x0002)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_PIXELS (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_INVERT (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_COPY (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_AND (0x0008)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OR (0x0010)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR (0x0018)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE (0x0020)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_SCREEN_MODES (0x0003)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OPERATIONS (0x0018)
- #define DRAW_OPT_POLYGON_POLYLINE (0x0400)

6.140.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying drawing options in several display module API functions. Bits 0 & 1 (values 0,1,2,3) control screen clearing behaviour (Not within RIC files). Bit 2 (value 4) controls the NOT operation, i.e. draw in white or invert text/graphics. Bits 3 & 4 (values 0,8,16,24) control pixel logical combinations (COPY/AND/OR/XOR). Bit 5 (value 32) controls shape filling, or overrides text/graphic bitmaps with set pixels. These may be ORed together for the full instruction (e.g., DRAW_OPT_NORMAL|DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR) These operations are resolved into the separate, common parameters defined in 'c_display.iom' before any drawing function is called. Note that when drawing a RIC file, the initial 'DrawingOptions' parameter supplied in the drawing instruction controls screen clearing, but nothing else. The 'CopyOptions' parameter from each instruction in the RIC file then controls graphic operations, but the screen-clearing bits are ignored.

See also:

TextOut(), NumOut(), PointOut(), LineOut(), CircleOut(), RectOut(), PolyOut(), EllipseOut(), FontTextOut(), FontNumOut(), GraphicOut(), GraphicArrayOut()

6.140.2 Define Documentation

6.140.2.1 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR (0x0004)

Clear pixels while drawing (aka draw in white)

6.140.2.2 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_EXCEPT_STATUS_SCREEN (0x0002)

Clear the screen except for the status line before drawing

6.140.2.3 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_PIXELS (0x0004)

Clear pixels while drawing (aka draw in white)

6.140.2.4 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_SCREEN_MODES (0x0003)

Bit mask for the clear screen modes

6.140.2.5 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_WHOLE_SCREEN (0x0001)

Clear the entire screen before drawing

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc.

6.140.2.6 #define DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE (0x0020)

Fill the shape while drawing (rectangle, circle, ellipses, and polygon)

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

6.140.2.7 #define DRAW_OPT_INVERT (0x0004)

Invert text or graphics

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.140.2.8 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_AND (0x0008)

Draw pixels using a logical AND operation

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.140.2.9 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_COPY (0x0000)

Draw pixels using a logical copy operation

6.140.2.10 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OPERATIONS (0x0018)

Bit mask for the logical drawing operations

6.140.2.11 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OR (0x0010)

Draw pixels using a logical OR operation

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.140.2.12 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR (0x0018)

Draw pixels using a logical XOR operation

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

6.140.2.13 #define DRAW_OPT_NORMAL (0x0000)

Normal drawing

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

6.140.2.14 #define DRAW_OPT_POLYGON_POLYLINE (0x0400)

When drawing polygons, do not close (i.e., draw a polyline instead)

6.141 Font drawing option constants

These addition drawing option constants are only for use when drawing text and numbers on the LCD using an RIC-based font.

Defines

- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIRECTIONS (0x01C0)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_WRAP (0x0200)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT (0x0040)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LB (0x0080)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LT (0x00C0)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TL (0x0100)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TR (0x0140)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BL (0x0180)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BR (0x01C0)

6.141.1 Detailed Description

These addition drawing option constants are only for use when drawing text and numbers on the LCD using an RIC-based font.

See also:

FontTextOut(), FontNumOut()

6.141.2 Define Documentation

6.141.2.1 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TL (0x0100)

Font bottom to top left align

6.141.2.2 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TR (0x0140)

Font bottom to top right align

6.141.2.3 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB (0x0000)

Font left to right bottom align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.141.2.4 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT (0x0040)

Font left to right top align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

6.141.2.5 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LB (0x0080)

Font right to left bottom align

6.141.2.6 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LT (0x00C0)

Font right to left top align

6.141.2.7 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BL (0x0180)

Font top to bottom left align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.141.2.8 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BR (0x01C0)

Font top to bottom right align

6.141.2.9 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIRECTIONS (0x01C0)

Bit mask for the font direction bits

6.141.2.10 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_WRAP (0x0200)

Option to have text wrap in FontNumOut and FontTextOut calls

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

6.142 Display flags

Constants that are for use with the display flags functions.

Defines

- #define DISPLAY_ON 0x01
- #define DISPLAY_REFRESH 0x02
- #define DISPLAY_POPUP 0x08
- #define DISPLAY_REFRESH_DISABLED 0x40
- #define DISPLAY_BUSY 0x80

6.142.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the display flags functions.

See also:

SetDisplayFlags(), DisplayFlags()

6.142.2 Define Documentation

6.142.2.1 #define DISPLAY_BUSY 0x80

R - Refresh in progress

6.142.2.2 #define DISPLAY_ON 0x01

W - Display on

6.142.2.3 #define DISPLAY_POPUP 0x08

W - Use popup display memory

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc.

6.142.2.4 #define DISPLAY_REFRESH 0x02

W - Enable refresh

6.142.2.5 #define DISPLAY_REFRESH_DISABLED 0x40

R - Refresh disabled

6.143 Display contrast constants

Constants that are for use with the display contrast API functions.

Defines

- #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT 0x5A
- #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX 0x7F

6.143.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the display contrast API functions.

See also:

SetDisplayContrast(), DisplayContrast()

6.143.2 Define Documentation

6.143.2.1 #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT 0x5A

Default display contrast value

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc, and ex_setdisplaycontrast.nxc.

6.143.2.2 #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX 0x7F

Maximum display contrast value

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc.

6.144 Text line constants

Constants that are for use with getting/setting display data.

Defines

- #define TEXTLINE_1 0
- #define TEXTLINE_2 1
- #define TEXTLINE_3 2
- #define TEXTLINE_4 3
- #define TEXTLINE_5 4
- #define TEXTLINE_6 5
- #define TEXTLINE_7 6
- #define TEXTLINE_8 7
- #define TEXTLINES 8

6.144.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with getting/setting display data.

See also:

SetDisplayNormal(), GetDisplayNormal(), SetDisplayPopup(), GetDisplay-Popup()

6.144.2 Define Documentation

6.144.2.1 #define TEXTLINE_1 0

Text line 1

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayNormal.nxc, ex_GetDisplayPopup.nxc, ex_SetDisplayNormal.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayPopup.nxc.

6.144.2.2 #define TEXTLINE_2 1

Text line 2

6.144.2.3 #define TEXTLINE_3 2

Text line 3

6.144.2.4 #define TEXTLINE_4 3

Text line 4

6.144.2.5 #define TEXTLINE_5 4

Text line 5

6.144.2.6 #define TEXTLINE_6 5

Text line 6

6.144.2.7 #define TEXTLINE_7 6

Text line 7

6.144.2.8 #define TEXTLINE_8 7

Text line 8

6.144.2.9 #define TEXTLINES 8

The number of text lines on the LCD

6.145 Display module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the display module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define DisplayOffsetPFunc 0
- #define DisplayOffsetEraseMask 4
- #define DisplayOffsetUpdateMask 8
- #define DisplayOffsetPFont 12
- #define DisplayOffsetPTextLines(p) (((p)∗4)+16)
- #define DisplayOffsetPStatusText 48
- #define DisplayOffsetPStatusIcons 52
- #define DisplayOffsetPScreens(p) (((p)∗4)+56)
- #define DisplayOffsetPBitmaps(p) (((p)∗4)+68)
- #define DisplayOffsetPMenuText 84
- #define DisplayOffsetPMenuIcons(p) (((p)∗4)+88)
- #define DisplayOffsetPStepIcons 100
- #define DisplayOffsetDisplay 104
- #define DisplayOffsetStatusIcons(p) ((p)+108)

- #define DisplayOffsetStepIcons(p) ((p)+112)
- #define DisplayOffsetFlags 117
- #define DisplayOffsetTextLinesCenterFlags 118
- #define DisplayOffsetNormal(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+119)
- #define DisplayOffsetPopup(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+919)
- #define DisplayOffsetContrast 1719

6.145.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the display module IOMAP structure.

6.145.2 Define Documentation

6.145.2.1 #define DisplayOffsetContrast 1719

Adjust the display contrast with this field

6.145.2.2 #define DisplayOffsetDisplay 104

Display content copied to physical display every 17 mS

6.145.2.3 #define DisplayOffsetEraseMask 4

Section erase mask (executed first)

6.145.2.4 #define DisplayOffsetFlags 117

Update flags enumerated above

6.145.2.5 #define DisplayOffsetNormal(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+119)

Raw display memory for normal screen

6.145.2.6 #define DisplayOffsetPBitmaps(p) (((p)∗4)+68)

Pointer to free bitmap files

6.145.2.7 #define DisplayOffsetPFont 12

Pointer to font file

6.145.2.8 #define DisplayOffsetPFunc 0

Simple draw entry

6.145.2.9 #define DisplayOffsetPMenuIcons(p) (((p)∗4)+88)

Pointer to menu icon images (NULL == none)

6.145.2.10 #define DisplayOffsetPMenuText 84

Pointer to menu icon text (NULL == none)

6.145.2.11 #define DisplayOffsetPopup(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+919)

Raw display memory for popup screen

6.145.2.12 #define DisplayOffsetPScreens(p) (((p)∗4)+56)

Pointer to screen bitmap file

6.145.2.13 #define DisplayOffsetPStatusIcons 52

Pointer to status icon collection file

6.145.2.14 #define DisplayOffsetPStatusText 48

Pointer to status text string

6.145.2.15 #define DisplayOffsetPStepIcons 100

Pointer to step icon collection file

6.145.2.16 #define DisplayOffsetPTextLines(p) (((p)∗4)+16)

Pointer to text strings

6.145.2.17 #define DisplayOffsetStatusIcons(p) ((p)+108)

Index in status icon collection file (index = 0 -> none)

6.145.2.18 #define DisplayOffsetStepIcons(p) ((p)+112)

Index in step icon collection file (index = 0 -> none)

6.145.2.19 #define DisplayOffsetTextLinesCenterFlags 118

Mask to center TextLines

6.145.2.20 #define DisplayOffsetUpdateMask 8

Section update mask (executed next)

6.146 Comm module constants

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Comm module.

Modules

- Mailbox constants

  Mailbox number constants should be used to avoid confusing NXT-G users.

- Miscellaneous Comm module constants

  Miscellaneous constants related to the Comm module.

- Bluetooth State constants

  Constants related to the bluetooth state.

- Data mode constants

  Constants related to the bluetooth and hi-speed data modes.

- Bluetooth state status constants

  Constants related to the bluetooth state status.

- Remote connection constants

  Constants for specifying remote connection slots.

- Bluetooth hardware status constants

  Constants related to the bluetooth hardware status.

- Hi-speed port constants

  Constants related to the hi-speed port.

- Device status constants

  Constants refering to DeviceStatus within DeviceTable.

- Comm module interface function constants

  Constants for all the Comm module interface functions executable via SysCommExecuteFunction.

- Comm module status code constants

  Constants for Comm module status codes.

- Comm module IOMAP offsets

  Constant offsets into the Comm module IOMAP structure.

6.146.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are part of the NXT firmware's Comm module.

6.147 Miscellaneous Comm module constants

Miscellaneous constants related to the Comm module.

Defines

- #define SIZE_OF_USBBUF 64
- #define USB_PROTOCOL_OVERHEAD 2
- #define SIZE_OF_USBDATA 62
- #define SIZE_OF_HSBUF 128
- #define SIZE_OF_BTBUF 128
- #define BT_CMD_BYTE 1
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_DEVICE_TABLE 30
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_CONNECT_TABLE 4
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_NAME 16
- #define SIZE_OF_BRICK_NAME 8
- #define SIZE_OF_CLASS_OF_DEVICE 4
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_PINCODE 16
- #define SIZE_OF_BDADDR 7
- #define MAX_BT_MSG_SIZE 60000
- #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_MAX 0
- #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_TIMEOUT_LO 15

6.147.1 Detailed Description

Miscellaneous constants related to the Comm module.

6.147.2 Define Documentation

6.147.2.1 #define BT_CMD_BYTE 1

Size of Bluetooth command

6.147.2.2 #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_MAX 0

Bluetooth default inquiry Max (0 == unlimited)

6.147.2.3 #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_TIMEOUT_LO 15

Bluetooth inquiry timeout (15∗1.28 sec = 19.2 sec)

6.147.2.4 #define MAX_BT_MSG_SIZE 60000

Max Bluetooth Message Size

6.147.2.5 #define SIZE_OF_BDADDR 7

Size of Bluetooth Address

6.147.2.6 #define SIZE_OF_BRICK_NAME 8

Size of NXT Brick name

6.147.2.7 #define SIZE_OF_BT_CONNECT_TABLE 4

Size of Bluetooth connection table -- Index 0 is always incoming connection

6.147.2.8 #define SIZE_OF_BT_DEVICE_TABLE 30

Size of Bluetooth device table

6.147.2.9 #define SIZE_OF_BT_NAME 16

Size of Bluetooth name

6.147.2.10 #define SIZE_OF_BT_PINCODE 16

Size of Bluetooth PIN

6.147.2.11 #define SIZE_OF_BTBUF 128

Size of Bluetooth buffer

6.147.2.12 #define SIZE_OF_CLASS_OF_DEVICE 4

Size of class of device

6.147.2.13 #define SIZE_OF_HSBUF 128

Size of High Speed Port 4 buffer

6.147.2.14 #define SIZE_OF_USBBUF 64

Size of USB Buffer in bytes

6.147.2.15 #define SIZE_OF_USBDATA 62

Size of USB Buffer available for data

6.147.2.16 #define USB_PROTOCOL_OVERHEAD 2

Size of USB Overhead in bytes -- Command type byte + Command

6.148 Bluetooth State constants

Constants related to the bluetooth state.

Defines

- #define BT_ARM_OFF 0
- #define BT_ARM_CMD_MODE 1
- #define BT_ARM_DATA_MODE 2

6.148.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the bluetooth state.

6.148.2 Define Documentation

6.148.2.1 #define BT_ARM_CMD_MODE 1

BtState constant bluetooth command mode

6.148.2.2 #define BT_ARM_DATA_MODE 2

BtState constant bluetooth data mode

6.148.2.3 #define BT_ARM_OFF 0

BtState constant bluetooth off

6.149 Data mode constants

Constants related to the bluetooth and hi-speed data modes.

Defines

- #define DATA_MODE_NXT 0x00
- #define DATA_MODE_GPS 0x01
- #define DATA_MODE_RAW 0x02
- #define DATA_MODE_MASK 0x07
- #define DATA_MODE_UPDATE 0x08

6.149.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the bluetooth and hi-speed data modes.

6.149.2 Define Documentation

6.149.2.1 #define DATA_MODE_GPS 0x01

Use GPS data mode

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.149.2.2 #define DATA_MODE_MASK 0x07

A mask for the data mode bits.

6.149.2.3 #define DATA_MODE_NXT 0x00

Use NXT data mode

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

6.149.2.4 #define DATA_MODE_RAW 0x02

Use RAW data mode

6.149.2.5 #define DATA_MODE_UPDATE 0x08

Indicates that the data mode has been changed.

6.150 Bluetooth state status constants

Constants related to the bluetooth state status.

Defines

- #define BT_BRICK_VISIBILITY 0x01
- #define BT_BRICK_PORT_OPEN 0x02
- #define BT_CONNECTION_0_ENABLE 0x10
- #define BT_CONNECTION_1_ENABLE 0x20
- #define BT_CONNECTION_2_ENABLE 0x40
- #define BT_CONNECTION_3_ENABLE 0x80

6.150.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the bluetooth state status.

6.150.2 Define Documentation

6.150.2.1 #define BT_BRICK_PORT_OPEN 0x02

BtStateStatus port open bit

6.150.2.2 #define BT_BRICK_VISIBILITY 0x01

BtStateStatus brick visibility bit

6.150.2.3 #define BT_CONNECTION_0_ENABLE 0x10

BtStateStatus connection 0 enable/disable bit

6.150.2.4 #define BT_CONNECTION_1_ENABLE 0x20

BtStateStatus connection 1 enable/disable bit

6.150.2.5 #define BT_CONNECTION_2_ENABLE 0x40

BtStateStatus connection 2 enable/disable bit

6.150.2.6 #define BT_CONNECTION_3_ENABLE 0x80

BtStateStatus connection 3 enable/disable bit

6.151 Remote connection constants

Constants for specifying remote connection slots.

Defines

- #define CONN_BT0 0x0
- #define CONN_BT1 0x1
- #define CONN_BT2 0x2
- #define CONN_BT3 0x3

- #define CONN_HS4 0x4
- #define CONN_HS_ALL 0x4
- #define CONN_HS_1 0x5
- #define CONN_HS_2 0x6
- #define CONN_HS_3 0x7
- #define CONN_HS_4 0x8
- #define CONN_HS_5 0x9
- #define CONN_HS_6 0xa
- #define CONN_HS_7 0xb
- #define CONN_HS_8 0xc

6.151.1 Detailed Description

Constants for specifying remote connection slots.

6.151.2 Define Documentation

6.151.2.1 #define CONN_BT0 0x0

Bluetooth connection 0

6.151.2.2 #define CONN_BT1 0x1

Bluetooth connection 1

Examples:

ex_RemoteCloseFile.nxc, ex_RemoteConnectionIdle.nxc, ex_RemoteConnectionWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteDatalogRead.nxc, ex_RemoteDatalogSetTimes.nxc, ex_RemoteDeleteFile.nxc, ex_RemoteDeleteUserFlash.nxc, ex_RemoteFindFirstFile.nxc, ex_RemoteFindNextFile.nxc, ex_RemoteGetBatteryLevel.nxc, ex_RemoteGetBluetoothAddress.nxc, ex_RemoteGetConnectionCount.nxc, ex_RemoteGetConnectionName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetContactCount.nxc, ex_RemoteGetContactName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetCurrentProgramName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetDeviceInfo.nxc, ex_RemoteGetFirmwareVersion.nxc, ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc, ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc, ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedGetStatus.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenAppendData.nxc,

ex_RemoteOpenRead.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWriteData.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWriteLinear.nxc, ex_RemotePollCommand.nxc, ex_RemotePollCommandLength.nxc, ex_RemoteRead.nxc, ex_RemoteRenameFile.nxc, ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc, ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc, and ex_RemoteWrite.nxc.

6.151.2.3 #define CONN_BT2 0x2

Bluetooth connection 2

6.151.2.4 #define CONN_BT3 0x3

Bluetooth connection 3

6.151.2.5 #define CONN_HS4 0x4

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, all devices)

6.151.2.6 #define CONN_HS_1 0x5

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 1)

6.151.2.7 #define CONN_HS_2 0x6

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 2)

6.151.2.8 #define CONN_HS_3 0x7

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 3)

6.151.2.9 #define CONN_HS_4 0x8

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 4)

6.151.2.10 #define CONN_HS_5 0x9

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 5)

6.151.2.11 #define CONN_HS_6 0xa

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 6)

6.151.2.12 #define CONN_HS_7 0xb

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 7)

6.151.2.13 #define CONN_HS_8 0xc

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 8)

6.151.2.14 #define CONN_HS_ALL 0x4

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, all devices)

6.152 Bluetooth hardware status constants

Constants related to the bluetooth hardware status.

Defines

- #define BT_ENABLE 0x00
- #define BT_DISABLE 0x01

6.152.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the bluetooth hardware status.

6.152.2 Define Documentation

6.152.2.1 #define BT_DISABLE 0x01

BtHwStatus bluetooth disable

6.152.2.2 #define BT_ENABLE 0x00

BtHwStatus bluetooth enable

6.153 Hi-speed port constants

Constants related to the hi-speed port.

Modules

- Hi-speed port flags constants

  Constants related to the hi-speed port flags.

- Hi-speed port state constants

  Constants related to the hi-speed port state.

- Hi-speed port SysCommHSControl constants

  Constants for use with the SysCommHSControl API function.

- Hi-speed port baud rate constants

  Constants for configuring the hi-speed port baud rate (HsSpeed).

- Hi-speed port UART mode constants

  Constants referring to HsMode UART configuration settings.

- Hi-speed port address constants

  Constants that are used to specify the Hi-speed (RS-485) port device address.

6.153.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the hi-speed port.

6.154 Hi-speed port flags constants

Constants related to the hi-speed port flags.

Defines

- #define HS_UPDATE 1

6.154.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the hi-speed port flags.

6.154.2 Define Documentation

6.154.2.1 #define HS_UPDATE 1

HsFlags high speed update required

6.155 Hi-speed port state constants

Constants related to the hi-speed port state.

Defines

- #define HS_INITIALISE 1
- #define HS_INIT_RECEIVER 2
- #define HS_SEND_DATA 3
- #define HS_DISABLE 4
- #define HS_ENABLE 5

6.155.1 Detailed Description

Constants related to the hi-speed port state.

6.155.2 Define Documentation

6.155.2.1 #define HS_DISABLE 4

HsState disable

6.155.2.2 #define HS_ENABLE 5

HsState enable

6.155.2.3 #define HS_INIT_RECEIVER 2

HsState initialize receiver

6.155.2.4 #define HS_INITIALISE 1

HsState initialize

6.155.2.5 #define HS_SEND_DATA 3

HsState send data

6.156 Hi-speed port SysCommHSControl constants

Constants for use with the SysCommHSControl API function.

Defines

- #define HS_CTRL_INIT 0
- #define HS_CTRL_UART 1
- #define HS_CTRL_EXIT 2

6.156.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use with the SysCommHSControl API function.

See also:

SysCommHSControl()

6.156.2 Define Documentation

6.156.2.1 #define HS_CTRL_EXIT 2

Ddisable the high speed port

6.156.2.2 #define HS_CTRL_INIT 0

Enable the high speed port

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, and ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

6.156.2.3 #define HS_CTRL_UART 1

Setup the high speed port UART configuration

6.157 Hi-speed port baud rate constants

Constants for configuring the hi-speed port baud rate (HsSpeed).

Defines

- #define HS_BAUD_1200 0
- #define HS_BAUD_2400 1
- #define HS_BAUD_3600 2
- #define HS_BAUD_4800 3
- #define HS_BAUD_7200 4
- #define HS_BAUD_9600 5
- #define HS_BAUD_14400 6
- #define HS_BAUD_19200 7
- #define HS_BAUD_28800 8
- #define HS_BAUD_38400 9
- #define HS_BAUD_57600 10
- #define HS_BAUD_76800 11
- #define HS_BAUD_115200 12
- #define HS_BAUD_230400 13
- #define HS_BAUD_460800 14
- #define HS_BAUD_921600 15
- #define HS_BAUD_DEFAULT 15

6.157.1 Detailed Description

Constants for configuring the hi-speed port baud rate (HsSpeed).

6.157.2 Define Documentation

6.157.2.1 #define HS_BAUD_115200 12

HsSpeed 115200 Baud

6.157.2.2 #define HS_BAUD_1200 0

HsSpeed 1200 Baud

6.157.2.3 #define HS_BAUD_14400 6

HsSpeed 14400 Baud

6.157.2.4 #define HS_BAUD_19200 7

HsSpeed 19200 Baud

6.157.2.5 #define HS_BAUD_230400 13

HsSpeed 230400 Baud

6.157.2.6 #define HS_BAUD_2400 1

HsSpeed 2400 Baud

6.157.2.7 #define HS_BAUD_28800 8

HsSpeed 28800 Baud

6.157.2.8 #define HS_BAUD_3600 2

HsSpeed 3600 Baud

6.157.2.9 #define HS_BAUD_38400 9

HsSpeed 38400 Baud

6.157.2.10 #define HS_BAUD_460800 14

HsSpeed 460800 Baud

6.157.2.11 #define HS_BAUD_4800 3

HsSpeed 4800 Baud

6.157.2.12 #define HS_BAUD_57600 10

HsSpeed 57600 Baud

6.157.2.13 #define HS_BAUD_7200 4

HsSpeed 7200 Baud

6.157.2.14 #define HS_BAUD_76800 11

HsSpeed 76800 Baud

6.157.2.15 #define HS_BAUD_921600 15

HsSpeed 921600 Baud

6.157.2.16 #define HS_BAUD_9600 5

HsSpeed 9600 Baud

6.157.2.17 #define HS_BAUD_DEFAULT 15

HsSpeed default Baud (921600)

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.158 Hi-speed port UART mode constants

Constants referring to HsMode UART configuration settings.

Modules

- Hi-speed port data bits constants
  Constants referring to HsMode (number of data bits).
- Hi-speed port stop bits constants
  Constants referring to HsMode (number of stop bits).
- Hi-speed port parity constants
  Constants referring to HsMode (parity).
- Hi-speed port combined UART constants
  Constants that combine data bits, parity, and stop bits into a single value.

Defines

- #define HS_MODE_DEFAULT HS_MODE_8N1

6.158.1 Detailed Description

Constants referring to HsMode UART configuration settings.

6.158.2 Define Documentation

6.158.2.1 #define HS_MODE_DEFAULT HS_MODE_8N1

HsMode default mode (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

6.159 Hi-speed port data bits constants

Constants referring to HsMode (number of data bits).

Defines

- #define HS_MODE_5_DATA 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_6_DATA 0x0040
- #define HS_MODE_7_DATA 0x0080
- #define HS_MODE_8_DATA 0x00C0

6.159.1 Detailed Description

Constants referring to HsMode (number of data bits).

6.159.2 Define Documentation

6.159.2.1 #define HS_MODE_5_DATA 0x0000

HsMode 5 data bits

6.159.2.2 #define HS_MODE_6_DATA 0x0040

HsMode 6 data bits

6.159.2.3 #define HS_MODE_7_DATA 0x0080

HsMode 7 data bits

6.159.2.4 #define HS_MODE_8_DATA 0x00C0

HsMode 8 data bits

6.160 Hi-speed port stop bits constants

Constants referring to HsMode (number of stop bits).

Defines

- #define HS_MODE_10_STOP 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_15_STOP 0x1000
- #define HS_MODE_20_STOP 0x2000

6.160.1 Detailed Description

Constants referring to HsMode (number of stop bits).

6.160.2 Define Documentation

6.160.2.1 #define HS_MODE_10_STOP 0x0000

HsMode 1 stop bit

6.160.2.2 #define HS_MODE_15_STOP 0x1000

HsMode 1.5 stop bits

6.160.2.3 #define HS_MODE_20_STOP 0x2000

HsMode 2 stop bits

6.161 Hi-speed port parity constants

Constants referring to HsMode (parity).

Defines

- #define HS_MODE_E_PARITY 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_O_PARITY 0x0200
- #define HS_MODE_S_PARITY 0x0400
- #define HS_MODE_M_PARITY 0x0600
- #define HS_MODE_N_PARITY 0x0800

6.161.1 Detailed Description

Constants referring to HsMode (parity).

6.161.2 Define Documentation

6.161.2.1 #define HS_MODE_E_PARITY 0x0000

HsMode Even parity

6.161.2.2 #define HS_MODE_M_PARITY 0x0600

HsMode Mark parity

6.161.2.3 #define HS_MODE_N_PARITY 0x0800

HsMode No parity

6.161.2.4 #define HS_MODE_O_PARITY 0x0200

HsMode Odd parity

6.161.2.5 #define HS_MODE_S_PARITY 0x0400

HsMode Space parity

6.162 Hi-speed port combined UART constants

Constants that combine data bits, parity, and stop bits into a single value.

Defines

- #define HS_MODE_8N1 (HS_MODE_8_DATA|HS_MODE_N_PARITY|HS_-MODE_10_STOP)
- #define HS_MODE_7E1 (HS_MODE_7_DATA|HS_MODE_E_PARITY|HS_-MODE_10_STOP)

6.162.1 Detailed Description

Constants that combine data bits, parity, and stop bits into a single value.

6.162.2 Define Documentation

6.162.2.1 #define HS_MODE_7E1 (HS_MODE_7_DATA|HS_MODE_E_-PARITY|HS_MODE_10_STOP)

HsMode 7 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit

6.162.2.2 #define HS_MODE_8N1 (HS_MODE_8_DATA|HS_MODE_N_-PARITY|HS_MODE_10_STOP)

HsMode 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit

Examples:

ex_sethsmode.nxc.

6.163 Hi-speed port address constants

Constants that are used to specify the Hi-speed (RS-485) port device address.

Defines

- #define HS_ADDRESS_ALL 0
- #define HS_ADDRESS_1 1
- #define HS_ADDRESS_2 2
- #define HS_ADDRESS_3 3
- #define HS_ADDRESS_4 4
- #define HS_ADDRESS_5 5
- #define HS_ADDRESS_6 6
- #define HS_ADDRESS_7 7
- #define HS_ADDRESS_8 8

6.163.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are used to specify the Hi-speed (RS-485) port device address.

6.163.2 Define Documentation

6.163.2.1 #define HS_ADDRESS_1 1

HsAddress device address 1

6.163.2.2 #define HS_ADDRESS_2 2

HsAddress device address 2

6.163.2.3 #define HS_ADDRESS_3 3

HsAddress device address 3

6.163.2.4 #define HS_ADDRESS_4 4

HsAddress device address 4

6.163.2.5 #define HS_ADDRESS_5 5

HsAddress device address 5

6.163.2.6 #define HS_ADDRESS_6 6

HsAddress device address 6

6.163.2.7 #define HS_ADDRESS_7 7

HsAddress device address 7

6.163.2.8 #define HS_ADDRESS_8 8

HsAddress device address 8

6.163.2.9 #define HS_ADDRESS_ALL 0

HsAddress all devices

6.164 Device status constants

Constants refering to DeviceStatus within DeviceTable.

Defines

- #define BT_DEVICE_EMPTY 0x00
- #define BT_DEVICE_UNKNOWN 0x01
- #define BT_DEVICE_KNOWN 0x02
- #define BT_DEVICE_NAME 0x40
- #define BT_DEVICE_AWAY 0x80

6.164.1 Detailed Description

Constants refering to DeviceStatus within DeviceTable.

6.164.2 Define Documentation

6.164.2.1 #define BT_DEVICE_AWAY 0x80

Bluetooth device away

6.164.2.2 #define BT_DEVICE_EMPTY 0x00

Bluetooth device table empty

6.164.2.3 #define BT_DEVICE_KNOWN 0x02

Bluetooth device known

6.164.2.4 #define BT_DEVICE_NAME 0x40

Bluetooth device name

6.164.2.5 #define BT_DEVICE_UNKNOWN 0x01

Bluetooth device unknown

6.165 Comm module interface function constants

Constants for all the Comm module interface functions executable via SysCommExecuteFunction.

Defines

- #define INTF_SENDFILE 0
- #define INTF_SEARCH 1
- #define INTF_STOPSEARCH 2
- #define INTF_CONNECT 3
- #define INTF_DISCONNECT 4
- #define INTF_DISCONNECTALL 5
- #define INTF_REMOVEDEVICE 6
- #define INTF_VISIBILITY 7
- #define INTF_SETCMDMODE 8
- #define INTF_OPENSTREAM 9
- #define INTF_SENDDATA 10
- #define INTF_FACTORYRESET 11
- #define INTF_BTON 12
- #define INTF_BTOFF 13
- #define INTF_SETBTNAME 14
- #define INTF_EXTREAD 15
- #define INTF_PINREQ 16
- #define INTF_CONNECTREQ 17
- #define INTF_CONNECTBYNAME 18

6.165.1 Detailed Description

Constants for all the Comm module interface functions executable via SysCommExecuteFunction.

See also:

SysCommExecuteFunction()

6.165.2 Define Documentation

6.165.2.1 #define INTF_BTOFF 13

Turn off the bluetooth radio

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

6.165.2.2 #define INTF_BTON 12

Turn on the bluetooth radio

6.165.2.3 #define INTF_CONNECT 3

Connect to one of the known devices

6.165.2.4 #define INTF_CONNECTBYNAME 18

Connect to a bluetooth device by name

6.165.2.5 #define INTF_CONNECTREQ 17

Connection request from another device

6.165.2.6 #define INTF_DISCONNECT 4

Disconnect from one of the connected devices

6.165.2.7 #define INTF_DISCONNECTALL 5

Disconnect all devices

6.165.2.8 #define INTF_EXTREAD 15

External read request

6.165.2.9 #define INTF_FACTORYRESET 11

Reset bluetooth settings to factory values

6.165.2.10 #define INTF_OPENSTREAM 9

Open a bluetooth stream

6.165.2.11 #define INTF_PINREQ 16

Bluetooth PIN request

6.165.2.12 #define INTF_REMOVEDEVICE 6

Remove a device from the known devices table

6.165.2.13 #define INTF_SEARCH 1

Search for bluetooth devices

6.165.2.14 #define INTF_SENDDATA 10

Send data over a bluetooth connection

6.165.2.15 #define INTF_SENDFILE 0

Send a file via bluetooth to another device

6.165.2.16 #define INTF_SETBTNAME 14

Set the bluetooth name

6.165.2.17 #define INTF_SETCMDMODE 8

Set bluetooth into command mode

6.165.2.18 #define INTF_STOPSEARCH 2

Stop searching for bluetooth devices

6.165.2.19 #define INTF_VISIBILITY 7

Set the bluetooth visibility on or off

6.166 Comm module status code constants

Constants for Comm module status codes.

Defines

- #define LR_SUCCESS 0x50
- #define LR_COULD_NOT_SAVE 0x51
- #define LR_STORE_IS_FULL 0x52
- #define LR_ENTRY_REMOVED 0x53
- #define LR_UNKNOWN_ADDR 0x54
- #define USB_CMD_READY 0x01
- #define BT_CMD_READY 0x02
- #define HS_CMD_READY 0x04

6.166.1 Detailed Description

Constants for Comm module status codes.

6.166.2 Define Documentation

6.166.2.1 #define BT_CMD_READY 0x02

A constant representing bluetooth direct command

6.166.2.2 #define HS_CMD_READY 0x04

A constant representing high speed direct command

6.166.2.3 #define LR_COULD_NOT_SAVE 0x51

Bluetooth list result could not save

6.166.2.4 #define LR_ENTRY_REMOVED 0x53

Bluetooth list result entry removed

6.166.2.5 #define LR_STORE_IS_FULL 0x52

Bluetooth list result store is full

6.166.2.6 #define LR_SUCCESS 0x50

Bluetooth list result success

6.166.2.7 #define LR_UNKNOWN_ADDR 0x54

Bluetooth list result unknown address

6.166.2.8 #define USB_CMD_READY 0x01

A constant representing usb direct command

6.167 Comm module IOMAP offsets

Constant offsets into the Comm module IOMAP structure.

Defines

- #define CommOffsetPFunc 0
- #define CommOffsetPFuncTwo 4
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableName(p) (((p)∗31)+8)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗31)+24)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗31)+28)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableDeviceStatus(p) (((p)∗31)+35)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableName(p) (((p)∗47)+938)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗47)+954)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTablePinCode(p) (((p)∗47)+958)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗47)+974)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableHandleNr(p) (((p)∗47)+981)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableStreamStatus(p) (((p)∗47)+982)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableLinkQuality(p) (((p)∗47)+983)
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataName 1126
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBluecoreVersion 1142
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBdAddr 1144
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtStateStatus 1151
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtHwStatus 1152
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataTimeOutValue 1153
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufBuf 1157
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufInPtr 1285
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufOutPtr 1286
- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufBuf 1289

- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufInPtr 1417
- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufOutPtr 1418
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufBuf 1421
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufInPtr 1549
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufOutPtr 1550
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufBuf 1553
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufInPtr 1681
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufOutPtr 1682
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufBuf 1685
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufInPtr 1749
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufOutPtr 1750
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufBuf 1753
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufInPtr 1817
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufOutPtr 1818
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufBuf 1821
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufInPtr 1885
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufOutPtr 1886
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceCnt 1889
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceNameCnt 1890
- #define CommOffsetHsFlags 1891
- #define CommOffsetHsSpeed 1892
- #define CommOffsetHsState 1893
- #define CommOffsetUsbState 1894
- #define CommOffsetHsMode 1896
- #define CommOffsetBtDataMode 1898
- #define CommOffsetHsDataMode 1899

6.167.1 Detailed Description

Constant offsets into the Comm module IOMAP structure.

6.167.2 Define Documentation

6.167.2.1 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBdAddr 1144

Offset to Bluetooth address (7 bytes)

6.167.2.2 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBluecoreVersion 1142

Offset to Bluecore version (2 bytes)

6.167.2.3 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtHwStatus 1152

Offset to BtHwStatus (1 byte)

6.167.2.4 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtStateStatus 1151

Offset to BtStateStatus (1 byte)

6.167.2.5 #define CommOffsetBrickDataName 1126

Offset to brick name (16 bytes)

6.167.2.6 #define CommOffsetBrickDataTimeOutValue 1153

Offset to data timeout value (1 byte)

6.167.2.7 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗47)+974)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table address (7 bytes)

6.167.2.8 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗47)+954)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table device class (4 bytes)

6.167.2.9 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableHandleNr(p) (((p)∗47)+981)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table handle (1 byte)

6.167.2.10 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableLinkQuality(p) (((p)∗47)+983)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table link quality (1 byte)

6.167.2.11 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableName(p) (((p)∗47)+938)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table name (16 bytes)

6.167.2.12 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTablePinCode(p) (((p)∗47)+958)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table pin code (16 bytes)

6.167.2.13 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableStreamStatus(p) (((p)∗47)+982)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table stream status (1 byte)

6.167.2.14 #define CommOffsetBtDataMode 1898

Offset to Bluetooth data mode (1 byte)

6.167.2.15 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceCnt 1889

Offset to Bluetooth device count (1 byte)

6.167.2.16 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceNameCnt 1890

Offset to Bluetooth device name count (1 byte)

6.167.2.17 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗31)+28)

Offset to Bluetooth device table address (7 bytes)

6.167.2.18 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗31)+24)

Offset to Bluetooth device table device class (4 bytes)

6.167.2.19 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableDeviceStatus(p) (((p)∗31)+35)

Offset to Bluetooth device table status (1 byte)

6.167.2.20 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableName(p) (((p)∗31)+8)

Offset to BT device table name (16 bytes)

6.167.2.21 #define CommOffsetBtInBufBuf 1157

Offset to Bluetooth input buffer data (128 bytes)

6.167.2.22 #define CommOffsetBtInBufInPtr 1285

Offset to Bluetooth input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.23 #define CommOffsetBtInBufOutPtr 1286

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.24 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufBuf 1289

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer offset data (128 bytes)

6.167.2.25 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufInPtr 1417

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.26 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufOutPtr 1418

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.27 #define CommOffsetHsDataMode 1899

Offset to High Speed data mode (1 byte)

6.167.2.28 #define CommOffsetHsFlags 1891

Offset to High Speed flags (1 byte)

6.167.2.29 #define CommOffsetHsInBufBuf 1421

Offset to High Speed input buffer data (128 bytes)

6.167.2.30 #define CommOffsetHsInBufInPtr 1549

Offset to High Speed input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.31 #define CommOffsetHsInBufOutPtr 1550

Offset to High Speed input buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.32 #define CommOffsetHsMode 1896

Offset to High Speed mode (2 bytes)

6.167.2.33 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufBuf 1553

Offset to High Speed output buffer data (128 bytes)

6.167.2.34 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufInPtr 1681

Offset to High Speed output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.35 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufOutPtr 1682

Offset to High Speed output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.36 #define CommOffsetHsSpeed 1892

Offset to High Speed speed (1 byte)

6.167.2.37 #define CommOffsetHsState 1893

Offset to High Speed state (1 byte)

6.167.2.38 #define CommOffsetPFunc 0

Offset to the Comm module first function pointer (4 bytes)

6.167.2.39 #define CommOffsetPFuncTwo 4

Offset to the Comm module second function pointer (4 bytes)

6.167.2.40 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufBuf 1685

Offset to Usb input buffer data (64 bytes)

6.167.2.41 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufInPtr 1749

Offset to Usb input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.42 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufOutPtr 1750

Offset to Usb input buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.43 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufBuf 1753

Offset to Usb output buffer data (64 bytes)

6.167.2.44 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufInPtr 1817

Offset to Usb output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.45 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufOutPtr 1818

Offset to Usb output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.46 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufBuf 1821

Offset to Usb Poll buffer data (64 bytes)

6.167.2.47 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufInPtr 1885

Offset to Usb Poll buffer front pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.48 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufOutPtr 1886

Offset to Usb Poll buffer back pointer (1 byte)

6.167.2.49 #define CommOffsetUsbState 1894

Offset to Usb State (1 byte)

6.168 RCX constants

Constants that are for use with devices that communicate with the RCX or Scout programmable bricks via IR such as the HiTechnic IRLink or the MindSensors nRLink.

Modules

- RCX output constants

  Constants for use when choosing RCX outputs.

- RCX output mode constants

Constants for use when configuring RCX output mode.

- RCX output direction constants

  Constants for use when configuring RCX output direction.

- RCX output power constants

  Constants for use when configuring RCX output power.

- RCX IR remote constants

  Constants for use when simulating RCX IR remote messages.

- RCX and Scout sound constants

  Constants for use when playing standard RCX and Scout sounds.

- Scout constants

  Constants for use when controlling the Scout brick.

- RCX and Scout source constants

  Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout sources.

- RCX and Scout opcode constants

  Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout opcodes.

6.168.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with devices that communicate with the RCX or Scout programmable bricks via IR such as the HiTechnic IRLink or the MindSensors nRLink.

6.169 RCX output constants

Constants for use when choosing RCX outputs.

Defines

- #define RCX_OUT_A 0x01
- #define RCX_OUT_B 0x02
- #define RCX_OUT_C 0x04
- #define RCX_OUT_AB 0x03
- #define RCX_OUT_AC 0x05
- #define RCX_OUT_BC 0x06
- #define RCX_OUT_ABC 0x07

6.169.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when choosing RCX outputs.

6.169.2 Define Documentation

6.169.2.1 #define RCX_OUT_A 0x01

RCX Output A

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDisableOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXEnableOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXFloat.nxc, ex_HTRCXFwd.nxc, ex_HTRCXInvertOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXObvertOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXOff.nxc, ex_HTRCXOn.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnFor.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnFwd.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnRev.nxc, ex_HTRCXRev.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXToggle.nxc, ex_MSRCXDisableOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXEnableOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXFloat.nxc, ex_MSRCXFwd.nxc, ex_MSRCXInvertOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXObvertOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXOff.nxc, ex_MSRCXOn.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnFor.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnFwd.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnRev.nxc, ex_MSRCXRev.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc, and ex_MSRCXToggle.nxc.

6.169.2.2 #define RCX_OUT_AB 0x03

RCX Outputs A and B

6.169.2.3 #define RCX_OUT_ABC 0x07

RCX Outputs A, B, and C

6.169.2.4 #define RCX_OUT_AC 0x05

RCX Outputs A and C

6.169.2.5 #define RCX_OUT_B 0x02

RCX Output B

6.169.2.6 #define RCX_OUT_BC 0x06

RCX Outputs B and C

6.169.2.7 #define RCX_OUT_C 0x04

RCX Output C

6.170 RCX output mode constants

Constants for use when configuring RCX output mode.

Defines

- #define RCX_OUT_FLOAT 0
- #define RCX_OUT_OFF 0x40
- #define RCX_OUT_ON 0x80

6.170.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when configuring RCX output mode.

6.170.2 Define Documentation

6.170.2.1 #define RCX_OUT_FLOAT 0

Set RCX output to float

6.170.2.2 #define RCX_OUT_OFF 0x40

Set RCX output to off

6.170.2.3 #define RCX_OUT_ON 0x80

Set RCX output to on

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc.

6.171 RCX output direction constants

Constants for use when configuring RCX output direction.

Defines

- #define RCX_OUT_REV 0
- #define RCX_OUT_TOGGLE 0x40
- #define RCX_OUT_FWD 0x80

6.171.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when configuring RCX output direction.

6.171.2 Define Documentation

6.171.2.1 #define RCX_OUT_FWD 0x80

Set RCX output direction to forward

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

6.171.2.2 #define RCX_OUT_REV 0

Set RCX output direction to reverse

6.171.2.3 #define RCX_OUT_TOGGLE 0x40

Set RCX output direction to toggle

6.172 RCX output power constants

Constants for use when configuring RCX output power.

Defines

- #define RCX_OUT_LOW 0

- #define RCX_OUT_HALF 3
- #define RCX_OUT_FULL 7

6.172.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when configuring RCX output power.

6.172.2 Define Documentation

6.172.2.1 #define RCX_OUT_FULL 7

Set RCX output power level to full

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc.

6.172.2.2 #define RCX_OUT_HALF 3

Set RCX output power level to half

6.172.2.3 #define RCX_OUT_LOW 0

Set RCX output power level to low

6.173 RCX IR remote constants

Constants for use when simulating RCX IR remote messages.

Defines

- #define RCX_RemoteKeysReleased 0x0000
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage1 0x0100
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage2 0x0200
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage3 0x0400
- #define RCX_RemoteOutAForward 0x0800
- #define RCX_RemoteOutBForward 0x1000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutCForward 0x2000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutABackward 0x4000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutBBackward 0x8000

- #define RCX_RemoteOutCBackward 0x0001
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram1 0x0002
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram2 0x0004
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram3 0x0008
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram4 0x0010
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram5 0x0020
- #define RCX_RemoteStopOutOff 0x0040
- #define RCX_RemotePlayASound 0x0080

6.173.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when simulating RCX IR remote messages.

6.173.2 Define Documentation

6.173.2.1 #define RCX_RemoteKeysReleased 0x0000

All remote keys have been released

6.173.2.2 #define RCX_RemoteOutABackward 0x4000

Set output A backward

6.173.2.3 #define RCX_RemoteOutAForward 0x0800

Set output A forward

6.173.2.4 #define RCX_RemoteOutBBackward 0x8000

Set output B backward

6.173.2.5 #define RCX_RemoteOutBForward 0x1000

Set output B forward

6.173.2.6 #define RCX_RemoteOutCBackward 0x0001

Set output C backward

6.173.2.7 #define RCX_RemoteOutCForward 0x2000

Set output C forward

6.173.2.8 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage1 0x0100

Send PB message 1

6.173.2.9 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage2 0x0200

Send PB message 2

6.173.2.10 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage3 0x0400

Send PB message 3

6.173.2.11 #define RCX_RemotePlayASound 0x0080

Play a sound

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRemote.nxc, and ex_MSRCXRemote.nxc.

6.173.2.12 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram1 0x0002

Select program 1

6.173.2.13 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram2 0x0004

Select program 2

6.173.2.14 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram3 0x0008

Select program 3

6.173.2.15 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram4 0x0010

Select program 4

6.173.2.16 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram5 0x0020

Select program 5

6.173.2.17 #define RCX_RemoteStopOutOff 0x0040

Stop and turn off outputs

6.174 RCX and Scout sound constants

Constants for use when playing standard RCX and Scout sounds.

Defines

- #define SOUND_CLICK 0
- #define SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP 1
- #define SOUND_DOWN 2
- #define SOUND_UP 3
- #define SOUND_LOW_BEEP 4
- #define SOUND_FAST_UP 5

6.174.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when playing standard RCX and Scout sounds.

6.174.2 Define Documentation

6.174.2.1 #define SOUND_CLICK 0

Play the standard key click sound

6.174.2.2 #define SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP 1

Play the standard double beep sound

6.174.2.3 #define SOUND_DOWN 2

Play the standard sweep down sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

6.174.2.4 #define SOUND_FAST_UP 5

Play the standard fast up sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

6.174.2.5 #define SOUND_LOW_BEEP 4

Play the standard low beep sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

6.174.2.6 #define SOUND_UP 3

Play the standard sweep up sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

6.175 Scout constants

Constants for use when controlling the Scout brick.

Modules

- Scout light constants

  Constants for use when controlling the Scout light settings.

- Scout sound constants

  Constants for use when playing standard Scout sounds.

- Scout sound set constants

Constants for use when choosing standard Scout sound sets.

- Scout mode constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout mode.

- Scout motion rule constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout motion rule.

- Scout touch rule constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout touch rule.

- Scout light rule constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout light rule.

- Scout transmit rule constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout transmit rule.

- Scout special effect constants

  Constants for use when setting the scout special effect.

6.175.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when controlling the Scout brick.

6.176 Scout light constants

Constants for use when controlling the Scout light settings.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_LIGHT_ON 0x80
- #define SCOUT_LIGHT_OFF 0

6.176.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when controlling the Scout light settings.

6.176.2 Define Documentation

6.176.2.1 #define SCOUT_LIGHT_OFF 0

Turn off the scout light

6.176.2.2 #define SCOUT_LIGHT_ON 0x80

Turn on the scout light

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetLight.nxc.

6.177 Scout sound constants

Constants for use when playing standard Scout sounds.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_SOUND_REMOTE 6
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTERSA 7
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_KEYERROR 8
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_NONE 9
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_PRES 10
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_REL 11
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_PRES 12
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_REL 13
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_BRIGHT 14
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_NORMAL 15
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_DARK 16
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_1_BLINK 17
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_2_BLINK 18
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER1 19
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER2 20
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER1 21
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER2 22
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER3 23
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_MAIL_RECEIVED 24
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL1 25
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL2 26
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL3 27

6.177.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when playing standard Scout sounds.

6.177.2 Define Documentation

6.177.2.1 #define SCOUT_SOUND_1_BLINK 17

Play the Scout 1 blink sound

6.177.2.2 #define SCOUT_SOUND_2_BLINK 18

Play the Scout 2 blink sound

6.177.2.3 #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER1 19

Play the Scout counter 1 sound

6.177.2.4 #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER2 20

Play the Scout counter 2 sound

6.177.2.5 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_BRIGHT 14

Play the Scout enter bright sound

6.177.2.6 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_DARK 16

Play the Scout enter dark sound

6.177.2.7 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_NORMAL 15

Play the Scout enter normal sound

6.177.2.8 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTERSA 7

Play the Scout enter standalone sound

6.177.2.9 #define SCOUT_SOUND_KEYERROR 8

Play the Scout key error sound

6.177.2.10 #define SCOUT_SOUND_MAIL_RECEIVED 24

Play the Scout mail received sound

6.177.2.11 #define SCOUT_SOUND_NONE 9

Play the Scout none sound

6.177.2.12 #define SCOUT_SOUND_REMOTE 6

Play the Scout remote sound

6.177.2.13 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL1 25

Play the Scout special 1 sound

6.177.2.14 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL2 26

Play the Scout special 2 sound

6.177.2.15 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL3 27

Play the Scout special 3 sound

6.177.2.16 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER1 21

Play the Scout timer 1 sound

6.177.2.17 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER2 22

Play the Scout timer 2 sound

6.177.2.18 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER3 23

Play the Scout timer 3 sound

6.177.2.19 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_PRES 10

Play the Scout touch 1 pressed sound

6.177.2.20 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_REL 11

Play the Scout touch 1 released sound

6.177.2.21 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_PRES 12

Play the Scout touch 2 pressed sound

6.177.2.22 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_REL 13

Play the Scout touch 2 released sound

6.178 Scout sound set constants

Constants for use when choosing standard Scout sound sets.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_NONE 0
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BASIC 1
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BUG 2
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_ALARM 3
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_RANDOM 4
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_SCIENCE 5

6.178.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when choosing standard Scout sound sets.

6.178.2 Define Documentation

6.178.2.1 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_ALARM 3

Set sound set to alarm

6.178.2.2 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BASIC 1

Set sound set to basic

6.178.2.3 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BUG 2

Set sound set to bug

6.178.2.4 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_NONE 0

Set sound set to none

6.178.2.5 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_RANDOM 4

Set sound set to random

6.178.2.6 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_SCIENCE 5

Set sound set to science

6.179 Scout mode constants

Constants for use when setting the scout mode.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_MODE_STANDALONE 0
- #define SCOUT_MODE_POWER 1

6.179.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout mode.

6.179.2 Define Documentation

6.179.2.1 #define SCOUT_MODE_POWER 1

Enter power mode

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetScoutMode.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

6.179.2.2 #define SCOUT_MODE_STANDALONE 0

Enter stand alone mode

6.180 Scout motion rule constants

Constants for use when setting the scout motion rule.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_MR_NO_MOTION 0
- #define SCOUT_MR_FORWARD 1
- #define SCOUT_MR_ZIGZAG 2
- #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_RIGHT 3
- #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_LEFT 4
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_A 5
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_B 6
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_AB 7

6.180.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout motion rule.

6.180.2 Define Documentation

6.180.2.1 #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_LEFT 4

Motion rule circle left

6.180.2.2 #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_RIGHT 3

Motion rule circle right

6.180.2.3 #define SCOUT_MR_FORWARD 1

Motion rule forward

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.180.2.4 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_A 5

Motion rule loop A

6.180.2.5 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_AB 7

Motion rule loop A then B

6.180.2.6 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_B 6

Motion rule loop B

6.180.2.7 #define SCOUT_MR_NO_MOTION 0

Motion rule none

6.180.2.8 #define SCOUT_MR_ZIGZAG 2

Motion rule zigzag

6.181 Scout touch rule constants

Constants for use when setting the scout touch rule.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_TR_IGNORE 0
- #define SCOUT_TR_REVERSE 1
- #define SCOUT_TR_AVOID 2
- #define SCOUT_TR_WAIT_FOR 3
- #define SCOUT_TR_OFF_WHEN 4

6.181.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout touch rule.

6.181.2 Define Documentation

6.181.2.1 #define SCOUT_TR_AVOID 2

Touch rule avoid

6.181.2.2 #define SCOUT_TR_IGNORE 0

Touch rule ignore

6.181.2.3 #define SCOUT_TR_OFF_WHEN 4

Touch rule off when

6.181.2.4 #define SCOUT_TR_REVERSE 1

Touch rule reverse

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.181.2.5 #define SCOUT_TR_WAIT_FOR 3

Touch rule wait for

6.182 Scout light rule constants

Constants for use when setting the scout light rule.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_LR_IGNORE 0
- #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_LIGHT 1
- #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_DARK 2
- #define SCOUT_LR_AVOID 3

- #define SCOUT_LR_WAIT_FOR 4
- #define SCOUT_LR_OFF_WHEN 5

6.182.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout light rule.

6.182.2 Define Documentation

6.182.2.1 #define SCOUT_LR_AVOID 3

Light rule avoid

6.182.2.2 #define SCOUT_LR_IGNORE 0

Light rule ignore

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.182.2.3 #define SCOUT_LR_OFF_WHEN 5

Light rule off when

6.182.2.4 #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_DARK 2

Light rule seek dark

6.182.2.5 #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_LIGHT 1

Light rule seek light

6.182.2.6 #define SCOUT_LR_WAIT_FOR 4

Light rule wait for

6.183 Scout transmit rule constants

Constants for use when setting the scout transmit rule.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_TGS_SHORT 0
- #define SCOUT_TGS_MEDIUM 1
- #define SCOUT_TGS_LONG 2

6.183.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout transmit rule.

6.183.2 Define Documentation

6.183.2.1 #define SCOUT_TGS_LONG 2

Transmit level long

6.183.2.2 #define SCOUT_TGS_MEDIUM 1

Transmit level medium

6.183.2.3 #define SCOUT_TGS_SHORT 0

Transmit level short

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.184 Scout special effect constants

Constants for use when setting the scout special effect.

Defines

- #define SCOUT_FXR_NONE 0
- #define SCOUT_FXR_BUG 1
- #define SCOUT_FXR_ALARM 2
- #define SCOUT_FXR_RANDOM 3
- #define SCOUT_FXR_SCIENCE 4

6.184.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when setting the scout special effect.

6.184.2 Define Documentation

6.184.2.1 #define SCOUT_FXR_ALARM 2

Alarm special effects

6.184.2.2 #define SCOUT_FXR_BUG 1

Bug special effects

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

6.184.2.3 #define SCOUT_FXR_NONE 0

No special effects

6.184.2.4 #define SCOUT_FXR_RANDOM 3

Random special effects

6.184.2.5 #define SCOUT_FXR_SCIENCE 4

Science special effects

6.185 RCX and Scout source constants

Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout sources.

Defines

- #define RCX_VariableSrc 0
- #define RCX_TimerSrc 1
- #define RCX_ConstantSrc 2
- #define RCX_OutputStatusSrc 3

- #define RCX_RandomSrc 4
- #define RCX_ProgramSlotSrc 8
- #define RCX_InputValueSrc 9
- #define RCX_InputTypeSrc 10
- #define RCX_InputModeSrc 11
- #define RCX_InputRawSrc 12
- #define RCX_InputBooleanSrc 13
- #define RCX_WatchSrc 14
- #define RCX_MessageSrc 15
- #define RCX_GlobalMotorStatusSrc 17
- #define RCX_ScoutRulesSrc 18
- #define RCX_ScoutLightParamsSrc 19
- #define RCX_ScoutTimerLimitSrc 20
- #define RCX_CounterSrc 21
- #define RCX_ScoutCounterLimitSrc 22
- #define RCX_TaskEventsSrc 23
- #define RCX_ScoutEventFBSrc 24
- #define RCX_EventStateSrc 25
- #define RCX_TenMSTimerSrc 26
- #define RCX_ClickCounterSrc 27
- #define RCX_UpperThresholdSrc 28
- #define RCX_LowerThresholdSrc 29
- #define RCX_HysteresisSrc 30
- #define RCX_DurationSrc 31
- #define RCX_UARTSetupSrc 33
- #define RCX_BatteryLevelSrc 34
- #define RCX_FirmwareVersionSrc 35
- #define RCX_IndirectVarSrc 36
- #define RCX_DatalogSrcIndirectSrc 37
- #define RCX_DatalogSrcDirectSrc 38
- #define RCX_DatalogValueIndirectSrc 39
- #define RCX_DatalogValueDirectSrc 40
- #define RCX_DatalogRawIndirectSrc 41
- #define RCX_DatalogRawDirectSrc 42

6.185.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout sources.

6.185.2 Define Documentation

6.185.2.1 #define RCX_BatteryLevelSrc 34

The RCX battery level source

6.185.2.2 #define RCX_ClickCounterSrc 27

The RCX event click counter source

6.185.2.3 #define RCX_ConstantSrc 2

The RCX constant value source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEvent.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetEvent.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_HTScoutSendVLL.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc, ex_MSRCXAndVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXDivVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXEvent.nxc, ex_MSRCXOrVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetEvent.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_MSScoutSendVLL.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetCounterLimit.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetTimerLimit.nxc.

6.185.2.4 #define RCX_CounterSrc 21

The RCX counter source

6.185.2.5 #define RCX_DatalogRawDirectSrc 42

The RCX direct datalog raw source

6.185.2.6 #define RCX_DatalogRawIndirectSrc 41

The RCX indirect datalog raw source

6.185.2.7 #define RCX_DatalogSrcDirectSrc 38

The RCX direct datalog source source

6.185.2.8 #define RCX_DatalogSrcIndirectSrc 37

The RCX indirect datalog source source

6.185.2.9 #define RCX_DatalogValueDirectSrc 40

The RCX direct datalog value source

6.185.2.10 #define RCX_DatalogValueIndirectSrc 39

The RCX indirect datalog value source

6.185.2.11 #define RCX_DurationSrc 31

The RCX event duration source

6.185.2.12 #define RCX_EventStateSrc 25

The RCX event static source

6.185.2.13 #define RCX_FirmwareVersionSrc 35

The RCX firmware version source

6.185.2.14 #define RCX_GlobalMotorStatusSrc 17

The RCX global motor status source

6.185.2.15 #define RCX_HysteresisSrc 30

The RCX event hysteresis source

6.185.2.16 #define RCX_IndirectVarSrc 36

The RCX indirect variable source

6.185.2.17 #define RCX_InputBooleanSrc 13

The RCX input boolean source

6.185.2.18 #define RCX_InputModeSrc 11

The RCX input mode source

6.185.2.19 #define RCX_InputRawSrc 12

The RCX input raw source

6.185.2.20 #define RCX_InputTypeSrc 10

The RCX input type source

6.185.2.21 #define RCX_InputValueSrc 9

The RCX input value source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc.

6.185.2.22 #define RCX_LowerThresholdSrc 29

The RCX event lower threshold source

6.185.2.23 #define RCX_MessageSrc 15

The RCX message source

6.185.2.24 #define RCX_OutputStatusSrc 3

The RCX output status source

6.185.2.25 #define RCX_ProgramSlotSrc 8

The RCX program slot source

6.185.2.26 #define RCX_RandomSrc 4

The RCX random number source

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSet.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSubVar.nxc.

6.185.2.27 #define RCX_ScoutCounterLimitSrc 22

The Scout counter limit source

6.185.2.28 #define RCX_ScoutEventFBSrc 24

The Scout event feedback source

6.185.2.29 #define RCX_ScoutLightParamsSrc 19

The Scout light parameters source

6.185.2.30 #define RCX_ScoutRulesSrc 18

The Scout rules source

6.185.2.31 #define RCX_ScoutTimerLimitSrc 20

The Scout timer limit source

6.185.2.32 #define RCX_TaskEventsSrc 23

The RCX task events source

6.185.2.33 #define RCX_TenMSTimerSrc 26

The RCX 10ms timer source

6.185.2.34 #define RCX_TimerSrc 1

The RCX timer source

6.185.2.35 #define RCX_UARTSetupSrc 33

The RCX UART setup source

6.185.2.36 #define RCX_UpperThresholdSrc 28

The RCX event upper threshold source

6.185.2.37 #define RCX_VariableSrc 0

The RCX variable source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPoll.nxc, ex_HTRCXSelectDisplay.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc, ex_MSRCXAbsVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXMulVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXPoll.nxc, ex_MSRCXSelectDisplay.nxc, ex_MSRCXSet.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetUserDisplay.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXSgnVar.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

6.185.2.38 #define RCX_WatchSrc 14

The RCX watch source

6.186 RCX and Scout opcode constants

Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout opcodes.

Defines

- #define RCX_PingOp 0x10
- #define RCX_BatteryLevelOp 0x30
- #define RCX_DeleteTasksOp 0x40
- #define RCX_StopAllTasksOp 0x50
- #define RCX_PBTurnOffOp 0x60
- #define RCX_DeleteSubsOp 0x70
- #define RCX_ClearSoundOp 0x80
- #define RCX_ClearMsgOp 0x90
- #define RCX_LSCalibrateOp 0xc0

- #define RCX_MuteSoundOp 0xd0
- #define RCX_UnmuteSoundOp 0xe0
- #define RCX_ClearAllEventsOp 0x06
- #define RCX_OnOffFloatOp 0x21
- #define RCX_IRModeOp 0x31
- #define RCX_PlaySoundOp 0x51
- #define RCX_DeleteTaskOp 0x61
- #define RCX_StartTaskOp 0x71
- #define RCX_StopTaskOp 0x81
- #define RCX_SelectProgramOp 0x91
- #define RCX_ClearTimerOp 0xa1
- #define RCX_AutoOffOp 0xb1
- #define RCX_DeleteSubOp 0xc1
- #define RCX_ClearSensorOp 0xd1
- #define RCX_OutputDirOp 0xe1
- #define RCX_PlayToneVarOp 0x02
- #define RCX_PollOp 0x12
- #define RCX_SetWatchOp 0x22
- #define RCX_InputTypeOp 0x32
- #define RCX_InputModeOp 0x42
- #define RCX_SetDatalogOp 0x52
- #define RCX_DatalogOp 0x62
- #define RCX_SendUARTDataOp 0xc2
- #define RCX_RemoteOp 0xd2
- #define RCX_VLLOp 0xe2
- #define RCX_DirectEventOp 0x03
- #define RCX_OutputPowerOp 0x13
- #define RCX_PlayToneOp 0x23
- #define RCX_DisplayOp 0x33
- #define RCX_PollMemoryOp 0x63
- #define RCX_SetFeedbackOp 0x83
- #define RCX_SetEventOp 0x93
- #define RCX_GOutputPowerOp 0xa3
- #define RCX_LSUpperThreshOp 0xb3
- #define RCX_LSLowerThreshOp 0xc3
- #define RCX_LSHysteresisOp 0xd3
- #define RCX_LSBlinkTimeOp 0xe3
- #define RCX_CalibrateEventOp 0x04
- #define RCX_SetVarOp 0x14
- #define RCX_SumVarOp 0x24
- #define RCX_SubVarOp 0x34
- #define RCX_DivVarOp 0x44
- #define RCX_MulVarOp 0x54

- #define RCX_SgnVarOp 0x64
- #define RCX_AbsVarOp 0x74
- #define RCX_AndVarOp 0x84
- #define RCX_OrVarOp 0x94
- #define RCX_UploadDatalogOp 0xa4
- #define RCX_SetTimerLimitOp 0xc4
- #define RCX_SetCounterOp 0xd4
- #define RCX_SetSourceValueOp 0x05
- #define RCX_UnlockOp 0x15
- #define RCX_BootModeOp 0x65
- #define RCX_UnlockFirmOp 0xa5
- #define RCX_ScoutRulesOp 0xd5
- #define RCX_ViewSourceValOp 0xe5
- #define RCX_ScoutOp 0x47
- #define RCX_SoundOp 0x57
- #define RCX_GOutputModeOp 0x67
- #define RCX_GOutputDirOp 0x77
- #define RCX_LightOp 0x87
- #define RCX_IncCounterOp 0x97
- #define RCX_DecCounterOp 0xa7
- #define RCX_ClearCounterOp 0xb7
- #define RCX_SetPriorityOp 0xd7
- #define RCX_MessageOp 0xf7

6.186.1 Detailed Description

Constants for use when specifying RCX and Scout opcodes.

6.186.2 Define Documentation

6.186.2.1 #define RCX_AbsVarOp 0x74

Absolute value function

6.186.2.2 #define RCX_AndVarOp 0x84

AND function

6.186.2.3 #define RCX_AutoOffOp 0xb1

Set auto off timer

6.186.2.4 #define RCX_BatteryLevelOp 0x30

Read the battery level

6.186.2.5 #define RCX_BootModeOp 0x65

Set into book mode

6.186.2.6 #define RCX_CalibrateEventOp 0x04

Calibrate event

6.186.2.7 #define RCX_ClearAllEventsOp 0x06

Clear all events

6.186.2.8 #define RCX_ClearCounterOp 0xb7

Clear a counter

6.186.2.9 #define RCX_ClearMsgOp 0x90

Clear message

6.186.2.10 #define RCX_ClearSensorOp 0xd1

Clear a sensor

6.186.2.11 #define RCX_ClearSoundOp 0x80

Clear sound

6.186.2.12 #define RCX_ClearTimerOp 0xa1

Clear a timer

6.186.2.13 #define RCX_DatalogOp 0x62

Datalog the specified source/value

6.186.2.14 #define RCX_DecCounterOp 0xa7

Decrement a counter

6.186.2.15 #define RCX_DeleteSubOp 0xc1

Delete a subroutine

6.186.2.16 #define RCX_DeleteSubsOp 0x70

Delete subroutines

6.186.2.17 #define RCX_DeleteTaskOp 0x61

Delete a task

6.186.2.18 #define RCX_DeleteTasksOp 0x40

Delete tasks

6.186.2.19 #define RCX_DirectEventOp 0x03

Fire an event

6.186.2.20 #define RCX_DisplayOp 0x33

Set LCD display value

6.186.2.21 #define RCX_DivVarOp 0x44

Divide function

6.186.2.22 #define RCX_GOutputDirOp 0x77

Set global motor direction

6.186.2.23 #define RCX_GOutputModeOp 0x67

Set global motor mode

6.186.2.24 #define RCX_GOutputPowerOp 0xa3

Set global motor power levels

6.186.2.25 #define RCX_IncCounterOp 0x97

Increment a counter

6.186.2.26 #define RCX_InputModeOp 0x42

Set the input mode

6.186.2.27 #define RCX_InputTypeOp 0x32

Set the input type

6.186.2.28 #define RCX_IRModeOp 0x31

Set the IR transmit mode

6.186.2.29 #define RCX_LightOp 0x87

Light opcode

6.186.2.30 #define RCX_LSBlinkTimeOp 0xe3

Set the light sensor blink time

6.186.2.31 #define RCX_LSCalibrateOp 0xc0

Calibrate the light sensor

6.186.2.32 #define RCX_LSHysteresisOp 0xd3

Set the light sensor hysteresis

6.186.2.33 #define RCX_LSLowerThreshOp 0xc3

Set the light sensor lower threshold

6.186.2.34 #define RCX_LSUpperThreshOp 0xb3

Set the light sensor upper threshold

6.186.2.35 #define RCX_MessageOp 0xf7

Set message

6.186.2.36 #define RCX_MulVarOp 0x54

Multiply function

6.186.2.37 #define RCX_MuteSoundOp 0xd0

Mute sound

6.186.2.38 #define RCX_OnOffFloatOp 0x21

Control motor state - on, off, float

6.186.2.39 #define RCX_OrVarOp 0x94

OR function

6.186.2.40 #define RCX_OutputDirOp 0xe1

Set the motor direction

6.186.2.41 #define RCX_OutputPowerOp 0x13

Set the motor power level

6.186.2.42 #define RCX_PBTurnOffOp 0x60

Turn off the brick

6.186.2.43 #define RCX_PingOp 0x10

Ping the brick

6.186.2.44 #define RCX_PlaySoundOp 0x51

Play a sound

6.186.2.45 #define RCX_PlayToneOp 0x23

Play a tone

6.186.2.46 #define RCX_PlayToneVarOp 0x02

Play a tone using a variable

6.186.2.47 #define RCX_PollMemoryOp 0x63

Poll a memory location

6.186.2.48 #define RCX_PollOp 0x12

Poll a source/value combination

6.186.2.49 #define RCX_RemoteOp 0xd2

Execute simulated remote control buttons

6.186.2.50 #define RCX_ScoutOp 0x47

Scout opcode

6.186.2.51 #define RCX_ScoutRulesOp 0xd5

Set Scout rules

6.186.2.52 #define RCX_SelectProgramOp 0x91

Select a program slot

6.186.2.53 #define RCX_SendUARTDataOp 0xc2

Send data via IR using UART settings

6.186.2.54 #define RCX_SetCounterOp 0xd4

Set counter value

6.186.2.55 #define RCX_SetDatalogOp 0x52

Set the datalog size

6.186.2.56 #define RCX_SetEventOp 0x93

Set an event

6.186.2.57 #define RCX_SetFeedbackOp 0x83

Set Scout feedback

6.186.2.58 #define RCX_SetPriorityOp 0xd7

Set task priority

6.186.2.59 #define RCX_SetSourceValueOp 0x05

Set a source/value

6.186.2.60 #define RCX_SetTimerLimitOp 0xc4

Set timer limit

6.186.2.61 #define RCX_SetVarOp 0x14

Set function

6.186.2.62 #define RCX_SetWatchOp 0x22

Set the watch source/value

6.186.2.63 #define RCX_SgnVarOp 0x64

Sign function

6.186.2.64 #define RCX_SoundOp 0x57

Sound opcode

6.186.2.65 #define RCX_StartTaskOp 0x71

Start a task

6.186.2.66 #define RCX_StopAllTasksOp 0x50

Stop all tasks

6.186.2.67 #define RCX_StopTaskOp 0x81

Stop a task

6.186.2.68 #define RCX_SubVarOp 0x34

Subtract function

6.186.2.69 #define RCX_SumVarOp 0x24

Sum function

6.186.2.70 #define RCX_UnlockFirmOp 0xa5

Unlock the firmware

6.186.2.71 #define RCX_UnlockOp 0x15

Unlock the brick

6.186.2.72 #define RCX_UnmuteSoundOp 0xe0

Unmute sound

6.186.2.73 #define RCX_UploadDatalogOp 0xa4

Upload datalog contents

6.186.2.74 #define RCX_ViewSourceValOp 0xe5

View a source/value

6.186.2.75 #define RCX_VLLOp 0xe2

Send visual light link (VLL) data

6.187 HiTechnic/mindsensors Power Function/IR Train constants

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRLink or mindsensors nRLink in Power Function or IR Train mode.

Modules

- Power Function command constants

  Constants that are for sending Power Function commands.

- Power Function channel constants

  Constants that are for specifying Power Function channels.

- Power Function mode constants

  Constants that are for choosing Power Function modes.

- PF/IR Train function constants

  Constants that are for sending PF/IR Train functions.

- IR Train channel constants

  Constants that are for specifying IR Train channels.

- Power Function output constants

  Constants that are for choosing a Power Function output.

- Power Function pin constants

  Constants that are for choosing a Power Function pin.

- Power Function single pin function constants

  Constants that are for sending Power Function single pin functions.

- Power Function CST options constants

  Constants that are for specifying Power Function CST options.

- Power Function PWM option constants

  Constants that are for specifying Power Function PWM options.

6.187.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRLink or mindsensors nRLink in Power Function or IR Train mode.

6.188 Power Function command constants

Constants that are for sending Power Function commands.

Defines

- #define PF_CMD_STOP 0
- #define PF_CMD_FLOAT 0
- #define PF_CMD_FWD 1
- #define PF_CMD_REV 2
- #define PF_CMD_BRAKE 3

6.188.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for sending Power Function commands.

6.188.2 Define Documentation

6.188.2.1 #define PF_CMD_BRAKE 3

Power function command brake

6.188.2.2 #define PF_CMD_FLOAT 0

Power function command float (same as stop)

6.188.2.3 #define PF_CMD_FWD 1

Power function command forward

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, and ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.188.2.4 #define PF_CMD_REV 2

Power function command reverse

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.188.2.5 #define PF_CMD_STOP 0

Power function command stop

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, and ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc.

6.189 Power Function channel constants

Constants that are for specifying Power Function channels.

Defines

- #define PF_CHANNEL_1 0
- #define PF_CHANNEL_2 1
- #define PF_CHANNEL_3 2
- #define PF_CHANNEL_4 3

6.189.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying Power Function channels.

6.189.2 Define Documentation

6.189.2.1 #define PF_CHANNEL_1 0

Power function channel 1

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFTrain.nxc.

6.189.2.2 #define PF_CHANNEL_2 1

Power function channel 2

6.189.2.3 #define PF_CHANNEL_3 2

Power function channel 3

6.189.2.4 #define PF_CHANNEL_4 3

Power function channel 4

6.190 Power Function mode constants

Constants that are for choosing Power Function modes.

Defines

- #define PF_MODE_TRAIN 0
- #define PF_MODE_COMBO_DIRECT 1
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_CONT 2
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_TIME 3
- #define PF_MODE_COMBO_PWM 4
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_PWM 4
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_CST 6

6.190.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for choosing Power Function modes.

6.190.2 Define Documentation

6.190.2.1 #define PF_MODE_COMBO_DIRECT 1

Power function mode combo direct

6.190.2.2 #define PF_MODE_COMBO_PWM 4

Power function mode combo pulse width modulation (PWM)

6.190.2.3 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_CST 6

Power function mode single output clear, set, toggle (CST)

6.190.2.4 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_PWM 4

Power function mode single output pulse width modulation (PWM)

6.190.2.5 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_CONT 2

Power function mode single pin continuous

6.190.2.6 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_TIME 3

Power function mode single pin timed

6.190.2.7 #define PF_MODE_TRAIN 0

Power function mode IR Train

6.191 PF/IR Train function constants

Constants that are for sending PF/IR Train functions.

Defines

- #define TRAIN_FUNC_STOP 0
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED 1
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED 2
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT 4

6.191.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for sending PF/IR Train functions.

6.191.2 Define Documentation

6.191.2.1 #define TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED 2

PF/IR Train function decrement speed

6.191.2.2 #define TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED 1

PF/IR Train function increment speed

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, and ex_MSPFTrain.nxc.

6.191.2.3 #define TRAIN_FUNC_STOP 0

PF/IR Train function stop

6.191.2.4 #define TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT 4

PF/IR Train function toggle light

6.192 IR Train channel constants

Constants that are for specifying IR Train channels.

Defines

- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 0
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_2 1
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 2
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL 3

6.192.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying IR Train channels.

6.192.2 Define Documentation

6.192.2.1 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 0

IR Train channel 1

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, and ex_MSIRTrain.nxc.

6.192.2.2 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_2 1

IR Train channel 2

6.192.2.3 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 2

IR Train channel 3

6.192.2.4 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL 3

IR Train channel all

6.193 Power Function output constants

Constants that are for choosing a Power Function output.

Defines

- #define PF_OUT_A 0
- #define PF_OUT_B 1

6.193.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for choosing a Power Function output.

6.193.2 Define Documentation

6.193.2.1 #define PF_OUT_A 0

Power function output A

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

6.193.2.2 #define PF_OUT_B 1

Power function output B

6.194 Power Function pin constants

Constants that are for choosing a Power Function pin.

Defines

- #define PF_PIN_C1 0
- #define PF_PIN_C2 1

6.194.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for choosing a Power Function pin.

6.194.2 Define Documentation

6.194.2.1 #define PF_PIN_C1 0

Power function pin C1

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

6.194.2.2 #define PF_PIN_C2 1

Power function pin C2

6.195 Power Function single pin function constants

Constants that are for sending Power Function single pin functions.

Defines

- #define PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE 0
- #define PF_FUNC_CLEAR 1
- #define PF_FUNC_SET 2
- #define PF_FUNC_TOGGLE 3

6.195.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for sending Power Function single pin functions.

6.195.2 Define Documentation

6.195.2.1 #define PF_FUNC_CLEAR 1

Power function single pin - clear

6.195.2.2 #define PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE 0

Power function single pin - no change

6.195.2.3 #define PF_FUNC_SET 2

Power function single pin - set

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

6.195.2.4 #define PF_FUNC_TOGGLE 3

Power function single pin - toggle

6.196 Power Function CST options constants

Constants that are for specifying Power Function CST options.

Defines

- #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2 0
- #define PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2 1
- #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2 2
- #define PF_CST_SET1_SET2 3
- #define PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM 4
- #define PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM 5
- #define PF_CST_FULL_FWD 6
- #define PF_CST_FULL_REV 7
- #define PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR 8

6.196.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying Power Function CST options.

6.196.2 Define Documentation

6.196.2.1 #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2 0

Power function CST clear 1 and clear 2

6.196.2.2 #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2 2

Power function CST clear 1 and set 2

6.196.2.3 #define PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM 5

Power function CST decrement PWM

6.196.2.4 #define PF_CST_FULL_FWD 6

Power function CST full forward

6.196.2.5 #define PF_CST_FULL_REV 7

Power function CST full reverse

6.196.2.6 #define PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM 4

Power function CST increment PWM

6.196.2.7 #define PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2 1

Power function CST set 1 and clear 2

6.196.2.8 #define PF_CST_SET1_SET2 3

Power function CST set 1 and set 2

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, and ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

6.196.2.9 #define PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR 8

Power function CST toggle direction

6.197 Power Function PWM option constants

Constants that are for specifying Power Function PWM options.

Defines

- #define PF_PWM_FLOAT 0
- #define PF_PWM_FWD1 1
- #define PF_PWM_FWD2 2
- #define PF_PWM_FWD3 3
- #define PF_PWM_FWD4 4
- #define PF_PWM_FWD5 5
- #define PF_PWM_FWD6 6
- #define PF_PWM_FWD7 7
- #define PF_PWM_BRAKE 8
- #define PF_PWM_REV7 9
- #define PF_PWM_REV6 10
- #define PF_PWM_REV5 11
- #define PF_PWM_REV4 12
- #define PF_PWM_REV3 13
- #define PF_PWM_REV2 14
- #define PF_PWM_REV1 15

6.197.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying Power Function PWM options.

6.197.2 Define Documentation

6.197.2.1 #define PF_PWM_BRAKE 8

Power function PWM brake

6.197.2.2 #define PF_PWM_FLOAT 0

Power function PWM float

6.197.2.3 #define PF_PWM_FWD1 1

Power function PWM foward level 1

6.197.2.4 #define PF_PWM_FWD2 2

Power function PWM foward level 2

6.197.2.5 #define PF_PWM_FWD3 3

Power function PWM foward level 3

6.197.2.6 #define PF_PWM_FWD4 4

Power function PWM foward level 4

6.197.2.7 #define PF_PWM_FWD5 5

Power function PWM foward level 5

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

6.197.2.8 #define PF_PWM_FWD6 6

Power function PWM foward level 6

6.197.2.9 #define PF_PWM_FWD7 7

Power function PWM foward level 7

6.197.2.10 #define PF_PWM_REV1 15

Power function PWM reverse level 1

6.197.2.11 #define PF_PWM_REV2 14

Power function PWM reverse level 2

6.197.2.12 #define PF_PWM_REV3 13

Power function PWM reverse level 3

6.197.2.13 #define PF_PWM_REV4 12

Power function PWM reverse level 4

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc.

6.197.2.14 #define PF_PWM_REV5 11

Power function PWM reverse level 5

6.197.2.15 #define PF_PWM_REV6 10

Power function PWM reverse level 6

6.197.2.16 #define PF_PWM_REV7 9

Power function PWM reverse level 7

6.198 HiTechnic device constants

Constants that are for use with HiTechnic devices.

Modules

- HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants

  Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 device.

- HiTechnic IRReceiver constants

  Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRReceiver device.

- HiTechnic Color2 constants

  Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Color2 device.

- HiTechnic Angle sensor constants

  Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Angle sensor device.

Defines

- #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER2 0x10
- #define HT_ADDR_IRRECEIVER 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COMPASS 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_ACCEL 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COLOR 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COLOR2 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_IRLINK 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_ANGLE 0x02

6.198.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with HiTechnic devices.

6.198.2 Define Documentation

6.198.2.1 #define HT_ADDR_ACCEL 0x02

HiTechnic Accel I2C address

6.198.2.2 #define HT_ADDR_ANGLE 0x02

HiTechnic Angle I2C address

6.198.2.3 #define HT_ADDR_COLOR 0x02

HiTechnic Color I2C address

6.198.2.4 #define HT_ADDR_COLOR2 0x02

HiTechnic Color2 I2C address

6.198.2.5 #define HT_ADDR_COMPASS 0x02

HiTechnic Compass I2C address

6.198.2.6 #define HT_ADDR_IRLINK 0x02

HiTechnic IRLink I2C address

6.198.2.7 #define HT_ADDR_IRRECEIVER 0x02

HiTechnic IRReceiver I2C address

6.198.2.8 #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER 0x02

HiTechnic IRSeeker I2C address

6.198.2.9 #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER2 0x10

HiTechnic IRSeeker2 I2C address

6.199 HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 device.

Defines

- #define HTIR2_MODE_1200 0
- #define HTIR2_MODE_600 1
- #define HTIR2_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define HTIR2_REG_DCDIR 0x42
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC01 0x43

- #define HTIR2_REG_DC02 0x44
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC03 0x45
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC04 0x46
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC05 0x47
- #define HTIR2_REG_DCAVG 0x48
- #define HTIR2_REG_ACDIR 0x49
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC01 0x4A
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC02 0x4B
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC03 0x4C
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC04 0x4D
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC05 0x4E

6.199.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 device.

6.199.2 Define Documentation

6.199.2.1 #define HTIR2_MODE_1200 0

Set IRSeeker2 to 1200 mode

Examples:

ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, and ex_setsensorboolean.nxc.

6.199.2.2 #define HTIR2_MODE_600 1

Set IRSeeker2 to 600 mode

6.199.2.3 #define HTIR2_REG_AC01 0x4A

IRSeeker2 AC 01 register

6.199.2.4 #define HTIR2_REG_AC02 0x4B

IRSeeker2 AC 02 register

6.199.2.5 #define HTIR2_REG_AC03 0x4C

IRSeeker2 AC 03 register

6.199.2.6 #define HTIR2_REG_AC04 0x4D

IRSeeker2 AC 04 register

6.199.2.7 #define HTIR2_REG_AC05 0x4E

IRSeeker2 AC 05 register

6.199.2.8 #define HTIR2_REG_ACDIR 0x49

IRSeeker2 AC direction register

6.199.2.9 #define HTIR2_REG_DC01 0x43

IRSeeker2 DC 01 register

6.199.2.10 #define HTIR2_REG_DC02 0x44

IRSeeker2 DC 02 register

6.199.2.11 #define HTIR2_REG_DC03 0x45

IRSeeker2 DC 03 register

6.199.2.12 #define HTIR2_REG_DC04 0x46

IRSeeker2 DC 04 register

6.199.2.13 #define HTIR2_REG_DC05 0x47

IRSeeker2 DC 05 register

6.199.2.14 #define HTIR2_REG_DCAVG 0x48

IRSeeker2 DC average register

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc.

6.199.2.15 #define HTIR2_REG_DCDIR 0x42

IRSeeker2 DC direction register

6.199.2.16 #define HTIR2_REG_MODE 0x41

IRSeeker2 mode register

6.200 HiTechnic IRReceiver constants

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRReceiver device.

Defines

- #define HT_CH1_A 0
- #define HT_CH1_B 1
- #define HT_CH2_A 2
- #define HT_CH2_B 3
- #define HT_CH3_A 4
- #define HT_CH3_B 5
- #define HT_CH4_A 6
- #define HT_CH4_B 7

6.200.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic IRReceiver device.

6.200.2 Define Documentation

6.200.2.1 #define HT_CH1_A 0

Use IRReceiver channel 1 output A

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc.

6.200.2.2 #define HT_CH1_B 1

Use IRReceiver channel 1 output B

6.200.2.3 #define HT_CH2_A 2

Use IRReceiver channel 2 output A

6.200.2.4 #define HT_CH2_B 3

Use IRReceiver channel 2 output B

6.200.2.5 #define HT_CH3_A 4

Use IRReceiver channel 3 output A

6.200.2.6 #define HT_CH3_B 5

Use IRReceiver channel 3 output B

6.200.2.7 #define HT_CH4_A 6

Use IRReceiver channel 4 output A

6.200.2.8 #define HT_CH4_B 7

Use IRReceiver channel 4 output B

6.201 HiTechnic Color2 constants

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Color2 device.

Defines

- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE 0x00
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_PASSIVE 0x01
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_RAW 0x03
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_50HZ 0x35
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_60HZ 0x36
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_BLCAL 0x42
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_WBCAL 0x43
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_FAR 0x46
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_HI 0x48
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_LOW 0x4C
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_NEAR 0x4E

6.201.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Color2 device.

6.201.2 Define Documentation

6.201.2.1 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_50HZ 0x35

Set the Color2 sensor to 50Hz mode

6.201.2.2 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_60HZ 0x36

Set the Color2 sensor to 60Hz mode

6.201.2.3 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE 0x00

Set the Color2 sensor to active mode

Examples:

ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, and ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc.

6.201.2.4 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_BLCAL 0x42

Set the Color2 sensor to black level calibration mode

6.201.2.5 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_FAR 0x46

Set the Color2 sensor to far mode

6.201.2.6 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_HI 0x48

Set the Color2 sensor to LED high mode

6.201.2.7 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_LOW 0x4C

Set the Color2 sensor to LED low mode

6.201.2.8 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_NEAR 0x4E

Set the Color2 sensor to near mode

6.201.2.9 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_PASSIVE 0x01

Set the Color2 sensor to passive mode

6.201.2.10 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_RAW 0x03

Set the Color2 sensor to raw mode

6.201.2.11 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_WBCAL 0x43

Set the Color2 sensor to white level calibration mode

6.202 HiTechnic Angle sensor constants

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Angle sensor device.

Defines

- #define HTANGLE_MODE_NORMAL 0x00
- #define HTANGLE_MODE_CALIBRATE 0x43
- #define HTANGLE_MODE_RESET 0x52
- #define HTANGLE_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DCDIR 0x42
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC01 0x43
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC02 0x44
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC03 0x45
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC04 0x46
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC05 0x47
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DCAVG 0x48
- #define HTANGLE_REG_ACDIR 0x49

6.202.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the HiTechnic Angle sensor device.

6.202.2 Define Documentation

6.202.2.1 #define HTANGLE_MODE_CALIBRATE 0x43

Resets 0 degree position to current shaft angle

6.202.2.2 #define HTANGLE_MODE_NORMAL 0x00

Normal angle measurement mode

6.202.2.3 #define HTANGLE_MODE_RESET 0x52

Resets the accumulated angle

Examples:

ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc.

6.202.2.4 #define HTANGLE_REG_ACDIR 0x49

Angle 16 bit revolutions per minute, low byte register

6.202.2.5 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC01 0x43

Angle current angle (1 degree adder) register

6.202.2.6 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC02 0x44

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, high byte register

6.202.2.7 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC03 0x45

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, mid byte register

6.202.2.8 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC04 0x46

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, mid byte register

6.202.2.9 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC05 0x47

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, low byte register

6.202.2.10 #define HTANGLE_REG_DCAVG 0x48

Angle 16 bit revolutions per minute, high byte register

6.202.2.11 #define HTANGLE_REG_DCDIR 0x42

Angle current angle (2 degree increments) register

6.202.2.12 #define HTANGLE_REG_MODE 0x41

Angle mode register

6.203 MindSensors device constants

Constants that are for use with MindSensors devices.

Modules

- MindSensors DIST-Nx constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors DIST-Nx device.

- MindSensors PSP-Nx constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PSP-Nx device.

- MindSensors nRLink constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors nRLink device.

- MindSensors ACCL-Nx constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors ACCL-Nx device.

- MindSensors PFMate constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PFMate device.

- MindSensors NXTServo constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTServo device.

- MindSensors NXTHID constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTHID device.

- MindSensors NXTPowerMeter constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTPowerMeter device.

- MindSensors NXTSumoEyes constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTSumoEyes device.

- MindSensors NXTLineLeader constants

  Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTLineLeader device.

Defines

- #define MS_CMD_ENERGIZED 0x45
- #define MS_CMD_DEENERGIZED 0x44
- #define MS_CMD_ADPA_ON 0x4E
- #define MS_CMD_ADPA_OFF 0x4F
- #define MS_ADDR_RTCLOCK 0xD0
- #define MS_ADDR_DISTNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NRLINK 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_ACCLNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_CMPSNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_PSPNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_LINELDR 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTCAM 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTHID 0x04
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO 0xB0
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO_EM 0x40
- #define MS_ADDR_PFMATE 0x48
- #define MS_ADDR_MTRMUX 0xB4
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTMMX 0x06
- #define MS_ADDR_IVSENS 0x12
- #define MS_ADDR_RXMUX 0x7E

6.203.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with MindSensors devices.

6.203.2 Define Documentation

6.203.2.1 #define MS_ADDR_ACCLNX 0x02

MindSensors ACCL-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc, ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc,

ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc, and ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

6.203.2.2 #define MS_ADDR_CMPSNX 0x02

MindSensors CMPS-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc.

6.203.2.3 #define MS_ADDR_DISTNX 0x02

MindSensors DIST-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc, ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc, ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc, ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc, ex_MSADPAOff.nxc, and ex_MSADPAOn.nxc.

6.203.2.4 #define MS_ADDR_IVSENS 0x12

MindSensors IVSens (NXTPowerMeter) I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

6.203.2.5 #define MS_ADDR_LINELDR 0x02

MindSensors LineLdr I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

6.203.2.6 #define MS_ADDR_MTRMUX 0xB4

MindSensors MTRMux I2C address

6.203.2.7 #define MS_ADDR_NRLINK 0x02

MindSensors NRLink I2C address

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc, ex_NRLink2400.nxc, ex_NRLink4800.nxc, ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc, ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc, ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc, ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc, ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc, and ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

6.203.2.8 #define MS_ADDR_NXTCAM 0x02

MindSensors NXTCam I2C address

6.203.2.9 #define MS_ADDR_NXTHID 0x04

MindSensors NXTHID I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.203.2.10 #define MS_ADDR_NXTMMX 0x06

MindSensors NXTMMX I2C address

6.203.2.11 #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO 0xB0

MindSensors NXTServo I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc, and ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.203.2.12 #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO_EM 0x40

MindSensors NXTServo in edit macro mode I2C address

6.203.2.13 #define MS_ADDR_PFMATE 0x48

MindSensors PFMate I2C address

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.203.2.14 #define MS_ADDR_PSPNX 0x02

MindSensors PSP-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc, ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc, and ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc.

6.203.2.15 #define MS_ADDR_RTCLOCK 0xD0

MindSensors RTClock I2C address

6.203.2.16 #define MS_ADDR_RXMUX 0x7E

MindSensors RXMux I2C address

6.203.2.17 #define MS_CMD_ADPA_OFF 0x4F

Turn MindSensors ADPA mode off

6.203.2.18 #define MS_CMD_ADPA_ON 0x4E

Turn MindSensors ADPA mode on

6.203.2.19 #define MS_CMD_DEENERGIZED 0x44

De-energize the MindSensors device

6.203.2.20 #define MS_CMD_ENERGIZED 0x45

Energize the MindSensors device

6.204 MindSensors DIST-Nx constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors DIST-Nx device.

Defines

- #define DIST_CMD_GP2D12 0x31
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2D120 0x32
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA21 0x33
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA02 0x34
- #define DIST_CMD_CUSTOM 0x35
- #define DIST_REG_DIST 0x42
- #define DIST_REG_VOLT 0x44
- #define DIST_REG_MODULE_TYPE 0x50
- #define DIST_REG_NUM_POINTS 0x51
- #define DIST_REG_DIST_MIN 0x52
- #define DIST_REG_DIST_MAX 0x54
- #define DIST_REG_VOLT1 0x56
- #define DIST_REG_DIST1 0x58

6.204.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors DIST-Nx device.

6.204.2 Define Documentation

6.204.2.1 #define DIST_CMD_CUSTOM 0x35

Set the DIST-Nx to a custom mode

6.204.2.2 #define DIST_CMD_GP2D12 0x31

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2D12 mode

6.204.2.3 #define DIST_CMD_GP2D120 0x32

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2D120 mode

6.204.2.4 #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA02 0x34

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2YA02 mode

6.204.2.5 #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA21 0x33

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2YA21 mode

6.204.2.6 #define DIST_REG_DIST 0x42

The DIST-Nx distance register

6.204.2.7 #define DIST_REG_DIST1 0x58

The DIST-Nx distance 1 register

6.204.2.8 #define DIST_REG_DIST_MAX 0x54

The DIST-Nx maximum distance register

6.204.2.9 #define DIST_REG_DIST_MIN 0x52

The DIST-Nx minimum distance register

6.204.2.10 #define DIST_REG_MODULE_TYPE 0x50

The DIST-Nx module type register

6.204.2.11 #define DIST_REG_NUM_POINTS 0x51

The DIST-Nx number of data points in Custom curve register

6.204.2.12 #define DIST_REG_VOLT 0x44

The DIST-Nx voltage register

6.204.2.13 #define DIST_REG_VOLT1 0x56

The DIST-Nx voltage 1 register

6.205 MindSensors PSP-Nx constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PSP-Nx device.

Modules

- MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 constants

  Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 values.

- MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 constants

  Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 values.

Defines

- #define PSP_CMD_DIGITAL 0x41
- #define PSP_CMD_ANALOG 0x73
- #define PSP_REG_BTNSET1 0x42
- #define PSP_REG_BTNSET2 0x43
- #define PSP_REG_XLEFT 0x44
- #define PSP_REG_YLEFT 0x45
- #define PSP_REG_XRIGHT 0x46
- #define PSP_REG_YRIGHT 0x47

6.205.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PSP-Nx device.

6.205.2 Define Documentation

6.205.2.1 #define PSP_CMD_ANALOG 0x73

Set the PSP-Nx to analog mode

6.205.2.2 #define PSP_CMD_DIGITAL 0x41

Set the PSP-Nx to digital mode

6.205.2.3 #define PSP_REG_BTNSET1 0x42

The PSP-Nx button set 1 register

6.205.2.4 #define PSP_REG_BTNSET2 0x43

The PSP-Nx button set 2 register

6.205.2.5 #define PSP_REG_XLEFT 0x44

The PSP-Nx X left register

6.205.2.6 #define PSP_REG_XRIGHT 0x46

The PSP-Nx X right register

6.205.2.7 #define PSP_REG_YLEFT 0x45

The PSP-Nx Y left register

6.205.2.8 #define PSP_REG_YRIGHT 0x47

The PSP-Nx Y right register

6.206 MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 constants

Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 values.

Defines

- #define PSP_BTNSET1_LEFT 0x01
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_DOWN 0x02
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_RIGHT 0x04
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_UP 0x08
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_R3 0x20
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_L3 0x40

6.206.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 values.

6.206.2 Define Documentation

6.206.2.1 #define PSP_BTNSET1_DOWN 0x02

The PSP-Nx button set 1 down arrow

6.206.2.2 #define PSP_BTNSET1_L3 0x40

The PSP-Nx button set 1 L3

6.206.2.3 #define PSP_BTNSET1_LEFT 0x01

The PSP-Nx button set 1 left arrow

6.206.2.4 #define PSP_BTNSET1_R3 0x20

The PSP-Nx button set 1 R3

6.206.2.5 #define PSP_BTNSET1_RIGHT 0x04

The PSP-Nx button set 1 right arrow

6.206.2.6 #define PSP_BTNSET1_UP 0x08

The PSP-Nx button set 1 up arrow

6.207 MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 constants

Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 values.

Defines

- #define PSP_BTNSET2_SQUARE 0x01
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_CROSS 0x02
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_CIRCLE 0x04
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_TRIANGLE 0x08
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_R1 0x10
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_L1 0x20
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_R2 0x40
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_L2 0x80

6.207.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for interpretting MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 values.

6.207.2 Define Documentation

6.207.2.1 #define PSP_BTNSET2_CIRCLE 0x04

The PSP-Nx button set 2 circle

6.207.2.2 #define PSP_BTNSET2_CROSS 0x02

The PSP-Nx button set 2 cross

6.207.2.3 #define PSP_BTNSET2_L1 0x20

The PSP-Nx button set 2 L1

6.207.2.4 #define PSP_BTNSET2_L2 0x80

The PSP-Nx button set 2 L2

6.207.2.5 #define PSP_BTNSET2_R1 0x10

The PSP-Nx button set 2 R1

6.207.2.6 #define PSP_BTNSET2_R2 0x40

The PSP-Nx button set 2 R2

6.207.2.7 #define PSP_BTNSET2_SQUARE 0x01

The PSP-Nx button set 2 square

6.207.2.8 #define PSP_BTNSET2_TRIANGLE 0x08

The PSP-Nx button set 2 triangle

6.208 MindSensors nRLink constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors nRLink device.

Defines

- #define NRLINK_CMD_2400 0x44
- #define NRLINK_CMD_FLUSH 0x46
- #define NRLINK_CMD_4800 0x48
- #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_LONG 0x4C
- #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_SHORT 0x53
- #define NRLINK_CMD_RUN_MACRO 0x52
- #define NRLINK_CMD_TX_RAW 0x55
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_RCX 0x58
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_TRAIN 0x54
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_PF 0x50
- #define NRLINK_REG_BYTES 0x40
- #define NRLINK_REG_DATA 0x42
- #define NRLINK_REG_EEPROM 0x50

6.208.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors nRLink device.

6.208.2 Define Documentation

6.208.2.1 #define NRLINK_CMD_2400 0x44

Set NRLink to 2400 baud

6.208.2.2 #define NRLINK_CMD_4800 0x48

Set NRLink to 4800 baud

6.208.2.3 #define NRLINK_CMD_FLUSH 0x46

Flush the NRLink

6.208.2.4 #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_LONG 0x4C

Set the NRLink to long range IR

6.208.2.5 #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_SHORT 0x53

Set the NRLink to short range IR

6.208.2.6 #define NRLINK_CMD_RUN_MACRO 0x52

Run an NRLink macro

6.208.2.7 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_PF 0x50

Set the NRLink to Power Function mode

6.208.2.8 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_RCX 0x58

Set the NRLink to RCX mode

6.208.2.9 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_TRAIN 0x54

Set the NRLink to IR Train mode

6.208.2.10 #define NRLINK_CMD_TX_RAW 0x55

Set the NRLink to transmit raw bytes

6.208.2.11 #define NRLINK_REG_BYTES 0x40

The NRLink bytes register

6.208.2.12 #define NRLINK_REG_DATA 0x42

The NRLink data register

6.208.2.13 #define NRLINK_REG_EEPROM 0x50

The NRLink eeprom register

6.209 MindSensors ACCL-Nx constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors ACCL-Nx device.

Modules

- MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level constants

  Constants that are for setting the MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level.

Defines

- #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL 0x58
- #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL 0x59
- #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL 0x5a
- #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL_END 0x78
- #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL_END 0x79
- #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL_END 0x7a
- #define ACCL_CMD_RESET_CAL 0x52
- #define ACCL_REG_SENS_LVL 0x19
- #define ACCL_REG_X_TILT 0x42
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_TILT 0x43
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_TILT 0x44
- #define ACCL_REG_X_ACCEL 0x45
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_ACCEL 0x47
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_ACCEL 0x49
- #define ACCL_REG_X_OFFSET 0x4b
- #define ACCL_REG_X_RANGE 0x4d
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_OFFSET 0x4f
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_RANGE 0x51
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_OFFSET 0x53
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_RANGE 0x55

6.209.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors ACCL-Nx device.

6.209.2 Define Documentation

6.209.2.1 #define ACCL_CMD_RESET_CAL 0x52

Reset to factory calibration

6.209.2.2 #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL 0x58

Acquire X-axis calibration point

6.209.2.3 #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL_END 0x78

Acquire X-axis calibration point and end calibration

6.209.2.4 #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL 0x59

Acquire Y-axis calibration point

6.209.2.5 #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL_END 0x79

Acquire Y-axis calibration point and end calibration

6.209.2.6 #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL 0x5a

Acquire Z-axis calibration point

6.209.2.7 #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL_END 0x7a

Acquire Z-axis calibration point and end calibration

6.209.2.8 #define ACCL_REG_SENS_LVL 0x19

The current sensitivity

6.209.2.9 #define ACCL_REG_X_ACCEL 0x45

The X-axis acceleration data

6.209.2.10 #define ACCL_REG_X_OFFSET 0x4b

The X-axis offset

6.209.2.11 #define ACCL_REG_X_RANGE 0x4d

The X-axis range

6.209.2.12 #define ACCL_REG_X_TILT 0x42

The X-axis tilt data

6.209.2.13 #define ACCL_REG_Y_ACCEL 0x47

The Y-axis acceleration data

6.209.2.14 #define ACCL_REG_Y_OFFSET 0x4f

The Y-axis offset

6.209.2.15 #define ACCL_REG_Y_RANGE 0x51

The Y-axis range

6.209.2.16 #define ACCL_REG_Y_TILT 0x43

The Y-axis tilt data

6.209.2.17 #define ACCL_REG_Z_ACCEL 0x49

The Z-axis acceleration data

6.209.2.18 #define ACCL_REG_Z_OFFSET 0x53

The Z-axis offset

6.209.2.19 #define ACCL_REG_Z_RANGE 0x55

The Z-axis range

6.209.2.20 #define ACCL_REG_Z_TILT 0x44

The Z-axis tilt data

6.210 MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level constants

Constants that are for setting the MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level.

Defines

- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_1 0x31
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_2 0x32
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_3 0x33
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_4 0x34

6.210.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for setting the MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level.

6.210.2 Define Documentation

6.210.2.1 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_1 0x31

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 1

Examples:

ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

6.210.2.2 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_2 0x32

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 2

6.210.2.3 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_3 0x33

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 3

6.210.2.4 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_4 0x34

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 4

6.211 MindSensors PFMate constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PFMate device.

Modules

- PFMate motor constants

  Constants that are for specifying PFMate motors.

- PFMate channel constants

  Constants that are for specifying PFMate channels.

Defines

- #define PFMATE_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define PFMATE_REG_CHANNEL 0x42
- #define PFMATE_REG_MOTORS 0x43
- #define PFMATE_REG_A_CMD 0x44
- #define PFMATE_REG_A_SPEED 0x45
- #define PFMATE_REG_B_CMD 0x46
- #define PFMATE_REG_B_SPEED 0x47
- #define PFMATE_CMD_GO 0x47
- #define PFMATE_CMD_RAW 0x52

6.211.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors PFMate device.

6.211.2 Define Documentation

6.211.2.1 #define PFMATE_CMD_GO 0x47

Send IR signal to IR receiver

6.211.2.2 #define PFMATE_CMD_RAW 0x52

Send raw IR signal to IR receiver

6.211.2.3 #define PFMATE_REG_A_CMD 0x44

PF command for motor A? (PF_CMD_FLOAT, PF_CMD_FWD, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_BRAKE)

6.211.2.4 #define PFMATE_REG_A_SPEED 0x45

PF speed for motor A? (0-7)

6.211.2.5 #define PFMATE_REG_B_CMD 0x46

PF command for motor B? (PF_CMD_FLOAT, PF_CMD_FWD, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_BRAKE)

6.211.2.6 #define PFMATE_REG_B_SPEED 0x47

PF speed for motor B? (0-7)

6.211.2.7 #define PFMATE_REG_CHANNEL 0x42

PF channel? 1, 2, 3, or 4

6.211.2.8 #define PFMATE_REG_CMD 0x41

PFMate command

6.211.2.9 #define PFMATE_REG_MOTORS 0x43

PF motors? (0 = both, 1 = A, 2 = B)

6.212 PFMate motor constants

Constants that are for specifying PFMate motors.

Defines

- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_BOTH 0x00
- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_A 0x01
- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_B 0x02

6.212.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying PFMate motors.

6.212.2 Define Documentation

6.212.2.1 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_A 0x01

Control only motor A

6.212.2.2 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_B 0x02

Control only motor B

6.212.2.3 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_BOTH 0x00

Control both motors

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.213 PFMate channel constants

Constants that are for specifying PFMate channels.

Defines

- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_1 1
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_2 2
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_3 3
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_4 4

6.213.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for specifying PFMate channels.

6.213.2 Define Documentation

6.213.2.1 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_1 1

Power function channel 1

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

6.213.2.2 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_2 2

Power function channel 2

6.213.2.3 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_3 3

Power function channel 3

6.213.2.4 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_4 4

Power function channel 4

6.214 MindSensors NXTServo constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTServo device.

Modules

- MindSensors NXTServo registers
  NXTServo device register constants.
- MindSensors NXTServo position constants
  NXTServo device position constants.
- MindSensors NXTServo quick position constants
  NXTServo device quick position constants.
- MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers
  NXTServo device servo number constants.
- MindSensors NXTServo commands
  NXTServo device command constants.

6.214.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTServo device.

6.215 MindSensors NXTServo registers

NXTServo device register constants.

Defines

- #define NXTSERVO_REG_VOLTAGE 0x41
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_POS 0x42
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_POS 0x44
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_POS 0x46
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_POS 0x48
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_POS 0x4A
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_POS 0x4C
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_POS 0x4E
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_POS 0x50
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_SPEED 0x52
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_SPEED 0x53
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_SPEED 0x54
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_SPEED 0x55
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_SPEED 0x56
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_SPEED 0x57
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_SPEED 0x58
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_SPEED 0x59
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_QPOS 0x5A
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_QPOS 0x5B
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_QPOS 0x5C
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_QPOS 0x5D
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_QPOS 0x5E
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_QPOS 0x5F
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_QPOS 0x60
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_QPOS 0x61
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_CMD 0x00
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_START 0x21
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_END 0xFF

6.215.1 Detailed Description

NXTServo device register constants.

6.215.2 Define Documentation

6.215.2.1 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_CMD 0x00

NXTServo in macro edit mode command register.

6.215.2.2 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_END 0xFF

NXTServo in macro edit mode EEPROM end register.

6.215.2.3 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_START 0x21

NXTServo in macro edit mode EEPROM start register.

6.215.2.4 #define NXTSERVO_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTServo command register. See MindSensors NXTServo commands group. (write only)

6.215.2.5 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_POS 0x42

NXTServo servo 1 position register.

6.215.2.6 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_QPOS 0x5A

NXTServo servo 1 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.7 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_SPEED 0x52

NXTServo servo 1 speed register.

6.215.2.8 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_POS 0x44

NXTServo servo 2 position register.

6.215.2.9 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_QPOS 0x5B

NXTServo servo 2 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.10 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_SPEED 0x53

NXTServo servo 2 speed register.

6.215.2.11 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_POS 0x46

NXTServo servo 3 position register.

6.215.2.12 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_QPOS 0x5C

NXTServo servo 3 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.13 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_SPEED 0x54

NXTServo servo 3 speed register.

6.215.2.14 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_POS 0x48

NXTServo servo 4 position register.

6.215.2.15 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_QPOS 0x5D

NXTServo servo 4 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.16 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_SPEED 0x55

NXTServo servo 4 speed register.

6.215.2.17 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_POS 0x4A

NXTServo servo 5 position register.

6.215.2.18 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_QPOS 0x5E

NXTServo servo 5 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.19 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_SPEED 0x56

NXTServo servo 5 speed register.

6.215.2.20 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_POS 0x4C

NXTServo servo 6 position register.

6.215.2.21 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_QPOS 0x5F

NXTServo servo 6 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.22 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_SPEED 0x57

NXTServo servo 6 speed register.

6.215.2.23 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_POS 0x4E

NXTServo servo 7 position register.

6.215.2.24 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_QPOS 0x60

NXTServo servo 7 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.25 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_SPEED 0x58

NXTServo servo 7 speed register.

6.215.2.26 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_POS 0x50

NXTServo servo 8 position register.

6.215.2.27 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_QPOS 0x61

NXTServo servo 8 quick position register. (write only)

6.215.2.28 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_SPEED 0x59

NXTServo servo 8 speed register.

6.215.2.29 #define NXTSERVO_REG_VOLTAGE 0x41

Battery voltage register. (read only)

6.216 MindSensors NXTServo position constants

NXTServo device position constants.

Defines

- #define NXTSERVO_POS_CENTER 1500
- #define NXTSERVO_POS_MIN 500
- #define NXTSERVO_POS_MAX 2500

6.216.1 Detailed Description

NXTServo device position constants.

6.216.2 Define Documentation

6.216.2.1 #define NXTSERVO_POS_CENTER 1500

Center position for 1500us servos.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.216.2.2 #define NXTSERVO_POS_MAX 2500

Maximum position for 1500us servos.

6.216.2.3 #define NXTSERVO_POS_MIN 500

Minimum position for 1500us servos.

6.217 MindSensors NXTServo quick position constants

NXTServo device quick position constants.

Defines

- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_CENTER 150
- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MIN 50
- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MAX 250

6.217.1 Detailed Description

NXTServo device quick position constants.

6.217.2 Define Documentation

6.217.2.1 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_CENTER 150

Center quick position for 1500us servos.

6.217.2.2 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MAX 250

Maximum quick position for 1500us servos.

6.217.2.3 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MIN 50

Minimum quick position for 1500us servos.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.218 MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers

NXTServo device servo number constants.

Defines

- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_1 0
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_2 1
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_3 2
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_4 3
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_5 4
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_6 5
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_7 6
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_8 7

6.218.1 Detailed Description

NXTServo device servo number constants.

6.218.2 Define Documentation

6.218.2.1 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_1 0

NXTServo server number 1.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

6.218.2.2 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_2 1

NXTServo server number 2.

6.218.2.3 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_3 2

NXTServo server number 3.

6.218.2.4 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_4 3

NXTServo server number 4.

6.218.2.5 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_5 4

NXTServo server number 5.

6.218.2.6 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_6 5

NXTServo server number 6.

6.218.2.7 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_7 6

NXTServo server number 7.

6.218.2.8 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_8 7

NXTServo server number 8.

6.219 MindSensors NXTServo commands

NXTServo device command constants.

Defines

- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_INIT 0x49
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESET 0x53
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_HALT 0x48
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESUME 0x52
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_GOTO 0x47
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_PAUSE 0x50
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT1 0x45
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT2 0x4D
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_CMD_QUIT 0x51

6.219.1 Detailed Description

NXTServo device command constants. These are written to the command register to control the device.

6.219.2 Define Documentation

6.219.2.1 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT1 0x45

Edit Macro (part 1 of 2 character command sequence)

6.219.2.2 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT2 0x4D

Edit Macro (part 2 of 2 character command sequence)

6.219.2.3 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_GOTO 0x47

Goto EEPROM position x. This command re-initializes the macro environment.

6.219.2.4 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_HALT 0x48

Halt Macro. This command re-initializes the macro environment.

6.219.2.5 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_INIT 0x49

Store the initial speed and position properties of the servo motor 'n'. Current speed and position values of the nth servo is read from the servo speed register and servo position register and written to permanent memory.

6.219.2.6 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_PAUSE 0x50

Pause Macro. This command will pause the macro, and save the environment for subsequent resumption.

6.219.2.7 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESET 0x53

Reset servo properties to factory default. Initial Position of servos to 1500, and speed to 0.

6.219.2.8 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESUME 0x52

Resume macro Execution. This command resumes macro where it was paused last, using the same environment.

6.219.2.9 #define NXTSERVO_EM_CMD_QUIT 0x51

Exit edit macro mode

6.220 MindSensors NXTHID constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTHID device.

Modules

- MindSensors NXTHID registers
  NXTHID device register constants.
- MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys
  NXTHID device modifier key constants.
- MindSensors NXTHID commands
  NXTHID device command constants.

6.220.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTHID device.

6.221 MindSensors NXTHID registers

NXTHID device register constants.

Defines

- #define NXTHID_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTHID_REG_MODIFIER 0x42
- #define NXTHID_REG_DATA 0x43

6.221.1 Detailed Description

NXTHID device register constants.

6.221.2 Define Documentation

6.221.2.1 #define NXTHID_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTHID command register. See MindSensors NXTHID commands group.

6.221.2.2 #define NXTHID_REG_DATA 0x43

NXTHID data register.

6.221.2.3 #define NXTHID_REG_MODIFIER 0x42

NXTHID modifier register. See MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys group.

6.222 MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys

NXTHID device modifier key constants.

Defines

- #define NXTHID_MOD_NONE 0x00
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_CTRL 0x01
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_SHIFT 0x02
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_ALT 0x04
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_GUI 0x08
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_CTRL 0x10

- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_SHIFT 0x20
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_ALT 0x40
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_GUI 0x80

6.222.1 Detailed Description

NXTHID device modifier key constants.

6.222.2 Define Documentation

6.222.2.1 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_ALT 0x04

NXTHID left alt modifier.

6.222.2.2 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_CTRL 0x01

NXTHID left control modifier.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.222.2.3 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_GUI 0x08

NXTHID left gui modifier.

6.222.2.4 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_SHIFT 0x02

NXTHID left shift modifier.

6.222.2.5 #define NXTHID_MOD_NONE 0x00

NXTHID no modifier.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

6.222.2.6 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_ALT 0x40

NXTHID right alt modifier.

6.222.2.7 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_CTRL 0x10

NXTHID right control modifier.

6.222.2.8 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_GUI 0x80

NXTHID right gui modifier.

6.222.2.9 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_SHIFT 0x20

NXTHID right shift modifier.

6.223 MindSensors NXTHID commands

NXTHID device command constants.

Defines

- #define NXTHID_CMD_ASCII 0x41
- #define NXTHID_CMD_DIRECT 0x44
- #define NXTHID_CMD_TRANSMIT 0x54

6.223.1 Detailed Description

NXTHID device command constants. These are written to the command register to control the device.

6.223.2 Define Documentation

6.223.2.1 #define NXTHID_CMD_ASCII 0x41

Use ASCII data mode. In ASCII mode no non-printable characters can be sent.

6.223.2.2 #define NXTHID_CMD_DIRECT 0x44

Use direct data mode In direct mode any character can be sent.

6.223.2.3 #define NXTHID_CMD_TRANSMIT 0x54

Transmit data to the host computer.

6.224 MindSensors NXTPowerMeter constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTPowerMeter device.

Modules

- MindSensors NXTPowerMeter registers

  NXTPowerMeter device register constants.

- MindSensors NXTPowerMeter commands

  NXTPowerMeter device command constants.

6.224.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTPowerMeter device.

6.225 MindSensors NXTPowerMeter registers

NXTPowerMeter device register constants.

Defines

- #define NXTPM_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTPM_REG_CURRENT 0x42
- #define NXTPM_REG_VOLTAGE 0x44
- #define NXTPM_REG_CAPACITY 0x46
- #define NXTPM_REG_POWER 0x48
- #define NXTPM_REG_TOTALPOWER 0x4A
- #define NXTPM_REG_MAXCURRENT 0x4E
- #define NXTPM_REG_MINCURRENT 0x50
- #define NXTPM_REG_MAXVOLTAGE 0x52
- #define NXTPM_REG_MINVOLTAGE 0x54
- #define NXTPM_REG_TIME 0x56
- #define NXTPM_REG_USERGAIN 0x5A
- #define NXTPM_REG_GAIN 0x5E
- #define NXTPM_REG_ERRORCOUNT 0x5F

6.225.1 Detailed Description

NXTPowerMeter device register constants.

6.225.2 Define Documentation

6.225.2.1 #define NXTPM_REG_CAPACITY 0x46

NXTPowerMeter capacity used since last reset register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.2 #define NXTPM_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTPowerMeter command register. See the MindSensors NXTPowerMeter commands group.

6.225.2.3 #define NXTPM_REG_CURRENT 0x42

NXTPowerMeter present current in mA register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.4 #define NXTPM_REG_ERRORCOUNT 0x5F

NXTPowerMeter error count register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.5 #define NXTPM_REG_GAIN 0x5E

NXTPowerMeter gain register. (1 byte)

6.225.2.6 #define NXTPM_REG_MAXCURRENT 0x4E

NXTPowerMeter max current register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.7 #define NXTPM_REG_MAXVOLTAGE 0x52

NXTPowerMeter max voltage register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.8 #define NXTPM_REG_MINCURRENT 0x50

NXTPowerMeter min current register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.9 #define NXTPM_REG_MINVOLTAGE 0x54

NXTPowerMeter min voltage register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.10 #define NXTPM_REG_POWER 0x48

NXTPowerMeter present power register. (2 bytes)

6.225.2.11 #define NXTPM_REG_TIME 0x56

NXTPowerMeter time register. (4 bytes)

6.225.2.12 #define NXTPM_REG_TOTALPOWER 0x4A

NXTPowerMeter total power consumed since last reset register. (4 bytes)

6.225.2.13 #define NXTPM_REG_USERGAIN 0x5A

NXTPowerMeter user gain register. Not yet implemented. (4 bytes)

6.225.2.14 #define NXTPM_REG_VOLTAGE 0x44

NXTPowerMeter present voltage in mV register. (2 bytes)

6.226 MindSensors NXTPowerMeter commands

NXTPowerMeter device command constants.

Defines

- #define NXTPM_CMD_RESET 0x52

6.226.1 Detailed Description

NXTPowerMeter device command constants. These are written to the command register to control the device.

6.226.2 Define Documentation

6.226.2.1 #define NXTPM_CMD_RESET 0x52

Reset counters.

6.227 MindSensors NXTSumoEyes constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTSumoEyes device.

Defines

- #define NXTSE_ZONE_NONE 0
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_FRONT 1
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_LEFT 2
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_RIGHT 3

6.227.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTSumoEyes device.

6.227.2 Define Documentation

6.227.2.1 #define NXTSE_ZONE_FRONT 1

Obstacle zone front.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.227.2.2 #define NXTSE_ZONE_LEFT 2

Obstacle zone left.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.227.2.3 #define NXTSE_ZONE_NONE 0

Obstacle zone none.

6.227.2.4 #define NXTSE_ZONE_RIGHT 3

Obstacle zone right.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

6.228 MindSensors NXTLineLeader constants

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTLineLeader device.

Modules

- MindSensors NXTLineLeader registers

  NXTLineLeader device register constants.

- MindSensors NXTLineLeader commands

  NXTLineLeader device command constants.

6.228.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the MindSensors NXTLineLeader device.

6.229 MindSensors NXTLineLeader registers

NXTLineLeader device register constants.

Defines

- #define NXTLL_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTLL_REG_STEERING 0x42
- #define NXTLL_REG_AVERAGE 0x43
- #define NXTLL_REG_RESULT 0x44
- #define NXTLL_REG_SETPOINT 0x45
- #define NXTLL_REG_KP_VALUE 0x46
- #define NXTLL_REG_KI_VALUE 0x47
- #define NXTLL_REG_KD_VALUE 0x48
- #define NXTLL_REG_CALIBRATED 0x49
- #define NXTLL_REG_WHITELIMITS 0x51
- #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKLIMITS 0x59
- #define NXTLL_REG_KP_FACTOR 0x61
- #define NXTLL_REG_KI_FACTOR 0x62
- #define NXTLL_REG_KD_FACTOR 0x63

- #define NXTLL_REG_WHITEDATA 0x64
- #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKDATA 0x6C
- #define NXTLL_REG_RAWVOLTAGE 0x74

6.229.1 Detailed Description

NXTLineLeader device register constants.

6.229.2 Define Documentation

6.229.2.1 #define NXTLL_REG_AVERAGE 0x43

NXTLineLeader average result register.

6.229.2.2 #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKDATA 0x6C

NXTLineLeader black calibration data registers. 8 bytes.

6.229.2.3 #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKLIMITS 0x59

NXTLineLeader black limit registers. 8 bytes.

6.229.2.4 #define NXTLL_REG_CALIBRATED 0x49

NXTLineLeader calibrated sensor reading registers. 8 bytes.

6.229.2.5 #define NXTLL_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTLineLeader command register. See the MindSensors NXTLineLeader commands group.

6.229.2.6 #define NXTLL_REG_KD_FACTOR 0x63

NXTLineLeader Kd factor register. Default = 32.

6.229.2.7 #define NXTLL_REG_KD_VALUE 0x48

NXTLineLeader Kd value register. Default = 8.

6.229.2.8 #define NXTLL_REG_KI_FACTOR 0x62

NXTLineLeader Ki factor register. Default = 32.

6.229.2.9 #define NXTLL_REG_KI_VALUE 0x47

NXTLineLeader Ki value register. Default = 0.

6.229.2.10 #define NXTLL_REG_KP_FACTOR 0x61

NXTLineLeader Kp factor register. Default = 32.

6.229.2.11 #define NXTLL_REG_KP_VALUE 0x46

NXTLineLeader Kp value register. Default = 25.

6.229.2.12 #define NXTLL_REG_RAWVOLTAGE 0x74

NXTLineLeader uncalibrated sensor voltage registers. 16 bytes.

6.229.2.13 #define NXTLL_REG_RESULT 0x44

NXTLineLeader result register (sensor bit values).

6.229.2.14 #define NXTLL_REG_SETPOINT 0x45

NXTLineLeader user settable average (setpoint) register. Default = 45.

6.229.2.15 #define NXTLL_REG_STEERING 0x42

NXTLineLeader steering register.

6.229.2.16 #define NXTLL_REG_WHITEDATA 0x64

NXTLineLeader white calibration data registers. 8 bytes.

6.229.2.17 #define NXTLL_REG_WHITELIMITS 0x51

NXTLineLeader white limit registers. 8 bytes.

6.230 MindSensors NXTLineLeader commands

NXTLineLeader device command constants.

Defines

- #define NXTLL_CMD_USA 0x41
- #define NXTLL_CMD_BLACK 0x42
- #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERDOWN 0x44
- #define NXTLL_CMD_EUROPEAN 0x45
- #define NXTLL_CMD_INVERT 0x49
- #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERUP 0x50
- #define NXTLL_CMD_RESET 0x52
- #define NXTLL_CMD_SNAPSHOT 0x53
- #define NXTLL_CMD_UNIVERSAL 0x55
- #define NXTLL_CMD_WHITE 0x57

6.230.1 Detailed Description

NXTLineLeader device command constants. These are written to the command register to control the device.

6.230.2 Define Documentation

6.230.2.1 #define NXTLL_CMD_BLACK 0x42

Black calibration.

6.230.2.2 #define NXTLL_CMD_EUROPEAN 0x45

European power frequency. (50hz)

6.230.2.3 #define NXTLL_CMD_INVERT 0x49

Invert color.

6.230.2.4 #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERDOWN 0x44

Power down the device.

6.230.2.5 #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERUP 0x50

Power up the device.

6.230.2.6 #define NXTLL_CMD_RESET 0x52

Reset inversion.

6.230.2.7 #define NXTLL_CMD_SNAPSHOT 0x53

Setpoint based on snapshot (automatically sets invert if needed).

6.230.2.8 #define NXTLL_CMD_UNIVERSAL 0x55

Universal power frequency. The sensor auto adjusts for any frequency. This is the default mode.

6.230.2.9 #define NXTLL_CMD_USA 0x41

USA power frequency. (60hz)

6.230.2.10 #define NXTLL_CMD_WHITE 0x57

White balance calibration.

6.231 Codatex device constants

Constants that are for use with Codatex devices.

Modules

- Codatex RFID sensor constants

  Constants that are for use with the Codatex RFID sensor device.

6.231.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with Codatex devices.

6.232 Codatex RFID sensor constants

Constants that are for use with the Codatex RFID sensor device.

Modules

- Codatex RFID sensor modes

  Constants that are for configuring the Codatex RFID sensor mode.

Defines

- #define CT_ADDR_RFID 0x04
- #define CT_REG_STATUS 0x32
- #define CT_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define CT_REG_DATA 0x42

6.232.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for use with the Codatex RFID sensor device.

6.232.2 Define Documentation

6.232.2.1 #define CT_ADDR_RFID 0x04

RFID I2C address

6.232.2.2 #define CT_REG_DATA 0x42

RFID data register

6.232.2.3 #define CT_REG_MODE 0x41

RFID mode register

6.232.2.4 #define CT_REG_STATUS 0x32

RFID status register

6.233 Codatex RFID sensor modes

Constants that are for configuring the Codatex RFID sensor mode.

Defines

- #define RFID_MODE_STOP 0
- #define RFID_MODE_SINGLE 1
- #define RFID_MODE_CONTINUOUS 2

6.233.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are for configuring the Codatex RFID sensor mode.

6.233.2 Define Documentation

6.233.2.1 #define RFID_MODE_CONTINUOUS 2

Configure the RFID device for continuous reading

Examples:

ex_RFIDMode.nxc.

6.233.2.2 #define RFID_MODE_SINGLE 1

Configure the RFID device for a single reading

6.233.2.3 #define RFID_MODE_STOP 0

Stop the RFID device

6.234 Data type limits

Constants that define various data type limits.

Defines

- #define CHAR_BIT 8
- #define SCHAR_MIN -128

- #define SCHAR_MAX 127
- #define UCHAR_MAX 255
- #define CHAR_MIN -128
- #define CHAR_MAX 127
- #define SHRT_MIN -32768
- #define SHRT_MAX 32767
- #define USHRT_MAX 65535
- #define INT_MIN -32768
- #define INT_MAX 32767
- #define UINT_MAX 65535
- #define LONG_MIN -2147483648
- #define LONG_MAX 2147483647
- #define ULONG_MAX 4294967295
- #define RAND_MAX 32768

6.234.1 Detailed Description

Constants that define various data type limits.

6.234.2 Define Documentation

6.234.2.1 #define CHAR_BIT 8

The number of bits in the char type

6.234.2.2 #define CHAR_MAX 127

The maximum value of the char type

6.234.2.3 #define CHAR_MIN -128

The minimum value of the char type

6.234.2.4 #define INT_MAX 32767

The maximum value of the int type

6.234.2.5 #define INT_MIN -32768

The minimum value of the int type

6.234.2.6 #define LONG_MAX 2147483647

The maximum value of the long type

6.234.2.7 #define LONG_MIN -2147483648

The minimum value of the long type

6.234.2.8 #define RAND_MAX 32768

The maximum unsigned int random number returned by rand

6.234.2.9 #define SCHAR_MAX 127

The maximum value of the signed char type

6.234.2.10 #define SCHAR_MIN -128

The minimum value of the signed char type

6.234.2.11 #define SHRT_MAX 32767

The maximum value of the short type

6.234.2.12 #define SHRT_MIN -32768

The minimum value of the short type

6.234.2.13 #define UCHAR_MAX 255

The maximum value of the unsigned char type

6.234.2.14 #define UINT_MAX 65535

The maximum value of the unsigned int type

6.234.2.15 #define ULONG_MAX 4294967295

The maximum value of the unsigned long type

6.234.2.16 #define USHRT_MAX 65535

The maximum value of the unsigned short type

6.235 Graphics library begin modes

Constants that are used to specify the polygon surface begin mode.

Defines

- #define GL_POLYGON 1
- #define GL_LINE 2
- #define GL_POINT 3
- #define GL_CIRCLE 4

6.235.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are used to specify the polygon surface begin mode.

6.235.2 Define Documentation

6.235.2.1 #define GL_CIRCLE 4

Use circle mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc.

6.235.2.2 #define GL_LINE 2

Use line mode.

6.235.2.3 #define GL_POINT 3

Use point mode.

6.235.2.4 #define GL_POLYGON 1

Use polygon mode.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.236 Graphics library actions

Constants that are used to specify a graphics library action.

Defines

- #define GL_TRANSLATE_X 1
- #define GL_TRANSLATE_Y 2
- #define GL_TRANSLATE_Z 3
- #define GL_ROTATE_X 4
- #define GL_ROTATE_Y 5
- #define GL_ROTATE_Z 6
- #define GL_SCALE_X 7
- #define GL_SCALE_Y 8
- #define GL_SCALE_Z 9

6.236.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are used to specify a graphics library action.

6.236.2 Define Documentation

6.236.2.1 #define GL_ROTATE_X 4

Rotate around the X axis.

Examples:

glRotateDemo.nxc.

6.236.2.2 #define GL_ROTATE_Y 5

Rotate around the Y axis.

Examples:

glRotateDemo.nxc.

6.236.2.3 #define GL_ROTATE_Z 6

Rotate around the Z axis.

6.236.2.4 #define GL_SCALE_X 7

Scale along the X axis.

Examples:

glScaleDemo.nxc.

6.236.2.5 #define GL_SCALE_Y 8

Scale along the Y axis.

6.236.2.6 #define GL_SCALE_Z 9

Scale along the Z axis.

6.236.2.7 #define GL_TRANSLATE_X 1

Translate along the X axis.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.236.2.8 #define GL_TRANSLATE_Y 2

Translate along the Y axis.

Examples:

glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.236.2.9 #define GL_TRANSLATE_Z 3

Translate along the Z axis.

Examples:

glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.237 Graphics library settings

Constants that are used to configure the graphics library settings.

Defines

- #define GL_CIRCLE_SIZE 1
- #define GL_CULL_MODE 2
- #define GL_CAMERA_DEPTH 3
- #define GL_ZOOM_FACTOR 4

6.237.1 Detailed Description

Constants that are used to configure the graphics library settings.

6.237.2 Define Documentation

6.237.2.1 #define GL_CAMERA_DEPTH 3

Set the camera depth.

6.237.2.2 #define GL_CIRCLE_SIZE 1

Set the circle size.

6.237.2.3 #define GL_CULL_MODE 2

Set the cull mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

6.237.2.4 #define GL_ZOOM_FACTOR 4

Set the zoom factor.

6.238 Graphics library cull mode

Constants to use when setting the graphics library cull mode.

Defines

- #define GL_CULL_BACK 2
- #define GL_CULL_FRONT 3
- #define GL_CULL_NONE 4

6.238.1 Detailed Description

Constants to use when setting the graphics library cull mode.

6.238.2 Define Documentation

6.238.2.1 #define GL_CULL_BACK 2

Cull lines in back.

6.238.2.2 #define GL_CULL_FRONT 3

Cull lines in front.

6.238.2.3 #define GL_CULL_NONE 4

Do not cull any lines.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

7 Data Structure Documentation

7.1 ColorSensorReadType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ColorSensorRead system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Port
- int ColorValue
- unsigned int RawArray [ ]
- unsigned int NormalizedArray [ ]
- int ScaledArray [ ]
- bool Invalid

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ColorSensorRead system call. This structure is used when calling the SysColorSensorRead system call function. Choose the sensor port (Input port constants) and after calling the function read the sensor values from the ColorValue field or the raw, normalized, or scaled value arrays.

See also:

SysColorSensorRead()

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

7.1.2 Field Documentation

7.1.2.1 int ColorSensorReadType::ColorValue

The color value returned by the sensor. See the Color values group.

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

7.1.2.2 bool ColorSensorReadType::Invalid

Are the sensor values valid?

7.1.2.3 unsigned int ColorSensorReadType::NormalizedArray[ ]

Normalized color values returned by the sensor. See the Color sensor array indices group.

7.1.2.4 byte ColorSensorReadType::Port

The sensor port. See the constants in the Input port constants group.

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

7.1.2.5 unsigned int ColorSensorReadType::RawArray[ ]

Raw color values returned by the sensor. See the Color sensor array indices group.

7.1.2.6 char ColorSensorReadType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

7.1.2.7 int ColorSensorReadType::ScaledArray[ ]

Scaled color values returned by the sensor. See the Color sensor array indices group.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.2 CommBTCheckStatusType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommBTCheckStatus system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Connection

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommBTCheckStatus system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommBTCheckStatus system call function.

See also:

SysCommBTCheckStatus()

Examples:

ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc.

7.2.2 Field Documentation

7.2.2.1 byte CommBTCheckStatusType::Connection

The connection to check.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc.

7.2.2.2 char CommBTCheckStatusType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include ERR_INVALID_PORT, STAT_COMM_PENDING, ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY, and LDR_SUCCESS.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.3 CommBTConnectionType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommBTConnection system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte Action
- string Name
- byte ConnectionSlot

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommBTConnection system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommBTConnection system call function.

See also:

SysCommBTConnection()

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

7.3.2 Field Documentation

7.3.2.1 byte CommBTConnectionType::Action

The connection action (connect or disconnect).

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

7.3.2.2 byte CommBTConnectionType::ConnectionSlot

The connection slot to connect or disconnect.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

7.3.2.3 string CommBTConnectionType::Name

The name of the device to connect or disconnect.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

7.3.2.4 unsigned int CommBTConnectionType::Result

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.4 CommBTOnOffType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommBTOnOff system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- bool PowerState

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommBTOnOff system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommBTOnOff system call function.

See also:

SysCommBTOnOff()

Examples:

ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc.

7.4.2 Field Documentation

7.4.2.1 bool CommBTOnOffType::PowerState

If true then turn on bluetooth, otherwise, turn it off.

Examples:

ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc.

7.4.2.2 unsigned int CommBTOnOffType::Result

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.5 CommBTWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommBTWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Connection
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommBTWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommBTWrite system call function.

See also:

SysCommBTWrite()

Examples:

ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc.

7.5.2 Field Documentation

7.5.2.1 byte CommBTWriteType::Buffer[ ]

The data to write to the connection.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc.

7.5.2.2 byte CommBTWriteType::Connection

The connection to use.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc.

7.5.2.3 char CommBTWriteType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY and STAT_COMM_PENDING (write accepted).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.6 CommExecuteFunctionType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommExecuteFunction system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte Cmd
- byte Param1
- byte Param2
- byte Param3
- string Name
- unsigned int RetVal

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommExecuteFunction system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommExecuteFunction system call function.

The fields usage depends on the requested command and are documented in the table below. If a field member is shown as 'x' it is ignored by the specified command.

Cmd	Meaning	(Param1,Param2,Param3,Name)
INTF_SENDFILE	Send a file over a Bluetooth connection	(Connection,x,x,Filename)
INTF_SEARCH	Search for Bluetooth devices	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_STOPSEARCH	Stop searching for Bluetooth devices	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_CONNECT	Connect to a Bluetooth device	(DeviceIndex,Connection,x,x)
INTF_DISCONNECT	Disconnect a Bluetooth device	(Connection,x,x,x)
INTF_DISCONNECTALL	Disconnect all Bluetooth devices	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_REMOVEDEVICE	Remove device from My Contacts	(DeviceIndex,x,x,x)
INTF_VISIBILITY	Set Bluetooth visibility	(true/false,x,x,x)
INTF_SETCMDMODE	Set command mode	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_OPENSTREAM	Open a stream	(x,Connection,x,x)
INTF_SENDDATA	Send data	(Length, Connection, WaitForIt, Buffer)
INTF_FACTORYRESET	Bluetooth factory reset	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_BTON	Turn Bluetooth on	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_BTOFF	Turn Bluetooth off	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_SETBTNAME	Set Bluetooth name	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_EXTREAD	Handle external? read	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_PINREQ	Handle Blueooth PIN request	(x,x,x,x)
INTF_CONNECTREQ	Handle Bluetooth connect request	(x,x,x,x)

See also:

SysCommExecuteFunction()

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

7.6.2 Field Documentation

7.6.2.1 byte CommExecuteFunctionType::Cmd

The command to execute.

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

7.6.2.2 string CommExecuteFunctionType::Name

The name parameter, see table.

7.6.2.3 byte CommExecuteFunctionType::Param1

The first parameter, see table.

7.6.2.4 byte CommExecuteFunctionType::Param2

The second parameter, see table.

7.6.2.5 byte CommExecuteFunctionType::Param3

The third parameter, see table.

7.6.2.6 unsigned int CommExecuteFunctionType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

7.6.2.7 unsigned int CommExecuteFunctionType::RetVal

The function call return value. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.7 CommHSCheckStatusType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommHSCheckStatus system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- bool SendingData
- bool DataAvailable

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommHSCheckStatus system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommHSCheckStatus system call function.

See also:

SysCommHSCheckStatus()

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc.

7.7.2 Field Documentation

7.7.2.1 bool CommHSCheckStatusType::DataAvailable

Is data available for reading?

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc.

7.7.2.2 bool CommHSCheckStatusType::SendingData

Is data currently being sent?

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.8 CommHSControlType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommHSControl system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result

- byte Command
- byte BaudRate
- unsigned int Mode

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommHSControl system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommHSControl system call function.

See also:

SysCommHSControl()

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

7.8.2 Field Documentation

7.8.2.1 byte CommHSControlType::BaudRate

The hi-speed port baud rate. See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

7.8.2.2 byte CommHSControlType::Command

The hi-speed port configuration command. See Hi-speed port SysCommHSControl constants.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

7.8.2.3 unsigned int CommHSControlType::Mode

The hi-speed port mode. See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

7.8.2.4 char CommHSControlType::Result

The function call result.

Todo

values?

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.9 CommHSReadWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommHSReadWrite system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- char Status
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommHSReadWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommHSRead and SysCommHSWrite system call functions.

See also:

SysCommHSRead(), SysCommHSWrite()

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, and ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc.

7.9.2 Field Documentation

7.9.2.1 byte CommHSReadWriteType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer of data to write or to contain the data read from the hi-speed port.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, and ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc.

7.9.2.2 char CommHSReadWriteType::Status

The result of the function call.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, and ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.10 CommLSCheckStatusType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommLSCheckStatus system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Port
- byte BytesReady

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommLSCheckStatus system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommLSCheckStatus system call function.

See also:

SysCommLSCheckStatus()

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

7.10.2 Field Documentation

7.10.2.1 byte CommLSCheckStatusType::BytesReady

The number of bytes ready to read from the specified port.

7.10.2.2 byte CommLSCheckStatusType::Port

The port to which the I2C device is connected.

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

7.10.2.3 char CommLSCheckStatusType::Result

The function call result.
Possible values include ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR, ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID, ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY, STAT_COMM_PENDING, and NO_ERR.

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.11 CommLSReadType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommLSRead system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Port
- byte Buffer [ ]
- byte BufferLen

7.11.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommLSRead system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommLSRead system call function.

See also:

SysCommLSRead()

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

7.11.2 Field Documentation

7.11.2.1 byte CommLSReadType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer used to store the bytes read from the I2C device.

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

7.11.2.2 byte CommLSReadType::BufferLen

The size of the output buffer on input. This field is not updated during the function call.

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

7.11.2.3 byte CommLSReadType::Port

The port to which the I2C device is connected.

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

7.11.2.4 char CommLSReadType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR, ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID, ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY, ERR_INVALID_SIZE, STAT_COMM_PENDING, and NO_ERR.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.12 CommLSWriteExType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommLSWriteEx system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Port
- byte Buffer [ ]
- byte ReturnLen
- bool NoRestartOnRead

7.12.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommLSWriteEx system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommLSWriteEx system call function.

See also:

SysCommLSWriteEx()

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

7.12.2 Field Documentation

7.12.2.1 byte CommLSWriteExType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer written to the I2C device.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

7.12.2.2 bool CommLSWriteExType::NoRestartOnRead

Should a restart occur before reading from the device?

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

7.12.2.3 byte CommLSWriteExType::Port

The port to which the I2C device is connected.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

7.12.2.4 char CommLSWriteExType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID, ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY, ERR_INVALID_SIZE, and NO_ERR.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

7.12.2.5 byte CommLSWriteExType::ReturnLen

The number of bytes that you want to read from the I2C device.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.13 CommLSWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the CommLSWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Port
- byte Buffer [ ]
- byte ReturnLen

7.13.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the CommLSWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysCommLSWrite system call function.

See also:

SysCommLSWrite()

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

7.13.2 Field Documentation

7.13.2.1 byte CommLSWriteType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer containing data to be written to the I2C device.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

7.13.2.2 byte CommLSWriteType::Port

The port to which the I2C device is connected.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

7.13.2.3 char CommLSWriteType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID, ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY, ERR_INVALID_SIZE, and NO_ERR.

7.13.2.4 byte CommLSWriteType::ReturnLen

The number of bytes that you want to read from the I2C device after writing the data. If no read is planned set this to zero.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.14 ComputeCalibValueType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ComputeCalibValue system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte Result
- string Name
- unsigned int RawVal

7.14.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ComputeCalibValue system call. This structure is used when calling the SysComputeCalibValue system call function.

See also:

SysComputeCalibValue()

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

7.14.2 Field Documentation

7.14.2.1 string ComputeCalibValueType::Name

The name of the sensor calibration cache.

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

7.14.2.2 unsigned int ComputeCalibValueType::RawVal

The raw value.

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

7.14.2.3 byte ComputeCalibValueType::Result

The function call result.

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.15 DatalogGetTimesType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DatalogGetTimes system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned long SyncTime
- unsigned long SyncTick

7.15.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DatalogGetTimes system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDatalogGetTimes system call function.

See also:

SysDatalogGetTimes()

Examples:

ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

7.15.2 Field Documentation

7.15.2.1 unsigned long DatalogGetTimesType::SyncTick

The datalog synchronized tick.

Examples:

ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

7.15.2.2 unsigned long DatalogGetTimesType::SyncTime

The datalog synchronized time.

Examples:

ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.16 DatalogWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DatalogWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Message [ ]

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DatalogWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDatalogWrite system call function.

See also:

SysDatalogWrite()

Examples:

ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc.

7.16.2 Field Documentation

7.16.2.1 byte DatalogWriteType::Message[ ]

A buffer containing data to write to the datalog.

Examples:

ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc.

7.16.2.2 char DatalogWriteType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

Examples:

ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.17 DisplayExecuteFunctionType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte Status

- byte Cmd
- bool On
- byte X1
- byte Y1
- byte X2
- byte Y2

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DisplayExecuteFunction system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDisplayExecuteFunction system call function.

The fields usage depends on the requested command and are documented in the table below. If a field member is shown as 'x' it is ignored by the specified display command.

Cmd	Meaning	Expected parameters
DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL	erase entire screen	()
DISPLAY_PIXEL	set pixel (on/off)	(true/false,X1,Y1,x,x)
DISPLAY_-HORIZONTAL_LINE	draw horizontal line	(true/false,X1,Y1,X2,x)
DISPLAY_-VERTICAL_LINE	draw vertical line	(true/false,X1,Y1,x,Y2)
DISPLAY_CHAR	draw char (actual font)	(true/false,X1,Y1,Char,x)
DISPLAY_ERASE_-LINE	erase a single line	(x,LINE,x,x,x)
DISPLAY_FILL_-REGION	fill screen region	(true/-false,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)
DISPLAY_FILLED_-FRAME	draw a frame (on / off)	(true/-false,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)

See also:

SysDisplayExecuteFunction()

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

7.17.2 Field Documentation

7.17.2.1 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::Cmd

The command to execute.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

7.17.2.2 bool DisplayExecuteFunctionType::On

The On parameter, see table.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

7.17.2.3 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::Status

The function call result, always NO_ERR.

7.17.2.4 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::X1

The X1 parameter, see table.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

7.17.2.5 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::X2

The X2 parameter, see table.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

7.17.2.6 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::Y1

The Y1 parameter, see table.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

7.17.2.7 byte DisplayExecuteFunctionType::Y2

The Y2 parameter, see table.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.18 div_t Struct Reference

Output type of the div function.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- int quot
- int rem

7.18.1 Detailed Description

Output type of the div function. div_t structure. Structure used to represent the value of an integral division performed by div. It has two members of the same type, defined in either order as: int quot; int rem;.

See also:

div()

Examples:

ex_div.nxc.

7.18.2 Field Documentation

7.18.2.1 int div_t::quot

Represents the quotient of the integral division operation performed by div, which is the integer of lesser magnitude that is nearest to the algebraic quotient.

Examples:

ex_div.nxc.

7.18.2.2 int div_t::rem

Represents the remainder of the integral division operation performed by div, which is the integer resulting from subtracting quot to the numerator of the operation.

Examples:

ex_div.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.19 DrawCircleType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawCircle system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Center
- byte Size
- unsigned long Options

7.19.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawCircle system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawCircle system call function. It lets you specify the center of the circle to draw using the LocationType structure member, the radius, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawCircle()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

7.19.2 Field Documentation

7.19.2.1 LocationType DrawCircleType::Center

The location of the circle center.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

7.19.2.2 unsigned long DrawCircleType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

7.19.2.3 char DrawCircleType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.19.2.4 byte DrawCircleType::Size

The circle radius.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.20 DrawEllipseType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawEllipse system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Center
- byte SizeX
- byte SizeY
- unsigned long Options

7.20.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawEllipse system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawEllipse system call function. It lets you specify the center of the ellipse using the LocationType structure member, the x and y axis radii, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawEllipse()

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

7.20.2 Field Documentation

7.20.2.1 LocationType DrawEllipseType::Center

The location of the ellipse center.

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

7.20.2.2 unsigned long DrawEllipseType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

7.20.2.3 char DrawEllipseType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.20.2.4 byte DrawEllipseType::SizeX

The horizontal ellipse radius.

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

7.20.2.5 byte DrawEllipseType::SizeY

The vertical ellipse radius.

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.21 DrawFontType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawFont system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- string Filename
- string Text
- unsigned long Options

7.21.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawFont system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawFont system call function. It lets you specify the text to draw, the LCD line and horizontal position using the LocationType structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawFont()

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

7.21.2 Field Documentation

7.21.2.1 string DrawFontType::Filename

The filename of the RIC-based font file.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

7.21.2.2 LocationType DrawFontType::Location

The location in X, LCD line number coordinates.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

7.21.2.3 unsigned long DrawFontType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

7.21.2.4 char DrawFontType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.21.2.5 string DrawFontType::Text

The text to draw on the LCD.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.22 DrawGraphicArrayType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawGraphicArray system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- byte Data [ ]
- long Variables [ ]
- unsigned long Options

7.22.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawGraphicArray system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawGraphicArray system call function. It lets you specify the screen location at which to draw the image using the LocationType structure member, the graphic image data array, the image parameters (if needed), as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawGraphicArray()

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

7.22.2 Field Documentation

7.22.2.1 byte DrawGraphicArrayType::Data[ ]

A byte array containing the RIC opcodes. RIC Macro Wrappers

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

7.22.2.2 LocationType DrawGraphicArrayType::Location

The location on screen.

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

7.22.2.3 unsigned long DrawGraphicArrayType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc.

7.22.2.4 char DrawGraphicArrayType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.22.2.5 long DrawGraphicArrayType::Variables[ ]

The variables passed as RIC arguments.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.23 DrawGraphicType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawGraphic system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- string Filename
- long Variables [ ]
- unsigned long Options

7.23.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawGraphic system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawGraphic system call function. It lets you specify the screen location at which to draw the image using the LocationType structure member, the filename of the graphic image, the image parameters (if needed), as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawGraphic()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

7.23.2 Field Documentation

7.23.2.1 string DrawGraphicType::Filename

The RIC file name.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

7.23.2.2 LocationType DrawGraphicType::Location

The location on screen.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

7.23.2.3 unsigned long DrawGraphicType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

7.23.2.4 char DrawGraphicType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes, ERR_FILE, and NO_ERR.

7.23.2.5 long DrawGraphicType::Variables[ ]

The variables passed as RIC arguments.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.24 DrawLineType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawLine system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType StartLoc
- LocationType EndLoc
- unsigned long Options

7.24.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawLine system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawLine system call function. It lets you specify the end points of the line to draw using two LocationType structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawLine()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

7.24.2 Field Documentation

7.24.2.1 LocationType DrawLineType::EndLoc

The location of the ending point.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

7.24.2.2 unsigned long DrawLineType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

7.24.2.3 char DrawLineType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.24.2.4 LocationType DrawLineType::StartLoc

The location of the starting point.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.25 DrawPointType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawPoint system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- unsigned long Options

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawPoint system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawPoint system call function. It lets you specify the pixel to draw using the LocationType structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPoint()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc.

7.25.2 Field Documentation

7.25.2.1 LocationType DrawPointType::Location

The point location on screen.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc.

7.25.2.2 unsigned long DrawPointType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc.

7.25.2.3 char DrawPointType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.26 DrawPolygonType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawPolygon system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Points [ ]
- unsigned long Options

7.26.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawPolygon system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawPolygon system call function. It lets you specify the points of the polygon to draw using the LocationType array structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPolygon()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

7.26.2 Field Documentation

7.26.2.1 unsigned long DrawPolygonType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

7.26.2.2 LocationType DrawPolygonType::Points[ ]

An array of LocationType structures which define the polygon's shape.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

7.26.2.3 char DrawPolygonType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.27 DrawRectType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawRect system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- SizeType Size
- unsigned long Options

7.27.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawRect system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawRect system call function. It lets you specify the corner of the rectangle using the LocationType structure member, the width and height of the rectangle using the SizeType structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawRect()

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

7.27.2 Field Documentation

7.27.2.1 LocationType DrawRectType::Location

The top left corner location.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

7.27.2.2 unsigned long DrawRectType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

7.27.2.3 char DrawRectType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.27.2.4 SizeType DrawRectType::Size

The width and height of the rectangle.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.28 DrawTextType Struct Reference

Parameters for the DrawText system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- LocationType Location
- string Text
- unsigned long Options

7.28.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the DrawText system call. This structure is used when calling the SysDrawText system call function. It lets you specify the text to draw, the LCD line and horizontal position using the LocationType structure member, as well as drawing options defined in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawText()

Examples:

ex_syscall.nxc, and ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

7.28.2 Field Documentation

7.28.2.1 LocationType DrawTextType::Location

The location in X, LCD line number coordinates.

Examples:

ex_syscall.nxc, and ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

7.28.2.2 unsigned long DrawTextType::Options

The options to use when writing to the LCD. Drawing option constants

Examples:

ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

7.28.2.3 char DrawTextType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

7.28.2.4 string DrawTextType::Text

The text to draw on the LCD.

Examples:

ex_syscall.nxc, and ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.29 FileCloseType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileClose system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle

7.29.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileClose system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileClose system call function.

See also:

SysFileClose()

Examples:

ex_sysfileclose.nxc.

7.29.2 Field Documentation

7.29.2.1 byte FileCloseType::FileHandle

The file handle to close.

Examples:

ex_sysfileclose.nxc.

7.29.2.2 unsigned int FileCloseType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.30 FileDeleteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileDelete system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- string Filename

7.30.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileDelete system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileDelete system call function.

See also:

SysFileDelete()

Examples:

ex_sysfiledelete.nxc.

7.30.2 Field Documentation

7.30.2.1 string FileDeleteType::Filename

The name of the file to delete.

Examples:

ex_sysfiledelete.nxc.

7.30.2.2 unsigned int FileDeleteType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.31 FileFindType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileFind system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- string Filename
- unsigned long Length

7.31.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileFind system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileFindFirst and SysFileFindNext system call functions.

See also:

SysFileFindFirst() and SysFileFindNext()

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, and ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc.

7.31.2 Field Documentation

7.31.2.1 byte FileFindType::FileHandle

The returned file handle to be used to continue iterations. Close it after usage.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc.

7.31.2.2 string FileFindType::Filename

The pattern to match file name, then the returned found file name.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, and ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc.

7.31.2.3 unsigned long FileFindType::Length

The found file length.

7.31.2.4 unsigned int FileFindType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.32 FileOpenType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileOpen system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- string Filename
- unsigned long Length

7.32.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileOpen system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileOpenAppend, SysFileOpenRead, SysFileOpenWrite, SysFileOpenReadLinear, SysFileOpenWriteLinear and SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear system call functions.

See also:

SysFileOpenAppend(), SysFileOpenRead(), SysFileOpenWrite(), SysFileOpenReadLinear(), SysFileOpenWriteLinear()

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc, ex_sysfileopenread.nxc, ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, and ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

7.32.2 Field Documentation

7.32.2.1 byte FileOpenType::FileHandle

The returned file handle to use for subsequent file operations.

7.32.2.2 string FileOpenType::Filename

The name of the file to open or create.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc, ex_sysfileopenread.nxc, ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, and ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

7.32.2.3 unsigned long FileOpenType::Length

For SysFileOpenWrite(), SysFileOpenWriteLinear() and SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear(): the desired maximum file capacity.

For SysFileOpenAppend(), SysFileOpenRead() and SysFileOpenReadLinear(): the returned available length in the file.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, and ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

7.32.2.4 unsigned int FileOpenType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc, ex_sysfileopenread.nxc, ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, and ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.33 FileReadWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileReadWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- string Buffer
- unsigned long Length

7.33.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileReadWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileRead and SysFileWrite system call functions.

See also:

SysFileRead() and SysFileWrite()

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc, and ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

7.33.2 Field Documentation

7.33.2.1 string FileReadWriteType::Buffer

The buffer to store read bytes or containing bytes to write.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc, and ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

7.33.2.2 byte FileReadWriteType::FileHandle

The file handle to access.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc, and ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

7.33.2.3 unsigned long FileReadWriteType::Length

The number of bytes to read or the returned number of bytes written.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc, and ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

7.33.2.4 unsigned int FileReadWriteType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc, and ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.34 FileRenameType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileRename system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- string OldFilename
- string NewFilename

7.34.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileRename system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileRename system call function.

See also:

SysFileRename()

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

7.34.2 Field Documentation

7.34.2.1 string FileRenameType::NewFilename

The new name to give to the file.

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

7.34.2.2 string FileRenameType::OldFilename

The name of the file to be renamed.

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

7.34.2.3 unsigned int FileRenameType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.35 FileResizeType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileResize system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- unsigned int NewSize

7.35.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileResize system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileResize system call function.

See also:

SysFileResize()

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

7.35.2 Field Documentation

7.35.2.1 byte FileResizeType::FileHandle

The handle of the file to resize.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

7.35.2.2 unsigned int FileResizeType::NewSize

The new file size.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

7.35.2.3 unsigned int FileResizeType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.36 FileResolveHandleType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileResolveHandle system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- bool WriteHandle
- string Filename

7.36.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileResolveHandle system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileResolveHandle system call function.

See also:

SysFileResolveHandle()

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

7.36.2 Field Documentation

7.36.2.1 byte FileResolveHandleType::FileHandle

The returned resolved file handle.

7.36.2.2 string FileResolveHandleType::Filename

The name of the file for which to resolve a handle.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

7.36.2.3 unsigned int FileResolveHandleType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include LDR_HANDLEALREADYCLOSED and LDR_SUCCESS.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

7.36.2.4 bool FileResolveHandleType::WriteHandle

True if the returned handle is a write handle.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.37 FileSeekType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileSeek system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- byte Origin
- long Length

7.37.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileSeek system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileSeek system call function.

See also:

SysFileSeek()

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

7.37.2 Field Documentation

7.37.2.1 byte FileSeekType::FileHandle

The handle of the file to seek in.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

7.37.2.2 long FileSeekType::Length

The offset from the origin to seek to.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

7.37.2.3 byte FileSeekType::Origin

The origin of the file seek operation. See fseek origin constants.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

7.37.2.4 unsigned int FileSeekType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.38 FileTellType Struct Reference

Parameters for the FileTell system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte FileHandle
- unsigned long Position

7.38.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the FileTell system call. This structure is used when calling the SysFileTell system call function.

See also:

SysFileTell()

7.38.2 Field Documentation

7.38.2.1 byte FileTellType::FileHandle

The handle of the open file.

7.38.2.2 unsigned long FileTellType::Position

The current file position in the open file.

7.38.2.3 unsigned int FileTellType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.39 GetStartTickType Struct Reference

Parameters for the GetStartTick system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned long Result

7.39.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the GetStartTick system call. This structure is used when calling the SysGetStartTick system call function.

See also:

SysGetStartTick()

Examples:

ex_sysgetstarttick.nxc.

7.39.2 Field Documentation

7.39.2.1 unsigned long GetStartTickType::Result

The returned tick value.

Examples:

ex_sysgetstarttick.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.40 InputValuesType Struct Reference

Parameters for the RemoteGetInputValues function.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte Port
- bool Valid
- bool Calibrated
- byte SensorType
- byte SensorMode
- unsigned int RawValue
- unsigned int NormalizedValue
- int ScaledValue
- int CalibratedValue

7.40.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the RemoteGetInputValues function. This structure is used when calling the RemoteGetInputValues function. Choose the sensor port (Input port constants) and after calling the function read the sensor values from the various structure fields.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc.

7.40.2 Field Documentation

7.40.2.1 bool InputValuesType::Calibrated

Is the sensor calibrated?

7.40.2.2 int InputValuesType::CalibratedValue

The calibrated value.

7.40.2.3 unsigned int InputValuesType::NormalizedValue

The normalized value.

7.40.2.4 byte InputValuesType::Port

The sensor port. See the Input port constants group.

7.40.2.5 unsigned int InputValuesType::RawValue

The raw value.

7.40.2.6 int InputValuesType::ScaledValue

The scaled value.

7.40.2.7 byte InputValuesType::SensorMode

The sensor mode. See the Sensor mode constants group.

7.40.2.8 byte InputValuesType::SensorType

The sensor type. See the Sensor type constants group.

7.40.2.9 bool InputValuesType::Valid

Is the sensor value valid?

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.41 IOMapReadByIDType Struct Reference

Parameters for the IOMapReadByID system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- unsigned long ModuleID
- unsigned int Offset
- unsigned int Count
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.41.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the IOMapReadByID system call. This structure is used when calling the SysIOMapReadByID system call function.

See also:

SysIOMapReadByID()

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

7.41.2 Field Documentation

7.41.2.1 byte IOMapReadByIDType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer used to store read bytes.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc.

7.41.2.2 unsigned int IOMapReadByIDType::Count

The number of bytes to read.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

7.41.2.3 unsigned long IOMapReadByIDType::ModuleID

The identifier of the module to read from. See the NXT firmware module IDs group.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

7.41.2.4 unsigned int IOMapReadByIDType::Offset

The offset in the module IOMap where to start reading.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

7.41.2.5 char IOMapReadByIDType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.42 IOMapReadType Struct Reference

Parameters for the IOMapRead system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- string ModuleName
- unsigned int Offset
- unsigned int Count
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.42.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the IOMapRead system call. This structure is used when calling the SysIOMapRead system call function.

See also:

SysIOMapRead()

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

7.42.2 Field Documentation

7.42.2.1 byte IOMapReadType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer used to store read bytes.

7.42.2.2 unsigned int IOMapReadType::Count

The number of bytes to read.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

7.42.2.3 string IOMapReadType::ModuleName

The name of the module to read from. See the NXT firmware module names group.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

7.42.2.4 unsigned int IOMapReadType::Offset

The offset in the module IOMap where to start reading.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

7.42.2.5 char IOMapReadType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.43 IOMapWriteByIDType Struct Reference

Parameters for the IOMapWriteByID system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- unsigned long ModuleID
- unsigned int Offset
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.43.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the IOMapWriteByID system call. This structure is used when calling the SysIOMapWriteByID system call function.

See also:

SysIOMapWriteByID()

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

7.43.2 Field Documentation

7.43.2.1 byte IOMapWriteByIDType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer containing bytes to write.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

7.43.2.2 unsigned long IOMapWriteByIDType::ModuleID

The identifier of the module to write to. See the NXT firmware module IDs group.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

7.43.2.3 unsigned int IOMapWriteByIDType::Offset

The offset in the module IOMap where to start writing.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

7.43.2.4 char IOMapWriteByIDType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.44 IOMapWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the IOMapWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- string ModuleName
- unsigned int Offset
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.44.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the IOMapWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysIOMapWrite system call function.

See also:

SysIOMapWrite()

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

7.44.2 Field Documentation

7.44.2.1 byte IOMapWriteType::Buffer[ ]

The buffer containing bytes to write.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

7.44.2.2 string IOMapWriteType::ModuleName

The name of the module to write to. See the NXT firmware module names group.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

7.44.2.3 unsigned int IOMapWriteType::Offset

The offset in the module IOMap where to start writing.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

7.44.2.4 char IOMapWriteType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.45 KeepAliveType Struct Reference

Parameters for the KeepAlive system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned long Result

7.45.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the KeepAlive system call. This structure is used when calling the SysKeepAlive system call function.

See also:

SysKeepAlive()

Examples:

ex_syskeepalive.nxc.

7.45.2 Field Documentation

7.45.2.1 unsigned long KeepAliveType::Result

The current sleep timeout in milliseconds.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.46 ldiv_t Struct Reference

Output type of the ldiv function.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- long quot
- long rem

7.46.1 Detailed Description

Output type of the ldiv function. Structure used to represent the value of an integral division performed by ldiv. It has two members of the same type, defined in either order as: long quot; long rem;.

See also:

ldiv()

Examples:

ex_ldiv.nxc.

7.46.2 Field Documentation

7.46.2.1 long ldiv_t::quot

Represents the quotient of the integral division operation performed by div, which is the integer of lesser magnitude that is nearest to the algebraic quotient.

Examples:

ex_ldiv.nxc.

7.46.2.2 long ldiv_t::rem

Represents the remainder of the integral division operation performed by div, which is the integer resulting from subtracting quot to the numerator of the operation.

Examples:

ex_ldiv.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.47 ListFilesType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ListFiles system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- string Pattern
- string FileList [ ]

7.47.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ListFiles system call. This structure is used when calling the SysListFiles system call function.

See also:

SysListFiles()

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

7.47.2 Field Documentation

7.47.2.1 string ListFilesType::FileList[ ]

An array of strings containing the list of filenames that matched the file search pattern.

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

7.47.2.2 string ListFilesType::Pattern

The file search pattern.

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

7.47.2.3 char ListFilesType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.48 LoaderExecuteFunctionType Struct Reference

Parameters for the LoaderExecuteFunction system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Result
- byte Cmd
- string Filename
- byte Buffer [ ]
- unsigned long Length

7.48.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the LoaderExecuteFunction system call. This structure is used when calling the SysLoaderExecuteFunction system call function.

The fields usage depends on the requested command and are documented in the table below.

Cmd	Meaning	Expected Parameters
LDR_CMD_-OPENREAD	Open a file for reading	(Filename, Length)
LDR_CMD_-OPENWRITE	Create a file	(Filename, Length)
LDR_CMD_READ	Read from a file	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_WRITE	Write to a file	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_CLOSE	Close a file	(Filename)
LDR_CMD_DELETE	Delete a file	(Filename)
LDR_CMD_-FINDFIRST	Start iterating files	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_-FINDNEXT	Continue iterating files	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_-OPENWRITELINEAR	Create a linear file	(Filename, Length)
LDR_CMD_-OPENREADLINEAR	Read a linear file	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_-OPENAPPENDDATA	Open a file for writing	(Filename, Length)
LDR_CMD_-FINDFIRSTMODULE	Start iterating modules	(Filename, Buffer)
LDR_CMD_-FINDNEXTMODULE	Continue iterating modules	(Buffer)
LDR_CMD_-CLOSEMODHANDLE	Close module handle	()
LDR_CMD_-IOMAPREAD	Read IOMap data	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_-IOMAPWRITE	Write IOMap data	(Filename, Buffer, Length)
LDR_CMD_-DELETEUSERFLASH	Delete all files	()
LDR_CMD_-RENAMEFILE	Rename file	(Filename, Buffer, Length)

See also:

SysLoaderExecuteFunction()

Examples:

ex_sysloaderexecutefunction.nxc.

7.48.2 Field Documentation

7.48.2.1 byte LoaderExecuteFunctionType::Buffer[ ]

The Buffer parameter, see table.

7.48.2.2 byte LoaderExecuteFunctionType::Cmd

The command to execute.

Examples:

ex_sysloaderexecutefunction.nxc.

7.48.2.3 string LoaderExecuteFunctionType::Filename

The Filename parameter, see table.

7.48.2.4 unsigned long LoaderExecuteFunctionType::Length

The Length parameter, see table.

7.48.2.5 unsigned int LoaderExecuteFunctionType::Result

The function call result. Possible values include Loader module error codes.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.49 LocationType Struct Reference

A point on the NXT LCD screen.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- int X
- int Y

7.49.1 Detailed Description

A point on the NXT LCD screen. This structure is by other system call structures to specify an X, Y LCD screen coordinate.

See also:

DrawTextType, DrawPointType, DrawLineType, DrawCircleType, DrawRectType, DrawGraphicType, DrawGraphicArrayType, DrawPolygonType, DrawEllipseType, DrawFontType

Examples:

ex_PolyOut.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

7.49.2 Field Documentation

7.49.2.1 int LocationType::X

The X coordinate. Valid range is from 0 to 99 inclusive.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_syscall.nxc, ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysdrawline.nxc, ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc, ex_sysdrawrect.nxc, and ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

7.49.2.2 int LocationType::Y

The Y coordinate. Valid range is from 0 to 63 inclusive. For text drawing this value must be a multiple of 8.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_syscall.nxc, ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysdrawline.nxc, ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc, ex_sysdrawrect.nxc, and ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.50 MemoryManagerType Struct Reference

Parameters for the MemoryManager system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- bool Compact
- unsigned int PoolSize
- unsigned int DataspaceSize

7.50.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the MemoryManager system call. This structure is used when calling the SysMemoryManager system call function.

See also:

SysMemoryManager()

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

7.50.2 Field Documentation

7.50.2.1 bool MemoryManagerType::Compact

Should the dataspace be compacted or not.

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

7.50.2.2 unsigned int MemoryManagerType::DataspaceSize

The returned dataspace size.

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

7.50.2.3 unsigned int MemoryManagerType::PoolSize

The returned pool size.

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

7.50.2.4 char MemoryManagerType::Result

The returned status value.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.51 MessageReadType Struct Reference

Parameters for the MessageRead system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte QueueID
- bool Remove
- string Message

7.51.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the MessageRead system call. This structure is used when calling the SysMessageRead system call function.

See also:

SysMessageRead()

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

7.51.2 Field Documentation

7.51.2.1 string MessageReadType::Message

The contents of the mailbox/queue.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

7.51.2.2 byte MessageReadType::QueueID

The queue identifier. See the Mailbox constants group.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

7.51.2.3 bool MessageReadType::Remove

If true, remove the read message from the queue.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

7.51.2.4 char MessageReadType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.52 MessageWriteType Struct Reference

Parameters for the MessageWrite system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte QueueID
- string Message

7.52.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the MessageWrite system call. This structure is used when calling the SysMessageWrite system call function.

See also:

SysMessageWrite()

Examples:

ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

7.52.2 Field Documentation

7.52.2.1 string MessageWriteType::Message

The message to write.

Examples:

ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

7.52.2.2 byte MessageWriteType::QueueID

The queue identifier. See the Mailbox constants group.

Examples:

ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

7.52.2.3 char MessageWriteType::Result

The function call result. NO_ERR means it succeeded.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.53 OutputStateType Struct Reference

Parameters for the RemoteGetOutputState function.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte Port
- char Power
- byte Mode
- byte RegMode
- char TurnRatio
- byte RunState
- unsigned long TachoLimit
- long TachoCount
- long BlockTachoCount
- long RotationCount

7.53.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the RemoteGetOutputState function. This structure is used when calling the RemoteGetOutputState function. Choose the sensor port (Output port constants) and after calling the function read the output status values from the various structure fields.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc.

7.53.2 Field Documentation

7.53.2.1 long OutputStateType::BlockTachoCount

The current block tachometer count.

7.53.2.2 byte OutputStateType::Mode

The output mode. See Output port mode constants group.

7.53.2.3 byte OutputStateType::Port

The output port. See the Output port constants group.

7.53.2.4 char OutputStateType::Power

The output power level (-100..100).

7.53.2.5 byte OutputStateType::RegMode

The output regulation mode. See Output port regulation mode constants group.

7.53.2.6 long OutputStateType::RotationCount

The current rotation count.

7.53.2.7 byte OutputStateType::RunState

The output run state. See Output port run state constants group.

7.53.2.8 long OutputStateType::TachoCount

The current tachometer count.

7.53.2.9 unsigned long OutputStateType::TachoLimit

The tachometer limit.

7.53.2.10 char OutputStateType::TurnRatio

The output turning ratio (-100..100).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.54 RandomNumberType Struct Reference

Parameters for the RandomNumber system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- int Result

7.54.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the RandomNumber system call. This structure is used when calling the SysRandomNumber system call function.

See also:

SysRandomNumber()

Examples:

ex_sysrandomnumber.nxc.

7.54.2 Field Documentation

7.54.2.1 int RandomNumberType::Result

The random number.

Examples:

ex_sysrandomnumber.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.55 ReadButtonType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ReadButton system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- byte Index
- bool Pressed
- byte Count
- bool Reset

7.55.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ReadButton system call. This structure is used when calling the SysReadButton system call function.

See also:

SysReadButton()

Examples:

ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

7.55.2 Field Documentation

7.55.2.1 byte ReadButtonType::Count

The returned button pressed count.

7.55.2.2 byte ReadButtonType::Index

The requested button index. See the Button name constants group.

Examples:

ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

7.55.2.3 bool ReadButtonType::Pressed

The returned button state.

Examples:

ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

7.55.2.4 bool ReadButtonType::Reset

If true, the count is reset after reading.

7.55.2.5 char ReadButtonType::Result

The function call result, ERR_INVALID_PORT or NO_ERR.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.56 ReadLastResponseType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ReadLastResponse system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- bool Clear
- byte Length
- byte Command
- byte Buffer [ ]

7.56.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ReadLastResponse system call. This structure is used when calling the SysReadLastResponse system call function.

See also:

SysReadLastResponse()

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

7.56.2 Field Documentation

7.56.2.1 byte ReadLastResponseType::Buffer[ ]

The response packet buffer.

7.56.2.2 bool ReadLastResponseType::Clear

Clear the response after reading it or not.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

7.56.2.3 byte ReadLastResponseType::Command

The response packet command byte.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

7.56.2.4 byte ReadLastResponseType::Length

The response packet length.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

7.56.2.5 char ReadLastResponseType::Result

The response packet status value.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.57 ReadSemDataType Struct Reference

Parameters for the ReadSemData system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte SemData
- bool Request

7.57.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the ReadSemData system call. This structure is used when calling the SysReadSemData system call function.

See also:

SysReadSemData()

Examples:

ex_SysReadSemData.nxc.

7.57.2 Field Documentation

7.57.2.1 bool ReadSemDataType::Request

Which semaphore am I reading from, usage or request?

Examples:

ex_SysReadSemData.nxc.

7.57.2.2 byte ReadSemDataType::SemData

The semaphore data returned by the function call.

Examples:

ex_SysReadSemData.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.58 SetScreenModeType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SetScreenMode system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- unsigned long ScreenMode

7.58.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SetScreenMode system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSetScreenMode system call function.

See also:

SysSetScreenMode()

Examples:

ex_syssetscreenmode.nxc.

7.58.2 Field Documentation

7.58.2.1 char SetScreenModeType::Result

The function call result, always NO_ERR.

7.58.2.2 unsigned long SetScreenModeType::ScreenMode

The requested screen mode.

The standard NXT firmware only supports setting the ScreenMode to SCREEN_MODE_RESTORE.

If you install the NBC/NXC enhanced standard NXT firmware this system function also supports setting the ScreenMode to SCREEN_MODE_CLEAR.

Examples:

ex_syssetscreenmode.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.59 SetSleepTimeoutType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SetSleepTimeout system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- char Result
- unsigned long TheSleepTimeoutMS

7.59.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SetSleepTimeout system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSetSleepTimeout system call function.

See also:

SysSetSleepTimeout()

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

7.59.2 Field Documentation

7.59.2.1 char SetSleepTimeoutType::Result

The result of the system call function.

7.59.2.2 unsigned long SetSleepTimeoutType::TheSleepTimeoutMS

The new sleep timeout value in milliseconds.

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.60 SizeType Struct Reference

Width and height dimensions for the DrawRect system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- int Width
- int Height

7.60.1 Detailed Description

Width and height dimensions for the DrawRect system call. This structure is by the DrawRectType to specify a width and height for a rectangle.

See also:

DrawRectType

7.60.2 Field Documentation

7.60.2.1 int SizeType::Height

The rectangle height.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

7.60.2.2 int SizeType::Width

The rectangle width.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.61 SoundGetStateType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SoundGetState system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte State
- byte Flags

7.61.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SoundGetState system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSoundGetState system call function.

See also:

SysSoundGetState()

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

7.61.2 Field Documentation

7.61.2.1 byte SoundGetStateType::Flags

The returned sound flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

7.61.2.2 byte SoundGetStateType::State

The returned sound state. See the SoundState constants group.

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.62 SoundPlayFileType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SoundPlayFile system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- string Filename
- bool Loop
- byte SoundLevel

7.62.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SoundPlayFile system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSoundPlayFile system call function.

See also:

SysSoundPlayFile()

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

7.62.2 Field Documentation

7.62.2.1 string SoundPlayFileType::Filename

The name of the file to play.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

7.62.2.2 bool SoundPlayFileType::Loop

If true, loops at end of file.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

7.62.2.3 char SoundPlayFileType::Result

The function call result, always NO_ERR.

7.62.2.4 byte SoundPlayFileType::SoundLevel

The sound level. Valid values range from 0 to 4.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.63 SoundPlayToneType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SoundPlayTone system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- char Result
- unsigned int Frequency
- unsigned int Duration
- bool Loop
- byte SoundLevel

7.63.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SoundPlayTone system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSoundPlayTone system call function.

See also:

SysSoundPlayTone()

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

7.63.2 Field Documentation

7.63.2.1 unsigned int SoundPlayToneType::Duration

The tone duration in milliseconds. See the Time constants group.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

7.63.2.2 unsigned int SoundPlayToneType::Frequency

The tone frequency. See the Tone constants group.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

7.63.2.3 bool SoundPlayToneType::Loop

If true, loops forever.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

7.63.2.4 char SoundPlayToneType::Result

The function call result, always NO_ERR.

7.63.2.5 byte SoundPlayToneType::SoundLevel

The sound level. Valid values range from 0 to 4.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.64 SoundSetStateType Struct Reference

Parameters for the SoundSetState system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte Result
- byte State
- byte Flags

7.64.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the SoundSetState system call. This structure is used when calling the SysSoundSetState system call function.

See also:

SysSoundSetState()

Examples:

ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

7.64.2 Field Documentation

7.64.2.1 byte SoundSetStateType::Flags

The new sound flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

7.64.2.2 byte SoundSetStateType::Result

The function call result, same as State.

7.64.2.3 byte SoundSetStateType::State

The new sound state. See the SoundState constants group.

Examples:

ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.65 Tone Struct Reference

Type used with the PlayTones API function.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- unsigned int Frequency
- unsigned int Duration

7.65.1 Detailed Description

Type used with the PlayTones API function. An array of this structure is used when calling the PlayTones API function.

See also:

PlayTones()

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

7.65.2 Field Documentation

7.65.2.1 unsigned int Tone::Duration

The tone duration in milliseconds. See the Time constants group.

7.65.2.2 unsigned int Tone::Frequency

The tone frequency. See the Tone constants group.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.66 UpdateCalibCacheInfoType Struct Reference

Parameters for the UpdateCalibCacheInfo system call.

```
#include <NXCDefs.h>
```

Data Fields

- byte Result
- string Name
- unsigned int MinVal
- unsigned int MaxVal

7.66.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the UpdateCalibCacheInfo system call. This structure is used when calling the SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo system call function.

See also:

SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo()

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

7.66.2 Field Documentation

7.66.2.1 unsigned int UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::MaxVal

The maximum calibrated value.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

7.66.2.2 unsigned int UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::MinVal

The minimum calibrated value.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

7.66.2.3 string UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::Name

The name of the sensor calibration cache.

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

7.66.2.4 byte UpdateCalibCacheInfoType::Result

The function call result.

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

7.67 WriteSemDataType Struct Reference

Parameters for the WriteSemData system call.

`#include <NXCDefs.h>`

Data Fields

- byte SemData
- bool Request
- byte NewVal
- bool ClearBits

7.67.1 Detailed Description

Parameters for the WriteSemData system call. This structure is used when calling the SysWriteSemData system call function.

See also:

SysWriteSemData()

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

7.67.2 Field Documentation

7.67.2.1 bool WriteSemDataType::ClearBits

Should I clear existing bits?

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

7.67.2.2 byte WriteSemDataType::NewVal

The new semaphore data.

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

7.67.2.3 bool WriteSemDataType::Request

Which semaphore am I writing to, usage or request?

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

7.67.2.4 byte WriteSemDataType::SemData

The modified semaphore data returned by the function call.

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NXCDefs.h

8 File Documentation

8.1 NBCCommon.h File Reference

Constants and macros common to both NBC and NXC.

Defines

- #define TRUE 1
- #define FALSE 0
- #define NA 0xFFFF
- #define RC_PROP_BTONOFF 0x0
- #define RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL 0x1

- #define RC_PROP_SLEEP_TIMEOUT 0x2
- #define RC_PROP_DEBUGGING 0xF
- #define OPARR_SUM 0x00
- #define OPARR_MEAN 0x01
- #define OPARR_SUMSQR 0x02
- #define OPARR_STD 0x03
- #define OPARR_MIN 0x04
- #define OPARR_MAX 0x05
- #define OPARR_SORT 0x06
- #define PI 3.141593
- #define RADIANS_PER_DEGREE PI/180
- #define DEGREES_PER_RADIAN 180/PI
- #define FileOpenRead 0
- #define FileOpenWrite 1
- #define FileOpenAppend 2
- #define FileRead 3
- #define FileWrite 4
- #define FileClose 5
- #define FileResolveHandle 6
- #define FileRename 7
- #define FileDelete 8
- #define SoundPlayFile 9
- #define SoundPlayTone 10
- #define SoundGetState 11
- #define SoundSetState 12
- #define DrawText 13
- #define DrawPoint 14
- #define DrawLine 15
- #define DrawCircle 16
- #define DrawRect 17
- #define DrawGraphic 18
- #define SetScreenMode 19
- #define ReadButton 20
- #define CommLSWrite 21
- #define CommLSRead 22
- #define CommLSCheckStatus 23
- #define RandomNumber 24
- #define GetStartTick 25
- #define MessageWrite 26
- #define MessageRead 27
- #define CommBTCheckStatus 28
- #define CommBTWrite 29
- #define CommBTRead 30

- #define KeepAlive 31
- #define IOMapRead 32
- #define IOMapWrite 33
- #define ColorSensorRead 34
- #define CommBTOnOff 35
- #define CommBTConnection 36
- #define CommHSWrite 37
- #define CommHSRead 38
- #define CommHSCheckStatus 39
- #define ReadSemData 40
- #define WriteSemData 41
- #define ComputeCalibValue 42
- #define UpdateCalibCacheInfo 43
- #define DatalogWrite 44
- #define DatalogGetTimes 45
- #define SetSleepTimeoutVal 46
- #define ListFiles 47
- #define IOMapReadByID 78
- #define IOMapWriteByID 79
- #define DisplayExecuteFunction 80
- #define CommExecuteFunction 81
- #define LoaderExecuteFunction 82
- #define FileFindFirst 83
- #define FileFindNext 84
- #define FileOpenWriteLinear 85
- #define FileOpenWriteNonLinear 86
- #define FileOpenReadLinear 87
- #define CommHSControl 88
- #define CommLSWriteEx 89
- #define FileSeek 90
- #define FileResize 91
- #define DrawGraphicArray 92
- #define DrawPolygon 93
- #define DrawEllipse 94
- #define DrawFont 95
- #define MemoryManager 96
- #define ReadLastResponse 97
- #define FileTell 98
- #define LCD_LINE8 0
- #define LCD_LINE7 8
- #define LCD_LINE6 16
- #define LCD_LINE5 24
- #define LCD_LINE4 32

- #define LCD_LINE3 40
- #define LCD_LINE2 48
- #define LCD_LINE1 56
- #define MS_1 1
- #define MS_2 2
- #define MS_3 3
- #define MS_4 4
- #define MS_5 5
- #define MS_6 6
- #define MS_7 7
- #define MS_8 8
- #define MS_9 9
- #define MS_10 10
- #define MS_20 20
- #define MS_30 30
- #define MS_40 40
- #define MS_50 50
- #define MS_60 60
- #define MS_70 70
- #define MS_80 80
- #define MS_90 90
- #define MS_100 100
- #define MS_150 150
- #define MS_200 200
- #define MS_250 250
- #define MS_300 300
- #define MS_350 350
- #define MS_400 400
- #define MS_450 450
- #define MS_500 500
- #define MS_600 600
- #define MS_700 700
- #define MS_800 800
- #define MS_900 900
- #define SEC_1 1000
- #define SEC_2 2000
- #define SEC_3 3000
- #define SEC_4 4000
- #define SEC_5 5000
- #define SEC_6 6000
- #define SEC_7 7000
- #define SEC_8 8000
- #define SEC_9 9000

- #define SEC_10 10000
- #define SEC_15 15000
- #define SEC_20 20000
- #define SEC_30 30000
- #define MIN_1 60000
- #define MAILBOX1 0
- #define MAILBOX2 1
- #define MAILBOX3 2
- #define MAILBOX4 3
- #define MAILBOX5 4
- #define MAILBOX6 5
- #define MAILBOX7 6
- #define MAILBOX8 7
- #define MAILBOX9 8
- #define MAILBOX10 9
- #define CommandModuleName "Command.mod"
- #define IOCtrlModuleName "IOCtrl.mod"
- #define LoaderModuleName "Loader.mod"
- #define SoundModuleName "Sound.mod"
- #define ButtonModuleName "Button.mod"
- #define UIModuleName "Ui.mod"
- #define InputModuleName "Input.mod"
- #define OutputModuleName "Output.mod"
- #define LowSpeedModuleName "Low Speed.mod"
- #define DisplayModuleName "Display.mod"
- #define CommModuleName "Comm.mod"
- #define CommandModuleID 0x00010001
- #define IOCtrlModuleID 0x00060001
- #define LoaderModuleID 0x00090001
- #define SoundModuleID 0x00080001
- #define ButtonModuleID 0x00040001
- #define UIModuleID 0x000C0001
- #define InputModuleID 0x00030001
- #define OutputModuleID 0x00020001
- #define LowSpeedModuleID 0x000B0001
- #define DisplayModuleID 0x000A0001
- #define CommModuleID 0x00050001
- #define STAT_MSG_EMPTY_MAILBOX 64
- #define STAT_COMM_PENDING 32
- #define POOL_MAX_SIZE 32768
- #define TIMES_UP 6
- #define ROTATE_QUEUE 5
- #define STOP_REQ 4

- #define BREAKOUT_REQ 3
- #define CLUMP_SUSPEND 2
- #define CLUMP_DONE 1
- #define NO_ERR 0
- #define ERR_ARG -1
- #define ERR_INSTR -2
- #define ERR_FILE -3
- #define ERR_VER -4
- #define ERR_MEM -5
- #define ERR_BAD_PTR -6
- #define ERR_CLUMP_COUNT -7
- #define ERR_NO_CODE -8
- #define ERR_INSANE_OFFSET -9
- #define ERR_BAD_POOL_SIZE -10
- #define ERR_LOADER_ERR -11
- #define ERR_SPOTCHECK_FAIL -12
- #define ERR_NO_ACTIVE_CLUMP -13
- #define ERR_DEFAULT_OFFSETS -14
- #define ERR_MEMMGR_FAIL -15
- #define ERR_NON_FATAL -16
- #define ERR_INVALID_PORT -16
- #define ERR_INVALID_FIELD -17
- #define ERR_INVALID_QUEUE -18
- #define ERR_INVALID_SIZE -19
- #define ERR_NO_PROG -20
- #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY -32
- #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID -33
- #define ERR_COMM_BUFFER_FULL -34
- #define ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR -35
- #define ERR_RC_ILLEGAL_VAL -64
- #define ERR_RC_BAD_PACKET -65
- #define ERR_RC_UNKNOWN_CMD -66
- #define ERR_RC_FAILED -67
- #define PROG_IDLE 0
- #define PROG_OK 1
- #define PROG_RUNNING 2
- #define PROG_ERROR 3
- #define PROG_ABORT 4
- #define PROG_RESET 5
- #define CommandOffsetFormatString 0
- #define CommandOffsetPRCHandler 16
- #define CommandOffsetTick 20
- #define CommandOffsetOffsetDS 24

- #define CommandOffsetOffsetDVA 26
- #define CommandOffsetProgStatus 28
- #define CommandOffsetAwake 29
- #define CommandOffsetActivateFlag 30
- #define CommandOffsetDeactivateFlag 31
- #define CommandOffsetFileName 32
- #define CommandOffsetMemoryPool 52
- #define CommandOffsetSyncTime 32820
- #define CommandOffsetSyncTick 32824
- #define IOCTRL_POWERDOWN 0x5A00
- #define IOCTRL_BOOT 0xA55A
- #define IOCtrlOffsetPowerOn 0
- #define LoaderOffsetPFunc 0
- #define LoaderOffsetFreeUserFlash 4
- #define EOF -1
- #define NULL 0
- #define LDR_SUCCESS 0x0000
- #define LDR_INPROGRESS 0x0001
- #define LDR_REQPIN 0x0002
- #define LDR_NOMOREHANDLES 0x8100
- #define LDR_NOSPACE 0x8200
- #define LDR_NOMOREFILES 0x8300
- #define LDR_EOFEXPECTED 0x8400
- #define LDR_ENDOFFILE 0x8500
- #define LDR_NOTLINEARFILE 0x8600
- #define LDR_FILENOTFOUND 0x8700
- #define LDR_HANDLEALREADYCLOSED 0x8800
- #define LDR_NOLINEARSPACE 0x8900
- #define LDR_UNDEFINEDERROR 0x8A00
- #define LDR_FILEISBUSY 0x8B00
- #define LDR_NOWRITEBUFFERS 0x8C00
- #define LDR_APPENDNOTPOSSIBLE 0x8D00
- #define LDR_FILEISFULL 0x8E00
- #define LDR_FILEEXISTS 0x8F00
- #define LDR_MODULENOTFOUND 0x9000
- #define LDR_OUTOFBOUNDARY 0x9100
- #define LDR_ILLEGALFILENAME 0x9200
- #define LDR_ILLEGALHANDLE 0x9300
- #define LDR_BTBUSY 0x9400
- #define LDR_BTCONNECTFAIL 0x9500
- #define LDR_BTTIMEOUT 0x9600
- #define LDR_FILETX_TIMEOUT 0x9700
- #define LDR_FILETX_DSTEXISTS 0x9800

- #define LDR_FILETX_SRCMISSING 0x9900
- #define LDR_FILETX_STREAMERROR 0x9A00
- #define LDR_FILETX_CLOSEERROR 0x9B00
- #define LDR_INVALIDSEEK 0x9C00
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENREAD 0x80
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITE 0x81
- #define LDR_CMD_READ 0x82
- #define LDR_CMD_WRITE 0x83
- #define LDR_CMD_CLOSE 0x84
- #define LDR_CMD_DELETE 0x85
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRST 0x86
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXT 0x87
- #define LDR_CMD_VERSIONS 0x88
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITELINEAR 0x89
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENREADLINEAR 0x8A
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITEDATA 0x8B
- #define LDR_CMD_OPENAPPENDDATA 0x8C
- #define LDR_CMD_CROPDATAFILE 0x8D
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRSTMODULE 0x90
- #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXTMODULE 0x91
- #define LDR_CMD_CLOSEMODHANDLE 0x92
- #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPREAD 0x94
- #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPWRITE 0x95
- #define LDR_CMD_BOOTCMD 0x97
- #define LDR_CMD_SETBRICKNAME 0x98
- #define LDR_CMD_BTGETADR 0x9A
- #define LDR_CMD_DEVICEINFO 0x9B
- #define LDR_CMD_DELETEUSERFLASH 0xA0
- #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMDLEN 0xA1
- #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMD 0xA2
- #define LDR_CMD_RENAMEFILE 0xA3
- #define LDR_CMD_BTFACTORYRESET 0xA4
- #define LDR_CMD_RESIZEDATAFILE 0xD0
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMSTART 0xD1
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMCURRENT 0xD2
- #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMEND 0xD3
- #define SOUND_FLAGS_IDLE 0x00
- #define SOUND_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01
- #define SOUND_FLAGS_RUNNING 0x02
- #define SOUND_STATE_IDLE 0x00
- #define SOUND_STATE_FILE 0x02
- #define SOUND_STATE_TONE 0x03
- #define SOUND_STATE_STOP 0x04

- #define SOUND_MODE_ONCE 0x00
- #define SOUND_MODE_LOOP 0x01
- #define SOUND_MODE_TONE 0x02
- #define SoundOffsetFreq 0
- #define SoundOffsetDuration 2
- #define SoundOffsetSampleRate 4
- #define SoundOffsetSoundFilename 6
- #define SoundOffsetFlags 26
- #define SoundOffsetState 27
- #define SoundOffsetMode 28
- #define SoundOffsetVolume 29
- #define FREQUENCY_MIN 220
- #define FREQUENCY_MAX 14080
- #define SAMPLERATE_MIN 2000
- #define SAMPLERATE_DEFAULT 8000
- #define SAMPLERATE_MAX 16000
- #define TONE_A3 220
- #define TONE_AS3 233
- #define TONE_B3 247
- #define TONE_C4 262
- #define TONE_CS4 277
- #define TONE_D4 294
- #define TONE_DS4 311
- #define TONE_E4 330
- #define TONE_F4 349
- #define TONE_FS4 370
- #define TONE_G4 392
- #define TONE_GS4 415
- #define TONE_A4 440
- #define TONE_AS4 466
- #define TONE_B4 494
- #define TONE_C5 523
- #define TONE_CS5 554
- #define TONE_D5 587
- #define TONE_DS5 622
- #define TONE_E5 659
- #define TONE_F5 698
- #define TONE_FS5 740
- #define TONE_G5 784
- #define TONE_GS5 831
- #define TONE_A5 880
- #define TONE_AS5 932
- #define TONE_B5 988

- #define TONE_C6 1047
- #define TONE_CS6 1109
- #define TONE_D6 1175
- #define TONE_DS6 1245
- #define TONE_E6 1319
- #define TONE_F6 1397
- #define TONE_FS6 1480
- #define TONE_G6 1568
- #define TONE_GS6 1661
- #define TONE_A6 1760
- #define TONE_AS6 1865
- #define TONE_B6 1976
- #define TONE_C7 2093
- #define TONE_CS7 2217
- #define TONE_D7 2349
- #define TONE_DS7 2489
- #define TONE_E7 2637
- #define TONE_F7 2794
- #define TONE_FS7 2960
- #define TONE_G7 3136
- #define TONE_GS7 3322
- #define TONE_A7 3520
- #define TONE_AS7 3729
- #define TONE_B7 3951
- #define BTN1 0
- #define BTN2 1
- #define BTN3 2
- #define BTN4 3
- #define BTNEXIT BTN1
- #define BTNRIGHT BTN2
- #define BTNLEFT BTN3
- #define BTNCENTER BTN4
- #define NO_OF_BTNS 4
- #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_EV 0x01
- #define BTNSTATE_SHORT_RELEASED_EV 0x02
- #define BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV 0x04
- #define BTNSTATE_LONG_RELEASED_EV 0x08
- #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_STATE 0x80
- #define BTNSTATE_NONE 0x10
- #define ButtonOffsetPressedCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+0)
- #define ButtonOffsetLongPressCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+1)
- #define ButtonOffsetShortRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+2)
- #define ButtonOffsetLongRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+3)

- #define ButtonOffsetRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+4)
- #define ButtonOffsetState(b) ((b)+32)
- #define UI_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01
- #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_LEFT_RIGHT_ENTER 0x02
- #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_EXIT 0x04
- #define UI_FLAGS_REDRAW_STATUS 0x08
- #define UI_FLAGS_RESET_SLEEP_TIMER 0x10
- #define UI_FLAGS_EXECUTE_LMS_FILE 0x20
- #define UI_FLAGS_BUSY 0x40
- #define UI_FLAGS_ENABLE_STATUS_UPDATE 0x80
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_DISPLAY 0
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_LOW_BATTERY 1
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_INTRO 2
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_WAIT 3
- #define UI_STATE_INIT_MENU 4
- #define UI_STATE_NEXT_MENU 5
- #define UI_STATE_DRAW_MENU 6
- #define UI_STATE_TEST_BUTTONS 7
- #define UI_STATE_LEFT_PRESSED 8
- #define UI_STATE_RIGHT_PRESSED 9
- #define UI_STATE_ENTER_PRESSED 10
- #define UI_STATE_EXIT_PRESSED 11
- #define UI_STATE_CONNECT_REQUEST 12
- #define UI_STATE_EXECUTE_FILE 13
- #define UI_STATE_EXECUTING_FILE 14
- #define UI_STATE_LOW_BATTERY 15
- #define UI_STATE_BT_ERROR 16
- #define UI_BUTTON_NONE 0
- #define UI_BUTTON_LEFT 1
- #define UI_BUTTON_ENTER 2
- #define UI_BUTTON_RIGHT 3
- #define UI_BUTTON_EXIT 4
- #define UI_BT_STATE_VISIBLE 0x01
- #define UI_BT_STATE_CONNECTED 0x02
- #define UI_BT_STATE_OFF 0x04
- #define UI_BT_ERROR_ATTENTION 0x08
- #define UI_BT_CONNECT_REQUEST 0x40
- #define UI_BT_PIN_REQUEST 0x80
- #define UI_VM_IDLE 0
- #define UI_VM_RUN_FREE 1
- #define UI_VM_RUN_SINGLE 2
- #define UI_VM_RUN_PAUSE 3
- #define UI_VM_RESET1 4

- #define UI_VM_RESET2 5
- #define UIOffsetPMenu 0
- #define UIOffsetBatteryVoltage 4
- #define UIOffsetLMSfilename 6
- #define UIOffsetFlags 26
- #define UIOffsetState 27
- #define UIOffsetButton 28
- #define UIOffsetRunState 29
- #define UIOffsetBatteryState 30
- #define UIOffsetBluetoothState 31
- #define UIOffsetUsbState 32
- #define UIOffsetSleepTimeout 33
- #define UIOffsetSleepTimer 34
- #define UIOffsetRechargeable 35
- #define UIOffsetVolume 36
- #define UIOffsetError 37
- #define UIOffsetOBPPointer 38
- #define UIOffsetForceOff 39
- #define UIOffsetAbortFlag 40
- #define IN_1 0x00
- #define IN_2 0x01
- #define IN_3 0x02
- #define IN_4 0x03
- #define IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR 0x00
- #define IN_TYPE_SWITCH 0x01
- #define IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE 0x02
- #define IN_TYPE_REFLECTION 0x03
- #define IN_TYPE_ANGLE 0x04
- #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE 0x05
- #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE 0x06
- #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB 0x07
- #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA 0x08
- #define IN_TYPE_CUSTOM 0x09
- #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED 0x0A
- #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V 0x0B
- #define IN_TYPE_HISPEED 0x0C
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORFULL 0x0D
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORRED 0x0E
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN 0x0F
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE 0x10
- #define IN_TYPE_COLORNONE 0x11
- #define IN_TYPE_COLOREXIT 0x12
- #define IN_MODE_RAW 0x00

- #define IN_MODE_BOOLEAN 0x20
- #define IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT 0x40
- #define IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER 0x60
- #define IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE 0x80
- #define IN_MODE_CELSIUS 0xA0
- #define IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT 0xC0
- #define IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP 0xE0
- #define IN_MODE_SLOPEMASK 0x1F
- #define IN_MODE_MODEMASK 0xE0
- #define TypeField 0
- #define InputModeField 1
- #define RawValueField 2
- #define NormalizedValueField 3
- #define ScaledValueField 4
- #define InvalidDataField 5
- #define INPUT_DIGI0 0x01
- #define INPUT_DIGI1 0x02
- #define INPUT_CUSTOMINACTIVE 0x00
- #define INPUT_CUSTOM9V 0x01
- #define INPUT_CUSTOMACTIVE 0x02
- #define INPUT_INVALID_DATA 0x01
- #define INPUT_RED 0
- #define INPUT_GREEN 1
- #define INPUT_BLUE 2
- #define INPUT_BLANK 3
- #define INPUT_NO_OF_COLORS 4
- #define INPUT_BLACKCOLOR 1
- #define INPUT_BLUECOLOR 2
- #define INPUT_GREENCOLOR 3
- #define INPUT_YELLOWCOLOR 4
- #define INPUT_REDCOLOR 5
- #define INPUT_WHITECOLOR 6
- #define INPUT_SENSORCAL 0x01
- #define INPUT_SENSOROFF 0x02
- #define INPUT_RUNNINGCAL 0x20
- #define INPUT_STARTCAL 0x40
- #define INPUT_RESETCAL 0x80
- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_0 0
- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_1 1
- #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_2 2
- #define INPUT_NO_OF_POINTS 3
- #define InputOffsetCustomZeroOffset(p) (((p)∗20)+0)
- #define InputOffsetADRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+2)

- #define InputOffsetSensorRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+4)
- #define InputOffsetSensorValue(p) (((p)∗20)+6)
- #define InputOffsetSensorType(p) (((p)∗20)+8)
- #define InputOffsetSensorMode(p) (((p)∗20)+9)
- #define InputOffsetSensorBoolean(p) (((p)∗20)+10)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsDir(p) (((p)∗20)+11)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsIn(p) (((p)∗20)+12)
- #define InputOffsetDigiPinsOut(p) (((p)∗20)+13)
- #define InputOffsetCustomPctFullScale(p) (((p)∗20)+14)
- #define InputOffsetCustomActiveStatus(p) (((p)∗20)+15)
- #define InputOffsetInvalidData(p) (((p)∗20)+16)
- #define InputOffsetColorCalibration(p, np, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+0+((np)∗16)+((nc)∗4))
- #define InputOffsetColorCalLimits(p, np) (80+((p)∗84)+48+((np)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorADRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+52+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorSensorRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+60+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorSensorValue(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+68+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorBoolean(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+76+((nc)∗2))
- #define InputOffsetColorCalibrationState(p) (80+((p)∗84)+80)
- #define OUT_A 0x00
- #define OUT_B 0x01
- #define OUT_C 0x02
- #define OUT_AB 0x03
- #define OUT_AC 0x04
- #define OUT_BC 0x05
- #define OUT_ABC 0x06
- #define PID_0 0
- #define PID_1 32
- #define PID_2 64
- #define PID_3 96
- #define PID_4 128
- #define PID_5 160
- #define PID_6 192
- #define PID_7 224
- #define UF_UPDATE_MODE 0x01
- #define UF_UPDATE_SPEED 0x02
- #define UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT 0x04
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT 0x08
- #define UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES 0x10
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20
- #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40
- #define UF_PENDING_UPDATES 0x80
- #define RESET_NONE 0x00
- #define RESET_COUNT 0x08

- #define RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20
- #define RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40
- #define RESET_BLOCKANDTACHO 0x28
- #define RESET_ALL 0x68
- #define OUT_MODE_COAST 0x00
- #define OUT_MODE_MOTORON 0x01
- #define OUT_MODE_BRAKE 0x02
- #define OUT_MODE_REGULATED 0x04
- #define OUT_MODE_REGMETHOD 0xF0
- #define OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT 0x10
- #define OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT 0x20
- #define OUT_REGOPTION_NO_SATURATION 0x01
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE 0x00
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP 0x10
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING 0x20
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN 0x40
- #define OUT_RUNSTATE_HOLD 0x60
- #define OUT_REGMODE_IDLE 0
- #define OUT_REGMODE_SPEED 1
- #define OUT_REGMODE_SYNC 2
- #define OUT_REGMODE_POS 4
- #define UpdateFlagsField 0

  Update flags field.

- #define OutputModeField 1

  Mode field.

- #define PowerField 2

  Power field.

- #define ActualSpeedField 3

  Actual speed field.

- #define TachoCountField 4

  Internal tachometer count field.

- #define TachoLimitField 5

  Tachometer limit field.

- #define RunStateField 6

  Run state field.

- #define TurnRatioField 7

Turn ratio field.

- #define RegModeField 8
  Regulation mode field.
- #define OverloadField 9
  Overload field.
- #define RegPValueField 10
  Proportional field.
- #define RegIValueField 11
  Integral field.
- #define RegDValueField 12
  Derivative field.
- #define BlockTachoCountField 13
  NXT-G block tachometer count field.
- #define RotationCountField 14
  Rotation counter field.
- #define OutputOptionsField 15
  Options field.
- #define MaxSpeedField 16
  MaxSpeed field.
- #define MaxAccelerationField 17
  MaxAcceleration field.

- #define OutputOffsetTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+0)
- #define OutputOffsetBlockTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+4)
- #define OutputOffsetRotationCount(p) (((p)∗32)+8)
- #define OutputOffsetTachoLimit(p) (((p)∗32)+12)
- #define OutputOffsetMotorRPM(p) (((p)∗32)+16)
- #define OutputOffsetFlags(p) (((p)∗32)+18)
- #define OutputOffsetMode(p) (((p)∗32)+19)
- #define OutputOffsetSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+20)
- #define OutputOffsetActualSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+21)
- #define OutputOffsetRegPParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+22)
- #define OutputOffsetRegIParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+23)

- #define OutputOffsetRegDParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+24)
- #define OutputOffsetRunState(p) (((p)∗32)+25)
- #define OutputOffsetRegMode(p) (((p)∗32)+26)
- #define OutputOffsetOverloaded(p) (((p)∗32)+27)
- #define OutputOffsetSyncTurnParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+28)
- #define OutputOffsetOptions(p) (((p)∗32)+29)
- #define OutputOffsetMaxSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+30)
- #define OutputOffsetMaxAccel(p) (((p)∗32)+31)
- #define OutputOffsetRegulationTime 96
- #define OutputOffsetRegulationOptions 97
- #define COM_CHANNEL_NONE_ACTIVE 0x00
- #define COM_CHANNEL_ONE_ACTIVE 0x01
- #define COM_CHANNEL_TWO_ACTIVE 0x02
- #define COM_CHANNEL_THREE_ACTIVE 0x04
- #define COM_CHANNEL_FOUR_ACTIVE 0x08
- #define LOWSPEED_IDLE 0
- #define LOWSPEED_INIT 1
- #define LOWSPEED_LOAD_BUFFER 2
- #define LOWSPEED_COMMUNICATING 3
- #define LOWSPEED_ERROR 4
- #define LOWSPEED_DONE 5
- #define LOWSPEED_TRANSMITTING 1
- #define LOWSPEED_RECEIVING 2
- #define LOWSPEED_DATA_RECEIVED 3
- #define LOWSPEED_NO_ERROR 0
- #define LOWSPEED_CH_NOT_READY 1
- #define LOWSPEED_TX_ERROR 2
- #define LOWSPEED_RX_ERROR 3
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+0)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+16)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+17)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+18)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+76)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+92)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+93)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+94)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetMode(p) ((p)+152)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetChannelState(p) ((p)+156)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetErrorType(p) ((p)+160)
- #define LowSpeedOffsetState 164
- #define LowSpeedOffsetSpeed 165
- #define LowSpeedOffsetNoRestartOnRead 166
- #define LSREAD_RESTART_ALL 0x00

- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_1 0x01
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_2 0x02
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_3 0x04
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_4 0x08
- #define LSREAD_RESTART_NONE 0x0F
- #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_MASK 0x10
- #define I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT 0x02
- #define I2C_REG_VERSION 0x00
- #define I2C_REG_VENDOR_ID 0x08
- #define I2C_REG_DEVICE_ID 0x10
- #define I2C_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define LEGO_ADDR_US 0x02
- #define LEGO_ADDR_TEMP 0x98
- #define LEGO_ADDR_EMETER 0x04
- #define US_CMD_OFF 0x00
- #define US_CMD_SINGLESHOT 0x01
- #define US_CMD_CONTINUOUS 0x02
- #define US_CMD_EVENTCAPTURE 0x03
- #define US_CMD_WARMRESET 0x04
- #define US_REG_CM_INTERVAL 0x40
- #define US_REG_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x50
- #define US_REG_SCALE_FACTOR 0x51
- #define US_REG_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x52
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x11
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_FACTOR 0x12
- #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x13
- #define US_REG_MEASUREMENT_UNITS 0x14
- #define TEMP_RES_9BIT 0x00
- #define TEMP_RES_10BIT 0x20
- #define TEMP_RES_11BIT 0x40
- #define TEMP_RES_12BIT 0x60
- #define TEMP_SD_CONTINUOUS 0x00
- #define TEMP_SD_SHUTDOWN 0x01
- #define TEMP_TM_COMPARATOR 0x00
- #define TEMP_TM_INTERRUPT 0x02
- #define TEMP_OS_ONESHOT 0x80
- #define TEMP_FQ_1 0x00
- #define TEMP_FQ_2 0x08
- #define TEMP_FQ_4 0x10
- #define TEMP_FQ_6 0x18
- #define TEMP_POL_LOW 0x00
- #define TEMP_POL_HIGH 0x04
- #define TEMP_REG_TEMP 0x00

- #define TEMP_REG_CONFIG 0x01
- #define TEMP_REG_TLOW 0x02
- #define TEMP_REG_THIGH 0x03
- #define EMETER_REG_VIN 0x0a
- #define EMETER_REG_AIN 0x0c
- #define EMETER_REG_VOUT 0x0e
- #define EMETER_REG_AOUT 0x10
- #define EMETER_REG_JOULES 0x12
- #define EMETER_REG_WIN 0x14
- #define EMETER_REG_WOUT 0x16
- #define DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL 0x00
- #define DISPLAY_PIXEL 0x01
- #define DISPLAY_HORIZONTAL_LINE 0x02
- #define DISPLAY_VERTICAL_LINE 0x03
- #define DISPLAY_CHAR 0x04
- #define DISPLAY_ERASE_LINE 0x05
- #define DISPLAY_FILL_REGION 0x06
- #define DISPLAY_FRAME 0x07
- #define DRAW_OPT_NORMAL (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_WHOLE_SCREEN (0x0001)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_EXCEPT_STATUS_SCREEN (0x0002)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_PIXELS (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_INVERT (0x0004)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_COPY (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_AND (0x0008)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OR (0x0010)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR (0x0018)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE (0x0020)
- #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_SCREEN_MODES (0x0003)
- #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OPERATIONS (0x0018)
- #define DRAW_OPT_POLYGON_POLYLINE (0x0400)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIRECTIONS (0x01C0)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_WRAP (0x0200)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB (0x0000)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT (0x0040)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LB (0x0080)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LT (0x00C0)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TL (0x0100)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TR (0x0140)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BL (0x0180)
- #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BR (0x01C0)
- #define DISPLAY_ON 0x01

- #define DISPLAY_REFRESH 0x02
- #define DISPLAY_POPUP 0x08
- #define DISPLAY_REFRESH_DISABLED 0x40
- #define DISPLAY_BUSY 0x80
- #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT 0x5A
- #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX 0x7F
- #define SCREEN_MODE_RESTORE 0x00
- #define SCREEN_MODE_CLEAR 0x01
- #define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 64
- #define DISPLAY_WIDTH 100
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_Y 40
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_OFFS 7
- #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_DIFF 31
- #define TEXTLINE_1 0
- #define TEXTLINE_2 1
- #define TEXTLINE_3 2
- #define TEXTLINE_4 3
- #define TEXTLINE_5 4
- #define TEXTLINE_6 5
- #define TEXTLINE_7 6
- #define TEXTLINE_8 7
- #define TEXTLINES 8
- #define MENUICON_LEFT 0
- #define MENUICON_CENTER 1
- #define MENUICON_RIGHT 2
- #define MENUICONS 3
- #define FRAME_SELECT 0
- #define STATUSTEXT 1
- #define MENUTEXT 2
- #define STEPLINE 3
- #define TOPLINE 4
- #define SPECIALS 5
- #define STATUSICON_BLUETOOTH 0
- #define STATUSICON_USB 1
- #define STATUSICON_VM 2
- #define STATUSICON_BATTERY 3
- #define STATUSICONS 4
- #define SCREEN_BACKGROUND 0
- #define SCREEN_LARGE 1
- #define SCREEN_SMALL 2
- #define SCREENS 3
- #define BITMAP_1 0
- #define BITMAP_2 1

- #define BITMAP_3 2
- #define BITMAP_4 3
- #define BITMAPS 4
- #define STEPICON_1 0
- #define STEPICON_2 1
- #define STEPICON_3 2
- #define STEPICON_4 3
- #define STEPICON_5 4
- #define STEPICONS 5
- #define DisplayOffsetPFunc 0
- #define DisplayOffsetEraseMask 4
- #define DisplayOffsetUpdateMask 8
- #define DisplayOffsetPFont 12
- #define DisplayOffsetPTextLines(p) (((p)∗4)+16)
- #define DisplayOffsetPStatusText 48
- #define DisplayOffsetPStatusIcons 52
- #define DisplayOffsetPScreens(p) (((p)∗4)+56)
- #define DisplayOffsetPBitmaps(p) (((p)∗4)+68)
- #define DisplayOffsetPMenuText 84
- #define DisplayOffsetPMenuIcons(p) (((p)∗4)+88)
- #define DisplayOffsetPStepIcons 100
- #define DisplayOffsetDisplay 104
- #define DisplayOffsetStatusIcons(p) ((p)+108)
- #define DisplayOffsetStepIcons(p) ((p)+112)
- #define DisplayOffsetFlags 117
- #define DisplayOffsetTextLinesCenterFlags 118
- #define DisplayOffsetNormal(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+119)
- #define DisplayOffsetPopup(l, w) (((l)∗100)+(w)+919)
- #define DisplayOffsetContrast 1719
- #define SIZE_OF_USBBUF 64
- #define USB_PROTOCOL_OVERHEAD 2
- #define SIZE_OF_USBDATA 62
- #define SIZE_OF_HSBUF 128
- #define SIZE_OF_BTBUF 128
- #define BT_CMD_BYTE 1
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_DEVICE_TABLE 30
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_CONNECT_TABLE 4
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_NAME 16
- #define SIZE_OF_BRICK_NAME 8
- #define SIZE_OF_CLASS_OF_DEVICE 4
- #define SIZE_OF_BT_PINCODE 16
- #define SIZE_OF_BDADDR 7
- #define MAX_BT_MSG_SIZE 60000

- #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_MAX 0
- #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_TIMEOUT_LO 15
- #define BT_ARM_OFF 0
- #define BT_ARM_CMD_MODE 1
- #define BT_ARM_DATA_MODE 2
- #define DATA_MODE_NXT 0x00
- #define DATA_MODE_GPS 0x01
- #define DATA_MODE_RAW 0x02
- #define DATA_MODE_MASK 0x07
- #define DATA_MODE_UPDATE 0x08
- #define BT_BRICK_VISIBILITY 0x01
- #define BT_BRICK_PORT_OPEN 0x02
- #define BT_CONNECTION_0_ENABLE 0x10
- #define BT_CONNECTION_1_ENABLE 0x20
- #define BT_CONNECTION_2_ENABLE 0x40
- #define BT_CONNECTION_3_ENABLE 0x80
- #define CONN_BT0 0x0
- #define CONN_BT1 0x1
- #define CONN_BT2 0x2
- #define CONN_BT3 0x3
- #define CONN_HS4 0x4
- #define CONN_HS_ALL 0x4
- #define CONN_HS_1 0x5
- #define CONN_HS_2 0x6
- #define CONN_HS_3 0x7
- #define CONN_HS_4 0x8
- #define CONN_HS_5 0x9
- #define CONN_HS_6 0xa
- #define CONN_HS_7 0xb
- #define CONN_HS_8 0xc
- #define BT_ENABLE 0x00
- #define BT_DISABLE 0x01
- #define HS_UPDATE 1
- #define HS_INITIALISE 1
- #define HS_INIT_RECEIVER 2
- #define HS_SEND_DATA 3
- #define HS_DISABLE 4
- #define HS_ENABLE 5
- #define HS_CTRL_INIT 0
- #define HS_CTRL_UART 1
- #define HS_CTRL_EXIT 2
- #define HS_BAUD_1200 0
- #define HS_BAUD_2400 1

- #define HS_BAUD_3600 2
- #define HS_BAUD_4800 3
- #define HS_BAUD_7200 4
- #define HS_BAUD_9600 5
- #define HS_BAUD_14400 6
- #define HS_BAUD_19200 7
- #define HS_BAUD_28800 8
- #define HS_BAUD_38400 9
- #define HS_BAUD_57600 10
- #define HS_BAUD_76800 11
- #define HS_BAUD_115200 12
- #define HS_BAUD_230400 13
- #define HS_BAUD_460800 14
- #define HS_BAUD_921600 15
- #define HS_BAUD_DEFAULT 15
- #define HS_MODE_DEFAULT HS_MODE_8N1
- #define HS_MODE_5_DATA 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_6_DATA 0x0040
- #define HS_MODE_7_DATA 0x0080
- #define HS_MODE_8_DATA 0x00C0
- #define HS_MODE_10_STOP 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_15_STOP 0x1000
- #define HS_MODE_20_STOP 0x2000
- #define HS_MODE_E_PARITY 0x0000
- #define HS_MODE_O_PARITY 0x0200
- #define HS_MODE_S_PARITY 0x0400
- #define HS_MODE_M_PARITY 0x0600
- #define HS_MODE_N_PARITY 0x0800
- #define HS_MODE_8N1 (HS_MODE_8_DATA|HS_MODE_N_PARITY|HS_-MODE_10_STOP)
- #define HS_MODE_7E1 (HS_MODE_7_DATA|HS_MODE_E_PARITY|HS_-MODE_10_STOP)
- #define HS_ADDRESS_ALL 0
- #define HS_ADDRESS_1 1
- #define HS_ADDRESS_2 2
- #define HS_ADDRESS_3 3
- #define HS_ADDRESS_4 4
- #define HS_ADDRESS_5 5
- #define HS_ADDRESS_6 6
- #define HS_ADDRESS_7 7
- #define HS_ADDRESS_8 8
- #define BT_DEVICE_EMPTY 0x00
- #define BT_DEVICE_UNKNOWN 0x01

- #define BT_DEVICE_KNOWN 0x02
- #define BT_DEVICE_NAME 0x40
- #define BT_DEVICE_AWAY 0x80
- #define INTF_SENDFILE 0
- #define INTF_SEARCH 1
- #define INTF_STOPSEARCH 2
- #define INTF_CONNECT 3
- #define INTF_DISCONNECT 4
- #define INTF_DISCONNECTALL 5
- #define INTF_REMOVEDEVICE 6
- #define INTF_VISIBILITY 7
- #define INTF_SETCMDMODE 8
- #define INTF_OPENSTREAM 9
- #define INTF_SENDDATA 10
- #define INTF_FACTORYRESET 11
- #define INTF_BTON 12
- #define INTF_BTOFF 13
- #define INTF_SETBTNAME 14
- #define INTF_EXTREAD 15
- #define INTF_PINREQ 16
- #define INTF_CONNECTREQ 17
- #define INTF_CONNECTBYNAME 18
- #define LR_SUCCESS 0x50
- #define LR_COULD_NOT_SAVE 0x51
- #define LR_STORE_IS_FULL 0x52
- #define LR_ENTRY_REMOVED 0x53
- #define LR_UNKNOWN_ADDR 0x54
- #define USB_CMD_READY 0x01
- #define BT_CMD_READY 0x02
- #define HS_CMD_READY 0x04
- #define CommOffsetPFunc 0
- #define CommOffsetPFuncTwo 4
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableName(p) (((p)∗31)+8)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗31)+24)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗31)+28)
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableDeviceStatus(p) (((p)∗31)+35)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableName(p) (((p)∗47)+938)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗47)+954)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTablePinCode(p) (((p)∗47)+958)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗47)+974)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableHandleNr(p) (((p)∗47)+981)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableStreamStatus(p) (((p)∗47)+982)
- #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableLinkQuality(p) (((p)∗47)+983)

- #define CommOffsetBrickDataName 1126
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBluecoreVersion 1142
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBdAddr 1144
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtStateStatus 1151
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtHwStatus 1152
- #define CommOffsetBrickDataTimeOutValue 1153
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufBuf 1157
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufInPtr 1285
- #define CommOffsetBtInBufOutPtr 1286
- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufBuf 1289
- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufInPtr 1417
- #define CommOffsetBtOutBufOutPtr 1418
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufBuf 1421
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufInPtr 1549
- #define CommOffsetHsInBufOutPtr 1550
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufBuf 1553
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufInPtr 1681
- #define CommOffsetHsOutBufOutPtr 1682
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufBuf 1685
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufInPtr 1749
- #define CommOffsetUsbInBufOutPtr 1750
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufBuf 1753
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufInPtr 1817
- #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufOutPtr 1818
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufBuf 1821
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufInPtr 1885
- #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufOutPtr 1886
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceCnt 1889
- #define CommOffsetBtDeviceNameCnt 1890
- #define CommOffsetHsFlags 1891
- #define CommOffsetHsSpeed 1892
- #define CommOffsetHsState 1893
- #define CommOffsetUsbState 1894
- #define CommOffsetHsMode 1896
- #define CommOffsetBtDataMode 1898
- #define CommOffsetHsDataMode 1899
- #define RCX_OUT_A 0x01
- #define RCX_OUT_B 0x02
- #define RCX_OUT_C 0x04
- #define RCX_OUT_AB 0x03
- #define RCX_OUT_AC 0x05
- #define RCX_OUT_BC 0x06
- #define RCX_OUT_ABC 0x07

- #define RCX_OUT_FLOAT 0
- #define RCX_OUT_OFF 0x40
- #define RCX_OUT_ON 0x80
- #define RCX_OUT_REV 0
- #define RCX_OUT_TOGGLE 0x40
- #define RCX_OUT_FWD 0x80
- #define RCX_OUT_LOW 0
- #define RCX_OUT_HALF 3
- #define RCX_OUT_FULL 7
- #define RCX_RemoteKeysReleased 0x0000
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage1 0x0100
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage2 0x0200
- #define RCX_RemotePBMessage3 0x0400
- #define RCX_RemoteOutAForward 0x0800
- #define RCX_RemoteOutBForward 0x1000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutCForward 0x2000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutABackward 0x4000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutBBackward 0x8000
- #define RCX_RemoteOutCBackward 0x0001
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram1 0x0002
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram2 0x0004
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram3 0x0008
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram4 0x0010
- #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram5 0x0020
- #define RCX_RemoteStopOutOff 0x0040
- #define RCX_RemotePlayASound 0x0080
- #define SOUND_CLICK 0
- #define SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP 1
- #define SOUND_DOWN 2
- #define SOUND_UP 3
- #define SOUND_LOW_BEEP 4
- #define SOUND_FAST_UP 5
- #define SCOUT_LIGHT_ON 0x80
- #define SCOUT_LIGHT_OFF 0
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_REMOTE 6
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTERSA 7
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_KEYERROR 8
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_NONE 9
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_PRES 10
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_REL 11
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_PRES 12
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_REL 13
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_BRIGHT 14

- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_NORMAL 15
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_DARK 16
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_1_BLINK 17
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_2_BLINK 18
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER1 19
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER2 20
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER1 21
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER2 22
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER3 23
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_MAIL_RECEIVED 24
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL1 25
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL2 26
- #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL3 27
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_NONE 0
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BASIC 1
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BUG 2
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_ALARM 3
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_RANDOM 4
- #define SCOUT_SNDSET_SCIENCE 5
- #define SCOUT_MODE_STANDALONE 0
- #define SCOUT_MODE_POWER 1
- #define SCOUT_MR_NO_MOTION 0
- #define SCOUT_MR_FORWARD 1
- #define SCOUT_MR_ZIGZAG 2
- #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_RIGHT 3
- #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_LEFT 4
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_A 5
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_B 6
- #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_AB 7
- #define SCOUT_TR_IGNORE 0
- #define SCOUT_TR_REVERSE 1
- #define SCOUT_TR_AVOID 2
- #define SCOUT_TR_WAIT_FOR 3
- #define SCOUT_TR_OFF_WHEN 4
- #define SCOUT_LR_IGNORE 0
- #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_LIGHT 1
- #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_DARK 2
- #define SCOUT_LR_AVOID 3
- #define SCOUT_LR_WAIT_FOR 4
- #define SCOUT_LR_OFF_WHEN 5
- #define SCOUT_TGS_SHORT 0
- #define SCOUT_TGS_MEDIUM 1
- #define SCOUT_TGS_LONG 2

- #define SCOUT_FXR_NONE 0
- #define SCOUT_FXR_BUG 1
- #define SCOUT_FXR_ALARM 2
- #define SCOUT_FXR_RANDOM 3
- #define SCOUT_FXR_SCIENCE 4
- #define RCX_VariableSrc 0
- #define RCX_TimerSrc 1
- #define RCX_ConstantSrc 2
- #define RCX_OutputStatusSrc 3
- #define RCX_RandomSrc 4
- #define RCX_ProgramSlotSrc 8
- #define RCX_InputValueSrc 9
- #define RCX_InputTypeSrc 10
- #define RCX_InputModeSrc 11
- #define RCX_InputRawSrc 12
- #define RCX_InputBooleanSrc 13
- #define RCX_WatchSrc 14
- #define RCX_MessageSrc 15
- #define RCX_GlobalMotorStatusSrc 17
- #define RCX_ScoutRulesSrc 18
- #define RCX_ScoutLightParamsSrc 19
- #define RCX_ScoutTimerLimitSrc 20
- #define RCX_CounterSrc 21
- #define RCX_ScoutCounterLimitSrc 22
- #define RCX_TaskEventsSrc 23
- #define RCX_ScoutEventFBSrc 24
- #define RCX_EventStateSrc 25
- #define RCX_TenMSTimerSrc 26
- #define RCX_ClickCounterSrc 27
- #define RCX_UpperThresholdSrc 28
- #define RCX_LowerThresholdSrc 29
- #define RCX_HysteresisSrc 30
- #define RCX_DurationSrc 31
- #define RCX_UARTSetupSrc 33
- #define RCX_BatteryLevelSrc 34
- #define RCX_FirmwareVersionSrc 35
- #define RCX_IndirectVarSrc 36
- #define RCX_DatalogSrcIndirectSrc 37
- #define RCX_DatalogSrcDirectSrc 38
- #define RCX_DatalogValueIndirectSrc 39
- #define RCX_DatalogValueDirectSrc 40
- #define RCX_DatalogRawIndirectSrc 41
- #define RCX_DatalogRawDirectSrc 42

- #define RCX_PingOp 0x10
- #define RCX_BatteryLevelOp 0x30
- #define RCX_DeleteTasksOp 0x40
- #define RCX_StopAllTasksOp 0x50
- #define RCX_PBTurnOffOp 0x60
- #define RCX_DeleteSubsOp 0x70
- #define RCX_ClearSoundOp 0x80
- #define RCX_ClearMsgOp 0x90
- #define RCX_LSCalibrateOp 0xc0
- #define RCX_MuteSoundOp 0xd0
- #define RCX_UnmuteSoundOp 0xe0
- #define RCX_ClearAllEventsOp 0x06
- #define RCX_OnOffFloatOp 0x21
- #define RCX_IRModeOp 0x31
- #define RCX_PlaySoundOp 0x51
- #define RCX_DeleteTaskOp 0x61
- #define RCX_StartTaskOp 0x71
- #define RCX_StopTaskOp 0x81
- #define RCX_SelectProgramOp 0x91
- #define RCX_ClearTimerOp 0xa1
- #define RCX_AutoOffOp 0xb1
- #define RCX_DeleteSubOp 0xc1
- #define RCX_ClearSensorOp 0xd1
- #define RCX_OutputDirOp 0xe1
- #define RCX_PlayToneVarOp 0x02
- #define RCX_PollOp 0x12
- #define RCX_SetWatchOp 0x22
- #define RCX_InputTypeOp 0x32
- #define RCX_InputModeOp 0x42
- #define RCX_SetDatalogOp 0x52
- #define RCX_DatalogOp 0x62
- #define RCX_SendUARTDataOp 0xc2
- #define RCX_RemoteOp 0xd2
- #define RCX_VLLOp 0xe2
- #define RCX_DirectEventOp 0x03
- #define RCX_OutputPowerOp 0x13
- #define RCX_PlayToneOp 0x23
- #define RCX_DisplayOp 0x33
- #define RCX_PollMemoryOp 0x63
- #define RCX_SetFeedbackOp 0x83
- #define RCX_SetEventOp 0x93
- #define RCX_GOutputPowerOp 0xa3
- #define RCX_LSUpperThreshOp 0xb3

- #define RCX_LSLowerThreshOp 0xc3
- #define RCX_LSHysteresisOp 0xd3
- #define RCX_LSBlinkTimeOp 0xe3
- #define RCX_CalibrateEventOp 0x04
- #define RCX_SetVarOp 0x14
- #define RCX_SumVarOp 0x24
- #define RCX_SubVarOp 0x34
- #define RCX_DivVarOp 0x44
- #define RCX_MulVarOp 0x54
- #define RCX_SgnVarOp 0x64
- #define RCX_AbsVarOp 0x74
- #define RCX_AndVarOp 0x84
- #define RCX_OrVarOp 0x94
- #define RCX_UploadDatalogOp 0xa4
- #define RCX_SetTimerLimitOp 0xc4
- #define RCX_SetCounterOp 0xd4
- #define RCX_SetSourceValueOp 0x05
- #define RCX_UnlockOp 0x15
- #define RCX_BootModeOp 0x65
- #define RCX_UnlockFirmOp 0xa5
- #define RCX_ScoutRulesOp 0xd5
- #define RCX_ViewSourceValOp 0xe5
- #define RCX_ScoutOp 0x47
- #define RCX_SoundOp 0x57
- #define RCX_GOutputModeOp 0x67
- #define RCX_GOutputDirOp 0x77
- #define RCX_LightOp 0x87
- #define RCX_IncCounterOp 0x97
- #define RCX_DecCounterOp 0xa7
- #define RCX_ClearCounterOp 0xb7
- #define RCX_SetPriorityOp 0xd7
- #define RCX_MessageOp 0xf7
- #define PF_CMD_STOP 0
- #define PF_CMD_FLOAT 0
- #define PF_CMD_FWD 1
- #define PF_CMD_REV 2
- #define PF_CMD_BRAKE 3
- #define PF_CHANNEL_1 0
- #define PF_CHANNEL_2 1
- #define PF_CHANNEL_3 2
- #define PF_CHANNEL_4 3
- #define PF_MODE_TRAIN 0
- #define PF_MODE_COMBO_DIRECT 1

- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_CONT 2
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_TIME 3
- #define PF_MODE_COMBO_PWM 4
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_PWM 4
- #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_CST 6
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_STOP 0
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED 1
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED 2
- #define TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT 4
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 0
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_2 1
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 2
- #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL 3
- #define PF_OUT_A 0
- #define PF_OUT_B 1
- #define PF_PIN_C1 0
- #define PF_PIN_C2 1
- #define PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE 0
- #define PF_FUNC_CLEAR 1
- #define PF_FUNC_SET 2
- #define PF_FUNC_TOGGLE 3
- #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2 0
- #define PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2 1
- #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2 2
- #define PF_CST_SET1_SET2 3
- #define PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM 4
- #define PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM 5
- #define PF_CST_FULL_FWD 6
- #define PF_CST_FULL_REV 7
- #define PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR 8
- #define PF_PWM_FLOAT 0
- #define PF_PWM_FWD1 1
- #define PF_PWM_FWD2 2
- #define PF_PWM_FWD3 3
- #define PF_PWM_FWD4 4
- #define PF_PWM_FWD5 5
- #define PF_PWM_FWD6 6
- #define PF_PWM_FWD7 7
- #define PF_PWM_BRAKE 8
- #define PF_PWM_REV7 9
- #define PF_PWM_REV6 10
- #define PF_PWM_REV5 11
- #define PF_PWM_REV4 12

- #define PF_PWM_REV3 13
- #define PF_PWM_REV2 14
- #define PF_PWM_REV1 15
- #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER2 0x10
- #define HT_ADDR_IRRECEIVER 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COMPASS 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_ACCEL 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COLOR 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_COLOR2 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_IRLINK 0x02
- #define HT_ADDR_ANGLE 0x02
- #define HTIR2_MODE_1200 0
- #define HTIR2_MODE_600 1
- #define HTIR2_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define HTIR2_REG_DCDIR 0x42
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC01 0x43
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC02 0x44
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC03 0x45
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC04 0x46
- #define HTIR2_REG_DC05 0x47
- #define HTIR2_REG_DCAVG 0x48
- #define HTIR2_REG_ACDIR 0x49
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC01 0x4A
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC02 0x4B
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC03 0x4C
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC04 0x4D
- #define HTIR2_REG_AC05 0x4E
- #define HT_CH1_A 0
- #define HT_CH1_B 1
- #define HT_CH2_A 2
- #define HT_CH2_B 3
- #define HT_CH3_A 4
- #define HT_CH3_B 5
- #define HT_CH4_A 6
- #define HT_CH4_B 7
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE 0x00
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_PASSIVE 0x01
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_RAW 0x03
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_50HZ 0x35
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_60HZ 0x36
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_BLCAL 0x42
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_WBCAL 0x43

- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_FAR 0x46
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_HI 0x48
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_LOW 0x4C
- #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_NEAR 0x4E
- #define HTANGLE_MODE_NORMAL 0x00
- #define HTANGLE_MODE_CALIBRATE 0x43
- #define HTANGLE_MODE_RESET 0x52
- #define HTANGLE_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DCDIR 0x42
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC01 0x43
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC02 0x44
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC03 0x45
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC04 0x46
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DC05 0x47
- #define HTANGLE_REG_DCAVG 0x48
- #define HTANGLE_REG_ACDIR 0x49
- #define MS_CMD_ENERGIZED 0x45
- #define MS_CMD_DEENERGIZED 0x44
- #define MS_CMD_ADPA_ON 0x4E
- #define MS_CMD_ADPA_OFF 0x4F
- #define MS_ADDR_RTCLOCK 0xD0
- #define MS_ADDR_DISTNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NRLINK 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_ACCLNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_CMPSNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_PSPNX 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_LINELDR 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTCAM 0x02
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTHID 0x04
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO 0xB0
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO_EM 0x40
- #define MS_ADDR_PFMATE 0x48
- #define MS_ADDR_MTRMUX 0xB4
- #define MS_ADDR_NXTMMX 0x06
- #define MS_ADDR_IVSENS 0x12
- #define MS_ADDR_RXMUX 0x7E
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2D12 0x31
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2D120 0x32
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA21 0x33
- #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA02 0x34
- #define DIST_CMD_CUSTOM 0x35
- #define DIST_REG_DIST 0x42
- #define DIST_REG_VOLT 0x44

- #define DIST_REG_MODULE_TYPE 0x50
- #define DIST_REG_NUM_POINTS 0x51
- #define DIST_REG_DIST_MIN 0x52
- #define DIST_REG_DIST_MAX 0x54
- #define DIST_REG_VOLT1 0x56
- #define DIST_REG_DIST1 0x58
- #define PSP_CMD_DIGITAL 0x41
- #define PSP_CMD_ANALOG 0x73
- #define PSP_REG_BTNSET1 0x42
- #define PSP_REG_BTNSET2 0x43
- #define PSP_REG_XLEFT 0x44
- #define PSP_REG_YLEFT 0x45
- #define PSP_REG_XRIGHT 0x46
- #define PSP_REG_YRIGHT 0x47
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_LEFT 0x01
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_DOWN 0x02
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_RIGHT 0x04
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_UP 0x08
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_R3 0x20
- #define PSP_BTNSET1_L3 0x40
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_SQUARE 0x01
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_CROSS 0x02
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_CIRCLE 0x04
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_TRIANGLE 0x08
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_R1 0x10
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_L1 0x20
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_R2 0x40
- #define PSP_BTNSET2_L2 0x80
- #define NRLINK_CMD_2400 0x44
- #define NRLINK_CMD_FLUSH 0x46
- #define NRLINK_CMD_4800 0x48
- #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_LONG 0x4C
- #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_SHORT 0x53
- #define NRLINK_CMD_RUN_MACRO 0x52
- #define NRLINK_CMD_TX_RAW 0x55
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_RCX 0x58
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_TRAIN 0x54
- #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_PF 0x50
- #define NRLINK_REG_BYTES 0x40
- #define NRLINK_REG_DATA 0x42
- #define NRLINK_REG_EEPROM 0x50
- #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL 0x58
- #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL 0x59

- #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL 0x5a
- #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL_END 0x78
- #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL_END 0x79
- #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL_END 0x7a
- #define ACCL_CMD_RESET_CAL 0x52
- #define ACCL_REG_SENS_LVL 0x19
- #define ACCL_REG_X_TILT 0x42
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_TILT 0x43
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_TILT 0x44
- #define ACCL_REG_X_ACCEL 0x45
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_ACCEL 0x47
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_ACCEL 0x49
- #define ACCL_REG_X_OFFSET 0x4b
- #define ACCL_REG_X_RANGE 0x4d
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_OFFSET 0x4f
- #define ACCL_REG_Y_RANGE 0x51
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_OFFSET 0x53
- #define ACCL_REG_Z_RANGE 0x55
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_1 0x31
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_2 0x32
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_3 0x33
- #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_4 0x34
- #define PFMATE_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define PFMATE_REG_CHANNEL 0x42
- #define PFMATE_REG_MOTORS 0x43
- #define PFMATE_REG_A_CMD 0x44
- #define PFMATE_REG_A_SPEED 0x45
- #define PFMATE_REG_B_CMD 0x46
- #define PFMATE_REG_B_SPEED 0x47
- #define PFMATE_CMD_GO 0x47
- #define PFMATE_CMD_RAW 0x52
- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_BOTH 0x00
- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_A 0x01
- #define PFMATE_MOTORS_B 0x02
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_1 1
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_2 2
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_3 3
- #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_4 4
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_VOLTAGE 0x41
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_POS 0x42
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_POS 0x44
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_POS 0x46

- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_POS 0x48
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_POS 0x4A
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_POS 0x4C
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_POS 0x4E
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_POS 0x50
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_SPEED 0x52
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_SPEED 0x53
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_SPEED 0x54
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_SPEED 0x55
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_SPEED 0x56
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_SPEED 0x57
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_SPEED 0x58
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_SPEED 0x59
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_QPOS 0x5A
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_QPOS 0x5B
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_QPOS 0x5C
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_QPOS 0x5D
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_QPOS 0x5E
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_QPOS 0x5F
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_QPOS 0x60
- #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_QPOS 0x61
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_CMD 0x00
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_START 0x21
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_END 0xFF
- #define NXTSERVO_POS_CENTER 1500
- #define NXTSERVO_POS_MIN 500
- #define NXTSERVO_POS_MAX 2500
- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_CENTER 150
- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MIN 50
- #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MAX 250
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_1 0
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_2 1
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_3 2
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_4 3
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_5 4
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_6 5
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_7 6
- #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_8 7
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_INIT 0x49
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESET 0x53
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_HALT 0x48
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESUME 0x52
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_GOTO 0x47

- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_PAUSE 0x50
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT1 0x45
- #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT2 0x4D
- #define NXTSERVO_EM_CMD_QUIT 0x51
- #define NXTHID_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTHID_REG_MODIFIER 0x42
- #define NXTHID_REG_DATA 0x43
- #define NXTHID_MOD_NONE 0x00
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_CTRL 0x01
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_SHIFT 0x02
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_ALT 0x04
- #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_GUI 0x08
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_CTRL 0x10
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_SHIFT 0x20
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_ALT 0x40
- #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_GUI 0x80
- #define NXTHID_CMD_ASCII 0x41
- #define NXTHID_CMD_DIRECT 0x44
- #define NXTHID_CMD_TRANSMIT 0x54
- #define NXTPM_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTPM_REG_CURRENT 0x42
- #define NXTPM_REG_VOLTAGE 0x44
- #define NXTPM_REG_CAPACITY 0x46
- #define NXTPM_REG_POWER 0x48
- #define NXTPM_REG_TOTALPOWER 0x4A
- #define NXTPM_REG_MAXCURRENT 0x4E
- #define NXTPM_REG_MINCURRENT 0x50
- #define NXTPM_REG_MAXVOLTAGE 0x52
- #define NXTPM_REG_MINVOLTAGE 0x54
- #define NXTPM_REG_TIME 0x56
- #define NXTPM_REG_USERGAIN 0x5A
- #define NXTPM_REG_GAIN 0x5E
- #define NXTPM_REG_ERRORCOUNT 0x5F
- #define NXTPM_CMD_RESET 0x52
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_NONE 0
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_FRONT 1
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_LEFT 2
- #define NXTSE_ZONE_RIGHT 3
- #define NXTLL_REG_CMD 0x41
- #define NXTLL_REG_STEERING 0x42
- #define NXTLL_REG_AVERAGE 0x43
- #define NXTLL_REG_RESULT 0x44
- #define NXTLL_REG_SETPOINT 0x45

- #define NXTLL_REG_KP_VALUE 0x46
- #define NXTLL_REG_KI_VALUE 0x47
- #define NXTLL_REG_KD_VALUE 0x48
- #define NXTLL_REG_CALIBRATED 0x49
- #define NXTLL_REG_WHITELIMITS 0x51
- #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKLIMITS 0x59
- #define NXTLL_REG_KP_FACTOR 0x61
- #define NXTLL_REG_KI_FACTOR 0x62
- #define NXTLL_REG_KD_FACTOR 0x63
- #define NXTLL_REG_WHITEDATA 0x64
- #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKDATA 0x6C
- #define NXTLL_REG_RAWVOLTAGE 0x74
- #define NXTLL_CMD_USA 0x41
- #define NXTLL_CMD_BLACK 0x42
- #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERDOWN 0x44
- #define NXTLL_CMD_EUROPEAN 0x45
- #define NXTLL_CMD_INVERT 0x49
- #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERUP 0x50
- #define NXTLL_CMD_RESET 0x52
- #define NXTLL_CMD_SNAPSHOT 0x53
- #define NXTLL_CMD_UNIVERSAL 0x55
- #define NXTLL_CMD_WHITE 0x57
- #define RFID_MODE_STOP 0
- #define RFID_MODE_SINGLE 1
- #define RFID_MODE_CONTINUOUS 2
- #define CT_ADDR_RFID 0x04
- #define CT_REG_STATUS 0x32
- #define CT_REG_MODE 0x41
- #define CT_REG_DATA 0x42
- #define RICImgPoint(_X, _Y) (_X)&0xFF, (_X)>>8, (_Y)&0xFF, (_Y)>>8

  Output an RIC ImgPoint structure.

- #define RICImgRect(_Pt, _W, _H) _Pt, (_W)&0xFF, (_W)>>8, (_H)&0xFF, (_H)>>8

  Output an RIC ImgRect structure.

- #define RICOpDescription(_Options, _Width, _Height) 8, 0, 0, 0, (_Options)&0xFF, (_Options)>>8, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

  Output an RIC Description opcode.

- #define RICOpCopyBits(_CopyOptions, _DataAddr, _SrcRect, _DstPoint) 18, 0, 3, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, _SrcRect, _DstPoint

  Output an RIC CopyBits opcode.

- #define RICOpPixel(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 4, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

  Output an RIC Pixel opcode.

- #define RICOpLine(_CopyOptions, _Point1, _Point2) 12, 0, 5, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point1, _Point2

  Output an RIC Line opcode.

- #define RICOpRect(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Width, _Height) 12, 0, 6, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

  Output an RIC Rect opcode.

- #define RICOpCircle(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Radius) 10, 0, 7, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Radius)&0xFF, (_Radius)>>8

  Output an RIC Circle opcode.

- #define RICOpNumBox(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 8, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

  Output an RIC NumBox opcode.

- #define RICOpSprite(_DataAddr, _Rows, _BytesPerRow, _SpriteData) ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)&0xFF, ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)>>8, 1, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_Rows)&0xFF, (_Rows)>>8, (_BytesPerRow)&0xFF, (_BytesPerRow)>>8, _SpriteData

  Output an RIC Sprite opcode.

- #define RICSpriteData(...) __VA_ARGS__

  Output RIC sprite data.

- #define RICOpVarMap(_DataAddr, _MapCount, _MapFunction) ((_MapCount*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_MapCount*4)+6)>>8, 2, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_MapCount)&0xFF, (_MapCount)>>8, _MapFunction

  Output an RIC VarMap opcode.

- #define RICMapElement(_Domain, _Range) (_Domain)&0xFF, (_Domain)>>8, (_Range)&0xFF, (_Range)>>8

  Output an RIC map element.

- #define RICMapFunction(_MapElement,...) _MapElement, __VA_ARGS__

  Output an RIC VarMap function.

- #define RICArg(_arg) ((_arg)|0x1000)

  Output an RIC parameterized argument.

- #define RICMapArg(_mapidx, _arg) ((_arg)|0x1000|(((_mapidx)&0xF)<<8))

  Output an RIC parameterized and mapped argument.

- #define RICOpPolygon(_CopyOptions, _Count, _ThePoints) ((_Count∗4)+6)&0xFF, ((_Count∗4)+6)>>8, 10, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_Count)&0xFF, (_Count)>>8, _ThePoints

  Output an RIC Polygon opcode.

- #define RICPolygonPoints(_pPoint1, _pPoint2,...) _pPoint1, _pPoint2, __VA_ARGS__

  Output RIC polygon points.

- #define RICOpEllipse(_CopyOptions, _Point, _RadiusX, _RadiusY) 12, 0, 9, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_RadiusX)&0xFF, (_RadiusX)>>8, (_RadiusY)&0xFF, (_RadiusY)>>8

  Output an RIC Ellipse opcode.

- #define CHAR_BIT 8
- #define SCHAR_MIN -128
- #define SCHAR_MAX 127
- #define UCHAR_MAX 255
- #define CHAR_MIN -128
- #define CHAR_MAX 127
- #define SHRT_MIN -32768
- #define SHRT_MAX 32767
- #define USHRT_MAX 65535
- #define INT_MIN -32768
- #define INT_MAX 32767
- #define UINT_MAX 65535
- #define LONG_MIN -2147483648
- #define LONG_MAX 2147483647
- #define ULONG_MAX 4294967295

- #define RAND_MAX 32768
- #define GL_POLYGON 1
- #define GL_LINE 2
- #define GL_POINT 3
- #define GL_CIRCLE 4
- #define GL_TRANSLATE_X 1
- #define GL_TRANSLATE_Y 2
- #define GL_TRANSLATE_Z 3
- #define GL_ROTATE_X 4
- #define GL_ROTATE_Y 5
- #define GL_ROTATE_Z 6
- #define GL_SCALE_X 7
- #define GL_SCALE_Y 8
- #define GL_SCALE_Z 9
- #define GL_CIRCLE_SIZE 1
- #define GL_CULL_MODE 2
- #define GL_CAMERA_DEPTH 3
- #define GL_ZOOM_FACTOR 4
- #define GL_CULL_BACK 2
- #define GL_CULL_FRONT 3
- #define GL_CULL_NONE 4

8.1.1 Detailed Description

Constants and macros common to both NBC and NXC. NBCCommon.h contains declarations for the NBC and NXC NXT API functions.

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Date:

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Version:

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8.1.2 Define Documentation

8.1.2.1 #define ACCL_CMD_RESET_CAL 0x52

Reset to factory calibration

8.1.2.2 #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL 0x58

Acquire X-axis calibration point

8.1.2.3 #define ACCL_CMD_X_CAL_END 0x78

Acquire X-axis calibration point and end calibration

8.1.2.4 #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL 0x59

Acquire Y-axis calibration point

8.1.2.5 #define ACCL_CMD_Y_CAL_END 0x79

Acquire Y-axis calibration point and end calibration

8.1.2.6 #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL 0x5a

Acquire Z-axis calibration point

8.1.2.7 #define ACCL_CMD_Z_CAL_END 0x7a

Acquire Z-axis calibration point and end calibration

8.1.2.8 #define ACCL_REG_SENS_LVL 0x19

The current sensitivity

8.1.2.9 #define ACCL_REG_X_ACCEL 0x45

The X-axis acceleration data

8.1.2.10 #define ACCL_REG_X_OFFSET 0x4b

The X-axis offset

8.1.2.11 #define ACCL_REG_X_RANGE 0x4d

The X-axis range

8.1.2.12 #define ACCL_REG_X_TILT 0x42

The X-axis tilt data

8.1.2.13 #define ACCL_REG_Y_ACCEL 0x47

The Y-axis acceleration data

8.1.2.14 #define ACCL_REG_Y_OFFSET 0x4f

The Y-axis offset

8.1.2.15 #define ACCL_REG_Y_RANGE 0x51

The Y-axis range

8.1.2.16 #define ACCL_REG_Y_TILT 0x43

The Y-axis tilt data

8.1.2.17 #define ACCL_REG_Z_ACCEL 0x49

The Z-axis acceleration data

8.1.2.18 #define ACCL_REG_Z_OFFSET 0x53

The Z-axis offset

8.1.2.19 #define ACCL_REG_Z_RANGE 0x55

The Z-axis range

8.1.2.20 #define ACCL_REG_Z_TILT 0x44

The Z-axis tilt data

8.1.2.21 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_1 0x31

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 1

Examples:

ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

8.1.2.22 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_2 0x32

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 2

8.1.2.23 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_3 0x33

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 3

8.1.2.24 #define ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_4 0x34

The ACCL-Nx sensitivity level 4

8.1.2.25 #define ActualSpeedField 3

Actual speed field. Contains the actual power level (-100 to 100). Read only. Return the percent of full power the firmware is applying to the output. This may vary from the PowerField value when auto-regulation code in the firmware responds to a load on the output.

8.1.2.26 #define BITMAP_1 0

Bitmap 1

8.1.2.27 #define BITMAP_2 1

Bitmap 2

8.1.2.28 #define BITMAP_3 2

Bitmap 3

8.1.2.29 #define BITMAP_4 3

Bitmap 4

8.1.2.30 #define BITMAPS 4

The number of bitmap bits

8.1.2.31 #define BlockTachoCountField 13

NXT-G block tachometer count field. Contains the current NXT-G block tachometer count. Read only. Return the block-relative position counter value for the specified port. Refer to the UpdateFlagsField description for information about how to use block-relative position counts. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField to request that the firmware reset the BlockTachoCountField. The sign of BlockTachoCountField indicates the direction of rotation. Positive values indicate forward rotation and negative values indicate reverse rotation. Forward and reverse depend on the orientation of the motor.

8.1.2.32 #define BREAKOUT_REQ 3

VM should break out of current thread

8.1.2.33 #define BT_ARM_CMD_MODE 1

BtState constant bluetooth command mode

8.1.2.34 #define BT_ARM_DATA_MODE 2

BtState constant bluetooth data mode

8.1.2.35 #define BT_ARM_OFF 0

BtState constant bluetooth off

8.1.2.36 #define BT_BRICK_PORT_OPEN 0x02

BtStateStatus port open bit

8.1.2.37 #define BT_BRICK_VISIBILITY 0x01

BtStateStatus brick visibility bit

8.1.2.38 #define BT_CMD_BYTE 1

Size of Bluetooth command

8.1.2.39 #define BT_CMD_READY 0x02

A constant representing bluetooth direct command

8.1.2.40 #define BT_CONNECTION_0_ENABLE 0x10

BtStateStatus connection 0 enable/disable bit

8.1.2.41 #define BT_CONNECTION_1_ENABLE 0x20

BtStateStatus connection 1 enable/disable bit

8.1.2.42 #define BT_CONNECTION_2_ENABLE 0x40

BtStateStatus connection 2 enable/disable bit

8.1.2.43 #define BT_CONNECTION_3_ENABLE 0x80

BtStateStatus connection 3 enable/disable bit

8.1.2.44 #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_MAX 0

Bluetooth default inquiry Max (0 == unlimited)

8.1.2.45 #define BT_DEFAULT_INQUIRY_TIMEOUT_LO 15

Bluetooth inquiry timeout (15∗1.28 sec = 19.2 sec)

8.1.2.46 #define BT_DEVICE_AWAY 0x80

Bluetooth device away

8.1.2.47 #define BT_DEVICE_EMPTY 0x00

Bluetooth device table empty

8.1.2.48 #define BT_DEVICE_KNOWN 0x02

Bluetooth device known

8.1.2.49 #define BT_DEVICE_NAME 0x40

Bluetooth device name

8.1.2.50 #define BT_DEVICE_UNKNOWN 0x01

Bluetooth device unknown

8.1.2.51 #define BT_DISABLE 0x01

BtHwStatus bluetooth disable

8.1.2.52 #define BT_ENABLE 0x00

BtHwStatus bluetooth enable

8.1.2.53 #define BTN1 0

The exit button.

Examples:

ex_ButtonCount.nxc, ex_ButtonLongPressCount.nxc, ex_-
ButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc, ex_ButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_-

ButtonReleaseCount.nxc, ex_ButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc, ex_-ButtonState.nxc, ex_ReadButtonEx.nxc, ex_SetButtonLongPressCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_-SetButtonReleaseCount.nxc, ex_SetButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc, and ex_-SetButtonState.nxc.

8.1.2.54 #define BTN2 1

The right button.

8.1.2.55 #define BTN3 2

The left button.

8.1.2.56 #define BTN4 3

The enter button.

8.1.2.57 #define BTNCENTER BTN4

The enter button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, and ex_HTGyroTest.nxc.

8.1.2.58 #define BTNEXIT BTN1

The exit button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.1.2.59 #define BTNLEFT BTN3

The left button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc.

8.1.2.60 #define BTNRIGHT BTN2

The right button.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, and ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

8.1.2.61 #define BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV 0x04

Button is in the long pressed state.

Examples:

ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.1.2.62 #define BTNSTATE_LONG_RELEASED_EV 0x08

Button is in the long released state.

8.1.2.63 #define BTNSTATE_NONE 0x10

The default button state.

8.1.2.64 #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_EV 0x01

Button is in the pressed state.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonState.nxc.

8.1.2.65 #define BTNSTATE_PRESSED_STATE 0x80

A bitmask for the button pressed state

8.1.2.66 #define BTNSTATE_SHORT_RELEASED_EV 0x02

Button is in the short released state.

8.1.2.67 #define ButtonModuleID 0x00040001

The button module ID

8.1.2.68 #define ButtonModuleName "Button.mod"

The button module name

8.1.2.69 #define ButtonOffsetLongPressCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+1)

Offset to the LongPressCnt field. This field stores the long press count.

8.1.2.70 #define ButtonOffsetLongRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+3)

Offset to the LongRelCnt field. This field stores the long release count.

8.1.2.71 #define ButtonOffsetPressedCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+0)

Offset to the PressedCnt field. This field stores the press count.

8.1.2.72 #define ButtonOffsetRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+4)

Offset to the RelCnt field. This field stores the release count.

8.1.2.73 #define ButtonOffsetShortRelCnt(b) (((b)∗8)+2)

Offset to the ShortRelCnt field. This field stores the short release count.

8.1.2.74 #define ButtonOffsetState(b) ((b)+32)

Offset to the State field. This field stores the current button state.

8.1.2.75 #define CHAR_BIT 8

The number of bits in the char type

8.1.2.76 #define CHAR_MAX 127

The maximum value of the char type

8.1.2.77 #define CHAR_MIN -128

The minimum value of the char type

8.1.2.78 #define CLUMP_DONE 1

VM has finished executing thread

8.1.2.79 #define CLUMP_SUSPEND 2

VM should suspend thread

8.1.2.80 #define ColorSensorRead 34

Read data from the NXT 2.0 color sensor

8.1.2.81 #define COM_CHANNEL_FOUR_ACTIVE 0x08

Low speed channel 4 is active

8.1.2.82 #define COM_CHANNEL_NONE_ACTIVE 0x00

None of the low speed channels are active

8.1.2.83 #define COM_CHANNEL_ONE_ACTIVE 0x01

Low speed channel 1 is active

8.1.2.84 #define COM_CHANNEL_THREE_ACTIVE 0x04

Low speed channel 3 is active

8.1.2.85 #define COM_CHANNEL_TWO_ACTIVE 0x02

Low speed channel 2 is active

8.1.2.86 #define CommandModuleID 0x00010001

The command module ID

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

8.1.2.87 #define CommandModuleName "Command.mod"

The command module name

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

8.1.2.88 #define CommandOffsetActivateFlag 30

Offset to the activate flag

8.1.2.89 #define CommandOffsetAwake 29

Offset to the VM's awake state

8.1.2.90 #define CommandOffsetDeactivateFlag 31

Offset to the deactivate flag

8.1.2.91 #define CommandOffsetFileName 32

Offset to the running program's filename

8.1.2.92 #define CommandOffsetFormatString 0

Offset to the format string

8.1.2.93 #define CommandOffsetMemoryPool 52

Offset to the VM's memory pool

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc.

8.1.2.94 #define CommandOffsetOffsetDS 24

Offset to the running program's data space (DS)

8.1.2.95 #define CommandOffsetOffsetDVA 26

Offset to the running program's DOPE vector address (DVA)

8.1.2.96 #define CommandOffsetPRCHandler 16

Offset to the RC Handler function pointer

8.1.2.97 #define CommandOffsetProgStatus 28

Offset to the running program's status

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, and ex_-RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc.

8.1.2.98 #define CommandOffsetSyncTick 32824

Offset to the VM sync tick

8.1.2.99 #define CommandOffsetSyncTime 32820

Offset to the VM sync time

8.1.2.100 #define CommandOffsetTick 20

Offset to the VM's current tick

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

8.1.2.101 #define CommBTCheckStatus 28

Check the bluetooth status

8.1.2.102 #define CommBTConnection 36

Connect or disconnect to a known bluetooth device

8.1.2.103 #define CommBTOnOff 35

Turn the bluetooth radio on or off

8.1.2.104 #define CommBTRead 30

Read from a bluetooth connection

8.1.2.105 #define CommBTWrite 29

Write to a bluetooth connections

8.1.2.106 #define CommExecuteFunction 81

Execute one of the Comm module's internal functions

8.1.2.107 #define CommHSCheckStatus 39

Check the status of the hi-speed port

8.1.2.108 #define CommHSControl 88

Control the hi-speed port

8.1.2.109 #define CommHSRead 38

Read data from the hi-speed port

8.1.2.110 #define CommHSWrite 37

Write data to the hi-speed port

8.1.2.111 #define CommLSCheckStatus 23

Check the status of a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

8.1.2.112 #define CommLSRead 22

Read from a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

8.1.2.113 #define CommLSWrite 21

Write to a lowspeed (aka I2C) device

8.1.2.114 #define CommLSWriteEx 89

Write to a lowspeed (aka I2C) device with optional restart on read

8.1.2.115 #define CommModuleID 0x00050001

The Comm module ID

8.1.2.116 #define CommModuleName "Comm.mod"

The Comm module name

8.1.2.117 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBdAddr 1144

Offset to Bluetooth address (7 bytes)

8.1.2.118 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBluecoreVersion 1142

Offset to Bluecore version (2 bytes)

8.1.2.119 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtHwStatus 1152

Offset to BtHwStatus (1 byte)

8.1.2.120 #define CommOffsetBrickDataBtStateStatus 1151

Offset to BtStateStatus (1 byte)

8.1.2.121 #define CommOffsetBrickDataName 1126

Offset to brick name (16 bytes)

8.1.2.122 #define CommOffsetBrickDataTimeOutValue 1153

Offset to data timeout value (1 byte)

8.1.2.123 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗47)+974)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table address (7 bytes)

8.1.2.124 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗47)+954)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table device class (4 bytes)

8.1.2.125 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableHandleNr(p) (((p)∗47)+981)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table handle (1 byte)

8.1.2.126 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableLinkQuality(p) (((p)∗47)+983)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table link quality (1 byte)

8.1.2.127 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableName(p) (((p)∗47)+938)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table name (16 bytes)

8.1.2.128 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTablePinCode(p) (((p)∗47)+958)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table pin code (16 bytes)

8.1.2.129 #define CommOffsetBtConnectTableStreamStatus(p) (((p)∗47)+982)

Offset to Bluetooth connect table stream status (1 byte)

8.1.2.130 #define CommOffsetBtDataMode 1898

Offset to Bluetooth data mode (1 byte)

8.1.2.131 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceCnt 1889

Offset to Bluetooth device count (1 byte)

8.1.2.132 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceNameCnt 1890

Offset to Bluetooth device name count (1 byte)

8.1.2.133 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableBdAddr(p) (((p)∗31)+28)

Offset to Bluetooth device table address (7 bytes)

8.1.2.134 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableClassOfDevice(p) (((p)∗31)+24)

Offset to Bluetooth device table device class (4 bytes)

8.1.2.135 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableDeviceStatus(p) (((p)∗31)+35)

Offset to Bluetooth device table status (1 byte)

8.1.2.136 #define CommOffsetBtDeviceTableName(p) (((p)∗31)+8)

Offset to BT device table name (16 bytes)

8.1.2.137 #define CommOffsetBtInBufBuf 1157

Offset to Bluetooth input buffer data (128 bytes)

8.1.2.138 #define CommOffsetBtInBufInPtr 1285

Offset to Bluetooth input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.139 #define CommOffsetBtInBufOutPtr 1286

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.140 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufBuf 1289

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer offset data (128 bytes)

8.1.2.141 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufInPtr 1417

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.142 #define CommOffsetBtOutBufOutPtr 1418

Offset to Bluetooth output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.143 #define CommOffsetHsDataMode 1899

Offset to High Speed data mode (1 byte)

8.1.2.144 #define CommOffsetHsFlags 1891

Offset to High Speed flags (1 byte)

8.1.2.145 #define CommOffsetHsInBufBuf 1421

Offset to High Speed input buffer data (128 bytes)

8.1.2.146 #define CommOffsetHsInBufInPtr 1549

Offset to High Speed input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.147 #define CommOffsetHsInBufOutPtr 1550

Offset to High Speed input buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.148 #define CommOffsetHsMode 1896

Offset to High Speed mode (2 bytes)

8.1.2.149 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufBuf 1553

Offset to High Speed output buffer data (128 bytes)

8.1.2.150 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufInPtr 1681

Offset to High Speed output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.151 #define CommOffsetHsOutBufOutPtr 1682

Offset to High Speed output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.152 #define CommOffsetHsSpeed 1892

Offset to High Speed speed (1 byte)

8.1.2.153 #define CommOffsetHsState 1893

Offset to High Speed state (1 byte)

8.1.2.154 #define CommOffsetPFunc 0

Offset to the Comm module first function pointer (4 bytes)

8.1.2.155 #define CommOffsetPFuncTwo 4

Offset to the Comm module second function pointer (4 bytes)

8.1.2.156 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufBuf 1685

Offset to Usb input buffer data (64 bytes)

8.1.2.157 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufInPtr 1749

Offset to Usb input buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.158 #define CommOffsetUsbInBufOutPtr 1750

Offset to Usb input buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.159 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufBuf 1753

Offset to Usb output buffer data (64 bytes)

8.1.2.160 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufInPtr 1817

Offset to Usb output buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.161 #define CommOffsetUsbOutBufOutPtr 1818

Offset to Usb output buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.162 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufBuf 1821

Offset to Usb Poll buffer data (64 bytes)

8.1.2.163 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufInPtr 1885

Offset to Usb Poll buffer front pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.164 #define CommOffsetUsbPollBufOutPtr 1886

Offset to Usb Poll buffer back pointer (1 byte)

8.1.2.165 #define CommOffsetUsbState 1894

Offset to Usb State (1 byte)

8.1.2.166 #define ComputeCalibValue 42

Compute a calibration value

8.1.2.167 #define CONN_BT0 0x0

Bluetooth connection 0

8.1.2.168 #define CONN_BT1 0x1

Bluetooth connection 1

Examples:

ex_RemoteCloseFile.nxc, ex_RemoteConnectionIdle.nxc, ex_RemoteConnectionWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteDatalogRead.nxc, ex_RemoteDatalogSetTimes.nxc, ex_RemoteDeleteFile.nxc, ex_RemoteDeleteUserFlash.nxc, ex_RemoteFindFirstFile.nxc, ex_RemoteFindNextFile.nxc, ex_RemoteGetBatteryLevel.nxc, ex_RemoteGetBluetoothAddress.nxc, ex_RemoteGetConnectionCount.nxc, ex_RemoteGetConnectionName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetContactCount.nxc, ex_RemoteGetContactName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetCurrentProgramName.nxc, ex_RemoteGetDeviceInfo.nxc, ex_RemoteGetFirmwareVersion.nxc, ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc, ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc, ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc, ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc,

ex_RemoteLowspeedGetStatus.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenAppendData.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenRead.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWriteData.nxc, ex_RemoteOpenWriteLinear.nxc, ex_RemotePollCommand.nxc, ex_RemotePollCommandLength.nxc, ex_RemoteRead.nxc, ex_RemoteRenameFile.nxc, ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc, ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc, and ex_RemoteWrite.nxc.

8.1.2.169 #define CONN_BT2 0x2

Bluetooth connection 2

8.1.2.170 #define CONN_BT3 0x3

Bluetooth connection 3

8.1.2.171 #define CONN_HS4 0x4

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, all devices)

8.1.2.172 #define CONN_HS_1 0x5

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 1)

8.1.2.173 #define CONN_HS_2 0x6

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 2)

8.1.2.174 #define CONN_HS_3 0x7

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 3)

8.1.2.175 #define CONN_HS_4 0x8

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 4)

8.1.2.176 #define CONN_HS_5 0x9

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 5)

8.1.2.177 #define CONN_HS_6 0xa

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 6)

8.1.2.178 #define CONN_HS_7 0xb

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 7)

8.1.2.179 #define CONN_HS_8 0xc

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, device address 8)

8.1.2.180 #define CONN_HS_ALL 0x4

RS485 (hi-speed) connection (port 4, all devices)

8.1.2.181 #define CT_ADDR_RFID 0x04

RFID I2C address

8.1.2.182 #define CT_REG_DATA 0x42

RFID data register

8.1.2.183 #define CT_REG_MODE 0x41

RFID mode register

8.1.2.184 #define CT_REG_STATUS 0x32

RFID status register

8.1.2.185 #define DATA_MODE_GPS 0x01

Use GPS data mode

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.1.2.186 #define DATA_MODE_MASK 0x07

A mask for the data mode bits.

8.1.2.187 #define DATA_MODE_NXT 0x00

Use NXT data mode

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.1.2.188 #define DATA_MODE_RAW 0x02

Use RAW data mode

8.1.2.189 #define DATA_MODE_UPDATE 0x08

Indicates that the data mode has been changed.

8.1.2.190 #define DatalogGetTimes 45

Get datalog timing information

8.1.2.191 #define DatalogWrite 44

Write to the datalog

8.1.2.192 #define DEGREES_PER_RADIAN 180/PI

Used for converting from radians to degrees

8.1.2.193 #define DISPLAY_BUSY 0x80

R - Refresh in progress

8.1.2.194 #define DISPLAY_CHAR 0x04

W - draw char (actual font) (CMD,TRUE,X1,Y1,Char,x)

8.1.2.195 #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT 0x5A

Default display contrast value

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc, and ex_setdisplaycontrast.nxc.

8.1.2.196 #define DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX 0x7F

Maximum display contrast value

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc.

8.1.2.197 #define DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL 0x00

W - erase entire screen (CMD,x,x,x,x,x)

Examples:

ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

8.1.2.198 #define DISPLAY_ERASE_LINE 0x05

W - erase a single line (CMD,x,LINE,x,x,x)

8.1.2.199 #define DISPLAY_FILL_REGION 0x06

W - fill screen region (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)

8.1.2.200 #define DISPLAY_FRAME 0x07

W - draw a frame (on/off) (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,Y2)

8.1.2.201 #define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 64

The height of the LCD screen in pixels

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

8.1.2.202 #define DISPLAY_HORIZONTAL_LINE 0x02

W - draw horizontal line (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,X2,x)

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc.

8.1.2.203 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_DIFF 31

8.1.2.204 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_X_OFFS 7

8.1.2.205 #define DISPLAY_MENUICONS_Y 40

8.1.2.206 #define DISPLAY_ON 0x01

W - Display on

8.1.2.207 #define DISPLAY_PIXEL 0x01

W - set pixel (on/off) (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X,Y,x,x)

8.1.2.208 #define DISPLAY_POPUP 0x08

W - Use popup display memory

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.1.2.209 #define DISPLAY_REFRESH 0x02

W - Enable refresh

8.1.2.210 #define DISPLAY_REFRESH_DISABLED 0x40

R - Refresh disabled

8.1.2.211 #define DISPLAY_VERTICAL_LINE 0x03

W - draw vertical line (CMD,TRUE/FALSE,X1,Y1,x,Y2)

8.1.2.212 #define DISPLAY_WIDTH 100

The width of the LCD screen in pixels

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

8.1.2.213 #define DisplayExecuteFunction 80

Execute one of the Display module's internal functions

8.1.2.214 #define DisplayModuleID 0x000A0001

The display module ID

8.1.2.215 #define DisplayModuleName "Display.mod"

The display module name

8.1.2.216 #define DisplayOffsetContrast 1719

Adjust the display contrast with this field

8.1.2.217 #define DisplayOffsetDisplay 104

Display content copied to physical display every 17 mS

8.1.2.218 #define DisplayOffsetEraseMask 4

Section erase mask (executed first)

8.1.2.219 #define DisplayOffsetFlags 117

Update flags enumerated above

8.1.2.220 #define DisplayOffsetNormal(l, w) (((l)*100)+(w)+119)

Raw display memory for normal screen

8.1.2.221 #define DisplayOffsetPBitmaps(p) (((p)*4)+68)

Pointer to free bitmap files

8.1.2.222 #define DisplayOffsetPFont 12

Pointer to font file

8.1.2.223 #define DisplayOffsetPFunc 0

Simple draw entry

8.1.2.224 #define DisplayOffsetPMenuIcons(p) (((p)*4)+88)

Pointer to menu icon images (NULL == none)

8.1.2.225 #define DisplayOffsetPMenuText 84

Pointer to menu icon text (NULL == none)

8.1.2.226 #define DisplayOffsetPopup(l, w) (((l)*100)+(w)+919)

Raw display memory for popup screen

8.1.2.227 #define DisplayOffsetPScreens(p) (((p)*4)+56)

Pointer to screen bitmap file

8.1.2.228 #define DisplayOffsetPStatusIcons 52

Pointer to status icon collection file

8.1.2.229 #define DisplayOffsetPStatusText 48

Pointer to status text string

8.1.2.230 #define DisplayOffsetPStepIcons 100

Pointer to step icon collection file

8.1.2.231 #define DisplayOffsetPTextLines(p) (((p)*4)+16)

Pointer to text strings

8.1.2.232 #define DisplayOffsetStatusIcons(p) ((p)+108)

Index in status icon collection file (index = 0 -> none)

8.1.2.233 #define DisplayOffsetStepIcons(p) ((p)+112)

Index in step icon collection file (index = 0 -> none)

8.1.2.234 #define DisplayOffsetTextLinesCenterFlags 118

Mask to center TextLines

8.1.2.235 #define DisplayOffsetUpdateMask 8

Section update mask (executed next)

8.1.2.236 #define DIST_CMD_CUSTOM 0x35

Set the DIST-Nx to a custom mode

8.1.2.237 #define DIST_CMD_GP2D12 0x31

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2D12 mode

8.1.2.238 #define DIST_CMD_GP2D120 0x32

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2D120 mode

8.1.2.239 #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA02 0x34

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2YA02 mode

8.1.2.240 #define DIST_CMD_GP2YA21 0x33

Set the DIST-Nx to GP2YA21 mode

8.1.2.241 #define DIST_REG_DIST 0x42

The DIST-Nx distance register

8.1.2.242 #define DIST_REG_DIST1 0x58

The DIST-Nx distance 1 register

8.1.2.243 #define DIST_REG_DIST_MAX 0x54

The DIST-Nx maximum distance register

8.1.2.244 #define DIST_REG_DIST_MIN 0x52

The DIST-Nx minimum distance register

8.1.2.245 #define DIST_REG_MODULE_TYPE 0x50

The DIST-Nx module type register

8.1.2.246 #define DIST_REG_NUM_POINTS 0x51

The DIST-Nx number of data points in Custom curve register

8.1.2.247 #define DIST_REG_VOLT 0x44

The DIST-Nx voltage register

8.1.2.248 #define DIST_REG_VOLT1 0x56

The DIST-Nx voltage 1 register

8.1.2.249 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR (0x0004)

Clear pixels while drawing (aka draw in white)

8.1.2.250 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_EXCEPT_STATUS_-SCREEN (0x0002)

Clear the screen except for the status line before drawing

8.1.2.251 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_PIXELS (0x0004)

Clear pixels while drawing (aka draw in white)

8.1.2.252 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_SCREEN_MODES (0x0003)

Bit mask for the clear screen modes

8.1.2.253 #define DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_WHOLE_SCREEN (0x0001)

Clear the entire screen before drawing

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc.

8.1.2.254 #define DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE (0x0020)

Fill the shape while drawing (rectangle, circle, ellipses, and polygon)

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

8.1.2.255 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TL (0x0100)

Font bottom to top left align

8.1.2.256 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_B2TR (0x0140)

Font bottom to top right align

8.1.2.257 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB (0x0000)

Font left to right bottom align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.258 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT (0x0040)

Font left to right top align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

8.1.2.259 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LB (0x0080)

Font right to left bottom align

8.1.2.260 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_R2LT (0x00C0)

Font right to left top align

8.1.2.261 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BL (0x0180)

Font top to bottom left align

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.262 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BR (0x01C0)

Font top to bottom right align

8.1.2.263 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIRECTIONS (0x01C0)

Bit mask for the font direction bits

8.1.2.264 #define DRAW_OPT_FONT_WRAP (0x0200)

Option to have text wrap in FontNumOut and FontTextOut calls

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.265 #define DRAW_OPT_INVERT (0x0004)

Invert text or graphics

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.266 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_AND (0x0008)

Draw pixels using a logical AND operation

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.267 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_COPY (0x0000)

Draw pixels using a logical copy operation

8.1.2.268 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OPERATIONS (0x0018)

Bit mask for the logical drawing operations

8.1.2.269 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OR (0x0010)

Draw pixels using a logical OR operation

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.1.2.270 #define DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR (0x0018)

Draw pixels using a logical XOR operation

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

8.1.2.271 #define DRAW_OPT_NORMAL (0x0000)

Normal drawing

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

8.1.2.272 #define DRAW_OPT_POLYGON_POLYLINE (0x0400)

When drawing polygons, do not close (i.e., draw a polyline instead)

8.1.2.273 #define DrawCircle 16

Draw a circle on the LCD screen

8.1.2.274 #define DrawEllipse 94

Draw an ellipse on the LCD screen

8.1.2.275 #define DrawFont 95

Draw text using a custom RIC-based font to the LCD screen

8.1.2.276 #define DrawGraphic 18

Draw a graphic image on the LCD screen

8.1.2.277 #define DrawGraphicArray 92

Draw a graphic image from a byte array to the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc.

8.1.2.278 #define DrawLine 15

Draw a line on the LCD screen

8.1.2.279 #define DrawPoint 14

Draw a single pixel on the LCD screen

8.1.2.280 #define DrawPolygon 93

Draw a polygon on the LCD screen

8.1.2.281 #define DrawRect 17

Draw a rectangle on the LCD screen

8.1.2.282 #define DrawText 13

Draw text to one of 8 LCD lines

Examples:

ex_syscall.nxc.

8.1.2.283 #define EMETER_REG_AIN 0x0c

The register address for amps in

8.1.2.284 #define EMETER_REG_AOUT 0x10

The register address for amps out

8.1.2.285 #define EMETER_REG_JOULES 0x12

The register address for joules

8.1.2.286 #define EMETER_REG_VIN 0x0a

The register address for voltage in

8.1.2.287 #define EMETER_REG_VOUT 0x0e

The register address for voltage out

8.1.2.288 #define EMETER_REG_WIN 0x14

The register address for watts in

8.1.2.289 #define EMETER_REG_WOUT 0x16

The register address for watts out

8.1.2.290 #define EOF -1

A constant representing end of file

8.1.2.291 #define ERR_ARG -1

0xFF Bad arguments

8.1.2.292 #define ERR_BAD_POOL_SIZE -10

0xF6 VarsCmd.PoolSize > POOL_MAX_SIZE

8.1.2.293 #define ERR_BAD_PTR -6

0xFA Someone passed us a bad pointer!

8.1.2.294 #define ERR_CLUMP_COUNT -7

0xF9 (FileClumpCount == 0 || FileClumpCount >= NOT_A_CLUMP)

8.1.2.295 #define ERR_COMM_BUFFER_FULL -34

0xDE No room in comm buffer

8.1.2.296 #define ERR_COMM_BUS_ERR -35

0xDD Something went wrong on the communications bus

8.1.2.297 #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_INVALID -33

0xDF Specified channel/connection is not valid

8.1.2.298 #define ERR_COMM_CHAN_NOT_READY -32

0xE0 Specified channel/connection not configured or busy

8.1.2.299 #define ERR_DEFAULT_OFFSETS -14

0xF2 (DefaultsOffset != FileOffsets.DynamicDefaults) || (DefaultsOffset + FileOffsets.DynamicDefaultsSize != FileOffsets.DSDefaultsSize)

8.1.2.300 #define ERR_FILE -3

0xFD Malformed file contents

8.1.2.301 #define ERR_INSANE_OFFSET -9

0xF7 CurrOffset != (DataSize - VarsCmd.CodespaceCount * 2)

8.1.2.302 #define ERR_INSTR -2

0xFE Illegal bytecode instruction

8.1.2.303 #define ERR_INVALID_FIELD -17

0xEF Attempted to access invalid field of a structure

8.1.2.304 #define ERR_INVALID_PORT -16

0xF0 Bad input or output port specified

8.1.2.305 #define ERR_INVALID_QUEUE -18

0xEE Illegal queue ID specified

8.1.2.306 #define ERR_INVALID_SIZE -19

0xED Illegal size specified

8.1.2.307 #define ERR_LOADER_ERR -11

0xF5 LOADER_ERR(LStatus) != SUCCESS || pData == NULL || DataSize == 0

8.1.2.308 #define ERR_MEM -5

0xFB Insufficient memory available

8.1.2.309 #define ERR_MEMMGR_FAIL -15

0xF1 (UBYTE *)VarsCmd.MemMgr.pDopeVectorArray != VarsCmd.pDataspace + DV_ARRAY[0].Offset

8.1.2.310 #define ERR_NO_ACTIVE_CLUMP -13

0xF3 VarsCmd.RunQ.Head == NOT_A_CLUMP

8.1.2.311 #define ERR_NO_CODE -8

0xF8 VarsCmd.CodespaceCount == 0

8.1.2.312 #define ERR_NO_PROG -20

0xEC No active program

8.1.2.313 #define ERR_NON_FATAL -16

Fatal errors are greater than this value

8.1.2.314 #define ERR_RC_BAD_PACKET -65

0xBF Clearly insane packet

8.1.2.315 #define ERR_RC_FAILED -67

0xBD Request failed (i.e. specified file not found)

8.1.2.316 #define ERR_RC_ILLEGAL_VAL -64

0xC0 Data contains out-of-range values

8.1.2.317 #define ERR_RC_UNKNOWN_CMD -66

0xBE Unknown command opcode

8.1.2.318 #define ERR_SPOTCHECK_FAIL -12

0xF4 ((UBYTE∗)(VarsCmd.pCodespace) < pData) (c_cmd.c 1893)

8.1.2.319 #define ERR_VER -4

0xFC Version mismatch between firmware and compiler

8.1.2.320 #define FALSE 0

A false value

8.1.2.321 #define FileClose 5

Close the specified file

8.1.2.322 #define FileDelete 8

Delete a file

8.1.2.323 #define FileFindFirst 83

Start a search for a file using a filename pattern

8.1.2.324 #define FileFindNext 84

Continue searching for a file

8.1.2.325 #define FileOpenAppend 2

Open a file for appending to the end of the file

8.1.2.326 #define FileOpenRead 0

Open a file for reading

8.1.2.327 #define FileOpenReadLinear 87

Open a linear file for reading

8.1.2.328 #define FileOpenWrite 1

Open a file for writing (creates a new file)

8.1.2.329 #define FileOpenWriteLinear 85

Open a linear file for writing

8.1.2.330 #define FileOpenWriteNonLinear 86

Open a non-linear file for writing

8.1.2.331 #define FileRead 3

Read from the specified file

8.1.2.332 #define FileRename 7

Rename a file

8.1.2.333 #define FileResize 91

Resize a file (not yet implemented)

8.1.2.334 #define FileResolveHandle 6

Get a file handle for the specified filename if it is already open

8.1.2.335 #define FileSeek 90

Seek to a specific position in an open file

8.1.2.336 #define FileTell 98

Return the current file position in an open file

8.1.2.337 #define FileWrite 4

Write to the specified file

8.1.2.338 #define FRAME_SELECT 0

Center icon select frame

8.1.2.339 #define FREQUENCY_MAX 14080

Maximum frequency [Hz]

8.1.2.340 #define FREQUENCY_MIN 220

Minimum frequency [Hz]

8.1.2.341 #define GetStartTick 25

Get the current system tick count

8.1.2.342 #define GL_CAMERA_DEPTH 3

Set the camera depth.

8.1.2.343 #define GL_CIRCLE 4

Use circle mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.344 #define GL_CIRCLE_SIZE 1

Set the circle size.

8.1.2.345 #define GL_CULL_BACK 2

Cull lines in back.

8.1.2.346 #define GL_CULL_FRONT 3

Cull lines in front.

8.1.2.347 #define GL_CULL_MODE 2

Set the cull mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.348 #define GL_CULL_NONE 4

Do not cull any lines.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.349 #define GL_LINE 2

Use line mode.

8.1.2.350 #define GL_POINT 3

Use point mode.

8.1.2.351 #define GL_POLYGON 1

Use polygon mode.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.352 #define GL_ROTATE_X 4

Rotate around the X axis.

Examples:

glRotateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.353 #define GL_ROTATE_Y 5

Rotate around the Y axis.

Examples:

glRotateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.354 #define GL_ROTATE_Z 6

Rotate around the Z axis.

8.1.2.355 #define GL_SCALE_X 7

Scale along the X axis.

Examples:

glScaleDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.356 #define GL_SCALE_Y 8

Scale along the Y axis.

8.1.2.357 #define GL_SCALE_Z 9

Scale along the Z axis.

8.1.2.358 #define GL_TRANSLATE_X 1

Translate along the X axis.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.359 #define GL_TRANSLATE_Y 2

Translate along the Y axis.

Examples:

glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.360 #define GL_TRANSLATE_Z 3

Translate along the Z axis.

Examples:

glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.361 #define GL_ZOOM_FACTOR 4

Set the zoom factor.

8.1.2.362 #define HS_ADDRESS_1 1

HsAddress device address 1

8.1.2.363 #define HS_ADDRESS_2 2

HsAddress device address 2

8.1.2.364 #define HS_ADDRESS_3 3

HsAddress device address 3

8.1.2.365 #define HS_ADDRESS_4 4

HsAddress device address 4

8.1.2.366 #define HS_ADDRESS_5 5

HsAddress device address 5

8.1.2.367 #define HS_ADDRESS_6 6

HsAddress device address 6

8.1.2.368 #define HS_ADDRESS_7 7

HsAddress device address 7

8.1.2.369 #define HS_ADDRESS_8 8

HsAddress device address 8

8.1.2.370 #define HS_ADDRESS_ALL 0

HsAddress all devices

8.1.2.371 #define HS_BAUD_115200 12

HsSpeed 115200 Baud

8.1.2.372 #define HS_BAUD_1200 0

HsSpeed 1200 Baud

8.1.2.373 #define HS_BAUD_14400 6

HsSpeed 14400 Baud

8.1.2.374 #define HS_BAUD_19200 7

HsSpeed 19200 Baud

8.1.2.375 #define HS_BAUD_230400 13

HsSpeed 230400 Baud

8.1.2.376 #define HS_BAUD_2400 1

HsSpeed 2400 Baud

8.1.2.377 #define HS_BAUD_28800 8

HsSpeed 28800 Baud

8.1.2.378 #define HS_BAUD_3600 2

HsSpeed 3600 Baud

8.1.2.379 #define HS_BAUD_38400 9

HsSpeed 38400 Baud

8.1.2.380 #define HS_BAUD_460800 14

HsSpeed 460800 Baud

8.1.2.381 #define HS_BAUD_4800 3

HsSpeed 4800 Baud

8.1.2.382 #define HS_BAUD_57600 10

HsSpeed 57600 Baud

8.1.2.383 #define HS_BAUD_7200 4

HsSpeed 7200 Baud

8.1.2.384 #define HS_BAUD_76800 11

HsSpeed 76800 Baud

8.1.2.385 #define HS_BAUD_921600 15

HsSpeed 921600 Baud

8.1.2.386 #define HS_BAUD_9600 5

HsSpeed 9600 Baud

8.1.2.387 #define HS_BAUD_DEFAULT 15

HsSpeed default Baud (921600)

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.1.2.388 #define HS_CMD_READY 0x04

A constant representing high speed direct command

8.1.2.389 #define HS_CTRL_EXIT 2

Ddisable the high speed port

8.1.2.390 #define HS_CTRL_INIT 0

Enable the high speed port

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, and ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

8.1.2.391 #define HS_CTRL_UART 1

Setup the high speed port UART configuration

8.1.2.392 #define HS_DISABLE 4

HsState disable

8.1.2.393 #define HS_ENABLE 5

HsState enable

8.1.2.394 #define HS_INIT_RECEIVER 2

HsState initialize receiver

8.1.2.395 #define HS_INITIALISE 1

HsState initialize

8.1.2.396 #define HS_MODE_10_STOP 0x0000

HsMode 1 stop bit

8.1.2.397 #define HS_MODE_15_STOP 0x1000

HsMode 1.5 stop bits

8.1.2.398 #define HS_MODE_20_STOP 0x2000

HsMode 2 stop bits

8.1.2.399 #define HS_MODE_5_DATA 0x0000

HsMode 5 data bits

8.1.2.400 #define HS_MODE_6_DATA 0x0040

HsMode 6 data bits

8.1.2.401 #define HS_MODE_7_DATA 0x0080

HsMode 7 data bits

8.1.2.402 #define HS_MODE_7E1 (HS_MODE_7_DATA|HS_MODE_E_-PARITY|HS_MODE_10_STOP)

HsMode 7 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit

8.1.2.403 #define HS_MODE_8_DATA 0x00C0

HsMode 8 data bits

8.1.2.404 #define HS_MODE_8N1 (HS_MODE_8_DATA|HS_MODE_N_-PARITY|HS_MODE_10_STOP)

HsMode 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit

Examples:

ex_sethsmode.nxc.

8.1.2.405 #define HS_MODE_DEFAULT HS_MODE_8N1

HsMode default mode (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.1.2.406 #define HS_MODE_E_PARITY 0x0000

HsMode Even parity

8.1.2.407 #define HS_MODE_M_PARITY 0x0600

HsMode Mark parity

8.1.2.408 #define HS_MODE_N_PARITY 0x0800

HsMode No parity

8.1.2.409 #define HS_MODE_O_PARITY 0x0200

HsMode Odd parity

8.1.2.410 #define HS_MODE_S_PARITY 0x0400

HsMode Space parity

8.1.2.411 #define HS_SEND_DATA 3

HsState send data

8.1.2.412 #define HS_UPDATE 1

HsFlags high speed update required

8.1.2.413 #define HT_ADDR_ACCEL 0x02

HiTechnic Accel I2C address

8.1.2.414 #define HT_ADDR_ANGLE 0x02

HiTechnic Angle I2C address

8.1.2.415 #define HT_ADDR_COLOR 0x02

HiTechnic Color I2C address

8.1.2.416 #define HT_ADDR_COLOR2 0x02

HiTechnic Color2 I2C address

8.1.2.417 #define HT_ADDR_COMPASS 0x02

HiTechnic Compass I2C address

8.1.2.418 #define HT_ADDR_IRLINK 0x02

HiTechnic IRLink I2C address

8.1.2.419 #define HT_ADDR_IRRECEIVER 0x02

HiTechnic IRReceiver I2C address

8.1.2.420 #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER 0x02

HiTechnic IRSeeker I2C address

8.1.2.421 #define HT_ADDR_IRSEEKER2 0x10

HiTechnic IRSeeker2 I2C address

8.1.2.422 #define HT_CH1_A 0

Use IRReceiver channel 1 output A

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc.

8.1.2.423 #define HT_CH1_B 1

Use IRReceiver channel 1 output B

8.1.2.424 #define HT_CH2_A 2

Use IRReceiver channel 2 output A

8.1.2.425 #define HT_CH2_B 3

Use IRReceiver channel 2 output B

8.1.2.426 #define HT_CH3_A 4

Use IRReceiver channel 3 output A

8.1.2.427 #define HT_CH3_B 5

Use IRReceiver channel 3 output B

8.1.2.428 #define HT_CH4_A 6

Use IRReceiver channel 4 output A

8.1.2.429 #define HT_CH4_B 7

Use IRReceiver channel 4 output B

8.1.2.430 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_50HZ 0x35

Set the Color2 sensor to 50Hz mode

8.1.2.431 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_60HZ 0x36

Set the Color2 sensor to 60Hz mode

8.1.2.432 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE 0x00

Set the Color2 sensor to active mode

Examples:

ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, and ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc.

8.1.2.433 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_BLCAL 0x42

Set the Color2 sensor to black level calibration mode

8.1.2.434 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_FAR 0x46

Set the Color2 sensor to far mode

8.1.2.435 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_HI 0x48

Set the Color2 sensor to LED high mode

8.1.2.436 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_LED_LOW 0x4C

Set the Color2 sensor to LED low mode

8.1.2.437 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_NEAR 0x4E

Set the Color2 sensor to near mode

8.1.2.438 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_PASSIVE 0x01

Set the Color2 sensor to passive mode

8.1.2.439 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_RAW 0x03

Set the Color2 sensor to raw mode

8.1.2.440 #define HT_CMD_COLOR2_WBCAL 0x43

Set the Color2 sensor to white level calibration mode

8.1.2.441 #define HTANGLE_MODE_CALIBRATE 0x43

Resets 0 degree position to current shaft angle

8.1.2.442 #define HTANGLE_MODE_NORMAL 0x00

Normal angle measurement mode

8.1.2.443 #define HTANGLE_MODE_RESET 0x52

Resets the accumulated angle

Examples:

ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc.

8.1.2.444 #define HTANGLE_REG_ACDIR 0x49

Angle 16 bit revolutions per minute, low byte register

8.1.2.445 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC01 0x43

Angle current angle (1 degree adder) register

8.1.2.446 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC02 0x44

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, high byte register

8.1.2.447 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC03 0x45

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, mid byte register

8.1.2.448 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC04 0x46

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, mid byte register

8.1.2.449 #define HTANGLE_REG_DC05 0x47

Angle 32 bit accumulated angle, low byte register

8.1.2.450 #define HTANGLE_REG_DCAVG 0x48

Angle 16 bit revolutions per minute, high byte register

8.1.2.451 #define HTANGLE_REG_DCDIR 0x42

Angle current angle (2 degree increments) register

8.1.2.452 #define HTANGLE_REG_MODE 0x41

Angle mode register

8.1.2.453 #define HTIR2_MODE_1200 0

Set IRSeeker2 to 1200 mode

Examples:

ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, and ex_setsensorboolean.nxc.

8.1.2.454 #define HTIR2_MODE_600 1

Set IRSeeker2 to 600 mode

8.1.2.455 #define HTIR2_REG_AC01 0x4A

IRSeeker2 AC 01 register

8.1.2.456 #define HTIR2_REG_AC02 0x4B

IRSeeker2 AC 02 register

8.1.2.457 #define HTIR2_REG_AC03 0x4C

IRSeeker2 AC 03 register

8.1.2.458 #define HTIR2_REG_AC04 0x4D

IRSeeker2 AC 04 register

8.1.2.459 #define HTIR2_REG_AC05 0x4E

IRSeeker2 AC 05 register

8.1.2.460 #define HTIR2_REG_ACDIR 0x49

IRSeeker2 AC direction register

8.1.2.461 #define HTIR2_REG_DC01 0x43

IRSeeker2 DC 01 register

8.1.2.462 #define HTIR2_REG_DC02 0x44

IRSeeker2 DC 02 register

8.1.2.463 #define HTIR2_REG_DC03 0x45

IRSeeker2 DC 03 register

8.1.2.464 #define HTIR2_REG_DC04 0x46

IRSeeker2 DC 04 register

8.1.2.465 #define HTIR2_REG_DC05 0x47

IRSeeker2 DC 05 register

8.1.2.466 #define HTIR2_REG_DCAVG 0x48

IRSeeker2 DC average register

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc.

8.1.2.467 #define HTIR2_REG_DCDIR 0x42

IRSeeker2 DC direction register

8.1.2.468 #define HTIR2_REG_MODE 0x41

IRSeeker2 mode register

8.1.2.469 #define I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT 0x02

Standard NXT I2C device address

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_MSDeenergize.nxc, ex_MSEnergize.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, and ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

8.1.2.470 #define I2C_REG_CMD 0x41

Standard NXT I2C device command register

Examples:

ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, and ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

8.1.2.471 #define I2C_REG_DEVICE_ID 0x10

Standard NXT I2C device ID register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

8.1.2.472 #define I2C_REG_VENDOR_ID 0x08

Standard NXT I2C vendor ID register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

8.1.2.473 #define I2C_REG_VERSION 0x00

Standard NXT I2C version register

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

8.1.2.474 #define IN_1 0x00

Input port 1

8.1.2.475 #define IN_2 0x01

Input port 2

8.1.2.476 #define IN_3 0x02

Input port 3

8.1.2.477 #define IN_4 0x03

Input port 4

8.1.2.478 #define IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP 0xE0

RCX rotation sensor (16 ticks per revolution)

8.1.2.479 #define IN_MODE_BOOLEAN 0x20

Boolean value (0 or 1)

8.1.2.480 #define IN_MODE_CELSIUS 0xA0

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees celcius

8.1.2.481 #define IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT 0xC0

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees fahrenheit

8.1.2.482 #define IN_MODE_MODEMASK 0xE0

Mask for the mode without any slope value

8.1.2.483 #define IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE 0x80

Scaled value from 0 to 100

8.1.2.484 #define IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER 0x60

Counts the number of boolean periods

8.1.2.485 #define IN_MODE_RAW 0x00

Raw value from 0 to 1023

8.1.2.486 #define IN_MODE_SLOPEMASK 0x1F

Mask for slope parameter added to mode

8.1.2.487 #define IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT 0x40

Counts the number of boolean transitions

8.1.2.488 #define IN_TYPE_ANGLE 0x04

RCX rotation sensor

8.1.2.489 #define IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE 0x10

NXT 2.0 color sensor with blue light

8.1.2.490 #define IN_TYPE_COLOREXIT 0x12

NXT 2.0 color sensor internal state

8.1.2.491 #define IN_TYPE_COLORFULL 0x0D

NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode

8.1.2.492 #define IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN 0x0F

NXT 2.0 color sensor with green light

8.1.2.493 #define IN_TYPE_COLORNONE 0x11

NXT 2.0 color sensor with no light

8.1.2.494 #define IN_TYPE_COLORRED 0x0E

NXT 2.0 color sensor with red light

8.1.2.495 #define IN_TYPE_CUSTOM 0x09

NXT custom sensor

8.1.2.496 #define IN_TYPE_HISPEED 0x0C

NXT Hi-speed port (only S4)

8.1.2.497 #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE 0x05

NXT light sensor with light

8.1.2.498 #define IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE 0x06

NXT light sensor without light

8.1.2.499 #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED 0x0A

NXT I2C digital sensor

8.1.2.500 #define IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V 0x0B

NXT I2C digital sensor with 9V power

8.1.2.501 #define IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR 0x00

No sensor configured

8.1.2.502 #define IN_TYPE_REFLECTION 0x03

RCX light sensor

8.1.2.503 #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB 0x07

NXT sound sensor with dB scaling

8.1.2.504 #define IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA 0x08

NXT sound sensor with dBA scaling

8.1.2.505 #define IN_TYPE_SWITCH 0x01

NXT or RCX touch sensor

8.1.2.506 #define IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE 0x02

RCX temperature sensor

8.1.2.507 #define INPUT_BLACKCOLOR 1

The color value is black

8.1.2.508 #define INPUT_BLANK 3

Access the blank value from color sensor value arrays

8.1.2.509 #define INPUT_BLUE 2

Access the blue value from color sensor value arrays

8.1.2.510 #define INPUT_BLUECOLOR 2

The color value is blue

8.1.2.511 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_0 0

Calibration point 0

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, and ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc.

8.1.2.512 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_1 1

Calibration point 1

8.1.2.513 #define INPUT_CAL_POINT_2 2

Calibration point 2

8.1.2.514 #define INPUT_CUSTOM9V 0x01

Custom sensor 9V

8.1.2.515 #define INPUT_CUSTOMACTIVE 0x02

Custom sensor active

8.1.2.516 #define INPUT_CUSTOMINACTIVE 0x00

Custom sensor inactive

8.1.2.517 #define INPUT_DIGI0 0x01

Digital pin 0

8.1.2.518 #define INPUT_DIGI1 0x02

Digital pin 1

8.1.2.519 #define INPUT_GREEN 1

Access the green value from color sensor value arrays

8.1.2.520 #define INPUT_GREENCOLOR 3

The color value is green

8.1.2.521 #define INPUT_INVALID_DATA 0x01

Invalid data flag

8.1.2.522 #define INPUT_NO_OF_COLORS 4

The number of entries in the color sensor value arrays

8.1.2.523 #define INPUT_NO_OF_POINTS 3

The number of calibration points

8.1.2.524 #define INPUT_RED 0

Access the red value from color sensor value arrays

Examples:

ex_ColorADRaw.nxc, ex_ColorBoolean.nxc, ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc, and ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc.

8.1.2.525 #define INPUT_REDCOLOR 5

The color value is red

8.1.2.526 #define INPUT_RESETCAL 0x80

Unused calibration state constant

8.1.2.527 #define INPUT_RUNNINGCAL 0x20

Unused calibration state constant

8.1.2.528 #define INPUT_SENSORCAL 0x01

The state returned while the color sensor is calibrating

8.1.2.529 #define INPUT_SENSOROFF 0x02

The state returned once calibration has completed

8.1.2.530 #define INPUT_STARTCAL 0x40

Unused calibration state constant

8.1.2.531 #define INPUT_WHITECOLOR 6

The color value is white

8.1.2.532 #define INPUT_YELLOWCOLOR 4

The color value is yellow

8.1.2.533 #define InputModeField 1

Input mode field. Contains one of the sensor mode constants. Read/write.

8.1.2.534 #define InputModuleID 0x00030001

The input module ID

8.1.2.535 #define InputModuleName "Input.mod"

The input module name.

8.1.2.536 #define InputOffsetADRaw(p) (((p)∗20)+2)

Read the AD raw sensor value (2 bytes) uword

8.1.2.537 #define InputOffsetColorADRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+52+((nc)∗2))

Read AD raw color sensor values

8.1.2.538 #define InputOffsetColorBoolean(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+76+((nc)∗2))

Read color sensor boolean values

8.1.2.539 #define InputOffsetColorCalibration(p, np, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+0+((np)∗16)+((nc)∗4))

Read/write color calibration point values

8.1.2.540 #define InputOffsetColorCalibrationState(p) (80+((p)∗84)+80)

Read color sensor calibration state

8.1.2.541 #define InputOffsetColorCalLimits(p, np) (80+((p)∗84)+48+((np)∗2))

Read/write color calibration limits

8.1.2.542 #define InputOffsetColorSensorRaw(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+60+((nc)∗2))

Read raw color sensor values

8.1.2.543 #define InputOffsetColorSensorValue(p, nc) (80+((p)∗84)+68+((nc)∗2))

Read scaled color sensor values

8.1.2.544 #define InputOffsetCustomActiveStatus(p) (((p)∗20)+15)

Read/write the active or inactive state of the custom sensor

8.1.2.545 #define InputOffsetCustomPctFullScale(p) (((p)∗20)+14)

Read/write the Pct full scale of the custom sensor

8.1.2.546 #define InputOffsetCustomZeroOffset(p) (((p)∗20)+0)

Read/write the zero offset of a custom sensor (2 bytes) uword

8.1.2.547 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsDir(p) (((p)∗20)+11)

Read/write the direction of the Digital pins (1 is output, 0 is input)

8.1.2.548 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsIn(p) (((p)∗20)+12)

Read/write the status of the digital pins

8.1.2.549 #define InputOffsetDigiPinsOut(p) (((p)∗20)+13)

Read/write the output level of the digital pins

8.1.2.550 #define InputOffsetInvalidData(p) (((p)*20)+16)

Indicates whether data is invalid (1) or valid (0)

8.1.2.551 #define InputOffsetSensorBoolean(p) (((p)*20)+10)

Read the sensor boolean value

8.1.2.552 #define InputOffsetSensorMode(p) (((p)*20)+9)

Read/write the sensor mode

8.1.2.553 #define InputOffsetSensorRaw(p) (((p)*20)+4)

Read the raw sensor value (2 bytes) uword

8.1.2.554 #define InputOffsetSensorType(p) (((p)*20)+8)

Read/write the sensor type

8.1.2.555 #define InputOffsetSensorValue(p) (((p)*20)+6)

Read/write the scaled sensor value (2 bytes) sword

8.1.2.556 #define INT_MAX 32767

The maximum value of the int type

8.1.2.557 #define INT_MIN -32768

The minimum value of the int type

8.1.2.558 #define INTF_BTOFF 13

Turn off the bluetooth radio

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

8.1.2.559 #define INTF_BTON 12

Turn on the bluetooth radio

8.1.2.560 #define INTF_CONNECT 3

Connect to one of the known devices

8.1.2.561 #define INTF_CONNECTBYNAME 18

Connect to a bluetooth device by name

8.1.2.562 #define INTF_CONNECTREQ 17

Connection request from another device

8.1.2.563 #define INTF_DISCONNECT 4

Disconnect from one of the connected devices

8.1.2.564 #define INTF_DISCONNECTALL 5

Disconnect all devices

8.1.2.565 #define INTF_EXTREAD 15

External read request

8.1.2.566 #define INTF_FACTORYRESET 11

Reset bluetooth settings to factory values

8.1.2.567 #define INTF_OPENSTREAM 9

Open a bluetooth stream

8.1.2.568 #define INTF_PINREQ 16

Bluetooth PIN request

8.1.2.569 #define INTF_REMOVEDEVICE 6

Remove a device from the known devices table

8.1.2.570 #define INTF_SEARCH 1

Search for bluetooth devices

8.1.2.571 #define INTF_SENDDATA 10

Send data over a bluetooth connection

8.1.2.572 #define INTF_SENDFILE 0

Send a file via bluetooth to another device

8.1.2.573 #define INTF_SETBTNAME 14

Set the bluetooth name

8.1.2.574 #define INTF_SETCMDMODE 8

Set bluetooth into command mode

8.1.2.575 #define INTF_STOPSEARCH 2

Stop searching for bluetooth devices

8.1.2.576 #define INTF_VISIBILITY 7

Set the bluetooth visibility on or off

8.1.2.577 #define InvalidDataField 5

Invalid data field. Contains a boolean value indicating whether the sensor data is valid or not. Read/write.

8.1.2.578 #define IOCTRL_BOOT 0xA55A

Reboot the NXT into SAMBA mode

8.1.2.579 #define IOCTRL_POWERDOWN 0x5A00

Power down the NXT

8.1.2.580 #define IOCtrlModuleID 0x00060001

The IOCtrl module ID

8.1.2.581 #define IOCtrlModuleName "IOCtrl.mod"

The IOCtrl module name

8.1.2.582 #define IOCtrlOffsetPowerOn 0

Offset to power on field

8.1.2.583 #define IOMapRead 32

Read data from one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's name

8.1.2.584 #define IOMapReadByID 78

Read data from one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's ID

8.1.2.585 #define IOMapWrite 33

Write data to one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's name

8.1.2.586 #define IOMapWriteByID 79

Write data to one of the firmware module's IOMap structures using the module's ID

8.1.2.587 #define KeepAlive 31

Reset the NXT sleep timer

8.1.2.588 #define LCD_LINE1 56

The 1st line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_NumOut.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_Pos.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_syscall.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysdrawtext.nxc, ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_SysReadSemData.nxc, ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc, ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.1.2.589 #define LCD_LINE2 48

The 2nd line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_

FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.1.2.590 #define LCD_LINE3 40

The 3rd line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_TextOut.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.1.2.591 #define LCD_LINE4 32

The 4th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.1.2.592 #define LCD_LINE5 24

The 5th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

8.1.2.593 #define LCD_LINE6 16

The 6th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, and ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

8.1.2.594 #define LCD_LINE7 8

The 7th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.1.2.595 #define LCD_LINE8 0

The 8th line of the LCD screen

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

8.1.2.596 #define LDR_APPENDNOTPOSSIBLE 0x8D00

Only datafiles can be appended to.

8.1.2.597 #define LDR_BTBUSY 0x9400

The bluetooth system is busy.

8.1.2.598 #define LDR_BTCONNECTFAIL 0x9500

Bluetooth connection attempt failed.

8.1.2.599 #define LDR_BTTIMEOUT 0x9600

A timeout in the bluetooth system has occurred.

8.1.2.600 #define LDR_CMD_BOOTCMD 0x97

Reboot the NXT into SAMBA mode

8.1.2.601 #define LDR_CMD_BTFACTORYRESET 0xA4

Reset bluetooth configuration to factory defaults

8.1.2.602 #define LDR_CMD_BTGETADR 0x9A

Get the NXT's bluetooth brick address

8.1.2.603 #define LDR_CMD_CLOSE 0x84

Close a file handle

8.1.2.604 #define LDR_CMD_CLOSEMODHANDLE 0x92

Close a module handle

8.1.2.605 #define LDR_CMD_CROPDATAFILE 0x8D

Crop a data file to its used space

8.1.2.606 #define LDR_CMD_DELETE 0x85

Delete a file

8.1.2.607 #define LDR_CMD_DELETEUSERFLASH 0xA0

Delete all files from user flash memory

8.1.2.608 #define LDR_CMD_DEVICEINFO 0x9B

Read device information

8.1.2.609 #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRST 0x86

Find the first file matching the specified pattern

8.1.2.610 #define LDR_CMD_FINDFIRSTMODULE 0x90

Find the first module matching the specified pattern

8.1.2.611 #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXT 0x87

Find the next file matching the specified pattern

8.1.2.612 #define LDR_CMD_FINDNEXTMODULE 0x91

Find the next module matching the specified pattern

8.1.2.613 #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPREAD 0x94

Read data from a module IOMAP

8.1.2.614 #define LDR_CMD_IOMAPWRITE 0x95

Write data to a module IOMAP

8.1.2.615 #define LDR_CMD_OPENAPPENDDATA 0x8C

Open a data file for appending

8.1.2.616 #define LDR_CMD_OPENREAD 0x80

Open a file for reading

8.1.2.617 #define LDR_CMD_OPENREADLINEAR 0x8A

Open a linear file for reading

8.1.2.618 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITE 0x81

Open a file for writing

8.1.2.619 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITEDATA 0x8B

Open a data file for writing

8.1.2.620 #define LDR_CMD_OPENWRITELINEAR 0x89

Open a linear file for writing

8.1.2.621 #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMD 0xA2

Poll command

8.1.2.622 #define LDR_CMD_POLLCMDLEN 0xA1

Read poll command length

8.1.2.623 #define LDR_CMD_READ 0x82

Read from a file

8.1.2.624 #define LDR_CMD_RENAMEFILE 0xA3

Rename a file

8.1.2.625 #define LDR_CMD_RESIZEDATAFILE 0xD0

Resize a data file

8.1.2.626 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMCURRENT 0xD2

Seek from the current position

8.1.2.627 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMEND 0xD3

Seek from the end of the file

8.1.2.628 #define LDR_CMD_SEEKFROMSTART 0xD1

Seek from the start of the file

8.1.2.629 #define LDR_CMD_SETBRICKNAME 0x98

Set the NXT's brick name

8.1.2.630 #define LDR_CMD_VERSIONS 0x88

Read firmware version information

8.1.2.631 #define LDR_CMD_WRITE 0x83

Write to a file

8.1.2.632 #define LDR_ENDOFFILE 0x8500

The end of the file has been reached.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

8.1.2.633 #define LDR_EOFEXPECTED 0x8400

EOF expected.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

8.1.2.634 #define LDR_FILEEXISTS 0x8F00

A file with the same name already exists.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

8.1.2.635 #define LDR_FILEISBUSY 0x8B00

The file is already being used.

8.1.2.636 #define LDR_FILEISFULL 0x8E00

The allocated file size has been filled.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

8.1.2.637 #define LDR_FILENOTFOUND 0x8700

No files matched the search criteria.

8.1.2.638 #define LDR_FILETX_CLOSEERROR 0x9B00

Error transmitting file: attempt to close file failed.

8.1.2.639 #define LDR_FILETX_DSTEXISTS 0x9800

Error transmitting file: destination file exists.

8.1.2.640 #define LDR_FILETX_SRCMISSING 0x9900

Error transmitting file: source file is missing.

8.1.2.641 #define LDR_FILETX_STREAMERROR 0x9A00

Error transmitting file: a stream error occurred.

8.1.2.642 #define LDR_FILETX_TIMEOUT 0x9700

Error transmitting file: a timeout occurred.

8.1.2.643 #define LDR_HANDLEALREADYCLOSED 0x8800

The file handle has already been closed.

8.1.2.644 #define LDR_ILLEGALFILENAME 0x9200

Filename length to long or attempted open a system file (∗.rxe, ∗.rtm, or ∗.sys) for writing as a datafile.

8.1.2.645 #define LDR_ILLEGALHANDLE 0x9300

Invalid file handle.

8.1.2.646 #define LDR_INPROGRESS 0x0001

The function is executing but has not yet completed.

8.1.2.647 #define LDR_INVALIDSEEK 0x9C00

Invalid file seek operation.

8.1.2.648 #define LDR_MODULENOTFOUND 0x9000

No modules matched the specified search criteria.

8.1.2.649 #define LDR_NOLINEARSPACE 0x8900

Not enough linear flash memory is available.

8.1.2.650 #define LDR_NOMOREFILES 0x8300

The maximum number of files has been reached.

8.1.2.651 #define LDR_NOMOREHANDLES 0x8100

All available file handles are in use.

8.1.2.652 #define LDR_NOSPACE 0x8200

Not enough free flash memory for the specified file size.

8.1.2.653 #define LDR_NOTLINEARFILE 0x8600

The specified file is not linear.

8.1.2.654 #define LDR_NOWRITEBUFFERS 0x8C00

No more write buffers are available.

8.1.2.655 #define LDR_OUTOFBOUNDARY 0x9100

Specified IOMap offset is outside the bounds of the IOMap.

8.1.2.656 #define LDR_REQPIN 0x0002

A PIN exchange request is in progress.

8.1.2.657 #define LDR_SUCCESS 0x0000

The function completed successfully.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_-syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysfilerename.nxc, and ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

8.1.2.658 #define LDR_UNDEFINEDERROR 0x8A00

An undefined error has occurred.

8.1.2.659 #define LEGO_ADDR_EMETER 0x04

The LEGO e-meter sensor's I2C address

8.1.2.660 #define LEGO_ADDR_TEMP 0x98

The LEGO temperature sensor's I2C address

8.1.2.661 #define LEGO_ADDR_US 0x02

The LEGO ultrasonic sensor's I2C address

8.1.2.662 #define ListFiles 47

List files that match the specified filename pattern

8.1.2.663 #define LoaderExecuteFunction 82

Execute one of the Loader module's internal functions

8.1.2.664 #define LoaderModuleID 0x00090001

The Loader module ID

8.1.2.665 #define LoaderModuleName "Loader.mod"

The Loader module name

8.1.2.666 #define LoaderOffsetFreeUserFlash 4

Offset to the amount of free user flash

8.1.2.667 #define LoaderOffsetPFunc 0

Offset to the Loader module function pointer

8.1.2.668 #define LONG_MAX 2147483647

The maximum value of the long type

8.1.2.669 #define LONG_MIN -2147483648

The minimum value of the long type

8.1.2.670 #define LOWSPEED_CH_NOT_READY 1

Lowspeed port is not ready

8.1.2.671 #define LOWSPEED_COMMUNICATING 3

Channel is actively communicating

8.1.2.672 #define LOWSPEED_DATA_RECEIVED 3

Lowspeed port is in data received mode

8.1.2.673 #define LOWSPEED_DONE 5

Channel is done communicating

8.1.2.674 #define LOWSPEED_ERROR 4

Channel is in an error state

8.1.2.675 #define LOWSPEED_IDLE 0

Channel is idle

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

8.1.2.676 #define LOWSPEED_INIT 1

Channel is being initialized

8.1.2.677 #define LOWSPEED_LOAD_BUFFER 2

Channel buffer is loading

8.1.2.678 #define LOWSPEED_NO_ERROR 0

Lowspeed port has no error

8.1.2.679 #define LOWSPEED_RECEIVING 2

Lowspeed port is in receiving mode

8.1.2.680 #define LOWSPEED_RX_ERROR 3

Lowspeed port encountered an error while receiving data

8.1.2.681 #define LOWSPEED_TRANSMITTING 1

Lowspeed port is in transmitting mode

8.1.2.682 #define LOWSPEED_TX_ERROR 2

Lowspeed port encountered an error while transmitting data

8.1.2.683 #define LowSpeedModuleID 0x000B0001

The low speed module ID

8.1.2.684 #define LowSpeedModuleName "Low Speed.mod"

The low speed module name

8.1.2.685 #define LowSpeedOffsetChannelState(p) ((p)+156)

R - Lowspeed channgel state (1 byte)

8.1.2.686 #define LowSpeedOffsetErrorType(p) ((p)+160)

R - Lowspeed port error type (1 byte)

8.1.2.687 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+0)

RW - Input buffer data buffer field offset (16 bytes)

8.1.2.688 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+18)

RW - Input buffer bytes to receive field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.689 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+16)

RW - Input buffer in pointer field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.690 #define LowSpeedOffsetInBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+17)

RW - Input buffer out pointer field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.691 #define LowSpeedOffsetMode(p) ((p)+152)

R - Lowspeed port mode (1 byte)

8.1.2.692 #define LowSpeedOffsetNoRestartOnRead 166

RW - Lowspeed option for no restart on read (all channels) (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.693 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBuf(p) (((p)∗19)+76)

RW - Output buffer data buffer field offset (16 bytes)

8.1.2.694 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufBytesToRx(p) (((p)∗19)+94)

RW - Output buffer bytes to receive field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.695 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufInPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+92)

RW - Output buffer in pointer field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.696 #define LowSpeedOffsetOutBufOutPtr(p) (((p)∗19)+93)

RW - Output buffer out pointer field offset (1 byte)

8.1.2.697 #define LowSpeedOffsetSpeed 165

R - Lowspeed speed (unused)

8.1.2.698 #define LowSpeedOffsetState 164

R - Lowspeed state (all channels)

8.1.2.699 #define LR_COULD_NOT_SAVE 0x51

Bluetooth list result could not save

8.1.2.700 #define LR_ENTRY_REMOVED 0x53

Bluetooth list result entry removed

8.1.2.701 #define LR_STORE_IS_FULL 0x52

Bluetooth list result store is full

8.1.2.702 #define LR_SUCCESS 0x50

Bluetooth list result success

8.1.2.703 #define LR_UNKNOWN_ADDR 0x54

Bluetooth list result unknown address

8.1.2.704 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_1 0x01

No restart on read for channel 1

8.1.2.705 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_2 0x02

No restart on read for channel 2

8.1.2.706 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_3 0x04

No restart on read for channel 3

8.1.2.707 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_4 0x08

No restart on read for channel 4

8.1.2.708 #define LSREAD_NO_RESTART_MASK 0x10

No restart mask

8.1.2.709 #define LSREAD_RESTART_ALL 0x00

Restart on read for all channels (default)

8.1.2.710 #define LSREAD_RESTART_NONE 0x0F

No restart on read for all channels

8.1.2.711 #define MAILBOX1 0

Mailbox number 1

Examples:

ex_ReceiveMessage.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteBool.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteMessageEx.nxc, ex_ReceiveRemoteNumber.nxc, ex_SendMessage.nxc, ex_SendRemoteBool.nxc, ex_SendRemoteNumber.nxc, ex_SendRemoteString.nxc, ex_SendResponseBool.nxc, ex_SendResponseNumber.nxc, ex_SendResponseString.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, and ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

8.1.2.712 #define MAILBOX10 9

Mailbox number 10

8.1.2.713 #define MAILBOX2 1

Mailbox number 2

8.1.2.714 #define MAILBOX3 2

Mailbox number 3

8.1.2.715 #define MAILBOX4 3

Mailbox number 4

8.1.2.716 #define MAILBOX5 4

Mailbox number 5

8.1.2.717 #define MAILBOX6 5

Mailbox number 6

8.1.2.718 #define MAILBOX7 6

Mailbox number 7

8.1.2.719 #define MAILBOX8 7

Mailbox number 8

8.1.2.720 #define MAILBOX9 8

Mailbox number 9

8.1.2.721 #define MAX_BT_MSG_SIZE 60000

Max Bluetooth Message Size

8.1.2.722 #define MaxAccelerationField 17

MaxAcceleration field. Contains the current max acceleration value. Read/write. Set the maximum acceleration to be used during position regulation.

8.1.2.723 #define MaxSpeedField 16

MaxSpeed field. Contains the current max speed value. Read/write. Set the maximum speed to be used during position regulation.

8.1.2.724 #define MemoryManager 96

Read memory manager information, optionally compacting the dataspace first

8.1.2.725 #define MENUICON_CENTER 1

Center icon

8.1.2.726 #define MENUICON_LEFT 0

Left icon

8.1.2.727 #define MENUICON_RIGHT 2

Right icon

8.1.2.728 #define MENUICONS 3

The number of menu icons

8.1.2.729 #define MENUTEXT 2

Center icon text

8.1.2.730 #define MessageRead 27

Read a message from a mailbox

8.1.2.731 #define MessageWrite 26

Write a message to a mailbox

8.1.2.732 #define MIN_1 60000

1 minute

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

8.1.2.733 #define MS_1 1

1 millisecond

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.1.2.734 #define MS_10 10

10 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.1.2.735 #define MS_100 100

100 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_PolyOut.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

8.1.2.736 #define MS_150 150

150 milliseconds

8.1.2.737 #define MS_2 2

2 milliseconds

8.1.2.738 #define MS_20 20

20 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, glBoxDemo.nxc, and glScaleDemo.nxc.

8.1.2.739 #define MS_200 200

200 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.740 #define MS_250 250

250 milliseconds

8.1.2.741 #define MS_3 3

3 milliseconds

8.1.2.742 #define MS_30 30

30 milliseconds

8.1.2.743 #define MS_300 300

300 milliseconds

8.1.2.744 #define MS_350 350

350 milliseconds

8.1.2.745 #define MS_4 4

4 milliseconds

8.1.2.746 #define MS_40 40

40 milliseconds

8.1.2.747 #define MS_400 400

400 milliseconds

8.1.2.748 #define MS_450 450

450 milliseconds

8.1.2.749 #define MS_5 5

5 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_getchar.nxc.

8.1.2.750 #define MS_50 50

50 milliseconds

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.751 #define MS_500 500

500 milliseconds

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_playsound.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.1.2.752 #define MS_6 6

6 milliseconds

8.1.2.753 #define MS_60 60

60 milliseconds

8.1.2.754 #define MS_600 600

600 milliseconds

8.1.2.755 #define MS_7 7

7 milliseconds

8.1.2.756 #define MS_70 70

70 milliseconds

8.1.2.757 #define MS_700 700

700 milliseconds

8.1.2.758 #define MS_8 8

8 milliseconds

8.1.2.759 #define MS_80 80

80 milliseconds

8.1.2.760 #define MS_800 800

800 milliseconds

8.1.2.761 #define MS_9 9

9 milliseconds

8.1.2.762 #define MS_90 90

90 milliseconds

8.1.2.763 #define MS_900 900

900 milliseconds

8.1.2.764 #define MS_ADDR_ACCLNX 0x02

MindSensors ACCL-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc, ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc, and ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

8.1.2.765 #define MS_ADDR_CMPSNX 0x02

MindSensors CMPS-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc.

8.1.2.766 #define MS_ADDR_DISTNX 0x02

MindSensors DIST-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc, ex_-

DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc, ex_-DISTNxModuleType.nxc, ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc, ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc, ex_MSADPAOff.nxc, and ex_MSADPAOn.nxc.

8.1.2.767 #define MS_ADDR_IVSENS 0x12

MindSensors IVSens (NXTPowerMeter) I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.1.2.768 #define MS_ADDR_LINELDR 0x02

MindSensors LineLdr I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.1.2.769 #define MS_ADDR_MTRMUX 0xB4

MindSensors MTRMux I2C address

8.1.2.770 #define MS_ADDR_NRLINK 0x02

MindSensors NRLink I2C address

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc, ex_NRLink2400.nxc, ex_NRLink4800.nxc, ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc, ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc, ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc, ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc, ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc, and ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

8.1.2.771 #define MS_ADDR_NXTCAM 0x02

MindSensors NXTCam I2C address

8.1.2.772 #define MS_ADDR_NXTHID 0x04

MindSensors NXTHID I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.1.2.773 #define MS_ADDR_NXTMMX 0x06

MindSensors NXTMMX I2C address

8.1.2.774 #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO 0xB0

MindSensors NXTServo I2C address

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc, and ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.1.2.775 #define MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO_EM 0x40

MindSensors NXTServo in edit macro mode I2C address

8.1.2.776 #define MS_ADDR_PFMATE 0x48

MindSensors PFMate I2C address

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.1.2.777 #define MS_ADDR_PSPNX 0x02

MindSensors PSP-Nx I2C address

Examples:

ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc, ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc, and ex_-ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc.

8.1.2.778 #define MS_ADDR_RTCLOCK 0xD0

MindSensors RTClock I2C address

8.1.2.779 #define MS_ADDR_RXMUX 0x7E

MindSensors RXMux I2C address

8.1.2.780 #define MS_CMD_ADPA_OFF 0x4F

Turn MindSensors ADPA mode off

8.1.2.781 #define MS_CMD_ADPA_ON 0x4E

Turn MindSensors ADPA mode on

8.1.2.782 #define MS_CMD_DEENERGIZED 0x44

De-energize the MindSensors device

8.1.2.783 #define MS_CMD_ENERGIZED 0x45

Energize the MindSensors device

8.1.2.784 #define NA 0xFFFF

The specified argument does not apply (aka unwired)

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, and ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc.

8.1.2.785 #define NO_ERR 0

Successful execution of the specified command

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc,

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc, ex_sysfileopenread.nxc, ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc, ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfileresize.nxc, ex_sysfileseek.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysiomapread.nxc, ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, and ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

8.1.2.786 #define NO_OF_BTNS 4

The number of NXT buttons.

8.1.2.787 #define NormalizedValueField 3

Normalized value field. Contains the current normalized analog sensor value. Read only.

8.1.2.788 #define NRLINK_CMD_2400 0x44

Set NRLink to 2400 baud

8.1.2.789 #define NRLINK_CMD_4800 0x48

Set NRLink to 4800 baud

8.1.2.790 #define NRLINK_CMD_FLUSH 0x46

Flush the NRLink

8.1.2.791 #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_LONG 0x4C

Set the NRLink to long range IR

8.1.2.792 #define NRLINK_CMD_IR_SHORT 0x53

Set the NRLink to short range IR

8.1.2.793 #define NRLINK_CMD_RUN_MACRO 0x52

Run an NRLink macro

8.1.2.794 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_PF 0x50

Set the NRLink to Power Function mode

8.1.2.795 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_RCX 0x58

Set the NRLink to RCX mode

8.1.2.796 #define NRLINK_CMD_SET_TRAIN 0x54

Set the NRLink to IR Train mode

8.1.2.797 #define NRLINK_CMD_TX_RAW 0x55

Set the NRLink to transmit raw bytes

8.1.2.798 #define NRLINK_REG_BYTES 0x40

The NRLink bytes register

8.1.2.799 #define NRLINK_REG_DATA 0x42

The NRLink data register

8.1.2.800 #define NRLINK_REG_EEPROM 0x50

The NRLink eeprom register

8.1.2.801 #define NULL 0

A constant representing NULL

8.1.2.802 #define NXTHID_CMD_ASCII 0x41

Use ASCII data mode. In ASCII mode no non-printable characters can be sent.

8.1.2.803 #define NXTHID_CMD_DIRECT 0x44

Use direct data mode In direct mode any character can be sent.

8.1.2.804 #define NXTHID_CMD_TRANSMIT 0x54

Transmit data to the host computer.

8.1.2.805 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_ALT 0x04

NXTHID left alt modifier.

8.1.2.806 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_CTRL 0x01

NXTHID left control modifier.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.1.2.807 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_GUI 0x08

NXTHID left gui modifier.

8.1.2.808 #define NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_SHIFT 0x02

NXTHID left shift modifier.

8.1.2.809 #define NXTHID_MOD_NONE 0x00

NXTHID no modifier.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.1.2.810 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_ALT 0x40

NXTHID right alt modifier.

8.1.2.811 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_CTRL 0x10

NXTHID right control modifier.

8.1.2.812 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_GUI 0x80

NXTHID right gui modifier.

8.1.2.813 #define NXTHID_MOD_RIGHT_SHIFT 0x20

NXTHID right shift modifier.

8.1.2.814 #define NXTHID_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTHID command register. See MindSensors NXTHID commands group.

8.1.2.815 #define NXTHID_REG_DATA 0x43

NXTHID data register.

8.1.2.816 #define NXTHID_REG_MODIFIER 0x42

NXTHID modifier register. See MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys group.

8.1.2.817 #define NXTLL_CMD_BLACK 0x42

Black calibration.

8.1.2.818 #define NXTLL_CMD_EUROPEAN 0x45

European power frequency. (50hz)

8.1.2.819 #define NXTLL_CMD_INVERT 0x49

Invert color.

8.1.2.820 #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERDOWN 0x44

Power down the device.

8.1.2.821 #define NXTLL_CMD_POWERUP 0x50

Power up the device.

8.1.2.822 #define NXTLL_CMD_RESET 0x52

Reset inversion.

8.1.2.823 #define NXTLL_CMD_SNAPSHOT 0x53

Setpoint based on snapshot (automatically sets invert if needed).

8.1.2.824 #define NXTLL_CMD_UNIVERSAL 0x55

Universal power frequency. The sensor auto adjusts for any frequency. This is the default mode.

8.1.2.825 #define NXTLL_CMD_USA 0x41

USA power frequency. (60hz)

8.1.2.826 #define NXTLL_CMD_WHITE 0x57

White balance calibration.

8.1.2.827 #define NXTLL_REG_AVERAGE 0x43

NXTLineLeader average result register.

8.1.2.828 #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKDATA 0x6C

NXTLineLeader black calibration data registers. 8 bytes.

8.1.2.829 #define NXTLL_REG_BLACKLIMITS 0x59

NXTLineLeader black limit registers. 8 bytes.

8.1.2.830 #define NXTLL_REG_CALIBRATED 0x49

NXTLineLeader calibrated sensor reading registers. 8 bytes.

8.1.2.831 #define NXTLL_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTLineLeader command register. See the MindSensors NXTLineLeader commands group.

8.1.2.832 #define NXTLL_REG_KD_FACTOR 0x63

NXTLineLeader Kd factor register. Default = 32.

8.1.2.833 #define NXTLL_REG_KD_VALUE 0x48

NXTLineLeader Kd value register. Default = 8.

8.1.2.834 #define NXTLL_REG_KI_FACTOR 0x62

NXTLineLeader Ki factor register. Default = 32.

8.1.2.835 #define NXTLL_REG_KI_VALUE 0x47

NXTLineLeader Ki value register. Default = 0.

8.1.2.836 #define NXTLL_REG_KP_FACTOR 0x61

NXTLineLeader Kp factor register. Default = 32.

8.1.2.837 #define NXTLL_REG_KP_VALUE 0x46

NXTLineLeader Kp value register. Default = 25.

8.1.2.838 #define NXTLL_REG_RAWVOLTAGE 0x74

NXTLineLeader uncalibrated sensor voltage registers. 16 bytes.

8.1.2.839 #define NXTLL_REG_RESULT 0x44

NXTLineLeader result register (sensor bit values).

8.1.2.840 #define NXTLL_REG_SETPOINT 0x45

NXTLineLeader user settable average (setpoint) register. Default = 45.

8.1.2.841 #define NXTLL_REG_STEERING 0x42

NXTLineLeader steering register.

8.1.2.842 #define NXTLL_REG_WHITEDATA 0x64

NXTLineLeader white calibration data registers. 8 bytes.

8.1.2.843 #define NXTLL_REG_WHITELIMITS 0x51

NXTLineLeader white limit registers. 8 bytes.

8.1.2.844 #define NXTPM_CMD_RESET 0x52

Reset counters.

8.1.2.845 #define NXTPM_REG_CAPACITY 0x46

NXTPowerMeter capacity used since last reset register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.846 #define NXTPM_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTPowerMeter command register. See the MindSensors NXTPowerMeter commands group.

8.1.2.847 #define NXTPM_REG_CURRENT 0x42

NXTPowerMeter present current in mA register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.848 #define NXTPM_REG_ERRORCOUNT 0x5F

NXTPowerMeter error count register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.849 #define NXTPM_REG_GAIN 0x5E

NXTPowerMeter gain register. (1 byte)

8.1.2.850 #define NXTPM_REG_MAXCURRENT 0x4E

NXTPowerMeter max current register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.851 #define NXTPM_REG_MAXVOLTAGE 0x52

NXTPowerMeter max voltage register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.852 #define NXTPM_REG_MINCURRENT 0x50

NXTPowerMeter min current register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.853 #define NXTPM_REG_MINVOLTAGE 0x54

NXTPowerMeter min voltage register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.854 #define NXTPM_REG_POWER 0x48

NXTPowerMeter present power register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.855 #define NXTPM_REG_TIME 0x56

NXTPowerMeter time register. (4 bytes)

8.1.2.856 #define NXTPM_REG_TOTALPOWER 0x4A

NXTPowerMeter total power consumed since last reset register. (4 bytes)

8.1.2.857 #define NXTPM_REG_USERGAIN 0x5A

NXTPowerMeter user gain register. Not yet implemented. (4 bytes)

8.1.2.858 #define NXTPM_REG_VOLTAGE 0x44

NXTPowerMeter present voltage in mV register. (2 bytes)

8.1.2.859 #define NXTSE_ZONE_FRONT 1

Obstacle zone front.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.1.2.860 #define NXTSE_ZONE_LEFT 2

Obstacle zone left.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.1.2.861 #define NXTSE_ZONE_NONE 0

Obstacle zone none.

8.1.2.862 #define NXTSE_ZONE_RIGHT 3

Obstacle zone right.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.1.2.863 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT1 0x45

Edit Macro (part 1 of 2 character command sequence)

8.1.2.864 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_EDIT2 0x4D

Edit Macro (part 2 of 2 character command sequence)

8.1.2.865 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_GOTO 0x47

Goto EEPROM position x. This command re-initializes the macro environment.

8.1.2.866 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_HALT 0x48

Halt Macro. This command re-initializes the macro environment.

8.1.2.867 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_INIT 0x49

Store the initial speed and position properties of the servo motor 'n'. Current speed and position values of the nth servo is read from the servo speed register and servo position register and written to permanent memory.

8.1.2.868 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_PAUSE 0x50

Pause Macro. This command will pause the macro, and save the environment for subsequent resumption.

8.1.2.869 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESET 0x53

Reset servo properties to factory default. Initial Position of servos to 1500, and speed to 0.

8.1.2.870 #define NXTSERVO_CMD_RESUME 0x52

Resume macro Execution. This command resumes macro where it was paused last, using the same environment.

8.1.2.871 #define NXTSERVO_EM_CMD_QUIT 0x51

Exit edit macro mode

8.1.2.872 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_CMD 0x00

NXTServo in macro edit mode command register.

8.1.2.873 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_END 0xFF

NXTServo in macro edit mode EEPROM end register.

8.1.2.874 #define NXTSERVO_EM_REG_EEPROM_START 0x21

NXTServo in macro edit mode EEPROM start register.

8.1.2.875 #define NXTSERVO_POS_CENTER 1500

Center position for 1500us servos.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.1.2.876 #define NXTSERVO_POS_MAX 2500

Maximum position for 1500us servos.

8.1.2.877 #define NXTSERVO_POS_MIN 500

Minimum position for 1500us servos.

8.1.2.878 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_CENTER 150

Center quick position for 1500us servos.

8.1.2.879 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MAX 250

Maximum quick position for 1500us servos.

8.1.2.880 #define NXTSERVO_QPOS_MIN 50

Minimum quick position for 1500us servos.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.1.2.881 #define NXTSERVO_REG_CMD 0x41

NXTServo command register. See MindSensors NXTServo commands group. (write only)

8.1.2.882 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_POS 0x42

NXTServo servo 1 position register.

8.1.2.883 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_QPOS 0x5A

NXTServo servo 1 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.884 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S1_SPEED 0x52

NXTServo servo 1 speed register.

8.1.2.885 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_POS 0x44

NXTServo servo 2 position register.

8.1.2.886 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_QPOS 0x5B

NXTServo servo 2 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.887 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S2_SPEED 0x53

NXTServo servo 2 speed register.

8.1.2.888 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_POS 0x46

NXTServo servo 3 position register.

8.1.2.889 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_QPOS 0x5C

NXTServo servo 3 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.890 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S3_SPEED 0x54

NXTServo servo 3 speed register.

8.1.2.891 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_POS 0x48

NXTServo servo 4 position register.

8.1.2.892 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_QPOS 0x5D

NXTServo servo 4 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.893 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S4_SPEED 0x55

NXTServo servo 4 speed register.

8.1.2.894 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_POS 0x4A

NXTServo servo 5 position register.

8.1.2.895 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_QPOS 0x5E

NXTServo servo 5 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.896 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S5_SPEED 0x56

NXTServo servo 5 speed register.

8.1.2.897 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_POS 0x4C

NXTServo servo 6 position register.

8.1.2.898 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_QPOS 0x5F

NXTServo servo 6 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.899 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S6_SPEED 0x57

NXTServo servo 6 speed register.

8.1.2.900 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_POS 0x4E

NXTServo servo 7 position register.

8.1.2.901 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_QPOS 0x60

NXTServo servo 7 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.902 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S7_SPEED 0x58

NXTServo servo 7 speed register.

8.1.2.903 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_POS 0x50

NXTServo servo 8 position register.

8.1.2.904 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_QPOS 0x61

NXTServo servo 8 quick position register. (write only)

8.1.2.905 #define NXTSERVO_REG_S8_SPEED 0x59

NXTServo servo 8 speed register.

8.1.2.906 #define NXTSERVO_REG_VOLTAGE 0x41

Battery voltage register. (read only)

8.1.2.907 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_1 0

NXTServo server number 1.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.1.2.908 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_2 1

NXTServo server number 2.

8.1.2.909 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_3 2

NXTServo server number 3.

8.1.2.910 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_4 3

NXTServo server number 4.

8.1.2.911 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_5 4

NXTServo server number 5.

8.1.2.912 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_6 5

NXTServo server number 6.

8.1.2.913 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_7 6

NXTServo server number 7.

8.1.2.914 #define NXTSERVO_SERVO_8 7

NXTServo server number 8.

8.1.2.915 #define OPARR_MAX 0x05

Calculate the maximum value of the elements in the numeric input array

Examples:

ex_ArrayOp.nxc.

8.1.2.916 #define OPARR_MEAN 0x01

Calculate the mean value for the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.917 #define OPARR_MIN 0x04

Calculate the minimum value of the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.918 #define OPARR_SORT 0x06

Sort the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.919 #define OPARR_STD 0x03

Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.920 #define OPARR_SUM 0x00

Calculate the sum of the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.921 #define OPARR_SUMSQR 0x02

Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in the numeric input array

8.1.2.922 #define OUT_A 0x00

Output port A

Examples:

ex_coast.nxc, ex_coastex.nxc, ex_float.nxc, ex_getoutput.nxc, ex_motoractualspeed.nxc, ex_motorblocktachocount.nxc, ex_motormode.nxc, ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_motoroverload.nxc, ex_motorpower.nxc, ex_motorregdvalue.nxc, ex_motorregivalue.nxc, ex_motorregpvalue.nxc, ex_motorregulation.nxc, ex_motorrotationcount.nxc, ex_motorrunstate.nxc, ex_motortachocount.nxc, ex_motortacholimit.nxc, ex_motorturnratio.nxc, ex_off.nxc, ex_offex.nxc, ex_onfwd.nxc, ex_onfwdex.nxc, ex_onfwdreg.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdregpid.nxc, ex_onrev.nxc, ex_onrevex.nxc, ex_onrevreg.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, ex_onrevregpid.nxc, ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_RemoteResetMotorPosition.nxc, ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc, ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc, ex_rotatemotor.nxc, ex_rotatemotorpid.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

8.1.2.923 #define OUT_AB 0x03

Output ports A and B

Examples:

ex_onfwdsync.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncpid.nxc, ex_onrevsync.nxc, ex_onrevsyncex.nxc, ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onrevsyncpid.nxc, ex_resetalltachocounts.nxc, ex_resetblocktachocount.nxc, ex_resetrotationcount.nxc, ex_resettachocount.nxc, ex_rotatemotorex.nxc, ex_rotatemotorexpid.nxc, and ex_setoutput.nxc.

8.1.2.924 #define OUT_ABC 0x06

Output ports A, B, and C

8.1.2.925 #define OUT_AC 0x04

Output ports A and C

8.1.2.926 #define OUT_B 0x01

Output port B

8.1.2.927 #define OUT_BC 0x05

Output ports B and C

8.1.2.928 #define OUT_C 0x02

Output port C

8.1.2.929 #define OUT_MODE_BRAKE 0x02

Uses electronic braking to outputs

8.1.2.930 #define OUT_MODE_COAST 0x00

No power and no braking so motors rotate freely.

8.1.2.931 #define OUT_MODE_MOTORON 0x01

Enables PWM power to the outputs given the power setting

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

8.1.2.932 #define OUT_MODE_REGMETHOD 0xF0

Mask for unimplemented regulation mode

8.1.2.933 #define OUT_MODE_REGULATED 0x04

Enables active power regulation using the regulation mode value

8.1.2.934 #define OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT 0x10

Option to have the firmware hold the motor when it reaches the tachometer limit

8.1.2.935 #define OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT 0x20

Option to have the firmware rampdown the motor power as it approaches the tachometer limit

8.1.2.936 #define OUT_REGMODE_IDLE 0

No motor regulation.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

8.1.2.937 #define OUT_REGMODE_POS 4

Regulate a motor's position.

8.1.2.938 #define OUT_REGMODE_SPEED 1

Regulate a motor's speed (aka power).

Examples:

ex_onfwdreg.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdregpid.nxc, ex_onrevreg.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, and ex_onrevregpid.nxc.

8.1.2.939 #define OUT_REGMODE_SYNC 2

Synchronize the rotation of two motors.

8.1.2.940 #define OUT_REGOPTION_NO_SATURATION 0x01

Do not limit intermediary regulation results

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.1.2.941 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_HOLD 0x60

Set motor run state to hold at the current position.

8.1.2.942 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE 0x00

Disable all power to motors.

8.1.2.943 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN 0x40

Enable ramping down from a current power to a new (lower) power over a specified TachoLimitField goal.

8.1.2.944 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP 0x10

Enable ramping up from a current power to a new (higher) power over a specified TachoLimitField goal.

8.1.2.945 #define OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING 0x20

Enable power to motors at the specified power level.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

8.1.2.946 #define OutputModeField 1

Mode field. Contains a combination of the output mode constants. Read/write. The OUT_MODE_MOTORON bit must be set in order for power to be applied to the motors. Add OUT_MODE_BRAKE to enable electronic braking. Braking means that the output voltage is not allowed to float between active PWM pulses. It improves the accuracy of motor output but uses more battery power. To use motor regulation include OUT_MODE_REGULATED in the OutputModeField value. Use UF_UPDATE_MODE with UpdateFlagsField to commit changes to this field.

8.1.2.947 #define OutputModuleID 0x00020001

The output module ID

8.1.2.948 #define OutputModuleName "Output.mod"

The output module name

8.1.2.949 #define OutputOffsetActualSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+21)

R - Holds the current motor speed (1 byte) sbyte

8.1.2.950 #define OutputOffsetBlockTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+4)

R - Holds current number of counts for the current output block (4 bytes) slong

8.1.2.951 #define OutputOffsetFlags(p) (((p)∗32)+18)

RW - Holds flags for which data should be updated (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.952 #define OutputOffsetMaxAccel(p) (((p)∗32)+31)

RW - holds the maximum acceleration for position regulation (1 byte) sbyte (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.953 #define OutputOffsetMaxSpeed(p) (((p)∗32)+30)

RW - holds the maximum speed for position regulation (1 byte) sbyte (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.954 #define OutputOffsetMode(p) (((p)∗32)+19)

RW - Holds motor mode: Run, Break, regulated, ... (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.955 #define OutputOffsetMotorRPM(p) (((p)∗32)+16)

Not updated, will be removed later !! (2 bytes) sword

8.1.2.956 #define OutputOffsetOptions(p) (((p)∗32)+29)

RW - holds extra motor options related to the tachometer limit (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.957 #define OutputOffsetOverloaded(p) (((p)∗32)+27)

R - True if the motor has been overloaded within speed control regulation (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.958 #define OutputOffsetRegDParameter(p) (((p)∗32)+24)

RW - Holds the D-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.959 #define OutputOffsetRegIParameter(p) (((p)*32)+23)

RW - Holds the I-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.960 #define OutputOffsetRegMode(p) (((p)*32)+26)

RW - Tells which regulation mode should be used (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.961 #define OutputOffsetRegPParameter(p) (((p)*32)+22)

RW - Holds the P-constant used in the regulation (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.962 #define OutputOffsetRegulationOptions 97

use for position regulation options (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.963 #define OutputOffsetRegulationTime 96

use for frequency of checking regulation mode (1 byte) ubyte (NBC/NXC)

8.1.2.964 #define OutputOffsetRotationCount(p) (((p)*32)+8)

R - Holds current number of counts for the rotation counter to the output (4 bytes) slong

8.1.2.965 #define OutputOffsetRunState(p) (((p)*32)+25)

RW - Holds the current motor run state in the output module (1 byte) ubyte

8.1.2.966 #define OutputOffsetSpeed(p) (((p)*32)+20)

RW - Holds the wanted speed (1 byte) sbyte

8.1.2.967 #define OutputOffsetSyncTurnParameter(p) (((p)*32)+28)

RW - Holds the turning parameter need within MoveBlock (1 byte) sbyte

8.1.2.968 #define OutputOffsetTachoCount(p) (((p)∗32)+0)

R - Holds current number of counts, since last reset, updated every 1 mS (4 bytes) slong

8.1.2.969 #define OutputOffsetTachoLimit(p) (((p)∗32)+12)

RW - Holds number of counts to travel, 0 => Run forever (4 bytes) ulong

8.1.2.970 #define OutputOptionsField 15

Options field. Contains a combination of the output options constants. Read/write. Set options for how the output module will act when a tachometer limit is reached. Option constants can be combined with bitwise OR. Use OUT_OPTION_HOLDATLIMIT to have the output module hold the motor when it reaches the tachometer limit. Use OUT_OPTION_RAMPDOWNTOLIMIT to have the output module ramp down the motor power as it approaches the tachometer limit.

8.1.2.971 #define OverloadField 9

Overload field. Contains a boolean value which is TRUE if the motor is overloaded. Read only. This field will have a value of 1 (true) if the firmware speed regulation cannot overcome a physical load on the motor. In other words, the motor is turning more slowly than expected. If the motor speed can be maintained in spite of loading then this field value is zero (false). In order to use this field the motor must have a non-idle RunStateField, an OutputModeField which includes OUT_MODE_MOTORON and OUT_MODE_REGULATED, and its RegModeField must be set to OUT_REGMODE_SPEED.

8.1.2.972 #define PF_CHANNEL_1 0

Power function channel 1

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFTrain.nxc.

8.1.2.973 #define PF_CHANNEL_2 1

Power function channel 2

8.1.2.974 #define PF_CHANNEL_3 2

Power function channel 3

8.1.2.975 #define PF_CHANNEL_4 3

Power function channel 4

8.1.2.976 #define PF_CMD_BRAKE 3

Power function command brake

8.1.2.977 #define PF_CMD_FLOAT 0

Power function command float (same as stop)

8.1.2.978 #define PF_CMD_FWD 1

Power function command forward

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, and ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.1.2.979 #define PF_CMD_REV 2

Power function command reverse

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.1.2.980 #define PF_CMD_STOP 0

Power function command stop

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, and ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc.

8.1.2.981 #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_CLEAR2 0

Power function CST clear 1 and clear 2

8.1.2.982 #define PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2 2

Power function CST clear 1 and set 2

8.1.2.983 #define PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM 5

Power function CST decrement PWM

8.1.2.984 #define PF_CST_FULL_FWD 6

Power function CST full forward

8.1.2.985 #define PF_CST_FULL_REV 7

Power function CST full reverse

8.1.2.986 #define PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM 4

Power function CST increment PWM

8.1.2.987 #define PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2 1

Power function CST set 1 and clear 2

8.1.2.988 #define PF_CST_SET1_SET2 3

Power function CST set 1 and set 2

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, and ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

8.1.2.989 #define PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR 8

Power function CST toggle direction

8.1.2.990 #define PF_FUNC_CLEAR 1

Power function single pin - clear

8.1.2.991 #define PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE 0

Power function single pin - no change

8.1.2.992 #define PF_FUNC_SET 2

Power function single pin - set

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

8.1.2.993 #define PF_FUNC_TOGGLE 3

Power function single pin - toggle

8.1.2.994 #define PF_MODE_COMBO_DIRECT 1

Power function mode combo direct

8.1.2.995 #define PF_MODE_COMBO_PWM 4

Power function mode combo pulse width modulation (PWM)

8.1.2.996 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_CST 6

Power function mode single output clear, set, toggle (CST)

8.1.2.997 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_OUTPUT_PWM 4

Power function mode single output pulse width modulation (PWM)

8.1.2.998 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_CONT 2

Power function mode single pin continuous

8.1.2.999 #define PF_MODE_SINGLE_PIN_TIME 3

Power function mode single pin timed

8.1.2.1000 #define PF_MODE_TRAIN 0

Power function mode IR Train

8.1.2.1001 #define PF_OUT_A 0

Power function output A

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

8.1.2.1002 #define PF_OUT_B 1

Power function output B

8.1.2.1003 #define PF_PIN_C1 0

Power function pin C1

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, and ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

8.1.2.1004 #define PF_PIN_C2 1

Power function pin C2

8.1.2.1005 #define PF_PWM_BRAKE 8

Power function PWM brake

8.1.2.1006 #define PF_PWM_FLOAT 0

Power function PWM float

8.1.2.1007 #define PF_PWM_FWD1 1

Power function PWM foward level 1

8.1.2.1008 #define PF_PWM_FWD2 2

Power function PWM foward level 2

8.1.2.1009 #define PF_PWM_FWD3 3

Power function PWM foward level 3

8.1.2.1010 #define PF_PWM_FWD4 4

Power function PWM foward level 4

8.1.2.1011 #define PF_PWM_FWD5 5

Power function PWM foward level 5

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

8.1.2.1012 #define PF_PWM_FWD6 6

Power function PWM foward level 6

8.1.2.1013 #define PF_PWM_FWD7 7

Power function PWM foward level 7

8.1.2.1014 #define PF_PWM_REV1 15

Power function PWM reverse level 1

8.1.2.1015 #define PF_PWM_REV2 14

Power function PWM reverse level 2

8.1.2.1016 #define PF_PWM_REV3 13

Power function PWM reverse level 3

8.1.2.1017 #define PF_PWM_REV4 12

Power function PWM reverse level 4

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, and ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc.

8.1.2.1018 #define PF_PWM_REV5 11

Power function PWM reverse level 5

8.1.2.1019 #define PF_PWM_REV6 10

Power function PWM reverse level 6

8.1.2.1020 #define PF_PWM_REV7 9

Power function PWM reverse level 7

8.1.2.1021 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_1 1

Power function channel 1

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.1.2.1022 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_2 2

Power function channel 2

8.1.2.1023 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_3 3

Power function channel 3

8.1.2.1024 #define PFMATE_CHANNEL_4 4

Power function channel 4

8.1.2.1025 #define PFMATE_CMD_GO 0x47

Send IR signal to IR receiver

8.1.2.1026 #define PFMATE_CMD_RAW 0x52

Send raw IR signal to IR receiver

8.1.2.1027 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_A 0x01

Control only motor A

8.1.2.1028 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_B 0x02

Control only motor B

8.1.2.1029 #define PFMATE_MOTORS_BOTH 0x00

Control both motors

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.1.2.1030 #define PFMATE_REG_A_CMD 0x44

PF command for motor A? (PF_CMD_FLOAT, PF_CMD_FWD, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_BRAKE)

8.1.2.1031 #define PFMATE_REG_A_SPEED 0x45

PF speed for motor A? (0-7)

8.1.2.1032 #define PFMATE_REG_B_CMD 0x46

PF command for motor B? (PF_CMD_FLOAT, PF_CMD_FWD, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_BRAKE)

8.1.2.1033 #define PFMATE_REG_B_SPEED 0x47

PF speed for motor B? (0-7)

8.1.2.1034 #define PFMATE_REG_CHANNEL 0x42

PF channel? 1, 2, 3, or 4

8.1.2.1035 #define PFMATE_REG_CMD 0x41

PFMate command

8.1.2.1036 #define PFMATE_REG_MOTORS 0x43

PF motors? (0 = both, 1 = A, 2 = B)

8.1.2.1037 #define PI 3.141593

A constant for PI

Examples:

ex_dispfnout.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.1.2.1038 #define PID_0 0

PID zero

8.1.2.1039 #define PID_1 32

PID one

8.1.2.1040 #define PID_2 64

PID two

8.1.2.1041 #define PID_3 96

PID three

8.1.2.1042 #define PID_4 128

PID four

8.1.2.1043 #define PID_5 160

PID five

8.1.2.1044 #define PID_6 192

PID six

8.1.2.1045 #define PID_7 224

PID seven

8.1.2.1046 #define POOL_MAX_SIZE 32768

Maximum size of memory pool, in bytes

8.1.2.1047 #define PowerField 2

Power field. Contains the desired power level (-100 to 100). Read/write. Specify the power level of the output. The absolute value of PowerField is a percentage of the full power of the motor. The sign of PowerField controls the rotation direction. Positive values tell the firmware to turn the motor forward, while negative values turn the motor backward. Use UF_UPDATE_SPEED with UpdateFlagsField to commit changes to this field.

8.1.2.1048 #define PROG_ABORT 4

Program has been aborted

8.1.2.1049 #define PROG_ERROR 3

A program error has occurred

8.1.2.1050 #define PROG_IDLE 0

Program state is idle

8.1.2.1051 #define PROG_OK 1

Program state is okay

8.1.2.1052 #define PROG_RESET 5

Program has been reset

8.1.2.1053 #define PROG_RUNNING 2

Program is running

8.1.2.1054 #define PSP_BTNSET1_DOWN 0x02

The PSP-Nx button set 1 down arrow

8.1.2.1055 #define PSP_BTNSET1_L3 0x40

The PSP-Nx button set 1 L3

8.1.2.1056 #define PSP_BTNSET1_LEFT 0x01

The PSP-Nx button set 1 left arrow

8.1.2.1057 #define PSP_BTNSET1_R3 0x20

The PSP-Nx button set 1 R3

8.1.2.1058 #define PSP_BTNSET1_RIGHT 0x04

The PSP-Nx button set 1 right arrow

8.1.2.1059 #define PSP_BTNSET1_UP 0x08

The PSP-Nx button set 1 up arrow

8.1.2.1060 #define PSP_BTNSET2_CIRCLE 0x04

The PSP-Nx button set 2 circle

8.1.2.1061 #define PSP_BTNSET2_CROSS 0x02

The PSP-Nx button set 2 cross

8.1.2.1062 #define PSP_BTNSET2_L1 0x20

The PSP-Nx button set 2 L1

8.1.2.1063 #define PSP_BTNSET2_L2 0x80

The PSP-Nx button set 2 L2

8.1.2.1064 #define PSP_BTNSET2_R1 0x10

The PSP-Nx button set 2 R1

8.1.2.1065 #define PSP_BTNSET2_R2 0x40

The PSP-Nx button set 2 R2

8.1.2.1066 #define PSP_BTNSET2_SQUARE 0x01

The PSP-Nx button set 2 square

8.1.2.1067 #define PSP_BTNSET2_TRIANGLE 0x08

The PSP-Nx button set 2 triangle

8.1.2.1068 #define PSP_CMD_ANALOG 0x73

Set the PSP-Nx to analog mode

8.1.2.1069 #define PSP_CMD_DIGITAL 0x41

Set the PSP-Nx to digital mode

8.1.2.1070 #define PSP_REG_BTNSET1 0x42

The PSP-Nx button set 1 register

8.1.2.1071 #define PSP_REG_BTNSET2 0x43

The PSP-Nx button set 2 register

8.1.2.1072 #define PSP_REG_XLEFT 0x44

The PSP-Nx X left register

8.1.2.1073 #define PSP_REG_XRIGHT 0x46

The PSP-Nx X right register

8.1.2.1074 #define PSP_REG_YLEFT 0x45

The PSP-Nx Y left register

8.1.2.1075 #define PSP_REG_YRIGHT 0x47

The PSP-Nx Y right register

8.1.2.1076 #define RADIANS_PER_DEGREE PI/180

Used for converting from degrees to radians

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

8.1.2.1077 #define RAND_MAX 32768

The maximum unsigned int random number returned by rand

8.1.2.1078 #define RandomNumber 24

Generate a random number

8.1.2.1079 #define RawValueField 2

Raw value field. Contains the current raw analog sensor value. Read only.

8.1.2.1080 #define RC_PROP_BTONOFF 0x0

Set/get whether bluetooth is on or off

8.1.2.1081 #define RC_PROP_DEBUGGING 0xF

Set/get enhanced firmware debugging information

8.1.2.1082 #define RC_PROP_SLEEP_TIMEOUT 0x2

Set/get the NXT sleep timeout value (times 60000)

8.1.2.1083 #define RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL 0x1

Set/get the NXT sound level

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc, and ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc.

8.1.2.1084 #define RCX_AbsVarOp 0x74

Absolute value function

8.1.2.1085 #define RCX_AndVarOp 0x84

AND function

8.1.2.1086 #define RCX_AutoOffOp 0xb1

Set auto off timer

8.1.2.1087 #define RCX_BatteryLevelOp 0x30

Read the battery level

8.1.2.1088 #define RCX_BatteryLevelSrc 34

The RCX battery level source

8.1.2.1089 #define RCX_BootModeOp 0x65

Set into book mode

8.1.2.1090 #define RCX_CalibrateEventOp 0x04

Calibrate event

8.1.2.1091 #define RCX_ClearAllEventsOp 0x06

Clear all events

8.1.2.1092 #define RCX_ClearCounterOp 0xb7

Clear a counter

8.1.2.1093 #define RCX_ClearMsgOp 0x90

Clear message

8.1.2.1094 #define RCX_ClearSensorOp 0xd1

Clear a sensor

8.1.2.1095 #define RCX_ClearSoundOp 0x80

Clear sound

8.1.2.1096 #define RCX_ClearTimerOp 0xa1

Clear a timer

8.1.2.1097 #define RCX_ClickCounterSrc 27

The RCX event click counter source

8.1.2.1098 #define RCX_ConstantSrc 2

The RCX constant value source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEvent.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetEvent.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_HTScoutSendVLL.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc, ex_MSRCXAndVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXDivVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXEvent.nxc, ex_MSRCXOrVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetEvent.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_MSScoutSendVLL.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetCounterLimit.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetTimerLimit.nxc.

8.1.2.1099 #define RCX_CounterSrc 21

The RCX counter source

8.1.2.1100 #define RCX_DatalogOp 0x62

Datalog the specified source/value

8.1.2.1101 #define RCX_DatalogRawDirectSrc 42

The RCX direct datalog raw source

8.1.2.1102 #define RCX_DatalogRawIndirectSrc 41

The RCX indirect datalog raw source

8.1.2.1103 #define RCX_DatalogSrcDirectSrc 38

The RCX direct datalog source source

8.1.2.1104 #define RCX_DatalogSrcIndirectSrc 37

The RCX indirect datalog source source

8.1.2.1105 #define RCX_DatalogValueDirectSrc 40

The RCX direct datalog value source

8.1.2.1106 #define RCX_DatalogValueIndirectSrc 39

The RCX indirect datalog value source

8.1.2.1107 #define RCX_DecCounterOp 0xa7

Decrement a counter

8.1.2.1108 #define RCX_DeleteSubOp 0xc1

Delete a subroutine

8.1.2.1109 #define RCX_DeleteSubsOp 0x70

Delete subroutines

8.1.2.1110 #define RCX_DeleteTaskOp 0x61

Delete a task

8.1.2.1111 #define RCX_DeleteTasksOp 0x40

Delete tasks

8.1.2.1112 #define RCX_DirectEventOp 0x03

Fire an event

8.1.2.1113 #define RCX_DisplayOp 0x33

Set LCD display value

8.1.2.1114 #define RCX_DivVarOp 0x44

Divide function

8.1.2.1115 #define RCX_DurationSrc 31

The RCX event duration source

8.1.2.1116 #define RCX_EventStateSrc 25

The RCX event static source

8.1.2.1117 #define RCX_FirmwareVersionSrc 35

The RCX firmware version source

8.1.2.1118 #define RCX_GlobalMotorStatusSrc 17

The RCX global motor status source

8.1.2.1119 #define RCX_GOutputDirOp 0x77

Set global motor direction

8.1.2.1120 #define RCX_GOutputModeOp 0x67

Set global motor mode

8.1.2.1121 #define RCX_GOutputPowerOp 0xa3

Set global motor power levels

8.1.2.1122 #define RCX_HysteresisSrc 30

The RCX event hysteresis source

8.1.2.1123 #define RCX_IncCounterOp 0x97

Increment a counter

8.1.2.1124 #define RCX_IndirectVarSrc 36

The RCX indirect variable source

8.1.2.1125 #define RCX_InputBooleanSrc 13

The RCX input boolean source

8.1.2.1126 #define RCX_InputModeOp 0x42

Set the input mode

8.1.2.1127 #define RCX_InputModeSrc 11

The RCX input mode source

8.1.2.1128 #define RCX_InputRawSrc 12

The RCX input raw source

8.1.2.1129 #define RCX_InputTypeOp 0x32

Set the input type

8.1.2.1130 #define RCX_InputTypeSrc 10

The RCX input type source

8.1.2.1131 #define RCX_InputValueSrc 9

The RCX input value source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc.

8.1.2.1132 #define RCX_IRModeOp 0x31

Set the IR transmit mode

8.1.2.1133 #define RCX_LightOp 0x87

Light opcode

8.1.2.1134 #define RCX_LowerThresholdSrc 29

The RCX event lower threshold source

8.1.2.1135 #define RCX_LSBlinkTimeOp 0xe3

Set the light sensor blink time

8.1.2.1136 #define RCX_LSCalibrateOp 0xc0

Calibrate the light sensor

8.1.2.1137 #define RCX_LSHysteresisOp 0xd3

Set the light sensor hysteresis

8.1.2.1138 #define RCX_LSLowerThreshOp 0xc3

Set the light sensor lower threshold

8.1.2.1139 #define RCX_LSUpperThreshOp 0xb3

Set the light sensor upper threshold

8.1.2.1140 #define RCX_MessageOp 0xf7

Set message

8.1.2.1141 #define RCX_MessageSrc 15

The RCX message source

8.1.2.1142 #define RCX_MulVarOp 0x54

Multiply function

8.1.2.1143 #define RCX_MuteSoundOp 0xd0

Mute sound

8.1.2.1144 #define RCX_OnOffFloatOp 0x21

Control motor state - on, off, float

8.1.2.1145 #define RCX_OrVarOp 0x94

OR function

8.1.2.1146 #define RCX_OUT_A 0x01

RCX Output A

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDisableOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXEnableOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXFloat.nxc, ex_HTRCXFwd.nxc, ex_HTRCXInvertOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXObvertOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXOff.nxc, ex_HTRCXOn.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnFor.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnFwd.nxc, ex_HTRCXOnRev.nxc, ex_HTRCXRev.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, ex_HTRCXToggle.nxc, ex_MSRCXDisableOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXEnableOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXFloat.nxc, ex_MSRCXFwd.nxc, ex_MSRCXInvertOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXObvertOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXOff.nxc, ex_MSRCXOn.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnFor.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnFwd.nxc, ex_MSRCXOnRev.nxc, ex_MSRCXRev.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc, and ex_MSRCXToggle.nxc.

8.1.2.1147 #define RCX_OUT_AB 0x03

RCX Outputs A and B

8.1.2.1148 #define RCX_OUT_ABC 0x07

RCX Outputs A, B, and C

8.1.2.1149 #define RCX_OUT_AC 0x05

RCX Outputs A and C

8.1.2.1150 #define RCX_OUT_B 0x02

RCX Output B

8.1.2.1151 #define RCX_OUT_BC 0x06

RCX Outputs B and C

8.1.2.1152 #define RCX_OUT_C 0x04

RCX Output C

8.1.2.1153 #define RCX_OUT_FLOAT 0

Set RCX output to float

8.1.2.1154 #define RCX_OUT_FULL 7

Set RCX output power level to full

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc.

8.1.2.1155 #define RCX_OUT_FWD 0x80

Set RCX output direction to forward

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

8.1.2.1156 #define RCX_OUT_HALF 3

Set RCX output power level to half

8.1.2.1157 #define RCX_OUT_LOW 0

Set RCX output power level to low

8.1.2.1158 #define RCX_OUT_OFF 0x40

Set RCX output to off

8.1.2.1159 #define RCX_OUT_ON 0x80

Set RCX output to on

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc.

8.1.2.1160 #define RCX_OUT_REV 0

Set RCX output direction to reverse

8.1.2.1161 #define RCX_OUT_TOGGLE 0x40

Set RCX output direction to toggle

8.1.2.1162 #define RCX_OutputDirOp 0xe1

Set the motor direction

8.1.2.1163 #define RCX_OutputPowerOp 0x13

Set the motor power level

8.1.2.1164 #define RCX_OutputStatusSrc 3

The RCX output status source

8.1.2.1165 #define RCX_PBTurnOffOp 0x60

Turn off the brick

8.1.2.1166 #define RCX_PingOp 0x10

Ping the brick

8.1.2.1167 #define RCX_PlaySoundOp 0x51

Play a sound

8.1.2.1168 #define RCX_PlayToneOp 0x23

Play a tone

8.1.2.1169 #define RCX_PlayToneVarOp 0x02

Play a tone using a variable

8.1.2.1170 #define RCX_PollMemoryOp 0x63

Poll a memory location

8.1.2.1171 #define RCX_PollOp 0x12

Poll a source/value combination

8.1.2.1172 #define RCX_ProgramSlotSrc 8

The RCX program slot source

8.1.2.1173 #define RCX_RandomSrc 4

The RCX random number source

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSet.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSubVar.nxc.

8.1.2.1174 #define RCX_RemoteKeysReleased 0x0000

All remote keys have been released

8.1.2.1175 #define RCX_RemoteOp 0xd2

Execute simulated remote control buttons

8.1.2.1176 #define RCX_RemoteOutABackward 0x4000

Set output A backward

8.1.2.1177 #define RCX_RemoteOutAForward 0x0800

Set output A forward

8.1.2.1178 #define RCX_RemoteOutBBackward 0x8000

Set output B backward

8.1.2.1179 #define RCX_RemoteOutBForward 0x1000

Set output B forward

8.1.2.1180 #define RCX_RemoteOutCBackward 0x0001

Set output C backward

8.1.2.1181 #define RCX_RemoteOutCForward 0x2000

Set output C forward

8.1.2.1182 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage1 0x0100

Send PB message 1

8.1.2.1183 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage2 0x0200

Send PB message 2

8.1.2.1184 #define RCX_RemotePBMessage3 0x0400

Send PB message 3

8.1.2.1185 #define RCX_RemotePlayASound 0x0080

Play a sound

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRemote.nxc, and ex_MSRCXRemote.nxc.

8.1.2.1186 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram1 0x0002

Select program 1

8.1.2.1187 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram2 0x0004

Select program 2

8.1.2.1188 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram3 0x0008

Select program 3

8.1.2.1189 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram4 0x0010

Select program 4

8.1.2.1190 #define RCX_RemoteSelProgram5 0x0020

Select program 5

8.1.2.1191 #define RCX_RemoteStopOutOff 0x0040

Stop and turn off outputs

8.1.2.1192 #define RCX_ScoutCounterLimitSrc 22

The Scout counter limit source

8.1.2.1193 #define RCX_ScoutEventFBSrc 24

The Scout event feedback source

8.1.2.1194 #define RCX_ScoutLightParamsSrc 19

The Scout light parameters source

8.1.2.1195 #define RCX_ScoutOp 0x47

Scout opcode

8.1.2.1196 #define RCX_ScoutRulesOp 0xd5

Set Scout rules

8.1.2.1197 #define RCX_ScoutRulesSrc 18

The Scout rules source

8.1.2.1198 #define RCX_ScoutTimerLimitSrc 20

The Scout timer limit source

8.1.2.1199 #define RCX_SelectProgramOp 0x91

Select a program slot

8.1.2.1200 #define RCX_SendUARTDataOp 0xc2

Send data via IR using UART settings

8.1.2.1201 #define RCX_SetCounterOp 0xd4

Set counter value

8.1.2.1202 #define RCX_SetDatalogOp 0x52

Set the datalog size

8.1.2.1203 #define RCX_SetEventOp 0x93

Set an event

8.1.2.1204 #define RCX_SetFeedbackOp 0x83

Set Scout feedback

8.1.2.1205 #define RCX_SetPriorityOp 0xd7

Set task priority

8.1.2.1206 #define RCX_SetSourceValueOp 0x05

Set a source/value

8.1.2.1207 #define RCX_SetTimerLimitOp 0xc4

Set timer limit

8.1.2.1208 #define RCX_SetVarOp 0x14

Set function

8.1.2.1209 #define RCX_SetWatchOp 0x22

Set the watch source/value

8.1.2.1210 #define RCX_SgnVarOp 0x64

Sign function

8.1.2.1211 #define RCX_SoundOp 0x57

Sound opcode

8.1.2.1212 #define RCX_StartTaskOp 0x71

Start a task

8.1.2.1213 #define RCX_StopAllTasksOp 0x50

Stop all tasks

8.1.2.1214 #define RCX_StopTaskOp 0x81

Stop a task

8.1.2.1215 #define RCX_SubVarOp 0x34

Subtract function

8.1.2.1216 #define RCX_SumVarOp 0x24

Sum function

8.1.2.1217 #define RCX_TaskEventsSrc 23

The RCX task events source

8.1.2.1218 #define RCX_TenMSTimerSrc 26

The RCX 10ms timer source

8.1.2.1219 #define RCX_TimerSrc 1

The RCX timer source

8.1.2.1220 #define RCX_UARTSetupSrc 33

The RCX UART setup source

8.1.2.1221 #define RCX_UnlockFirmOp 0xa5

Unlock the firmware

8.1.2.1222 #define RCX_UnlockOp 0x15

Unlock the brick

8.1.2.1223 #define RCX_UnmuteSoundOp 0xe0

Unmute sound

8.1.2.1224 #define RCX_UploadDatalogOp 0xa4

Upload datalog contents

8.1.2.1225 #define RCX_UpperThresholdSrc 28

The RCX event upper threshold source

8.1.2.1226 #define RCX_VariableSrc 0

The RCX variable source

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPoll.nxc, ex_HTRCXSelectDisplay.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc, ex_HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc, ex_MSRCXAbsVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXMulVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXPoll.nxc, ex_MSRCXSelectDisplay.nxc, ex_MSRCXSet.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetUserDisplay.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetVar.nxc, ex_MSRCXSgnVar.nxc, ex_MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

8.1.2.1227 #define RCX_ViewSourceValOp 0xe5

View a source/value

8.1.2.1228 #define RCX_VLLOp 0xe2

Send visual light link (VLL) data

8.1.2.1229 #define RCX_WatchSrc 14

The RCX watch source

8.1.2.1230 #define ReadButton 20

Read the current button state

8.1.2.1231 #define ReadLastResponse 97

Read the last response packet received by the NXT. Optionally clear the value after reading it.

8.1.2.1232 #define ReadSemData 40

Read motor semaphore data

8.1.2.1233 #define RegDValueField 12

Derivative field. Contains the derivative constant for the PID motor controller. Read/write. This field specifies the derivative term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

8.1.2.1234 #define RegIValueField 11

Integral field. Contains the integral constant for the PID motor controller. Read/write. This field specifies the integral term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

8.1.2.1235 #define RegModeField 8

Regulation mode field. Contains one of the regulation mode constants. Read/write. This field specifies the regulation mode to use with the specified port(s). It is ignored if the OUT_MODE_REGULATED bit is not set in the OutputModeField field. Unlike OutputModeField, RegModeField is not a bitfield. Only one regulation mode value can be set at a time. Speed regulation means that the firmware tries to maintain a certain speed based on the PowerField setting. The firmware adjusts the PWM duty cycle if the motor is affected by a physical load. This adjustment is reflected by the value of the ActualSpeedField property. When using speed regulation, do not set PowerField to its maximum value since the firmware cannot adjust to higher power levels in that situation. Synchronization means the firmware tries to keep two motors in sync regardless of physical loads. Use this mode to maintain a straight path for a mobile robot automatically. Also use this mode with the TurnRatioField property to provide proportional turning. Set OUT_REGMODE_SYNC on at least two motor ports in order

for synchronization to function. Setting OUT_REGMODE_SYNC on all three motor ports will result in only the first two (OUT_A and OUT_B) being synchronized.

8.1.2.1236 #define RegPValueField 10

Proportional field. Contains the proportional constant for the PID motor controller. Read/write. This field specifies the proportional term used in the internal proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithm. Set UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES to commit changes to RegPValue, RegIValue, and RegDValue simultaneously.

8.1.2.1237 #define RESET_ALL 0x68

Reset all three tachometer counters

8.1.2.1238 #define RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20

Reset the NXT-G block tachometer counter

8.1.2.1239 #define RESET_BLOCKANDTACHO 0x28

Reset both the internal counter and the NXT-G block counter

8.1.2.1240 #define RESET_COUNT 0x08

Reset the internal tachometer counter

8.1.2.1241 #define RESET_NONE 0x00

No counters will be reset

Examples:

ex_coastex.nxc, ex_offex.nxc, ex_onfwdex.nxc, ex_onfwdregex.nxc, ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc, ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc, ex_onrevex.nxc, ex_onrevregex.nxc, ex_onrevregexpid.nxc, ex_onrevsyncex.nxc, and ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc.

8.1.2.1242 #define RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40

Reset the rotation counter

8.1.2.1243 #define RFID_MODE_CONTINUOUS 2

Configure the RFID device for continuous reading

Examples:

ex_RFIDMode.nxc.

8.1.2.1244 #define RFID_MODE_SINGLE 1

Configure the RFID device for a single reading

8.1.2.1245 #define RFID_MODE_STOP 0

Stop the RFID device

8.1.2.1246 #define RICArg(_arg) ((_arg)|0x1000)

Output an RIC parameterized argument.

Parameters:

_arg The argument that you want to parameterize.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

8.1.2.1247 #define RICImgPoint(_X, _Y) (_X)&0xFF, (_X)>>8, (_Y)&0xFF, (_Y)>>8

Output an RIC ImgPoint structure.

Parameters:

_X The X coordinate.

_Y The Y coordinate.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.1.2.1248 #define RICImgRect(_Pt, _W, _H) _Pt, (_W)&0xFF, (_W)>>8, (_H)&0xFF, (_H)>>8

Output an RIC ImgRect structure.

Parameters:

_Pt An ImgPoint. See RICImgPoint.

_W The rectangle width.

_H The rectangle height.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.1.2.1249 #define RICMapArg(_mapidx, _arg) ((_arg)|0x1000|(((_mapidx)&0xF)<<8))

Output an RIC parameterized and mapped argument.

Parameters:

_mapidx The varmap data address.

_arg The parameterized argument you want to pass through a varmap.

8.1.2.1250 #define RICMapElement(_Domain, _Range) (_Domain)&0xFF, (_Domain)>>8, (_Range)&0xFF, (_Range)>>8

Output an RIC map element.

Parameters:

_Domain The map element domain.

_Range The map element range.

8.1.2.1251 #define RICMapFunction(_MapElement, ...) _MapElement, __VA_ARGS__

Output an RIC VarMap function.

Parameters:

_MapElement An entry in the varmap function. At least 2 elements are required. See RICMapElement.

8.1.2.1252 #define RICOpCircle(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Radius) 10, 0, 7, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Radius)&0xFF, (_Radius)>>8

Output an RIC Circle opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Circle copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The circle's center point. See RICImgPoint.

_Radius The circle's radius.

8.1.2.1253 #define RICOpCopyBits(_CopyOptions, _DataAddr, _SrcRect, _DstPoint) 18, 0, 3, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, _SrcRect, _DstPoint

Output an RIC CopyBits opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions CopyBits copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_DataAddr The address of the sprite from which to copy data.

_SrcRect The rectangular portion of the sprite to copy. See RICImgRect.

_DstPoint The LCD coordinate to which to copy the data. See RICImgPoint.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.1.2.1254 #define RICOpDescription(_Options, _Width, _Height) 8, 0, 0, 0, (_Options)&0xFF, (_Options)>>8, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

Output an RIC Description opcode.

Parameters:

_Options RIC options.

_Width The total RIC width.

_Height The total RIC height.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

8.1.2.1255 #define RICOpEllipse(_CopyOptions, _Point, _RadiusX, _RadiusY) 12, 0, 9, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_RadiusX)&0xFF, (_RadiusX)>>8, (_RadiusY)&0xFF, (_RadiusY)>>8

Output an RIC Ellipse opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Ellipse copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The center of the ellipse. See RICImgPoint.

_RadiusX The x-axis radius of the ellipse.

_RadiusY The y-axis radius of the ellipse.

8.1.2.1256 #define RICOpLine(_CopyOptions, _Point1, _Point2) 12, 0, 5, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point1, _Point2

Output an RIC Line opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Line copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point1 The starting point of the line. See RICImgPoint.

_Point2 The ending point of the line. See RICImgPoint.

8.1.2.1257 #define RICOpNumBox(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 8, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

Output an RIC NumBox opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions NumBox copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The numbox bottom left corner. See RICImgPoint.

_Value The number to draw.

8.1.2.1258 #define RICOpPixel(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Value) 10, 0, 4, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Value)&0xFF, (_Value)>>8

Output an RIC Pixel opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Pixel copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The pixel coordinate. See RICImgPoint.

_Value The pixel value (unused).

8.1.2.1259 #define RICOpPolygon(_CopyOptions, _Count, _ThePoints) ((_Count∗4)+6)&0xFF, ((_Count∗4)+6)>>8, 10, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, (_Count)&0xFF, (_Count)>>8, _ThePoints

Output an RIC Polygon opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Polygon copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Count The number of points in the polygon.

_ThePoints The list of polygon points. See RICPolygonPoints.

8.1.2.1260 #define RICOpRect(_CopyOptions, _Point, _Width, _Height) 12, 0, 6, 0, (_CopyOptions)&0xFF, (_CopyOptions)>>8, _Point, (_Width)&0xFF, (_Width)>>8, (_Height)&0xFF, (_Height)>>8

Output an RIC Rect opcode.

Parameters:

_CopyOptions Rect copy options. See Drawing option constants.

_Point The rectangle's top left corner. See RICImgPoint.

_Width The rectangle's width.

_Height The rectangle's height.

8.1.2.1261 #define RICOpSprite(_DataAddr, _Rows, _BytesPerRow, _SpriteData) ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)&0xFF, ((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)+((_Rows*_BytesPerRow)%2)+8)>>8, 1, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_Rows)&0xFF, (_Rows)>>8, (_BytesPerRow)&0xFF, (_BytesPerRow)>>8, _SpriteData

Output an RIC Sprite opcode.

Parameters:

_DataAddr The address of the sprite.

_Rows The number of rows of data.

_BytesPerRow The number of bytes per row.

_SpriteData The actual sprite data. See RICSpriteData.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.1.2.1262 #define RICOpVarMap(_DataAddr, _MapCount, _MapFunction) ((_MapCount*4)+6)&0xFF, ((_MapCount*4)+6)>>8, 2, 0, (_DataAddr)&0xFF, (_DataAddr)>>8, (_MapCount)&0xFF, (_MapCount)>>8, _MapFunction

Output an RIC VarMap opcode.

Parameters:

_DataAddr The address of the varmap.

_MapCount The number of points in the function.

_MapFunction The definition of the varmap function. See RICMapFunction.

8.1.2.1263 #define RICPolygonPoints(_pPoint1, _pPoint2, ...) _pPoint1, _pPoint2, __VA_ARGS__

Output RIC polygon points.

Parameters:

_pPoint1 The first polygon point. See RICImgPoint.

_pPoint2 The second polygon point (at least 3 points are required). See RICImgPoint.

8.1.2.1264 #define RICSpriteData(...) __VA_ARGS__

Output RIC sprite data.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgaoutex.nxc, and ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.1.2.1265 #define ROTATE_QUEUE 5

VM should rotate queue

8.1.2.1266 #define RotationCountField 14

Rotation counter field. Contains the current rotation count. Read only. Return the program-relative position counter value for the specified port. Refer to the UpdateFlagsField description for information about how to use program-relative position counts. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField

to request that the firmware reset the RotationCountField. The sign of RotationCountField indicates the direction of rotation. Positive values indicate forward rotation and negative values indicate reverse rotation. Forward and reverse depend on the orientation of the motor.

8.1.2.1267 #define RunStateField 6

Run state field. Contains one of the run state constants. Read/write. Use this field to specify the running state of an output. Set the RunStateField to OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING to enable power to any output. Use OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPUP to enable automatic ramping to a new PowerField level greater than the current PowerField level. Use OUT_RUNSTATE_RAMPDOWN to enable automatic ramping to a new PowerField level less than the current PowerField level. Both the rampup and rampdown bits must be used in conjunction with appropriate TachoLimitField and PowerField values. In this case the firmware smoothly increases or decreases the actual power to the new PowerField level over the total number of degrees of rotation specified in TachoLimitField.

8.1.2.1268 #define SAMPLERATE_DEFAULT 8000

Default sample rate [sps]

8.1.2.1269 #define SAMPLERATE_MAX 16000

Max sample rate [sps]

8.1.2.1270 #define SAMPLERATE_MIN 2000

Min sample rate [sps]

8.1.2.1271 #define ScaledValueField 4

Scaled value field. Contains the current scaled analog sensor value. Read/write.

8.1.2.1272 #define SCHAR_MAX 127

The maximum value of the signed char type

8.1.2.1273 #define SCHAR_MIN -128

The minimum value of the signed char type

8.1.2.1274 #define SCOUT_FXR_ALARM 2

Alarm special effects

8.1.2.1275 #define SCOUT_FXR_BUG 1

Bug special effects

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.1.2.1276 #define SCOUT_FXR_NONE 0

No special effects

8.1.2.1277 #define SCOUT_FXR_RANDOM 3

Random special effects

8.1.2.1278 #define SCOUT_FXR_SCIENCE 4

Science special effects

8.1.2.1279 #define SCOUT_LIGHT_OFF 0

Turn off the scout light

8.1.2.1280 #define SCOUT_LIGHT_ON 0x80

Turn on the scout light

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetLight.nxc.

8.1.2.1281 #define SCOUT_LR_AVOID 3

Light rule avoid

8.1.2.1282 #define SCOUT_LR_IGNORE 0

Light rule ignore

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.1.2.1283 #define SCOUT_LR_OFF_WHEN 5

Light rule off when

8.1.2.1284 #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_DARK 2

Light rule seek dark

8.1.2.1285 #define SCOUT_LR_SEEK_LIGHT 1

Light rule seek light

8.1.2.1286 #define SCOUT_LR_WAIT_FOR 4

Light rule wait for

8.1.2.1287 #define SCOUT_MODE_POWER 1

Enter power mode

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetScoutMode.nxc, and ex_MSScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

8.1.2.1288 #define SCOUT_MODE_STANDALONE 0

Enter stand alone mode

8.1.2.1289 #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_LEFT 4

Motion rule circle left

8.1.2.1290 #define SCOUT_MR_CIRCLE_RIGHT 3

Motion rule circle right

8.1.2.1291 #define SCOUT_MR_FORWARD 1

Motion rule forward

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.1.2.1292 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_A 5

Motion rule loop A

8.1.2.1293 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_AB 7

Motion rule loop A then B

8.1.2.1294 #define SCOUT_MR_LOOP_B 6

Motion rule loop B

8.1.2.1295 #define SCOUT_MR_NO_MOTION 0

Motion rule none

8.1.2.1296 #define SCOUT_MR_ZIGZAG 2

Motion rule zigzag

8.1.2.1297 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_ALARM 3

Set sound set to alarm

8.1.2.1298 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BASIC 1

Set sound set to basic

8.1.2.1299 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_BUG 2

Set sound set to bug

8.1.2.1300 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_NONE 0

Set sound set to none

8.1.2.1301 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_RANDOM 4

Set sound set to random

8.1.2.1302 #define SCOUT_SNDSET_SCIENCE 5

Set sound set to science

8.1.2.1303 #define SCOUT_SOUND_1_BLINK 17

Play the Scout 1 blink sound

8.1.2.1304 #define SCOUT_SOUND_2_BLINK 18

Play the Scout 2 blink sound

8.1.2.1305 #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER1 19

Play the Scout counter 1 sound

8.1.2.1306 #define SCOUT_SOUND_COUNTER2 20

Play the Scout counter 2 sound

8.1.2.1307 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_BRIGHT 14

Play the Scout enter bright sound

8.1.2.1308 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_DARK 16

Play the Scout enter dark sound

8.1.2.1309 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTER_NORMAL 15

Play the Scout enter normal sound

8.1.2.1310 #define SCOUT_SOUND_ENTERSA 7

Play the Scout enter standalone sound

8.1.2.1311 #define SCOUT_SOUND_KEYERROR 8

Play the Scout key error sound

8.1.2.1312 #define SCOUT_SOUND_MAIL_RECEIVED 24

Play the Scout mail received sound

8.1.2.1313 #define SCOUT_SOUND_NONE 9

Play the Scout none sound

8.1.2.1314 #define SCOUT_SOUND_REMOTE 6

Play the Scout remote sound

8.1.2.1315 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL1 25

Play the Scout special 1 sound

8.1.2.1316 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL2 26

Play the Scout special 2 sound

8.1.2.1317 #define SCOUT_SOUND_SPECIAL3 27

Play the Scout special 3 sound

8.1.2.1318 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER1 21

Play the Scout timer 1 sound

8.1.2.1319 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER2 22

Play the Scout timer 2 sound

8.1.2.1320 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TIMER3 23

Play the Scout timer 3 sound

8.1.2.1321 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_PRES 10

Play the Scout touch 1 pressed sound

8.1.2.1322 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH1_REL 11

Play the Scout touch 1 released sound

8.1.2.1323 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_PRES 12

Play the Scout touch 2 pressed sound

8.1.2.1324 #define SCOUT_SOUND_TOUCH2_REL 13

Play the Scout touch 2 released sound

8.1.2.1325 #define SCOUT_TGS_LONG 2

Transmit level long

8.1.2.1326 #define SCOUT_TGS_MEDIUM 1

Transmit level medium

8.1.2.1327 #define SCOUT_TGS_SHORT 0

Transmit level short

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.1.2.1328 #define SCOUT_TR_AVOID 2

Touch rule avoid

8.1.2.1329 #define SCOUT_TR_IGNORE 0

Touch rule ignore

8.1.2.1330 #define SCOUT_TR_OFF_WHEN 4

Touch rule off when

8.1.2.1331 #define SCOUT_TR_REVERSE 1

Touch rule reverse

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.1.2.1332 #define SCOUT_TR_WAIT_FOR 3

Touch rule wait for

8.1.2.1333 #define SCREEN_BACKGROUND 0

Entire screen

8.1.2.1334 #define SCREEN_LARGE 1

Entire screen except status line

8.1.2.1335 #define SCREEN_MODE_CLEAR 0x01

Clear the screen

See also:

SetScreenMode()

8.1.2.1336 #define SCREEN_MODE_RESTORE 0x00

Restore the screen

See also:

SetScreenMode()

8.1.2.1337 #define SCREEN_SMALL 2

Screen between menu icons and status line

8.1.2.1338 #define SCREENS 3

The number of screen bits

8.1.2.1339 #define SEC_1 1000

1 second

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_-getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_-playsound.nxc, ex_playtones.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_wait.nxc, and ex_-yield.nxc.

8.1.2.1340 #define SEC_10 10000

10 seconds

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, and ex_-SysCommHSControl.nxc.

8.1.2.1341 #define SEC_15 15000

15 seconds

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_memcmp.nxc.

8.1.2.1342 #define SEC_2 2000

2 seconds

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_-PolyOut.nxc, and ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

8.1.2.1343 #define SEC_20 20000

20 seconds

8.1.2.1344 #define SEC_3 3000

3 seconds

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_-ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_-div.nxc, and ex_ldiv.nxc.

8.1.2.1345 #define SEC_30 30000

30 seconds

8.1.2.1346 #define SEC_4 4000

4 seconds

Examples:

ex_copy.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, and util_battery_2.nxc.

8.1.2.1347 #define SEC_5 5000

5 seconds

Examples:

ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, and ex_wait.nxc.

8.1.2.1348 #define SEC_6 6000

6 seconds

Examples:

ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, and ex_strtoul.nxc.

8.1.2.1349 #define SEC_7 7000

7 seconds

8.1.2.1350 #define SEC_8 8000

8 seconds

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc.

8.1.2.1351 #define SEC_9 9000

9 seconds

Examples:

ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc.

8.1.2.1352 #define SetScreenMode 19

Set the screen mode

8.1.2.1353 #define SetSleepTimeoutVal 46

Set the NXT sleep timeout value

8.1.2.1354 #define SHRT_MAX 32767

The maximum value of the short type

8.1.2.1355 #define SHRT_MIN -32768

The minimum value of the short type

8.1.2.1356 #define SIZE_OF_BDADDR 7

Size of Bluetooth Address

8.1.2.1357 #define SIZE_OF_BRICK_NAME 8

Size of NXT Brick name

8.1.2.1358 #define SIZE_OF_BT_CONNECT_TABLE 4

Size of Bluetooth connection table -- Index 0 is always incoming connection

8.1.2.1359 #define SIZE_OF_BT_DEVICE_TABLE 30

Size of Bluetooth device table

8.1.2.1360 #define SIZE_OF_BT_NAME 16

Size of Bluetooth name

8.1.2.1361 #define SIZE_OF_BT_PINCODE 16

Size of Bluetooth PIN

8.1.2.1362 #define SIZE_OF_BTBUF 128

Size of Bluetooth buffer

8.1.2.1363 #define SIZE_OF_CLASS_OF_DEVICE 4

Size of class of device

8.1.2.1364 #define SIZE_OF_HSBUF 128

Size of High Speed Port 4 buffer

8.1.2.1365 #define SIZE_OF_USBBUF 64

Size of USB Buffer in bytes

8.1.2.1366 #define SIZE_OF_USBDATA 62

Size of USB Buffer available for data

8.1.2.1367 #define SOUND_CLICK 0

Play the standard key click sound

8.1.2.1368 #define SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP 1

Play the standard double beep sound

8.1.2.1369 #define SOUND_DOWN 2

Play the standard sweep down sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

8.1.2.1370 #define SOUND_FAST_UP 5

Play the standard fast up sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

8.1.2.1371 #define SOUND_FLAGS_IDLE 0x00

R - Sound is idle

8.1.2.1372 #define SOUND_FLAGS_RUNNING 0x02

R - Currently processing a tone or file

8.1.2.1373 #define SOUND_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01

W - Make changes take effect

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFlags.nxc.

8.1.2.1374 #define SOUND_LOW_BEEP 4

Play the standard low beep sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

8.1.2.1375 #define SOUND_MODE_LOOP 0x01

W - Play file until writing SOUND_STATE_STOP into SoundState

8.1.2.1376 #define SOUND_MODE_ONCE 0x00

W - Only play file once

Examples:

ex_SetSoundMode.nxc.

8.1.2.1377 #define SOUND_MODE_TONE 0x02

W - Play tone specified in Frequency for Duration ms

8.1.2.1378 #define SOUND_STATE_FILE 0x02

R - Processing a file of sound/melody data

8.1.2.1379 #define SOUND_STATE_IDLE 0x00

R - Idle, ready for start sound (SOUND_UPDATE)

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

8.1.2.1380 #define SOUND_STATE_STOP 0x04

W - Stop sound immediately and close hardware

Examples:

ex_SetSoundModuleState.nxc, and ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

8.1.2.1381 #define SOUND_STATE_TONE 0x03

R - Processing a play tone request

8.1.2.1382 #define SOUND_UP 3

Play the standard sweep up sound

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

8.1.2.1383 #define SoundGetState 11

Get the current sound module state

8.1.2.1384 #define SoundModuleID 0x00080001

The sound module ID

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

8.1.2.1385 #define SoundModuleName "Sound.mod"

The sound module name

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

8.1.2.1386 #define SoundOffsetDuration 2

RW - Tone duration [mS] (2 bytes)

8.1.2.1387 #define SoundOffsetFlags 26

RW - Play flag - described above (1 byte) SoundFlags constants

8.1.2.1388 #define SoundOffsetFreq 0

RW - Tone frequency [Hz] (2 bytes)

8.1.2.1389 #define SoundOffsetMode 28

RW - Play mode - described above (1 byte) SoundMode constants

8.1.2.1390 #define SoundOffsetSampleRate 4

RW - Sound file sample rate [2000..16000] (2 bytes)

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

8.1.2.1391 #define SoundOffsetSoundFilename 6

RW - Sound/melody filename (20 bytes)

8.1.2.1392 #define SoundOffsetState 27

RW - Play state - described above (1 byte) SoundState constants

8.1.2.1393 #define SoundOffsetVolume 29

RW - Sound/melody volume [0..4] 0 = off (1 byte)

8.1.2.1394 #define SoundPlayFile 9

Play a sound or melody file

8.1.2.1395 #define SoundPlayTone 10

Play a simple tone with the specified frequency and duration

8.1.2.1396 #define SoundSetState 12

Set the sound module state

8.1.2.1397 #define SPECIALS 5

The number of special bit values

8.1.2.1398 #define STAT_COMM_PENDING 32

Pending setup operation in progress

8.1.2.1399 #define STAT_MSG_EMPTY_MAILBOX 64

Specified mailbox contains no new messages

8.1.2.1400 #define STATUSICON_BATTERY 3

Battery status icon collection

8.1.2.1401 #define STATUSICON_BLUETOOTH 0

BlueTooth status icon collection

8.1.2.1402 #define STATUSICON_USB 1

USB status icon collection

8.1.2.1403 #define STATUSICON_VM 2

VM status icon collection

8.1.2.1404 #define STATUSICONS 4

The number of status icons

8.1.2.1405 #define STATUSTEXT 1

Status text (BT name)

8.1.2.1406 #define STEPICON_1 0

Left most step icon

8.1.2.1407 #define STEPICON_2 1

8.1.2.1408 #define STEPICON_3 2

8.1.2.1409 #define STEPICON_4 3

8.1.2.1410 #define STEPICON_5 4

Right most step icon

8.1.2.1411 #define STEPICONS 5

8.1.2.1412 #define STEPLINE 3

Step collection lines

8.1.2.1413 #define STOP_REQ 4

VM should stop executing program

8.1.2.1414 #define TachoCountField 4

Internal tachometer count field. Contains the current internal tachometer count. Read only. Return the internal position counter value for the specified output. The internal count is reset automatically when a new goal is set using the TachoLimitField and the UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT flag. Set the UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT flag in UpdateFlagsField to reset TachoCountField and cancel any TachoLimitField. The sign of TachoCountField indicates the motor rotation direction.

8.1.2.1415 #define TachoLimitField 5

Tachometer limit field. Contains the current tachometer limit. Read/write. Specify the number of degrees the motor should rotate. Use UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT with the UpdateFlagsField field to commit changes to the TachoLimitField. The value of this field is a relative distance from the current motor position at the moment when the UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT flag is processed.

8.1.2.1416 #define TEMP_FQ_1 0x00

Set fault queue to 1 fault before alert

8.1.2.1417 #define TEMP_FQ_2 0x08

Set fault queue to 2 faults before alert

8.1.2.1418 #define TEMP_FQ_4 0x10

Set fault queue to 4 faults before alert

8.1.2.1419 #define TEMP_FQ_6 0x18

Set fault queue to 6 faults before alert

8.1.2.1420 #define TEMP_OS_ONESHOT 0x80

Set the sensor into oneshot mode. When the device is in shutdown mode this will start a single temperature conversion. The device returns to shutdown mode when it completes.

8.1.2.1421 #define TEMP_POL_HIGH 0x04

Set polarity of ALERT pin to be active HIGH

8.1.2.1422 #define TEMP_POL_LOW 0x00

Set polarity of ALERT pin to be active LOW

8.1.2.1423 #define TEMP_REG_CONFIG 0x01

The register for reading/writing sensor configuration values

8.1.2.1424 #define TEMP_REG_TEMP 0x00

The register where temperature values can be read

8.1.2.1425 #define TEMP_REG_THIGH 0x03

The register for reading/writing a user-defined high temperature limit

8.1.2.1426 #define TEMP_REG_TLOW 0x02

The register for reading/writing a user-defined low temperature limit

8.1.2.1427 #define TEMP_RES_10BIT 0x20

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 10 bit

8.1.2.1428 #define TEMP_RES_11BIT 0x40

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 11 bit

8.1.2.1429 #define TEMP_RES_12BIT 0x60

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 12 bit

Examples:

ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc.

8.1.2.1430 #define TEMP_RES_9BIT 0x00

Set the temperature conversion resolution to 9 bit

8.1.2.1431 #define TEMP_SD_CONTINUOUS 0x00

Set the sensor mode to continuous

8.1.2.1432 #define TEMP_SD_SHUTDOWN 0x01

Set the sensor mode to shutdown. The device will shut down after the current conversion is completed.

8.1.2.1433 #define TEMP_TM_COMPARATOR 0x00

Set the thermostat mode to comparator

8.1.2.1434 #define TEMP_TM_INTERRUPT 0x02

Set the thermostat mode to interrupt

8.1.2.1435 #define TEXTLINE_1 0

Text line 1

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayNormal.nxc, ex_GetDisplayPopup.nxc, ex_SetDisplayNormal.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayPopup.nxc.

8.1.2.1436 #define TEXTLINE_2 1

Text line 2

8.1.2.1437 #define TEXTLINE_3 2

Text line 3

8.1.2.1438 #define TEXTLINE_4 3

Text line 4

8.1.2.1439 #define TEXTLINE_5 4

Text line 5

8.1.2.1440 #define TEXTLINE_6 5

Text line 6

8.1.2.1441 #define TEXTLINE_7 6

Text line 7

8.1.2.1442 #define TEXTLINE_8 7

Text line 8

8.1.2.1443 #define TEXTLINES 8

The number of text lines on the LCD

8.1.2.1444 #define TIMES_UP 6

VM time is up

8.1.2.1445 #define TONE_A3 220

Third octave A

8.1.2.1446 #define TONE_A4 440

Fourth octave A

Examples:

ex_yield.nxc.

8.1.2.1447 #define TONE_A5 880

Fifth octave A

8.1.2.1448 #define TONE_A6 1760

Sixth octave A

8.1.2.1449 #define TONE_A7 3520

Seventh octave A

8.1.2.1450 #define TONE_AS3 233

Third octave A sharp

8.1.2.1451 #define TONE_AS4 466

Fourth octave A sharp

8.1.2.1452 #define TONE_AS5 932

Fifth octave A sharp

8.1.2.1453 #define TONE_AS6 1865

Sixth octave A sharp

8.1.2.1454 #define TONE_AS7 3729

Seventh octave A sharp

8.1.2.1455 #define TONE_B3 247

Third octave B

8.1.2.1456 #define TONE_B4 494

Fourth octave B

8.1.2.1457 #define TONE_B5 988

Fifth octave B

8.1.2.1458 #define TONE_B6 1976

Sixth octave B

8.1.2.1459 #define TONE_B7 3951

Seventh octave B

8.1.2.1460 #define TONE_C4 262

Fourth octave C

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1461 #define TONE_C5 523

Fifth octave C

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1462 #define TONE_C6 1047

Sixth octave C

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, and ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1463 #define TONE_C7 2093

Seventh octave C

8.1.2.1464 #define TONE_CS4 277

Fourth octave C sharp

8.1.2.1465 #define TONE_CS5 554

Fifth octave C sharp

8.1.2.1466 #define TONE_CS6 1109

Sixth octave C sharp

8.1.2.1467 #define TONE_CS7 2217

Seventh octave C sharp

8.1.2.1468 #define TONE_D4 294

Fourth octave D

8.1.2.1469 #define TONE_D5 587

Fifth octave D

8.1.2.1470 #define TONE_D6 1175

Sixth octave D

8.1.2.1471 #define TONE_D7 2349

Seventh octave D

8.1.2.1472 #define TONE_DS4 311

Fourth octave D sharp

8.1.2.1473 #define TONE_DS5 622

Fifth octave D sharp

8.1.2.1474 #define TONE_DS6 1245

Sixth octave D sharp

8.1.2.1475 #define TONE_DS7 2489

Seventh octave D sharp

8.1.2.1476 #define TONE_E4 330

Fourth octave E

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1477 #define TONE_E5 659

Fifth octave E

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1478 #define TONE_E6 1319

Sixth octave E

8.1.2.1479 #define TONE_E7 2637

Seventh octave E

8.1.2.1480 #define TONE_F4 349

Fourth octave F

8.1.2.1481 #define TONE_F5 698

Fifth octave F

8.1.2.1482 #define TONE_F6 1397

Sixth octave F

8.1.2.1483 #define TONE_F7 2794

Seventh octave F

8.1.2.1484 #define TONE_FS4 370

Fourth octave F sharp

8.1.2.1485 #define TONE_FS5 740

Fifth octave F sharp

8.1.2.1486 #define TONE_FS6 1480

Sixth octave F sharp

8.1.2.1487 #define TONE_FS7 2960

Seventh octave F sharp

8.1.2.1488 #define TONE_G4 392

Fourth octave G

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1489 #define TONE_G5 784

Fifth octave G

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

8.1.2.1490 #define TONE_G6 1568

Sixth octave G

8.1.2.1491 #define TONE_G7 3136

Seventh octave G

8.1.2.1492 #define TONE_GS4 415

Fourth octave G sharp

8.1.2.1493 #define TONE_GS5 831

Fifth octave G sharp

8.1.2.1494 #define TONE_GS6 1661

Sixth octave G sharp

8.1.2.1495 #define TONE_GS7 3322

Seventh octave G sharp

8.1.2.1496 #define TOPLINE 4

Top status underline

8.1.2.1497 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 0

IR Train channel 1

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, and ex_MSIRTrain.nxc.

8.1.2.1498 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_2 1

IR Train channel 2

8.1.2.1499 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 2

IR Train channel 3

8.1.2.1500 #define TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL 3

IR Train channel all

8.1.2.1501 #define TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED 2

PF/IR Train function decrement speed

8.1.2.1502 #define TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED 1

PF/IR Train function increment speed

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, and ex_-MSPFTrain.nxc.

8.1.2.1503 #define TRAIN_FUNC_STOP 0

PF/IR Train function stop

8.1.2.1504 #define TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT 4

PF/IR Train function toggle light

8.1.2.1505 #define TRUE 1

A true value

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

8.1.2.1506 #define TurnRatioField 7

Turn ratio field. Contains the current turn ratio. Only applicable when synchronizing multiple motors. Read/write. Use this field to specify a proportional turning ratio. This field must be used in conjunction with other field values: OutputModeField must include OUT_MODE_MOTORON and OUT_MODE_REGULATED, RegModeField must be set to OUT_REGMODE_SYNC, RunStateField must not be OUT_RUNSTATE_IDLE, and PowerField must be non-zero. There are only three valid combinations of left and right motors for use with TurnRatioField: OUT_AB, OUT_BC, and OUT_AC. In each of these three options the first motor listed is considered to be the left motor and the second motor is the right motor, regardless of the physical configuration of the robot. Negative turn ratio values shift power toward the left motor while positive values shift power toward the right motor. An absolute value of 50 usually results in one motor stopping. An absolute value of 100 usually results in two motors turning in opposite directions at equal power.

8.1.2.1507 #define TypeField 0

Type field. Contains one of the sensor type constants. Read/write.

8.1.2.1508 #define UCHAR_MAX 255

The maximum value of the unsigned char type

8.1.2.1509 #define UF_PENDING_UPDATES 0x80

Are there any pending motor updates?

8.1.2.1510 #define UF_UPDATE_MODE 0x01

Commits changes to the OutputModeField output property

8.1.2.1511 #define UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES 0x10

Commits changes to the PID motor regulation properties

8.1.2.1512 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_BLOCK_COUNT 0x20

Resets the NXT-G block-relative rotation counter

8.1.2.1513 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_COUNT 0x08

Resets all rotation counters, cancels the current goal, and resets the rotation error-correction system

8.1.2.1514 #define UF_UPDATE_RESET_ROTATION_COUNT 0x40

Resets the program-relative (user) rotation counter

8.1.2.1515 #define UF_UPDATE_SPEED 0x02

Commits changes to the PowerField output property

8.1.2.1516 #define UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT 0x04

Commits changes to the TachoLimitField output property

8.1.2.1517 #define UI_BT_CONNECT_REQUEST 0x40

RW - BT get connect accept in progress

8.1.2.1518 #define UI_BT_ERROR_ATTENTION 0x08

W - BT error attention

8.1.2.1519 #define UI_BT_PIN_REQUEST 0x80

RW - BT get pin code

8.1.2.1520 #define UI_BT_STATE_CONNECTED 0x02

RW - BT connected to something

8.1.2.1521 #define UI_BT_STATE_OFF 0x04

RW - BT power off

Examples:

ex_SetBluetoothState.nxc.

8.1.2.1522 #define UI_BT_STATE_VISIBLE 0x01

RW - BT visible

8.1.2.1523 #define UI_BUTTON_ENTER 2

W - Insert enter button

Examples:

ex_SetUIButton.nxc.

8.1.2.1524 #define UI_BUTTON_EXIT 4

W - Insert exit button

8.1.2.1525 #define UI_BUTTON_LEFT 1

W - Insert left arrow button

8.1.2.1526 #define UI_BUTTON_NONE 0

R - Button inserted are executed

8.1.2.1527 #define UI_BUTTON_RIGHT 3

W - Insert right arrow button

8.1.2.1528 #define UI_FLAGS_BUSY 0x40

R - UI busy running or datalogging (popup disabled)

8.1.2.1529 #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_EXIT 0x04

RW - Disable exit button

8.1.2.1530 #define UI_FLAGS_DISABLE_LEFT_RIGHT_ENTER 0x02

RW - Disable left, right and enter button

8.1.2.1531 #define UI_FLAGS_ENABLE_STATUS_UPDATE 0x80

W - Enable status line to be updated

8.1.2.1532 #define UI_FLAGS_EXECUTE_LMS_FILE 0x20

W - Execute LMS file in "LMSfilename" (Try It)

8.1.2.1533 #define UI_FLAGS_REDRAW_STATUS 0x08

W - Redraw entire status line

Examples:

ex_SetCommandFlags.nxc.

8.1.2.1534 #define UI_FLAGS_RESET_SLEEP_TIMER 0x10

W - Reset sleep timeout timer

8.1.2.1535 #define UI_FLAGS_UPDATE 0x01

W - Make changes take effect

8.1.2.1536 #define UI_STATE_BT_ERROR 16

R - BT error

8.1.2.1537 #define UI_STATE_CONNECT_REQUEST 12

RW - Request for connection accept

8.1.2.1538 #define UI_STATE_DRAW_MENU 6

RW - Execute function and draw menu icons

8.1.2.1539 #define UI_STATE_ENTER_PRESSED 10

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

8.1.2.1540 #define UI_STATE_EXECUTE_FILE 13

RW - Execute file in "LMSfilename"

8.1.2.1541 #define UI_STATE_EXECUTING_FILE 14

R - Executing file in "LMSfilename"

8.1.2.1542 #define UI_STATE_EXIT_PRESSED 11

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

8.1.2.1543 #define UI_STATE_INIT_DISPLAY 0

RW - Init display and load font, menu etc.

8.1.2.1544 #define UI_STATE_INIT_INTRO 2

R - Display intro

8.1.2.1545 #define UI_STATE_INIT_LOW_BATTERY 1

R - Low battery voltage at power on

8.1.2.1546 #define UI_STATE_INIT_MENU 4

RW - Init menu system

8.1.2.1547 #define UI_STATE_INIT_WAIT 3

RW - Wait for initialization end

8.1.2.1548 #define UI_STATE_LEFT_PRESSED 8

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

8.1.2.1549 #define UI_STATE_LOW_BATTERY 15

R - Low battery at runtime

Examples:

ex_SetUIState.nxc.

8.1.2.1550 #define UI_STATE_NEXT_MENU 5

RW - Next menu icons ready for drawing

8.1.2.1551 #define UI_STATE_RIGHT_PRESSED 9

RW - Load selected function and next menu id

8.1.2.1552 #define UI_STATE_TEST_BUTTONS 7

RW - Wait for buttons to be pressed

8.1.2.1553 #define UI_VM_IDLE 0

VM_IDLE: Just sitting around. Request to run program will lead to ONE of the VM_RUN∗ states.

8.1.2.1554 #define UI_VM_RESET1 4

VM_RESET1: Initialize state variables and some I/O devices -- executed when programs end

8.1.2.1555 #define UI_VM_RESET2 5

VM_RESET2: Final clean up and return to IDLE

8.1.2.1556 #define UI_VM_RUN_FREE 1

VM_RUN_FREE: Attempt to run as many instructions as possible within our timeslice

8.1.2.1557 #define UI_VM_RUN_PAUSE 3

VM_RUN_PAUSE: Program still "active", but someone has asked us to pause

8.1.2.1558 #define UI_VM_RUN_SINGLE 2

VM_RUN_SINGLE: Run exactly one instruction per timeslice

8.1.2.1559 #define UIModuleID 0x000C0001

The Ui module ID

8.1.2.1560 #define UIModuleName "Ui.mod"

The Ui module name

8.1.2.1561 #define UINT_MAX 65535

The maximum value of the unsigned int type

8.1.2.1562 #define UIOffsetAbortFlag 40

RW - Long Abort (true == use long press to abort) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1563 #define UIOffsetBatteryState 30

W - Battery state (0..4 capacity) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1564 #define UIOffsetBatteryVoltage 4

R - Battery voltage in millivolts (2 bytes)

8.1.2.1565 #define UIOffsetBluetoothState 31

W - Bluetooth state (0=on, 1=visible, 2=conn, 3=conn.visible, 4=off, 5=dfu) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1566 #define UIOffsetButton 28

RW - Insert button (buttons enumerated above) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1567 #define UIOffsetError 37

W - Error code (1 byte)

8.1.2.1568 #define UIOffsetFlags 26

RW - Update command flags (flags enumerated above) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1569 #define UIOffsetForceOff 39

W - Force off (> 0 = off) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1570 #define UIOffsetLMSfilename 6

W - LMS filename to execute (Try It) (20 bytes)

8.1.2.1571 #define UIOffsetOBPPointer 38

W - Actual OBP step (0 - 4) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1572 #define UIOffsetPMenu 0

W - Pointer to menu file (4 bytes)

8.1.2.1573 #define UIOffsetRechargeable 35

R - Rechargeable battery (0 = no, 1 = yes) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1574 #define UIOffsetRunState 29

W - VM Run state (0 = stopped, 1 = running) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1575 #define UIOffsetSleepTimeout 33

RW - Sleep timeout time (min) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1576 #define UIOffsetSleepTimer 34

RW - Sleep timer (min) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1577 #define UIOffsetState 27

RW - UI state (states enumerated above) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1578 #define UIOffsetUsbState 32

W - Usb state (0=disconnected, 1=connected, 2=working) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1579 #define UIOffsetVolume 36

RW - Volume used in UI (0 - 4) (1 byte)

8.1.2.1580 #define ULONG_MAX 4294967295

The maximum value of the unsigned long type

8.1.2.1581 #define UpdateCalibCacheInfo 43

Update sensor calibration cache information

8.1.2.1582 #define UpdateFlagsField 0

Update flags field. Contains a combination of the update flag constants. Read/write. Use UF_UPDATE_MODE, UF_UPDATE_SPEED, UF_UPDATE_TACHO_LIMIT, and UF_UPDATE_PID_VALUES along with other fields to commit changes to the state of outputs. Set the appropriate flags after setting one or more of the output fields in order for the changes to actually go into affect.

8.1.2.1583 #define US_CMD_CONTINUOUS 0x02

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into continuous polling mode (default)

8.1.2.1584 #define US_CMD_EVENTCAPTURE 0x03

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into event capture mode

8.1.2.1585 #define US_CMD_OFF 0x00

Command to turn off the ultrasonic sensor

Examples:

ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

8.1.2.1586 #define US_CMD_SINGLESHOT 0x01

Command to put the ultrasonic sensor into single shot mode

8.1.2.1587 #define US_CMD_WARMRESET 0x04

Command to warm reset the ultrasonic sensor

8.1.2.1588 #define US_REG_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x50

The register address used to store the actual zero value

8.1.2.1589 #define US_REG_CM_INTERVAL 0x40

The register address used to store the CM interval

8.1.2.1590 #define US_REG_FACTORY_ACTUAL_ZERO 0x11

The register address containing the factory setting for the actual zero value

8.1.2.1591 #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x13

The register address containing the factory setting for the scale divisor value

8.1.2.1592 #define US_REG_FACTORY_SCALE_FACTOR 0x12

The register address containing the factory setting for the scale factor value

8.1.2.1593 #define US_REG_MEASUREMENT_UNITS 0x14

The register address containing the measurement units (degrees C or F)

8.1.2.1594 #define US_REG_SCALE_DIVISOR 0x52

The register address used to store the scale divisor value

8.1.2.1595 #define US_REG_SCALE_FACTOR 0x51

The register address used to store the scale factor value

8.1.2.1596 #define USB_CMD_READY 0x01

A constant representing usb direct command

8.1.2.1597 #define USB_PROTOCOL_OVERHEAD 2

Size of USB Overhead in bytes -- Command type byte + Command

8.1.2.1598 #define USHRT_MAX 65535

The maximum value of the unsigned short type

8.1.2.1599 #define WriteSemData 41

Write motor semaphore data

8.2 NXCAPIDocs.h File Reference

Additional documentation for the NXC API. `#include "NXCDefs.h"`

8.2.1 Detailed Description

Additional documentation for the NXC API. NXCAPIDocs.h contains additional documentation for the NXC API

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Date:

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Version:

14

8.3 NXCDefs.h File Reference

Constants, macros, and API functions for NXC. `#include "NBCCommon.h"`

Data Structures

- struct ColorSensorReadType
  Parameters for the ColorSensorRead system call.
- struct InputValuesType
  Parameters for the RemoteGetInputValues function.
- struct OutputStateType
  Parameters for the RemoteGetOutputState function.
- struct LocationType
  A point on the NXT LCD screen.
- struct SizeType
  Width and height dimensions for the DrawRect system call.
- struct DrawTextType
  Parameters for the DrawText system call.
- struct DrawPointType
  Parameters for the DrawPoint system call.
- struct DrawLineType

Parameters for the DrawLine system call.

- struct DrawCircleType

  Parameters for the DrawCircle system call.

- struct DrawRectType

  Parameters for the DrawRect system call.

- struct DrawGraphicType

  Parameters for the DrawGraphic system call.

- struct SetScreenModeType

  Parameters for the SetScreenMode system call.

- struct DisplayExecuteFunctionType

  Parameters for the DisplayExecuteFunction system call.

- struct DrawGraphicArrayType

  Parameters for the DrawGraphicArray system call.

- struct DrawPolygonType

  Parameters for the DrawPolygon system call.

- struct DrawEllipseType

  Parameters for the DrawEllipse system call.

- struct DrawFontType

  Parameters for the DrawFont system call.

- struct Tone

  Type used with the PlayTones API function.

- struct SoundPlayFileType

  Parameters for the SoundPlayFile system call.

- struct SoundPlayToneType

  Parameters for the SoundPlayTone system call.

- struct SoundGetStateType

  Parameters for the SoundGetState system call.

- struct SoundSetStateType

Parameters for the SoundSetState system call.

- struct CommLSWriteType

  Parameters for the CommLSWrite system call.

- struct CommLSReadType

  Parameters for the CommLSRead system call.

- struct CommLSCheckStatusType

  Parameters for the CommLSCheckStatus system call.

- struct CommLSWriteExType

  Parameters for the CommLSWriteEx system call.

- struct GetStartTickType

  Parameters for the GetStartTick system call.

- struct KeepAliveType

  Parameters for the KeepAlive system call.

- struct IOMapReadType

  Parameters for the IOMapRead system call.

- struct IOMapWriteType

  Parameters for the IOMapWrite system call.

- struct IOMapReadByIDType

  Parameters for the IOMapReadByID system call.

- struct IOMapWriteByIDType

  Parameters for the IOMapWriteByID system call.

- struct DatalogWriteType

  Parameters for the DatalogWrite system call.

- struct DatalogGetTimesType

  Parameters for the DatalogGetTimes system call.

- struct ReadSemDataType

  Parameters for the ReadSemData system call.

- struct WriteSemDataType

Parameters for the WriteSemData system call.

- struct UpdateCalibCacheInfoType

  Parameters for the UpdateCalibCacheInfo system call.

- struct ComputeCalibValueType

  Parameters for the ComputeCalibValue system call.

- struct MemoryManagerType

  Parameters for the MemoryManager system call.

- struct ReadLastResponseType

  Parameters for the ReadLastResponse system call.

- struct MessageWriteType

  Parameters for the MessageWrite system call.

- struct MessageReadType

  Parameters for the MessageRead system call.

- struct CommBTCheckStatusType

  Parameters for the CommBTCheckStatus system call.

- struct CommBTWriteType

  Parameters for the CommBTWrite system call.

- struct CommExecuteFunctionType

  Parameters for the CommExecuteFunction system call.

- struct CommHSControlType

  Parameters for the CommHSControl system call.

- struct CommHSCheckStatusType

  Parameters for the CommHSCheckStatus system call.

- struct CommHSReadWriteType

  Parameters for the CommHSReadWrite system call.

- struct CommBTOnOffType

  Parameters for the CommBTOnOff system call.

- struct CommBTConnectionType

Parameters for the CommBTConnection system call.

- struct ReadButtonType

  Parameters for the ReadButton system call.

- struct SetSleepTimeoutType

  Parameters for the SetSleepTimeout system call.

- struct FileOpenType

  Parameters for the FileOpen system call.

- struct FileReadWriteType

  Parameters for the FileReadWrite system call.

- struct FileCloseType

  Parameters for the FileClose system call.

- struct FileResolveHandleType

  Parameters for the FileResolveHandle system call.

- struct FileRenameType

  Parameters for the FileRename system call.

- struct FileDeleteType

  Parameters for the FileDelete system call.

- struct LoaderExecuteFunctionType

  Parameters for the LoaderExecuteFunction system call.

- struct FileFindType

  Parameters for the FileFind system call.

- struct FileSeekType

  Parameters for the FileSeek system call.

- struct FileResizeType

  Parameters for the FileResize system call.

- struct FileTellType

  Parameters for the FileTell system call.

- struct ListFilesType

Parameters for the ListFiles system call.

- struct RandomNumberType

  Parameters for the RandomNumber system call.

- struct div_t

  Output type of the div function.

- struct ldiv_t

  Output type of the ldiv function.

Defines

- #define u8 unsigned char
- #define s8 char
- #define u16 unsigned int
- #define s16 int
- #define u32 unsigned long
- #define s32 long
- #define S1 0
- #define S2 1
- #define S3 2
- #define S4 3
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_NONE IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH IN_TYPE_SWITCH
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT IN_TYPE_REFLECTION
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_ROTATION IN_TYPE_ANGLE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DBA IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_CUSTOM IN_TYPE_CUSTOM
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_HIGHSPEED IN_TYPE_HISPEED
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORFULL IN_TYPE_COLORFULL
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED IN_TYPE_COLORRED
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORGREEN IN_TYPE_COLORGREEN
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORBLUE IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE
- #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORNONE IN_TYPE_COLORNONE

- #define SENSOR_MODE_RAW IN_MODE_RAW
- #define SENSOR_MODE_BOOL IN_MODE_BOOLEAN
- #define SENSOR_MODE_EDGE IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT
- #define SENSOR_MODE_PULSE IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER
- #define SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE
- #define SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS IN_MODE_CELSIUS
- #define SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT
- #define SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP
- #define _SENSOR_CFG(_type, _mode) (((_type)<<8)+(_mode))
- #define SENSOR_TOUCH _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL)
- #define SENSOR_LIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_ROTATION _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-ROTATION, SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION)
- #define SENSOR_CELSIUS _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS)
- #define SENSOR_FAHRENHEIT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT)
- #define SENSOR_PULSE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_PULSE)
- #define SENSOR_EDGE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_EDGE)
- #define SENSOR_NXTLIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_-ACTIVE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_SOUND _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED_9V _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-LOWSPEED_9V, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-LOWSPEED, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_COLORFULL _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORFULL, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)
- #define SENSOR_COLORRED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORRED, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_COLORGREEN _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORGREEN, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_COLORBLUE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORBLUE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_COLORNONE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORNONE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)
- #define SENSOR_1 Sensor(S1)
- #define SENSOR_2 Sensor(S2)
- #define SENSOR_3 Sensor(S3)

- #define SENSOR_4 Sensor(S4)
- #define Sqrt(_X) asm { sqrt __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute square root.

- #define Sin(_X) asm { sin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute sine.

- #define Cos(_X) asm { cos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute cosine.

- #define Asin(_X) asm { asin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc sine.

- #define Acos(_X) asm { acos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc cosine.

- #define Atan(_X) asm { atan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc tangent.

- #define Ceil(_X) asm { ceil __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Round up value.

- #define Exp(_X) asm { exp __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute exponential function .

- #define Floor(_X) asm { floor __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Round down value.

- #define Tan(_X) asm { tan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute tangent.

- #define Tanh(_X) asm { tanh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic tangent.

- #define Cosh(_X) asm { cosh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic cosine.

- #define Sinh(_X) asm { sinh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic sine.

- #define Log(_X) asm { log __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute natural logarithm.

- #define Log10(_X) asm { log10 __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute common logarithm.

- #define Atan2(_Y, _X) asm { atan2 __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters.

- #define Pow(_Base, _Exponent) asm { pow __FLTRETVAL__, _Base, _Exponent }

  Raise to power.

- #define Trunc(_X) asm { trunc __RETVAL__, _X }

  Compute integral part.

- #define Frac(_X) asm { frac __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute fractional part.

- #define MulDiv32(_A, _B, _C) asm { muldiv __RETVAL__, _A, _B, _C }

  Multiply and divide.

- #define SinD(_X) asm { sind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute sine (degrees).

- #define CosD(_X) asm { cosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute cosine (degrees).

- #define AsinD(_X) asm { asind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arch sine (degrees).

- #define AcosD(_X) asm { acosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc cosine (degrees).

- #define AtanD(_X) asm { atand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute arc tangent (degrees).

- #define TanD(_X) asm { tand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute tangent (degrees).

- #define TanhD(_X) asm { tanhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees).

- #define CoshD(_X) asm { coshd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees).

- #define SinhD(_X) asm { sinhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

  Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees).

- #define Atan2D(_Y, _X) asm { atan2d __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

  Compute arc tangent with two parameters (degrees).

- #define getc(_handle) fgetc(_handle)

  Get character from file.

- #define putc(_ch, _handle) fputc(_ch, _handle)

  Write character to file.

- #define SEEK_SET 0
- #define SEEK_CUR 1
- #define SEEK_END 2
- #define RICSetValue(_data, _idx, _newval) _data[(_idx)] = (_newval)&0xFF; _data[(_idx)+1] = (_newval)>>8

  Set the value of an element in an RIC data array.

Functions

- void SetSensorType (const byte &port, byte type)

  Set sensor type.

- void SetSensorMode (const byte &port, byte mode)

  Set sensor mode.

- void ClearSensor (const byte &port)

  Clear a sensor value.

- void ResetSensor (const byte &port)

  Reset the sensor port.

- void SetSensor (const byte &port, const unsigned int config)

  Set sensor configuration.

- void SetSensorTouch (const byte &port)

  Configure a touch sensor.

- void SetSensorLight (const byte &port, bool bActive=true)
  Configure a light sensor.
- void SetSensorSound (const byte &port, bool bdBScaling=true)
  Configure a sound sensor.
- void SetSensorLowspeed (const byte &port, bool bIsPowered=true)
  Configure an I2C sensor.
- void SetSensorUltrasonic (const byte &port)
  Configure an ultrasonic sensor.
- void SetSensorEMeter (const byte &port)
  Configure an EMeter sensor.
- void SetSensorTemperature (const byte &port)
  Configure a temperature sensor.
- void SetSensorColorFull (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 full color sensor.
- void SetSensorColorRed (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 red light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorGreen (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 green light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorBlue (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 blue light sensor.
- void SetSensorColorNone (const byte &port)
  Configure an NXT 2.0 no light sensor.
- variant GetInput (const byte &port, const byte field)
  Get an input field value.
- void SetInput (const byte &port, const int field, variant value)
  Set an input field value.
- unsigned int Sensor (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.

- bool SensorBoolean (const byte port)
  Read sensor boolean value.
- byte SensorDigiPinsDirection (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins direction.
- byte SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins output level.
- byte SensorDigiPinsStatus (const byte port)
  Read sensor digital pins status.
- bool SensorInvalid (const byte &port)
  Read sensor invalid data flag.
- byte SensorMode (const byte &port)
  Read sensor mode.
- unsigned int SensorNormalized (const byte &port)
  Read sensor normalized value.
- unsigned int SensorRaw (const byte &port)
  Read sensor raw value.
- unsigned int SensorScaled (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.
- byte SensorType (const byte &port)
  Read sensor type.
- unsigned int SensorValue (const byte &port)
  Read sensor scaled value.
- bool SensorValueBool (const byte port)
  Read sensor boolean value.
- unsigned int SensorValueRaw (const byte &port)
  Read sensor raw value.
- byte CustomSensorActiveStatus (byte port)
  Get the custom sensor active status.

- byte CustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte port)

  Get the custom sensor percent full scale.

- unsigned int CustomSensorZeroOffset (byte port)

  Get the custom sensor zero offset.

- void SetCustomSensorActiveStatus (byte port, byte activeStatus)

  Set active status.

- void SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte port, byte pctFullScale)

  Set percent full scale.

- void SetCustomSensorZeroOffset (byte port, int zeroOffset)

  Set custom zero offset.

- void SetSensorBoolean (byte port, bool value)

  Set sensor boolean value.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsDirection (byte port, byte direction)

  Set digital pins direction.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (byte port, byte outputLevel)

  Set digital pins output level.

- void SetSensorDigiPinsStatus (byte port, byte status)

  Set digital pins status.

- void SysColorSensorRead (ColorSensorReadType &args)

  Read LEGO color sensor.

- int ReadSensorColorEx (const byte &port, int &colorval, unsigned int &raw[ ], unsigned int &norm[ ], int &scaled[ ])

  Read LEGO color sensor extra.

- int ReadSensorColorRaw (const byte &port, unsigned int &rawVals[ ])

  Read LEGO color sensor raw values.

- unsigned int ColorADRaw (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor AD raw value.

- bool ColorBoolean (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor boolean value.

- long ColorCalibration (byte port, byte point, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor calibration point value.

- byte ColorCalibrationState (byte port)

  Read LEGO color sensor calibration state.

- unsigned int ColorCalLimits (byte port, byte point)

  Read a LEGO color sensor calibration limit value.

- unsigned int ColorSensorRaw (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor raw value.

- unsigned int ColorSensorValue (byte port, byte color)

  Read a LEGO color sensor scaled value.

- void SetMotorPwnFreq (byte n)

  Set motor regulation frequency.

- void SetMotorRegulationTime (byte n)

  Set regulation time.

- void SetMotorRegulationOptions (byte n)

  Set regulation options.

- void OnFwdSyncPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward synchronised with PID factors.

- void OnFwdSyncExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnRevSyncPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward synchronised with PID factors.

- void OnRevSyncExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnFwdRegPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, byte p, byte i, byte d)

Run motors forward regulated with PID factors.

- void OnFwdRegExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors forward regulated and reset counters with PID factors.

- void OnRevRegPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors reverse regulated with PID factors.

- void OnRevRegExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Run motors backward regulated and reset counters with PID factors.

- void Off (byte outputs)

  Turn motors off.

- void OffEx (byte outputs, const byte reset)

  Turn motors off and reset counters.

- void Coast (byte outputs)

  Coast motors.

- void CoastEx (byte outputs, const byte reset)

  Coast motors and reset counters.

- void Float (byte outputs)

  Float motors.

- void OnFwd (byte outputs, char pwr)

  Run motors forward.

- void OnFwdEx (byte outputs, char pwr, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward and reset counters.

- void OnRev (byte outputs, char pwr)

  Run motors backward.

- void OnRevEx (byte outputs, char pwr, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward and reset counters.

- void OnFwdReg (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode)

  Run motors forward regulated.

- void OnFwdRegEx (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward regulated and reset counters.

- void OnRevReg (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode)

  Run motors forward regulated.

- void OnRevRegEx (byte outputs, char pwr, byte regmode, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward regulated and reset counters.

- void OnFwdSync (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct)

  Run motors forward synchronised.

- void OnFwdSyncEx (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset)

  Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters.

- void OnRevSync (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct)

  Run motors backward synchronised.

- void OnRevSyncEx (byte outputs, char pwr, char turnpct, const byte reset)

  Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters.

- void RotateMotor (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle)

  Rotate motor.

- void RotateMotorPID (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Rotate motor with PID factors.

- void RotateMotorEx (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, char turnpct, bool sync, bool stop)

  Rotate motor.

- void RotateMotorExPID (byte outputs, char pwr, long angle, char turnpct, bool sync, bool stop, byte p, byte i, byte d)

  Rotate motor.

- void ResetTachoCount (byte outputs)

  Reset tachometer counter.

- void ResetBlockTachoCount (byte outputs)

  Reset block-relative counter.

- void ResetRotationCount (byte outputs)

  Reset program-relative counter.

- void ResetAllTachoCounts (byte outputs)

  Reset all tachometer counters.

- void SetOutput (byte outputs, byte field1, variant val1,..., byte fieldN, variant valN)

  Set output fields.

- variant GetOutput (byte output, const byte field)

  Get output field value.

- byte MotorMode (byte output)

  Get motor mode.

- char MotorPower (byte output)

  Get motor power level.

- char MotorActualSpeed (byte output)

  Get motor actual speed.

- long MotorTachoCount (byte output)

  Get motor tachometer counter.

- long MotorTachoLimit (byte output)

  Get motor tachometer limit.

- byte MotorRunState (byte output)

  Get motor run state.

- char MotorTurnRatio (byte output)

  Get motor turn ratio.

- byte MotorRegulation (byte output)

  Get motor regulation mode.

- bool MotorOverload (byte output)

  Get motor overload status.

- byte MotorRegPValue (byte output)

  Get motor P value.

- byte MotorRegIValue (byte output)

  Get motor I value.

- byte MotorRegDValue (byte output)

  Get motor D value.

- long MotorBlockTachoCount (byte output)

  Get motor block-relative counter.

- long MotorRotationCount (byte output)

  Get motor program-relative counter.

- byte MotorOutputOptions (byte output)

  Get motor options.

- byte MotorMaxSpeed (byte output)

  Get motor max speed.

- byte MotorMaxAcceleration (byte output)

  Get motor max acceleration.

- byte MotorPwnFreq ()

  Get motor regulation frequency.

- byte MotorRegulationTime ()

  Get motor regulation time.

- byte MotorRegulationOptions ()

  Get motor regulation options.

- void ResetScreen ()

  Reset LCD screen.

- char CircleOut (int x, int y, byte radius, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a circle.

- char LineOut (int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a line.

- char PointOut (int x, int y, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

Draw a point.

- char RectOut (int x, int y, int width, int height, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a rectangle.

- char TextOut (int x, int y, string str, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw text.

- char NumOut (int x, int y, variant value, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a number.

- char EllipseOut (int x, int y, byte radiusX, byte radiusY, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw an ellipse.

- char PolyOut (LocationType points[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a polygon.

- char FontTextOut (int x, int y, string filename, string str, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw text with font.

- char FontNumOut (int x, int y, string filename, variant value, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a number with font.

- char GraphicOut (int x, int y, string filename, unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image.

- char GraphicArrayOut (int x, int y, byte data[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image from byte array.

- char GraphicOutEx (int x, int y, string filename, byte vars[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

  Draw a graphic image with parameters.

- char GraphicArrayOutEx (int x, int y, byte data[ ], byte vars[ ], unsigned long options=DRAW_OPT_NORMAL)

Draw a graphic image from byte array with parameters.

- void GetDisplayNormal (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte &data[ ])

  Read pixel data from the normal display buffer.

- void SetDisplayNormal (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte data[ ])

  Write pixel data to the normal display buffer.

- void GetDisplayPopup (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte &data[ ])

  Read pixel data from the popup display buffer.

- void SetDisplayPopup (const byte x, const byte line, unsigned int cnt, byte data[ ])

  Write pixel data to the popup display buffer.

- unsigned long DisplayEraseMask ()

  Read the display erase mask value.

- unsigned long DisplayUpdateMask ()

  Read the display update mask value.

- unsigned long DisplayFont ()

  Read the display font memory address.

- unsigned long DisplayDisplay ()

  Read the display memory address.

- byte DisplayFlags ()

  Read the display flags.

- byte DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags ()

  Read the display text lines center flags.

- void SysDrawText (DrawTextType &args)

  Draw text.

- void SysDrawPoint (DrawPointType &args)

  Draw a point.

- void SysDrawLine (DrawLineType &args)

Draw a line.

- void SysDrawCircle (DrawCircleType &args)
  Draw a circle.
- void SysDrawRect (DrawRectType &args)
  Draw a rectangle.
- void SysDrawGraphic (DrawGraphicType &args)
  Draw a graphic (RIC file).
- void SysSetScreenMode (SetScreenModeType &args)
  Set the screen mode.
- void SysDisplayExecuteFunction (DisplayExecuteFunctionType &args)
  Execute any Display module command.
- byte DisplayContrast ()
  Read the display contrast setting.
- void SysDrawGraphicArray (DrawGraphicArrayType &args)
  Draw a graphic image from a byte array.
- void SysDrawPolygon (DrawPolygonType &args)
  Draw a polygon.
- void SysDrawEllipse (DrawEllipseType &args)
  Draw an ellipse.
- void SysDrawFont (DrawFontType &args)
  Draw text using a custom font.
- void ClearScreen ()
  Clear LCD screen.
- void ClearLine (byte line)
  Clear a line on the LCD screen.
- void SetDisplayFont (unsigned long fontaddr)
  Set the display font memory address.
- void SetDisplayDisplay (unsigned long dispaddr)

Set the display memory address.

- void SetDisplayEraseMask (unsigned long eraseMask)
  Set the display erase mask.
- void SetDisplayFlags (byte flags)
  Set the display flags.
- void SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags (byte ctrFlags)
  Set the display text lines center flags.
- void SetDisplayUpdateMask (unsigned long updateMask)
  Set the display update mask.
- void SetDisplayContrast (byte contrast)
  Set the display contrast.
- char PlayFile (string filename)
  Play a file.
- char PlayFileEx (string filename, byte volume, bool loop)
  Play a file with extra options.
- char PlayTone (unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration)
  Play a tone.
- char PlayToneEx (unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration, byte volume, bool loop)
  Play a tone with extra options.
- byte SoundState ()
  Get sound module state.
- byte SoundFlags ()
  Get sound module flags.
- byte StopSound ()
  Stop sound.
- unsigned int SoundFrequency ()
  Get sound frequency.
- unsigned int SoundDuration ()

Get sound duration.

- unsigned int SoundSampleRate ()
  Get sample rate.
- byte SoundMode ()
  Get sound mode.
- byte SoundVolume ()
  Get volume.
- void SetSoundDuration (unsigned int duration)
  Set sound duration.
- void SetSoundFlags (byte flags)
  Set sound module flags.
- void SetSoundFrequency (unsigned int frequency)
  Set sound frequency.
- void SetSoundMode (byte mode)
  Set sound mode.
- void SetSoundModuleState (byte state)
  Set sound module state.
- void SetSoundSampleRate (unsigned int sampleRate)
  Set sample rate.
- void SetSoundVolume (byte volume)
  Set sound volume.
- void SysSoundPlayFile (SoundPlayFileType &args)
  Play sound file.
- void SysSoundPlayTone (SoundPlayToneType &args)
  Play tone.
- void SysSoundGetState (SoundGetStateType &args)
  Get sound state.
- void SysSoundSetState (SoundSetStateType &args)

Set sound state.

- void PlaySound (const int &aCode)

  Play a system sound.

- void PlayTones (Tone tones[ ])

  Play multiple tones.

- byte SensorUS (const byte port)

  Read ultrasonic sensor value.

- char ReadSensorUSEx (const byte port, byte &values[ ])

  Read multiple ultrasonic sensor values.

- char ReadSensorEMeter (const byte &port, float &vIn, float &aIn, float &vOut, float &aOut, int &joules, float &wIn, float &wOut)

  Read the LEGO EMeter values.

- char ConfigureTemperatureSensor (const byte &port, const byte &config)

  Configure LEGO Temperature sensor options.

- float SensorTemperature (const byte &port)

  Read the LEGO Temperature sensor value.

- long LowspeedStatus (const byte port, byte &bytesready)

  Get lowspeed status.

- long LowspeedCheckStatus (const byte port)

  Check lowspeed status.

- byte LowspeedBytesReady (const byte port)

  Get lowspeed bytes ready.

- long LowspeedWrite (const byte port, byte retlen, byte buffer[ ])

  Write lowspeed data.

- long LowspeedRead (const byte port, byte buflen, byte &buffer[ ])

  Read lowspeed data.

- long I2CStatus (const byte port, byte &bytesready)

  Get I2C status.

- long I2CCheckStatus (const byte port)

Check I2C status.

- byte I2CBytesReady (const byte port)
  Get I2C bytes ready.
- long I2CWrite (const byte port, byte retlen, byte buffer[ ])
  Write I2C data.
- long I2CRead (const byte port, byte buflen, byte &buffer[ ])
  Read I2C data.
- long I2CBytes (const byte port, byte inbuf[ ], byte &count, byte &outbuf[ ])
  Perform an I2C write/read transaction.
- char ReadI2CRegister (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte reg, byte &out)
  Read I2C register.
- char WriteI2CRegister (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte reg, byte val)
  Write I2C register.
- string I2CDeviceInfo (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte info)
  Read I2C device information.
- string I2CVersion (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device version.
- string I2CVendorId (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device vendor.
- string I2CDeviceId (byte port, byte i2caddr)
  Read I2C device identifier.
- long I2CSendCommand (byte port, byte i2caddr, byte cmd)
  Send an I2C command.
- void GetLSInputBuffer (const byte port, const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get I2C input buffer data.
- void GetLSOutputBuffer (const byte port, const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get I2C output buffer data.

- byte LSInputBufferInPtr (const byte port)
  Get I2C input buffer in-pointer.
- byte LSInputBufferOutPtr (const byte port)
  Get I2C input buffer out-pointer.
- byte LSInputBufferBytesToRx (const byte port)
  Get I2C input buffer bytes to rx.
- byte LSOutputBufferInPtr (const byte port)
  Get I2C output buffer in-pointer.
- byte LSOutputBufferOutPtr (const byte port)
  Get I2C output buffer out-pointer.
- byte LSOutputBufferBytesToRx (const byte port)
  Get I2C output buffer bytes to rx.
- byte LSMode (const byte port)
  Get I2C mode.
- byte LSChannelState (const byte port)
  Get I2C channel state.
- byte LSErrorType (const byte port)
  Get I2C error type.
- byte LSState ()
  Get I2C state.
- byte LSSpeed ()
  Get I2C speed.
- byte LSNoRestartOnRead ()
  Get I2C no restart on read setting.
- void SysCommLSWrite (CommLSWriteType &args)
  Write to a Lowspeed sensor.
- void SysCommLSRead (CommLSReadType &args)
  Read from a Lowspeed sensor.

- void SysCommLSCheckStatus (CommLSCheckStatusType &args)
  Check Lowspeed sensor status.
- void SysCommLSWriteEx (CommLSWriteExType &args)
  Write to a Lowspeed sensor (extra).
- unsigned long CurrentTick ()
  Read the current system tick.
- unsigned long FirstTick ()
  Get the first tick.
- long ResetSleepTimer ()
  Reset the sleep timer.
- void SysCall (byte funcID, variant &args)
  Call any system function.
- void SysGetStartTick (GetStartTickType &args)
  Get start tick.
- void SysKeepAlive (KeepAliveType &args)
  Keep alive.
- void SysIOMapRead (IOMapReadType &args)
  Read from IOMap by name.
- void SysIOMapWrite (IOMapWriteType &args)
  Write to IOMap by name.
- void SysIOMapReadByID (IOMapReadByIDType &args)
  Read from IOMap by identifier.
- void SysIOMapWriteByID (IOMapWriteByIDType &args)
  Write to IOMap by identifier.
- void SysDatalogWrite (DatalogWriteType &args)
  Write to the datalog.
- void SysDatalogGetTimes (DatalogGetTimesType &args)
  Get datalog times.

- void SysReadSemData (ReadSemDataType &args)

  Read semaphore data.

- void SysWriteSemData (WriteSemDataType &args)

  Write semaphore data.

- void SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo (UpdateCalibCacheInfoType &args)

  Update calibration cache information.

- void SysComputeCalibValue (ComputeCalibValueType &args)

  Compute calibration values.

- char GetMemoryInfo (bool Compact, unsigned int &PoolSize, unsigned int &DataspaceSize)

  Read memory information.

- void SysMemoryManager (MemoryManagerType &args)

  Read memory information.

- char GetLastResponseInfo (bool Clear, byte &Length, byte &Command, byte &Buffer[ ])

  Read last response information.

- void SysReadLastResponse (ReadLastResponseType &args)

  Read last response information.

- void Wait (unsigned long ms)

  Wait some milliseconds.

- void Yield ()

  Yield to another task.

- void StopAllTasks ()

  Stop all tasks.

- void Stop (bool bvalue)

  Stop the running program.

- void ExitTo (task newTask)

  Exit to another task.

- void Precedes (task task1, task task2,..., task taskN)

  Declare tasks that this task precedes.

- void Follows (task task1, task task2,..., task taskN)

  Declare tasks that this task follows.

- void Acquire (mutex m)

  Acquire a mutex.

- void Release (mutex m)

  Acquire a mutex.

- void StartTask (task t)

  Start a task.

- void StopTask (task t)

  Stop a task.

- void ArrayBuild (variant &aout[ ], variant src1, variant src2,..., variant srcN)

  Build an array.

- unsigned int ArrayLen (variant data[ ])

  Get array length.

- void ArrayInit (variant &aout[ ], variant value, unsigned int count)

  Initialize an array.

- void ArraySubset (variant &aout[ ], variant asrc[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Copy an array subset.

- variant ArraySum (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the sum of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMean (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the mean of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArraySumSqr (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayStd (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMin (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

Calculate the minimum of the elements in a numeric array.

- variant ArrayMax (const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Calculate the maximum of the elements in a numeric array.

- void ArraySort (variant &dest[ ], const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Sort the elements in a numeric array.

- void ArrayOp (const byte op, variant &dest, const variant &src[ ], unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)

  Operate on numeric arrays.

- void SetIOMapBytes (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set IOMap bytes by name.

- void SetIOMapValue (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOMap value by name.

- void GetIOMapBytes (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get IOMap bytes by name.

- void GetIOMapValue (string moduleName, unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get IOMap value by name.

- void GetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Lowspeed module IOMap bytes.

- void GetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Display module IOMap bytes.

- void GetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Comm module IOMap bytes.

- void GetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get Command module IOMap bytes.

- void SetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Command module IOMap bytes.

- void SetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Lowspeed module IOMap bytes.

- void SetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Display module IOMap bytes.

- void SetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set Comm module IOMap bytes.

- void SetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte data[ ])

  Set IOMap bytes by ID.

- void SetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOMap value by ID.

- void GetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, unsigned int count, byte &data[ ])

  Get IOMap bytes by ID.

- void GetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long moduleId, unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get IOMap value by ID.

- void SetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set Command module IOMap value.

- void SetIOCtrlModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set IOCtrl module IOMap value.

- void SetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

  Set Loader module IOMap value.

- void SetUIModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)

Set Ui module IOMap value.

- void SetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Sound module IOMap value.
- void SetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Button module IOMap value.
- void SetInputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Input module IOMap value.
- void SetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Output module IOMap value.
- void SetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Lowspeed module IOMap value.
- void SetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Display module IOMap value.
- void SetCommModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant value)
  Set Comm module IOMap value.
- void GetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Command module IOMap value.
- void GetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Loader module IOMap value.
- void GetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Sound module IOMap value.
- void GetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Button module IOMap value.
- void GetUIModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Ui module IOMap value.
- void GetInputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)
  Get Input module IOMap value.
- void GetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)

Get Output module IOMap value.

- void GetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get LowSpeed module IOMap value.

- void GetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get Display module IOMap value.

- void GetCommModuleValue (unsigned int offset, variant &value)

  Get Comm module IOMap value.

- void PowerDown ()

  Power down the NXT.

- void SleepNow ()

  Put the brick to sleep immediately.

- void RebootInFirmwareMode ()

  Reboot the NXT in firmware download mode.

- char SendMessage (byte queue, string msg)

  Send a message to a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveMessage (byte queue, bool clear, string &msg)

  Read a message from a queue/mailbox.

- char BluetoothStatus (byte conn)

  Check bluetooth status.

- char BluetoothWrite (byte conn, byte buffer[ ])

  Write to a bluetooth connection.

- char RemoteConnectionWrite (byte conn, byte buffer[ ])

  Write to a remote connection.

- bool RemoteConnectionIdle (byte conn)

  Check if remote connection is idle.

- char SendRemoteBool (byte conn, byte queue, bool bval)

  Send a boolean value to a remote mailbox.

- char SendRemoteNumber (byte conn, byte queue, long val)

Send a numeric value to a remote mailbox.

- char SendRemoteString (byte conn, byte queue, string str)

  Send a string value to a remote mailbox.

- char SendResponseBool (byte queue, bool bval)

  Write a boolean value to a local response mailbox.

- char SendResponseNumber (byte queue, long val)

  Write a numeric value to a local response mailbox.

- char SendResponseString (byte queue, string str)

  Write a string value to a local response mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteBool (byte queue, bool clear, bool &bval)

  Read a boolean value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteMessageEx (byte queue, bool clear, string &str, long &val, bool &bval)

  Read a value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteNumber (byte queue, bool clear, long &val)

  Read a numeric value from a queue/mailbox.

- char ReceiveRemoteString (byte queue, bool clear, string &str)

  Read a string value from a queue/mailbox.

- char RemoteKeepAlive (byte conn)

  Send a KeepAlive message.

- char RemoteMessageRead (byte conn, byte queue)

  Send a MessageRead message.

- char RemoteMessageWrite (byte conn, byte queue, string msg)

  Send a MessageWrite message.

- char RemotePlaySoundFile (byte conn, string filename, bool bloop)

  Send a PlaySoundFile message.

- char RemotePlayTone (byte conn, unsigned int frequency, unsigned int duration)

  Send a PlayTone message.

- char RemoteResetMotorPosition (byte conn, byte port, bool brelative)

  Send a ResetMotorPosition message.

- char RemoteResetScaledValue (byte conn, byte port)

  Send a ResetScaledValue message.

- char RemoteSetInputMode (byte conn, byte port, byte type, byte mode)

  Send a SetInputMode message.

- char RemoteSetOutputState (byte conn, byte port, char speed, byte mode, byte regmode, char turnpct, byte runstate, unsigned long tacholimit)

  Send a SetOutputMode message.

- char RemoteStartProgram (byte conn, string filename)

  Send a StartProgram message.

- char RemoteStopProgram (byte conn)

  Send a StopProgram message.

- char RemoteStopSound (byte conn)

  Send a StopSound message.

- char RemoteGetOutputState (byte conn, OutputStateType &params)

  Send a GetOutputState message.

- char RemoteGetInputValues (byte conn, InputValuesType &params)

  Send a GetInputValues message.

- char RemoteGetBatteryLevel (byte conn, int &value)

  Send a GetBatteryLevel message.

- char RemoteLowspeedGetStatus (byte conn, byte &value)

  Send a LowspeedGetStatus message.

- char RemoteLowspeedRead (byte conn, byte port, byte &bread, byte &data[ ])

  Send a LowspeedRead message.

- char RemoteGetCurrentProgramName (byte conn, string &name)

  Send a GetCurrentProgramName message.

- char RemoteDatalogRead (byte conn, bool remove, byte &cnt, byte &log[ ])

  Send a DatalogRead message.

- char RemoteGetContactCount (byte conn, byte &cnt)

  Send a GetContactCount message.

- char RemoteGetContactName (byte conn, byte idx, string &name)

  Send a GetContactName message.

- char RemoteGetConnectionCount (byte conn, byte &cnt)

  Send a GetConnectionCount message.

- char RemoteGetConnectionName (byte conn, byte idx, string &name)

  Send a GetConnectionName message.

- char RemoteGetProperty (byte conn, byte property, variant &value)

  Send a GetProperty message.

- char RemoteResetTachoCount (byte conn, byte port)

  Send a ResetTachoCount message.

- char RemoteDatalogSetTimes (byte conn, long synctime)

  Send a DatalogSetTimes message.

- char RemoteSetProperty (byte conn, byte prop, variant value)

  Send a SetProperty message.

- char RemoteLowspeedWrite (byte conn, byte port, byte txlen, byte rxlen, byte data[ ])

  Send a LowspeedWrite message.

- char RemoteOpenRead (byte conn, string filename, byte &handle, long &size)

  Send an OpenRead message.

- char RemoteOpenAppendData (byte conn, string filename, byte &handle, long &size)

  Send an OpenAppendData message.

- char RemoteDeleteFile (byte conn, string filename)

  Send a DeleteFile message.

- char RemoteFindFirstFile (byte conn, string mask, byte &handle, string &name, long &size)

  Send a FindFirstFile message.

- char RemoteGetFirmwareVersion (byte conn, byte &pmin, byte &pmaj, byte &fmin, byte &fmaj)

  Send a GetFirmwareVersion message.

- char RemoteGetBluetoothAddress (byte conn, byte &btaddr[ ])

  Send a GetBluetoothAddress message.

- char RemoteGetDeviceInfo (byte conn, string &name, byte &btaddr[ ], byte &btsignal[ ], long &freemem)

  Send a GetDeviceInfo message.

- char RemoteDeleteUserFlash (byte conn)

  Send a DeleteUserFlash message.

- char RemoteOpenWrite (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWrite message.

- char RemoteOpenWriteLinear (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWriteLinear message.

- char RemoteOpenWriteData (byte conn, string filename, long size, byte &handle)

  Send an OpenWriteData message.

- char RemoteCloseFile (byte conn, byte handle)

  Send a CloseFile message.

- char RemoteFindNextFile (byte conn, byte &handle, string &name, long &size)

  Send a FindNextFile message.

- char RemotePollCommandLength (byte conn, byte bufnum, byte &length)

  Send a PollCommandLength message.

- char RemoteWrite (byte conn, byte &handle, int &numbytes, byte data[ ])

  Send a Write message.

- char RemoteRead (byte conn, byte &handle, int &numbytes, byte &data[ ])

  Send a Read message.

- char RemoteIOMapRead (byte conn, long id, int offset, int &numbytes, byte &data[ ])

Send an IOMapRead message.

- char RemotePollCommand (byte conn, byte bufnum, byte &len, byte &data[ ])
  Send a PollCommand message.
- char RemoteRenameFile (byte conn, string oldname, string newname)
  Send a RenameFile message.
- char RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset (byte conn)
  Send a BluetoothFactoryReset message.
- char RemoteIOMapWriteValue (byte conn, long id, int offset, variant value)
  Send an IOMapWrite value message.
- char RemoteIOMapWriteBytes (byte conn, long id, int offset, byte data[ ])
  Send an IOMapWrite bytes message.
- char RemoteSetBrickName (byte conn, string name)
  Send a SetBrickName message.
- void UseRS485 (void)
  Use the RS485 port.
- char RS485Control (byte cmd, byte baud, unsigned int mode)
  Control the RS485 port.
- bool RS485DataAvailable (void)
  Check for RS485 available data.
- char RS485Initialize (void)
  Initialize RS485 port.
- char RS485Disable (void)
  Disable RS485.
- char RS485Enable (void)
  Enable RS485.
- char RS485Read (byte &buffer[ ])
  Read RS485 data.
- bool RS485SendingData (void)

Is RS485 sending data.

- void RS485Status (bool &sendingData, bool &dataAvail)
  Check RS485 status.
- char RS485Uart (byte baud, unsigned int mode)
  Configure RS485 UART.
- char RS485Write (byte buffer[ ])
  Write RS485 data.
- char SendRS485Bool (bool bval)
  Write RS485 boolean.
- char SendRS485Number (long val)
  Write RS485 numeric.
- char SendRS485String (string str)
  Write RS485 string.
- void GetBTInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth input buffer data.
- void GetBTOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth output buffer data.
- void GetHSInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get hi-speed port input buffer data.
- void GetHSOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get hi-speed port output buffer data.
- void GetUSBInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb input buffer data.
- void GetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb output buffer data.
- void GetUSBPollBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte &data[ ])
  Get usb poll buffer data.
- string BTDeviceName (const byte devidx)

Get bluetooth device name.

- string BTConnectionName (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device name.
- string BTConnectionPinCode (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device pin code.
- string BrickDataName (void)
  Get NXT name.
- void GetBTDeviceAddress (const byte devidx, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth device address.
- void GetBTConnectionAddress (const byte conn, byte &data[ ])
  Get bluetooth device address.
- void GetBrickDataAddress (byte &data[ ])
  Get NXT address.
- long BTDeviceClass (const byte devidx)
  Get bluetooth device class.
- byte BTDeviceStatus (const byte devidx)
  Get bluetooth device status.
- long BTConnectionClass (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device class.
- byte BTConnectionHandleNum (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device handle number.
- byte BTConnectionStreamStatus (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device stream status.
- byte BTConnectionLinkQuality (const byte conn)
  Get bluetooth device link quality.
- int BrickDataBluecoreVersion (void)
  Get NXT bluecore version.
- byte BrickDataBtStateStatus (void)

Get NXT bluetooth state status.

- byte BrickDataBtHardwareStatus (void)
  Get NXT bluetooth hardware status.
- byte BrickDataTimeoutValue (void)
  Get NXT bluetooth timeout value.
- byte BTInputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get bluetooth input buffer in-pointer.
- byte BTInputBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get bluetooth input buffer out-pointer.
- byte BTOutputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get bluetooth output buffer in-pointer.
- byte BTOutputBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get bluetooth output buffer out-pointer.
- byte HSInputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer.
- byte HSInputBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer.
- byte HSOutputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer.
- byte HSOutputBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer.
- byte USBInputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get usb port input buffer in-pointer.
- byte USBInputBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get usb port input buffer out-pointer.
- byte USBOutputBufferInPtr (void)
  Get usb port output buffer in-pointer.
- byte USBOutputBufferOutPtr (void)

Get usb port output buffer out-pointer.

- byte USBPollBufferInPtr (void)
  Get usb port poll buffer in-pointer.
- byte USBPollBufferOutPtr (void)
  Get usb port poll buffer out-pointer.
- byte BTDeviceCount (void)
  Get bluetooth device count.
- byte BTDeviceNameCount (void)
  Get bluetooth device name count.
- byte HSFlags (void)
  Get hi-speed port flags.
- byte HSSpeed (void)
  Get hi-speed port speed.
- byte HSState (void)
  Get hi-speed port state.
- int HSMode (void)
  Get hi-speed port mode.
- int BTDataMode (void)
  Get Bluetooth data mode.
- int HSDataMode (void)
  Get hi-speed port datamode.
- byte USBState (void)
  Get USB state.
- void SetBTInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set bluetooth input buffer data.
- void SetBTInputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth input buffer in-pointer.
- void SetBTInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)

Set bluetooth input buffer out-pointer.

- void SetBTOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set bluetooth output buffer data.
- void SetBTOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth output buffer in-pointer.
- void SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set bluetooth output buffer out-pointer.
- void SetHSInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set hi-speed port input buffer data.
- void SetHSInputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer.
- void SetHSInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer.
- void SetHSOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set hi-speed port output buffer data.
- void SetHSOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer.
- void SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer.
- void SetUSBInputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set USB input buffer data.
- void SetUSBInputBufferInPtr (byte n)
  Set USB input buffer in-pointer.
- void SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr (byte n)
  Set USB input buffer out-pointer.
- void SetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])
  Set USB output buffer data.
- void SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr (byte n)

Set USB output buffer in-pointer.

- void SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr (byte n)

  Set USB output buffer out-pointer.

- void SetUSBPollBuffer (const byte offset, byte cnt, byte data[ ])

  Set USB poll buffer data.

- void SetUSBPollBufferInPtr (byte n)

  Set USB poll buffer in-pointer.

- void SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr (byte n)

  Set USB poll buffer out-pointer.

- void SetHSFlags (byte hsFlags)

  Set hi-speed port flags.

- void SetHSSpeed (byte hsSpeed)

  Set hi-speed port speed.

- void SetHSState (byte hsState)

  Set hi-speed port state.

- void SetHSMode (unsigned int hsMode)

  Set hi-speed port mode.

- void SetBTDataMode (const byte dataMode)

  Set Bluetooth data mode.

- void SetHSDataMode (const byte dataMode)

  Set hi-speed port data mode.

- void SetUSBState (byte usbState)

  Set USB state.

- void SysMessageWrite (MessageWriteType &args)

  Write message.

- void SysMessageRead (MessageReadType &args)

  Read message.

- void SysCommBTWrite (CommBTWriteType &args)

Write data to a Bluetooth connection.

- void SysCommBTCheckStatus (CommBTCheckStatusType &args)
  Check Bluetooth connection status.
- void SysCommExecuteFunction (CommExecuteFunctionType &args)
  Execute any Comm module command.
- void SysCommHSControl (CommHSControlType &args)
  Control the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommHSCheckStatus (CommHSCheckStatusType &args)
  Check the hi-speed port status.
- void SysCommHSRead (CommHSReadWriteType &args)
  Read from the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommHSWrite (CommHSReadWriteType &args)
  Write to the hi-speed port.
- void SysCommBTOnOff (CommBTOnOffType &args)
  Turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem.
- void SysCommBTConnection (CommBTConnectionType &args)
  Connect or disconnect a bluetooth device.
- bool ButtonPressed (const byte btn, bool resetCount)
  Check for button press.
- byte ButtonCount (const byte btn, bool resetCount)
  Get button press count.
- char ReadButtonEx (const byte btn, bool reset, bool &pressed, unsigned int &count)
  Read button information.
- byte ButtonPressCount (const byte btn)
  Get button press count.
- byte ButtonLongPressCount (const byte btn)
  Get button long press count.
- byte ButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte btn)

Get button short release count.

- byte ButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte btn)
  Get button long release count.
- byte ButtonReleaseCount (const byte btn)
  Get button release count.
- byte ButtonState (const byte btn)
  Get button state.
- void SetButtonLongPressCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button long press count.
- void SetButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button long release count.
- void SetButtonPressCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button press count.
- void SetButtonReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button release count.
- void SetButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte btn, const byte n)
  Set button short release count.
- void SetButtonState (const byte btn, const byte state)
  Set button state.
- void SysReadButton (ReadButtonType &args)
  Read button.
- byte CommandFlags (void)
  Get command flags.
- byte UIState (void)
  Get UI module state.
- byte UIButton (void)
  Read UI button.
- byte VMRunState (void)

Read VM run state.

- byte BatteryState (void)
  Get battery state.
- byte BluetoothState (void)
  Get bluetooth state.
- byte UsbState (void)
  Get UI module USB state.
- byte SleepTimeout (void)
  Read sleep timeout.
- byte SleepTime (void)
  Read sleep time.
- byte SleepTimer (void)
  Read sleep timer.
- bool RechargeableBattery (void)
  Read battery type.
- byte Volume (void)
  Read volume.
- byte OnBrickProgramPointer (void)
  Read the on brick program pointer value.
- byte AbortFlag (void)
  Read abort flag.
- byte LongAbort (void)
  Read long abort setting.
- unsigned int BatteryLevel (void)
  Get battery Level.
- void SetCommandFlags (const byte cmdFlags)
  Set command flags.
- void SetUIButton (byte btn)

Set UI button.

- void SetUIState (byte state)

  Set UI state.

- void SetVMRunState (const byte vmRunState)

  Set VM run state.

- void SetBatteryState (byte state)

  Set battery state.

- void SetBluetoothState (byte state)

  Set bluetooth state.

- void SetSleepTimeout (const byte n)

  Set sleep timeout.

- void SetSleepTime (const byte n)

  Set sleep time.

- void SetSleepTimer (const byte n)

  Set the sleep timer.

- void SetVolume (byte volume)

  Set volume.

- void SetOnBrickProgramPointer (byte obpStep)

  Set on-brick program pointer.

- void ForceOff (byte num)

  Turn off NXT.

- void SetAbortFlag (byte abortFlag)

  Set abort flag.

- void SetLongAbort (bool longAbort)

  Set long abort.

- void SysSetSleepTimeout (SetSleepTimeoutType &args)

  Set system sleep timeout.

- unsigned int FreeMemory (void)

Get free flash memory.

- unsigned int CreateFile (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)

  Create a file.

- unsigned int OpenFileAppend (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)

  Open a file for appending.

- unsigned int OpenFileRead (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)

  Open a file for reading.

- unsigned int CloseFile (byte handle)

  Close a file.

- unsigned int ResolveHandle (string filename, byte &handle, bool &writeable)

  Resolve a handle.

- unsigned int RenameFile (string oldname, string newname)

  Rename a file.

- unsigned int DeleteFile (string fname)

  Delete a file.

- unsigned int ResizeFile (string fname, const unsigned int newsize)

  Resize a file.

- unsigned int CreateFileLinear (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)

  Create a linear file.

- unsigned int CreateFileNonLinear (string fname, unsigned int fsize, byte &handle)

  Create a non-linear file.

- unsigned int OpenFileReadLinear (string fname, unsigned int &fsize, byte &handle)

  Open a linear file for reading.

- unsigned int FindFirstFile (string &fname, byte &handle)

  Start searching for files.

- unsigned int FindNextFile (string &fname, byte &handle)

  Continue searching for files.

- unsigned int SizeOf (variant &value)
  Calculate the size of a variable.
- unsigned int Read (byte handle, variant &value)
  Read a value from a file.
- unsigned int ReadLn (byte handle, variant &value)
  Read a value from a file plus line ending.
- unsigned int ReadBytes (byte handle, unsigned int &length, byte &buf[ ])
  Read bytes from a file.
- unsigned int ReadLnString (byte handle, string &output)
  Read a string from a file plus line ending.
- unsigned int Write (byte handle, const variant &value)
  Write value to file.
- unsigned int WriteBytes (byte handle, const byte &buf[ ], unsigned int &cnt)
  Write bytes to file.
- unsigned int WriteBytesEx (byte handle, unsigned int &len, const byte &buf[ ])
  Write bytes to a file with limit.
- unsigned int WriteLn (byte handle, const variant &value)
  Write a value and new line to a file.
- unsigned int WriteLnString (byte handle, const string &str, unsigned int &cnt)
  Write string and new line to a file.
- unsigned int WriteString (byte handle, const string &str, unsigned int &cnt)
  Write string to a file.
- void SysFileOpenRead (FileOpenType &args)
  Open file for reading.
- void SysFileOpenWrite (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenAppend (FileOpenType &args)
  Open file for writing at end of file.

- void SysFileRead (FileReadWriteType &args)
  Read from file.
- void SysFileWrite (FileReadWriteType &args)
  File write.
- void SysFileClose (FileCloseType &args)
  Close file handle.
- void SysFileResolveHandle (FileResolveHandleType &args)
  File resolve handle.
- void SysFileRename (FileRenameType &args)
  Rename file.
- void SysFileDelete (FileDeleteType &args)
  Delete file.
- void SysLoaderExecuteFunction (LoaderExecuteFunctionType &args)
  Execute any Loader module command.
- void SysFileFindFirst (FileFindType &args)
  Start finding files.
- void SysFileFindNext (FileFindType &args)
  Continue finding files.
- void SysFileOpenWriteLinear (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create linear file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear (FileOpenType &args)
  Open and create non-linear file for writing.
- void SysFileOpenReadLinear (FileOpenType &args)
  Open linear file for reading.
- void SysFileSeek (FileSeekType &args)
  Seek to file position.
- void SysFileResize (FileResizeType &args)
  Resize a file.

- void SysFileTell (FileTellType &args)
  Return the file position.
- void SysListFiles (ListFilesType &args)
  List files.
- int SensorHTGyro (const byte &port, int offset=0)
  Read HiTechnic Gyro sensor.
- int SensorHTMagnet (const byte &port, int offset=0)
  Read HiTechnic Magnet sensor.
- int SensorHTEOPD (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic EOPD sensor.
- void SetSensorHTEOPD (const byte &port, bool bStandard)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic EOPD.
- void SetSensorHTGyro (const byte &port)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic Gyro.
- void SetSensorHTMagnet (const byte &port)
  Set sensor as HiTechnic Magnet.
- int SensorHTColorNum (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic color sensor color number.
- int SensorHTCompass (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic compass.
- int SensorHTIRSeekerDir (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker direction.
- int SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr (const byte &port, const byte reg)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 register.
- int SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC direction.
- int SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir (const byte &port)
  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC direction.

- char SetHTColor2Mode (const byte &port, byte mode)

  Set HiTechnic Color2 mode.

- char SetHTIRSeeker2Mode (const byte &port, const byte mode)

  Set HiTechnic IRSeeker2 mode.

- bool ReadSensorHTAccel (const byte port, int &x, int &y, int &z)

  Read HiTechnic acceleration values.

- bool ReadSensorHTColor (const byte port, byte &ColorNum, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker values.

- bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor (const byte port, byte &ColorIdx, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color normalized values.

- bool ReadSensorHTRawColor (const byte port, unsigned int &Red, unsigned int &Green, unsigned int &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color raw values.

- bool ReadSensorHTColor2Active (byte port, byte &ColorNum, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue, byte &White)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 active values.

- bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active (const byte port, byte &ColorIdx, byte &Red, byte &Green, byte &Blue)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 normalized active values.

- bool ReadSensorHTRawColor2 (const byte port, unsigned int &Red, unsigned int &Green, unsigned int &Blue, unsigned int &White)

  Read HiTechnic Color2 raw values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiver (const byte port, char &pfdata[ ])

  Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function bytes.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx (const byte port, const byte offset, char &pfchar)

Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function value.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC values.

- bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC (const byte port, byte &dir, byte &s1, byte &s3, byte &s5, byte &s7, byte &s9, byte &avg)

  Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC values.

- char ResetSensorHTAngle (const byte port, const byte mode)

  Reset HiTechnic Angle sensor.

- bool ReadSensorHTAngle (const byte port, int &Angle, long &AccAngle, int &RPM)

  Read HiTechnic Angle sensor values.

- void ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer (const byte port, byte &t1, byte &t2, byte &t3, byte &t4)

  Read HiTechnic touch multiplexer.

- char HTIRTrain (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte func)

  HTIRTrain function.

- char HTPFComboDirect (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  HTPFComboDirect function.

- char HTPFComboPWM (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  HTPFComboPWM function.

- char HTPFRawOutput (const byte port, const byte nibble0, const byte nibble1, const byte nibble2)

  HTPFRawOutput function.

- char HTPFRepeat (const byte port, const byte count, const unsigned int delay)

  HTPFRepeat function.

- char HTPFSingleOutputCST (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  HTPFSingleOutputCST function.

- char HTPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  HTPFSingleOutputPWM function.

- char HTPFSinglePin (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte pin, const byte func, bool cont)

  HTPFSinglePin function.

- char HTPFTrain (const byte port, const byte channel, const byte func)

  HTPFTrain function.

- void HTRCXSetIRLinkPort (const byte port)

  HTRCXSetIRLinkPort function.

- int HTRCXBatteryLevel (void)

  HTRCXBatteryLevel function.

- int HTRCXPoll (const byte src, const byte value)

  HTRCXPoll function Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

- int HTRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int address)

  HTRCXPollMemory function.

- void HTRCXAddToDatalog (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  HTRCXAddToDatalog function.

- void HTRCXClearAllEvents (void)

  HTRCXClearAllEvents function.

- void HTRCXClearCounter (const byte counter)

  HTRCXClearCounter function.

- void HTRCXClearMsg (void)

  HTRCXClearMsg function.

- void HTRCXClearSensor (const byte port)

  HTRCXClearSensor function.

- void HTRCXClearSound (void)

  HTRCXClearSound function.

- void HTRCXClearTimer (const byte timer)

HTRCXClearTimer function.

- void HTRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int size)
  HTRCXCreateDatalog function.
- void HTRCXDecCounter (const byte counter)
  HTRCXDecCounter function.
- void HTRCXDeleteSub (const byte s)
  HTRCXDeleteSub function.
- void HTRCXDeleteSubs (void)
  HTRCXDeleteSubs function.
- void HTRCXDeleteTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXDeleteTask function.
- void HTRCXDeleteTasks (void)
  HTRCXDeleteTasks function.
- void HTRCXDisableOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXDisableOutput function.
- void HTRCXEnableOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXEnableOutput function.
- void HTRCXEvent (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTRCXEvent function.
- void HTRCXFloat (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXFloat function.
- void HTRCXFwd (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXFwd function.
- void HTRCXIncCounter (const byte counter)
  HTRCXIncCounter function.
- void HTRCXInvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXInvertOutput function.
- void HTRCXMuteSound (void)

HTRCXMuteSound function.

- void HTRCXObvertOutput (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXObvertOutput function.
- void HTRCXOff (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOff function.
- void HTRCXOn (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOn function.
- void HTRCXOnFor (const byte outputs, const unsigned int ms)
  HTRCXOnFor function.
- void HTRCXOnFwd (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOnFwd function.
- void HTRCXOnRev (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXOnRev function.
- void HTRCXPBTurnOff (void)
  HTRCXPBTurnOff function.
- void HTRCXPing (void)
  HTRCXPing function.
- void HTRCXPlaySound (const byte snd)
  HTRCXPlaySound function.
- void HTRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int freq, const byte duration)
  HTRCXPlayTone function.
- void HTRCXPlayToneVar (const byte varnum, const byte duration)
  HTRCXPlayToneVar function.
- void HTRCXRemote (unsigned int cmd)
  HTRCXRemote function.
- void HTRCXRev (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXRev function.
- void HTRCXSelectDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

HTRCXSelectDisplay function.

- void HTRCXSelectProgram (const byte prog)
  HTRCXSelectProgram function.
- void HTRCXSendSerial (const byte first, const byte count)
  HTRCXSendSerial function.
- void HTRCXSetDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  HTRCXSetDirection function.
- void HTRCXSetEvent (const byte evt, const byte src, const byte type)
  HTRCXSetEvent function.
- void HTRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)
  HTRCXSetGlobalDirection function.
- void HTRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)
  HTRCXSetGlobalOutput function.
- void HTRCXSetMaxPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)
  HTRCXSetMaxPower function.
- void HTRCXSetMessage (const byte msg)
  HTRCXSetMessage function.
- void HTRCXSetOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)
  HTRCXSetOutput function.
- void HTRCXSetPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)
  HTRCXSetPower function.
- void HTRCXSetPriority (const byte p)
  HTRCXSetPriority function.
- void HTRCXSetSensorMode (const byte port, const byte mode)
  HTRCXSetSensorMode function.
- void HTRCXSetSensorType (const byte port, const byte type)
  HTRCXSetSensorType function.

- void HTRCXSetSleepTime (const byte t)
  HTRCXSetSleepTime function.
- void HTRCXSetTxPower (const byte pwr)
  HTRCXSetTxPower function.
- void HTRCXSetWatch (const byte hours, const byte minutes)
  HTRCXSetWatch function.
- void HTRCXStartTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXStartTask function.
- void HTRCXStopAllTasks (void)
  HTRCXStopAllTasks function.
- void HTRCXStopTask (const byte t)
  HTRCXStopTask function.
- void HTRCXToggle (const byte outputs)
  HTRCXToggle function.
- void HTRCXUnmuteSound (void)
  HTRCXUnmuteSound function.
- void HTScoutCalibrateSensor (void)
  HTScoutCalibrateSensor function.
- void HTScoutMuteSound (void)
  HTScoutMuteSound function.
- void HTScoutSelectSounds (const byte grp)
  HTScoutSelectSounds function.
- void HTScoutSendVLL (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSendVLL function.
- void HTScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetEventFeedback function.
- void HTScoutSetLight (const byte x)
  HTScoutSetLight function.

- void HTScoutSetScoutMode (const byte mode)
  HTScoutSetScoutMode function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorClickTime function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.
- void HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)
  HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.
- void HTScoutUnmuteSound (void)
  HTScoutUnmuteSound function.
- void SetSensorMSPressure (const byte &port)
  Configure a mindsensors pressure sensor.
- void SetSensorMSDROD (const byte &port, bool bActive)
  Configure a mindsensors DROD sensor.
- void SetSensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte &port, bool bLong)
  Configure a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor.
- int SensorMSPressure (const byte &port)
  Read mindsensors pressure sensor.
- char SensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte &port)
  Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone.
- int SensorMSCompass (const byte &port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read mindsensors compass value.
- int SensorMSDROD (const byte &port)
  Read mindsensors DROD value.
- int SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw (const byte &port)
  Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value.

- int SensorMSPressureRaw (const byte &port)

  Read mindsensors raw pressure value.

- bool ReadSensorMSAccel (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, int &x, int &y, int &z)

  Read mindsensors acceleration values.

- bool ReadSensorMSPlayStation (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte &btnset1, byte &btnset2, byte &xleft, byte &yleft, byte &xright, byte &yright)

  Read mindsensors playstation controller values.

- bool ReadSensorMSRTClock (const byte port, byte &sec, byte &min, byte &hrs, byte &dow, byte &date, byte &month, byte &year)

  Read mindsensors RTClock values.

- bool ReadSensorMSTilt (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, byte &x, byte &y, byte &z)

  Read mindsensors tilt values.

- bool PFMateSend (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &channel, const byte &motors, const byte &cmdA, const byte &spdA, const byte &cmdB, const byte &spdB)

  Send PFMate command.

- bool PFMateSendRaw (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &channel, const byte &b1, const byte &b2)

  Send raw PFMate command.

- int MSReadValue (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte reg, const byte numbytes)

  Read a mindsensors device value.

- char MSEnergize (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn on power to device.

- char MSDeenergize (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn off power to device.

- char MSADPAOn (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn on mindsensors ADPA mode.

- char MSADPAOff (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Turn off mindsensors ADPA mode.

- char DISTNxGP2D12 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Configure DISTNx as GP2D12.
- char DISTNxGP2D120 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Configure DISTNx as GP2D120.
- char DISTNxGP2YA02 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Configure DISTNx as GP2YA02.
- char DISTNxGP2YA21 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Configure DISTNx as GP2YA21.
- int DISTNxDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx distance value.
- int DISTNxMaxDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx maximum distance value.
- int DISTNxMinDistance (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx minimum distance value.
- byte DISTNxModuleType (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx module type value.
- byte DISTNxNumPoints (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx num points value.
- int DISTNxVoltage (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read DISTNx voltage value.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateX (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx X-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx X-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateY (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx Y-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Y-axis.

- char ACCLNxCalibrateZ (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Calibrate ACCL-Nx Z-axis.
- char ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Z-axis.
- char ACCLNxResetCalibration (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Reset ACCL-Nx calibration.
- char SetACCLNxSensitivity (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte slevel)
  Set ACCL-Nx sensitivity.
- byte ACCLNxSensitivity (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx sensitivity value.
- int ACCLNxXOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx X offset value.
- int ACCLNxXRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx X range value.
- int ACCLNxYOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Y offset value.
- int ACCLNxYRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Y range value.
- int ACCLNxZOffset (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Z offset value.
- int ACCLNxZRange (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)
  Read ACCL-Nx Z range value.
- char PSPNxDigital (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Configure PSPNx in digital mode.
- char PSPNxAnalog (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Configure PSPNx in analog mode.
- unsigned int NXTServoPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)

Read NXTServo servo position value.

- byte NXTServoSpeed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)

  Read NXTServo servo speed value.

- byte NXTServoBatteryVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTServo battery voltage value.

- char SetNXTServoSpeed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &speed)

  Set NXTServo servo motor speed.

- char SetNXTServoQuickPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &qpos)

  Set NXTServo servo motor quick position.

- char SetNXTServoPosition (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo, const byte &pos)

  Set NXTServo servo motor position.

- char NXTServoReset (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Reset NXTServo properties.

- char NXTServoHaltMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Halt NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoResumeMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Resume NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoPauseMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Pause NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoInit (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte servo)

  Initialize NXTServo servo properties.

- char NXTServoGotoMacroAddress (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &macro)

  Goto NXTServo macro address.

- char NXTServoEditMacro (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Edit NXTServo macro.

- char NXTServoQuitEdit (const byte &port)

  Quit NXTServo macro edit mode.

- char NXTHIDAsciiMode (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Set NXTHID into ASCII data mode.

- char NXTHIDDirectMode (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Set NXTHID into direct data mode.

- char NXTHIDTransmit (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Transmit NXTHID character.

- char NXTHIDLoadCharacter (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &modifier, const byte &character)

  Load NXTHID character.

- char NXTPowerMeterResetCounters (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Reset NXTPowerMeter counters.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present current.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present voltage.

- int NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter capacity used.

- int NXTPowerMeterPresentPower (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter present power.

- long NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter total power consumed.

- int NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter maximum current.

- int NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter minimum current.

- int NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)

  Read NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage.

- int NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage.
- long NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTPowerMeter elapsed time.
- int NXTPowerMeterErrorCount (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTPowerMeter error count.
- char NXTLineLeaderPowerDown (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Powerdown NXTLineLeader device.
- char NXTLineLeaderPowerUp (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Powerup NXTLineLeader device.
- char NXTLineLeaderInvert (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Invert NXTLineLeader colors.
- char NXTLineLeaderReset (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Reset NXTLineLeader color inversion.
- char NXTLineLeaderSnapshot (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Take NXTLineLeader line snapshot.
- char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Calibrate NXTLineLeader white color.
- char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Calibrate NXTLineLeader black color.
- char NXTLineLeaderSteering (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader steering.
- char NXTLineLeaderAverage (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader average.
- byte NXTLineLeaderResult (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr)
  Read NXTLineLeader result.
- char SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

Write NXTLineLeader setpoint.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kp value.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Ki value.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKdValue (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kd value.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kp factor.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Ki factor.

- char SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor (const byte &port, const byte &i2caddr, const byte &value)

  Write NXTLineLeader Kd factor.

- char NRLink2400 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in 2400 baud mode.

- char NRLink4800 (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in 4800 baud mode.

- char NRLinkFlush (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Flush NRLink buffers.

- char NRLinkIRLong (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR long mode.

- char NRLinkIRShort (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR short mode.

- char NRLinkSetPF (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in power function mode.

- char NRLinkSetRCX (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in RCX mode.

- char NRLinkSetTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in IR train mode.

- char NRLinkTxRaw (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Configure NRLink in raw IR transmit mode.

- byte NRLinkStatus (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  Read NRLink status.

- char RunNRLinkMacro (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte macro)

  Run NRLink macro.

- char WriteNRLinkBytes (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte data[ ])

  Write data to NRLink.

- bool ReadNRLinkBytes (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, byte &data[ ])

  Read data from NRLink.

- char MSIRTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte func)

  MSIRTrain function.

- char MSPFComboDirect (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  MSPFComboDirect function.

- char MSPFComboPWM (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte outa, const byte outb)

  MSPFComboPWM function.

- char MSPFRawOutput (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte nibble0, const byte nibble1, const byte nibble2)

  MSPFRawOutput function.

- char MSPFRepeat (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte count, const unsigned int delay)

  MSPFRepeat function.

- char MSPFSingleOutputCST (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  MSPFSingleOutputCST function.

- char MSPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte func)

  MSPFSingleOutputPWM function.

- char MSPFSinglePin (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte out, const byte pin, const byte func, bool cont)

  MSPFSinglePin function.

- char MSPFTrain (const byte port, const byte i2caddr, const byte channel, const byte func)

  MSPFTrain function.

- void MSRCXSetNRLinkPort (const byte port, const byte i2caddr)

  MSRCXSetIRLinkPort function.

- int MSRCXBatteryLevel (void)

  MSRCXBatteryLevel function.

- int MSRCXPoll (const byte src, const byte value)

  MSRCXPoll function.

- int MSRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int address)

  MSRCXPollMemory function.

- void MSRCXAbsVar (const byte varnum, const byte byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXAbsVar function.

- void MSRCXAddToDatalog (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXAddToDatalog function.

- void MSRCXAndVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXAndVar function.

- void MSRCXBoot (void)

  MSRCXBoot function.

- void MSRCXCalibrateEvent (const byte evt, const byte low, const byte hi, const byte hyst)

  MSRCXCalibrateEvent function.

- void MSRCXClearAllEvents (void)

  MSRCXClearAllEvents function.

- void MSRCXClearCounter (const byte counter)

  MSRCXClearCounter function.

- void MSRCXClearMsg (void)

  MSRCXClearMsg function.

- void MSRCXClearSensor (const byte port)

  MSRCXClearSensor function.

- void MSRCXClearSound (void)

  MSRCXClearSound function.

- void MSRCXClearTimer (const byte timer)

  MSRCXClearTimer function.

- void MSRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int size)

  MSRCXCreateDatalog function.

- void MSRCXDecCounter (const byte counter)

  MSRCXDecCounter function.

- void MSRCXDeleteSub (const byte s)

  MSRCXDeleteSub function.

- void MSRCXDeleteSubs (void)

  MSRCXDeleteSubs function.

- void MSRCXDeleteTask (const byte t)

  MSRCXDeleteTask function.

- void MSRCXDeleteTasks (void)

  MSRCXDeleteTasks function.

- void MSRCXDisableOutput (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXDisableOutput function.

- void MSRCXDivVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXDivVar function.

- void MSRCXEnableOutput (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXEnableOutput function.

- void MSRCXEvent (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXEvent function.

- void MSRCXFloat (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXFloat function.

- void MSRCXFwd (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXFwd function.

- void MSRCXIncCounter (const byte counter)

  MSRCXIncCounter function.

- void MSRCXInvertOutput (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXInvertOutput function.

- void MSRCXMulVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, unsigned int value)

  MSRCXMulVar function.

- void MSRCXMuteSound (void)

  MSRCXMuteSound function.

- void MSRCXObvertOutput (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXObvertOutput function.

- void MSRCXOff (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXOff function.

- void MSRCXOn (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXOn function.

- void MSRCXOnFor (const byte outputs, const unsigned int ms)

  MSRCXOnFor function.

- void MSRCXOnFwd (const byte outputs)

MSRCXOnFwd function.

- void MSRCXOnRev (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXOnRev function.

- void MSRCXOrVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXOrVar function.

- void MSRCXPBTurnOff (void)

  MSRCXPBTurnOff function.

- void MSRCXPing (void)

  MSRCXPing function.

- void MSRCXPlaySound (const byte snd)

  MSRCXPlaySound function.

- void MSRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int freq, const byte duration)

  MSRCXPlayTone function.

- void MSRCXPlayToneVar (const byte varnum, const byte duration)

  MSRCXPlayToneVar function.

- void MSRCXRemote (unsigned int cmd)

  MSRCXRemote function.

- void MSRCXReset (void)

  MSRCXReset function.

- void MSRCXRev (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXRev function.

- void MSRCXSelectDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSelectDisplay function.

- void MSRCXSelectProgram (const byte prog)

  MSRCXSelectProgram function.

- void MSRCXSendSerial (const byte first, const byte count)

  MSRCXSendSerial function.

- void MSRCXSet (const byte dstsrc, const byte dstval, const byte src, unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSet function.

- void MSRCXSetDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)

  MSRCXSetDirection function.

- void MSRCXSetEvent (const byte evt, const byte src, const byte type)

  MSRCXSetEvent function.

- void MSRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte outputs, const byte dir)

  MSRCXSetGlobalDirection function.

- void MSRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)

  MSRCXSetGlobalOutput function.

- void MSRCXSetMaxPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)

  MSRCXSetMaxPower function.

- void MSRCXSetMessage (const byte msg)

  MSRCXSetMessage function.

- void MSRCXSetOutput (const byte outputs, const byte mode)

  MSRCXSetOutput function.

- void MSRCXSetPower (const byte outputs, const byte pwrsrc, const byte pwrval)

  MSRCXSetPower function.

- void MSRCXSetPriority (const byte p)

  MSRCXSetPriority function.

- void MSRCXSetSensorMode (const byte port, const byte mode)

  MSRCXSetSensorMode function.

- void MSRCXSetSensorType (const byte port, const byte type)

  MSRCXSetSensorType function.

- void MSRCXSetSleepTime (const byte t)

  MSRCXSetSleepTime function.

- void MSRCXSetTxPower (const byte pwr)

MSRCXSetTxPower function.

- void MSRCXSetUserDisplay (const byte src, const unsigned int value, const byte precision)

  MSRCXSetUserDisplay function.

- void MSRCXSetVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSetVar function.

- void MSRCXSetWatch (const byte hours, const byte minutes)

  MSRCXSetWatch function.

- void MSRCXSgnVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSgnVar function.

- void MSRCXStartTask (const byte t)

  MSRCXStartTask function.

- void MSRCXStopAllTasks (void)

  MSRCXStopAllTasks function.

- void MSRCXStopTask (const byte t)

  MSRCXStopTask function.

- void MSRCXSubVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSubVar function.

- void MSRCXSumVar (const byte varnum, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSRCXSumVar function.

- void MSRCXToggle (const byte outputs)

  MSRCXToggle function.

- void MSRCXUnlock (void)

  MSRCXUnlock function.

- void MSRCXUnmuteSound (void)

  MSRCXUnmuteSound function.

- void MSScoutCalibrateSensor (void)

  MSScoutCalibrateSensor function.

- void MSScoutMuteSound (void)

  MSScoutMuteSound function.

- void MSScoutSelectSounds (const byte grp)

  MSScoutSelectSounds function.

- void MSScoutSendVLL (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSendVLL function.

- void MSScoutSetCounterLimit (const byte ctr, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetCounterLimit function.

- void MSScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetEventFeedback function.

- void MSScoutSetLight (const byte x)

  MSScoutSetLight function.

- void MSScoutSetScoutMode (const byte mode)

  MSScoutSetScoutMode function.

- void MSScoutSetScoutRules (const byte m, const byte t, const byte l, const byte tm, const byte fx)

  MSScoutSetScoutRules function.

- void MSScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetSensorClickTime function.

- void MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.

- void MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.

- void MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte src, const unsigned int value)

  MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.

- void MSScoutSetTimerLimit (const byte tmr, const byte src, const unsigned int value)

MSScoutSetTimerLimit function.

- void MSScoutUnmuteSound (void)
  MSScoutUnmuteSound function.
- bool RFIDInit (const byte &port)
  RFIDInit function.
- bool RFIDMode (const byte &port, const byte &mode)
  RFIDMode function.
- byte RFIDStatus (const byte &port)
  RFIDStatus function.
- bool RFIDRead (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])
  RFIDRead function.
- bool RFIDStop (const byte &port)
  RFIDStop function.
- bool RFIDReadSingle (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])
  RFIDReadSingle function.
- bool RFIDReadContinuous (const byte &port, byte &output[ ])
  RFIDReadContinuous function.
- float sqrt (float x)
  Compute square root.
- float cos (float x)
  Compute cosine.
- float sin (float x)
  Compute sine.
- float tan (float x)
  Compute tangent.
- float acos (float x)
  Compute arc cosine.
- float asin (float x)

Compute arc sine.

- float atan (float x)

  Compute arc tangent.

- float atan2 (float y, float x)

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters.

- float cosh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic cosine.

- float sinh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic sine.

- float tanh (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic tangent.

- float exp (float x)

  Compute exponential function.

- float log (float x)

  Compute natural logarithm.

- float log10 (float x)

  Compute common logarithm.

- long trunc (float x)

  Compute integral part.

- float frac (float x)

  Compute fractional part.

- float pow (float base, float exponent)

  Raise to power.

- float ceil (float x)

  Round up value.

- float floor (float x)

  Round down value.

- long muldiv32 (long a, long b, long c)

Multiply and divide.

- float cosd (float x)

  Compute cosine (degrees).

- float sind (float x)

  Compute sine (degrees).

- float tand (float x)

  Compute tangent (degrees).

- float acosd (float x)

  Compute arc cosine (degrees).

- float asind (float x)

  Compute arc sine (degrees).

- float atand (float x)

  Compute arc tangent (degrees).

- float atan2d (float y, float x)

  Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters (degrees).

- float coshd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees).

- float sinhd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees).

- float tanhd (float x)

  Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees).

- byte bcd2dec (byte bcd)

  Convert from BCD to decimal Return the decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal value provided.

- bool isNAN (float value)

  Is the value NaN.

- char sign (variant num)

  Sign value.

- int fclose (byte handle)

Close file.

- int remove (string filename)
  Remove file.
- int rename (string old, string new)
  Rename file.
- char fgetc (byte handle)
  Get character from file.
- string fgets (string &str, int num, byte handle)
  Get string from file.
- int feof (byte handle)
  Check End-of-file indicator.
- void set_fopen_size (unsigned long fsize)
  Set the default fopen file size.
- byte fopen (string filename, const string mode)
  Open file.
- int fflush (byte handle)
  Flush file.
- unsigned long ftell (byte handle)
  Get current position in file.
- char fputc (char ch, byte handle)
  Write character to file.
- int fputs (string str, byte handle)
  Write string to file.
- void printf (string format, variant value)
  Print formatted data to stdout.
- void fprintf (byte handle, string format, variant value)
  Write formatted data to file.
- void sprintf (string &str, string format, variant value)

Write formatted data to string.

- int fseek (byte handle, long offset, int origin)

  Reposition file position indicator.

- void rewind (byte handle)

  Set position indicator to the beginning.

- int getchar ()

  Get character from stdin.

- void abort ()

  Abort current process.

- variant abs (variant num)

  Absolute value.

- unsigned int rand ()

  Generate random number.

- int Random (unsigned int n=0)

  Generate random number.

- void SysRandomNumber (RandomNumberType &args)

  Draw a random number.

- int atoi (const string &str)

  Convert string to integer.

- long atol (const string &str)

  Convert string to long integer.

- long labs (long n)

  Absolute value.

- float atof (const string &str)

  Convert string to float.

- float strtod (const string &str, string &endptr)

  Convert string to float.

- long strtol (const string &str, string &endptr, int base=10)

Convert string to long integer.

- long strtoul (const string &str, string &endptr, int base=10)
  Convert string to unsigned long integer.
- div_t div (int numer, int denom)
  Integral division.
- ldiv_t ldiv (long numer, long denom)
  Integral division.
- variant StrToNum (string str)
  Convert string to number.
- unsigned int StrLen (string str)
  Get string length.
- byte StrIndex (string str, unsigned int idx)
  Extract a character from a string.
- string NumToStr (variant num)
  Convert number to string.
- string StrCat (string str1, string str2, string strN)
  Concatenate strings.
- string SubStr (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Extract a portion of a string.
- string Flatten (variant num)
  Flatten a number to a string.
- string StrReplace (string str, unsigned int idx, string strnew)
  Replace a portion of a string.
- string FormatNum (string fmt, variant num)
  Format a number.
- string FlattenVar (variant x)
  Flatten any data to a string.
- int UnflattenVar (string str, variant &x)

Unflatten a string into a data type.

- int Pos (string Substr, string S)
  Find substring position.
- string ByteArrayToStr (byte data[ ])
  Convert a byte array to a string.
- void ByteArrayToStrEx (byte data[ ], string &str)
  Convert a byte array to a string.
- void StrToByteArray (string str, byte &data[ ])
  Convert a string to a byte array.
- string Copy (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Copy a portion of a string.
- string MidStr (string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len)
  Copy a portion from the middle of a string.
- string RightStr (string str, unsigned int size)
  Copy a portion from the end of a string.
- string LeftStr (string str, unsigned int size)
  Copy a portion from the start of a string.
- int strlen (const string &str)
  Get string length.
- string strcat (string &dest, const string &src)
  Concatenate strings.
- string strncat (string &dest, const string &src, unsigned int num)
  Append characters from string.
- string strcpy (string &dest, const string &src)
  Copy string.
- string strncpy (string &dest, const string &src, unsigned int num)
  Copy characters from string.
- int strcmp (const string &str1, const string &str2)

Compare two strings.

- int strncmp (const string &str1, const string &str2, unsigned int num)
  Compare characters of two strings.
- void memcpy (variant dest, variant src, byte num)
  Copy memory.
- void memmove (variant dest, variant src, byte num)
  Move memory.
- char memcmp (variant ptr1, variant ptr2, byte num)
  Compare two blocks of memory.
- unsigned long addressOf (variant data)
  Get the absolute address of a variable.
- unsigned long reladdressOf (variant data)
  Get the relative address of a variable.
- unsigned long addressOfEx (variant data, bool relative)
  Get the absolute or relative address of a variable.
- int isupper (int c)
  Check if character is uppercase letter.
- int islower (int c)
  Check if character is lowercase letter.
- int isalpha (int c)
  Check if character is alphabetic.
- int isdigit (int c)
  Check if character is decimal digit.
- int isalnum (int c)
  Check if character is alphanumeric.
- int isspace (int c)
  Check if character is a white-space.
- int iscntrl (int c)

Check if character is a control character.

- int isprint (int c)

  Check if character is printable.

- int isgraph (int c)

  Check if character has graphical representation.

- int ispunct (int c)

  Check if character is a punctuation.

- int isxdigit (int c)

  Check if character is hexadecimal digit.

- int toupper (int c)

  Convert lowercase letter to uppercase.

- int tolower (int c)

  Convert uppercase letter to lowercase.

- void glInit ()

  Initialize graphics library.

- void glSet (int glType, int glValue)

  Set graphics library options.

- int glBeginObject ()

  Begin defining an object.

- void glEndObject ()

  Stop defining an object.

- void glObjectAction (int glObjectId, int glAction, int glValue)

  Perform an object action.

- void glAddVertex (int glX, int glY, int glZ)

  Add a vertex to an object.

- void glBegin (int glBeginMode)

  Begin a new polygon for the current object.

- void glEnd ()

Finish a polygon for the current object.

- void glBeginRender ()
  Begin a new render.
- void glCallObject (int glObjectId)
  Call a graphic object.
- void glFinishRender ()
  Finish the current render.
- void glSetAngleX (int glValue)
  Set the X axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleX (int glValue)
  Add to the X axis angle.
- void glSetAngleY (int glValue)
  Set the Y axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleY (int glValue)
  Add to the Y axis angle.
- void glSetAngleZ (int glValue)
  Set the Z axis angle.
- void glAddToAngleZ (int glValue)
  Add to the Z axis angle.
- int glSin32768 (int glAngle)
  Table-based sine scaled by 32768.
- int glCos32768 (int glAngle)
  Table-based cosine scaled by 32768.
- int glBox (int glMode, int glSizeX, int glSizeY, int glSizeZ)
  Create a 3D box.
- int glCube (int glMode, int glSize)
  Create a 3D cube.
- int glPyramid (int glMode, int glSizeX, int glSizeY, int glSizeZ)

Create a 3D pyramid.

- void PosRegEnable (byte output, byte p=PID_3, byte i=PID_1, byte d=PID_1)
  Enable absolute position regulation with PID factors.
- void PosRegSetAngle (byte output, long angle)
  Change the current value for set angle.
- void PosRegAddAngle (byte output, long angle_add)
  Add to the current value for set angle.
- void PosRegSetMax (byte output, byte max_speed, byte max_acceleration)
  Set maximum limits.

Variables

- unsigned long **__fopen_default_size** = 1024

8.3.1 Detailed Description

Constants, macros, and API functions for NXC. NXCDefs.h contains declarations for the NXC NXT API resources

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Date:

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Version:

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8.3.2 Define Documentation

8.3.2.1 #define _SENSOR_CFG(_type, _mode) (((_type)<<8)+(_mode))

Macro for defining SetSensor combined type and mode constants

8.3.2.2 #define Acos(_X) asm { acos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc cosine. Computes the arc cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use acos() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc cosine of _X.

8.3.2.3 #define AcosD(_X) asm { acosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc cosine (degrees). Computes the arc cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use acosd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc cosine of _X.

8.3.2.4 #define Asin(_X) asm { asin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc sine. Computes the arc sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use asin() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc sine of _X.

8.3.2.5 #define AsinD(_X) asm { asind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arch sine (degrees). Computes the arc sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use asind() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc sine of _X.

8.3.2.6 #define Atan(_X) asm { atan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc tangent. Computes the arc tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _X.

8.3.2.7 #define Atan2(_Y, _X) asm { atan2 __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of _Y/_X, expressed in radians. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan2() instead.

Parameters:

_Y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

_X Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _Y/_X, in the interval [-pi,+pi] radians.

8.3.2.8 #define Atan2D(_Y, _X) asm { atan2d __FLTRETVAL__, _Y, _X }

Compute arc tangent with two parameters (degrees). Computes the arc tangent of _Y/_X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atan2d() instead.

Parameters:

_Y Floating point value.

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _Y/_X, in the interval [-180,+180] degrees.

8.3.2.9 #define AtanD(_X) asm { atand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute arc tangent (degrees). Computes the arc tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use atand() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of _X.

8.3.2.10 #define Ceil(_X) asm { ceil __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Round up value. Computes the smallest integral value that is not less than _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use ceil() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

The smallest integral value not less than _X.

8.3.2.11 #define Cos(_X) asm { cos __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute cosine. Computes the cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cos() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Cosine of _X.

8.3.2.12 #define CosD(_X) asm { cosd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute cosine (degrees). Computes the cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cosd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Cosine of _X.

8.3.2.13 #define Cosh(_X) asm { cosh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic cosine. Computes the hyperbolic cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use cosh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of _X.

8.3.2.14 #define CoshD(_X) asm { coshd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic cosine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use coshd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of _X.

8.3.2.15 #define Exp(_X) asm { exp __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute exponential function . Computes the base-e exponential function of _X, which is the e number raised to the power _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use exp() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Exponential value of _X.

8.3.2.16 #define Floor(_X) asm { floor __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Round down value. Computes the largest integral value that is not greater than _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use floor() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

The largest integral value not greater than _X.

8.3.2.17 #define Frac(_X) asm { frac __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute fractional part. Computes the fractional part of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use frac() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Fractional part of _X.

8.3.2.18 #define getc(_handle) fgetc(_handle)

Get character from file. Returns the character currently pointed to by the internal file position indicator of the file specified by the handle. The internal file position indicator is then advanced by one character to point to the next character. The functions fgetc and getc are equivalent.

Parameters:

_handle The handle of the file from which the character is read.

Returns:

The character read from the file.

Examples:

ex_getc.nxc.

8.3.2.19 #define Log(_X) asm { log __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute natural logarithm. Computes the natural logarithm of _X. The natural logarithm is the base-e logarithm, the inverse of the natural exponential function (exp). For base-10 logarithms, a specific function Log10() exists. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use log() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Natural logarithm of _X.

8.3.2.20 #define Log10(_X) asm { log10 __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute common logarithm. Computes the common logarithm of _X. The common logarithm is the base-10 logarithm. For base-e logarithms, a specific function Log() exists. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use log10() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Common logarithm of _X.

8.3.2.21 #define MulDiv32(_A, _B, _C) asm { muldiv __RETVAL__, _A, _B, _C }

Multiply and divide. Multiplies two 32-bit values and then divides the 64-bit result by a third 32-bit value. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use muldiv32() instead.

Parameters:

_A 32-bit long value.

_B 32-bit long value.

_C 32-bit long value.

Returns:

The result of multiplying _A times _B and dividing by _C.

8.3.2.22 #define Pow(_Base, _Exponent) asm { pow __FLTRETVAL__, _Base, _Exponent }

Raise to power. Computes _Base raised to the power _Exponent. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use pow() instead.

Parameters:

_Base Floating point value.

_Exponent Floating point value.

Returns:

The result of raising _Base to the power _Exponent.

8.3.2.23 #define putc(_ch, _handle) fputc(_ch, _handle)

Write character to file. Writes a character to the file and advances the position indicator. The character is written at the current position of the file as indicated by the internal position indicator, which is then advanced one character. If there are no errors, the same character that has been written is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

_ch The character to be written.

_handle The handle of the file where the character is to be written.

Returns:

The character written to the file.

Examples:

ex_putc.nxc.

8.3.2.24 #define RICSetValue(_data, _idx, _newval) _data[(_idx)] = (_newval)&0xFF; _data[(_idx)+1] = (_newval)>>8

Set the value of an element in an RIC data array.

Parameters:

_data The RIC data array

_idx The array index to update

_newval The new value to write into the RIC data array

8.3.2.25 #define S1 0

Input port 1

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc, ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc, ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc, ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc,

ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc, ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc, ex_ClearSensor.nxc, ex_ColorADRaw.nxc, ex_ColorBoolean.nxc, ex_ColorCalibration.nxc, ex_ColorCalibrationState.nxc, ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc, ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc, ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc, ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc, ex_CustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc, ex_CustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc, ex_CustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc, ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc, ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc, ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc, ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc, ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc, ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc, ex_GetInput.nxc, ex_GetLSInputBuffer.nxc, ex_GetLSOutputBuffer.nxc, ex_HTIRTrain.nxc, ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_HTPFRepeat.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_HTPFTrain.nxc, ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_HTRCXClearSensor.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetIRLinkPort.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_I2CBytesReady.nxc, ex_I2CCheckStatus.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_I2CRead.nxc, ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc, ex_I2CStatus.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_I2CWrite.nxc, ex_LowspeedBytesReady.nxc, ex_LowspeedCheckStatus.nxc, ex_LowspeedRead.nxc, ex_LowspeedStatus.nxc, ex_LowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_LSChannelState.nxc, ex_LSErrorType.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferBytesToRx.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferInPtr.nxc, ex_LSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc, ex_LSMode.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferBytesToRx.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc, ex_LSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc, ex_MSADPAOff.nxc, ex_MSADPAOn.nxc, ex_MSDeenergize.nxc, ex_MSEnergize.nxc, ex_MSIRTrain.nxc, ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc, ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc, ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc, ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc, ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc, ex_MSPFTrain.nxc, ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc, ex_MSRCXClearSensor.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc, ex_MSReadValue.nxc, ex_NRLink2400.nxc, ex_NRLink4800.nxc, ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc, ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc, ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc, ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc, ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc, ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc, ex_readi2cregister.nxc, ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc, ex_ReadSensorColorEx.nxc, ex_ReadSensorColorRaw.nxc, ex_ReadSensorEMeter.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTColor.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTColor2Active.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiver.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor.nxc,

ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor2.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSRTClock.nxc, ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc, ex_ReadSensorUSEx.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc, ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc, ex_RemoteResetScaledValue.nxc, ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc, ex_RFIDInit.nxc, ex_RFIDMode.nxc, ex_RFIDRead.nxc, ex_RFIDReadContinuous.nxc, ex_RFIDReadSingle.nxc, ex_RFIDStatus.nxc, ex_RFIDStop.nxc, ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc, ex_Sensor.nxc, ex_SensorBoolean.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc, ex_SensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc, ex_SensorHTColorNum.nxc, ex_SensorHTCompass.nxc, ex_SensorHTEOPD.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir.nxc, ex_SensorHTIRSeekerDir.nxc, ex_SensorHTMagnet.nxc, ex_SensorInvalid.nxc, ex_SensorMode.nxc, ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc, ex_SensorMSDROD.nxc, ex_SensorMSPressure.nxc, ex_SensorMSPressureRaw.nxc, ex_SensorNormalized.nxc, ex_SensorRaw.nxc, ex_SensorScaled.nxc, ex_SensorTemperature.nxc, ex_SensorType.nxc, ex_SensorValue.nxc, ex_SensorValueBool.nxc, ex_SensorValueRaw.nxc, ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc, ex_SetCustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc, ex_SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc, ex_SetCustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc, ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc, ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, ex_SetInput.nxc, ex_SetSensor.nxc, ex_setsensorboolean.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorblue.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorfull.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorgreen.nxc, ex_setsensorcolornone.nxc, ex_setsensorcolorred.nxc, ex_SetSensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc, ex_SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc, ex_SetSensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc, ex_SetSensorEMeter.nxc, ex_setsensorhteopd.nxc, ex_SetSensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SetSensorHTMagnet.nxc, ex_SetSensorLight.nxc, ex_SetSensorLowspeed.nxc, ex_SetSensorMode.nxc, ex_setsensormsdrod.nxc, ex_setsensormspressure.nxc, ex_SetSensorSound.nxc, ex_SetSensorTemperature.nxc, ex_SetSensorTouch.nxc, ex_SetSensorType.nxc, ex_SetSensorUltrasonic.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc, ex_syscommlsread.nxc, ex_syscommlswrite.nxc, ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_writei2cregister.nxc, and ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

8.3.2.26 #define s16 int

Signed 16 bit type

8.3.2.27 #define S2 1

Input port 2

8.3.2.28 #define S3 2

Input port 3

8.3.2.29 #define s32 long

Signed 32 bit type

8.3.2.30 #define S4 3

Input port 4

Examples:

ex_I2CBytes.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, and ex_SensorUS.nxc.

8.3.2.31 #define s8 char

Signed 8 bit type

8.3.2.32 #define SEEK_CUR 1

Seek from the current file position

Examples:

ex_fseek.nxc.

8.3.2.33 #define SEEK_END 2

Seek from the end of the file

8.3.2.34 #define SEEK_SET 0

Seek from the beginning of the file

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

8.3.2.35 #define SENSOR_1 Sensor(S1)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S1

8.3.2.36 #define SENSOR_2 Sensor(S2)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S2

8.3.2.37 #define SENSOR_3 Sensor(S3)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S3

8.3.2.38 #define SENSOR_4 Sensor(S4)

Read the value of the analog sensor on port S4

8.3.2.39 #define SENSOR_CELSIUS _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS)

RCX temperature sensor in celcius mode

8.3.2.40 #define SENSOR_COLORBLUE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORBLUE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (blue) in percent mode

8.3.2.41 #define SENSOR_COLORFULL _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORFULL, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (full) in raw mode

8.3.2.42 #define SENSOR_COLORGREEN _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_-TYPE_COLORGREEN, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (green) in percent mode

8.3.2.43 #define SENSOR_COLORNONE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-COLORNONE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (none) in percent mode

8.3.2.44 #define SENSOR_COLORRED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT 2.0 color sensor (red) in percent mode

8.3.2.45 #define SENSOR_EDGE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_EDGE)

Touch sensor in edge mode

8.3.2.46 #define SENSOR_FAHRENHEIT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE, SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT)

RCX temperature sensor in fahrenheit mode

8.3.2.47 #define SENSOR_LIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

RCX Light sensor in percent mode

8.3.2.48 #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT I2C sensor without 9V power in raw mode

8.3.2.49 #define SENSOR_LOWSPEED_9V _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V, SENSOR_MODE_RAW)

NXT I2C sensor with 9V power in raw mode

8.3.2.50 #define SENSOR_MODE_BOOL IN_MODE_BOOLEAN

Boolean value (0 or 1)

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc, and ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

8.3.2.51 #define SENSOR_MODE_CELSIUS IN_MODE_CELSIUS

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees celcius

8.3.2.52 #define SENSOR_MODE_EDGE IN_MODE_TRANSITIONCNT

Counts the number of boolean transitions

8.3.2.53 #define SENSOR_MODE_FAHRENHEIT IN_MODE_FAHRENHEIT

RCX temperature sensor value in degrees fahrenheit

8.3.2.54 #define SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT IN_MODE_PCTFULLSCALE

Scaled value from 0 to 100

8.3.2.55 #define SENSOR_MODE_PULSE IN_MODE_PERIODCOUNTER

Counts the number of boolean periods

8.3.2.56 #define SENSOR_MODE_RAW IN_MODE_RAW

Raw value from 0 to 1023

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc, and ex_SetSensorMode.nxc.

8.3.2.57 #define SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION IN_MODE_ANGLESTEP

RCX rotation sensor (16 ticks per revolution)

8.3.2.58 #define SENSOR_NXTLIGHT _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT light sensor in active mode

8.3.2.59 #define SENSOR_PULSE _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_PULSE)

Touch sensor in pulse mode

8.3.2.60 #define SENSOR_ROTATION _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-ROTATION, SENSOR_MODE_ROTATION)

RCX rotation sensor in rotation mode

8.3.2.61 #define SENSOR_SOUND _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-SOUND_DB, SENSOR_MODE_PERCENT)

NXT sound sensor (dB) in percent mode

8.3.2.62 #define SENSOR_TOUCH _SENSOR_CFG(SENSOR_TYPE_-TOUCH, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL)

Touch sensor in boolean mode

Examples:

ex_SetSensor.nxc.

8.3.2.63 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORBLUE IN_TYPE_COLORBLUE

NXT 2.0 color sensor with blue light

8.3.2.64 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORFULL IN_TYPE_COLORFULL

NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode

8.3.2.65 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORGREEN IN_TYPE_-COLORGREEN

NXT 2.0 color sensor with green light

8.3.2.66 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORNONE IN_TYPE_COLORNONE

NXT 2.0 color sensor with no light

8.3.2.67 #define SENSOR_TYPE_COLORRED IN_TYPE_COLORRED

NXT 2.0 color sensor with red light

8.3.2.68 #define SENSOR_TYPE_CUSTOM IN_TYPE_CUSTOM

NXT custom sensor

8.3.2.69 #define SENSOR_TYPE_HIGHSPEED IN_TYPE_HISPEED

NXT Hi-speed port (only S4)

8.3.2.70 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT IN_TYPE_REFLECTION

RCX light sensor

8.3.2.71 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_ACTIVE

NXT light sensor with light

8.3.2.72 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE IN_TYPE_LIGHT_INACTIVE

NXT light sensor without light

8.3.2.73 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED

NXT I2C digital sensor

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc.

8.3.2.74 #define SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V IN_TYPE_LOWSPEED_9V

NXT I2C digital sensor with 9V power

8.3.2.75 #define SENSOR_TYPE_NONE IN_TYPE_NO_SENSOR

No sensor configured

8.3.2.76 #define SENSOR_TYPE_ROTATION IN_TYPE_ANGLE

RCX rotation sensor

8.3.2.77 #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB IN_TYPE_SOUND_DB

NXT sound sensor with dB scaling

Examples:

ex_SetInput.nxc.

8.3.2.78 #define SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DBA IN_TYPE_SOUND_DBA

NXT sound sensor with dBA scaling

8.3.2.79 #define SENSOR_TYPE_TEMPERATURE IN_TYPE_TEMPERATURE

RCX temperature sensor

8.3.2.80 #define SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH IN_TYPE_SWITCH

NXT or RCX touch sensor

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc, ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc, and ex_SetSensorType.nxc.

8.3.2.81 #define Sin(_X) asm { sin __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute sine. Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sin() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Sine of _X.

8.3.2.82 #define SinD(_X) asm { sind __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute sine (degrees). Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sind() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Sine of _X.

8.3.2.83 #define Sinh(_X) asm { sinh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic sine. Computes the hyperbolic sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sinh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of _X.

8.3.2.84 #define SinhD(_X) asm { sinhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sinhd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of _X.

8.3.2.85 #define Sqrt(_X) asm { sqrt __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute square root. Computes the square root of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use sqrt() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Square root of _X.

8.3.2.86 #define Tan(_X) asm { tan __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute tangent. Computes the tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tan() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Tangent of _X.

8.3.2.87 #define TanD(_X) asm { tand __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute tangent (degrees). Computes the sine of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tand() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Tangent of _X.

8.3.2.88 #define Tanh(_X) asm { tanh __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic tangent. Computes the hyperbolic tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tanh() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of _X.

8.3.2.89 #define TanhD(_X) asm { tanhd __FLTRETVAL__, _X }

Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic tangent of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use tanhd() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of _X.

8.3.2.90 #define Trunc(_X) asm { trunc __RETVAL__, _X }

Compute integral part. Computes the integral part of _X. Only constants or variables allowed (no expressions).

Deprecated

Use trunc() instead.

Parameters:

_X Floating point value.

Returns:

Integral part of _X.

8.3.2.91 #define u16 unsigned int

Unsigned 16 bit type

8.3.2.92 #define u32 unsigned long

Unsigned 32 bit type

8.3.2.93 #define u8 unsigned char

Unsigned 8 bit type

8.3.3 Function Documentation

8.3.3.1 void abort () `[inline]`

Abort current process. Aborts the process with an abnormal program termination. The function never returns to its caller.

Examples:

ex_abort.nxc.

8.3.3.2 byte AbortFlag (void) `[inline]`

Read abort flag. Return the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's abort flag.

Returns:

The current abort flag value. See ButtonState constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_AbortFlag.nxc.

8.3.3.3 variant abs (variant *num*) `[inline]`

Absolute value. Return the absolute value of the value argument. Any scalar type can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

num The numeric value.

Returns:

The absolute value of num. The return type matches the input type.

Examples:

ex_abs.nxc.

8.3.3.4 char ACCLNxCalibrateX (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate ACCL-Nx X-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor X-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc.

8.3.3.5 char ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx X-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor X-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc.

8.3.3.6 char ACCLNxCalibrateY (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate ACCL-Nx Y-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Y-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc.

8.3.3.7 char ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Y-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Y-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc.

8.3.3.8 char ACCLNxCalibrateZ (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate ACCL-Nx Z-axis. Calibrate the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Z-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc.

8.3.3.9 char ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Stop calibrating ACCL-Nx Z-axis. Stop calibrating the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor Z-axis. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc.

8.3.3.10 char ACCLNxResetCalibration (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset ACCL-Nx calibration. Reset the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor calibration to factory settings. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc.

8.3.3.11 byte ACCLNxSensitivity (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx sensitivity value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The sensitivity value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

8.3.3.12 int ACCLNxXOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx X offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's X offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The X offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc.

8.3.3.13 int ACCLNxXRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx X range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's X range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The X range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc.

8.3.3.14 int ACCLNxYOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Y offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Y offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Y offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc.

8.3.3.15 int ACCLNxYRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Y range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Y range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Y range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc.

8.3.3.16 int ACCLNxZOffset (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Z offset value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Z offset value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Z offset value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc.

8.3.3.17 int ACCLNxZRange (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read ACCL-Nx Z range value. Read the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor's Z range value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The Z range value.

Examples:

ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc.

8.3.3.18 float acos (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc cosine. Computes the principal value of the arc cosine of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc cosine is the inverse operation of cosine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc cosine of x, in the interval [0,pi] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc.

8.3.3.19 float acosd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc cosine (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc cosine of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc cosine is the inverse operation of cosine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc cosine of x, in the interval [0,180] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acosd.nxc.

8.3.3.20 void Acquire (mutex *m*) [inline]

Acquire a mutex. Acquire the specified mutex variable. If another task already has acquired the mutex then the current task will be suspended until the mutex is released by the other task. This function is used to ensure that the current task has exclusive access to a shared resource, such as the display or a motor. After the current task has finished using the shared resource the program should call Release to allow other tasks to acquire the mutex.

Parameters:

m The mutex to acquire.

Examples:

ex_Acquire.nxc, and ex_Release.nxc.

8.3.3.21 unsigned long addressOf (variant *data*) [inline]

Get the absolute address of a variable. Get the absolute address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

Returns:

The absolute address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc.

8.3.3.22 unsigned long addressOfEx (variant *data*, bool *relative*) [inline]

Get the absolute or relative address of a variable. Get the absolute or relative address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value. The relative address is an offset from the Command module's MemoryPool address.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

relative A boolean flag indicating whether you want to get the relative or absolute address.

Returns:

The absolute or relative address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_addressofex.nxc.

8.3.3.23 void ArrayBuild (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *src1*, variant *src2*, ..., variant *srcN*) [inline]

Build an array. Build a new array from the specified source(s). The sources can be of any type so long as the number of dimensions is equal to or one less than the number of dimensions in the output array and the type is compatible with the type of the output array. If a source is an array with the same number of dimensions as the output array then all of its elements are added to the output array.

Parameters:

aout The output array to build.

src1 The first source to build into the output array.

src2 The second source to build into the output array.

srcN The first source to build into the output array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

8.3.3.24 void ArrayInit (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *value*, unsigned int *count*) [inline]

Initialize an array. Initialize the array to contain count elements with each element equal to the value provided. To initialize a multi-dimensional array, the value should be an array of N-1 dimensions, where N is the number of dimensions in the array being initialized.

Parameters:

aout The output array to initialize.

value The value to initialize each element to.

count The number of elements to create in the output array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayInit.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc, and ex_-sysmemorymanager.nxc.

8.3.3.25 unsigned int ArrayLen (variant *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get array length. Return the length of the specified array. Any type of array of up to four dimensions can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

data The array whose length you need to read.

Returns:

The length of the specified array.

Examples:

ex_ArrayLen.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, and ex_tand.nxc.

8.3.3.26 variant ArrayMax (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) `[inline]`

Calculate the maximum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the maximum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The maximum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, and ex_ArraySort.nxc.

8.3.3.27 variant ArrayMean (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the mean of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the mean of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The mean value of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMean.nxc.

8.3.3.28 variant ArrayMin (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the minimum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the minimum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The minimum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayMin.nxc, and ex_ArraySort.nxc.

8.3.3.29 void ArrayOp (const byte *op*, variant & *dest*, const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Operate on numeric arrays. This function lets you perform various operations on numeric arrays.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

op The array operation. See Array operation constants.

dest The destination variant type (scalar or array, depending on the operation).

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the specified process. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Examples:

ex_ArrayOp.nxc.

8.3.3.30 void ArraySort (variant & *dest*[ ], const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Sort the elements in a numeric array. This function sorts all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array in ascending order and saves the results in the numeric dest array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

dest The destination numeric array.

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the sorting process. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Examples:

ex_ArraySort.nxc.

8.3.3.31 variant ArrayStd (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the standard deviation of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the standard deviation of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The standard deviation of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArrayStd.nxc.

8.3.3.32 void ArraySubset (variant & *aout*[ ], variant *asrc*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy an array subset. Copy a subset of the source array starting at the specified index and containing the specified number of elements into the destination array.

Parameters:

aout The output array containing the subset.

asrc The input array from which to copy a subset.

idx The start index of the array subset.

len The length of the array subset.

Examples:

ex_ArraySubset.nxc.

8.3.3.33 variant ArraySum (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the sum of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the sum of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The sum of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArraySum.nxc.

8.3.3.34 variant ArraySumSqr (const variant & *src*[ ], unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Calculate the sum of the squares of the elements in a numeric array. This function calculates the sum of the squares of all or a subset of the elements in the numeric src array.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Parameters:

src The source numeric array.

idx The index of the start of the array subset to process. Pass NA to start with the first element.

len The number of elements to include in the calculation. Pass NA to include the rest of the elements in the src array (from idx to the end of the array).

Returns:

The sum of the squares of len elements from the src numeric array (starting from idx).

Examples:

ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc.

8.3.3.35 float asin (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc sine. Computes the principal value of the arc sine of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc sine is the inverse operation of sine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc sine of x, in the interval [-pi/2,+pi/2] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_asin.nxc.

8.3.3.36 float asind (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc sine (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc sine of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc sine is the inverse operation of sine.

Parameters:

x Floating point value in the interval [-1,+1].

Returns:

Arc sine of x, in the interval [-90,+90] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_asind.nxc.

8.3.3.37 float atan (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of x, expressed in radians. In trigonometrics, arc tangent is the inverse operation of tangent. Notice that because of the sign ambiguity, a function cannot determine with certainty in which quadrant the angle falls only by its tangent value. You can use atan2() if you need to determine the quadrant.

See also:

atan2()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of x, in the interval [-pi/2,+pi/2] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan.nxc.

8.3.3.38 float atan2 (float *y*, float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters. Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of y/x, expressed in radians. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant.

See also:

atan()

Parameters:

y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

x Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of y/x, in the interval [-pi,+pi] radians.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan2.nxc.

8.3.3.39 float atan2d (float *y*, float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent with 2 parameters (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of y/x, expressed in degrees. To compute the value, the function uses the sign of both arguments to determine the quadrant.

Parameters:

y Floating point value representing a y coordinate.

x Floating point value representing an x coordinate.

Returns:

Arc tangent of y/x, in the interval [-180,+180] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atan2d.nxc.

8.3.3.40 float atand (float *x*) [inline]

Compute arc tangent (degrees). Computes the principal value of the arc tangent of x, expressed in degrees. In trigonometrics, arc tangent is the inverse operation of tangent. Notice that because of the sign ambiguity, a function cannot determine with certainty in which quadrant the angle falls only by its tangent value. You can use atan2d if you need to determine the quadrant.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Arc tangent of x, in the interval [-90,+90] degrees.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_atand.nxc.

8.3.3.41 float atof (const string & *str*) `[inline]`

Convert string to float. Parses the string str interpreting its content as a floating point number and returns its value as a float.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax resembling that of floating point literals, and interprets them as a numerical value. The rest of the string after the last valid character is ignored and has no effect on the behavior of this function.

A valid floating point number for atof is formed by a succession of:

- An optional plus or minus sign
- A sequence of digits, optionally containing a decimal-point character
- An optional exponent part, which itself consists on an 'e' or 'E' character followed by an optional sign and a sequence of digits.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid floating-point number as just defined, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a floating-point number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted floating point number as a float value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value (0.0) is returned.

Examples:

ex_atof.nxc.

8.3.3.42 int atoi (const string & *str*) [inline]

Convert string to integer. Parses the string str interpreting its content as an integral number, which is returned as an int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes an optional initial plus or minus sign followed by as many numerical digits as possible, and interprets them as a numerical value.

The string can contain additional characters after those that form the integral number, which are ignored and have no effect on the behavior of this function.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as an int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Examples:

ex_atoi.nxc.

8.3.3.43 long atol (const string & *str*) [inline]

Convert string to long integer. Parses the string str interpreting its content as an integral number, which is returned as a long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes an optional initial plus or minus sign followed by as many numerical digits as possible, and interprets them as a numerical value.

The string can contain additional characters after those that form the integral number, which are ignored and have no effect on the behavior of this function.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as a long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Examples:

ex_atol.nxc.

8.3.3.44 unsigned int BatteryLevel (void) `[inline]`

Get battery Level. Return the battery level in millivolts.

Returns:

The battery level

Examples:

util_battery_1.nxc, and util_battery_2.nxc.

8.3.3.45 byte BatteryState (void) `[inline]`

Get battery state. Return battery state information (0..4).

Returns:

The battery state (0..4)

Examples:

ex_BatteryState.nxc.

8.3.3.46 byte bcd2dec (byte *bcd*) [inline]

Convert from BCD to decimal Return the decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal value provided.

Parameters:

bcd The value you want to convert from bcd to decimal.

Returns:

The decimal equivalent of the binary coded decimal byte.

Examples:

ex_bcd2dec.nxc.

8.3.3.47 byte BluetoothState (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth state. Return the bluetooth state.

Returns:

The bluetooth state. See BluetoothState constants.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothState.nxc.

8.3.3.48 char BluetoothStatus (byte *conn*) [inline]

Check bluetooth status. Check the status of the bluetooth subsystem for the specified connection slot.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

The bluetooth status for the specified connection.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothStatus.nxc, and ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

8.3.3.49 char BluetoothWrite (byte *conn*, byte *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Write to a bluetooth connection. This method tells the NXT firmware to write the data in the buffer to the device on the specified Bluetooth connection. Use BluetoothStatus to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. See Remote connection constants.

buffer The data to be written (up to 128 bytes)

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_BluetoothWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.50 int BrickDataBluecoreVersion (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluecore version. This method returns the bluecore version of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluecore version number.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBluecoreVersion.nxc.

8.3.3.51 byte BrickDataBtHardwareStatus (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth hardware status. This method returns the Bluetooth hardware status of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth hardware status.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBtHardwareStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.52 byte BrickDataBtStateStatus (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth state status. This method returns the Bluetooth state status of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth state status.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataBtStateStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.53 string BrickDataName (void) [inline]

Get NXT name. This method returns the name of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth name.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataName.nxc.

8.3.3.54 byte BrickDataTimeoutValue (void) [inline]

Get NXT bluetooth timeout value. This method returns the Bluetooth timeout value of the NXT.

Returns:

The NXT's bluetooth timeout value.

Examples:

ex_BrickDataTimeoutValue.nxc.

8.3.3.55 long BTConnectionClass (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device class. This method returns the class of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The class of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionClass.nxc.

8.3.3.56 byte BTConnectionHandleNum (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device handle number. This method returns the handle number of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The handle number of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionHandleNum.nxc.

8.3.3.57 byte BTConnectionLinkQuality (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device link quality. This method returns the link quality of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The link quality of the specified connection slot (unimplemented).

Warning:

This function is not implemented at the firmware level.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionLinkQuality.nxc.

8.3.3.58 string BTConnectionName (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device name. This method returns the name of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The name of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionName.nxc.

8.3.3.59 string BTConnectionPinCode (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device pin code. This method returns the pin code of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The pin code for the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionPinCode.nxc.

8.3.3.60 byte BTConnectionStreamStatus (const byte *conn*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device stream status. This method returns the stream status of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

Returns:

The stream status of the bluetooth device at the specified connection slot.

Examples:

ex_BTConnectionStreamStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.61 int BTDataMode (void) [inline]

Get Bluetooth data mode. This method returns the value of the Bluetooth data mode.

Returns:

The Bluetooth data mode. See Data mode constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.3.3.62 long BTDeviceClass (const byte *devidx*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device class. This method returns the class of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The device class of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceClass.nxc.

8.3.3.63 byte BTDeviceCount (void) `[inline]`

Get bluetooth device count. This method returns the number of devices defined within the Bluetooth device table.

Returns:

The count of known bluetooth devices.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceCount.nxc.

8.3.3.64 string BTDeviceName (const byte *devidx*) `[inline]`

Get bluetooth device name. This method returns the name of the device at the specified index in the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The device name of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceName.nxc.

8.3.3.65 byte BTDeviceNameCount (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth device name count. This method returns the number of device names defined within the Bluetooth device table. This usually has the same value as BTDeviceCount but it can differ in some instances.

Returns:

The count of known bluetooth device names.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceNameCount.nxc.

8.3.3.66 byte BTDeviceStatus (const byte *devidx*) [inline]

Get bluetooth device status. This method returns the status of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

Returns:

The status of the specified bluetooth device.

Examples:

ex_BTDeviceStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.67 byte BTInputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the Bluetooth input buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.68 byte BTInputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the Bluetooth input buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.69 byte BTOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the Bluetooth output buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.70 byte BTOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the Bluetooth output buffer.

Returns:

The bluetooth output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_BTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.71 byte ButtonCount (const byte *btn*, bool *resetCount*) [inline]

Get button press count. Return the number of times the specified button has been pressed since the last time the button press count was reset. Optionally clear the count after reading it.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

resetCount Whether or not to reset the press counter.

Returns:

The button press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonCount.nxc.

8.3.3.72 byte ButtonLongPressCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button long press count. Return the long press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button long press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonLongPressCount.nxc.

8.3.3.73 byte ButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button long release count. Return the long release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button long release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.74 byte ButtonPressCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button press count. Return the press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button press count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonPressCount.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.3.3.75 bool ButtonPressed (const byte *btn*, bool *resetCount*) [inline]

Check for button press. This function checks whether the specified button is pressed or not. You may optionally reset the press count.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

resetCount Whether or not to reset the press counter.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the button is pressed or not.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.3.3.76 byte ButtonReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button release count. Return the release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.77 byte ButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button short release count. Return the short release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button short release count.

Examples:

ex_ButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.78 byte ButtonState (const byte *btn*) [inline]

Get button state. Return the state of the specified button. See ButtonState constants.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

Returns:

The button state.

Examples:

ex_ButtonState.nxc.

8.3.3.79 string ByteArrayToStr (byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Convert a byte array to a string. Convert the specified array to a string by appending a null terminator to the end of the array elements. The array must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

StrToByteArray, ByteArrayToStrEx

Parameters:

data A byte array.

Returns:

A string containing data and a null terminator byte.

Examples:

ex_ByteArrayToStr.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.3.3.80 void ByteArrayToStrEx (byte *data*[ ], string & *str*) [inline]

Convert a byte array to a string. Convert the specified array to a string by appending a null terminator to the end of the array elements. The array must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

StrToByteArray, ByteArrayToStr

Parameters:

data A byte array.

str A string variable reference which, on output, will contain data and a null terminator byte.

Examples:

ex_ByteArrayToStrEx.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.3.3.81 float ceil (float *x*) [inline]

Round up value. Computes the smallest integral value that is not less than x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

The smallest integral value not less than x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_ceil.nxc.

8.3.3.82 char CircleOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *radius*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a circle. This function lets you draw a circle on the screen with its center at the specified x and y location, using the specified radius. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawCircle, DrawCircleType

Parameters:

x The x value for the center of the circle.

y The y value for the center of the circle.

radius The radius of the circle.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_CircleOut.nxc, and ex_file_system.nxc.

8.3.3.83 void ClearLine (byte *line*) [inline]

Clear a line on the LCD screen. This function lets you clear a single line on the NXT LCD.

Parameters:

line The line you want to clear. See Line number constants.

Examples:

ex_clearline.nxc.

8.3.3.84 void ClearScreen () [inline]

Clear LCD screen. This function lets you clear the NXT LCD to a blank screen.

Examples:

ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, and ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

8.3.3.85 void ClearSensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Clear a sensor value. Clear the value of a sensor - only affects sensors that are configured to measure a cumulative quantity such as rotation or a pulse count.

Parameters:

port The port to clear. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ClearSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.86 unsigned int CloseFile (byte *handle*) [inline]

Close a file. Close the file associated with the specified file handle. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The handle parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_CloseFile.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_findnextfile.nxc.

8.3.3.87 void Coast (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Coast motors. Turn off the specified outputs, making them coast to a stop.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_coast.nxc.

8.3.3.88 void CoastEx (byte *outputs*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Coast motors and reset counters. Turn off the specified outputs, making them coast to a stop.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_coastex.nxc.

8.3.3.89 unsigned int ColorADRaw (byte *port*, byte *color*) `[inline]`

Read a LEGO color sensor AD raw value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor AD raw value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The AD raw value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorADRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.90 bool ColorBoolean (byte *port*, byte *color*) `[inline]`

Read a LEGO color sensor boolean value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor boolean value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The boolean value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorBoolean.nxc.

8.3.3.91 long ColorCalibration (byte *port*, byte *point*, byte *color*) `[inline]`

Read a LEGO color sensor calibration point value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color calibration point value. The port, point, and color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

point The calibration point. See Color calibration constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The calibration point value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibration.nxc.

8.3.3.92 byte ColorCalibrationState (byte *port*) [inline]

Read LEGO color sensor calibration state. This function lets you directly access the LEGO color calibration state. The port must be a constant.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The calibration state.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalibrationState.nxc.

8.3.3.93 unsigned int ColorCalLimits (byte *port*, byte *point*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor calibration limit value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color calibration limit value. The port and the point must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

point The calibration point. See Color calibration constants.

Returns:

The calibration limit value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc.

8.3.3.94 unsigned int ColorSensorRaw (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor raw value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor raw value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The raw value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.95 unsigned int ColorSensorValue (byte *port*, byte *color*) [inline]

Read a LEGO color sensor scaled value. This function lets you directly access a specific LEGO color sensor scaled value. Both the port and the color index must be constants.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

color The color index. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The scaled value.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc.

8.3.3.96 byte CommandFlags (void) [inline]

Get command flags. Return the command flags.

Returns:

Command flags. See CommandFlags constants

Examples:

ex_CommandFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.97 char ConfigureTemperatureSensor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *config*) [inline]

Configure LEGO Temperature sensor options. Set various LEGO Temperature sensor options.

Parameters:

port The port to which the temperature sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

config The temperature sensor configuration settings. See LEGO temperature sensor constants for configuration constants that can be ORed or added together.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.98 string Copy (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy a portion of a string. Returns a substring of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

idx The starting index of the substring.

len The length of the substring.

Returns:

The specified substring.

Examples:

ex_copy.nxc.

8.3.3.99 float cos (float *x*) [inline]

Compute cosine. Computes the cosine of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

8.3.3.100 float cosd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute cosine (degrees). Computes the cosine of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

8.3.3.101 float cosh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic cosine. Computes the hyperbolic cosine of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_cosh.nxc.

8.3.3.102 float coshd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic cosine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic cosine of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic cosine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.103 unsigned int CreateFile (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a file. Create a new file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_CreateFile.nxc, and ex_file_system.nxc.

8.3.3.104 unsigned int CreateFileLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a linear file. Create a new linear file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_CreateFileLinear.nxc.

8.3.3.105 unsigned int CreateFileNonLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Create a non-linear file. Create a new non-linear file with the specified filename and size and open it for writing. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename and size parameters must be constants, constant expressions, or variables. A file created with a size of zero bytes cannot be written to since the NXC file writing functions do not grow the file if its capacity is exceeded during a write attempt.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to create.

fsize The size of the file.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_CreateFileNonLinear.nxc.

8.3.3.106 unsigned long CurrentTick () [inline]

Read the current system tick. This function lets you current system tick count.

Returns:

The current system tick count.

Examples:

ex_CurrentTick.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.107 byte CustomSensorActiveStatus (byte *port*) [inline]

Get the custom sensor active status. Return the custom sensor active status value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor active status.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.108 byte CustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte *port*) [inline]

Get the custom sensor percent full scale. Return the custom sensor percent full scale value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor percent full scale.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc.

8.3.3.109 unsigned int CustomSensorZeroOffset (byte *port*) [inline]

Get the custom sensor zero offset. Return the custom sensor zero offset value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The custom sensor zero offset.

Examples:

ex_CustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc.

8.3.3.110 unsigned int DeleteFile (string *fname*) `[inline]`

Delete a file. Delete the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to delete.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_delete_data_file.nxc, and ex_DeleteFile.nxc.

8.3.3.111 byte DisplayContrast () `[inline]`

Read the display contrast setting. This function lets you read the current display contrast setting.

Returns:

The current display contrast (byte).

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc.

8.3.3.112 unsigned long DisplayDisplay () [inline]

Read the display memory address. This function lets you read the current display memory address.

Returns:

The current display memory address.

Examples:

ex_DisplayDisplay.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.3.3.113 unsigned long DisplayEraseMask () [inline]

Read the display erase mask value. This function lets you read the current display erase mask value.

Returns:

The current display erase mask value.

Examples:

ex_DisplayEraseMask.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.3.3.114 byte DisplayFlags () [inline]

Read the display flags. This function lets you read the current display flags. Valid flag values are listed in the Display flags group.

Returns:

The current display flags.

Examples:

ex_DisplayFlags.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.3.3.115 unsigned long DisplayFont () [inline]

Read the display font memory address. This function lets you read the current display font memory address.

Returns:

The current display font memory address.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, and ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc.

8.3.3.116 byte DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags () [inline]

Read the display text lines center flags. This function lets you read the current display text lines center flags.

Returns:

The current display text lines center flags.

Examples:

ex_DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.3.3.117 unsigned long DisplayUpdateMask () [inline]

Read the display update mask value. This function lets you read the current display update mask value.

Returns:

The current display update mask.

Examples:

ex_DisplayUpdateMask.nxc, and ex_dispmisc.nxc.

8.3.3.118 int DISTNxDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc.

8.3.3.119 char DISTNxGP2D12 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2D12. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2D12. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc.

8.3.3.120 char DISTNxGP2D120 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2D120. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2D120. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc.

8.3.3.121 char DISTNxGP2YA02 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2YA02. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2YA02. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc.

8.3.3.122 char DISTNxGP2YA21 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure DISTNx as GP2YA21. Configure the mindsensors DISTNx sensor as GP2YA21. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc.

8.3.3.123 int DISTNxMaxDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx maximum distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's maximum distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The maximum distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc.

8.3.3.124 int DISTNxMinDistance (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx minimum distance value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's minimum distance value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The distance value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc.

8.3.3.125 byte DISTNxModuleType (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx module type value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's module type value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The module type value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc.

8.3.3.126 byte DISTNxNumPoints (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx num points value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's num points value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The num points value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc.

8.3.3.127 int DISTNxVoltage (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read DISTNx voltage value. Read the mindsensors DISTNx sensor's voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The voltage value.

Examples:

ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc.

8.3.3.128 div_t div (int *numer*, int *denom*) [inline]

Integral division. Returns the integral quotient and remainder of the division of numerator by denominator as a structure of type div_t, which has two members: quot and rem.

Parameters:

numer Numerator.

denom Denominator.

Returns:

The result is returned by value in a structure defined in cstdlib, which has two members. For div_t, these are, in either order: int quot; int rem.

Examples:

ex_div.nxc.

8.3.3.129 char EllipseOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *radiusX*, byte *radiusY*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw an ellipse. This function lets you draw an ellipse on the screen with its center at the specified x and y location, using the specified radii. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawEllipse, DrawEllipseType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the center of the ellipse.

y The y value for the center of the ellipse.

radiusX The x axis radius.

radiusY The y axis radius.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_EllipseOut.nxc.

8.3.3.130 void ExitTo (task *newTask*) `[inline]`

Exit to another task. Immediately exit the current task and start executing the specified task.

Parameters:

newTask The task to start executing after exiting the current task.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc.

8.3.3.131 float exp (float *x*) [inline]

Compute exponential function. Computes the base-e exponential function of x, which is the e number raised to the power x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Exponential value of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_exp.nxc.

8.3.3.132 int fclose (byte *handle*) [inline]

Close file. Close the file associated with the specified file handle. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to be closed.

Returns:

The loader result code.

Examples:

ex_fclose.nxc.

8.3.3.133 int feof (byte *handle*) [inline]

Check End-of-file indicator. Checks whether the End-of-File indicator associated with the handle is set, returning a value different from zero if it is.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to check.

Returns:

Currently always returns 0.

Examples:

ex_feof.nxc.

8.3.3.134 int fflush (byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Flush file. Writes any buffered data to the file. A zero value indicates success.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to be flushed.

Returns:

Currently always returns 0.

Examples:

ex_fflush.nxc.

8.3.3.135 char fgetc (byte *handle*) `[inline]`

Get character from file. Returns the character currently pointed to by the internal file position indicator of the file specified by the handle. The internal file position indicator is then advanced by one character to point to the next character. The functions fgetc and getc are equivalent.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file from which the character is read.

Returns:

The character read from the file.

Examples:

ex_fgetc.nxc.

8.3.3.136 string fgets (string & *str*, int *num*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Get string from file. Reads characters from a file and stores them as a string into str until (num-1) characters have been read or either a newline or a the End-of-File is reached, whichever comes first. A newline character makes fgets stop reading, but it is considered a valid character and therefore it is included in the string copied to str. A null character is automatically appended in str after the characters read to signal the end of the string. Returns the string parameter.

Parameters:

str The string where the characters are stored.

num The maximum number of characters to be read.

handle The handle of the file from which the characters are read.

Returns:

The string read from the file.

Examples:

ex_fgets.nxc.

8.3.3.137 unsigned int FindFirstFile (string & *fname*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Start searching for files. This function lets you begin iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

fname On input this contains the filename pattern you are searching for. On output this contains the name of the first file found that matches the pattern.

handle The search handle input to and output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_findnextfile.nxc.

8.3.3.138 unsigned int FindNextFile (string & *fname*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Continue searching for files. This function lets you continue iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

fname On output this contains the name of the next file found that matches the pattern used when the search began by calling FindFirstFile.

handle The search handle input to and output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_findfirstfile.nxc, and ex_findnextfile.nxc.

8.3.3.139 unsigned long FirstTick () [inline]

Get the first tick. Return an unsigned 32-bit value, which is the system timing value (called a "tick") in milliseconds at the time that the program began running.

Returns:

The tick count at the start of program execution.

Examples:

ex_FirstTick.nxc.

8.3.3.140 string Flatten (variant *num*) [inline]

Flatten a number to a string. Return a string containing the byte representation of the specified value.

Parameters:

num A number.

Returns:

A string containing the byte representation of the parameter num.

Examples:

ex_Flatten.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.3.3.141 string FlattenVar (variant *x*) `[inline]`

Flatten any data to a string. Return a string containing the byte representation of the specified value.

See also:

UnflattenVar

Parameters:

x Any NXC datatype.

Returns:

A string containing the byte representation of the parameter x.

Examples:

ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.3.3.142 void Float (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Float motors. Make outputs float. Float is an alias for Coast.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_float.nxc.

8.3.3.143 float floor (float *x*) [inline]

Round down value. Computes the largest integral value that is not greater than x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

The largest integral value not greater than x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_floor.nxc.

8.3.3.144 void Follows (task *task1*, task *task2*, ..., task *taskN*) [inline]

Declare tasks that this task follows. Schedule this task to follow the specified tasks so that it will execute once any of the specified tasks has completed executing. This statement should occur once within a task - preferably at the start of the task definition. If multiple tasks declare that they follow the same task then they will all execute simultaneously unless other dependencies prevent them from doing so. Any number of tasks may be listed in the Follows statement.

Parameters:

task1 The first task that this task follows.

task2 The second task that this task follows.

taskN The last task that this task follows.

Examples:

ex_Follows.nxc.

8.3.3.145 char FontNumOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, variant *value*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a number with font. Draw a numeric value on the screen at the specified x and y location using a custom RIC font. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. See the Font drawing option constants for options specific to the font drawing functions.

See also:

FontTextOut, SysDrawFont, DrawFontType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the number output.

y The y value for the start of the number output.

filename The filename of the RIC font.

value The value to output to the LCD screen. Any numeric type is supported.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispfnout.nxc.

8.3.3.146 char FontTextOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, string *str*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw text with font. Draw a text value on the screen at the specified x and y location using a custom RIC font. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. See the Font drawing option constants for options specific to the font drawing functions.

See also:

FontNumOut, SysDrawFont, DrawFontType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the text output.

y The y value for the start of the text output.

filename The filename of the RIC font.

str The text to output to the LCD screen.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc.

8.3.3.147 byte fopen (string *filename*, const string *mode*)

Open file. Opens the file whose name is specified in the parameter filename and associates it with a file handle that can be identified in future operations by the handle that is returned. The operations that are allowed on the stream and how these are performed are defined by the mode parameter.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file to be opened.

mode The file access mode. Valid values are "r" - opens an existing file for reading, "w" - creates a new file and opens it for writing, and "a" - opens an existing file for appending to the end of the file.

Returns:

The handle to the opened file.

Examples:

ex_fopen.nxc.

8.3.3.148 void ForceOff (byte *num*) [inline]

Turn off NXT. Force the NXT to turn off if the specified value is greater than zero.

Parameters:

num If greater than zero the NXT will turn off.

Examples:

ex_ForceOff.nxc.

8.3.3.149 string FormatNum (string *fmt*, variant *num*) [inline]

Format a number. Return the formatted string using the format and value. Use a standard numeric sprintf format specifier within the format string. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

fmt The string format containing a sprintf numeric format specifier.

num A number.

Returns:

A string containing the formatted numeric value.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_FormatNum.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, ex_tand.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.150 void fprintf (byte *handle*, string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Write formatted data to file. Writes a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies to a file. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file to write to.

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_fprintf.nxc.

8.3.3.151 char fputc (char *ch*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Write character to file. Writes a character to the file and advances the position indicator. The character is written at the current position of the file as indicated by the internal position indicator, which is then advanced one character. If there are no errors, the same character that has been written is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

ch The character to be written.

handle The handle of the file where the character is to be written.

Returns:

The character written to the file.

Examples:

ex_fputc.nxc.

8.3.3.152 int fputs (string *str*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Write string to file. Writes the string to the file specified by the handle. The null terminating character at the end of the string is not written to the file. If there are no errors, a non-negative value is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned.

Parameters:

str The string of characters to be written.

handle The handle of the file where the string is to be written.

Returns:

The number of characters written to the file.

Examples:

ex_fputs.nxc.

8.3.3.153 float frac (float *x*) [inline]

Compute fractional part. Computes the fractional part of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Fractional part of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_frac.nxc.

8.3.3.154 unsigned int FreeMemory (void) [inline]

Get free flash memory. Get the number of bytes of flash memory that are available for use.

Returns:

The number of bytes of unused flash memory.

Examples:

ex_FreeMemory.nxc.

8.3.3.155 int fseek (byte *handle*, long *offset*, int *origin*) [inline]

Reposition file position indicator. Sets the position indicator associated with the file to a new position defined by adding offset to a reference position specified by origin.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

offset The number of bytes to offset from origin.

origin Position from where offset is added. It is specified by one of the following constants: SEEK_SET - beginning of file, SEEK_CUR - current position of the file pointer, or SEEK_END - end of file. fseek origin constants

Returns:

A value of zero if successful or non-zero otherwise. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_fseek.nxc.

8.3.3.156 unsigned long ftell (byte *handle*) [inline]

Get current position in file. Returns the current value of the file position indicator of the specified handle.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

Returns:

The current file position in the open file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Examples:

ex_ftell.nxc.

8.3.3.157 void GetBrickDataAddress (byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get NXT address. This method reads the address of the NXT and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc.

8.3.3.158 void GetBTConnectionAddress (const byte *conn*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Get bluetooth device address. This method reads the address of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth connection table and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..3).

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBTConnectionAddress.nxc.

8.3.3.159 void GetBTDeviceAddress (const byte *devidx*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth device address. This method reads the address of the device at the specified index within the Bluetooth device table and stores it in the data buffer provided.

Parameters:

devidx The device table index.

data The byte array reference that will contain the device address.

Examples:

ex_GetBTDeviceAddress.nxc.

8.3.3.160 void GetBTInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the Bluetooth input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the bluetooth input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the bluetooth input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetBTInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.161 void GetBTOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get bluetooth output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the Bluetooth output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the bluetooth output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the bluetooth output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetBTOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.162 void GetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Button module IOMap value. Read a value from the Button module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Button module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Button module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.163 int getchar () [inline]

Get character from stdin. Returns the next character from the standard input (stdin). It is equivalent to getc with stdin as its argument. On the NXT this means wait for a button press and return the value of the button pressed.

Returns:

The pressed button. See Button name constants.

Examples:

ex_getchar.nxc.

8.3.3.164 void GetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Command module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Command module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Command module IOMap.

8.3.3.165 void GetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Command module IOMap value. Read a value from the Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.166 void GetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Comm module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Comm module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Comm module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Comm module IOMap.

8.3.3.167 void GetCommModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Comm module IOMap value. Read a value from the Comm module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.168 void GetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Display module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Display module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Display module IOMap.

8.3.3.169 void GetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Display module IOMap value. Read a value from the Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.170 void GetDisplayNormal (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Read pixel data from the normal display buffer. Read "cnt" bytes from the normal display memory into the data array. Start reading from the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data read from screen memory is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position from which to read pixel data.

line The desired line from which to read pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to read.

data The array of bytes into which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayNormal.nxc.

8.3.3.171 void GetDisplayPopup (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Read pixel data from the popup display buffer. Read "cnt" bytes from the popup display memory into the data array. Start reading from the specified x, line coordinate. Each

byte of data read from screen memory is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position from which to read pixel data.

line The desired line from which to read pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to read.

data The array of bytes into which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_GetDisplayPopup.nxc.

8.3.3.172 void GetHSInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the hi-speed port input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the hi-speed port input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the hi-speed port input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetHSInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.173 void GetHSOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the hi-speed port output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the hi-speed port output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the hi-speed port output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetHSOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.174 variant GetInput (const byte & *port*, const byte *field*) [inline]

Get an input field value. Return the value of the specified field of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A constant or a variable may be used (no expressions).

field An input field constant. See Input field constants.

Returns:

The input field value.

Examples:

ex_GetInput.nxc.

8.3.3.175 void GetInputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Input module IOMap value. Read a value from the Input module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Input module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Input module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.176 void GetIOMapBytes (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get IOMap bytes by name. Read one or more bytes of data from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be read

count The number of bytes to read from the specified IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the IOMap

8.3.3.177 void GetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get IOMap bytes by ID. Read one or more bytes of data from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be read.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.178 void GetIOMapValue (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get IOMap value by name. Read a value from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to read the value along with a variable that will contain the IOMap value.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap

8.3.3.179 void GetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get IOMap value by ID. Read a value from an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to read the value along with a variable that will contain the IOMap value.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.180 char GetLastResponseInfo (bool *Clear*, byte & *Length*, byte & *Command*, byte & *Buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Read last response information. Read the last direct or system command response packet received by the NXT. Optionally clear the response after retrieving the information.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Parameters:

Clear A boolean value indicating whether to clear the response or not.

Length The response packet length.

Command The original command byte.

Buffer The response packet buffer.

Returns:

The response status code.

Examples:

ex_GetLastResponseInfo.nxc.

8.3.3.181 void GetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Loader module IOMap value. Read a value from the Loader module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Loader module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Loader module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.182 void GetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get Lowspeed module IOMap bytes. Read one or more bytes of data from Lowspeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to start reading, the number of bytes to read from that location, and a byte array where the data will be stored.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the data should be read. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to read from the specified Lowspeed module IOMap offset.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the Lowspeed module IOMap.

8.3.3.183 void GetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get LowSpeed module IOMap value. Read a value from the LowSpeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.184 void GetLSInputBuffer (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the I2C input buffer for the specified port and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

offset A constant offset into the I2C input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the I2C input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetLSInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.185 void GetLSOutputBuffer (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer data. This method reads cnt bytes of data from the I2C output buffer for the specified port and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

offset A constant offset into the I2C output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the I2C output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetLSOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.186 char GetMemoryInfo (bool *Compact*, unsigned int & *PoolSize*, unsigned int & *DataspaceSize*) [inline]

Read memory information. Read the current pool size and dataspace size. Optionally compact the dataspace before returning the information. Running programs have a maximum of 32k bytes of memory available. The amount of free RAM can be calculated by subtracting the value returned by this function from POOL_MAX_SIZE.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

Compact A boolean value indicating whether to compact the dataspace or not.

PoolSize The current pool size.

DataspaceSize The current dataspace size.

Returns:

The function call result. It will be NO_ERR if the compact operation is not performed. Otherwise it will be the result of the compact operation.

Examples:

ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc.

8.3.3.187 variant GetOutput (byte *output*, const byte *field*) [inline]

Get output field value. Get the value of the specified field for the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

field Output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

Returns:

The requested output field value.

Examples:

ex_getoutput.nxc.

8.3.3.188 void GetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Output module IOMap value. Read a value from the Output module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Output module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Output module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.189 void GetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Sound module IOMap value. Read a value from the Sound module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Sound module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Sound module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.190 void GetUIModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Get Ui module IOMap value. Read a value from the Ui module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Ui module IOMap structure where you want to read the value from along with a variable that will store the value. The type of the variable determines how many bytes are read from the IOMap.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the value should be read. See Ui module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable that will contain the value read from the IOMap.

8.3.3.191 void GetUSBInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb input buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb input buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb input buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb input buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.192 void GetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb output buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb output buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb output buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb output buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.193 void GetUSBPollBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Get usb poll buffer data. This method reads count bytes of data from the usb poll buffer and writes it to the buffer provided.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the usb poll buffer.

cnt The number of bytes to read.

data The byte array reference which will contain the data read from the usb poll buffer.

Examples:

ex_GetUSBPollBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.194 void glAddToAngleX (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the X axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing X axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the X axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, and glCircleDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.195 void glAddToAngleY (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the Y axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing Y axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the Y axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.196 void glAddToAngleZ (int *glValue*) [inline]

Add to the Z axis angle. Add the specified value to the existing Z axis angle.

Parameters:

glValue The value to add to the Z axis angle.

8.3.3.197 void glAddVertex (int *glX*, int *glY*, int *glZ*) [inline]

Add a vertex to an object. Add a vertex to an object currently being defined. This function should only be used between glBegin and glEnd which are themselves nested within a glBeginObject and glEndObject pair.

Parameters:

glX The X axis coordinate.

glY The Y axis coordinate.

glZ The Z axis coordinate.

8.3.3.198 void glBegin (int *glBeginMode*) [inline]

Begin a new polygon for the current object. Start defining a polygon surface for the current graphics object using the specified begin mode.

Parameters:

glBeginMode The desired mode. See Graphics library begin modes.

8.3.3.199 int glBeginObject () [inline]

Begin defining an object. Start the process of defining a graphics library object using low level functions such as glBegin, glAddVertex, and glEnd.

Returns:

The object index of the new object being created.

8.3.3.200 void glBeginRender () [inline]

Begin a new render. Start the process of rendering the existing graphic objects.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.201 int glBox (int *glMode*, int *glSizeX*, int *glSizeY*, int *glSizeZ*) [inline]

Create a 3D box. Define a 3D box using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the box is at the origin of the XYZ axis with width, height, and depth specified via the glSizeX, glSizeY, and glSizeZ parameters.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.

glSizeX The X axis size (width).

glSizeY The Y axis size (height).

glSizeZ The Z axis size (depth).

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.202 void glCallObject (int *glObjectId*) `[inline]`

Call a graphic object. Tell the graphics library that you want it to include the specified object in the render.

Parameters:

glObjectId The desired object id.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.203 int glCos32768 (int *glAngle*) `[inline]`

Table-based cosine scaled by 32768. Return the cosine of the specified angle in degrees. The result is scaled by 32768.

Parameters:

glAngle The angle in degrees.

Returns:

The cosine value scaled by 32768.

8.3.3.204 int glCube (int *glMode*, int *glSize*) [inline]

Create a 3D cube. Define a 3D cube using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the box is at the origin of the XYZ axis with equal width, height, and depth specified via the glSize parameter.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.

glSize The cube's width, height, and depth.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.205 void glEnd () [inline]

Finish a polygon for the current object. Stop defining a polgyon surface for the current graphics object.

8.3.3.206 void glEndObject () [inline]

Stop defining an object. Finish the process of defining a graphics library object. Call this function after you have completed the object definition.

8.3.3.207 void glFinishRender () [inline]

Finish the current render. Rotate the vertex list, clear the screen, and draw the rendered objects to the LCD.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.208 void glInit () [inline]

Initialize graphics library. Setup all the necessary data for the graphics library to function. Call this function before any other graphics library routine.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.209 void glObjectAction (int *glObjectId*, int *glAction*, int *glValue*) [inline]

Perform an object action. Execute the specified action on the specified object.

Parameters:

glObjectId The object id.

glAction The action to perform on the object. See Graphics library actions.

glValue The setting value.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.210 int glPyramid (int *glMode*, int *glSizeX*, int *glSizeY*, int *glSizeZ*) [inline]

Create a 3D pyramid. Define a 3D pyramid using the specified begin mode for all faces. The center of the pyramid is at the origin of the XYZ axis with width, height, and depth specified via the glSizeX, glSizeY, and glSizeZ parameters.

Parameters:

glMode The begin mode for each surface. See Graphics library begin modes.

glSizeX The X axis size (width).

glSizeY The Y axis size (height).

glSizeZ The Z axis size (depth).

8.3.3.211 void glSet (int *glType*, int *glValue*) [inline]

Set graphics library options. Adjust graphic library settings for circle size and cull mode.

Parameters:

glType The setting type. See Graphics library settings.

glValue The setting value. For culling modes see Graphics library cull mode.

Examples:

glCircleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.212 void glSetAngleX (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the X axis angle. Set the X axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new X axis angle.

Examples:

glBoxDemo.nxc, glCircleDemo.nxc, glRotateDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, and glTranslateDemo.nxc.

8.3.3.213 void glSetAngleY (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the Y axis angle. Set the Y axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new Y axis angle.

8.3.3.214 void glSetAngleZ (int *glValue*) [inline]

Set the Z axis angle. Set the Z axis angle to the specified value.

Parameters:

glValue The new Z axis angle.

8.3.3.215 int glSin32768 (int *glAngle*) [inline]

Table-based sine scaled by 32768. Return the sine of the specified angle in degrees. The result is scaled by 32768.

Parameters:

glAngle The angle in degrees.

Returns:

The sine value scaled by 32768.

8.3.3.216 char GraphicArrayOut (int *x*, int *y*, byte *data*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image from byte array. Draw a graphic image byte array on the screen at the specified x and y location. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphicArray, DrawGraphicArrayType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

data The byte array of the RIC graphic image.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgaout.nxc.

8.3.3.217 char GraphicArrayOutEx (int *x*, int *y*, byte *data*[ ], byte *vars*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image from byte array with parameters. Draw a graphic image byte array on the screen at the specified x and y location using an array of parameters. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphicArray, DrawGraphicArrayType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

data The byte array of the RIC graphic image.

vars The byte array of parameters.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgaoutex.nxc.

8.3.3.218 char GraphicOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a graphic image. Draw a graphic image file on the screen at the specified x and y location. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphic, DrawGraphicType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

filename The filename of the RIC graphic image.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_GraphicOut.nxc.

8.3.3.219 char GraphicOutEx (int *x*, int *y*, string *filename*, byte *vars*[ ], unsigned long *options* = `DRAW_OPT_NORMAL`) `[inline]`

Draw a graphic image with parameters. Draw a graphic image file on the screen at the specified x and y location using an array of parameters. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group. If the file cannot be found then nothing will be drawn and no errors will be reported.

See also:

SysDrawGraphic, DrawGraphicType

Parameters:

x The x value for the position of the graphic image.

y The y value for the position of the graphic image.

filename The filename of the RIC graphic image.

vars The byte array of parameters.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_dispgoutex.nxc, and ex_GraphicOutEx.nxc.

8.3.3.220 int HSDataMode (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port datamode. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port data mode.

Returns:

The hi-speed port data mode. See Data mode constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.3.3.221 byte HSFlags (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port flags. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port flags.

Returns:

The hi-speed port flags. See Hi-speed port flags constants.

Examples:

ex_HSFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.222 byte HSInputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the hi-speed port input buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.223 byte HSInputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the hi-speed port input buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.224 int HSMode (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port mode. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port mode.

Returns:

The hi-speed port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_HSMode.nxc.

8.3.3.225 byte HSOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the hi-speed port output buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.226 byte HSOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the hi-speed port output buffer.

Returns:

The hi-speed port output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_HSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.227 byte HSSpeed (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port speed. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port speed (baud rate).

Returns:

The hi-speed port speed (baud rate). See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

Examples:

ex_HSSpeed.nxc.

8.3.3.228 byte HSState (void) [inline]

Get hi-speed port state. This method returns the value of the hi-speed port state.

Returns:

The hi-speed port state. See Hi-speed port state constants.

Examples:

ex_HSState.nxc.

8.3.3.229 char HTIRTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

HTIRTrain function. Control an IR Train receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Valid func values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channel values are TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 through TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 and TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The IR Train channel. See IR Train channel constants.

func The IR Train function. See PF/IR Train function constants

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTIRTrain.nxc.

8.3.3.230 char HTPFComboDirect (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) [inline]

HTPFComboDirect function. Execute a pair of Power Function motor commands on the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Commands for outa and outb are PF_CMD_STOP, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_FWD, and PF_CMD_BRAKE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function command for output A. See Power Function command constants.

outb The Power Function command for output B. See Power Function command constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc.

8.3.3.231 char HTPFComboPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) [inline]

HTPFComboPWM function. Control the speed of both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Valid output values are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function PWM command for output A. See Power Function PWM option constants.

outb The Power Function PWM command for output B. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc.

8.3.3.232 char HTPFRawOutput (const byte *port*, const byte *nibble0*, const byte *nibble1*, const byte *nibble2*) [inline]

HTPFRawOutput function. Control a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Build the raw data stream using the 3 nibbles (4 bit values). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

nibble0 The first raw data nibble.

nibble1 The second raw data nibble.

nibble2 The third raw data nibble.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFRawOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.233 char HTPFRepeat (const byte *port*, const byte *count*, const unsigned int *delay*) [inline]

HTPFRepeat function. Repeat sending the last Power Function command using the HiTechnic IRLink device. Specify the number of times to repeat the command and the number of milliseconds of delay between each repetition. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

count The number of times to repeat the command.

delay The number of milliseconds to delay between each repetition.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFRepeat.nxc.

8.3.3.234 char HTPFSingleOutputCST (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) [inline]

HTPFSingleOutputCST function. Control a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_CST_CLEAR1_-CLEAR2, PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2, PF_CST_SET1_-SET2, PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_-FULL_FWD, PF_CST_FULL_REV, and PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function CST function. See Power Function CST options constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

8.3.3.235 char HTPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) `[inline]`

HTPFSingleOutputPWM function. Control the speed of a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_-PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_-BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_-CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function PWM function. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

8.3.3.236 char HTPFSinglePin (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *pin*, const byte *func*, bool *cont*) [inline]

HTPFSinglePin function. Control a single pin on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Select the desired pin using PF_PIN_C1 or PF_PIN_C2. Valid functions are PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE, PF_FUNC_CLEAR, PF_FUNC_SET, and PF_FUNC_TOGGLE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. Specify whether the mode by passing true (continuous) or false (timeout) as the final parameter. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

pin The Power Function pin. See Power Function pin constants.

func The Power Function single pin function. See Power Function single pin function constants.

cont Control whether the mode is continuous or timeout.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc.

8.3.3.237 char HTPFTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

HTPFTrain function. Control both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the HiTechnic iRLink device as if it were an IR Train receiver. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

func The Power Function train function. See PF/IR Train function constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_HTPFTrain.nxc.

8.3.3.238 void HTRCXAddToDatalog (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTRCXAddToDatalog function. Send the AddToDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc.

8.3.3.239 int HTRCXBatteryLevel (void) [inline]

HTRCXBatteryLevel function. Send the BatteryLevel command to an RCX to read the current battery level.

Returns:

The RCX battery level.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXBatteryLevel.nxc.

8.3.3.240 void HTRCXClearAllEvents (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearAllEvents function. Send the ClearAllEvents command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearAllEvents.nxc.

8.3.3.241 void HTRCXClearCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXClearCounter function. Send the ClearCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to clear.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.242 void HTRCXClearMsg (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearMsg function. Send the ClearMsg command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearMsg.nxc.

8.3.3.243 void HTRCXClearSensor (const byte *port*) [inline]

HTRCXClearSensor function. Send the ClearSensor command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX port number.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.244 void HTRCXClearSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXClearSound function. Send the ClearSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearSound.nxc.

8.3.3.245 void HTRCXClearTimer (const byte *timer*) [inline]

HTRCXClearTimer function. Send the ClearTimer command to an RCX.

Parameters:

timer The timer to clear.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXClearTimer.nxc.

8.3.3.246 void HTRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int *size*) [inline]

HTRCXCreateDatalog function. Send the CreateDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

size The new datalog size.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXCreateDatalog.nxc.

8.3.3.247 void HTRCXDecCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXDecCounter function. Send the DecCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to decrement.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDecCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.248 void HTRCXDeleteSub (const byte *s*) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteSub function. Send the DeleteSub command to an RCX.

Parameters:

s The subroutine number to delete.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteSub.nxc.

8.3.3.249 void HTRCXDeleteSubs (void) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteSubs function. Send the DeleteSubs command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteSubs.nxc.

8.3.3.250 void HTRCXDeleteTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteTask function. Send the DeleteTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to delete.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteTask.nxc.

8.3.3.251 void HTRCXDeleteTasks (void) [inline]

HTRCXDeleteTasks function. Send the DeleteTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDeleteTasks.nxc.

8.3.3.252 void HTRCXDisableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXDisableOutput function. Send the DisableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to disable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXDisableOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.253 void HTRCXEnableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXEnableOutput function. Send the EnableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to enable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEnableOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.254 void HTRCXEvent (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTRCXEvent function. Send the Event command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXEvent.nxc.

8.3.3.255 void HTRCXFloat (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXFloat function. Send commands to an RCX to float the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to float. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXFloat.nxc.

8.3.3.256 void HTRCXFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set forward. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXFwd.nxc.

8.3.3.257 void HTRCXIncCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

HTRCXIncCounter function. Send the IncCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to increment.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXIncCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.258 void HTRCXInvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXInvertOutput function. Send the InvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to invert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXInvertOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.259 void HTRCXMuteSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXMuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.260 void HTRCXObvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXObvertOutput function. Send the ObvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to obvert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXObvertOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.261 void HTRCXOff (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOff function. Send commands to an RCX to turn off the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn off. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOff.nxc.

8.3.3.262 void HTRCXOn (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOn function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOn.nxc.

8.3.3.263 void HTRCXOnFor (const byte *outputs*, const unsigned int *ms*) [inline]

HTRCXOnFor function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction for the specified duration.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

ms The number of milliseconds to leave the outputs on

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnFor.nxc.

8.3.3.264 void HTRCXOnFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOnFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the forward direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnFwd.nxc.

8.3.3.265 void HTRCXOnRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXOnRev function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXOnRev.nxc.

8.3.3.266 void HTRCXPBTurnOff (void) [inline]

HTRCXPBTurnOff function. Send the PBTurnOff command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPBTurnOff.nxc.

8.3.3.267 void HTRCXPing (void) [inline]

HTRCXPing function. Send the Ping command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPing.nxc.

8.3.3.268 void HTRCXPlaySound (const byte *snd*) [inline]

HTRCXPlaySound function. Send the PlaySound command to an RCX.

Parameters:

snd The sound number to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlaySound.nxc.

8.3.3.269 void HTRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int *freq*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

HTRCXPlayTone function. Send the PlayTone command to an RCX.

Parameters:

freq The frequency of the tone to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlayTone.nxc.

8.3.3.270 void HTRCXPlayToneVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

HTRCXPlayToneVar function. Send the PlayToneVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable containing the tone frequency to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPlayToneVar.nxc.

8.3.3.271 int HTRCXPoll (const byte *src*, const byte *value*) [inline]

HTRCXPoll function Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Returns:

The value read from the specified port and value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPoll.nxc.

8.3.3.272 int HTRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int *address*) [inline]

HTRCXPollMemory function. Send the PollMemory command to an RCX.

Parameters:

address The RCX memory address.

Returns:

The value read from the specified address.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXPollMemory.nxc.

8.3.3.273 void HTRCXRemote (unsigned int *cmd*) [inline]

HTRCXRemote function. Send the Remote command to an RCX.

Parameters:

cmd The RCX IR remote command to send. See RCX IR remote constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRemote.nxc.

8.3.3.274 void HTRCXRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXRev function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXRev.nxc.

8.3.3.275 void HTRCXSelectDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTRCXSelectDisplay function. Send the SelectDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSelectDisplay.nxc.

8.3.3.276 void HTRCXSelectProgram (const byte *prog*) [inline]

HTRCXSelectProgram function. Send the SelectProgram command to an RCX.

Parameters:

prog The program number to select.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSelectProgram.nxc.

8.3.3.277 void HTRCXSendSerial (const byte *first*, const byte *count*) [inline]

HTRCXSendSerial function. Send the SendSerial command to an RCX.

Parameters:

first The first byte address.

count The number of bytes to send.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSendSerial.nxc.

8.3.3.278 void HTRCXSetDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

HTRCXSetDirection function. Send the SetDirection command to an RCX to configure the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.279 void HTRCXSetEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *src*, const byte *type*) [inline]

HTRCXSetEvent function. Send the SetEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number to set.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

type The event type.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetEvent.nxc.

8.3.3.280 void HTRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

HTRCXSetGlobalDirection function. Send the SetGlobalDirection command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.281 void HTRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetGlobalOutput function. Send the SetGlobalOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.282 void HTRCXSetIRLinkPort (const byte *port*) [inline]

HTRCXSetIRLinkPort function. Set the global port in advance of using the HTRCX∗ and HTScout∗ API functions for sending RCX and Scout messages over the HiTechnic iRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using any of the HiTechnic RCX and Scout iRLink functions.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

8.3.3.283 void HTRCXSetMaxPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

HTRCXSetMaxPower function. Send the SetMaxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set max power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc.

8.3.3.284 void HTRCXSetMessage (const byte *msg*) [inline]

HTRCXSetMessage function. Send the SetMessage command to an RCX.

Parameters:

msg The numeric message to send.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetMessage.nxc.

8.3.3.285 void HTRCXSetOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetOutput function. Send the SetOutput command to an RCX to configure the mode of the specified outputs

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.286 void HTRCXSetPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

HTRCXSetPower function. Send the SetPower command to an RCX to configure the power level of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc.

8.3.3.287 void HTRCXSetPriority (const byte *p*) [inline]

HTRCXSetPriority function. Send the SetPriority command to an RCX.

Parameters:

p The new task priority.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetPriority.nxc.

8.3.3.288 void HTRCXSetSensorMode (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSensorMode function. Send the SetSensorMode command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

mode The RCX sensor mode.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

8.3.3.289 void HTRCXSetSensorType (const byte *port*, const byte *type*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSensorType function. Send the SetSensorType command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

type The RCX sensor type.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc.

8.3.3.290 void HTRCXSetSleepTime (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXSetSleepTime function. Send the SetSleepTime command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The new sleep time value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetSleepTime.nxc.

8.3.3.291 void HTRCXSetTxPower (const byte *pwr*) [inline]

HTRCXSetTxPower function. Send the SetTxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

pwr The IR transmit power level.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetTxPower.nxc.

8.3.3.292 void HTRCXSetWatch (const byte *hours*, const byte *minutes*) [inline]

HTRCXSetWatch function. Send the SetWatch command to an RCX.

Parameters:

hours The new watch time hours value.

minutes The new watch time minutes value.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetWatch.nxc.

8.3.3.293 void HTRCXStartTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXStartTask function. Send the StartTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to start.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStartTask.nxc.

8.3.3.294 void HTRCXStopAllTasks (void) [inline]

HTRCXStopAllTasks function. Send the StopAllTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStopAllTasks.nxc.

8.3.3.295 void HTRCXStopTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

HTRCXStopTask function. Send the StopTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to stop.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXStopTask.nxc.

8.3.3.296 void HTRCXToggle (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

HTRCXToggle function. Send commands to an RCX to toggle the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to toggle. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXToggle.nxc.

8.3.3.297 void HTRCXUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

HTRCXUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXUnmuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.298 void HTScoutCalibrateSensor (void) [inline]

HTScoutCalibrateSensor function. Send the CalibrateSensor command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.299 void HTScoutMuteSound (void) [inline]

HTScoutMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutMuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.300 void HTScoutSelectSounds (const byte *grp*) [inline]

HTScoutSelectSounds function. Send the SelectSounds command to a Scout.

Parameters:

grp The Scout sound group to select.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSelectSounds.nxc.

8.3.3.301 void HTScoutSendVLL (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSendVLL function. Send the SendVLL command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSendVLL.nxc.

8.3.3.302 void HTScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetEventFeedback function. Send the SetEventFeedback command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc.

8.3.3.303 void HTScoutSetLight (const byte *x*) [inline]

HTScoutSetLight function. Send the SetLight command to a Scout.

Parameters:

x Set the light on or off using this value. See Scout light constants.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetLight.nxc.

8.3.3.304 void HTScoutSetScoutMode (const byte *mode*) [inline]

HTScoutSetScoutMode function. Send the SetScoutMode command to a Scout.

Parameters:

mode Set the scout mode. See Scout mode constants.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

8.3.3.305 void HTScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorClickTime function. Send the SetSensorClickTime command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc.

8.3.3.306 void HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis function. Send the SetSensorHysteresis command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc.

8.3.3.307 void HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function. Send the SetSensorLowerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.308 void HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function. Send the SetSensorUpperLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.309 void HTScoutUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

HTScoutUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_HTScoutUnmuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.310 long I2CBytes (const byte *port*, byte *inbuf*[ ], byte & *count*, byte & *outbuf*[ ]) [inline]

Perform an I2C write/read transaction. This method writes the bytes contained in the input buffer (inbuf) to the I2C device on the specified port, checks for the specified number of bytes to be ready for reading, and then tries to read the specified number (count) of bytes from the I2C device into the output buffer (outbuf).

This is a higher-level wrapper around the three main I2C functions. It also maintains a "last good read" buffer and returns values from that buffer if the I2C communication transaction fails.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

inbuf A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

count The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device. On output count is set to the number of bytes in outbuf.

outbuf A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer.

Returns:

Returns true or false indicating whether the I2C transaction succeeded or failed.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, I2CRead, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CBytes.nxc.

8.3.3.311 byte I2CBytesReady (const byte *port*) `[inline]`

Get I2C bytes ready. This method checks the number of bytes that are ready to be read on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful I2CWrite call that requested response data from the device then the return value will be the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CBytesReady.nxc.

8.3.3.312 long I2CCheckStatus (const byte *port*) [inline]

Check I2C status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to I2CRead or I2CWrite while this function returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, LowspeedStatus, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CCheckStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.313 string I2CDeviceId (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read I2C device identifier. Read standard I2C device identifier. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device identifier.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

8.3.3.314 string I2CDeviceInfo (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *info*) `[inline]`

Read I2C device information. Read standard I2C device information: version, vendor, and device ID. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

info A value indicating the type of device information you are requesting. See Standard I2C constants.

Returns:

A string containing the requested device information.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc.

8.3.3.315 long I2CRead (const byte *port*, byte *buflen*, byte & *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read I2C data. Read the specified number of bytes from the I2C device on the specified port and store the bytes read in the byte array buffer provided. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

buflen The initial size of the output buffer.

buffer A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer. If the return value is negative then the output buffer will be empty.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CRead.nxc.

8.3.3.316 long I2CSendCommand (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *cmd*) [inline]

Send an I2C command. Send a command to an I2C device at the standard command register: I2C_REG_CMD. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

cmd The command to send to the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc.

8.3.3.317 long I2CStatus (const byte *port*, byte & *bytesready*) [inline]

Get I2C status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful I2CWrite call that requested response data from the device then bytesready will be set to the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

bytesready The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible return values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to I2CRead or I2CWrite while I2CStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, LowspeedStatus, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.318 string I2CVendorId (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read I2C device vendor. Read standard I2C device vendor. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device vendor.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

8.3.3.319 string I2CVersion (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Read I2C device version. Read standard I2C device version. The I2C device uses the specified address.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

Returns:

A string containing the device version.

Examples:

ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, and ex_i2cversion.nxc.

8.3.3.320 long I2CWrite (const byte *port*, byte *retlen*, byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write I2C data. This method starts a transaction to write the bytes contained in the array buffer to the I2C device on the specified port. It also tells the I2C device the number of bytes that should be included in the response. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

retlen The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device.

buffer A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSWriteType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_I2CWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.321 int isalnum (int *c*) `[inline]`

Check if character is alphanumeric. Checks if parameter c is either a decimal digit or an uppercase or lowercase letter. The result is true if either isalpha or isdigit would also return true.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is either a digit or a letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isalnum.nxc.

8.3.3.322 int isalpha (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is alphabetic. Checks if parameter c is either an uppercase or lowercase letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isalpha.nxc.

8.3.3.323 int iscntrl (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a control character. Checks if parameter c is a control character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a control character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_iscntrl.nxc.

8.3.3.324 int isdigit (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is decimal digit. Checks if parameter c is a decimal digit character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a decimal digit, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isdigit.nxc.

8.3.3.325 int isgraph (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character has graphical representation. Checks if parameter c is a character with a graphical representation.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c has a graphical representation, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isgraph.nxc.

8.3.3.326 int islower (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is lowercase letter. Checks if parameter c is an lowercase alphabetic letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an lowercase alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_islower.nxc.

8.3.3.327 bool isNAN (float *value*) [inline]

Is the value NaN. Returns true if the floating point value is NaN (not a number).

Parameters:

value A floating point variable.

Returns:

Whether the value is NaN.

Examples:

ex_isnan.nxc, and ex_labs.nxc.

8.3.3.328 int isprint (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is printable. Checks if parameter c is a printable character (i.e., not a control character).

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a printable character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isprint.nxc.

8.3.3.329 int ispunct (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a punctuation. Checks if parameter c is a punctuation character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a punctuation character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_ispunct.nxc.

8.3.3.330 int isspace (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is a white-space. Checks if parameter c is a white-space character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a white-space character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isspace.nxc.

8.3.3.331 int isupper (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is uppercase letter. Checks if parameter c is an uppercase alphabetic letter.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is an uppercase alphabetic letter, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isupper.nxc.

8.3.3.332 int isxdigit (int *c*) [inline]

Check if character is hexadecimal digit. Checks if parameter c is a hexadecimal digit character.

Parameters:

c Character to be checked.

Returns:

Returns a non-zero value (true) if c is a hexadecimal digit character, otherwise it returns 0 (false).

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_isxdigit.nxc.

8.3.3.333 long labs (long *n*) [inline]

Absolute value. Return the absolute value of parameter n.

Parameters:

n Integral value.

Returns:

The absolute value of n.

8.3.3.334 ldiv_t ldiv (long *numer*, long *denom*) [inline]

Integral division. Returns the integral quotient and remainder of the division of numerator by denominator as a structure of type ldiv_t, which has two members: quot and rem.

Parameters:

numer Numerator.

denom Denominator.

Returns:

The result is returned by value in a structure defined in cstdlib, which has two members. For ldiv_t, these are, in either order: long quot; long rem.

Examples:

ex_ldiv.nxc.

8.3.3.335 string LeftStr (string *str*, unsigned int *size*) [inline]

Copy a portion from the start of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at the start of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

size The size or length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at the start of a string.

Examples:

ex_leftstr.nxc.

8.3.3.336 char LineOut (int *x1*, int *y1*, int *x2*, int *y2*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a line. This function lets you draw a line on the screen from x1, y1 to x2, y2. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawLine, DrawLineType

Parameters:

x1 The x value for the start of the line.

y1 The y value for the start of the line.

x2 The x value for the end of the line.

y2 The y value for the end of the line.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_LineOut.nxc.

8.3.3.337 float log (float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute natural logarithm. Computes the natural logarithm of x. The natural logarithm is the base-e logarithm, the inverse of the natural exponential function (exp). For base-10 logarithms, a specific function log10() exists.

See also:

log10(), exp()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Natural logarithm of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_log.nxc.

8.3.3.338 float log10 (float *x*) [inline]

Compute common logarithm. Computes the common logarithm of x. The common logarithm is the base-10 logarithm. For base-e logarithms, a specific function log() exists.

See also:

log(), exp()

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Common logarithm of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_log10.nxc.

8.3.3.339 byte LongAbort (void) [inline]

Read long abort setting. Return the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's long abort setting.

See also:

AbortFlag

Returns:

The current abort flag value. See ButtonState constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_LongAbort.nxc.

8.3.3.340 byte LowspeedBytesReady (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get lowspeed bytes ready. This method checks the number of bytes that are ready to be read on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful LowspeedWrite call that requested response data from the device then the return value will be the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedBytesReady.nxc.

8.3.3.341 long LowspeedCheckStatus (const byte *port*) [inline]

Check lowspeed status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to LowspeedRead or LowspeedWrite while LowspeedCheckStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedCheckStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.342 long LowspeedRead (const byte *port*, byte *buflen*, byte & *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read lowspeed data. Read the specified number of bytes from the I2C device on the specified port and store the bytes read in the byte array buffer provided. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

buflen The initial size of the output buffer.

buffer A byte array that contains the data read from the internal I2C buffer. If the return value is negative then the output buffer will be empty.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedWrite, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedRead.nxc.

8.3.3.343 long LowspeedStatus (const byte *port*, byte & *bytesready*) [inline]

Get lowspeed status. This method checks the status of the I2C communication on the specified port. If the last operation on this port was a successful LowspeedWrite call that requested response data from the device then bytesready will be set to the number of bytes in the internal read buffer.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

bytesready The number of bytes available to be read from the internal I2C buffer. The maximum number of bytes that can be read is 16.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors. Avoid calls to LowspeedRead or LowspeedWrite while LowspeedStatus returns STAT_COMM_PENDING.

See also:

I2CStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CCheckStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedWrite, and LowspeedCheckStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.344 long LowspeedWrite (const byte *port*, byte *retlen*, byte *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Write lowspeed data. This method starts a transaction to write the bytes contained in the array buffer to the I2C device on the specified port. It also tells the I2C device the

number of bytes that should be included in the response. The maximum number of bytes that can be written or read is 16.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable. Constants should be used where possible to avoid blocking access to I2C devices on other ports by code running on other threads.

retlen The number of bytes that should be returned by the I2C device.

buffer A byte array containing the address of the I2C device, the I2C device register at which to write data, and up to 14 bytes of data to be written at the specified register.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSWriteType for possible result values. If the return value is NO_ERR then the last operation did not cause any errors.

See also:

I2CCheckStatus, I2CRead, I2CWrite, I2CStatus, I2CBytesReady, LowspeedRead, LowspeedCheckStatus, LowspeedBytesReady, and LowspeedStatus

Examples:

ex_LowspeedWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.345 byte LSChannelState (const byte *port*) `[inline]`

Get I2C channel state. This method returns the value of the I2C channel state for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port channel state. See LSChannelState constants.

Examples:

ex_LSChannelState.nxc.

8.3.3.346 byte LSErrorType (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C error type. This method returns the value of the I2C error type for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port error type. See LSErrorType constants.

Examples:

ex_LSErrorType.nxc.

8.3.3.347 byte LSInputBufferBytesToRx (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer bytes to rx. This method returns the value of the bytes to rx field of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's bytes to rx value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferBytesToRx.nxc.

8.3.3.348 byte LSInputBufferInPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.349 byte LSInputBufferOutPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the I2C input buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.350 byte LSMode (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C mode. This method returns the value of the I2C mode for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C port mode. See LSMode constants.

Examples:

ex_LSMode.nxc.

8.3.3.351 byte LSNoRestartOnRead () [inline]

Get I2C no restart on read setting. This method returns the value of the I2C no restart on read field.

Returns:

The I2C no restart on read field. See LSNoRestartOnRead constants.

Examples:

ex_LSNoRestartOnRead.nxc.

8.3.3.352 byte LSOutputBufferBytesToRx (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer bytes to rx. This method returns the value of the bytes to rx field of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's bytes to rx value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferBytesToRx.nxc.

8.3.3.353 byte LSOutputBufferInPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.354 byte LSOutputBufferOutPtr (const byte *port*) [inline]

Get I2C output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the I2C output buffer for the specified port.

Parameters:

port A constant port number (S1..S4). See Input port constants.

Returns:

The I2C output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_LSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.355 byte LSSpeed () [inline]

Get I2C speed. This method returns the value of the I2C speed.

Returns:

The I2C speed.

Warning:

This function is unimplemented within the firmware.

Examples:

ex_LSSpeed.nxc.

8.3.3.356 byte LSState () [inline]

Get I2C state. This method returns the value of the I2C state.

Returns:

The I2C state. See LSState constants.

Examples:

ex_LSState.nxc.

8.3.3.357 char memcmp (variant *ptr1*, variant *ptr2*, byte *num*) [inline]

Compare two blocks of memory. Compares the variant ptr1 to the variant ptr2. Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the variables. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

ptr1 A variable to be compared.

ptr2 A variable to be compared.

num The number of bytes to compare (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memcmp.nxc.

8.3.3.358 void memcpy (variant *dest*, variant *src*, byte *num*) [inline]

Copy memory. Copies memory contents from the source to the destination. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

dest The destination variable.

src The source variable.

num The number of bytes to copy (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memcpy.nxc.

8.3.3.359 void memmove (variant *dest*, variant *src*, byte *num*) [inline]

Move memory. Moves memory contents from the source to the destination. The num argument is ignored.

Parameters:

dest The destination variable.

src The source variable.

num The number of bytes to copy (ignored).

Examples:

ex_memmove.nxc.

8.3.3.360 string MidStr (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Copy a portion from the middle of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at a specified position in a string.

Parameters:

str A string

idx The starting index of the substring.

len The length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at a specified position in a string.

Examples:

ex_midstr.nxc.

8.3.3.361 char MotorActualSpeed (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor actual speed. Get the actual speed value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The actual speed value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoractualspeed.nxc.

8.3.3.362 long MotorBlockTachoCount (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor block-relative counter. Get the block-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The block-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorblocktachocount.nxc.

8.3.3.363 byte MotorMaxAcceleration (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor max acceleration. Get the max acceleration value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The max acceleration value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.364 byte MotorMaxSpeed (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor max speed. Get the max speed value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The max speed value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.365 byte MotorMode (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor mode. Get the mode of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The mode of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motormode.nxc.

8.3.3.366 byte MotorOutputOptions (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor options. Get the options value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The options value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc.

8.3.3.367 bool MotorOverload (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor overload status. Get the overload value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The overload value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motoroverload.nxc.

8.3.3.368 char MotorPower (byte *output*) `[inline]`

Get motor power level. Get the power level of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The power level of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorpower.nxc.

8.3.3.369 byte MotorPwnFreq () [inline]

Get motor regulation frequency. Get the current motor regulation frequency in milliseconds.

Returns:

The motor regulation frequency.

Examples:

ex_motorpwnfreq.nxc.

8.3.3.370 byte MotorRegDValue (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor D value. Get the derivative PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The derivative PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregdvalue.nxc.

8.3.3.371 byte MotorRegIValue (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor I value. Get the integral PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The integral PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregivalue.nxc.

8.3.3.372 byte MotorRegPValue (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor P value. Get the proportional PID value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The proportional PID value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregpvalue.nxc.

8.3.3.373 byte MotorRegulation (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor regulation mode. Get the regulation value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The regulation value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorregulation.nxc.

8.3.3.374 byte MotorRegulationOptions () [inline]

Get motor regulation options. Get the current motor regulation options.

Returns:

The motor regulation options.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.375 byte MotorRegulationTime () [inline]

Get motor regulation time. Get the current motor regulation time in milliseconds.

Returns:

The motor regulation time.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.376 long MotorRotationCount (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor program-relative counter. Get the program-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The program-relative position counter value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorrotationcount.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.377 byte MotorRunState (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor run state. Get the RunState value of the specified output, see Output port run state constants.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The RunState value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorrunstate.nxc.

8.3.3.378 long MotorTachoCount (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor tachometer counter. Get the tachometer count value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The tachometer count value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motortachocount.nxc.

8.3.3.379 long MotorTachoLimit (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor tachometer limit. Get the tachometer limit value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The tachometer limit value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motortacholimit.nxc.

8.3.3.380 char MotorTurnRatio (byte *output*) [inline]

Get motor turn ratio. Get the turn ratio value of the specified output.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be OUT_A, OUT_B, OUT_C or a variable containing one of these values, see Output port constants.

Returns:

The turn ratio value of the specified output.

Examples:

ex_motorturnratio.nxc.

8.3.3.381 char MSADPAOff (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn off mindsensors ADPA mode. Turn ADPA mode off for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSADPAOff.nxc.

8.3.3.382 char MSADPAOn (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn on mindsensors ADPA mode. Turn ADPA mode on for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSADPAOn.nxc.

8.3.3.383 char MSDeenergize (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn off power to device. Turn power off for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSDeenergize.nxc.

8.3.3.384 char MSEnergize (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Turn on power to device. Turn the power on for the mindsensors device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSEnergize.nxc.

8.3.3.385 char MSIRTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSIRTrain function. Control an IR Train receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are TRAIN_CHANNEL_1 through TRAIN_CHANNEL_3 and TRAIN_CHANNEL_ALL. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The IR Train channel. See IR Train channel constants.

func The IR Train function. See PF/IR Train function constants

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSIRTrain.nxc.

8.3.3.386 char MSPFComboDirect (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) [inline]

MSPFComboDirect function. Execute a pair of Power Function motor commands on the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Commands for outa and outb are PF_CMD_STOP, PF_CMD_REV, PF_CMD_FWD, and PF_CMD_BRAKE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function command for output A. See Power Function command constants.

outb The Power Function command for output B. See Power Function command constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc.

8.3.3.387 char MSPFComboPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *outa*, const byte *outb*) `[inline]`

MSPFComboPWM function. Control the speed of both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Valid output values are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

outa The Power Function PWM command for output A. See Power Function PWM option constants.

outb The Power Function PWM command for output B. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc.

8.3.3.388 char MSPFRawOutput (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *nibble0*, const byte *nibble1*, const byte *nibble2*) [inline]

MSPFRawOutput function. Control a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Build the raw data stream using the 3 nibbles (4 bit values). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

nibble0 The first raw data nibble.

nibble1 The second raw data nibble.

nibble2 The third raw data nibble.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.389 char MSPFRepeat (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *count*, const unsigned int *delay*) [inline]

MSPFRepeat function. Repeat sending the last Power Function command using the mindsensors NRLink device. Specify the number of times to repeat the command and the number of milliseconds of delay between each repetition. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

count The number of times to repeat the command.

delay The number of milliseconds to delay between each repetition.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc.

8.3.3.390 char MSPFSingleOutputCST (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) `[inline]`

MSPFSingleOutputCST function. Control a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_CST_CLEAR1_-CLEAR2, PF_CST_SET1_CLEAR2, PF_CST_CLEAR1_SET2, PF_CST_SET1_-SET2, PF_CST_INCREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_DECREMENT_PWM, PF_CST_-FULL_FWD, PF_CST_FULL_REV, and PF_CST_TOGGLE_DIR. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function CST function. See Power Function CST options constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc.

8.3.3.391 char MSPFSingleOutputPWM (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSPFSingleOutputPWM function. Control the speed of a single output on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Valid functions are PF_PWM_FLOAT, PF_PWM_FWD1, PF_PWM_FWD2, PF_PWM_FWD3, PF_PWM_FWD4, PF_PWM_FWD5, PF_PWM_FWD6, PF_PWM_FWD7, PF_PWM_BRAKE, PF_PWM_REV7, PF_PWM_REV6, PF_PWM_REV5, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_REV3, PF_PWM_REV2, and PF_PWM_REV1. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

func The Power Function PWM function. See Power Function PWM option constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc.

8.3.3.392 char MSPFSinglePin (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *out*, const byte *pin*, const byte *func*, bool *cont*) [inline]

MSPFSinglePin function. Control a single pin on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device. Select the desired output using PF_OUT_A or PF_OUT_B. Select the desired pin using PF_PIN_C1 or PF_PIN_C2. Valid functions are PF_FUNC_NOCHANGE, PF_FUNC_CLEAR, PF_FUNC_SET, and PF_FUNC_TOGGLE. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. Specify whether the mode by passing true (continuous) or false (timeout) as the final parameter. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

out The Power Function output. See Power Function output constants.

pin The Power Function pin. See Power Function pin constants.

func The Power Function single pin function. See Power Function single pin function constants.

cont Control whether the mode is continuous or timeout.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc.

8.3.3.393 char MSPFTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *channel*, const byte *func*) [inline]

MSPFTrain function. Control both outputs on a Power Function receiver set to the specified channel using the mindsensors NRLink device as if it were an IR Train receiver. Valid function values are TRAIN_FUNC_STOP, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED, TRAIN_FUNC_DECR_SPEED, and TRAIN_FUNC_TOGGLE_LIGHT. Valid channels are PF_CHANNEL_1 through PF_CHANNEL_4. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The Power Function channel. See Power Function channel constants.

func The Power Function train function. See PF/IR Train function constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_MSPFTrain.nxc.

8.3.3.394 void MSRCXAbsVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAbsVar function. Send the AbsVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAbsVar.nxc.

8.3.3.395 void MSRCXAddToDatalog (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAddToDatalog function. Send the AddToDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc.

8.3.3.396 void MSRCXAndVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXAndVar function. Send the AndVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXAndVar.nxc.

8.3.3.397 int MSRCXBatteryLevel (void) [inline]

MSRCXBatteryLevel function. Send the BatteryLevel command to an RCX to read the current battery level.

Returns:

The RCX battery level.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXBatteryLevel.nxc.

8.3.3.398 void MSRCXBoot (void) [inline]

MSRCXBoot function. Send the Boot command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXBoot.nxc.

8.3.3.399 void MSRCXCalibrateEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *low*, const byte *hi*, const byte *hyst*) [inline]

MSRCXCalibrateEvent function. Send the CalibrateEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number.

low The low threshold.

hi The high threshold.

hyst The hysterisis value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXCalibrateEvent.nxc.

8.3.3.400 void MSRCXClearAllEvents (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearAllEvents function. Send the ClearAllEvents command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearAllEvents.nxc.

8.3.3.401 void MSRCXClearCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXClearCounter function. Send the ClearCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to clear.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.402 void MSRCXClearMsg (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearMsg function. Send the ClearMsg command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearMsg.nxc.

8.3.3.403 void MSRCXClearSensor (const byte *port*) [inline]

MSRCXClearSensor function. Send the ClearSensor command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX port number.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.404 void MSRCXClearSound (void) [inline]

MSRCXClearSound function. Send the ClearSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearSound.nxc.

8.3.3.405 void MSRCXClearTimer (const byte *timer*) [inline]

MSRCXClearTimer function. Send the ClearTimer command to an RCX.

Parameters:

timer The timer to clear.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXClearTimer.nxc.

8.3.3.406 void MSRCXCreateDatalog (const unsigned int *size*) [inline]

MSRCXCreateDatalog function. Send the CreateDatalog command to an RCX.

Parameters:

size The new datalog size.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXCreateDatalog.nxc.

8.3.3.407 void MSRCXDecCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXDecCounter function. Send the DecCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to decrement.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDecCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.408 void MSRCXDeleteSub (const byte *s*) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteSub function. Send the DeleteSub command to an RCX.

Parameters:

s The subroutine number to delete.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteSub.nxc.

8.3.3.409 void MSRCXDeleteSubs (void) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteSubs function. Send the DeleteSubs command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteSubs.nxc.

8.3.3.410 void MSRCXDeleteTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteTask function. Send the DeleteTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to delete.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteTask.nxc.

8.3.3.411 void MSRCXDeleteTasks (void) [inline]

MSRCXDeleteTasks function. Send the DeleteTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDeleteTasks.nxc.

8.3.3.412 void MSRCXDisableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXDisableOutput function. Send the DisableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to disable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDisableOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.413 void MSRCXDivVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXDivVar function. Send the DivVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXDivVar.nxc.

8.3.3.414 void MSRCXEnableOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXEnableOutput function. Send the EnableOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to enable. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXEnableOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.415 void MSRCXEvent (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXEvent function. Send the Event command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXEvent.nxc.

8.3.3.416 void MSRCXFloat (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXFloat function. Send commands to an RCX to float the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to float. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXFloat.nxc.

8.3.3.417 void MSRCXFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set forward. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXFwd.nxc.

8.3.3.418 void MSRCXIncCounter (const byte *counter*) [inline]

MSRCXIncCounter function. Send the IncCounter command to an RCX.

Parameters:

counter The counter to increment.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXIncCounter.nxc.

8.3.3.419 void MSRCXInvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXInvertOutput function. Send the InvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to invert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXInvertOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.420 void MSRCXMulVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXMulVar function. Send the MulVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXMulVar.nxc.

8.3.3.421 void MSRCXMuteSound (void) [inline]

MSRCXMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXMuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.422 void MSRCXObvertOutput (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXObvertOutput function. Send the ObvertOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to obvert. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXObvertOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.423 void MSRCXOff (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOff function. Send commands to an RCX to turn off the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn off. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOff.nxc.

8.3.3.424 void MSRCXOn (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOn function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOn.nxc.

8.3.3.425 void MSRCXOnFor (const byte *outputs*, const unsigned int *ms*) [inline]

MSRCXOnFor function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction for the specified duration.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on. See RCX output constants.

ms The number of milliseconds to leave the outputs on

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnFor.nxc.

8.3.3.426 void MSRCXOnFwd (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOnFwd function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the forward direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the forward direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnFwd.nxc.

8.3.3.427 void MSRCXOnRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXOnRev function. Send commands to an RCX to turn on the specified outputs in the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to turn on in the reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOnRev.nxc.

8.3.3.428 void MSRCXOrVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXOrVar function. Send the OrVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXOrVar.nxc.

8.3.3.429 void MSRCXPBTurnOff (void) [inline]

MSRCXPBTurnOff function. Send the PBTurnOff command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPBTurnOff.nxc.

8.3.3.430 void MSRCXPing (void) [inline]

MSRCXPing function. Send the Ping command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPing.nxc.

8.3.3.431 void MSRCXPlaySound (const byte *snd*) [inline]

MSRCXPlaySound function. Send the PlaySound command to an RCX.

Parameters:

snd The sound number to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlaySound.nxc.

8.3.3.432 void MSRCXPlayTone (const unsigned int *freq*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

MSRCXPlayTone function. Send the PlayTone command to an RCX.

Parameters:

freq The frequency of the tone to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlayTone.nxc.

8.3.3.433 void MSRCXPlayToneVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *duration*) [inline]

MSRCXPlayToneVar function. Send the PlayToneVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable containing the tone frequency to play.

duration The duration of the tone to play.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPlayToneVar.nxc.

8.3.3.434 int MSRCXPoll (const byte *src*, const byte *value*) [inline]

MSRCXPoll function. Send the Poll command to an RCX to read a signed 2-byte value at the specified source and value combination.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Returns:

The value read from the specified port and value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPoll.nxc.

8.3.3.435 int MSRCXPollMemory (const unsigned int *address*) [inline]

MSRCXPollMemory function. Send the PollMemory command to an RCX.

Parameters:

address The RCX memory address.

Returns:

The value read from the specified address.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXPollMemory.nxc.

8.3.3.436 void MSRCXRemote (unsigned int *cmd*) [inline]

MSRCXRemote function. Send the Remote command to an RCX.

Parameters:

cmd The RCX IR remote command to send. See RCX IR remote constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXRemote.nxc.

8.3.3.437 void MSRCXReset (void) [inline]

MSRCXReset function. Send the Reset command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXReset.nxc.

8.3.3.438 void MSRCXRev (const byte *outputs*) [inline]

MSRCXRev function. Send commands to an RCX to set the specified outputs to the reverse direction.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to reverse direction. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXRev.nxc.

8.3.3.439 void MSRCXSelectDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSelectDisplay function. Send the SelectDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSelectDisplay.nxc.

8.3.3.440 void MSRCXSelectProgram (const byte *prog*) [inline]

MSRCXSelectProgram function. Send the SelectProgram command to an RCX.

Parameters:

prog The program number to select.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSelectProgram.nxc.

8.3.3.441 void MSRCXSendSerial (const byte *first*, const byte *count*) [inline]

MSRCXSendSerial function. Send the SendSerial command to an RCX.

Parameters:

first The first byte address.

count The number of bytes to send.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSendSerial.nxc.

8.3.3.442 void MSRCXSet (const byte *dstsrc*, const byte *dstval*, const byte *src*, unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSet function. Send the Set command to an RCX.

Parameters:

dstsrc The RCX destination source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

dstval The RCX destination value.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSet.nxc.

8.3.3.443 void MSRCXSetDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

MSRCXSetDirection function. Send the SetDirection command to an RCX to configure the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.444 void MSRCXSetEvent (const byte *evt*, const byte *src*, const byte *type*) [inline]

MSRCXSetEvent function. Send the SetEvent command to an RCX.

Parameters:

evt The event number to set.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

type The event type.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetEvent.nxc.

8.3.3.445 void MSRCXSetGlobalDirection (const byte *outputs*, const byte *dir*) [inline]

MSRCXSetGlobalDirection function. Send the SetGlobalDirection command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global direction. See RCX output constants.

dir The RCX output direction. See RCX output direction constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.446 void MSRCXSetGlobalOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetGlobalOutput function. Send the SetGlobalOutput command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set global mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.447 void MSRCXSetMaxPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

MSRCXSetMaxPower function. Send the SetMaxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set max power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc.

8.3.3.448 void MSRCXSetMessage (const byte *msg*) [inline]

MSRCXSetMessage function. Send the SetMessage command to an RCX.

Parameters:

msg The numeric message to send.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetMessage.nxc.

8.3.3.449 void MSRCXSetNRLinkPort (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

MSRCXSetIRLinkPort function. Set the global port in advance of using the MSRCX∗ and MSScout∗ API functions for sending RCX and Scout messages over the mindsensors NRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using any of the mindsensors RCX and Scout NRLink functions.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc.

8.3.3.450 void MSRCXSetOutput (const byte *outputs*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetOutput function. Send the SetOutput command to an RCX to configure the mode of the specified outputs

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set mode. See RCX output constants.

mode The RCX output mode. See RCX output mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc.

8.3.3.451 void MSRCXSetPower (const byte *outputs*, const byte *pwrsrc*, const byte *pwrval*) [inline]

MSRCXSetPower function. Send the SetPower command to an RCX to configure the power level of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to set power. See RCX output constants.

pwrsrc The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

pwrval The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc.

8.3.3.452 void MSRCXSetPriority (const byte *p*) [inline]

MSRCXSetPriority function. Send the SetPriority command to an RCX.

Parameters:

p The new task priority.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetPriority.nxc.

8.3.3.453 void MSRCXSetSensorMode (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSensorMode function. Send the SetSensorMode command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

mode The RCX sensor mode.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc.

8.3.3.454 void MSRCXSetSensorType (const byte *port*, const byte *type*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSensorType function. Send the SetSensorType command to an RCX.

Parameters:

port The RCX sensor port.

type The RCX sensor type.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc.

8.3.3.455 void MSRCXSetSleepTime (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXSetSleepTime function. Send the SetSleepTime command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The new sleep time value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetSleepTime.nxc.

8.3.3.456 void MSRCXSetTxPower (const byte *pwr*) [inline]

MSRCXSetTxPower function. Send the SetTxPower command to an RCX.

Parameters:

pwr The IR transmit power level.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetTxPower.nxc.

8.3.3.457 void MSRCXSetUserDisplay (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*, const byte *precision*) [inline]

MSRCXSetUserDisplay function. Send the SetUserDisplay command to an RCX.

Parameters:

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

precision The number of digits of precision.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetUserDisplay.nxc.

8.3.3.458 void MSRCXSetVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSetVar function. Send the SetVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetVar.nxc.

8.3.3.459 void MSRCXSetWatch (const byte *hours*, const byte *minutes*) [inline]

MSRCXSetWatch function. Send the SetWatch command to an RCX.

Parameters:

hours The new watch time hours value.

minutes The new watch time minutes value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSetWatch.nxc.

8.3.3.460 void MSRCXSgnVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSgnVar function. Send the SgnVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSgnVar.nxc.

8.3.3.461 void MSRCXStartTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXStartTask function. Send the StartTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to start.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStartTask.nxc.

8.3.3.462 void MSRCXStopAllTasks (void) [inline]

MSRCXStopAllTasks function. Send the StopAllTasks command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStopAllTasks.nxc.

8.3.3.463 void MSRCXStopTask (const byte *t*) [inline]

MSRCXStopTask function. Send the StopTask command to an RCX.

Parameters:

t The task number to stop.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXStopTask.nxc.

8.3.3.464 void MSRCXSubVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSubVar function. Send the SubVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSubVar.nxc.

8.3.3.465 void MSRCXSumVar (const byte *varnum*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSRCXSumVar function. Send the SumVar command to an RCX.

Parameters:

varnum The variable number to change.

src The RCX source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The RCX value.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc.

8.3.3.466 void MSRCXToggle (const byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

MSRCXToggle function. Send commands to an RCX to toggle the direction of the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs The RCX output(s) to toggle. See RCX output constants.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXToggle.nxc.

8.3.3.467 void MSRCXUnlock (void) `[inline]`

MSRCXUnlock function. Send the Unlock command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXUnlock.nxc.

8.3.3.468 void MSRCXUnmuteSound (void) `[inline]`

MSRCXUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to an RCX.

Examples:

ex_MSRCXUnmuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.469 int MSReadValue (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *reg*, const byte *numbytes*) [inline]

Read a mindsensors device value. Read a one, two, or four byte value from a mindsensors sensor. The value must be stored with the least signficant byte (LSB) first (i.e., little endian). Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

reg The device register to read.

numbytes The number of bytes to read. Only 1, 2 or 4 byte values are supported.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_MSReadValue.nxc.

8.3.3.470 void MSScoutCalibrateSensor (void) [inline]

MSScoutCalibrateSensor function. Send the CalibrateSensor command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.471 void MSScoutMuteSound (void) [inline]

MSScoutMuteSound function. Send the MuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutMuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.472 void MSScoutSelectSounds (const byte *grp*) [inline]

MSScoutSelectSounds function. Send the SelectSounds command to a Scout.

Parameters:

grp The Scout sound group to select.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSelectSounds.nxc.

8.3.3.473 void MSScoutSendVLL (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSendVLL function. Send the SendVLL command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSendVLL.nxc.

8.3.3.474 void MSScoutSetCounterLimit (const byte *ctr*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetCounterLimit function. Send the SetCounterLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

ctr The counter for which to set the limit.

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetCounterLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.475 void MSScoutSetEventFeedback (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetEventFeedback function. Send the SetEventFeedback command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc.

8.3.3.476 void MSScoutSetLight (const byte *x*) [inline]

MSScoutSetLight function. Send the SetLight command to a Scout.

Parameters:

x Set the light on or off using this value. See Scout light constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetLight.nxc.

8.3.3.477 void MSScoutSetScoutMode (const byte *mode*) [inline]

MSScoutSetScoutMode function. Send the SetScoutMode command to a Scout.

Parameters:

mode Set the scout mode. See Scout mode constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutMode.nxc.

8.3.3.478 void MSScoutSetScoutRules (const byte *m*, const byte *t*, const byte *l*, const byte *tm*, const byte *fx*) [inline]

MSScoutSetScoutRules function. Send the SetScoutRules command to a Scout.

Parameters:

m Scout motion rule. See Scout motion rule constants.

t Scout touch rule. See Scout touch rule constants.

l Scout light rule. See Scout light rule constants.

tm Scout transmit rule. See Scout transmit rule constants.

fx Scout special effects rule. See Scout special effect constants.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc.

8.3.3.479 void MSScoutSetSensorClickTime (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorClickTime function. Send the SetSensorClickTime command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc.

8.3.3.480 void MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis function. Send the SetSensorHysteresis command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc.

8.3.3.481 void MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function. Send the SetSensorLowerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.482 void MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit (const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function. Send the SetSensorUpperLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.483 void MSScoutSetTimerLimit (const byte *tmr*, const byte *src*, const unsigned int *value*) [inline]

MSScoutSetTimerLimit function. Send the SetTimerLimit command to a Scout.

Parameters:

tmr The timer for which to set a limit.

src The Scout source. See RCX and Scout source constants.

value The Scout value.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutSetTimerLimit.nxc.

8.3.3.484 void MSScoutUnmuteSound (void) [inline]

MSScoutUnmuteSound function. Send the UnmuteSound command to a Scout.

Examples:

ex_MSScoutUnmuteSound.nxc.

8.3.3.485 long muldiv32 (long *a*, long *b*, long *c*) [inline]

Multiply and divide. Multiplies two 32-bit values and then divides the 64-bit result by a third 32-bit value.

Parameters:

a 32-bit long value.

b 32-bit long value.

c 32-bit long value.

Returns:

The result of multiplying a times b and dividing by c.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_muldiv32.nxc.

8.3.3.486 char NRLink2400 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in 2400 baud mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in 2400 baud mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLink2400.nxc.

8.3.3.487 char NRLink4800 (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in 4800 baud mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in 4800 baud mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLink4800.nxc.

8.3.3.488 char NRLinkFlush (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Flush NRLink buffers. Flush the mindsensors NRLink device buffers. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc.

8.3.3.489 char NRLinkIRLong (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR long mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR long mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc.

8.3.3.490 char NRLinkIRShort (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR short mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR short mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc.

8.3.3.491 char NRLinkSetPF (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in power function mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in power function mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc.

8.3.3.492 char NRLinkSetRCX (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in RCX mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in RCX mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc.

8.3.3.493 char NRLinkSetTrain (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in IR train mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in IR train mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc.

8.3.3.494 byte NRLinkStatus (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NRLink status. Read the status of the mindsensors NRLink device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The mindsensors NRLink status.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.495 char NRLinkTxRaw (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure NRLink in raw IR transmit mode. Configure the mindsensors NRLink device in raw IR transmit mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.496 char NumOut (int *x*, int *y*, variant *value*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a number. Draw a numeric value on the screen at the specified x and y location. The y value must be a multiple of 8. Valid line number constants are listed in the Line number constants group. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawText, DrawTextType

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the number output.

y The text line number for the number output.

value The value to output to the LCD screen. Any numeric type is supported.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_ArrayBuild.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc, ex_NumOut.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_Pos.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_SizeOf.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_sysfilewrite.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc, ex_SysReadSemData.nxc, ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc, ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.3.3.497 string NumToStr (variant *num*) `[inline]`

Convert number to string. Return the string representation of the specified numeric value.

Parameters:

num A number.

Returns:

The string representation of the parameter num.

Examples:

ex_NumToStr.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.3.3.498 char NXTHIDAsciiMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) `[inline]`

Set NXTHID into ASCII data mode. Set the NXTHID device into ASCII data mode. Only printable characters can be transmitted in this mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.3.3.499 char NXTHIDDirectMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Set NXTHID into direct data mode. Set the NXTHID device into direct data mode. Any character can be transmitted while in this mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.3.3.500 char NXTHIDLoadCharacter (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *modifier*, const byte & *character*) [inline]

Load NXTHID character. Load a character into the NXTHID device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

modifier The key modifier. See the MindSensors NXTHID modifier keys group.

character The character.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.3.3.501 char NXTHIDTransmit (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Transmit NXTHID character. Transmit a single character to a computer using the NXTHID device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTHID.nxc.

8.3.3.502 char NXTLineLeaderAverage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTLineLeader average. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's average value. The average is a weighted average of the bits set to 1 based on the position. The left most bit has a weight of 10, second bit has a weight of 20, and so forth. When all 8 sensors are over a black surface the average will be 45. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader average value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.503 char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate NXTLineLeader black color. Store calibration data for the black color. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.504 char NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Calibrate NXTLineLeader white color. Store calibration data for the white color. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.505 char NXTLineLeaderInvert (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Invert NXTLineLeader colors. Invert color sensing so that the device can detect a white line on a black background. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.506 char NXTLineLeaderPowerDown (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Powerdown NXTLineLeader device. Put the NXTLineLeader to sleep so that it does not consume power when it is not required. The device wakes up on its own when any I2C communication happens or you can specifically wake it up by using the NXTLineLeaderPowerUp command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.507 char NXTLineLeaderPowerUp (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Powerup NXTLineLeader device. Wake up the NXTLineLeader device so that it can be used. The device can be put to sleep using the NXTLineLeaderPowerDown command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.508 char NXTLineLeaderReset (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset NXTLineLeader color inversion. Reset the NXTLineLeader color detection back to its default state (black line on a white background). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.509 byte NXTLineLeaderResult (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTLineLeader result. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's result value. This is a single byte showing the 8 sensor's readings. Each bit corresponding to the sensor where the line is seen is set to 1, otherwise it is set to 0. When all 8 sensors are over a black surface the result will be 255 (b11111111). The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader result value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.510 char NXTLineLeaderSnapshot (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Take NXTLineLeader line snapshot. Takes a snapshot of the line under the sensor and tracks that position in subsequent tracking operations. This function also will set color inversion if it sees a white line on a black background. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.511 char NXTLineLeaderSteering (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTLineLeader steering. Read the mindsensors NXTLineLeader device's steering value. This is the power returned by the sensor to correct your course. Add this value to your left motor and subtract it from your right motor. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTLineLeader steering value.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.512 int NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter capacity used. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's capacity used since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter capacity used value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.513 long NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter elapsed time. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's elapsed time since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter elapsed time value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.514 int NXTPowerMeterErrorCount (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter error count. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's error count value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter error count value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.515 int NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter maximum current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's maximum current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter maximum current value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.516 int NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's maximum voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter maximum voltage value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.517 int NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter minimum current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's minimum current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter minimum current value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.518 int NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's minimum voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter minimum voltage value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.519 int NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present current. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present current value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present current.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.520 int NXTPowerMeterPresentPower (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present power. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present power value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present power value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.521 int NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter present voltage. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's present voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter present voltage.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.522 char NXTPowerMeterResetCounters (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset NXTPowerMeter counters. Reset the NXTPowerMeter counters back to zero. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.523 long NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTPowerMeter total power consumed. Read the mindsensors NXTPowerMeter device's total power consumed since the last reset command. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The NXTPowerMeter total power consumed value.

Examples:

ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.524 byte NXTServoBatteryVoltage (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read NXTServo battery voltage value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's battery voltage value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The battery level.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.525 char NXTServoEditMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Edit NXTServo macro. Put the NXTServo device into macro edit mode. This operation changes the I2C address of the device to 0x40. Macros are written to EEPROM addresses between 0x21 and 0xFF. Use NXTServoQuitEdit to return the device to its normal operation mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.526 char NXTServoGotoMacroAddress (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *macro*) [inline]

Goto NXTServo macro address. Run the macro found at the specified EEPROM macro address. This command re-initializes the macro environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

macro The EEPROM macro address.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.527 char NXTServoHaltMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Halt NXTServo macro. Halt a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command re-initializes the macro environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.528 char NXTServoInit (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Initialize NXTServo servo properties. Store the initial speed and position properties of the servo motor 'n'. Current speed and position values of the nth servo is read from the servo speed register and servo position register and written to permanent memory. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.529 char NXTServoPauseMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Pause NXTServo macro. Pause a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command will pause the currently executing macro, and save the environment for subsequent resumption. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.530 unsigned int NXTServoPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Read NXTServo servo position value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's servo position value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

The specified servo's position value.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.531 char NXTServoQuitEdit (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Quit NXTServo macro edit mode. Stop editing NXTServo device macro EEPROM memory. Use NXTServoEditMacro to start editing a macro. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.532 char NXTServoReset (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Reset NXTServo properties. Reset NXTServo device properties to factory defaults. Initial position = 1500. Initial speed = 0. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.533 char NXTServoResumeMacro (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Resume NXTServo macro. Resume a macro executing on the NXTServo device. This command resumes executing a macro where it was paused last, using the same environment. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.534 byte NXTServoSpeed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*) [inline]

Read NXTServo servo speed value. Read the mindsensors NXTServo device's servo speed value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

Returns:

The specified servo's speed value.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.535 void Off (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Turn motors off. Turn the specified outputs off (with braking).

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

Examples:

ex_off.nxc.

8.3.3.536 void OffEx (byte *outputs*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Turn motors off and reset counters. Turn the specified outputs off (with braking).

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_offex.nxc.

8.3.3.537 byte OnBrickProgramPointer (void) [inline]

Read the on brick program pointer value. Return the current OBP (on-brick program) step

Returns:

On brick program pointer (step).

Examples:

ex_OnBrickProgramPointer.nxc.

8.3.3.538 void OnFwd (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*) [inline]

Run motors forward. Set outputs to forward direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_onfwd.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.539 void OnFwdEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors forward and reset counters. Set outputs to forward direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdex.nxc.

8.3.3.540 void OnFwdReg (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdreg.nxc.

8.3.3.541 void OnFwdRegEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated and reset counters. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregex.nxc.

8.3.3.542 void OnFwdRegExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc.

8.3.3.543 void OnFwdRegPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdregpid.nxc.

8.3.3.544 void OnFwdSync (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*) [inline]

Run motors forward synchronised. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsync.nxc.

8.3.3.545 void OnFwdSyncEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc.

8.3.3.546 void OnFwdSyncExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors forward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc.

8.3.3.547 void OnFwdSyncPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors forward synchronised with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onfwdsyncpid.nxc.

8.3.3.548 void OnRev (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*) [inline]

Run motors backward. Set outputs to reverse direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_onrev.nxc.

8.3.3.549 void OnRevEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward and reset counters. Set outputs to reverse direction and turn them on.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevex.nxc.

8.3.3.550 void OnRevReg (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*) [inline]

Run motors forward regulated. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevreg.nxc.

8.3.3.551 void OnRevRegEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward regulated and reset counters. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevregex.nxc.

8.3.3.552 void OnRevRegExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors backward regulated and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevregexpid.nxc.

8.3.3.553 void OnRevRegPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, byte *regmode*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors reverse regulated with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse using the specified regulation mode. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

regmode Regulation mode, see Output port regulation mode constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevregpid.nxc.

8.3.3.554 void OnRevSync (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

Examples:

ex_onrevsync.nxc.

8.3.3.555 void OnRevSyncEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncex.nxc.

8.3.3.556 void OnRevSyncExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, const byte *reset*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Run motors backward synchronised and reset counters with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a

single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

reset Position counters reset control. It must be a constant, see Tachometer counter reset flags.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc.

8.3.3.557 void OnRevSyncPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, char *turnpct*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Run motors backward synchronised with PID factors. Run the specified outputs in reverse with regulated synchronization using the specified turn ratio. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_onrevsyncpid.nxc.

8.3.3.558 unsigned int OpenFileAppend (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Open a file for appending. Open an existing file with the specified filename for writing. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_OpenFileAppend.nxc.

8.3.3.559 unsigned int OpenFileRead (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Open a file for reading. Open an existing file with the specified filename for reading. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_OpenFileRead.nxc.

8.3.3.560 unsigned int OpenFileReadLinear (string *fname*, unsigned int & *fsize*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Open a linear file for reading. Open an existing linear file with the specified filename for reading. The file size is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. The file handle is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to open.

fsize The size of the file returned by the function.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_OpenFileReadLinear.nxc.

8.3.3.561 bool PFMateSend (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *channel*, const byte & *motors*, const byte & *cmdA*, const byte & *spdA*, const byte & *cmdB*, const byte & *spdB*) [inline]

Send PFMate command. Send a PFMate command to the power function IR receiver. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The power function IR receiver channel. See the PFMate channel constants group.

motors The motor(s) to control. See the PFMate motor constants group.

cmdA The power function command for motor A.

spdA The power function speed for motor A.

cmdB The power function command for motor B.

spdB The power function speed for motor B.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.3.3.562 bool PFMateSendRaw (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *channel*, const byte & *b1*, const byte & *b2*) `[inline]`

Send raw PFMate command. Send a raw PFMate command to the power function IR receiver. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

channel The power function IR receiver channel. See the PFMate channel constants group.

b1 Raw byte 1.

b2 Raw byte 2.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PFMate.nxc.

8.3.3.563 char PlayFile (string *filename*) [inline]

Play a file. Play the specified file. The filename may be any valid string expression. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

filename The name of the sound or melody file to play.

Examples:

ex_PlayFile.nxc.

8.3.3.564 char PlayFileEx (string *filename*, byte *volume*, bool *loop*) [inline]

Play a file with extra options. Play the specified file. The filename may be any valid string expression. Volume should be a number from 0 (silent) to 4 (loudest). Play the file repeatedly if loop is true. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

filename The name of the sound or melody file to play.

volume The desired tone volume.

loop A boolean flag indicating whether to play the file repeatedly.

Examples:

ex_PlayFileEx.nxc.

8.3.3.565 void PlaySound (const int & *aCode*)

Play a system sound. Play a sound that mimics the RCX system sounds using one of the RCX and Scout sound constants.

aCode	Resulting Sound
SOUND_CLICK	key click sound
SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP	double beep
SOUND_DOWN	sweep down
SOUND_UP	sweep up
SOUND_LOW_BEEP	error sound
SOUND_FAST_UP	fast sweep up

Parameters:

aCode The system sound to play. See RCX and Scout sound constants.

Examples:

ex_playsound.nxc.

8.3.3.566 char PlayTone (unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*) [inline]

Play a tone. Play a single tone of the specified frequency and duration. The frequency is in Hz (see the Tone constants group). The duration is in 1000ths of a second (see the Time constants group). The tone is played at the loudest sound level supported by the firmware and it is not looped.

Parameters:

frequency The desired tone frequency, in Hz.

duration The desired tone duration, in ms.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_PlayTone.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

8.3.3.567 char PlayToneEx (unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*, byte *volume*, bool *loop*) [inline]

Play a tone with extra options. Play a single tone of the specified frequency, duration, and volume. The frequency is in Hz (see the Tone constants group). The duration is in 1000ths of a second (see the Time constants group). Volume should be a number from 0 (silent) to 4 (loudest). Play the tone repeatedly if loop is true.

Parameters:

frequency The desired tone frequency, in Hz.

duration The desired tone duration, in ms.

volume The desired tone volume.

loop A boolean flag indicating whether to play the tone repeatedly.

Examples:

ex_PlayToneEx.nxc.

8.3.3.568 void PlayTones (Tone *tones*[ ])

Play multiple tones. Play a series of tones contained in the tones array. Each element in the array is an instance of the Tone structure, containing a frequency and a duration.

Parameters:

tones The array of tones to play.

Examples:

ex_playtones.nxc.

8.3.3.569 char PointOut (int *x*, int *y*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a point. This function lets you draw a point on the screen at x, y. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPoint, DrawPointType

Parameters:

x The x value for the point.

y The y value for the point.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_PointOut.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, and ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

8.3.3.570 char PolyOut (LocationType *points*[ ], unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw a polygon. This function lets you draw a polygon on the screen using an array of points. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawPolygon, DrawPolygonType

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

points An array of LocationType points that define the polygon.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_PolyOut.nxc.

8.3.3.571 int Pos (string *Substr*, string *S*) [inline]

Find substring position. Returns the index value of the first character in a specified substring that occurs in a given string. Pos searches for Substr within S and returns an integer value that is the index of the first character of Substr within S. Pos is case-sensitive. If Substr is not found, Pos returns negative one.

Parameters:

Substr A substring to search for in another string.

S A string that might contain the specified substring.

Returns:

The position of the substring in the specified string or -1 if it is not found.

Examples:

ex_Pos.nxc.

8.3.3.572 void PosRegAddAngle (byte *output*, long *angle_add*) [inline]

Add to the current value for set angle. Add an offset to the current set position. Returns immediately, but keep regulating.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

angle_add Value to add to the current set position, in degree. Can be negative. Can be greater than 360 degree to make several turns.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.573 void PosRegEnable (byte *output*, byte *p* = PID_3, byte *i* = PID_1, byte *d* = PID_1) [inline]

Enable absolute position regulation with PID factors. Enable absolute position regulation on the specified output. Motor is kept regulated as long as this is enabled. Optionally specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_3.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_1.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants. Default value is PID_1.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.574 void PosRegSetAngle (byte *output*, long *angle*) `[inline]`

Change the current value for set angle. Make the absolute position regulation going toward the new provided angle. Returns immediately, but keep regulating.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

angle New set position, in degree. The 0 angle corresponds to the position of the motor when absolute position regulation was first enabled. Can be negative. Can be greater than 360 degree to make several turns.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.575 void PosRegSetMax (byte *output*, byte *max_speed*, byte *max_acceleration*) `[inline]`

Set maximum limits. Set maximum speed and acceleration.

Parameters:

output Desired output port. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants.

max_speed Maximum speed, or 0 to disable speed limiting.

max_acceleration Maximum acceleration, or 0 to disable acceleration limiting. The max_speed parameter should not be 0 if this is not 0.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.576 float pow (float *base*, float *exponent*) [inline]

Raise to power. Computes base raised to the power exponent.

Parameters:

base Floating point value.

exponent Floating point value.

Returns:

The result of raising base to the power exponent.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_pow.nxc.

8.3.3.577 void PowerDown () [inline]

Power down the NXT. This function powers down the NXT. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_PowerDown.nxc.

8.3.3.578 void Precedes (task *task1*, task *task2*, ..., task *taskN*) [inline]

Declare tasks that this task precedes. Schedule the listed tasks for execution once the current task has completed executing. The tasks will all execute simultaneously unless other dependencies prevent them from doing so. This statement should be used once within a task - preferably at the start of the task definition. Any number of tasks may be listed in the Precedes statement.

Parameters:

task1 The first task to start executing after the current task ends.

task2 The second task to start executing after the current task ends.

taskN The last task to start executing after the current task ends.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_Precedes.nxc, and ex_yield.nxc.

8.3.3.579 void printf (string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Print formatted data to stdout. Writes to the LCD at 0, LCD_LINE1 a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the LCD.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_printf.nxc.

8.3.3.580 char PSPNxAnalog (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure PSPNx in analog mode. Configure the mindsensors PSPNx device in analog mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc.

8.3.3.581 char PSPNxDigital (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*) [inline]

Configure PSPNx in digital mode. Configure the mindsensors PSPNx device in digital mode. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc.

8.3.3.582 unsigned int rand () [inline]

Generate random number. Returns a pseudo-random integral number in the range 0 to RAND_MAX.

Returns:

An integer value between 0 and RAND_MAX.

Examples:

ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, and ex_rand.nxc.

8.3.3.583 int Random (unsigned int *n* = 0) [inline]

Generate random number. Return a signed or unsigned 16-bit random number. If the optional argument n is not provided the function will return a signed value. Otherwise the returned value will range between 0 and n (exclusive).

Parameters:

n The maximum unsigned value desired (optional).

Returns:

A random number

Examples:

ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_dispgoutex.nxc, ex_EllipseOut.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_Random.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc, and ex_wait.nxc.

8.3.3.584 unsigned int Read (byte *handle*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Read a value from a file. Read a value from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data read.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The variable to store the data read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Read.nxc.

8.3.3.585 char ReadButtonEx (const byte *btn*, bool *reset*, bool & *pressed*, unsigned int & *count*) [inline]

Read button information. Read the specified button. Set the pressed and count parameters with the current state of the button. Optionally reset the press count after reading it.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

reset Whether or not to reset the press counter.

pressed The button pressed state.

count The button press count.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadButtonEx.nxc.

8.3.3.586 unsigned int ReadBytes (byte *handle*, unsigned int & *length*, byte & *buf*[ ]) [inline]

Read bytes from a file. Read the specified number of bytes from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The length parameter must be a variable. The buf parameter must be an array or a string variable. The actual number of bytes read is returned in the length parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

length The number of bytes to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

buf The byte array where the data is stored on output.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ReadBytes.nxc.

8.3.3.587 char ReadI2CRegister (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *reg*, byte & *out*) [inline]

Read I2C register. Read a single byte from an I2C device register.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

reg The I2C device register from which to read a single byte.

out The single byte read from the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_readi2cregister.nxc.

8.3.3.588 unsigned int ReadLn (byte *handle*, variant & *value*) `[inline]`

Read a value from a file plus line ending. Read a value from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data read. The ReadLn function reads two additional bytes from the file which it assumes are a carriage return and line feed pair.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The variable to store the data read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ReadLn.nxc.

8.3.3.589 unsigned int ReadLnString (byte *handle*, string & *output*) `[inline]`

Read a string from a file plus line ending. Read a string from the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The output parameter must be a variable. Appends bytes to the output variable until a line ending (CRLF) is reached. The line ending is also read but it is not appended to the output parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

output The variable to store the string read from the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

8.3.3.590 bool ReadNRLinkBytes (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Read data from NRLink. Read data from the mindsensors NRLink device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

data A byte array that will contain the data read from the device on output.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc.

8.3.3.591 int ReadSensorColorEx (const byte & *port*, int & *colorval*, unsigned int & *raw*[ ], unsigned int & *norm*[ ], int & *scaled*[ ]) [inline]

Read LEGO color sensor extra. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor. It returns the color value, and three arrays containing raw, normalized, and scaled color values for red, green, blue, and none indices.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

colorval The color value. See Color values.

raw An array containing four raw color values. See Color sensor array indices.

norm An array containing four normalized color values. See Color sensor array indices.

scaled An array containing four scaled color values. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The function call result.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorColorEx.nxc.

8.3.3.592 int ReadSensorColorRaw (const byte & *port*, unsigned int & *rawVals*[ ]) `[inline]`

Read LEGO color sensor raw values. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor. It returns an array containing raw color values for red, green, blue, and none indices.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

rawVals An array containing four raw color values. See Color sensor array indices.

Returns:

The function call result.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorColorRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.593 char ReadSensorEMeter (const byte & *port*, float & *vIn*, float & *aIn*, float & *vOut*, float & *aOut*, int & *joules*, float & *wIn*, float & *wOut*) `[inline]`

Read the LEGO EMeter values. Read all the LEGO EMeter register values. They must all be read at once to ensure data coherency.

Parameters:

port The port to which the LEGO EMeter sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

vIn Input voltage

aIn Input current

vOut Output voltage

aOut Output current

joules The number of joules stored in the EMeter

wIn The number of watts generated

wOut The number of watts consumed

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorEMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.594 bool ReadSensorHTAccel (const byte *port*, int & *x*, int & *y*, int & *z*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic acceleration values. Read X, Y, and Z axis acceleration values from the HiTechnic Accelerometer sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

x The output x-axis acceleration.

y The output y-axis acceleration.

z The output z-axis acceleration.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTAccel.nxc.

8.3.3.595 bool ReadSensorHTAngle (const byte *port*, int & *Angle*, long & *AccAngle*, int & *RPM*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Angle sensor values. Read values from the HiTechnic Angle sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

Angle Current angle in degrees (0-359).

AccAngle Accumulated angle in degrees (-2147483648 to 2147483647).

RPM rotations per minute (-1000 to 1000).

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc.

8.3.3.596 bool ReadSensorHTColor (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorNum*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color values. Read color number, red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorNum The output color number.

Red The red color value.

Green The green color value.

Blue The blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTColor.nxc.

8.3.3.597 bool ReadSensorHTColor2Active (byte *port*, byte & *ColorNum*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*, byte & *White*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color2 active values. Read color number, red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorNum The output color number.

Red The red color value.

Green The green color value.

Blue The blue color value.

White The white color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTColor2Active.nxc.

8.3.3.598 bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiver (const byte *port*, char & *pfdata*[ ]) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function bytes. Read Power Function bytes from the HiTechnic IRReceiver sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

pfdata Eight bytes of power function remote IR data.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiver.nxc.

8.3.3.599 bool ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx (const byte *port*, const byte *offset*, char & *pfchar*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic IRReceiver Power Function value. Read a Power Function byte from the HiTechnic IRReceiver sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The power function data offset. See HiTechnic IRReceiver constants.

pfchar A single byte of power function remote IR data.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc.

8.3.3.600 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker values. Read direction, and five signal strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker.nxc.

8.3.3.601 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC values. Read direction, and five signal strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor in AC mode. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC.nxc.

8.3.3.602 bool ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC (const byte *port*, byte & *dir*, byte & *s1*, byte & *s3*, byte & *s5*, byte & *s7*, byte & *s9*, byte & *avg*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC values. Read direction, five signal strength, and average strength values from the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

dir The direction.

s1 The signal strength from sensor 1.

s3 The signal strength from sensor 3.

s5 The signal strength from sensor 5.

s7 The signal strength from sensor 7.

s9 The signal strength from sensor 9.

avg The average signal strength.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC.nxc.

8.3.3.603 bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorIdx*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color normalized values. Read the color index and the normalized red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorIdx The output color index.

Red The normalized red color value.

Green The normalized green color value.

Blue The normalized blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor.nxc.

8.3.3.604 bool ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active (const byte *port*, byte & *ColorIdx*, byte & *Red*, byte & *Green*, byte & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color2 normalized active values. Read the color index and the normalized red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

ColorIdx The output color index.

Red The normalized red color value.

Green The normalized green color value.

Blue The normalized blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active.nxc.

8.3.3.605 bool ReadSensorHTRawColor (const byte *port*, unsigned int & *Red*, unsigned int & *Green*, unsigned int & *Blue*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color raw values. Read the raw red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Red The raw red color value.

Green The raw green color value.

Blue The raw blue color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor.nxc.

8.3.3.606 bool ReadSensorHTRawColor2 (const byte *port*, unsigned int & *Red*, unsigned int & *Green*, unsigned int & *Blue*, unsigned int & *White*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Color2 raw values. Read the raw red, green, and blue values from the HiTechnic Color2 sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Red The raw red color value.

Green The raw green color value.

Blue The raw blue color value.

White The raw white color value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor2.nxc.

8.3.3.607 void ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer (const byte *port*, byte & *t1*, byte & *t2*, byte & *t3*, byte & *t4*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic touch multiplexer. Read touch sensor values from the HiTechnic touch multiplexer device.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

t1 The value of touch sensor 1.

t2 The value of touch sensor 2.

t3 The value of touch sensor 3.

t4 The value of touch sensor 4.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc.

8.3.3.608 bool ReadSensorMSAccel (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, int & *x*, int & *y*, int & *z*) [inline]

Read mindsensors acceleration values. Read X, Y, and Z axis acceleration values from the mindsensors Accelerometer sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

x The output x-axis acceleration.

y The output y-axis acceleration.

z The output z-axis acceleration.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc.

8.3.3.609 bool ReadSensorMSPlayStation (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte & *btnset1*, byte & *btnset2*, byte & *xleft*, byte & *yleft*, byte & *xright*, byte & *yright*) [inline]

Read mindsensors playstation controller values. Read playstation controller values from the mindsensors playstation sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

btnset1 The button set 1 values. See MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 1 constants.

btnset2 The button set 2 values. See MindSensors PSP-Nx button set 2 constants.

xleft The left joystick x value.

yleft The left joystick y value.

xright The right joystick x value.

yright The right joystick y value.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc.

8.3.3.610 bool ReadSensorMSRTClock (const byte *port*, byte & *sec*, byte & *min*, byte & *hrs*, byte & *dow*, byte & *date*, byte & *month*, byte & *year*) [inline]

Read mindsensors RTClock values. Read real-time clock values from the Mindsensors RTClock sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

sec The seconds.

min The minutes.

hrs The hours.

dow The day of week number.

date The day.

month The month.

year The year.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSRTClock.nxc.

8.3.3.611 bool ReadSensorMSTilt (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, byte & *x*, byte & *y*, byte & *z*) `[inline]`

Read mindsensors tilt values. Read X, Y, and Z axis tilt values from the mindsensors tilt sensor. Returns a boolean value indicating whether or not the operation completed successfully. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

x The output x-axis tilt.

y The output y-axis tilt.

z The output z-axis tilt.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc.

8.3.3.612 char ReadSensorUSEx (const byte *port*, byte & *values*[ ]) [inline]

Read multiple ultrasonic sensor values. Return eight ultrasonic sensor distance values.

Parameters:

port The port to which the ultrasonic sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

values An array of bytes that will contain the 8 distance values read from the ultrasonic sensor.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the read completed successfully or not. See CommLSReadType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorUSEx.nxc.

8.3.3.613 void RebootInFirmwareMode () [inline]

Reboot the NXT in firmware download mode. This function lets you reboot the NXT into SAMBA or firmware download mode. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_RebootInFirmwareMode.nxc.

8.3.3.614 char ReceiveMessage (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *msg*) [inline]

Read a message from a queue/mailbox. Read a message from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

msg The message that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

8.3.3.615 char ReceiveRemoteBool (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, bool & *bval*) [inline]

Read a boolean value from a queue/mailbox. Read a boolean value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

bval The boolean value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteBool.nxc, and ex_ReceiveRemoteNumber.nxc.

8.3.3.616 char ReceiveRemoteMessageEx (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *str*, long & *val*, bool & *bval*) [inline]

Read a value from a queue/mailbox. Read a value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number. Output the value in string, number, and boolean form.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

str The string value that is read from the mailbox.

val The numeric value that is read from the mailbox.

bval The boolean value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteMessageEx.nxc.

8.3.3.617 char ReceiveRemoteNumber (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, long & *val*) [inline]

Read a numeric value from a queue/mailbox. Read a numeric value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

val The numeric value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

8.3.3.618 char ReceiveRemoteString (byte *queue*, bool *clear*, string & *str*) [inline]

Read a string value from a queue/mailbox. Read a string value from a mailbox and optionally remove it. If the local mailbox is empty and this NXT is the master then it attempts to poll one of its slave NXTs for a message from the response mailbox that corresponds to the specified local mailbox number.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

clear A flag indicating whether to remove the message from the mailbox after it has been read.

str The string value that is read from the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_ReceiveRemoteString.nxc.

8.3.3.619 bool RechargeableBattery (void) `[inline]`

Read battery type. Return whether the NXT has a rechargeable battery installed or not.

Returns:

Whether the battery is rechargeable or not. (false = no, true = yes)

Examples:

ex_RechargeableBattery.nxc.

8.3.3.620 char RectOut (int *x*, int *y*, int *width*, int *height*, unsigned long *options* = `DRAW_OPT_NORMAL`) `[inline]`

Draw a rectangle. This function lets you draw a rectangle on the screen at x, y with the specified width and height. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawRect, DrawRectType

Parameters:

x The x value for the top left corner of the rectangle.

y The y value for the top left corner of the rectangle.

width The width of the rectangle.

height The height of the rectangle.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_RectOut.nxc.

8.3.3.621 unsigned long reladdressOf (variant *data*) `[inline]`

Get the relative address of a variable. Get the relative address of a variable and return it to the calling routine as an unsigned long value. The relative address is an offset from the Command module's MemoryPool address.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

data A variable whose address you wish to get.

Returns:

The relative address of the variable.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc.

8.3.3.622 void Release (mutex *m*) `[inline]`

Acquire a mutex. Release the specified mutex variable. Use this to relinquish a mutex so that it can be acquired by another task. Release should always be called after a matching call to Acquire and as soon as possible after a shared resource is no longer needed.

Parameters:

m The mutex to release.

Examples:

ex_Acquire.nxc, and ex_Release.nxc.

8.3.3.623 char RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a BluetoothFactoryReset message. This method sends a BluetoothFactoryReset system command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed. This command cannot be sent over a bluetooth connection.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset.nxc.

8.3.3.624 char RemoteCloseFile (byte *conn*, byte *handle*) [inline]

Send a CloseFile message. Send the CloseFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file to close.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteCloseFile.nxc.

8.3.3.625 bool RemoteConnectionIdle (byte *conn*) `[inline]`

Check if remote connection is idle. Check whether a Bluetooth or RS485 hi-speed port connection is idle, i.e., not currently sending data.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the connection is idle or busy.

Warning:

Checking the status of the RS485 hi-speed connection requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware

Examples:

ex_RemoteConnectionIdle.nxc.

8.3.3.626 char RemoteConnectionWrite (byte *conn*, byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write to a remote connection. This method tells the NXT firmware to write the data in the buffer to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

buffer The data to be written (up to 128 bytes)

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

Writing to the RS485 hi-speed connection requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware

Examples:

ex_RemoteConnectionWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.627 char RemoteDatalogRead (byte *conn*, bool *remove*, byte & *cnt*, byte & *log*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a DatalogRead message. Send the DatalogRead direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

remove Remove the datalog message from the queue after reading it (true or false).

cnt The number of bytes read from the datalog.

log A byte array containing the datalog contents.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDatalogRead.nxc.

8.3.3.628 char RemoteDatalogSetTimes (byte *conn*, long *synctime*) [inline]

Send a DatalogSetTimes message. Send the DatalogSetTimes direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

synctime The datalog sync time.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDatalogSetTimes.nxc.

8.3.3.629 char RemoteDeleteFile (byte *conn*, string *filename*) [inline]

Send a DeleteFile message. Send the DeleteFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to delete.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDeleteFile.nxc.

8.3.3.630 char RemoteDeleteUserFlash (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a DeleteUserFlash message. This method sends a DeleteUserFlash system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteDeleteUserFlash.nxc.

8.3.3.631 char RemoteFindFirstFile (byte *conn*, string *mask*, byte & *handle*, string & *name*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send a FindFirstFile message. Send the FindFirstFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

mask The filename mask for the files you want to find.

handle The handle of the found file.

name The name of the found file.

size The size of the found file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteFindFirstFile.nxc.

8.3.3.632 char RemoteFindNextFile (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, string & *name*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send a FindNextFile message. Send the FindNextFile system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle returned by the last FindFirstFile or FindNextFile call.

name The name of the next found file.

size The size of the next found file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteFindNextFile.nxc.

8.3.3.633 char RemoteGetBatteryLevel (byte *conn*, int & *value*) [inline]

Send a GetBatteryLevel message. Send the GetBatteryLevel direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

value The battery level value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetBatteryLevel.nxc.

8.3.3.634 char RemoteGetBluetoothAddress (byte *conn*, byte & *btaddr*[ ]) [inline]

Send a GetBluetoothAddress message. This method sends a GetBluetoothAddress system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

btaddr The bluetooth address of the remote device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetBluetoothAddress.nxc.

8.3.3.635 char RemoteGetConnectionCount (byte *conn*, byte & *cnt*) [inline]

Send a GetConnectionCount message. This method sends a GetConnectionCount direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

cnt The number of connections.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetConnectionCount.nxc.

8.3.3.636 char RemoteGetConnectionName (byte *conn*, byte *idx*, string & *name*) [inline]

Send a GetConnectionName message. Send the GetConnectionName direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

idx The index of the connection.

name The name of the specified connection.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetConnectionName.nxc.

8.3.3.637 char RemoteGetContactCount (byte *conn*, byte & *cnt*) [inline]

Send a GetContactCount message. This method sends a GetContactCount direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

cnt The number of contacts.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetContactCount.nxc.

8.3.3.638 char RemoteGetContactName (byte *conn*, byte *idx*, string & *name*) [inline]

Send a GetContactName message. Send the GetContactName direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

idx The index of the contact.

name The name of the specified contact.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetContactName.nxc.

8.3.3.639 char RemoteGetCurrentProgramName (byte *conn*, string & *name*) [inline]

Send a GetCurrentProgramName message. This method sends a GetCurrentProgramName direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The current program name.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetCurrentProgramName.nxc.

8.3.3.640 char RemoteGetDeviceInfo (byte *conn*, string & *name*, byte & *btaddr*[ ], byte & *btsignal*[ ], long & *freemem*) [inline]

Send a GetDeviceInfo message. This method sends a GetDeviceInfo system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The name of the remote device.

btaddr The bluetooth address of the remote device.

btsignal The signal strength of each connection on the remote device.

freemem The number of bytes of free flash memory on the remote device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetDeviceInfo.nxc.

8.3.3.641 char RemoteGetFirmwareVersion (byte *conn*, byte & *pmin*, byte & *pmaj*, byte & *fmin*, byte & *fmaj*) `[inline]`

Send a GetFirmwareVersion message. This method sends a GetFirmwareVersion system command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

pmin The protocol minor version byte.

pmaj The protocol major version byte.

fmin The firmware minor version byte.

fmaj The firmware major version byte.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetFirmwareVersion.nxc.

8.3.3.642 char RemoteGetInputValues (byte *conn*, InputValuesType & *params*) [inline]

Send a GetInputValues message. Send the GetInputValues direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

params The input and output parameters for the function call. See InputValuesType.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc.

8.3.3.643 char RemoteGetOutputState (byte *conn*, OutputStateType & *params*) [inline]

Send a GetOutputState message. Send the GetOutputState direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

params The input and output parameters for the function call. See OutputStateType.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc.

8.3.3.644 char RemoteGetProperty (byte *conn*, byte *property*, variant & *value*) [inline]

Send a GetProperty message. Send the GetProperty direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

property The property to read. See Property constants.

value The property value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc.

8.3.3.645 char RemoteIOMapRead (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, int & *numbytes*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send an IOMapRead message. Send the IOMapRead system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module from which to read data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure from which to read.

numbytes The number of bytes of data to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc.

8.3.3.646 char RemoteIOMapWriteBytes (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send an IOMapWrite bytes message. Send the IOMapWrite system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module to which to write data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure to which to write.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing to the IOMap structure.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc.

8.3.3.647 char RemoteIOMapWriteValue (byte *conn*, long *id*, int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Send an IOMapWrite value message. Send the IOMapWrite system command on the specified connection slot to write the value provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

id The ID of the module to which to write data.

offset The offset into the IOMap structure to which to write.

value A scalar variable containing the value you are writing to the IOMap structure.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc.

8.3.3.648 char RemoteKeepAlive (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a KeepAlive message. This method sends a KeepAlive direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteKeepAlive.nxc.

8.3.3.649 char RemoteLowspeedGetStatus (byte *conn*, byte & *value*) [inline]

Send a LowspeedGetStatus message. This method sends a LowspeedGetStatus direct command to the device on the specified connection.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

value The count of available bytes to read.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedGetStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.650 char RemoteLowspeedRead (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte & *bread*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send a LowspeedRead message. Send the LowspeedRead direct command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port from which to read I2C data. See Input port constants.

bread The number of bytes read.

data A byte array containing the data read from the I2C device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc.

8.3.3.651 char RemoteLowspeedWrite (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte *txlen*, byte *rxlen*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a LowspeedWrite message. Send the LowspeedWrite direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The I2C port. See Input port constants.

txlen The number of bytes you are writing to the I2C device.

rxlen The number of bytes want to read from the I2C device.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing to the device.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.652 char RemoteMessageRead (byte *conn*, byte *queue*) `[inline]`

Send a MessageRead message. This method sends a MessageRead direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox to read. See Mailbox constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteMessageRead.nxc.

8.3.3.653 char RemoteMessageWrite (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, string *msg*) [inline]

Send a MessageWrite message. This method sends a MessageWrite direct command to the device on the specified connection. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox to write. See Mailbox constants.

msg The message to write to the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteMessageWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.654 char RemoteOpenAppendData (byte *conn*, string *filename*, byte & *handle*, long & *size*) [inline]

Send an OpenAppendData message. Send the OpenAppendData system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for appending.

handle The handle of the file.

size The size of the file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenAppendData.nxc.

8.3.3.655 char RemoteOpenRead (byte *conn*, string *filename*, byte & *handle*, long & *size*) `[inline]`

Send an OpenRead message. Send the OpenRead system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for reading.

handle The handle of the file.

size The size of the file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenRead.nxc.

8.3.3.656 char RemoteOpenWrite (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Send an OpenWrite message. Send the OpenWrite system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.657 char RemoteOpenWriteData (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) [inline]

Send an OpenWriteData message. Send the OpenWriteData system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWriteData.nxc.

8.3.3.658 char RemoteOpenWriteLinear (byte *conn*, string *filename*, long *size*, byte & *handle*) `[inline]`

Send an OpenWriteLinear message. Send the OpenWriteLinear system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the file to open for writing (i.e., create the file).

size The size for the new file.

handle The handle of the new file.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteOpenWriteLinear.nxc.

8.3.3.659 char RemotePlaySoundFile (byte *conn*, string *filename*, bool *bloop*) [inline]

Send a PlaySoundFile message. Send the PlaySoundFile direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the sound file to play.

bloop A boolean value indicating whether to loop the sound file or not.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePlaySoundFile.nxc.

8.3.3.660 char RemotePlayTone (byte *conn*, unsigned int *frequency*, unsigned int *duration*) [inline]

Send a PlayTone message. Send the PlayTone direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

frequency The frequency of the tone.

duration The duration of the tone.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePlayTone.nxc.

8.3.3.661 char RemotePollCommand (byte *conn*, byte *bufnum*, byte & *len*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send a PollCommand message. Send the PollCommand system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

bufnum The buffer from which to read data (0=USBPoll, 1=HiSpeed).

len The number of bytes to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePollCommand.nxc.

8.3.3.662 char RemotePollCommandLength (byte *conn*, byte *bufnum*, byte & *length*) [inline]

Send a PollCommandLength message. Send the PollCommandLength system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

bufnum The poll buffer you want to query (0=USBPoll, 1=HiSpeed).

length The number of bytes available for polling.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemotePollCommandLength.nxc.

8.3.3.663 char RemoteRead (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, int & *numbytes*, byte & *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Send a Read message. Send the Read system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file you are reading from.

numbytes The number of bytes you want to read. Returns the number of bytes actually read.

data A byte array containing the response data.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteRead.nxc.

8.3.3.664 char RemoteRenameFile (byte *conn*, string *oldname*, string *newname*) [inline]

Send a RenameFile message. Send the RenameFile system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

oldname The old filename.

newname The new filename.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteRenameFile.nxc.

8.3.3.665 char RemoteResetMotorPosition (byte *conn*, byte *port*, bool *brelative*) [inline]

Send a ResetMotorPosition message. Send the ResetMotorPosition direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to reset.

brelative A flag indicating whether the counter to reset is relative.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetMotorPosition.nxc.

8.3.3.666 char RemoteResetScaledValue (byte *conn*, byte *port*) [inline]

Send a ResetScaledValue message. Send the ResetScaledValue direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port to reset.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetScaledValue.nxc.

8.3.3.667 char RemoteResetTachoCount (byte *conn*, byte *port*) [inline]

Send a ResetTachoCount message. Send the ResetTachoCount direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to reset the tachometer count on. See Output port constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc.

8.3.3.668 char RemoteSetBrickName (byte *conn*, string *name*) [inline]

Send a SetBrickName message. Send the SetBrickName system command on the specified connection slot to write the data provided. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

name The new brick name.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetBrickName.nxc.

8.3.3.669 char RemoteSetInputMode (byte *conn*, byte *port*, byte *type*, byte *mode*) [inline]

Send a SetInputMode message. Send the SetInputMode direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The input port to configure. See Input port constants.

type The sensor type. See Sensor type constants.

mode The sensor mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc.

8.3.3.670 char RemoteSetOutputState (byte *conn*, byte *port*, char *speed*, byte *mode*, byte *regmode*, char *turnpct*, byte *runstate*, unsigned long *tacholimit*) `[inline]`

Send a SetOutputMode message. Send the SetOutputMode direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

port The output port to configure. See Output port constants.

speed The motor speed. (-100..100)

mode The motor mode. See Output port mode constants.

regmode The motor regulation mode. See Output port regulation mode constants.

turnpct The motor synchronized turn percentage. (-100..100)

runstate The motor run state. See Output port run state constants.

tacholimit The motor tachometer limit.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc.

8.3.3.671 char RemoteSetProperty (byte *conn*, byte *prop*, variant *value*) [inline]

Send a SetProperty message. Send the SetProperty direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

prop The property to set. See Property constants.

value The new property value.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc.

8.3.3.672 char RemoteStartProgram (byte *conn*, string *filename*) [inline]

Send a StartProgram message. Send the StartProgram direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

filename The name of the program to start running.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStartProgram.nxc.

8.3.3.673 char RemoteStopProgram (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a StopProgram message. Send the StopProgram direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStopProgram.nxc.

8.3.3.674 char RemoteStopSound (byte *conn*) [inline]

Send a StopSound message. Send the StopSound direct command on the specified connection slot. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteStopSound.nxc.

8.3.3.675 char RemoteWrite (byte *conn*, byte & *handle*, int & *numbytes*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Send a Write message. Send the Write system command on the specified connection slot.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

handle The handle of the file you are writing to.

numbytes The number of bytes actually written.

data A byte array containing the data you are writing.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_RemoteWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.676 int remove (string *filename*) [inline]

Remove file. Delete the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file to be deleted.

Returns:

The loader result code.

8.3.3.677 int rename (string *old*, string *new*) [inline]

Rename file. Rename a file from the old filename to the new filename. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call.

Parameters:

old The name of the file to be renamed.

new The new name for the file.

Returns:

The loader result code.

Examples:

ex_rename.nxc.

8.3.3.678 unsigned int RenameFile (string *oldname*, string *newname*) [inline]

Rename a file. Rename a file from the old filename to the new filename. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameters must be constants or variables.

Parameters:

oldname The old filename.

newname The new filename.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_RenameFile.nxc.

8.3.3.679 void ResetAllTachoCounts (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Reset all tachometer counters. Reset all three position counters and reset the current tachometer limit goal for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetalltachocounts.nxc.

8.3.3.680 void ResetBlockTachoCount (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Reset block-relative counter. Reset the block-relative position counter for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetblocktachocount.nxc.

8.3.3.681 void ResetRotationCount (byte *outputs*) `[inline]`

Reset program-relative counter. Reset the program-relative position counter for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resetrotationcount.nxc.

8.3.3.682 void ResetScreen () [inline]

Reset LCD screen. This function lets you restore the standard NXT running program screen.

Examples:

ex_ResetScreen.nxc.

8.3.3.683 void ResetSensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Reset the sensor port. Sets the invalid data flag on the specified port and waits for it to become valid again. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call this function to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

Parameters:

port The port to reset. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ResetSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.684 char ResetSensorHTAngle (const byte *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

Reset HiTechnic Angle sensor. Reset the HiTechnic Angle sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The Angle reset mode. See HiTechnic Angle sensor constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc.

8.3.3.685 long ResetSleepTimer () [inline]

Reset the sleep timer. This function lets you reset the sleep timer.

Returns:

The result of resetting the sleep timer.

Examples:

ex_ResetSleepTimer.nxc.

8.3.3.686 void ResetTachoCount (byte *outputs*) [inline]

Reset tachometer counter. Reset the tachometer count and tachometer limit goal for the specified outputs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

Examples:

ex_resettachocount.nxc.

8.3.3.687 unsigned int ResizeFile (string *fname*, const unsigned int *newsize*) [inline]

Resize a file. Resize the specified file. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

fname The name of the file to resize.

newsize The new size for the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_resizefile.nxc.

8.3.3.688 unsigned int ResolveHandle (string *filename*, byte & *handle*, bool & *writeable*) [inline]

Resolve a handle. Resolve a file handle from the specified filename. The file handle is returned in the second parameter, which must be a variable. A boolean value indicating whether the handle can be used to write to the file or not is returned in the last parameter, which must be a variable. The loader result code is returned as the value of the function call. The filename parameter must be a constant or a variable.

Parameters:

filename The name of the file for which to resolve a handle.

handle The file handle output from the function call.

writeable A boolean flag indicating whether the handle is to a file open for writing (true) or reading (false).

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_ResolveHandle.nxc.

8.3.3.689 void rewind (byte *handle*) [inline]

Set position indicator to the beginning. Sets the position indicator associated with stream to the beginning of the file.

Parameters:

handle The handle of the file.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_rewind.nxc.

8.3.3.690 bool RFIDInit (const byte & *port*) [inline]

RFIDInit function. Initialize the Codatex RFID sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDInit.nxc.

8.3.3.691 bool RFIDMode (const byte & *port*, const byte & *mode*) [inline]

RFIDMode function. Configure the Codatex RFID sensor mode.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

mode The RFID sensor mode. See the Codatex RFID sensor modes group.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDMode.nxc.

8.3.3.692 bool RFIDRead (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) [inline]

RFIDRead function. Read the Codatex RFID sensor value.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDRead.nxc.

8.3.3.693 bool RFIDReadContinuous (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) [inline]

RFIDReadContinuous function. Set the Codatex RFID sensor into continuous mode, if necessary, and read the RFID data.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDReadContinuous.nxc.

8.3.3.694 bool RFIDReadSingle (const byte & *port*, byte & *output*[ ]) [inline]

RFIDReadSingle function. Set the Codatex RFID sensor into single mode and read the RFID data.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

output The five bytes of RFID data.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDReadSingle.nxc.

8.3.3.695 byte RFIDStatus (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

RFIDStatus function. Read the Codatex RFID sensor status.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The RFID sensor status.

Examples:

ex_RFIDStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.696 bool RFIDStop (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

RFIDStop function. Stop the Codatex RFID sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to which the Codatex RFID sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The boolean function call result.

Examples:

ex_RFIDStop.nxc.

8.3.3.697 string RightStr (string *str*, unsigned int *size*) [inline]

Copy a portion from the end of a string. Returns the substring of a specified length that appears at the end of a string.

Parameters:

str A string

size The size or length of the substring.

Returns:

The substring of a specified length that appears at the end of a string.

Examples:

ex_rightstr.nxc.

8.3.3.698 void RotateMotor (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*) [inline]

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotor.nxc.

8.3.3.699 void RotateMotorEx (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, char *turnpct*, bool *sync*, bool *stop*) [inline]

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

sync Synchronise two motors. Should be set to true if a non-zero turn percent is specified or no turning will occur.

stop Specify whether the motor(s) should brake at the end of the rotation.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorex.nxc.

8.3.3.700 void RotateMotorExPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, char *turnpct*, bool *sync*, bool *stop*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) `[inline]`

Rotate motor. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

turnpct Turn ratio, -100 to 100. The direction of your vehicle will depend on its construction.

sync Synchronise two motors. Should be set to true if a non-zero turn percent is specified or no turning will occur.

stop Specify whether the motor(s) should brake at the end of the rotation.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorexpid.nxc.

8.3.3.701 void RotateMotorPID (byte *outputs*, char *pwr*, long *angle*, byte *p*, byte *i*, byte *d*) [inline]

Rotate motor with PID factors. Run the specified outputs forward for the specified number of degrees. Specify proportional, integral, and derivative factors.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. If you use a variable and want to control multiple outputs in a single call you need to use a byte array rather than a byte and store the output port values in the byte array before passing it into this function.

pwr Output power, 0 to 100. Can be negative to reverse direction.

angle Angle limit, in degree. Can be negative to reverse direction.

p Proportional factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

i Integral factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

d Derivative factor used by the firmware's PID motor control algorithm. See PID constants.

Examples:

ex_rotatemotorpid.nxc.

8.3.3.702 char RS485Control (byte *cmd*, byte *baud*, unsigned int *mode*) [inline]

Control the RS485 port. Control the RS485 hi-speed port using the specified parameters.

Parameters:

cmd The control command to send to the port. See Hi-speed port SysCommHSControl constants.

baud The baud rate for the RS485 port. See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

mode The RS485 port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.703 bool RS485DataAvailable (void) `[inline]`

Check for RS485 available data. Check the RS485 hi-speed port for available data.

Returns:

A value indicating whether data is available or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc.

8.3.3.704 char RS485Disable (void) `[inline]`

Disable RS485. Turn off the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.705 char RS485Enable (void) [inline]

Enable RS485. Turn on the RS485 hi-speed port so that it can be used.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.706 char RS485Initialize (void) [inline]

Initialize RS485 port. Initialize the RS485 UART port to its default values. The baud rate is set to 921600 and the mode is set to 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit). Data cannot be sent or received over the RS485 port until the port is configured as as a hi-speed port, the port is turned on, and the UART is initialized.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.707 char RS485Read (byte & *buffer*[ ]) [inline]

Read RS485 data. Read data from the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

buffer A byte array that will contain the data read from the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc.

8.3.3.708 bool RS485SendingData (void) [inline]

Is RS485 sending data. Check whether the RS485 is actively sending data.

Returns:

A value indicating whether data is being sent or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.709 void RS485Status (bool & *sendingData*, bool & *dataAvail*) [inline]

Check RS485 status. Check the status of the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

sendingData A boolean value set to true on output if data is being sent.

dataAvail A boolean value set to true on output if data is available to be read.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.710 char RS485Uart (byte *baud*, unsigned int *mode*) `[inline]`

Configure RS485 UART. Configure the RS485 UART parameters, including baud rate, data bits, stop bits, and parity.

Parameters:

baud The baud rate for the RS485 port. See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

mode The RS485 port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.711 char RS485Write (byte *buffer*[ ]) `[inline]`

Write RS485 data. Write data to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

buffer A byte array containing the data to write to the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.712 char RunNRLinkMacro (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *macro*) [inline]

Run NRLink macro. Run the specified mindsensors NRLink device macro. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

macro The address of the macro to execute.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc.

8.3.3.713 char SendMessage (byte *queue*, string *msg*) [inline]

Send a message to a queue/mailbox. Write a message into a local mailbox.

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

msg The message to write to the mailbox.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendMessage.nxc.

8.3.3.714 char SendRemoteBool (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, bool *bval*) [inline]

Send a boolean value to a remote mailbox. Send a boolean value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

bval The boolean value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteBool.nxc.

8.3.3.715 char SendRemoteNumber (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, long *val*) [inline]

Send a numeric value to a remote mailbox. Send a numeric value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

val The numeric value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteNumber.nxc.

8.3.3.716 char SendRemoteString (byte *conn*, byte *queue*, string *str*) [inline]

Send a string value to a remote mailbox. Send a string value on the specified connection to the specified remote mailbox number. Use RemoteConnectionIdle to determine when this write request is completed.

Parameters:

conn The connection slot (0..4). Connections 0 through 3 are for bluetooth connections. Connection 4 refers to the RS485 hi-speed port. See Remote connection constants.

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants.

str The string value to send.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendRemoteString.nxc.

8.3.3.717 char SendResponseBool (byte *queue*, bool *bval*) [inline]

Write a boolean value to a local response mailbox. Write a boolean value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

bval The boolean value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseBool.nxc.

8.3.3.718 char SendResponseNumber (byte *queue*, long *val*) [inline]

Write a numeric value to a local response mailbox. Write a numeric value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

val The numeric value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseNumber.nxc.

8.3.3.719 char SendResponseString (byte *queue*, string *str*) [inline]

Write a string value to a local response mailbox. Write a string value to a response mailbox (the mailbox number + 10).

Parameters:

queue The mailbox number. See Mailbox constants. This function shifts the specified value into the range of response mailbox numbers by adding 10.

str The string value to write.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_SendResponseString.nxc.

8.3.3.720 char SendRS485Bool (bool *bval*) [inline]

Write RS485 boolean. Write a boolean value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

bval A boolean value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.721 char SendRS485Number (long *val*) [inline]

Write RS485 numeric. Write a numeric value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

val A numeric value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.722 char SendRS485String (string *str*) [inline]

Write RS485 string. Write a string value to the RS485 hi-speed port.

Parameters:

str A string value to write over the RS485 port.

Returns:

A char value indicating whether the function call succeeded or not.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.723 unsigned int Sensor (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1).

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_Sensor.nxc, and ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

8.3.3.724 bool SensorBoolean (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor boolean value. Return the boolean value of a sensor on the specified port. Boolean conversion is either done based on preset cutoffs, or a slope parameter specified by calling SetSensorMode.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's boolean value.

Examples:

ex_SensorBoolean.nxc.

8.3.3.725 byte SensorDigiPinsDirection (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor digital pins direction. Return the digital pins direction value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.726 byte SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor digital pins output level. Return the digital pins output level value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins output level.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc.

8.3.3.727 byte SensorDigiPinsStatus (const byte *port*) `[inline]`

Read sensor digital pins status. Return the digital pins status value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's digital pins status.

Examples:

ex_SensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.728 int SensorHTColorNum (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic color sensor color number. Read the color number from the HiTechnic Color sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The color number.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTColorNum.nxc.

8.3.3.729 int SensorHTCompass (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic compass. Read the compass heading value of the HiTechnic Compass sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The compass heading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTCompass.nxc.

8.3.3.730 int SensorHTEOPD (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic EOPD sensor. Read the HiTechnic EOPD sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The EOPD sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTEOPD.nxc.

8.3.3.731 int SensorHTGyro (const byte & *port*, int *offset* = 0) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Gyro sensor. Read the HiTechnic Gyro sensor on the specified port. The offset value should be calculated by averaging several readings with an offset of zero while the sensor is perfectly still.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The zero offset.

Returns:

The Gyro sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, and ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc.

8.3.3.732 int SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 AC direction. Read the AC direction value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 AC direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir.nxc.

8.3.3.733 int SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr (const byte & *port*, const byte *reg*) `[inline]`

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 register. Read a register value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

reg The register address. See HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 register value.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc.

8.3.3.734 int SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker2 DC direction. Read the DC direction value from the HiTechnic IR Seeker2 on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker2 DC direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir.nxc.

8.3.3.735 int SensorHTIRSeekerDir (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read HiTechnic IRSeeker direction. Read the direction value of the HiTechnic IR Seeker on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The IRSeeker direction.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTIRSeekerDir.nxc.

8.3.3.736 int SensorHTMagnet (const byte & *port*, int *offset* = 0) [inline]

Read HiTechnic Magnet sensor. Read the HiTechnic Magnet sensor on the specified port. The offset value should be calculated by averaging several readings with an offset of zero while the sensor is perfectly still.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

offset The zero offset.

Returns:

The Magnet sensor reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorHTMagnet.nxc.

8.3.3.737 bool SensorInvalid (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor invalid data flag. Return the value of the InvalidData flag of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's invalid data flag.

Examples:

ex_SensorInvalid.nxc.

8.3.3.738 byte SensorMode (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor mode. Return the mode of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SensorMode.nxc.

8.3.3.739 int SensorMSCompass (const byte & *port*, const byte *i2caddr*) [inline]

Read mindsensors compass value. Return the Mindsensors Compass sensor value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

Returns:

The mindsensors compass value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc.

8.3.3.740 int SensorMSDROD (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors DROD value. Return the Mindsensors DROD sensor value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors DROD value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSDROD.nxc.

8.3.3.741 int SensorMSPressure (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors pressure sensor. Read the pressure sensor value of the mindsensors pressure sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The pressure reading.

Examples:

ex_SensorMSPressure.nxc.

8.3.3.742 int SensorMSPressureRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read mindsensors raw pressure value. Return the Mindsensors pressure sensor raw value.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors raw pressure value

Examples:

ex_SensorMSPressureRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.743 unsigned int SensorNormalized (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor normalized value. Return the normalized value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's normalized value.

Examples:

ex_SensorNormalized.nxc.

8.3.3.744 char SensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte & *port*)

Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone. Return the Mindsensors NXTSumoEyes sensor obstacle zone value. The port should be configured for the NXTSumoEyes device using SetSensorNXTSumoEyes before calling this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors NXTSumoEyes obstacle zone value. See MindSensors NXTSumoEyes constants.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.3.3.745 int SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Read mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value. Return the Mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw sensor value. The port should be configured for the NXTSumoEyes device using SetSensorNXTSumoEyes before calling this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Returns:

The mindsensors NXTSumoEyes raw value

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.3.3.746 unsigned int SensorRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor raw value. Return the raw value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's raw value.

Examples:

ex_SensorRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.747 unsigned int SensorScaled (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1) or the Sensor function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_SensorScaled.nxc.

8.3.3.748 float SensorTemperature (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read the LEGO Temperature sensor value. Return the temperature sensor value in degrees celcius. Since a temperature sensor is an I2C digital sensor its value cannot be read using the standard Sensor(n) value. The port must be configured as a temperature sensor port before using this function. Use SetSensorTemperature to configure the port.

Parameters:

port The port to which the temperature sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The temperature sensor value in degrees celcius.

Examples:

ex_SensorTemperature.nxc.

8.3.3.749 byte SensorType (const byte & *port*) `[inline]`

Read sensor type. Return the type of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's type. See Sensor type constants.

Examples:

ex_SensorType.nxc.

8.3.3.750 byte SensorUS (const byte *port*) `[inline]`

Read ultrasonic sensor value. Return the ultrasonic sensor distance value. Since an ultrasonic sensor is an I2C digital sensor its value cannot be read using the standard Sensor(n) value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The port to which the ultrasonic sensor is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

Returns:

The ultrasonic sensor distance value (0..255)

Examples:

ex_SensorUS.nxc.

8.3.3.751 unsigned int SensorValue (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor scaled value. Return the processed sensor reading for a sensor on the specified port. This is the same value that is returned by the sensor value names (e.g. SENSOR_1) or the Sensor function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's scaled value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValue.nxc.

8.3.3.752 bool SensorValueBool (const byte *port*) [inline]

Read sensor boolean value. Return the boolean value of a sensor on the specified port. Boolean conversion is either done based on preset cutoffs, or a slope parameter specified by calling SetSensorMode.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. Must be a constant.

Returns:

The sensor's boolean value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValueBool.nxc.

8.3.3.753 unsigned int SensorValueRaw (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Read sensor raw value. Return the raw value of a sensor on the specified port.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A variable whose value is the desired sensor port may also be used.

Returns:

The sensor's raw value.

Examples:

ex_SensorValueRaw.nxc.

8.3.3.754 void set_fopen_size (unsigned long *fsize*) [inline]

Set the default fopen file size. Set the default size of a file created via a call to fopen.

Parameters:

fsize The default new file size for fopen.

8.3.3.755 void SetAbortFlag (byte *abortFlag*) [inline]

Set abort flag. Set the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's program abort flag. By default the running program can be interrupted by a short press of the escape button. You can change this to any other button state flag.

Parameters:

abortFlag The new abort flag value. See ButtonState constants

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.3.3.756 char SetACCLNxSensitivity (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, byte *slevel*) [inline]

Set ACCL-Nx sensitivity. Reset the mindsensors ACCL-Nx sensor calibration to factory settings. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

slevel The sensitivity level. See MindSensors ACCL-Nx sensitivity level constants.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc.

8.3.3.757 void SetBatteryState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set battery state. Set battery state information.

Parameters:

state The desired battery state (0..4).

Examples:

ex_SetBatteryState.nxc.

8.3.3.758 void SetBluetoothState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set bluetooth state. Set the Bluetooth state.

Parameters:

state The desired bluetooth state. See BluetoothState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetBluetoothState.nxc.

8.3.3.759 void SetBTDataMode (const byte *dataMode*) [inline]

Set Bluetooth data mode. This method sets the value of the Bluetooth data mode.

Parameters:

dataMode The Bluetooth data mode. See Data mode constants. Must be a constant.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.3.3.760 void SetBTInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the bluetooth input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.761 void SetBTInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.762 void SetBTInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.763 void SetBTOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the bluetooth output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.764 void SetBTOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.765 void SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set bluetooth output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.766 void SetButtonLongPressCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button long press count. Set the long press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new long press count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonLongPressCount.nxc.

8.3.3.767 void SetButtonLongReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button long release count. Set the long release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new long release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.768 void SetButtonModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Button module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Button module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Button module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Button module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Button module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Button module IOMap.

8.3.3.769 void SetButtonPressCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button press count. Set the press count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new press count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonPressCount.nxc.

8.3.3.770 void SetButtonReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button release count. Set the release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.771 void SetButtonShortReleaseCount (const byte *btn*, const byte *n*) [inline]

Set button short release count. Set the short release count of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button number. See Button name constants.

n The new short release count value.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc.

8.3.3.772 void SetButtonState (const byte *btn*, const byte *state*) [inline]

Set button state. Set the state of the specified button.

Parameters:

btn The button to check. See Button name constants.

state The new button state. See ButtonState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetButtonState.nxc.

8.3.3.773 void SetCommandFlags (const byte *cmdFlags*) [inline]

Set command flags. Set the command flags.

Parameters:

cmdFlags The new command flags. See CommandFlags constants.

Examples:

ex_SetCommandFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.774 void SetCommandModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set Command module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Command module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Command module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Command module IOMap.

8.3.3.775 void SetCommandModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Command module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Command module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Command module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Command module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Command module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Command module IOMap.

8.3.3.776 void SetCommModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set Comm module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Comm module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Comm module IOMap.

8.3.3.777 void SetCommModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Comm module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Comm module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Comm module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Comm module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Comm module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Comm module IOMap.

8.3.3.778 void SetCustomSensorActiveStatus (byte *port*, byte *activeStatus*) [inline]

Set active status. Sets the active status value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

activeStatus The new active status value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.779 void SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale (byte *port*, byte *pctFullScale*) [inline]

Set percent full scale. Sets the percent full scale value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

pctFullScale The new percent full scale value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc.

8.3.3.780 void SetCustomSensorZeroOffset (byte *port*, int *zeroOffset*) [inline]

Set custom zero offset. Sets the zero offset value of a custom sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

zeroOffset The new zero offset value.

Examples:

ex_SetCustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc.

8.3.3.781 void SetDisplayContrast (byte *contrast*) [inline]

Set the display contrast. This function lets you set the display contrast setting.

Parameters:

contrast The desired display contrast.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_contrast.nxc, and ex_setdisplaycontrast.nxc.

8.3.3.782 void SetDisplayDisplay (unsigned long *dispaddr*) [inline]

Set the display memory address. This function lets you set the current display memory address.

Parameters:

dispaddr The new display memory address.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayDisplay.nxc.

8.3.3.783 void SetDisplayEraseMask (unsigned long *eraseMask*) [inline]

Set the display erase mask. This function lets you set the current display erase mask.

Parameters:

eraseMask The new display erase mask.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayEraseMask.nxc.

8.3.3.784 void SetDisplayFlags (byte *flags*) [inline]

Set the display flags. This function lets you set the current display flags.

Parameters:

flags The new display flags. See Display flags.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.785 void SetDisplayFont (unsigned long *fontaddr*) [inline]

Set the display font memory address. This function lets you set the current display font memory address.

Parameters:

fontaddr The new display font memory address.

Examples:

ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, and ex_-setdisplayfont.nxc.

8.3.3.786 void SetDisplayModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set Display module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Display module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Display module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Display module IOMap.

8.3.3.787 void SetDisplayModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Display module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Display module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Display module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Display module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Display module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Display module IOMap.

8.3.3.788 void SetDisplayNormal (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Write pixel data to the normal display buffer. Write "cnt" bytes to the normal display memory from the data array. Start writing at the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position where you wish to write pixel data.

line The desired line where you wish to write pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to write.

data The array of bytes from which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_SetDisplayNormal.nxc.

8.3.3.789 void SetDisplayPopup (const byte *x*, const byte *line*, unsigned int *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Write pixel data to the popup display buffer. Write "cnt" bytes to the popup display memory from the data array. Start writing at the specified x, line coordinate. Each byte of data is a vertical strip of 8 bits at the desired location. Each bit represents a single pixel on the LCD screen. Use TEXTLINE_1 through TEXTLINE_8 for the "line" parameter.

Parameters:

x The desired x position where you wish to write pixel data.

line The desired line where you wish to write pixel data.

cnt The number of bytes of pixel data to write.

data The array of bytes from which pixel data is read.

Examples:

ex_SetDisplayPopup.nxc.

8.3.3.790 void SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags (byte *ctrFlags*) `[inline]`

Set the display text lines center flags. This function lets you set the current display text lines center flags.

Parameters:

ctrFlags The new display text lines center flags.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.791 void SetDisplayUpdateMask (unsigned long *updateMask*) `[inline]`

Set the display update mask. This function lets you set the current display update mask.

Parameters:

updateMask The new display update mask.

Examples:

ex_dispmisc.nxc, and ex_SetDisplayUpdateMask.nxc.

8.3.3.792 void SetHSDataMode (const byte *dataMode*) `[inline]`

Set hi-speed port data mode. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port data mode.

Parameters:

dataMode The hi-speed port data mode. See Data mode constants. Must be a constant.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_DataMode.nxc.

8.3.3.793 void SetHSFlags (byte *hsFlags*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port flags. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port flags.

Parameters:

hsFlags The hi-speed port flags. See Hi-speed port flags constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.794 void SetHSInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the hi-speed port input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.795 void SetHSInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.796 void SetHSInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.797 void SetHSMode (unsigned int *hsMode*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port mode. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port mode.

Parameters:

hsMode The hi-speed port mode (data bits, stop bits, parity). See Hi-speed port data bits constants, Hi-speed port stop bits constants, Hi-speed port parity constants, and Hi-speed port combined UART constants.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sethsmode.nxc.

8.3.3.798 void SetHSOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the hi-speed port output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.799 void SetHSOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.800 void SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..127).

Examples:

ex_SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.801 void SetHSSpeed (byte *hsSpeed*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port speed. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port speed (baud rate).

Parameters:

hsSpeed The hi-speed port speed (baud rate). See Hi-speed port baud rate constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSSpeed.nxc.

8.3.3.802 void SetHSState (byte *hsState*) [inline]

Set hi-speed port state. This method sets the value of the hi-speed port state.

Parameters:

hsState The hi-speed port state. See Hi-speed port state constants.

Examples:

ex_SetHSState.nxc.

8.3.3.803 char SetHTColor2Mode (const byte & *port*, byte *mode*) [inline]

Set HiTechnic Color2 mode. Set the mode of the HiTechnic Color2 sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The Color2 mode. See HiTechnic Color2 constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc.

8.3.3.804 char SetHTIRSeeker2Mode (const byte & *port*, const byte *mode*) [inline]

Set HiTechnic IRSeeker2 mode. Set the mode of the HiTechnic IRSeeker2 sensor on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

mode The IRSeeker2 mode. See HiTechnic IRSeeker2 constants.

Returns:

The function call result. NO_ERR or Communications specific errors.

Examples:

ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc, and ex_setsensorboolean.nxc.

8.3.3.805 void SetInput (const byte & *port*, const int *field*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set an input field value. Set the specified field of the sensor on the specified port to the value provided.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants. A constant or a variable may be used (no expressions).

field An input field constant. See Input field constants.

value The new value, which may be any valid expression.

Examples:

ex_SetInput.nxc.

8.3.3.806 void SetInputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Input module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Input module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Input module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Input module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Input module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Input module IOMap.

8.3.3.807 void SetIOCtrlModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Set IOCtrl module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the IOCtrl module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the IOCtrl module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOCtrl module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See IOCtrl module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOCtrl module IOMap.

8.3.3.808 void SetIOMapBytes (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set IOMap bytes by name. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be written

count The number of bytes to write at the specified IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the IOMap

8.3.3.809 void SetIOMapBytesByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set IOMap bytes by ID. Modify one or more bytes of data in an IOMap structure. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the data should be written.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.810 void SetIOMapValue (string *moduleName*, unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set IOMap value by name. Set one of the fields of an IOMap structure to a new value. The IOMap structure is specified by its module name. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

moduleName The module name of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module names.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the new value should be written

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOMap

8.3.3.811 void SetIOMapValueByID (unsigned long *moduleId*, unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set IOMap value by ID. Set one of the fields of an IOMap structure to a new value. The IOMap structure is specified by its Module ID. You also provide the offset into the IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

moduleId The module ID of the IOMap to modify. See NXT firmware module IDs.

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the IOMap structure where the new value should be written.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the IOMap.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.812 void SetLoaderModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Set Loader module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Loader module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Loader module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Loader module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Loader module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Loader module IOMap.

8.3.3.813 void SetLongAbort (bool *longAbort*) `[inline]`

Set long abort. Set the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware's long abort setting (true or false). If set to true then a program has access the escape button. Aborting a program requires a long press of the escape button.

Parameters:

longAbort If true then require a long press of the escape button to abort a program, otherwise a short press will abort it.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_buttonpressed.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, and ex_SetLongAbort.nxc.

8.3.3.814 void SetLowSpeedModuleBytes (unsigned int *offset*, unsigned int *count*, byte *data*[ ]) `[inline]`

Set Lowspeed module IOMap bytes. Modify one or more bytes of data in the Lowspeed module IOMap structure. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to start writing, the number of bytes to write at that location, and a byte array containing the new data.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the data should be written. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

count The number of bytes to write at the specified Lowspeed module IOMap offset.

data The byte array containing the data to write to the Lowspeed module IOMap.

8.3.3.815 void SetLowSpeedModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) `[inline]`

Set Lowspeed module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Lowspeed module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Low speed module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Lowspeed module IOMap.

8.3.3.816 void SetMotorPwnFreq (byte *n*) [inline]

Set motor regulation frequency. Set the motor regulation frequency in milliseconds. By default this is set to 100ms.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation frequency.

Examples:

ex_SetMotorPwnFreq.nxc.

8.3.3.817 void SetMotorRegulationOptions (byte *n*) [inline]

Set regulation options. Set the motor regulation options.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation options.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.818 void SetMotorRegulationTime (byte *n*) [inline]

Set regulation time. Set the motor regulation time in milliseconds. By default this is set to 100ms.

Parameters:

n The motor regulation time.

Examples:

ex_PosReg.nxc.

8.3.3.819 char SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kd factor. Write a Kd divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Kd value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kd factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.820 char SetNXTLineLeaderKdValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kd value. Write a Kd value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Kd is the Derivative value for the PID control. Suggested value is 8 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kd value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.821 char SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Ki factor. Write a Ki divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Ki value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Ki factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.822 char SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Ki value. Write a Ki value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Ki is the Integral value for the PID control. Suggested value is 0 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Ki value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.823 char SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kp factor. Write a Kp divisor factor to the NXTLineLeader device. Value ranges between 1 and 255. Change this value if you need more granularities in Kp value. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kp factor (1..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.824 char SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader Kp value. Write a Kp value to the NXTLineLeader device. This value divided by PID Factor for Kp is the Proportional value for the PID control. Suggested value is 25 with a divisor factor of 32 (which is also a factory default), start with this value, and tune it to meet your needs. Value ranges between 0 and 255. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new Kp value (0..255).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.825 char SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte & *value*) [inline]

Write NXTLineLeader setpoint. Write a new setpoint value to the NXTLineLeader device. The Set Point is a value you can ask sensor to maintain the average to. The default value is 45, whereby the line is maintained in center of the sensor. If you need to maintain line towards left of the sensor, set the Set Point to a lower value (minimum: 10). If you need it to be towards on the right of the sensor, set it to higher value (maximum: 80). Set point is also useful while tracking an edge of dark and light areas. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

value The new setpoint value (10..80).

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible Result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc.

8.3.3.826 char SetNXTServoPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *pos*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor position. Set the position of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

pos The servo position. See MindSensors NXTServo position constants group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.827 char SetNXTServoQuickPosition (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *qpos*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor quick position. Set the quick position of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

qpos The servo quick position. See MindSensors NXTServo quick position constants group.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.828 char SetNXTServoSpeed (const byte & *port*, const byte & *i2caddr*, const byte *servo*, const byte & *speed*) [inline]

Set NXTServo servo motor speed. Set the speed of a servo motor controlled by the NXTServo device. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See NBC Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

servo The servo number. See MindSensors NXTServo servo numbers group.

speed The servo speed. (0..255)

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the operation completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_NXTServo.nxc.

8.3.3.829 void SetOnBrickProgramPointer (byte *obpStep*) [inline]

Set on-brick program pointer. Set the current OBP (on-brick program) step.

Parameters:

obpStep The new on-brick program step.

Examples:

ex_SetOnBrickProgramPointer.nxc.

8.3.3.830 void SetOutput (byte *outputs*, byte *field1*, variant *val1*, ..., byte *fieldN*, variant *valN*) [inline]

Set output fields. Set the specified field of the outputs to the value provided. The field must be a valid output field constant. This function takes a variable number of field/value pairs.

Parameters:

outputs Desired output ports. Can be a constant or a variable, see Output port constants. For multiple outputs at the same time you need to add single output port values into a byte array and pass the array instead of a single numeric value.

field1 The 1st output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

val1 Value to set for the 1st field.

fieldN The Nth output port field to access, this should be a constant, see Output field constants.

valN The value to set for the Nth field.

Examples:

ex_setoutput.nxc.

8.3.3.831 void SetOutputModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Output module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Output module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Output module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Output module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Output module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Output module IOMap.

8.3.3.832 void SetSensor (const byte & *port*, const unsigned int *config*) [inline]

Set sensor configuration. Set the type and mode of the given sensor to the specified configuration, which must be a special constant containing both type and mode information.

See also:

SetSensorType(), SetSensorMode(), and ResetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

config The configuration constant containing both the type and mode. See Combined sensor type and mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensor.nxc.

8.3.3.833 void SetSensorBoolean (byte *port*, bool *value*) [inline]

Set sensor boolean value. Sets the boolean value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

value The new boolean value.

8.3.3.834 void SetSensorColorBlue (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 blue light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in blue light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorblue.nxc.

8.3.3.835 void SetSensorColorFull (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 full color sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in full color mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorfull.nxc, and ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

8.3.3.836 void SetSensorColorGreen (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 green light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in green light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorgreen.nxc.

8.3.3.837 void SetSensorColorNone (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 no light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in no light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolornone.nxc.

8.3.3.838 void SetSensorColorRed (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an NXT 2.0 red light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT 2.0 color sensor in red light mode. Requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_setsensorcolorred.nxc.

8.3.3.839 void SetSensorDigiPinsDirection (byte *port*, byte *direction*) [inline]

Set digital pins direction. Sets the digital pins direction value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

direction The new digital pins direction value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc.

8.3.3.840 void SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel (byte *port*, byte *outputLevel*) [inline]

Set digital pins output level. Sets the digital pins output level value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

outputLevel The new digital pins output level value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc.

8.3.3.841 void SetSensorDigiPinsStatus (byte *port*, byte *status*) [inline]

Set digital pins status. Sets the digital pins status value of a sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

status The new digital pins status value.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.842 void SetSensorEMeter (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an EMeter sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an EMeter sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorEMeter.nxc.

8.3.3.843 void SetSensorHTEOPD (const byte & *port*, bool *bStandard*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic EOPD. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic EOPD sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

bStandard Configure in standard or long-range mode.

Examples:

ex_setsensorhteopd.nxc.

8.3.3.844 void SetSensorHTGyro (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic Gyro. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic Gyro sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, and ex_SetSensorHTGyro.nxc.

8.3.3.845 void SetSensorHTMagnet (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Set sensor as HiTechnic Magnet. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a HiTechnic Magnet sensor.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorHTMagnet.nxc.

8.3.3.846 void SetSensorLight (const byte & *port*, bool *bActive* = `true`) `[inline]`

Configure a light sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an NXT light sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bActive A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port as an active or inactive light sensor. The default value for this optional parameter is true.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorLight.nxc.

8.3.3.847 void SetSensorLowspeed (const byte & *port*, bool *bIsPowered* = `true`) `[inline]`

Configure an I2C sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an I2C digital sensor for either powered (9 volt) or unpowered devices.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bIsPowered A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port for powered or unpowered I2C devices. The default value for this optional parameter is true.

Examples:

ex_HTRCXSetIRLinkPort.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, and ex_SetSensorLowspeed.nxc.

8.3.3.848 void SetSensorMode (const byte & *port*, byte *mode*) [inline]

Set sensor mode. Set a sensor's mode, which should be one of the predefined sensor mode constants. A slope parameter for boolean conversion, if desired, may be added to the mode. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call ResetSensor to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

See also:

SetSensorType(), SetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

mode The desired sensor mode. See Sensor mode constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorMode.nxc.

8.3.3.849 void SetSensorMSDROD (const byte & *port*, bool *bActive*) [inline]

Configure a mindsensors DROD sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors DROD sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bActive A flag indicating whether to configure the sensor in active or inactive mode.

Examples:

ex_setsensormsdrod.nxc.

8.3.3.850 void SetSensorMSPressure (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure a mindsensors pressure sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors pressure sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_setsensormspressure.nxc.

8.3.3.851 void SetSensorNXTSumoEyes (const byte & *port*, bool *bLong*) [inline]

Configure a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor. Configure the specified port for a mindsensors SumoEyes sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bLong A flag indicating whether to configure the sensor in long range or short range mode.

Examples:

ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc.

8.3.3.852 void SetSensorSound (const byte & *port*, bool *bdBScaling* = `true`) [inline]

Configure a sound sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a sound sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

bdBScaling A boolean flag indicating whether to configure the port as a sound sensor with dB or dBA scaling. The default value for this optional parameter is true, meaning dB scaling.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorSound.nxc.

8.3.3.853 void SetSensorTemperature (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure a temperature sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a temperature sensor. Use this to setup the temperature sensor rather than SetSensorLowspeed so that the sensor is properly configured in 12-bit conversion mode.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorTemperature.nxc.

8.3.3.854 void SetSensorTouch (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure a touch sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as a touch sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, and ex_SetSensorTouch.nxc.

8.3.3.855 void SetSensorType (const byte & *port*, byte *type*) [inline]

Set sensor type. Set a sensor's type, which must be one of the predefined sensor type constants. After changing the type or the mode of a sensor port you must call ResetSensor to give the firmware time to reconfigure the sensor port.

See also:

SetSensorMode(), SetSensor()

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

type The desired sensor type. See Sensor type constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorType.nxc.

8.3.3.856 void SetSensorUltrasonic (const byte & *port*) [inline]

Configure an ultrasonic sensor. Configure the sensor on the specified port as an ultrasonic sensor.

Parameters:

port The port to configure. See Input port constants.

Examples:

ex_SetSensorUltrasonic.nxc.

8.3.3.857 void SetSleepTime (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set sleep time. Set the NXT sleep timeout value to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes to wait before sleeping.

See also:

SetSleepTimeout, SleepTimeout

Examples:

ex_setsleeptime.nxc.

8.3.3.858 void SetSleepTimeout (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set sleep timeout. Set the NXT sleep timeout value to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes to wait before sleeping.

Examples:

ex_SetSleepTimeout.nxc.

8.3.3.859 void SetSleepTimer (const byte *n*) [inline]

Set the sleep timer. Set the system sleep timer to the specified number of minutes.

Parameters:

n The minutes left on the timer.

Examples:

ex_SetSleepTimer.nxc.

8.3.3.860 void SetSoundDuration (unsigned int *duration*) [inline]

Set sound duration. Set the sound duration.

See also:

SoundDuration()

Parameters:

duration The new sound duration

Examples:

ex_SetSoundDuration.nxc.

8.3.3.861 void SetSoundFlags (byte *flags*) [inline]

Set sound module flags. Set the sound module flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

See also:

SetSoundFlags(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Parameters:

flags The new sound module flags

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.862 void SetSoundFrequency (unsigned int *frequency*) [inline]

Set sound frequency. Set the sound frequency.

See also:

SoundFrequency()

Parameters:

frequency The new sound frequency

Examples:

ex_SetSoundFrequency.nxc.

8.3.3.863 void SetSoundMode (byte *mode*) [inline]

Set sound mode. Set the sound mode. See the SoundMode constants group.

See also:

SoundMode()

Parameters:

mode The new sound mode

Examples:

ex_SetSoundMode.nxc.

8.3.3.864 void SetSoundModuleState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set sound module state. Set the sound module state. See the SoundState constants group.

See also:

SoundState(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Parameters:

state The new sound state

Examples:

ex_SetSoundModuleState.nxc.

8.3.3.865 void SetSoundModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Sound module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Sound module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Sound module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Sound module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Sound module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Sound module IOMap.

8.3.3.866 void SetSoundSampleRate (unsigned int *sampleRate*) [inline]

Set sample rate. Set the sound sample rate.

See also:

SoundSampleRate()

Parameters:

sampleRate The new sample rate

Examples:

ex_SetSoundSampleRate.nxc.

8.3.3.867 void SetSoundVolume (byte *volume*) [inline]

Set sound volume. Set the sound volume.

See also:

SoundVolume()

Parameters:

volume The new volume

Examples:

ex_SetSoundVolume.nxc.

8.3.3.868 void SetUIButton (byte *btn*) [inline]

Set UI button. Set user interface button information.

Parameters:

btn A user interface button value. See UIButton constants.

Examples:

ex_SetUIButton.nxc.

8.3.3.869 void SetUIModuleValue (unsigned int *offset*, variant *value*) [inline]

Set Ui module IOMap value. Set one of the fields of the Ui module IOMap structure to a new value. You provide the offset into the Ui module IOMap structure where you want to write the value along with a variable containing the new value.

Parameters:

offset The number of bytes offset from the start of the Ui module IOMap structure where the new value should be written. See Ui module IOMAP offsets.

value A variable containing the new value to write to the Ui module IOMap.

8.3.3.870 void SetUIState (byte *state*) [inline]

Set UI state. Set the user interface state.

Parameters:

state A user interface state value. See UIState constants.

Examples:

ex_SetUIState.nxc.

8.3.3.871 void SetUSBInputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set USB input buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB input buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the input buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.872 void SetUSBInputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB input buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.873 void SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB input buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the input buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.874 void SetUSBOutputBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set USB output buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB output buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the output buffer
cnt The number of bytes to write
data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.875 void SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB output buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.876 void SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB output buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the output buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.877 void SetUSBPollBuffer (const byte *offset*, byte *cnt*, byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Set USB poll buffer data. Write cnt bytes of data to the USB poll buffer at offset.

Parameters:

offset A constant offset into the poll buffer

cnt The number of bytes to write

data A byte array containing the data to write

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBuffer.nxc.

8.3.3.878 void SetUSBPollBufferInPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB poll buffer in-pointer. Set the value of the poll buffer in-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new in-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.879 void SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr (byte *n*) [inline]

Set USB poll buffer out-pointer. Set the value of the poll buffer out-pointer.

Parameters:

n The new out-pointer value (0..63).

Examples:

ex_SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.880 void SetUSBState (byte *usbState*) [inline]

Set USB state. This method sets the value of the USB state.

Parameters:

usbState The USB state.

Examples:

ex_SetUsbState.nxc.

8.3.3.881 void SetVMRunState (const byte *vmRunState*) [inline]

Set VM run state. Set VM run state information.

Parameters:

vmRunState The desired VM run state. See VM run state constants.

Warning:

It is not a good idea to change the VM run state from within a running program unless you know what you are doing.

Examples:

ex_SetVMRunState.nxc.

8.3.3.882 void SetVolume (byte *volume*) [inline]

Set volume. Set the user interface volume level. Valid values are from 0 to 4.

Parameters:

volume The new volume level.

Examples:

ex_SetVolume.nxc.

8.3.3.883 char sign (variant *num*) [inline]

Sign value. Return the sign of the value argument (-1, 0, or 1). Any scalar type can be passed into this function.

Parameters:

num The numeric value for which to calculate its sign value.

Returns:

-1 if the parameter is negative, 0 if the parameter is zero, or 1 if the parameter is positive.

Examples:

ex_sign.nxc.

8.3.3.884 float sin (float *x*) [inline]

Compute sine. Computes the sine of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc.

8.3.3.885 float sind (float *x*) [inline]

Compute sine (degrees). Computes the sine of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sind_cosd.nxc.

8.3.3.886 float sinh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic sine. Computes the hyperbolic sine of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sinh.nxc.

8.3.3.887 float sinhd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic sine (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic sine of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic sine of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.888 unsigned int SizeOf (variant & *value*) [inline]

Calculate the size of a variable. Calculate the number of bytes required to store the contents of the variable passed into the function.

Parameters:

value The variable.

Returns:

The number of bytes occupied by the variable.

Examples:

ex_SizeOf.nxc.

8.3.3.889 void SleepNow () [inline]

Put the brick to sleep immediately. This function lets you immediately put the NXT to sleep. The running program will terminate as a result of this action.

Examples:

ex_SleepNow.nxc.

8.3.3.890 byte SleepTime (void) [inline]

Read sleep time. Return the number of minutes that the NXT will remain on before it automatically shuts down.

Returns:

The sleep time value

See also:

SleepTimeout

Examples:

ex_sleeptime.nxc.

8.3.3.891 byte SleepTimeout (void) [inline]

Read sleep timeout. Return the number of minutes that the NXT will remain on before it automatically shuts down.

Returns:

The sleep timeout value

Examples:

ex_SleepTimeout.nxc.

8.3.3.892 byte SleepTimer (void) [inline]

Read sleep timer. Return the number of minutes left in the countdown to zero from the original SleepTimeout value. When the SleepTimer value reaches zero the NXT will shutdown.

Returns:

The sleep timer value

Examples:

ex_SleepTimer.nxc.

8.3.3.893 unsigned int SoundDuration () [inline]

Get sound duration. Return the current sound duration.

See also:

SetSoundDuration()

Returns:

The current sound duration.

Examples:

ex_SoundDuration.nxc.

8.3.3.894 byte SoundFlags () [inline]

Get sound module flags. Return the current sound module flags. See the SoundFlags constants group.

See also:

SetSoundFlags(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Returns:

The current sound module flags.

Examples:

ex_SoundFlags.nxc.

8.3.3.895 unsigned int SoundFrequency () [inline]

Get sound frequency. Return the current sound frequency.

See also:

SetSoundFrequency()

Returns:

The current sound frequency.

Examples:

ex_SoundFrequency.nxc.

8.3.3.896 byte SoundMode () [inline]

Get sound mode. Return the current sound mode. See the SoundMode constants group.

See also:

SetSoundMode()

Returns:

The current sound mode.

Examples:

ex_SoundMode.nxc.

8.3.3.897 unsigned int SoundSampleRate () [inline]

Get sample rate. Return the current sound sample rate.

See also:

SetSoundSampleRate()

Returns:

The current sound sample rate.

Examples:

ex_SoundSampleRate.nxc.

8.3.3.898 byte SoundState () [inline]

Get sound module state. Return the current sound module state. See the SoundState constants group.

See also:

SetSoundModuleState(), SysSoundSetState(), SysSoundGetState()

Returns:

The current sound module state.

Examples:

ex_SoundState.nxc.

8.3.3.899 byte SoundVolume () [inline]

Get volume. Return the current sound volume.

See also:

SetSoundVolume()

Returns:

The current sound volume.

Examples:

ex_SoundVolume.nxc.

8.3.3.900 void sprintf (string & *str*, string *format*, variant *value*) [inline]

Write formatted data to string. Writes a sequence of data formatted as the format argument specifies to a string. After the format parameter, the function expects one value argument.

Parameters:

str The string to write to.

format A string specifying the desired format.

value A value to be formatted for writing to the string.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sprintf.nxc.

8.3.3.901 float sqrt (float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute square root. Computes the square root of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Square root of x.

Examples:

ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, and ex_sqrt.nxc.

8.3.3.902 void StartTask (task *t*) `[inline]`

Start a task. Start the specified task.

Parameters:

t The task to start.

Examples:

ex_StartTask.nxc.

8.3.3.903 void Stop (bool *bvalue*) [inline]

Stop the running program. Stop the running program if bvalue is true. This will halt the program completely, so any code following this command will be ignored.

Parameters:

bvalue If this value is true the program will stop executing.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Stop.nxc.

8.3.3.904 void StopAllTasks () [inline]

Stop all tasks. Stop all currently running tasks. This will halt the program completely, so any code following this command will be ignored.

Examples:

ex_StopAllTasks.nxc.

8.3.3.905 byte StopSound () [inline]

Stop sound. Stop playing of the current tone or file.

Returns:

The result

Todo

?.

Examples:

ex_StopSound.nxc.

8.3.3.906 void StopTask (task *t*) [inline]

Stop a task. Stop the specified task.

Parameters:

t The task to stop.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_StopTask.nxc.

8.3.3.907 string strcat (string & *dest*, const string & *src*) [inline]

Concatenate strings. Appends a copy of the source string to the destination string. The terminating null character in destination is overwritten by the first character of source, and a new null-character is appended at the end of the new string formed by the concatenation of both in destination. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_StrCat.nxc.

8.3.3.908 string StrCat (string *str1*, string *str2*, string *strN*) [inline]

Concatenate strings. Return a string which is the result of concatenating all of the string arguments together. This function accepts any number of parameters which may be string variables, constants, or expressions.

Parameters:

str1 The first string.

str2 The second string.

strN The Nth string.

Returns:

The concatenated string.

Examples:

ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, and util_battery_1.nxc.

8.3.3.909 int strcmp (const string & *str1*, const string & *str2*) [inline]

Compare two strings. Compares the string str1 to the string str2.

Parameters:

str1 A string to be compared.

str2 A string to be compared.

Returns:

Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the strings. A zero value indicates that both strings are equal. A value greater than zero indicates that the first character that does not match has a greater value in str1 than in str2. A value less than zero indicates the opposite.

Examples:

ex_strcmp.nxc.

8.3.3.910 string strcpy (string & *dest*, const string & *src*) [inline]

Copy string. Copies the string pointed by source into the array pointed by destination, including the terminating null character. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strcpy.nxc.

8.3.3.911 byte StrIndex (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*) [inline]

Extract a character from a string. Return the numeric value of the character in the specified string at the specified index. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The index of the character to retrieve.

Returns:

The numeric value of the character at the specified index.

Examples:

ex_StrIndex.nxc, and ex_string.nxc.

8.3.3.912 int strlen (const string & *str*) [inline]

Get string length. Return the length of the specified string. The length of a string does not include the null terminator at the end of the string.

Parameters:

str A string.

Returns:

The length of the string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrLen.nxc.

8.3.3.913 unsigned int StrLen (string *str*) [inline]

Get string length. Return the length of the specified string. The length of a string does not include the null terminator at the end of the string. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

Returns:

The length of the string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrLenOld.nxc.

8.3.3.914 string strncat (string & *dest*, const string & *src*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Append characters from string. Appends the first num characters of source to destination, plus a terminating null-character. If the length of the string in source is less than num, only the content up to the terminating null-character is copied. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

num The maximum number of characters to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strncat.nxc.

8.3.3.915 int strncmp (const string & *str1*, const string & *str2*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Compare characters of two strings. Compares up to num characters of the string str1 to those of the string str2.

Parameters:

str1 A string to be compared.

str2 A string to be compared.

num The maximum number of characters to be compared.

Returns:

Returns an integral value indicating the relationship between the strings. A zero value indicates that the characters compared in both strings are all equal. A value greater than zero indicates that the first character that does not match has a greater value in str1 than in str2. A value less than zero indicates the opposite.

Examples:

ex_strncmp.nxc.

8.3.3.916 string strncpy (string & *dest*, const string & *src*, unsigned int *num*) [inline]

Copy characters from string. Copies the first num characters of source to destination. The destination string is returned.

Parameters:

dest The destination string.

src The string to be appended.

num The maximum number of characters to be appended.

Returns:

The destination string.

Examples:

ex_strncpy.nxc.

8.3.3.917 string StrReplace (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, string *strnew*) [inline]

Replace a portion of a string. Return a string with the part of the string replaced (starting at the specified index) with the contents of the new string value provided in the third argument. The input string parameters may be variables, constants, or expressions.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The starting point for the replace operation.

strnew The replacement string.

Returns:

The modified string.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrReplace.nxc.

8.3.3.918 void StrToByteArray (string *str*, byte & *data*[ ]) [inline]

Convert a string to a byte array. Convert the specified string to an array of byte by removing the null terminator at the end of the string. The output array variable must be a one-dimensional array of byte.

See also:

ByteArrayToStr, ByteArrayToStrEx

Parameters:

str A string

data A byte array reference which, on output, will contain str without its null terminator.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrToByteArray.nxc.

8.3.3.919 float strtod (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*) [inline]

Convert string to float. Parses the string str interpreting its content as a floating point number and returns its value as a float.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax resembling that of floating point literals, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the string after the last valid character is stored in endptr.

A valid floating point number for atof is formed by a succession of:

- An optional plus or minus sign
- A sequence of digits, optionally containing a decimal-point character
- An optional exponent part, which itself consists on an 'e' or 'E' character followed by an optional sign and a sequence of digits.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid floating-point number as just defined, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a floating-point number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted floating point number as a float value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value (0.0) is returned.

Examples:

ex_strtod.nxc.

8.3.3.920 long strtol (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*, int *base* = 10) [inline]

Convert string to long integer. Parses the C string str interpreting its content as an integral number of the specified base, which is returned as a long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax that depends on the base parameter, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the characters following the integer representation in str is stored in endptr.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of an integral number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

base Optional and ignored if specified.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as a long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Warning:

Only base = 10 is currently supported.

Examples:

ex_strtol.nxc.

8.3.3.921 variant StrToNum (string *str*) `[inline]`

Convert string to number. Return the numeric value specified by the string passed to the function. If the content of the string is not a numeric value then this function returns zero. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str String beginning with the representation of a number.

str A string.

Returns:

A number.

Examples:

ex_string.nxc, and ex_StrToNum.nxc.

8.3.3.922 long strtoul (const string & *str*, string & *endptr*, int *base* = 10) [inline]

Convert string to unsigned long integer. Parses the C string str interpreting its content as an unsigned integral number of the specified base, which is returned as an unsigned long int value.

The function first discards as many whitespace characters as necessary until the first non-whitespace character is found. Then, starting from this character, takes as many characters as possible that are valid following a syntax that depends on the base parameter, and interprets them as a numerical value. A string containing the rest of the characters following the integer representation in str is stored in endptr.

If the first sequence of non-whitespace characters in str does not form a valid integral number, or if no such sequence exists because either str is empty or contains only whitespace characters, no conversion is performed.

Parameters:

str String containing the representation of an unsigned integral number.

endptr Reference to a string, whose value is set by the function to the remaining characters in str after the numerical value.

base Optional and ignored if specified.

Returns:

On success, the function returns the converted integral number as an unsigned long int value. If no valid conversion could be performed a zero value is returned.

Warning:

Only base = 10 is currently supported.

Examples:

ex_strtoul.nxc.

8.3.3.923 string SubStr (string *str*, unsigned int *idx*, unsigned int *len*) [inline]

Extract a portion of a string. Return a sub-string from the specified input string starting at idx and including the specified number of characters. The input string parameter may be a variable, constant, or expression.

Parameters:

str A string.

idx The starting point of the sub-string.

len The length of the sub-string.

Returns:

The sub-string extracted from parameter str.

Examples:

ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_SubStr.nxc.

8.3.3.924 void SysCall (byte *funcID*, variant & *args*) [inline]

Call any system function. This generic macro can be used to call any system function. No type checking is performed so you need to make sure you use the correct structure type given the selected system function ID. This is, however, the fastest possible way to call a system function in NXC.

Valid function ID constants are defined in the System Call function constants group.

Parameters:

funcID The function ID constant corresponding to the function to be called.

args The structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_dispgout.nxc, and ex_syscall.nxc.

8.3.3.925 void SysColorSensorRead (ColorSensorReadType & *args*) [inline]

Read LEGO color sensor. This function lets you read the LEGO color sensor given the parameters you pass in via the ColorSensorReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The ColorSensorReadType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc.

8.3.3.926 void SysCommBTCheckStatus (CommBTCheckStatusType & *args*)

Check Bluetooth connection status. This function lets you check the status of a Bluetooth connection using the values specified via the CommBTCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc.

8.3.3.927 void SysCommBTConnection (CommBTConnectionType & *args*) [inline]

Connect or disconnect a bluetooth device. This function lets you connect or disconnect a bluetooth device using the values specified via the CommBTConnectionType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTConnectionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc.

8.3.3.928 void SysCommBTOnOff (CommBTOnOffType & *args*) [inline]

Turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem. This function lets you turn on or off the bluetooth subsystem using the values specified via the CommBTOnOffType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTOnOffType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc.

8.3.3.929 void SysCommBTWrite (CommBTWriteType & *args*)

Write data to a Bluetooth connection. This function lets you write to a Bluetooth connection using the values specified via the CommBTWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommBTWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc.

8.3.3.930 void SysCommExecuteFunction (CommExecuteFunctionType & *args*) [inline]

Execute any Comm module command. This function lets you directly execute the Comm module's primary function using the values specified via the CommExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommExecuteFunctionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc.

8.3.3.931 void SysCommHSCheckStatus (CommHSCheckStatusType & *args*) [inline]

Check the hi-speed port status. This function lets you check the hi-speed port status using the values specified via the CommHSCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc.

8.3.3.932 void SysCommHSControl (CommHSControlType & *args*) [inline]

Control the hi-speed port. This function lets you control the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSControlType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSControlType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc.

8.3.3.933 void SysCommHSRead (CommHSReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Read from the hi-speed port. This function lets you read from the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc.

8.3.3.934 void SysCommHSWrite (CommHSReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to the hi-speed port. This function lets you write to the hi-speed port using the values specified via the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommHSReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.935 void SysCommLSCheckStatus (CommLSCheckStatusType & *args*) [inline]

Check Lowspeed sensor status. This function lets you check the status of an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor transaction using the values specified via the CommLSCheckStatusType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSCheckStatusType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc.

8.3.3.936 void SysCommLSRead (CommLSReadType & *args*) [inline]

Read from a Lowspeed sensor. This function lets you read from an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlsread.nxc.

8.3.3.937 void SysCommLSWrite (CommLSWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to a Lowspeed sensor. This function lets you write to an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The CommLSWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswrite.nxc.

8.3.3.938 void SysCommLSWriteEx (CommLSWriteExType & *args*) [inline]

Write to a Lowspeed sensor (extra). This function lets you write to an I2C (Lowspeed) sensor using the values specified via the CommLSWriteExType structure. This is the

same as the SysCommLSWrite function except that you also can specify whether or not the Lowspeed module should issue a restart command to the I2C device before beginning to read data from the device.

Parameters:

args The CommLSWriteExType structure containing the desired parameters.

Examples:

ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc.

8.3.3.939 void SysComputeCalibValue (ComputeCalibValueType & *args*) [inline]

Compute calibration values. This function lets you compute calibration values using the values specified via the ComputeCalibValueType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The ComputeCalibValueType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc.

8.3.3.940 void SysDatalogGetTimes (DatalogGetTimesType & *args*) [inline]

Get datalog times. This function lets you get datalog times using the values specified via the DatalogGetTimesType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The DatalogGetTimesType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc.

8.3.3.941 void SysDatalogWrite (DatalogWriteType & *args*) `[inline]`

Write to the datalog. This function lets you write to the datalog using the values specified via the DatalogWriteType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The DatalogWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc.

8.3.3.942 void SysDisplayExecuteFunction (DisplayExecuteFunctionType & *args*) `[inline]`

Execute any Display module command. This function lets you directly execute the Display module's primary drawing function using the values specified via the DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_dispfunc.nxc, and ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc.

8.3.3.943 void SysDrawCircle (DrawCircleType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a circle. This function lets you draw a circle on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawCircleType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawCircleType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc.

8.3.3.944 void SysDrawEllipse (DrawEllipseType & *args*) [inline]

Draw an ellipse. This function lets you draw an ellipse on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawEllipseType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawEllipseType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc.

8.3.3.945 void SysDrawFont (DrawFontType & *args*) [inline]

Draw text using a custom font. This function lets you draw text on the NXT LCD using a custom font with parameters you pass in via the DrawFontType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawFontType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_dispftout.nxc, and ex_sysdrawfont.nxc.

8.3.3.946 void SysDrawGraphic (DrawGraphicType & *args*) `[inline]`

Draw a graphic (RIC file). This function lets you draw a graphic image (RIC file) on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawGraphicType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawGraphicType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc.

8.3.3.947 void SysDrawGraphicArray (DrawGraphicArrayType & *args*) `[inline]`

Draw a graphic image from a byte array. This function lets you draw a graphic image on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawGraphicArrayType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawGraphicArrayType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc.

8.3.3.948 void SysDrawLine (DrawLineType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a line. This function lets you draw a line on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawLineType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawLineType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawline.nxc.

8.3.3.949 void SysDrawPoint (DrawPointType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a point. This function lets you draw a pixel on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawPointType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawPointType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc.

8.3.3.950 void SysDrawPolygon (DrawPolygonType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a polygon. This function lets you draw a polygon on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawPolygonType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawPolygonType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc.

8.3.3.951 void SysDrawRect (DrawRectType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a rectangle. This function lets you draw a rectangle on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawRectType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawRectType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawrect.nxc.

8.3.3.952 void SysDrawText (DrawTextType & *args*) [inline]

Draw text. This function lets you draw text on the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawTextType structure.

Parameters:

args The DrawTextType structure containing the drawing parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysdrawtext.nxc.

8.3.3.953 void SysFileClose (FileCloseType & *args*) [inline]

Close file handle. This function lets you close a file using the values specified via the FileCloseType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileCloseType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileclose.nxc.

8.3.3.954 void SysFileDelete (FileDeleteType & *args*) [inline]

Delete file. This function lets you delete a file using the values specified via the FileDeleteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileDeleteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfiledelete.nxc.

8.3.3.955 void SysFileFindFirst (FileFindType & *args*) [inline]

Start finding files. This function lets you begin iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

args The FileFindType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc.

8.3.3.956 void SysFileFindNext (FileFindType & *args*) [inline]

Continue finding files. This function lets you continue iterating through files stored on the NXT.

Parameters:

args The FileFindType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc.

8.3.3.957 void SysFileOpenAppend (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open file for writing at end of file. This function lets you open an existing file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The available length remaining in the file is returned via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc.

8.3.3.958 void SysFileOpenRead (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open file for reading. This function lets you open an existing file for reading using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The number of bytes that can be read from the file is returned via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenread.nxc.

8.3.3.959 void SysFileOpenReadLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open linear file for reading. This function lets you open an existing linear file for reading using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc.

8.3.3.960 void SysFileOpenWrite (FileOpenType & *args*) `[inline]`

Open and create file for writing. This function lets you create a file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

The desired maximum file capacity in bytes is specified via the Length member.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc.

8.3.3.961 void SysFileOpenWriteLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) `[inline]`

Open and create linear file for writing. This function lets you create a linear file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc.

8.3.3.962 void SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear (FileOpenType & *args*) [inline]

Open and create non-linear file for writing. This function lets you create a non-linear linear file that you can write to using the values specified via the FileOpenType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileOpenType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc.

8.3.3.963 void SysFileRead (FileReadWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Read from file. This function lets you read from a file using the values specified via the FileReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileread.nxc.

8.3.3.964 void SysFileRename (FileRenameType & *args*) [inline]

Rename file. This function lets you rename a file using the values specified via the FileRenameType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileRenameType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfilerename.nxc.

8.3.3.965 void SysFileResize (FileResizeType & *args*) [inline]

Resize a file. This function lets you resize a file using the values specified via the FileResizeType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileResizeType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware. It has not yet been implemented at the firmware level.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresize.nxc.

8.3.3.966 void SysFileResolveHandle (FileResolveHandleType & *args*) [inline]

File resolve handle. This function lets you resolve the handle of a file using the values specified via the FileResolveHandleType structure. This will find a previously opened file handle.

Parameters:

args The FileResolveHandleType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc.

8.3.3.967 void SysFileSeek (FileSeekType & *args*) [inline]

Seek to file position. This function lets you seek to a specific file position using the values specified via the FileSeekType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileSeekType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysfileseek.nxc.

8.3.3.968 void SysFileTell (FileTellType & *args*) `[inline]`

Return the file position. This function returns the current file position in the open file specified via the FileTellType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileTellType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

8.3.3.969 void SysFileWrite (FileReadWriteType & *args*) `[inline]`

File write. This function lets you write to a file using the values specified via the FileReadWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The FileReadWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysfilewrite.nxc.

8.3.3.970 void SysGetStartTick (GetStartTickType & *args*) [inline]

Get start tick. This function lets you obtain the tick value at the time your program began executing via the GetStartTickType structure.

Parameters:

args The GetStartTickType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_sysgetstarttick.nxc.

8.3.3.971 void SysIOMapRead (IOMapReadType & *args*) [inline]

Read from IOMap by name. This function lets you read data from a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The IOMapReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapread.nxc.

8.3.3.972 void SysIOMapReadByID (IOMapReadByIDType & *args*) [inline]

Read from IOMap by identifier. This function lets you read data from a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapReadByIDType structure. This function can be as much as three times faster than using SysIOMapRead since it does not have to do a string lookup using the ModuleName.

Parameters:

args The IOMapReadByIDType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc.

8.3.3.973 void SysIOMapWrite (IOMapWriteType & *args*) [inline]

Write to IOMap by name. This function lets you write data to a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The IOMapWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc.

8.3.3.974 void SysIOMapWriteByID (IOMapWriteByIDType & *args*) [inline]

Write to IOMap by identifier. This function lets you write data to a firmware module's IOMap using the values specified via the IOMapWriteByIDType structure. This function can be as much as three times faster than using SysIOMapWrite since it does not have to do a string lookup using the ModuleName.

Parameters:

args The IOMapWriteByIDType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_reladdressof.nxc, and ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc.

8.3.3.975 void SysKeepAlive (KeepAliveType & *args*) [inline]

Keep alive. This function lets you reset the sleep timer via the KeepAliveType structure.

Parameters:

args The KeepAliveType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_syskeepalive.nxc.

8.3.3.976 void SysListFiles (ListFilesType & *args*) [inline]

List files. This function lets you retrieve a list of files on the NXT using the values specified via the ListFilesType structure.

Parameters:

args The ListFilesType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syslistfiles.nxc.

8.3.3.977 void SysLoaderExecuteFunction (LoaderExecuteFunctionType & *args*) [inline]

Execute any Loader module command. This function lets you directly execute the Loader module's primary function using the values specified via the LoaderExecuteFunctionType structure.

Parameters:

args The LoaderExecuteFunctionType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the extended firmware.

Examples:

ex_sysloaderexecutefunction.nxc.

8.3.3.978 void SysMemoryManager (MemoryManagerType & *args*) [inline]

Read memory information. This function lets you read memory information using the values specified via the MemoryManagerType structure.

Parameters:

args The MemoryManagerType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.28+.

Examples:

ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc.

8.3.3.979 void SysMessageRead (MessageReadType & *args*)

Read message. This function lets you read a message from a queue (aka mailbox) using the values specified via the MessageReadType structure.

Parameters:

args The MessageReadType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysmessageread.nxc.

8.3.3.980 void SysMessageWrite (MessageWriteType & *args*)

Write message. This function lets you write a message to a queue (aka mailbox) using the values specified via the MessageWriteType structure.

Parameters:

args The MessageWriteType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc.

8.3.3.981 void SysRandomNumber (RandomNumberType & *args*) [inline]

Draw a random number. This function lets you obtain a random number via the RandomNumberType structure.

Parameters:

args The RandomNumberType structure receiving results.

Examples:

ex_sysrandomnumber.nxc.

8.3.3.982 void SysReadButton (ReadButtonType & *args*) [inline]

Read button. This function lets you read button state information via the ReadButtonType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadButtonType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_sysreadbutton.nxc.

8.3.3.983 void SysReadLastResponse (ReadLastResponseType & *args*) [inline]

Read last response information. This function lets you read the last system or direct command response received by the NXT using the values specified via the ReadLastResponseType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadLastResponseType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware version 1.31+.

Examples:

ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc.

8.3.3.984 void SysReadSemData (ReadSemDataType & *args*) [inline]

Read semaphore data. This function lets you read global motor semaphore data using the values specified via the ReadSemDataType structure.

Parameters:

args The ReadSemDataType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysReadSemData.nxc.

8.3.3.985 void SysSetScreenMode (SetScreenModeType & *args*) [inline]

Set the screen mode. This function lets you set the screen mode of the NXT LCD given the parameters you pass in via the DrawTextType structure.

Parameters:

args The SetScreenModeType structure containing the screen mode parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssetscreenmode.nxc.

8.3.3.986 void SysSetSleepTimeout (SetSleepTimeoutType & *args*) [inline]

Set system sleep timeout. This function lets you set the system sleep timeout value given the parameters you pass in via the SetSleepTimeoutType structure.

Parameters:

args The SetSleepTimeoutType structure containing the required parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc.

8.3.3.987 void SysSoundGetState (SoundGetStateType & *args*) `[inline]`

Get sound state. This function lets you retrieve information about the sound module state via the SoundGetStateType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundGetStateType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc.

8.3.3.988 void SysSoundPlayFile (SoundPlayFileType & *args*) `[inline]`

Play sound file. This function lets you play a sound file given the parameters you pass in via the SoundPlayFileType structure. The sound file can either be an RSO file containing PCM or compressed ADPCM samples or it can be an NXT melody (RMD) file containing frequency and duration values.

Parameters:

args The SoundPlayFileType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc.

8.3.3.989 void SysSoundPlayTone (SoundPlayToneType & *args*) [inline]

Play tone. This function lets you play a tone given the parameters you pass in via the SoundPlayToneType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundPlayToneType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc.

8.3.3.990 void SysSoundSetState (SoundSetStateType & *args*) [inline]

Set sound state. This function lets you set sound module state settings via the SoundSetStateType structure.

Parameters:

args The SoundSetStateType structure containing the needed parameters.

Examples:

ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc.

8.3.3.991 void SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo (UpdateCalibCacheInfoType & *args*) [inline]

Update calibration cache information. This function lets you update calibration cache information using the values specified via the UpdateCalibCacheInfoType structure.

Todo

figure out what this function is intended for

Parameters:

args The UpdateCalibCacheInfoType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc.

8.3.3.992 void SysWriteSemData (WriteSemDataType & *args*) [inline]

Write semaphore data. This function lets you write global motor semaphore data using the values specified via the WriteSemDataType structure.

Parameters:

args The WriteSemDataType structure containing the needed parameters.

Warning:

This function requires an NXT 2.0 compatible firmware.

Examples:

ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc.

8.3.3.993 float tan (float *x*) [inline]

Compute tangent. Computes the tangent of an angle of x radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in radians.

Returns:

Tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tan.nxc.

8.3.3.994 float tand (float *x*) [inline]

Compute tangent (degrees). Computes the tangent of an angle of x degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value representing an angle expressed in degrees.

Returns:

Tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tand.nxc.

8.3.3.995 float tanh (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic tangent. Computes the hyperbolic tangent of x, expressed in radians.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_tanh.nxc.

8.3.3.996 float tanhd (float *x*) [inline]

Compute hyperbolic tangent (degrees). Computes the hyperbolic tangent of x, expressed in degrees.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Hyperbolic tangent of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

8.3.3.997 char TextOut (int *x*, int *y*, string *str*, unsigned long *options* = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL) [inline]

Draw text. Draw a text value on the screen at the specified x and y location. The y value must be a multiple of 8. Valid line number constants are listed in the Line number constants group. Optionally specify drawing options. If this argument is not specified it defaults to DRAW_OPT_NORMAL. Valid display option constants are listed in the Drawing option constants group.

See also:

SysDrawText, DrawTextType

Parameters:

x The x value for the start of the text output.

y The text line number for the text output.

str The text to output to the LCD screen.

options The optional drawing options.

Returns:

The result of the drawing operation.

Examples:

ex_acos.nxc, ex_acosd.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_asin.nxc, ex_asind.nxc, ex_atan.nxc, ex_atan2.nxc, ex_atan2d.nxc, ex_atand.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_i2cvendorid.nxc, ex_i2cversion.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_SetLongAbort.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc, ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc, ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc, ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc, ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc, ex_sysfileread.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmessageread.nxc, ex_tan.nxc, ex_tand.nxc, ex_TextOut.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.998 int tolower (int *c*) `[inline]`

Convert uppercase letter to lowercase. Converts parameter c to its lowercase equivalent if c is an uppercase letter and has a lowercase equivalent. If no such conversion is possible, the value returned is c unchanged.

Parameters:

c Uppercase letter character to be converted.

Returns:

The lowercase equivalent to c, if such value exists, or c (unchanged) otherwise..

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_tolower.nxc.

8.3.3.999 int toupper (int *c*) `[inline]`

Convert lowercase letter to uppercase. Converts parameter c to its uppercase equivalent if c is a lowercase letter and has an uppercase equivalent. If no such conversion is possible, the value returned is c unchanged.

Parameters:

c Lowercase letter character to be converted.

Returns:

The uppercase equivalent to c, if such value exists, or c (unchanged) otherwise..

Examples:

ex_ctype.nxc, and ex_toupper.nxc.

8.3.3.1000 long trunc (float *x*) `[inline]`

Compute integral part. Computes the integral part of x.

Parameters:

x Floating point value.

Returns:

Integral part of x.

Warning:

This function requires the enhanced NBC/NXC firmware.

Examples:

ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, and ex_trunc.nxc.

8.3.3.1001 byte UIButton (void) `[inline]`

Read UI button. Return user interface button information.

Returns:

A UI button value. See UIButton constants.

Examples:

ex_UIButton.nxc.

8.3.3.1002 byte UIState (void) [inline]

Get UI module state. Return the user interface state.

Returns:

The UI module state. See UIState constants.

Examples:

ex_UIState.nxc.

8.3.3.1003 int UnflattenVar (string *str*, variant & *x*) [inline]

Unflatten a string into a data type. Convert a string containing the byte representation of the specified variable back into the original variable type.

See also:

FlattenVar, Flatten

Parameters:

str A string containing flattened data.

x A variable reference where the unflattened data is stored.

Returns:

A boolean value indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

Examples:

ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_string.nxc, and ex_UnflattenVar.nxc.

8.3.3.1004 byte USBInputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port input buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port input buffer.

Returns:

The USB port input buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBInputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.1005 byte USBInputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port input buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port input buffer.

Returns:

The USB port input buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.1006 byte USBOutputBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port output buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port output buffer.

Returns:

The USB port output buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.1007 byte USBOutputBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port output buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port output buffer.

Returns:

The USB port output buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.1008 byte USBPollBufferInPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port poll buffer in-pointer. This method returns the value of the input pointer of the usb port poll buffer.

Returns:

The USB port poll buffer's in-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBPollBufferInPtr.nxc.

8.3.3.1009 byte USBPollBufferOutPtr (void) [inline]

Get usb port poll buffer out-pointer. This method returns the value of the output pointer of the usb port poll buffer.

Returns:

The USB port poll buffer's out-pointer value.

Examples:

ex_USBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc, and ex_UsbState.nxc.

8.3.3.1010 byte UsbState (void) [inline]

Get UI module USB state. This method returns the UI module USB state.

Returns:

The UI module USB state. (0=disconnected, 1=connected, 2=working)

Examples:

ex_UiUsbState.nxc.

8.3.3.1011 byte USBState (void) [inline]

Get USB state. This method returns the value of the USB state.

Returns:

The USB state.

8.3.3.1012 void UseRS485 (void) [inline]

Use the RS485 port. Configure port 4 for RS485 usage.

Examples:

ex_RS485Receive.nxc, and ex_RS485Send.nxc.

8.3.3.1013 byte VMRunState (void) [inline]

Read VM run state. Return VM run state information.

Returns:

VM run state. See VM run state constants.

Examples:

ex_VMRunState.nxc.

8.3.3.1014 byte Volume (void) [inline]

Read volume. Return the user interface volume level. Valid values are from 0 to 4.

Returns:

The UI module volume. (0..4)

Examples:

ex_Volume.nxc.

8.3.3.1015 void Wait (unsigned long *ms*) [inline]

Wait some milliseconds. Make a task sleep for specified amount of time (in 1000ths of a second).

Parameters:

ms The number of milliseconds to sleep.

Examples:

alternating_tasks.nxc, ex_addressof.nxc, ex_addressofex.nxc, ex_ArrayMax.nxc, ex_ArrayMean.nxc, ex_ArrayMin.nxc, ex_ArrayOp.nxc, ex_ArraySort.nxc, ex_ArrayStd.nxc, ex_ArraySum.nxc, ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc, ex_atof.nxc, ex_atoi.nxc, ex_atol.nxc, ex_CircleOut.nxc, ex_clearline.nxc, ex_ClearScreen.nxc, ex_contrast.nxc, ex_copy.nxc, ex_ctype.nxc, ex_DataMode.nxc, ex_delete_data_file.nxc, ex_dispftout.nxc, ex_dispfunc.nxc, ex_dispgaout.nxc, ex_dispgout.nxc, ex_dispgoutex.nxc, ex_displayfont.nxc, ex_dispmisc.nxc, ex_div.nxc, ex_file_system.nxc, ex_findfirstfile.nxc, ex_findnextfile.nxc, ex_FlattenVar.nxc, ex_getchar.nxc, ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc, ex_HTGyroTest.nxc, ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc, ex_isnan.nxc, ex_labs.nxc, ex_ldiv.nxc, ex_leftstr.nxc, ex_LineOut.nxc, ex_memcmp.nxc, ex_midstr.nxc, ex_NXTHID.nxc, ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc, ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc, ex_NXTServo.nxc, ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc, ex_PFMate.nxc, ex_playsound.nxc, ex_playtones.nxc, ex_PolyOut.nxc, ex_PosReg.nxc, ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_reladdressof.nxc, ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc, ex_rightstr.nxc, ex_RS485Receive.nxc, ex_RS485Send.nxc, ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc, ex_setdisplayfont.nxc, ex_sin_cos.nxc, ex_sind_cosd.nxc, ex_StrCatOld.nxc, ex_StrIndex.nxc, ex_string.nxc, ex_StrLenOld.nxc, ex_StrReplace.nxc, ex_strtod.nxc, ex_strtol.nxc, ex_strtoul.nxc, ex_SubStr.nxc, ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc, ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc, ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc, ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc, ex_sysdrawfont.nxc, ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc, ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc, ex_syslistfiles.nxc, ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc, ex_UnflattenVar.nxc, ex_wait.nxc, ex_yield.nxc, glBoxDemo.nxc, glScaleDemo.nxc, util_battery_1.nxc, util_battery_2.nxc, and util_rpm.nxc.

8.3.3.1016 unsigned int Write (byte *handle*, const variant & *value*) [inline]

Write value to file. Write a value to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must be a constant, a constant expression, or a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data written.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The value to write to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_file_system.nxc, and ex_Write.nxc.

8.3.3.1017 unsigned int WriteBytes (byte *handle*, const byte & *buf*[ ], unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write bytes to file. Write the contents of the data array to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The cnt parameter must be a variable. The data parameter must be a byte array. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

buf The byte array or string containing the data to write.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteBytes.nxc.

8.3.3.1018 unsigned int WriteBytesEx (byte *handle*, unsigned int & *len*, const byte & *buf*[ ]) [inline]

Write bytes to a file with limit. Write the specified number of bytes to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The len parameter must be a variable. The buf parameter must be a byte array or a string variable or string constant. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the len parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

len The maximum number of bytes to write on input. Returns the actual number of bytes written.

buf The byte array or string containing the data to write.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteBytesEx.nxc.

8.3.3.1019 char WriteI2CRegister (byte *port*, byte *i2caddr*, byte *reg*, byte *val*) [inline]

Write I2C register. Write a single byte to an I2C device register.

Parameters:

port The port to which the I2C device is attached. See the Input port constants group. You may use a constant or a variable.

i2caddr The I2C device address.

reg The I2C device register to which to write a single byte.

val The byte to write to the I2C device.

Returns:

A status code indicating whether the write completed successfully or not. See CommLSCheckStatusType for possible result values.

Examples:

ex_writei2cregister.nxc.

8.3.3.1020 unsigned int WriteLn (byte *handle*, const variant & *value*) [inline]

Write a value and new line to a file. Write a value to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The value parameter must

be a constant, a constant expression, or a variable. The type of the value parameter determines the number of bytes of data written. This function also writes a carriage return and a line feed to the file following the numeric data.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

value The value to write to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteLn.nxc.

8.3.3.1021 unsigned int WriteLnString (byte *handle*, const string & *str*, unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write string and new line to a file. Write the string to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The count parameter must be a variable. The str parameter must be a string variable or string constant. This function also writes a carriage return and a line feed to the file following the string data. The total number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

str The string to write to the file.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteLnString.nxc.

8.3.3.1022 char WriteNRLinkBytes (const byte *port*, const byte *i2caddr*, const byte *data*[ ]) [inline]

Write data to NRLink. Write data to the mindsensors NRLink device on the specified port. The port must be configured as a Lowspeed port before using this function.

Parameters:

port The sensor port. See Input port constants.

i2caddr The sensor I2C address. See sensor documentation for this value.

data A byte array containing the data to write.

Returns:

The function call result.

Examples:

ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc.

8.3.3.1023 unsigned int WriteString (byte *handle*, const string & *str*, unsigned int & *cnt*) [inline]

Write string to a file. Write the string to the file associated with the specified handle. The handle parameter must be a variable. The count parameter must be a variable. The str parameter must be a string variable or string constant. The actual number of bytes written is returned in the cnt parameter.

Parameters:

handle The file handle.

str The string to write to the file.

cnt The number of bytes actually written to the file.

Returns:

The function call result. See Loader module error codes.

Examples:

ex_WriteString.nxc.

8.3.3.1024 void Yield () [inline]

Yield to another task. Make a task yield to another concurrently running task.

Examples:

ex_yield.nxc.

9 Example Documentation

9.1 alternating_tasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ExitTo function.

```
// When run, this program alternates between task A and task B until halted
// by pressing the gray button.

task B();

void beep(const int tone)
{
   PlayTone(tone, MS_500);
   Wait(SEC_1);
}

task A()
{
   beep(TONE_C4);
   ExitTo(B);
}

task B()
{
   beep(TONE_C6);
   ExitTo(A);
}

task main()
{
   // ExitTo(B) would work as well here.
   Precedes(B);
}
```

9.2 ex_abort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the abort function.

```
abort(); // stop the program
```

9.3 ex_AbortFlag.nxc

This is an example of how to use the AbortFlag function.

```
byte af = AbortFlag();
```

9.4 ex_abs.nxc

This is an example of how to use the abs function.

```
float val = abs(x); // return the absolute value of x
```

9.5 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateX.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateX function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateX(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.6 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateXEnd(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.7 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateY.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateY function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateY(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.8 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateYEnd(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.9 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZ.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateZ function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateZ(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.10 ex_ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd function.

```
result = ACCLNxCalibrateZEnd(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.11 ex_ACCLNxResetCalibration.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxResetCalibration function.

```
result = ACCLNxResetCalibration(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.12 ex_ACCLNxSensitivity.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxSensitivity function.

```
result = ACCLNxSensitivity(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.13 ex_ACCLNxXOffset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxXOffset function.

```
result = ACCLNxXOffset(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.14 ex_ACCLNxXRange.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxXRange function.

```
result = ACCLNxXRange(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.15 ex_ACCLNxYOffset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxYOffset function.

```
result = ACCLNxYOffset(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.16 ex_ACCLNxYRange.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxYRange function.

```
result = ACCLNxYRange(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.17 ex_ACCLNxZOffset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxZOffset function.

```
result = ACCLNxZOffset(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.18 ex_ACCLNxZRange.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ACCLNxZRange function.

```
result = ACCLNxZRange(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX);
```

9.19 ex_acos.nxc

This is an example of how to use the acos function.

```
// ex_acos.nxc
// Display values of the acos API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define MIN_VAL -1.0
#define MID_VAL 0.0
#define MAX_VAL 1.0
#define INVALID 2.0

inline void show_acos(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%7.4f RAD", acos(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_acos(MIN_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows 3.1416 RAD
   show_acos(MID_VAL, LCD_LINE2); // shows 1.5708 RAD
   show_acos(MAX_VAL, LCD_LINE3); // shows 0.0000 RAD
   // An invalid value returns not-a-number (nan).
   show_acos(INVALID, LCD_LINE4); // shows   -nan RAD
   while (true);
}
```

9.20 ex_acosd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the acosd function.

```
// ex_acosd.nxc
// Display values of the acosd API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
```

```
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define MIN_VAL -1.0
#define MID_VAL 0.0
#define MAX_VAL 1.0
#define INVALID 2.0

inline void show_acos(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%6.2f DEG", acosd(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_acos(MIN_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows 180.00 DEG
   show_acos(MID_VAL, LCD_LINE2); // shows  90.00 DEG
   show_acos(MAX_VAL, LCD_LINE3); // shows   0.00 DEG
   // An invalid value returns not-a-number (nan).
   show_acos(INVALID, LCD_LINE4); // shows   -nan DEG
   while (true);
}
```

9.21 ex_Acquire.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Acquire function.

```
mutex motorMutex;
// ...
Acquire(motorMutex); // make sure we have exclusive access
// use the motors
Release(motorMutex);
```

9.22 ex_addressof.nxc

This is an example of how to use the addressOf function.

```
const byte NewFont[] =
{
  0x04,0x00, // Graphics Format
  0x02,0x40, // Graphics DataSize
  0x10,      // Graphics Count X
  0x06,      // Graphics Count Y
  0x06,      // Graphics Width
  0x08,      // Graphics Height
  0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x06,0x5F,0x06,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x07
      ,0x03,0x00,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x00,0x24,0x2B,0x6A,0x12,0x00,0x00,0x63,0x13,
      0x08,0x64,0x63,0x00,0x30,0x4C,0x52,0x22,0x50,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0
      x00,0x3E,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x1C,0x3E,0x
      08,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x3E,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x80,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x0
      8,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x00,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x10,0x08,0x04,0x02,0x00,
  0x3E,0x51,0x49,0x45,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x42,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x62,0x51,0x49,0x49
```

```
      ,0x46,0x00,0x22,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x18,0x14,0x12,0x7F,0x10,0x00,0x2F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x31,0x00,0x3C,0x4A,0x49,0x49,0x30,0x00,0x01,0x71,0x09,0x05,0x03,0x00,0
      x36,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x06,0x49,0x49,0x29,0x1E,0x00,0x00,0x6C,0x6C,0x00,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0xEC,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x24,0x24,0x2
      4,0x24,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x22,0x14,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x59,0x09,0x06,0x00,
  0x3E,0x41,0x5D,0x55,0x1E,0x00,0x7E,0x11,0x11,0x11,0x7E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,0x49,0x49
      ,0x36,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x22,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x01,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x49,0x49,0x7A,0x00,0
      x7F,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x7F,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x30,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x
      3F,0x00,0x7F,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x0
      4,0x02,0x7F,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,
  0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x06,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x51,0x21,0x5E,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x19
      ,0x66,0x00,0x26,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x32,0x00,0x01,0x01,0x7F,0x01,0x01,0x00,0x3F,0x40,
      0x40,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0x1F,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1F,0x00,0x3F,0x40,0x3C,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0
      x63,0x14,0x08,0x14,0x63,0x00,0x07,0x08,0x70,0x08,0x07,0x00,0x71,0x49,0x45,0x43,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x04,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x04,0x00,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x00,
  0x00,0x02,0x05,0x02,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x78,0x00,0x7F,0x44,0x44,0x44
      ,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x28,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x7F,0x00,0x38,0x54,
      0x54,0x54,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x7E,0x09,0x09,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x24,0xA4,0xA4,0xFC,0x00,0
      x7F,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7D,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x40,0x80,0x84,0x7D,0x
      00,0x00,0x7F,0x10,0x28,0x44,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x1
      8,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,
  0xFC,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0xFC,0x00,0x44,0x78,0x44,0x04
      ,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x20,0x00,0x04,0x3E,0x44,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x3C,0x40,
      0x20,0x7C,0x00,0x00,0x1C,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1C,0x00,0x3C,0x60,0x30,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0
      x6C,0x10,0x10,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x9C,0xA0,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0x00,0x64,0x54,0x54,0x4C,0x
      00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x77,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x3E,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x01,0x00,0x00,0x10,0x20,0x40,0x38,0x07,0x00
};

task main()
{
  unsigned long ptr, pOldFont;
  ptr = addressOf(NewFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%x", ptr));
  pOldFont = DisplayFont();
  SetDisplayFont(ptr);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  SetDisplayFont(pOldFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.23 ex_addressofex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the addressOfEx function.

```
const byte NewFont[] =
{
  0x04,0x00, // Graphics Format
  0x02,0x40, // Graphics DataSize
  0x10,      // Graphics Count X
  0x06,      // Graphics Count Y
  0x06,      // Graphics Width
```

```
  0x08,      // Graphics Height
  0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x06,0x5F,0x06,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x07
      ,0x03,0x00,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x00,0x24,0x2B,0x6A,0x12,0x00,0x00,0x63,0x13,
      0x08,0x64,0x63,0x00,0x30,0x4C,0x52,0x22,0x50,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0
      x00,0x3E,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x1C,0x3E,0x
      08,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x3E,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x80,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x0
      8,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x00,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x10,0x08,0x04,0x02,0x00,
  0x3E,0x51,0x49,0x45,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x42,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x62,0x51,0x49,0x49
      ,0x46,0x00,0x22,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x18,0x14,0x12,0x7F,0x10,0x00,0x2F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x31,0x00,0x3C,0x4A,0x49,0x49,0x30,0x00,0x01,0x71,0x09,0x05,0x03,0x00,0
      x36,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x06,0x49,0x49,0x29,0x1E,0x00,0x00,0x6C,0x6C,0x00,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0xEC,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x24,0x24,0x2
      4,0x24,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x22,0x14,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x59,0x09,0x06,0x00,
  0x3E,0x41,0x5D,0x55,0x1E,0x00,0x7E,0x11,0x11,0x11,0x7E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,0x49,0x49
      ,0x36,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x22,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x01,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x49,0x49,0x7A,0x00,0
      x7F,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x7F,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x30,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x
      3F,0x00,0x7F,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x0
      4,0x02,0x7F,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,
  0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x06,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x51,0x21,0x5E,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x19
      ,0x66,0x00,0x26,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x32,0x00,0x01,0x01,0x7F,0x01,0x01,0x00,0x3F,0x40,
      0x40,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0x1F,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1F,0x00,0x3F,0x40,0x3C,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0
      x63,0x14,0x08,0x14,0x63,0x00,0x07,0x08,0x70,0x08,0x07,0x00,0x71,0x49,0x45,0x43,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x04,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x04,0x00,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x00,
  0x00,0x02,0x05,0x02,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x78,0x00,0x7F,0x44,0x44,0x44
      ,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x28,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x7F,0x00,0x38,0x54,
      0x54,0x54,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x7E,0x09,0x09,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x24,0xA4,0xA4,0xFC,0x00,0
      x7F,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7D,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x40,0x80,0x84,0x7D,0x
      00,0x00,0x7F,0x10,0x28,0x44,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x1
      8,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,
  0xFC,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0xFC,0x00,0x44,0x78,0x44,0x04
      ,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x20,0x00,0x04,0x3E,0x44,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x3C,0x40,
      0x20,0x7C,0x00,0x00,0x1C,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1C,0x00,0x3C,0x60,0x30,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0
      x6C,0x10,0x10,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x9C,0xA0,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0x00,0x64,0x54,0x54,0x4C,0x
      00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x77,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x3E,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x01,0x00,0x00,0x10,0x20,0x40,0x38,0x07,0x00
};

task main()
{
  unsigned long ptr, pOldFont;
  ptr = addressOfEx(NewFont, false);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%x", ptr));
  pOldFont = DisplayFont();
  SetDisplayFont(ptr);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  SetDisplayFont(pOldFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.24 ex_ArrayBuild.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayBuild function.

```
task main()
{
  byte myArray[];
  byte src1 = 0x45, src2 = 0x1f, srcN = 0x7a;

  ArrayBuild(myArray, src1, src2, srcN);
  // myArray = {0x45, 0x1f, 0x7a};

  int abSample[];
  int s1[] = {0, 1, 2, 3};
  int s2 = 4, s3 = 5, s4 = 6, sN[] = {7, 8};
  ArrayBuild(abSample, s1, s2, s3, s4, sN);
  // abSample = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, myArray[2]);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, abSample[1]);

}
```

9.25 ex_ArrayInit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayInit function.

```
ArrayInit(myArray, 0, 10); // 10 elements == zero
```

9.26 ex_ArrayLen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayLen function.

```
x = ArrayLen(myArray);
```

9.27 ex_ArrayMax.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayMax function.

```
task main()
{
  int data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = Random();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Max value = ");
  int x = ArrayMax(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.28 ex_ArrayMean.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayMean function.

```
task main()
{
  int data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Mean value = ");
  int x = ArrayMean(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.29 ex_ArrayMin.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayMin function.

```
task main()
{
  int data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Min value = ");
  int x = ArrayMin(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.30 ex_ArrayOp.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayOp function.

```
task main()
{
  int data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Max value = ");
  int x;
  ArrayOp(OPARR_MAX, x, data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.31 ex_ArraySort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArraySort function.

```
task main()
{
  int data[40];
  int tmp[];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  ArraySort(tmp, data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Min value = ");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, tmp[0]);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "Max value = ");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, tmp[39]);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE5, "Min value = ");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, ArrayMin(data, NA, NA));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, "Max value = ");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, ArrayMax(data, NA, NA));
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.32 ex_ArrayStd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArrayStd function.

```
task main()
{
  long data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "StdDev values = ");
  long x = ArrayStd(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.33 ex_ArraySubset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArraySubset function.

```
// copy 5 elements starting with the 3rd element, i.e., srcArray[2]
ArraySubset(myArray, srcArray, 2, 5);
```

9.34 ex_ArraySum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArraySum function.

```
task main()
{
  long data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
```

```
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Sum of values = ");
  long x = ArraySum(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.35 ex_ArraySumSqr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ArraySumSqr function.

```
task main()
{
  long data[40];
  for (int i = 0; i < 40; i++)
    data[i] = rand();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "SumSqr values = ");
  long x = ArraySumSqr(data, NA, NA); // start at 0 and go to length(data);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, x);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.36 ex_asin.nxc

This is an example of how to use the asin function.

```
// ex_asin.nxc
// Display values of the asin API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define MIN_VAL -1.0
#define MID_VAL 0.0
#define MAX_VAL 1.0
#define INVALID 2.0

inline void show_asin(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%7.4f RAD", asin(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_asin(MIN_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows -1.5708 RAD
   show_asin(MID_VAL, LCD_LINE2); // shows  0.0000 RAD
   show_asin(MAX_VAL, LCD_LINE3); // shows  1.5708 RAD
   // An invalid value returns not-a-number (nan).
   show_asin(INVALID, LCD_LINE4); // shows   -nan RAD
   while (true);
}
```

9.37 ex_asind.nxc

This is an example of how to use the asind function.

```
// ex_asind.nxc
// Display values of the asind API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define MIN_VAL -1.0
#define MID_VAL 0.0
#define MAX_VAL 1.0
#define INVALID 2.0

inline void show_asin(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%6.2f DEG", asind(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_asin(MIN_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows -90.00 DEG
   show_asin(MID_VAL, LCD_LINE2); // shows   0.00 DEG
   show_asin(MAX_VAL, LCD_LINE3); // shows  90.00 DEG
   // An invalid value returns not-a-number (nan).
   show_asin(INVALID, LCD_LINE4); // shows   -nan DEG
   while (true);
}
```

9.38 ex_atan.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atan function.

```
// ex_atan.nxc
// Display values of the atan API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define BIG_NEG_VAL -1000.0
#define NEG_VAL -1.0
#define POS_VAL 1.0
#define BIG_POS_VAL 1000.0

inline void show_atan(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%7.4f RAD", atan(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_atan(BIG_NEG_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows -1.5698 RAD
   show_atan(NEG_VAL, LCD_LINE2);     // shows -0.7854 RAD
   show_atan(0.0, LCD_LINE3);         // shows  0.0000 RAD
   show_atan(POS_VAL, LCD_LINE4);     // shows  0.7854 RAD
```

```
   show_atan(BIG_POS_VAL, LCD_LINE5); // shows  1.5698 RAD
   while (true);
}
```

9.39 ex_atan2.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atan2 function.

```
// ex_atan2.nxc
// Display values of the atan2 API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

// The following two arrays comprise the x and y coordinates of the corners and
// the mid-points of the sides of a square centered at the origin and having
// sides two units long.
const float y_coord[] = {-1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1.0,  1.0,  0.0};
const float x_coord[] = {-1.0,  0.0,  1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, -1.0, -1.0};

// Display the angles made by lines from the origin to the points on the square
// as specified above.
task main()
{
   const int pts = ArrayLen(y_coord);
   for (int i = 0; i < pts; ++i)
   {
      float angle = atan2(y_coord[i], x_coord[i]);
      TextOut(0, 56 - 8 * i, FormatNum("%7.4f RAD", angle));
   }
   while (true);
}
```

9.40 ex_atan2d.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atan2d function.

```
// ex_atan2d.nxc
// Display values of the atan2d API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

// The following two arrays comprise the x and y coordinates of the corners and
// the mid-points of the sides of a square centered at the origin and having
// sides two units long.
const float y_coord[] = {-1.0, -1.0, -1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1.0,  1.0,  0.0};
const float x_coord[] = {-1.0,  0.0,  1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, -1.0, -1.0};

// Display the angles made by lines from the origin to the points on the square
// as specified above.
task main()
{
   const int pts = ArrayLen(y_coord);
```

```
   for (int i = 0; i < pts; ++i)
   {
      float angle = atan2d(y_coord[i], x_coord[i]);
      TextOut(0, 56 - 8 * i, FormatNum("%7.2f DEG", angle));
   }
   while (true);
}
```

9.41 ex_atand.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atand function.

```
// ex_atand.nxc
// Display values of the atand API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define BIG_NEG_VAL -1000.0
#define NEG_VAL -1.0
#define POS_VAL 1.0
#define BIG_POS_VAL 1000.0

inline void show_atan(const float val, const int screen_y)
{
   TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%6.2f DEG", atand(val)));
}

task main()
{
   show_atan(BIG_NEG_VAL, LCD_LINE1); // shows -89.94 DEG
   show_atan(NEG_VAL, LCD_LINE2);     // shows -45.00 DEG
   show_atan(0.0, LCD_LINE3);         // shows   0.00 DEG
   show_atan(POS_VAL, LCD_LINE4);     // shows  45.00 DEG
   show_atan(BIG_POS_VAL, LCD_LINE5); // shows  89.94 DEG
   while (true);
}
```

9.42 ex_atof.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atof function.

```
task main()
{
  float f = atof("3.14159e2");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, f);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.43 ex_atoi.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atoi function.

```
task main()
{
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, atoi("3.14159"));
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.44 ex_atol.nxc

This is an example of how to use the atol function.

```
task main()
{
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, atol("3.142e2"));
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.45 ex_BatteryState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BatteryState function.

```
x = BatteryState();
```

9.46 ex_bcd2dec.nxc

This is an example of how to use the bcd2dec function.

```
// convert binary-coded decimal byte to decimal.
byte dec = bcd2dec(0x3a);
```

9.47 ex_BluetoothState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BluetoothState function.

```
x = BluetoothState();
```

9.48 ex_BluetoothStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BluetoothStatus function.

```
x = BluetoothStatus(1);
```

9.49 ex_BluetoothWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BluetoothWrite function.

```
x = BluetoothWrite(1, data);
```

9.50 ex_BrickDataBluecoreVersion.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BrickDataBluecoreVersion function.

```
int bv = BrickDataBluecoreVersion();
```

9.51 ex_BrickDataBtHardwareStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BrickDataBtHardwareStatus function.

```
int x = BrickDataBtHardwareStatus();
```

9.52 ex_BrickDataBtStateStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BrickDataBtStateStatus function.

```
int x = BrickDataBtStateStatus();
```

9.53 ex_BrickDataName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BrickDataName function.

```
string name = BrickDataName();
```

9.54 ex_BrickDataTimeoutValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BrickDataTimeoutValue function.

```
int x = BrickDataTimeoutValue();
```

9.55 ex_BTConnectionClass.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionClass function.

```
long class = BTConnectionClass(1);
```

9.56 ex_BTConnectionHandleNum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionHandleNum function.

```
byte handlenum = BTConnectionHandleNum(idx);
```

9.57 ex_BTConnectionLinkQuality.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionLinkQuality function.

```
byte linkquality = BTConnectionLinkQuality(1);
```

9.58 ex_BTConnectionName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionName function.

```
string name = BTConnectionName(0);
```

9.59 ex_BTConnectionPinCode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionPinCode function.

```
string pincode = BTConnectionPinCode(0);
```

9.60 ex_BTConnectionStreamStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTConnectionStreamStatus function.

```
byte streamstatus = BTConnectionStreamStatus(1);
```

9.61 ex_BTDeviceClass.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTDeviceClass function.

```
long class = BTDeviceClass(1);
```

9.62 ex_BTDeviceCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTDeviceCount function.

```
byte x = BTDeviceCount();
```

9.63 ex_BTDeviceName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTDeviceName function.

```
string name = BTDeviceName(0);
```

9.64 ex_BTDeviceNameCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTDeviceNameCount function.

```
byte x = BTDeviceNameCount();
```

9.65 ex_BTDeviceStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTDeviceStatus function.

```
byte status = BTDeviceStatus(1);
```

9.66 ex_BTInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTInputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = BTInputBufferInPtr();
```

9.67 ex_BTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = BTInputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.68 ex_BTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = BTOutputBufferInPtr();
```

9.69 ex_BTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BTOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = BTOutputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.70 ex_ButtonCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonCount function.

```
value = ButtonCount(BTN1, true);
```

9.71 ex_ButtonLongPressCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonLongPressCount function.

```
value = ButtonLongPressCount(BTN1);
```

9.72 ex_ButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonLongReleaseCount function.

```
value = ButtonLongReleaseCount(BTN1);
```

9.73 ex_ButtonPressCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonPressCount function.

```
value = ButtonPressCount(BTN1);
```

9.74 ex_buttonpressed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonPressed function.

```
task main()
{
#ifdef __ENHANCED_FIRMWARE
  SetLongAbort(true);
#endif
  while(true)
  {
#ifdef __ENHANCED_FIRMWARE
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ButtonPressed(BTNEXIT, false));
#endif
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ButtonPressed(BTNRIGHT, false));
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, ButtonPressed(BTNLEFT, false));
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, ButtonPressed(BTNCENTER, false));
  }
}
```

9.75 ex_ButtonReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonReleaseCount function.

```
value = ButtonReleaseCount(BTN1);
```

9.76 ex_ButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonShortReleaseCount function.

```
value = ButtonShortReleaseCount(BTN1);
```

9.77 ex_ButtonState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ButtonState function.

```
value = ButtonState(BTN1);
```

9.78 ex_ByteArrayToStr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ByteArrayToStr function.

```
myStr = ByteArrayToStr(myArray);
```

9.79 ex_ByteArrayToStrEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ByteArrayToStrEx function.

```
ByteArrayToStrEx(myArray, myStr);
```

9.80 ex_ceil.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ceil function.

```
float a = ceil(3.01);
// a == 4.0
float b = ceil(3.14);
// b == 4.0
float c = ceil(3.99);
// c == 4.0
float d = ceil(4.0);
// d == 4.0
```

9.81 ex_CircleOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CircleOut, Random, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  for (int i=0; i < 50; i++) {
    int x = Random(10)+50;
    int y = Random(10)+32;
    int r = Random(20);
    CircleOut(x, y, r, DRAW_OPT_NORMAL+DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR+DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE);

    Wait(MS_50);
  }
  CircleOut(20, 50, 20);
  Wait(SEC_2);
}
```

9.82 ex_clearline.nxc

This is an example of how to use the TextOut, ClearLine, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "testing 1234567890");
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearLine(LCD_LINE1);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "testing 1234567890");
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.83 ex_ClearScreen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ClearScreen and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.84 ex_ClearSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ClearSensor function.

```
ClearSensor(S1);
```

9.85 ex_CloseFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CloseFile function.

```
result = CloseFile(handle);
```

9.86 ex_coast.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Coast function.

```
Coast(OUT_A); // coast output A
```

9.87 ex_coastex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CoastEx function.

```
CoastEx(OUT_A, RESET_NONE); // coast output A
```

9.88 ex_ColorADRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorADRaw function.

```
unsigned int rawRed = ColorADRaw(S1, INPUT_RED);
```

9.89 ex_ColorBoolean.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorBoolean function.

```
bool bRed = ColorBoolean(S1, INPUT_RED);
```

9.90 ex_ColorCalibration.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorCalibration function.

```
long value = ColorCalibration(S1, INPUT_CAL_POINT_0, INPUT_RED);
```

9.91 ex_ColorCalibrationState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorCalibrationState function.

```
byte value = ColorCalibrationState(S1);
```

9.92 ex_ColorCalLimits.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorCalLimits function.

```
unsigned int limit = ColorCalLimits(S1, INPUT_CAL_POINT_0);
```

9.93 ex_ColorSensorRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorSensorRaw function.

```
unsigned int rawRed = ColorSensorRaw(S1, INPUT_RED);
```

9.94 ex_ColorSensorValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ColorSensorValue function.

```
unsigned int valRed = ColorSensorValue(S1, INPUT_RED);
```

9.95 ex_CommandFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CommandFlags function.

```
x = CommandFlags();
```

9.96 ex_ConfigureTemperatureSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ConfigureTemperatureSensor function.

```
byte config = TEMP_RES_12BIT;

char result = ConfigureTemperatureSensor(S1, config);
```

9.97 ex_contrast.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayContrast and SetDisplayContrast functions.

```
task main()
{
  for (byte contrast = 0; contrast < DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX; contrast++)
  {
    SetDisplayContrast(contrast);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, DisplayContrast());
    Wait(100);
  }
  for (byte contrast = DISPLAY_CONTRAST_MAX; contrast > 0; contrast--)
  {
    SetDisplayContrast(contrast);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, DisplayContrast());
    Wait(100);
  }
  SetDisplayContrast(DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, DisplayContrast());
  while(true);
}
```

9.98 ex_copy.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Copy function.

```
task main()
{
  string s = "Now is the winter of our discontent";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, Copy(s, 12, 5));
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.99 ex_cosh.nxc

This is an example of how to use the cosh function.

```
x = cosh(y);
```

9.100 ex_CreateFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CreateFile function.

```
result = CreateFile("data.txt", 1024, handle);
```

9.101 ex_CreateFileLinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CreateFileLinear function.

```
result = CreateFileLinear("data.txt", 1024, handle);
```

9.102 ex_CreateFileNonLinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CreateFileNonLinear function.

```
result = CreateFileNonLinear("data.txt", 1024, handle);
```

9.103 ex_cstdio.nxc

This is an example of how to use the cstdio API functions: fopen, fprintf, fputc, fputs, fseek, ftell, fclose, feof, fflush, fgetc, fgets, getc, putc, rewind, printf, sprintf, rename, and remove.

```
task main()
{
/*
fclose(byte handle)
feof(byte handle)
fflush(byte handle)
fgetc(byte handle)
fgets(string & str, int num, byte handle)
fopen(string filename, const string mode)
fprintf(byte handle, const string & format, variant value)
fputc(char ch, byte handle)
fputs(string str, byte handle)
fseek(byte handle, long offset, int origin)
ftell(byte handle)
getc(byte handle)
putc(char ch, byte handle)
remove(string fname)
rename(string oldname, string newname)
rewind(byte handle)



*/
}
```

9.104 ex_cstring.nxc

This is an example of how to use the cstring API functions: strcat, strcmp, strcpy, strlen, strncat, strncmp, strncpy, memcpy, memmove, and memcmp.

```
task main()
{
/*
inline variant StrToNum(string str);
inline unsigned int StrLen(string str);
inline byte StrIndex(string str, unsigned int idx);
inline string NumToStr(variant num);
inline string StrCat(string str1, string str2, string str3, string strN);
inline string SubStr(string str, unsigned int idx, unsigned int len);
inline string Flatten(variant num);
inline string StrReplace(string str, unsigned int idx, string strnew);
inline string FormatNum(string fmt, variant number);

inline string FlattenVar(variant x);
inline int UnflattenVar(string str, variant & variable);
inline string ByteArrayToStr(byte data[]);
inline void ByteArrayToStrEx(byte data[], string & str);
inline void StrToByteArray(string str, byte & data[]);


strcat(string & dest, const string & src)
strcmp(const string & str1, const string & str2)
strcpy(string & dest, const string & src)
strlen(const string & str)
strncat(string & dest, const string & src, const int num)
```

```
strncmp(const string & str1, const string & str2, unsigned int num)
strncpy(string & dest, const string & src, const int num)
*/
}
```

9.105 ex_ctype.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ctype API functions: isupper, islower, isalpha, isdigit, isalnum, isspace, iscntrl, isprint, isgraph, ispunct, isxdigit, toupper, and tolower.

```
task main()
{
  string tmp = "a1B2.G% ";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, tmp);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, isalnum(tmp[0])); // 1
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, isalpha(tmp[1])); // 0
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, iscntrl(tmp[2])); // 0
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, isdigit(tmp[3])); // 1
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, isgraph(tmp[4])); // 1
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE7, islower(tmp[5])); // 0
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, isprint(tmp[6])); // 1

  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE2, ispunct(tmp[0])); // 0
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE3, isspace(tmp[1])); // 0
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE4, isupper(tmp[2])); // 1
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE5, isxdigit(tmp[3])); // 1
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE6, tolower(tmp[4])); // 46
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE7, toupper(tmp[5])); // 71

  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.106 ex_CurrentTick.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CurrentTick function.

```
unsigned int x = CurrentTick();
```

9.107 ex_CustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CustomSensorActiveStatus function.

```
x = CustomSensorActiveStatus(S1);
```

9.108 ex_CustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CustomSensorPercentFullScale function.

```
x = CustomSensorPercentFullScale(S1);
```

9.109 ex_CustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CustomSensorZeroOffset function.

```
x = CustomSensorZeroOffset(S1);
```

9.110 ex_DataMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSDataMode, BTDataMode, SetHSDataMode, SetBTDataMode, TextOut, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  string DataModeNames[3] = {"NXT", "GPS", "RAW"};

  byte dm;

  // hi-speed data mode
  dm = HSDataMode();
  TextOut( 0, LCD_LINE1, "HSDataMode: ");
  TextOut(80, LCD_LINE1, DataModeNames[dm]);

  // bluetooth data mode
  dm = BTDataMode();
  TextOut( 0, LCD_LINE2, "BTDataMode: ");
  TextOut(80, LCD_LINE2, DataModeNames[dm]);

  // change hi-speed port to NXT mode
  SetHSDataMode(DATA_MODE_NXT);

  // change Bluetooth to GPS mode
  SetBTDataMode(DATA_MODE_GPS);

  dm = HSDataMode();
  TextOut( 0, LCD_LINE4, "HSDataMode: ");
  TextOut(80, LCD_LINE4, DataModeNames[dm]);

  dm = BTDataMode();
  TextOut( 0, LCD_LINE5, "BTDataMode: ");
  TextOut(80, LCD_LINE5, DataModeNames[dm]);

  Wait(SEC_5);

}
```

9.111 ex_delete_data_file.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DeleteFile, TextOut, FormatNum, and Wait functions. It is useful for deleting the circles.dat file created by the program described in the ex_file_system::nxc example.

```
// ex_delete_data_file.nxc
// Demonstates the use of the DeleteFile API call.
// Useful for deleting the circles.dat file created by the program described
// in the ex_file_system.nxc example.

#define FILE_NAME "circles.dat"

// Display a return code from a file sytem API call on the NXT screen.
// The codes most likely to be displayed are are:
//    LDR_SUCCESS        0x0000
//    LDR_FILENOTFOUND   0x8700
// See "Loader module error codes" to interpret any other code that appears.
void rtn_code_out(const unsigned int code)
{
   TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "code            ");
   TextOut(50, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%04x", code));
}

task main()
{
   unsigned int rtn_code = DeleteFile(FILE_NAME);
   rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
   Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.112 ex_DeleteFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DeleteFile function.

```
result = DeleteFile("data.txt");
```

9.113 ex_dispfnout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FontNumOut function.

```
#download "PropTiny.ric"

task main()
{
  FontNumOut(0, 40, "PropTiny.RIC", PI);
  while( 1 ) ;
}
```

9.114 ex_dispftout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FontTextOut, SysDrawFont, Wait, and ClearScreen functions.

```
#download "PropTiny.ric"

task main()
{
  DrawFontType dfArgs;
  dfArgs.Location.X = 10;
  dfArgs.Location.Y = 59;
  dfArgs.Filename = "PropTiny.ric" ;
  dfArgs.Text = "Hello" ;
  dfArgs.Options = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL|DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT;
  SysDrawFont(dfArgs);
  FontTextOut( 35,59, "PropTiny.RIC", "World", DRAW_OPT_INVERT|
      DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_T2BL );
  FontTextOut( 10,20, "PropTiny.RIC", "Now is the winter of our discontent made g
      lorious summer by this son of York.  And all the clouds that lowered upon our hou
      se in the deep bosom of the ocean buried.", DRAW_OPT_NORMAL|
      DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB|DRAW_OPT_FONT_WRAP );
  FontTextOut( 50,56,"PropTiny.RIC", "WiWiWiWiWiWi", DRAW_OPT_NORMAL|
      DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB );
  FontTextOut( 50,48,"PropTiny.RIC", "WiWiWiWiWiWi", DRAW_OPT_INVERT|
      DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB );
  FontTextOut( 50,40,"PropTiny.RIC", "WiWiWiWiWiWi", DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_OR|
      DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB );
  FontTextOut( 50,32,"PropTiny.RIC", "WiWiWiWiWiWi", DRAW_OPT_INVERT|
      DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_AND|DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RB );
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.115 ex_dispfunc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDisplayExecuteFunction and Wait functions along with the DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DisplayExecuteFunctionType defArgs;
  defArgs.Cmd = DISPLAY_HORIZONTAL_LINE;
  defArgs.On  = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL;
  defArgs.X1 = 20;
  defArgs.Y1 = 20;
  defArgs.X2 = 40;
  SysDisplayExecuteFunction(defArgs);
  Wait(SEC_15);
}
```

9.116 ex_dispgaout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicArrayOut, NumOut, and Wait function. It also demonstrates how to use the RICOpSprite, RICSpriteData, RICOpCopyBits, RICImgRect, and RICImgPoint macros.

```
byte ric_data[] = {
  RICOpSprite(1, 64, 2,
    RICSpriteData(0xFF, 0xFF, 0x80, 0x01, 0x80, 0x41,
                  0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x09,
                  0x80, 0x05, 0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x11,
                  0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x81,
                  0x81, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01,
                  0x88, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01, 0xA0, 0x01,
                  0x90, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01,
                  0x82, 0x01, 0x81, 0x01, 0x80, 0x81,
                  0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x11,
                  0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x05, 0x80, 0x09,
                  0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x41,
                  0x80, 0x81, 0x81, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01,
                  0x84, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01,
                  0xA0, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01,
                  0x84, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01, 0x81, 0x01,
                  0x80, 0x81, 0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x21,
                  0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x05,
                  0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x21,
                  0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x81, 0x81, 0x01,
                  0x82, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01,
                  0x90, 0x01, 0xA0, 0x01, 0x80, 0x01,
                  0xFF, 0xFF)),
  RICOpCopyBits(0, 1,
    RICImgRect(
      RICImgPoint(0, 0), 16, 64),
    RICImgPoint(0, 0))
};

void Animate()
{
  int  i;
  byte a;
  byte b;

  a = ric_data[12];
  b = ric_data[13];

  for( i=12; i<132; i++ )
     ric_data[i] = ric_data[i+2];

  ric_data[ 132 ] = a;
  ric_data[ 133 ] = b;
}

task main()
{
  int counter = 0;
```

```
  while( 1 )
  {
     Animate();

     GraphicArrayOut(0, 0, ric_data);
     NumOut( 50,LCD_LINE1,++counter );
     Wait(MS_20);
  }
}
```

9.117 ex_dispgaoutex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicArrayOutEx and Wait functions. It also demonstrates how to use the RICOpDescription, RICOpSprite, RICSpriteData, RICOpCopyBits, RICImgRect, and RICImgPoint macros.

```
// Draw the Chessboard
byte Chess1_data[] = {
RICOpDescription(0, 104, 20),
RICOpSprite(1, 14, 13,
  RICSpriteData(0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE,
    0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xBE, 0xBE,
    0xEE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0x82, 0xBA, 0x86, 0xC6,
    0x86, 0x86, 0xC2, 0xBE, 0xBA, 0xC6, 0xEE, 0xFE,
    0xD6, 0xEE, 0xB6, 0xBA, 0xBA, 0xBA, 0xBA, 0xBA,
    0x86, 0xB6, 0xEE, 0xC6, 0xFE, 0xEE, 0xEE, 0x8E,
    0x86, 0xAA, 0x86, 0xBE, 0xC2, 0xBA, 0x8E, 0xEE,
    0xEE, 0xFE, 0xD6, 0xEE, 0xB6, 0xBA, 0xB6, 0xB6,
    0xBE, 0xFA, 0x86, 0xB6, 0xF6, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE,
    0xEE, 0xBA, 0x86, 0xCA, 0xBA, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE,
    0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0xFE,
    0xFE, 0xFE, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
    0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
    0x00, 0x40, 0x40, 0x10, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x7C,
    0x44, 0x78, 0x38, 0x78, 0x78, 0x3C, 0x40, 0x44,
    0x38, 0x10, 0x00, 0x28, 0x10, 0x48, 0x44, 0x44,
    0x44, 0x44, 0x44, 0x78, 0x48, 0x10, 0x38, 0x00,
    0x10, 0x10, 0x70, 0x78, 0x54, 0x78, 0x40, 0x3C,
    0x44, 0x70, 0x10, 0x10, 0x00, 0x28, 0x10, 0x48,
    0x44, 0x48, 0x48, 0x40, 0x04, 0x78, 0x48, 0x08,
    0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x10, 0x44, 0x78, 0x34, 0x44,
    0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
    0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(0), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0, 0
      )),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(1), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7, 0
      )),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(2), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(3), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(4), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
```

```
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(5), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(6), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(7), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
      0)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(8), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0, 7
      )),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(9), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7, 7
      )),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(10), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(11), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(12), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(13), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(14), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(15), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       7)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(16), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(17), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(18), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(19), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(20), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(21), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(22), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(23), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       14)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(24), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(25), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(26), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(27), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(28), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(29), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(30), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(31), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       21)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(32), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      28)),
```

```
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(33), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(34), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(35), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(36), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(37), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(38), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(39), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       28)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(40), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(41), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(42), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(43), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(44), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(45), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(46), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(47), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       35)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(48), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(49), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(50), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(51), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(52), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(53), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(54), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(55), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
       42)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(56), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(0,
      49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(57), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(7,
      49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(58), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(14,
       49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(59), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(21,
       49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(60), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(28,
       49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(61), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(35,
```

```
      49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(62), 0), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(42,
      49)),
RICOpCopyBits(0, 1, RICImgRect(RICImgPoint(RICArg(63), 7), 7, 7), RICImgPoint(49,
      49))
};

#define A 0
#define B 1
#define C 2
#define D 3
#define E 4
#define F 5
#define G 6
#define H 8

#define P(_file, _rank) (((_rank)-1)*8)+(_file)

#define A1 P(A, 1)
#define A2 P(A, 2)
#define A3 P(A, 3)
#define A4 P(A, 4)
#define A5 P(A, 5)
#define A6 P(A, 6)
#define A7 P(A, 7)
#define A8 P(A, 8)

#define B1 P(B, 1)
#define B2 P(B, 2)
#define B3 P(B, 3)
#define B4 P(B, 4)
#define B5 P(B, 5)
#define B6 P(B, 6)
#define B7 P(B, 7)
#define B8 P(B, 8)

#define C1 P(C, 1)
#define C2 P(C, 2)
#define C3 P(C, 3)
#define C4 P(C, 4)
#define C5 P(C, 5)
#define C6 P(C, 6)
#define C7 P(C, 7)
#define C8 P(C, 8)

#define D1 P(D, 1)
#define D2 P(D, 2)
#define D3 P(D, 3)
#define D4 P(D, 4)
#define D5 P(D, 5)
#define D6 P(D, 6)
#define D7 P(D, 7)
#define D8 P(D, 8)

#define E1 P(E, 1)
#define E2 P(E, 2)
#define E3 P(E, 3)
```

```
#define E4 P(E, 4)
#define E5 P(E, 5)
#define E6 P(E, 6)
#define E7 P(E, 7)
#define E8 P(E, 8)

#define F1 P(F, 1)
#define F2 P(F, 2)
#define F3 P(F, 3)
#define F4 P(F, 4)
#define F5 P(F, 5)
#define F6 P(F, 6)
#define F7 P(F, 7)
#define F8 P(F, 8)

#define G1 P(G, 1)
#define G2 P(G, 2)
#define G3 P(G, 3)
#define G4 P(G, 4)
#define G5 P(G, 5)
#define G6 P(G, 6)
#define G7 P(G, 7)
#define G8 P(G, 8)

#define H1 P(H, 1)
#define H2 P(H, 2)
#define H3 P(H, 3)
#define H4 P(H, 4)
#define H5 P(H, 5)
#define H6 P(H, 6)
#define H7 P(H, 7)
#define H8 P(H, 8)

int b[] =
{
  64, 72, 80, 88, 96, 80, 72, 64, // 1
  56, 56, 56, 56, 56, 56, 56, 56, // 2
  48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, // 3
  48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, // 4
  48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, // 5
  48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, // 6
  40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, // 7
  32, 24, 16,  8,  0, 16, 24, 32  // 8
};
// A   B   C   D   E   F   G   H

#define Vacant 48

#define Move(_from, _to) \
  b[_to] = b[_from]; \
  b[_from] = Vacant; \
  GraphicArrayOutEx( 8,8,Chess1_data , b, true); \
  Wait(SEC_2);

task main()
{
  // setup board
```

```
  GraphicArrayOutEx( 8,8,Chess1_data, b, true);
  WaitSEC_2);

  Move(A2, A3); // white pawn from A2 to A3
  Move(B7, B5); // black pawn from B7 to B5
  Move(A3, A4); // white pawn from A3 to A4
  Move(B5, B4); // black pawn from B5 to B4
  Move(A4, A5); // white pawn from A4 to A5
  Move(B4, B3); // black pawn from B4 to B3
  Move(A5, A6); // white pawn from A5 to A6
  while( true );
}
```

9.118 ex_dispgout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicOut, SysCall, TextOut, CurrentTick, NumOut, Wait, and ClearScreen functions. It also demonstrates how to use the DrawGraphicArrayType structure.

```
#download "2c.ric"

byte tmpData2[] = {
  0x0A, 0x00, 0x07, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x14, 0x00, 0x14,
  0x00, 0x0A, 0x00, 0x0A, 0x00, 0x07, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
  0x1E, 0x00, 0x1E, 0x00, 0x0A, 0x00};

DrawGraphicArrayType dgaArgs;

string names[] = {"2c.ric" , "2l.ric" };
task main()
{
  long tick;
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "testing");
  tick = CurrentTick();
  GraphicOut(10, 10, names[0]);
  tick = CurrentTick()-tick;
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, tick);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(MS_500);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "testing");
  tick = CurrentTick();
  dgaArgs.Location.X = 10;
  dgaArgs.Location.Y = 10;
  dgaArgs.Options = 0;
  dgaArgs.Data = tmpData2;
  SysCall(DrawGraphicArray, dgaArgs);
  tick = CurrentTick()-tick;
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, tick);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.119 ex_dispgoutex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicOutEx and Wait functions.

```
#download "letters.ric"

string fnames[] = {"letters.ric", "letter2.ric" };
int Values[] = {0};
void Display( int n )
{
  Values[0]=n*10;
  GraphicOutEx(Values[0], Random(30), fnames[0], Values,
      DRAW_OPT_CLEAR_WHOLE_SCREEN);
  Wait(MS_200);
}

task main()
{
  while( true )
  {
    for( int i=0; i<9; i++ )
      Display( i );
  }
}
```

9.120 ex_DisplayDisplay.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayDisplay function.

```
x = DisplayDisplay();
```

9.121 ex_DisplayEraseMask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayEraseMask function.

```
x = DisplayEraseMask();
```

9.122 ex_DisplayFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayFlags function.

```
x = DisplayFlags();
```

9.123 ex_displayfont.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayFont function.

```
const byte NewFont[] =
{
  0x04,0x00, // Graphics Format
  0x02,0x40, // Graphics DataSize
  0x10,      // Graphics Count X
  0x06,      // Graphics Count Y
  0x06,      // Graphics Width
  0x08,      // Graphics Height
  0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x06,0x5F,0x06,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x07
      ,0x03,0x00,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x00,0x24,0x2B,0x6A,0x12,0x00,0x00,0x63,0x13,
      0x08,0x64,0x63,0x00,0x30,0x4C,0x52,0x22,0x50,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0
      x00,0x3E,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x1C,0x3E,0x
      08,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x3E,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x80,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x0
      8,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x00,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x10,0x08,0x04,0x02,0x00,
  0x3E,0x51,0x49,0x45,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x42,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x62,0x51,0x49,0x49
      ,0x46,0x00,0x22,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x18,0x14,0x12,0x7F,0x10,0x00,0x2F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x31,0x00,0x3C,0x4A,0x49,0x49,0x30,0x00,0x01,0x71,0x09,0x05,0x03,0x00,0
      x36,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x06,0x49,0x49,0x29,0x1E,0x00,0x00,0x6C,0x6C,0x00,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0xEC,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x24,0x24,0x2
      4,0x24,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x22,0x14,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x59,0x09,0x06,0x00,
  0x3E,0x41,0x5D,0x55,0x1E,0x00,0x7E,0x11,0x11,0x11,0x7E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,0x49,0x49
      ,0x36,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x22,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x01,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x49,0x49,0x7A,0x00,0
      x7F,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x7F,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x30,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x
      3F,0x00,0x7F,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x0
      4,0x02,0x7F,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,
  0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x06,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x51,0x21,0x5E,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x19
      ,0x66,0x00,0x26,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x32,0x00,0x01,0x01,0x7F,0x01,0x01,0x00,0x3F,0x40,
      0x40,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0x1F,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1F,0x00,0x3F,0x40,0x3C,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0
      x63,0x14,0x08,0x14,0x63,0x00,0x07,0x08,0x70,0x08,0x07,0x00,0x71,0x49,0x45,0x43,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x04,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x04,0x00,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x00,
  0x00,0x02,0x05,0x02,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x78,0x00,0x7F,0x44,0x44,0x44
      ,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x28,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x7F,0x00,0x38,0x54,
      0x54,0x54,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x7E,0x09,0x09,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x24,0xA4,0xA4,0xFC,0x00,0
      x7F,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7D,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x40,0x80,0x84,0x7D,0x
      00,0x00,0x7F,0x10,0x28,0x44,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x1
      8,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,
  0xFC,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0xFC,0x00,0x44,0x78,0x44,0x04
      ,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x20,0x00,0x04,0x3E,0x44,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x3C,0x40,
      0x20,0x7C,0x00,0x00,0x1C,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1C,0x00,0x3C,0x60,0x30,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0
      x6C,0x10,0x10,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x9C,0xA0,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0x00,0x64,0x54,0x54,0x4C,0x
      00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x77,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x3E,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x01,0x00,0x00,0x10,0x20,0x40,0x38,0x07,0x00
};

task main()
{
  unsigned long ptr, pOldFont;
  byte myData[800];
  ptr = addr(NewFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%x", ptr));
  pOldFont = DisplayFont();
```

```
  SetDisplayFont(ptr);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  SetDisplayFont(pOldFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.124 ex_DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags function.

```
x = DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags();
```

9.125 ex_DisplayUpdateMask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayUpdateMask function.

```
x = DisplayUpdateMask();
```

9.126 ex_dispmisc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DisplayEraseMask, DisplayUpdateMask, DisplayDisplay, DisplayFlags, DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags functions, SetDisplayEraseMask, SetDisplayUpdateMask, SetDisplayDisplay, SetDisplayFlags, and SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags functions,

```
task main()
{
  unsigned long addr = DisplayDisplay();
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, DisplayEraseMask());
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, DisplayUpdateMask());
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, addr);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, DisplayFlags());
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags());
  Wait(SEC_4);
  // setting the display address function can be ... dangerous
  SetDisplayDisplay(addr);
  // fiddling with the display flags is also dangerous
  unsigned long flags = DisplayFlags();
  flags |= DISPLAY_POPUP;
  SetDisplayFlags(flags);
  Wait(SEC_2);
  flags = flags & (~DISPLAY_POPUP);
  SetDisplayFlags(flags);
  Wait(SEC_1);
  SetDisplayEraseMask(DisplayEraseMask());
  SetDisplayUpdateMask(DisplayUpdateMask());
```

```
  SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags(DisplayTextLinesCenterFlags());
  Wait(SEC_2);
}
```

9.127 ex_DISTNxDistance.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxDistance function.

```
int dist = DISTNxDistance(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.128 ex_DISTNxGP2D12.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxGP2D12 function.

```
char result = DISTNxGP2D12(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.129 ex_DISTNxGP2D120.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxGP2D120 function.

```
char result = DISTNxGP2D120(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.130 ex_DISTNxGP2YA02.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxGP2YA02 function.

```
char result = DISTNxGP2YA02(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.131 ex_DISTNxGP2YA21.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxGP2YA21 function.

```
char result = DISTNxGP2YA21(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.132 ex_DISTNxMaxDistance.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxMaxDistance function.

```
int dist = DISTNxMaxDistance(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.133 ex_DISTNxMinDistance.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxMinDistance function.

```
int dist = DISTNxMinDistance(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.134 ex_DISTNxModuleType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxModuleType function.

```
int modtype = DISTNxModuleType(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.135 ex_DISTNxNumPoints.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxNumPoints function.

```
int numpoints = DISTNxNumPoints(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.136 ex_DISTNxVoltage.nxc

This is an example of how to use the DISTNxVoltage function.

```
int volt = DISTNxVoltage(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.137 ex_div.nxc

This is an example of how to use the div function.

```
task main()
{
  long x, y;
  x = 31464;
  y = 33;
  div_t r;
  r = div(x, y);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, r.quot);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, r.rem);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.138 ex_EllipseOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the EllipseOut and Random functions.

```
task main()
{
  repeat (10)
    EllipseOut(50, 32, 20+Random(15), 20+Random(10), DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE|
      DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR);
  while(true);
}
```

9.139 ex_exp.nxc

This is an example of how to use the exp function.

```
y = exp(x);
```

9.140 ex_fclose.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fclose function.

```
result = fclose(handle);
```

9.141 ex_feof.nxc

This is an example of how to use the feof function.

```
int i = feof(handle);
```

9.142 ex_fflush.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fflush function.

```
int i = fflush(handle);
```

9.143 ex_fgetc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fgetc function.

```
char val = fgetc(handle);
```

9.144 ex_fgets.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fgets function.

```
fgets(msg, 10, handle);
```

9.145 ex_file_system.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayTone, Wait, Stop, TextOut, OpenFileAppend, CloseFile, OpenFileRead, FormatNum, Write, Read, and CircleOut functions. This program is intended to serve as an introduction to data files on the NXT. It focuses on handling the codes returned by the file system's API calls, which is an important aspect of the API that is all too often neglected by programmers. The program deals with a data file describing circles. On each run, it adds a new circle record to the data file. Then it reads in the whole data file and displays all the circles on NXT screen. It creates the data file if doesn't already exist. If you run it several times in seccession, you will fill the data file and get a file-is-full exception. The data flie created by this program is not visible on the NXT. To delete the file, circles.dat, you can use the NeXT Explorer or the example program ex_delete_data_file::nxc.

```
// ex_file_system.nxc
// This program is intended to serve as an introduction to data files on the
// NXT. It focuses on handling the codes returned by the file system's API
// calls, which is an important aspect of the API that is all too often
// neglected by programmers.
//
// The program deals with a data file describing circles. On each run, it adds
// a new circle record to the data file. Then it reads in the whole data file
// and displays all the circles on NXT screen. It creates the data file if
// doesn't already exist. If you run it several times in seccession, you will
// fill the data file and get a file-is-full exception.
//
// The data flie created by this program is not visible on the NXT. To delete
// the file, circles.dat, you can use the NeXT Explorer or the example program
// ex_delete_data_file.nxc.

#define MIN_R 10
#define MAX_R 30
#define MIN_X 20
#define MAX_X 80
#define MIN_Y 10
#define MAX_Y 54

byte handle = 0; // file handle

#define FILE_NAME "circles.dat"
// The file size is made small so it will fill up quickly.
#define RECORDS 4
#define RECORD_SIZE 3
#define FILE_SIZE (RECORD_SIZE * RECORDS)
```

```
// This struct defines the data records.
struct circle
{
   byte r; // radius
   byte cx; // center x-coordiate
   byte cy; // center y-coordiate
};

// Initialize a circle with random radius r and center (cx, cy).
void init_circle(circle & c)
{
   c.r = MIN_R + Random(MAX_R - MIN_R);
   c.cx = MIN_X + Random(MAX_X - MIN_X);
   c.cy = MIN_Y + Random(MAX_Y - MIN_Y);
}

// Make sure file is closed whether or not file operations succeed or fail.
void shutdown(const int delay)
{
   if (handle) CloseFile(handle);
   // Get user's attention.
   PlayTone(TONE_C5, SEC_1);
   // Give the user time to read screen messages.
   Wait(delay);
   Stop(true);
}

// Display a return code from a file sytem API call on the NXT screen.
void rtn_code_out(const unsigned int code)
{
   TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "code            ");
   TextOut(50, LCD_LINE2, FormatNum("%04x", code));
}

// Open the data file for writing.
void open_for_write()
{
   unsigned int file_size = FILE_SIZE;
   handle = 0;
   // Start with the assumptions the file doesn't exist and needs to be created.
   unsigned int rtn_code = CreateFile(FILE_NAME, file_size, handle);
   // If the file already exists, open it with the intent of adding to the data
   // that is already there.
   if (rtn_code == LDR_FILEEXISTS)
      rtn_code = OpenFileAppend(FILE_NAME, file_size, handle);
   // Return code handling
   switch (rtn_code)
   {
   case LDR_SUCCESS:
      return;
   case LDR_FILEISFULL:
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "file is full    ");
      break;
   default:
      // Unanticipated exception.
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "write open      ");
```

```
      rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
      break;
   }
   shutdown(SEC_8);
}

// Open the data file for reading.
void open_for_read()
{
   unsigned int file_size = FILE_SIZE;
   handle = 0;
   unsigned int rtn_code = OpenFileRead(FILE_NAME, file_size, handle);
   // Return code handling
   if (rtn_code != LDR_SUCCESS)
   {
      // Unanticipated exception.
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "read open       ");
      rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
      shutdown(SEC_8);
   }
}

// Write one circle record to the data file.
void write_recd(const circle recd)
{
   unsigned int rtn_code = Write(handle, recd);
   // Return code handling
   if (rtn_code != LDR_SUCCESS)
   {
      switch (rtn_code)
      {
      case LDR_EOFEXPECTED:
         TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "no more space   ");
         break;
      default:
         // Unanticipated exception.
         TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "write failed    ");
         rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
         break;
      }
      shutdown(SEC_8);
   }
}

// Read all the circle records from the data file. Display each circle as it is
// read.
void read_all(circle & recd)
{
   while (true)
   {
      unsigned int rtn_code = Read(handle, recd);
      // rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
      // Return code handling
      switch (rtn_code)
      {
      case LDR_SUCCESS:
         // Record has been read. Display circle described by it.
```

```
        CircleOut(recd.cx, recd.cy, recd.r);
        Wait(SEC_2);
        break;
      case LDR_ENDOFFILE:
        // No more data to read.
        return;
      default:
        // Unanticipated exception.
        TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "read failed     ");
        rtn_code_out(rtn_code);
        shutdown(SEC_8);
      }
   }
}

task main()
{
   circle c;
   open_for_write();
   init_circle(c);
   write_recd(c);
   CloseFile(handle);
   open_for_read();
   read_all(c);
   shutdown(SEC_8);
}
```

9.146 ex_findfirstfile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FindFirstFile function.

```
task main() {
  byte handle;
  unsigned int result, fsize;
  string fname = "*.ric";
  result = FindFirstFile(fname, handle);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, result, true);
  int i=1;
  while (result == LDR_SUCCESS) {
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, i, false);
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, fname, false);
    Wait(1500);
//    fname = "";
    result = FindNextFile(fname, handle);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, result, true);
    i++;
  }
  CloseFile(handle);
  Wait(3000);
}
```

9.147 ex_findnextfile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FindNextFile function.

```
task main() {
  byte handle;
  unsigned int result, fsize;
  string fname = "*.ric";
  result = FindFirstFile(fname, handle);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, result, true);
  int i=1;
  while (result == LDR_SUCCESS) {
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, i, false);
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, fname, false);
    Wait(1500);
//    fname = "";
    result = FindNextFile(fname, handle);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, result, true);
    i++;
  }
  CloseFile(handle);
  Wait(3000);
}
```

9.148 ex_FirstTick.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FirstTick function.

```
unsigned int x = FirstTick();
```

9.149 ex_Flatten.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Flatten function.

```
msg = Flatten(48); // returns "0" since 48 == ascii("0")
```

9.150 ex_FlattenVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FlattenVar function.

```
task main()
{
  long data[] = {-50123, 68142, 128176, -45123};
  long data2[4];
  float fdata[] = {12.123, 3.14159, 2.68};
  float fdata2[3];
```

```
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, data[0]);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, fdata[1]);
  string sdata = FlattenVar(data);
  string tmp;
  // transfer the string to another NXT
  tmp = sdata;
  UnflattenVar(tmp, data2);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, data2[0]);
  sdata = FlattenVar(fdata);
  // transfer the string to another NXT
  tmp = sdata;
  UnflattenVar(tmp, fdata2);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, fdata2[1]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.151 ex_float.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Float function.

```
Float(OUT_A); // float output A
```

9.152 ex_floor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the floor function.

```
y = floor(x);
```

9.153 ex_Follows.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Follows statement.

```
Follows(main);
```

9.154 ex_fopen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fopen function.

```
byte handle = fopen("test.txt", "r");
```

9.155 ex_ForceOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ForceOff function.

```
ForceOff(true);
```

9.156 ex_FormatNum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FormatNum function.

```
msg = FormatNum("value = %d", x);
```

9.157 ex_fprintf.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fprintf function.

```
fprintf(handle, "value = %d", value);
```

9.158 ex_fputc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fputc function.

```
fputc(ch, handle);
```

9.159 ex_fputs.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fputs function.

```
fputs(msg, handle);
```

9.160 ex_frac.nxc

This is an example of how to use the frac function.

```
y = frac(x);
```

9.161 ex_FreeMemory.nxc

This is an example of how to use the FreeMemory function.

```
x = FreeMemory();
```

9.162 ex_fseek.nxc

This is an example of how to use the fseek function.

```
fseek(handle, 10, SEEK_CUR);
```

9.163 ex_ftell.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ftell function.

```
long i = ftell(handle);
```

9.164 ex_GetBrickDataAddress.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetBrickDataAddress function.

```
task main()
{
  byte data[];
  GetBrickDataAddress(data);
  // 6 bytes plus null
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, StrCat(
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[0]),
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[1]),
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[2]),
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[3]),
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[4]),
    FormatNum("%2.2x", data[5])));
  while (true);
}
```

9.165 ex_GetBTConnectionAddress.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetBTConnectionAddress function.

```
GetBTConnectionAddress(0, buffer);
```

9.166 ex_GetBTDeviceAddress.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetBTDeviceAddress function.

```
GetBTDeviceAddress(0, buffer);
```

9.167 ex_GetBTInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetBTInputBuffer function.

```
GetBTInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.168 ex_GetBTOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetBTOutputBuffer function.

```
GetBTOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.169 ex_getc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the getc function.

```
char val = getc(handle);
```

9.170 ex_getchar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the getchar function.

```
task main()
{
  SetLongAbort(true);
  while (true) {
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, getchar(), true);
    Wait(MS_5);
  }
}
```

9.171 ex_GetDisplayNormal.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetDisplayNormal function.

```
GetDisplayNormal(0, TEXTLINE_1, 8, ScreenMem);
```

9.172 ex_GetDisplayPopup.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetDisplayPopup function.

```
GetDisplayPopup(0, TEXTLINE_1, 8, PopupMem);
```

9.173 ex_GetHSInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetHSInputBuffer function.

```
GetHSInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.174 ex_GetHSOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetHSOutputBuffer function.

```
GetHSOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.175 ex_GetInput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetInput function.

```
x = GetInput(S1, Type);
```

9.176 ex_GetLastResponseInfo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetLastResponseInfo function.

```
byte len;
byte cmd;
byte buf[];

char result = GetLastResponseInfo(true, len, cmd, buf);
```

9.177 ex_GetLSInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetLSInputBuffer function.

```
GetLSInputBuffer(S1, 0, 8, buffer);
```

9.178 ex_GetLSOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetLSOutputBuffer function.

```
GetLSOutputBuffer(S1, 0, 8, outbuffer);
```

9.179 ex_getmemoryinfo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetMemoryInfo function.

```
task main() {
  byte data[];
  byte data2[];
  int data3[];
  int ps, ds;
  char result = GetMemoryInfo(false, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
/*
  result = GetMemoryInfo(true, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
*/
  ArrayInit(data, 10, 1000);
  data[10]++;
  ps = data[10];
  result = GetMemoryInfo(false, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data[10]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  data2 = data;
  result = GetMemoryInfo(false, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
```

```
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data2[10]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  ArrayBuild(data3, ps, ds, ps, ds, ps, ds, ps, ds);
  result = GetMemoryInfo(false, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data3[3]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  ArrayInit(data2, 5, 1);
  result = GetMemoryInfo(false, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data2[0]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  result = GetMemoryInfo(true, ps, ds);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, ps);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, ds);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  while(true);
}
```

9.180 ex_getoutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetOutput function.

```
x = GetOutput(OUT_A, TachoLimit);
```

9.181 ex_GetUSBInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetUSBInputBuffer function.

```
GetUSBInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.182 ex_GetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetUSBOutputBuffer function.

```
GetUSBOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.183 ex_GetUSBPollBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GetUSBPollBuffer function.

```
GetUSBPollBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.184 ex_GraphicOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicOut function.

```
GraphicOut(40, 40, "image.ric");
```

9.185 ex_GraphicOutEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the GraphicOutEx function.

```
GraphicOutEx(40, 40, "image.ric", variables);
```

9.186 ex_HSFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSFlags function.

```
byte x = HSFlags();
```

9.187 ex_HSInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSInputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = HSInputBufferInPtr();
```

9.188 ex_HSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = HSInputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.189 ex_HSMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSMode function.

```
int mode = HSMode();
```

9.190 ex_HSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = HSOutputBufferInPtr();
```

9.191 ex_HSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = HSOutputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.192 ex_HSSpeed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSSpeed function.

```
byte x = HSSpeed();
```

9.193 ex_HSState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HSState function.

```
byte x = HSState();
```

9.194 ex_HTGyroTest.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorHTGyro, SensorHTGyro, Wait, TextOut, NumOut, and ButtonPressed functions.

```
//===========================================================================
// HiTechnic Gyro Test
//
```

```
#define GYRO   IN_1

#define SAMPLESIZE 100

task main()
{
  int i, y, d;
  int v, offset;

  float gyroAvg, gyroSum = 0;

  int data[SAMPLESIZE];
  int cSet[7];

  SetSensorHTGyro(GYRO);

  // Let user get finger off start button before starting sampling
  Wait(1000);

  for (i=0; i<SAMPLESIZE; i++) {
    v = SensorHTGyro(GYRO);
    data[i] = v;
    gyroSum += v;
    Wait(4);
  }

  // Display floating point gyro average
  gyroAvg = gyroSum/SAMPLESIZE;
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Avg:     ");
  NumOut(6*4, LCD_LINE1, gyroAvg);

  // Round to nearest int
  offset = gyroAvg+0.5;

  // Go through sample set and see how many are
  // offset-3, offset-2, offset-1, offset, offset+1, offset+2, offset+3
  for (i=0; i<SAMPLESIZE; i++) {
    d = data[i] - offset;
    if (d < -3) d = -3;
    if (d > 3) d = 3;
    d += 3;
    cSet[d]++;
  }

  // Display on the screen now many of each value was in the sample
  y = LCD_LINE2;
  for (i=0; i<7; i++) {
    if (i==0)
      TextOut(0, y, "<=   :");
    else if (i==6)
      TextOut(0, y, ">=   :" );
    else
      TextOut(0, y, "==   :");
    NumOut(6*2, y, offset+i-3);
    NumOut(6*6, y, cSet[i]);

    y-= 8;
```

```
  }

  // Keep display on screen until button pressed
  until(ButtonPressed(BTNCENTER, false)) Wait(100);
}
```

9.195 ex_HTIRTrain.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTIRTrain function.

```
HTIRTrain(S1, TRAIN_CHANNEL_1, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED);
```

9.196 ex_HTPFComboDirect.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFComboDirect function.

```
HTPFComboDirect(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_CMD_STOP, PF_CMD_FWD);
```

9.197 ex_HTPFComboPWM.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFComboPWM function.

```
HTPFComboPWM(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_PWM_REV4, PF_PWM_FWD5);
```

9.198 ex_HTPFRawOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFRawOutput function.

```
HTPFRawOutput(S1, 0x0a, 0x01, 0x02);
```

9.199 ex_HTPFRepeat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFRepeat function.

```
HTPFRepeat(S1, 5, 100);
```

9.200 ex_HTPFSingleOutputCST.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFSingleOutputCST function.

```
HTPFSingleOutputCST(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A, PF_CST_SET1_SET2);
```

9.201 ex_HTPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFSingleOutputPWM function.

```
HTPFSingleOutputPWM(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A, PF_PWM_FWD5);
```

9.202 ex_HTPFSinglePin.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFSinglePin function.

```
HTPFSinglePin(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A, PF_PIN_C1, PF_FUNC_SET, true);
```

9.203 ex_HTPFTrain.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTPFTrain function.

```
HTPFTrain(S1, PF_CHANNEL_1, TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED);
```

9.204 ex_HTRCXAddToDatalog.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXAddToDatalog function.

```
HTRCXAddToDatalog(RCX_InputValueSrc, S1);
```

9.205 ex_HTRCXBatteryLevel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXBatteryLevel function.

```
x = HTRCXBatteryLevel();
```

9.206 ex_HTRCXClearAllEvents.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearAllEvents function.

```
HTRCXClearAllEvents();
```

9.207 ex_HTRCXClearCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearCounter function.

```
HTRCXClearCounter(0);
```

9.208 ex_HTRCXClearMsg.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearMsg function.

```
HTRCXClearMsg();
```

9.209 ex_HTRCXClearSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearSensor function.

```
HTRCXClearSensor(S1);
```

9.210 ex_HTRCXClearSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearSound function.

```
HTRCXClearSound();
```

9.211 ex_HTRCXClearTimer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXClearTimer function.

```
HTRCXClearTimer(0);
```

9.212 ex_HTRCXCreateDatalog.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXCreateDatalog function.

```
HTRCXCreateDatalog(50);
```

9.213 ex_HTRCXDecCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDecCounter function.

```
HTRCXDecCounter(0);
```

9.214 ex_HTRCXDeleteSub.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDeleteSub function.

```
HTRCXDeleteSub(2);
```

9.215 ex_HTRCXDeleteSubs.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDeleteSubs function.

```
HTRCXDeleteSubs();
```

9.216 ex_HTRCXDeleteTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDeleteTask function.

```
HTRCXDeleteTask(3);
```

9.217 ex_HTRCXDeleteTasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDeleteTasks function.

```
HTRCXDeleteTasks();
```

9.218 ex_HTRCXDisableOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXDisableOutput function.

```
HTRCXDisableOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.219 ex_HTRCXEnableOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXEnableOutput function.

```
HTRCXEnableOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.220 ex_HTRCXEvent.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXEvent function.

```
HTRCXEvent(RCX_ConstantSrc, 2);
```

9.221 ex_HTRCXFloat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXFloat function.

```
HTRCXFloat(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.222 ex_HTRCXFwd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXFwd function.

```
HTRCXFwd(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.223 ex_HTRCXIncCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXIncCounter function.

```
HTRCXIncCounter(0);
```

9.224 ex_HTRCXInvertOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXInvertOutput function.

```
HTRCXInvertOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.225 ex_HTRCXMuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXMuteSound function.

```
HTRCXMuteSound();
```

9.226 ex_HTRCXObvertOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXObvertOutput function.

```
HTRCXObvertOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.227 ex_HTRCXOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXOff function.

```
HTRCXOff(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.228 ex_HTRCXOn.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXOn function.

```
HTRCXOn(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.229 ex_HTRCXOnFor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXOnFor function.

```
HTRCXOnFor(RCX_OUT_A, 100);
```

9.230 ex_HTRCXOnFwd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXOnFwd function.

```
HTRCXOnFwd(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.231 ex_HTRCXOnRev.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXOnRev function.

```
HTRCXOnRev(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.232 ex_HTRCXPBTurnOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPBTurnOff function.

```
HTRCXPBTurnOff();
```

9.233 ex_HTRCXPing.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPing function.

```
HTRCXPing();
```

9.234 ex_HTRCXPlaySound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPlaySound function.

```
HTRCXPlaySound(RCX_SOUND_UP);
```

9.235 ex_HTRCXPlayTone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPlayTone function.

```
HTRCXPlayTone(440, 100);
```

9.236 ex_HTRCXPlayToneVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPlayToneVar function.

```
HTRCXPlayToneVar(0, 50);
```

9.237 ex_HTRCXPoll.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPoll function.

```
x = HTRCXPoll(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.238 ex_HTRCXPollMemory.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXPollMemory function.

```
HTRCXPollMemory(0, 10);
```

9.239 ex_HTRCXRemote.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXRemote function.

```
HTRCXRemote(RCX_RemotePlayASound);
```

9.240 ex_HTRCXRev.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXRev function.

```
HTRCXRev(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.241 ex_HTRCXSelectDisplay.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSelectDisplay function.

```
HTRCXSelectDisplay(RCX_VariableSrc, 2);
```

9.242 ex_HTRCXSelectProgram.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSelectProgram function.

```
HTRCXSelectProgram(3);
```

9.243 ex_HTRCXSendSerial.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSendSerial function.

```
HTRCXSendSerial(0, 10);
```

9.244 ex_HTRCXSetDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetDirection function.

```
HTRCXSetDirection(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_FWD);
```

9.245 ex_HTRCXSetEvent.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetEvent function.

```
HTRCXSetEvent(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 5);
```

9.246 ex_HTRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetGlobalDirection function.

```
HTRCXSetGlobalDirection(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_FWD);
```

9.247 ex_HTRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetGlobalOutput function.

```
HTRCXSetGlobalOutput(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_ON);
```

9.248 ex_HTRCXSetIRLinkPort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetIRLinkPort function.

```
SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
```

9.249 ex_HTRCXSetMaxPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetMaxPower function.

```
HTRCXSetMaxPower(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_ConstantSrc, 5);
```

9.250 ex_HTRCXSetMessage.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetMessage function.

```
HTRCXSetMessage(20);
```

9.251 ex_HTRCXSetOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetOutput function.

```
HTRCXSetOutput(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_ON);
```

9.252 ex_HTRCXSetPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetPower function.

```
HTRCXSetPower(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_ConstantSrc, RCX_OUT_FULL);
```

9.253 ex_HTRCXSetPriority.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetPriority function.

```
HTRCXSetPriority(2);
```

9.254 ex_HTRCXSetSensorMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetSensorMode function.

```
HTRCXSetSensorMode(S1, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL);
```

9.255 ex_HTRCXSetSensorType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetSensorType function.

```
HTRCXSetSensorType(S1, SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH);
```

9.256 ex_HTRCXSetSleepTime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetSleepTime function.

```
HTRCXSetSleepTime(4);
```

9.257 ex_HTRCXSetTxPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetTxPower function.

```
HTRCXSetTxPower(0);
```

9.258 ex_HTRCXSetWatch.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXSetWatch function.

```
HTRCXSetWatch(3, 30);
```

9.259 ex_HTRCXStartTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXStartTask function.

```
HTRCXStartTask(2);
```

9.260 ex_HTRCXStopAllTasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXStopAllTasks function.

```
HTRCXStopAllTasks();
```

9.261 ex_HTRCXStopTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXStopTask function.

```
HTRCXStopTask(1);
```

9.262 ex_HTRCXToggle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXToggle function.

```
HTRCXToggle(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.263 ex_HTRCXUnmuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTRCXUnmuteSound function.

```
HTRCXUnmuteSound();
```

9.264 ex_HTScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutCalibrateSensor function.

```
HTScoutCalibrateSensor();
```

9.265 ex_HTScoutMuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutMuteSound function.

```
HTScoutMuteSound();
```

9.266 ex_HTScoutSelectSounds.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSelectSounds function.

```
HTScoutSelectSounds(0);
```

9.267 ex_HTScoutSendVLL.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSendVLL function.

```
HTScoutSendVLL(RCX_ConstantSrc, 0x30);
```

9.268 ex_HTScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetEventFeedback function.

```
HTScoutSetEventFeedback(RCX_ConstantSrc, 10);
```

9.269 ex_HTScoutSetLight.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetLight function.

```
HTScoutSetLight(SCOUT_LIGHT_ON);
```

9.270 ex_HTScoutSetScoutMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetScoutMode function.

```
HTScoutSetScoutMode(SCOUT_MODE_POWER);
```

9.271 ex_HTScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetSensorClickTime function.

```
HTScoutSetSensorClickTime(RCX_ConstantSrc, 200);
```

9.272 ex_HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.

```
HTScoutSetSensorHysteresis(RCX_ConstantSrc, 50);
```

9.273 ex_HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.

```
HTScoutSetSensorLowerLimit(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.274 ex_HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.

```
HTScoutSetSensorUpperLimit(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.275 ex_HTScoutUnmuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the HTScoutUnmuteSound function.

```
HTScoutUnmuteSound();
```

9.276 ex_I2CBytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CBytes function.

```
x = I2CBytes(S4, writebuf, cnt, readbuf);
```

9.277 ex_I2CBytesReady.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CBytesReady function.

```
x = I2CBytesReady(S1);
```

9.278 ex_I2CCheckStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CCheckStatus function.

```
x = I2CCheckStatus(S1);
```

9.279 ex_i2cdeviceid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CDeviceId function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
  while (true) {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, I2CVendorId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, I2CDeviceId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, I2CVersion(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
  }
}
```

9.280 ex_i2cdeviceinfo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CDeviceInfo function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, I2CDeviceInfo(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_DEVICE_ID));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, I2CDeviceInfo(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_VENDOR_ID));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, I2CDeviceInfo(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_VERSION));
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.281 ex_I2CRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CRead function.

```
x = I2CRead(S1, 1, outbuffer);
```

9.282 ex_I2CSendCommand.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CSendCommand function.

```
long result = I2CSendCommand(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE);
```

9.283 ex_I2CStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CStatus function.

```
x = I2CStatus(S1, nRead);
```

9.284 ex_i2cvendorid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CVendorId function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
  while (true) {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, I2CVendorId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, I2CDeviceId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, I2CVersion(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
  }
}
```

9.285 ex_i2cversion.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CVersion function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
  while (true) {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, I2CVendorId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, I2CDeviceId(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, I2CVersion(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT));
  }
}
```

9.286 ex_I2CWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the I2CWrite function.

```
x = I2CWrite(S1, 1, inbuffer);
```

9.287 ex_isalnum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isalnum function.

```
i = isalnum(x);
```

9.288 ex_isalpha.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isalpha function.

```
i = isalpha(x);
```

9.289 ex_iscntrl.nxc

This is an example of how to use the iscntrl function.

```
i = iscntrl(x);
```

9.290 ex_isdigit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isdigit function.

```
i = isdigit(x);
```

9.291 ex_isgraph.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isgraph function.

```
i = isgraph(x);
```

9.292 ex_islower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the islower function.

```
i = islower(x);
```

9.293 ex_isnan.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isNAN function.

```
task main()
{
  float j = -1;
  float f = sqrt(j);
  if (isNAN(f))
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "not a number");
  else
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, f);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, f);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.294 ex_isprint.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isprint function.

```
i = isprint(x);
```

9.295 ex_ispunct.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ispunct function.

```
i = ispunct(x);
```

9.296 ex_isspace.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isspace function.

```
i = isspace(x);
```

9.297 ex_isupper.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isupper function.

```
i = isupper(x);
```

9.298 ex_isxdigit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the isxdigit function.

```
i = isxdigit(x);
```

9.299 ex_labs.nxc

This is an example of how to use the labs function.

```
task main()
{
  float j = -1;
  float f = sqrt(j);
```

```
  if (isNAN(f))
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "not a number");
  else
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, f);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, f);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.300 ex_ldiv.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ldiv function.

```
task main()
{
  long x, y;
  x = 314564;
  y = 33;
  ldiv_t r;
  r = ldiv(x, y);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, r.quot);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, r.rem);
  Wait(SEC_3);
}
```

9.301 ex_leftstr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LeftStr function.

```
task main()
{
  string s = "Now is the winter of our discontent";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, LeftStr(s, 12));
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.302 ex_LineOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LineOut function.

```
task main()
{
  repeat(10) {
    LineOut(0, 0, DISPLAY_WIDTH, DISPLAY_HEIGHT, DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR);
    Wait(SEC_2);
  }
}
```

9.303 ex_log.nxc

This is an example of how to use the log function.

```
y = log(x);
```

9.304 ex_log10.nxc

This is an example of how to use the log10 function.

```
y = log10(x);
```

9.305 ex_LongAbort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LongAbort function.

```
x = LongAbort();
```

9.306 ex_LowLevelModuleRoutines.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetIOMapBytes, SetIOMapValue, GetIOMapBytes, GetIOMapValue, GetLowSpeedModuleBytes, GetDisplayModuleBytes, GetCommModuleBytes, GetCommandModuleBytes, SetLowSpeedModuleBytes, SetDisplayModuleBytes, SetCommModuleBytes, SetCommandModuleBytes, ref SetIOMapBytesByID, SetIOMapValueByID, GetIOMapBytesByID, GetIOMapValueByID, SetCommandModuleValue, SetIOCtrlModuleValue, SetLoaderModuleValue, SetUIModuleValue, SetSoundModuleValue, SetButtonModuleValue, SetInputModuleValue, SetOutputModuleValue, SetLowSpeedModuleValue, SetDisplayModuleValue, SetCommModuleValue, GetCommandModuleValue, GetLoaderModuleValue, GetUIModuleValue, GetSoundModuleValue, GetButtonModuleValue, GetInputModuleValue, GetOutputModuleValue, GetLowSpeedModuleValue, GetDisplayModuleValue, GetCommModuleValue,

```
task main()
{

/*
 * \example ex_LowLevelModuleRoutines.nxc
 * This is an example of how to use the \ref SetIOMapBytes, \ref SetIOMapValue,
 * \ref GetIOMapBytes, \ref GetIOMapValue, \ref GetLowSpeedModuleBytes,
 * \ref GetDisplayModuleBytes, \ref GetCommModuleBytes, \ref GetCommandModuleByte
     s,
```

```
 * \ref SetLowSpeedModuleBytes, \ref SetDisplayModuleBytes, \ref SetCommModuleByt
     es,
 * \ref SetCommandModuleBytes, ref SetIOMapBytesByID, \ref SetIOMapValueByID,
 * \ref GetIOMapBytesByID, \ref GetIOMapValueByID, \ref SetCommandModuleValue,
 * \ref SetIOCtrlModuleValue, \ref SetLoaderModuleValue, \ref SetUIModuleValue,
 * \ref SetSoundModuleValue, \ref SetButtonModuleValue, \ref SetInputModuleValue,

 * \ref SetOutputModuleValue, \ref SetLowSpeedModuleValue, \ref SetDisplayModuleV
     alue,
 * \ref SetCommModuleValue, \ref GetCommandModuleValue, \ref GetIOCtrlModuleValue
     ,
 * \ref GetLoaderModuleValue, \ref GetUIModuleValue, \ref GetSoundModuleValue,
 * \ref GetButtonModuleValue, \ref GetInputModuleValue, \ref GetOutputModuleValue
     ,
 * \ref GetLowSpeedModuleValue, \ref GetDisplayModuleValue, \ref GetCommModuleVal
     ue,
 */

}
```

9.307 ex_LowspeedBytesReady.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LowspeedBytesReady function.

```
x = LowspeedBytesReady(S1);
```

9.308 ex_LowspeedCheckStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LowspeedCheckStatus function.

```
x = LowspeedCheckStatus(S1);
```

9.309 ex_LowspeedRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LowspeedRead function.

```
x = LowspeedRead(S1, 1, outbuffer);
```

9.310 ex_LowspeedStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LowspeedStatus function.

```
x = LowspeedStatus(S1, nRead);
```

9.311 ex_LowspeedWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LowspeedWrite function.

```
x = LowspeedWrite(S1, 1, inbuffer);
```

9.312 ex_LSChannelState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSChannelState function.

```
x = LSChannelState(S1);
```

9.313 ex_LSErrorType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSErrorType function.

```
x = LSErrorType(S1);
```

9.314 ex_LSInputBufferBytesToRx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSInputBufferBytesToRx function.

```
x = LSInputBufferBytesToRx(S1);
```

9.315 ex_LSInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSInputBufferInPtr function.

```
x = LSInputBufferInPtr(S1);
```

9.316 ex_LSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
x = LSInputBufferOutPtr(S1);
```

9.317 ex_LSMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSMode function.

```
x = LSMode(S1);
```

9.318 ex_LSNoRestartOnRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSNoRestartOnRead function.

```
byte val = LSNoRestartOnRead();
```

9.319 ex_LSOutputBufferBytesToRx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSOutputBufferBytesToRx function.

```
x = LSOutputBufferBytesToRx(S1);
```

9.320 ex_LSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
x = LSOutputBufferInPtr(S1);
```

9.321 ex_LSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
x = LSOutputBufferOutPtr(S1);
```

9.322 ex_LSSpeed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSSpeed function.

```
x = LSSpeed();
```

9.323 ex_LSState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the LSState function.

```
x = LSState();
```

9.324 ex_memcmp.nxc

This is an example of how to use the memcmp function.

```
task main()
{
  byte myArray[] = {1, 2, 3, 4};
  byte x[] = {1, 2, 3, 5};
  int i = 5;
  int j;
  j = memcmp(myArray, x, 1); // returns -1, 0, or 1
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, i);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, j);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, memcmp(i, j, 1));
  Wait(SEC_15);
}
```

9.325 ex_memcpy.nxc

This is an example of how to use the memcpy function.

```
memcpy(myArray, anotherArray, 1);
```

9.326 ex_memmove.nxc

This is an example of how to use the memmove function.

```
memmove(myArray, anotherArray, 1);
```

9.327 ex_midstr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MidStr function.

```
task main()
{
```

```
  string s = "Now is the winter of our discontent";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, MidStr(s, 12, 5));
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.328 ex_motoractualspeed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorActualSpeed function.

```
x = MotorActualSpeed(OUT_A);
```

9.329 ex_motorblocktachocount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorBlockTachoCount function.

```
x = MotorBlockTachoCount(OUT_A);
```

9.330 ex_motormode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorMode function.

```
x = MotorMode(OUT_A);
```

9.331 ex_motoroutputoptions.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorOutputOptions function.

```
task main()
{
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, MotorOutputOptions(OUT_A));
  while(true);
}
```

9.332 ex_motoroverload.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorOverload function.

```
x = MotorOverload(OUT_A);
```

9.333 ex_motorpower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorPower function.

```
x = MotorPower(OUT_A);
```

9.334 ex_motorpwnfreq.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorPwnFreq function.

```
x = MotorPwnFreq();
```

9.335 ex_motorregdvalue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRegDValue function.

```
x = MotorRegDValue(OUT_A);
```

9.336 ex_motorregivalue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRegIValue function.

```
x = MotorRegIValue(OUT_A);
```

9.337 ex_motorregpvalue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRegPValue function.

```
x = MotorRegPValue(OUT_A);
```

9.338 ex_motorregulation.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRegulation function.

```
x = MotorRegulation(OUT_A);
```

9.339 ex_motorrotationcount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRotationCount function.

```
x = MotorRotationCount(OUT_A);
```

9.340 ex_motorrunstate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorRunState function.

```
x = MotorRunState(OUT_A);
```

9.341 ex_motortachocount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorTachoCount function.

```
x = MotorTachoCount(OUT_A);
```

9.342 ex_motortacholimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorTachoLimit function.

```
x = MotorTachoLimit(OUT_A);
```

9.343 ex_motorturnratio.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MotorTurnRatio function.

```
x = MotorTurnRatio(OUT_A);
```

9.344 ex_MSADPAOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSADPAOff function.

```
char result = MSADPAOff(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.345 ex_MSADPAOn.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSADPAOn function.

```
char result = MSADPAOn(S1, MS_ADDR_DISTNX);
```

9.346 ex_MSDeenergize.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSDeenergize function.

```
char result = MSDeenergize(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT);
```

9.347 ex_MSEnergize.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSEnergize function.

```
char result = MSEnergize(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT);
```

9.348 ex_MSIRTrain.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSIRTrain function.

```
char result = MSIRTrain(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, TRAIN_CHANNEL_1,
      TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED);
```

9.349 ex_MSPFComboDirect.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFComboDirect function.

```
char result = MSPFComboDirect(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_CMD_STOP,
      PF_CMD_FWD);
```

9.350 ex_MSPFComboPWM.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFComboPWM function.

```
char result = MSPFComboPWM(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_PWM_REV4,
      PF_PWM_FWD5);
```

9.351 ex_MSPFRawOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFRawOutput function.

```
char result = MSPFRawOutput(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, 0x0a, 0x01, 0x02);
```

9.352 ex_MSPFRepeat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFRepeat function.

```
char result = MSPFRepeat(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, 5, 100);
```

9.353 ex_MSPFSingleOutputCST.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFSingleOutputCST function.

```
char result = MSPFSingleOutputCST(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A,
      PF_CST_SET1_SET2);
```

9.354 ex_MSPFSingleOutputPWM.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFSingleOutputPWM function.

```
char result = MSPFSingleOutputPWM(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A,
      PF_PWM_FWD5);
```

9.355 ex_MSPFSinglePin.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFSinglePin function.

```
char result = MSPFSinglePin(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1, PF_OUT_A,
      PF_PIN_C1, PF_FUNC_SET, true);
```

9.356 ex_MSPFTrain.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSPFTrain function.

```
char result = MSPFTrain(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, PF_CHANNEL_1,
      TRAIN_FUNC_INCR_SPEED);
```

9.357 ex_MSRCXAbsVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXAbsVar function.

```
MSRCXAbsVar(0, RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.358 ex_MSRCXAddToDatalog.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXAddToDatalog function.

```
MSRCXAddToDatalog(RCX_InputValueSrc, S1);
```

9.359 ex_MSRCXAndVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXAndVar function.

```
MSRCXAndVar(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 0x7f);
```

9.360 ex_MSRCXBatteryLevel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXBatteryLevel function.

```
x = MSRCXBatteryLevel();
```

9.361 ex_MSRCXBoot.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXBoot function.

```
MSRCXBoot();
```

9.362 ex_MSRCXCalibrateEvent.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXCalibrateEvent function.

```
MSRCXCalibrateEvent(0, 200, 500, 50);
```

9.363 ex_MSRCXClearAllEvents.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearAllEvents function.

```
MSRCXClearAllEvents();
```

9.364 ex_MSRCXClearCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearCounter function.

```
MSRCXClearCounter(0);
```

9.365 ex_MSRCXClearMsg.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearMsg function.

```
MSRCXClearMsg();
```

9.366 ex_MSRCXClearSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearSensor function.

```
MSRCXClearSensor(S1);
```

9.367 ex_MSRCXClearSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearSound function.

```
MSRCXClearSound();
```

9.368 ex_MSRCXClearTimer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXClearTimer function.

```
MSRCXClearTimer(0);
```

9.369 ex_MSRCXCreateDatalog.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXCreateDatalog function.

```
MSRCXCreateDatalog(50);
```

9.370 ex_MSRCXDecCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDecCounter function.

```
MSRCXDecCounter(0);
```

9.371 ex_MSRCXDeleteSub.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDeleteSub function.

```
MSRCXDeleteSub(2);
```

9.372 ex_MSRCXDeleteSubs.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDeleteSubs function.

```
MSRCXDeleteSubs();
```

9.373 ex_MSRCXDeleteTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDeleteTask function.

```
MSRCXDeleteTask(3);
```

9.374 ex_MSRCXDeleteTasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDeleteTasks function.

```
MSRCXDeleteTasks();
```

9.375 ex_MSRCXDisableOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDisableOutput function.

```
MSRCXDisableOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.376 ex_MSRCXDivVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXDivVar function.

```
MSRCXDivVar(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 2);
```

9.377 ex_MSRCXEnableOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXEnableOutput function.

```
MSRCXEnableOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.378 ex_MSRCXEvent.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXEvent function.

```
MSRCXEvent(RCX_ConstantSrc, 2);
```

9.379 ex_MSRCXFloat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXFloat function.

```
MSRCXFloat(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.380 ex_MSRCXFwd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXFwd function.

```
MSRCXFwd(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.381 ex_MSRCXIncCounter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXIncCounter function.

```
MSRCXIncCounter(0);
```

9.382 ex_MSRCXInvertOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXInvertOutput function.

```
MSRCXInvertOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.383 ex_MSRCXMulVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXMulVar function.

```
MSRCXMulVar(0, RCX_VariableSrc, 4);
```

9.384 ex_MSRCXMuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXMuteSound function.

```
MSRCXMuteSound();
```

9.385 ex_MSRCXObvertOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXObvertOutput function.

```
MSRCXObvertOutput(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.386 ex_MSRCXOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOff function.

```
MSRCXOff(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.387 ex_MSRCXOn.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOn function.

```
MSRCXOn(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.388 ex_MSRCXOnFor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOnFor function.

```
MSRCXOnFor(RCX_OUT_A, 100);
```

9.389 ex_MSRCXOnFwd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOnFwd function.

```
MSRCXOnFwd(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.390 ex_MSRCXOnRev.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOnRev function.

```
MSRCXOnRev(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.391 ex_MSRCXOrVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXOrVar function.

```
MSRCXOrVar(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 0xCC);
```

9.392 ex_MSRCXPBTurnOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPBTurnOff function.

```
MSRCXPBTurnOff();
```

9.393 ex_MSRCXPing.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPing function.

```
MSRCXPing();
```

9.394 ex_MSRCXPlaySound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPlaySound function.

```
MSRCXPlaySound(RCX_SOUND_UP);
```

9.395 ex_MSRCXPlayTone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPlayTone function.

```
MSRCXPlayTone(440, 100);
```

9.396 ex_MSRCXPlayToneVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPlayToneVar function.

```
MSRCXPlayToneVar(0, 50);
```

9.397 ex_MSRCXPoll.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPoll function.

```
x = MSRCXPoll(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.398 ex_MSRCXPollMemory.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXPollMemory function.

```
MSRCXPollMemory(0, 10);
```

9.399 ex_MSRCXRemote.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXRemote function.

```
MSRCXRemote(RCX_RemotePlayASound);
```

9.400 ex_MSRCXReset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXReset function.

```
MSRCXReset();
```

9.401 ex_MSRCXRev.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXRev function.

```
MSRCXRev(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.402 ex_MSRCXSelectDisplay.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSelectDisplay function.

```
MSRCXSelectDisplay(RCX_VariableSrc, 2);
```

9.403 ex_MSRCXSelectProgram.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSelectProgram function.

```
MSRCXSelectProgram(3);
```

9.404 ex_MSRCXSendSerial.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSendSerial function.

```
MSRCXSendSerial(0, 10);
```

9.405 ex_MSRCXSet.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSet function.

```
MSRCXSet(RCX_VariableSrc, 0, RCX_RandomSrc, 10000);
```

9.406 ex_MSRCXSetDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetDirection function.

```
MSRCXSetDirection(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_FWD);
```

9.407 ex_MSRCXSetEvent.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetEvent function.

```
MSRCXSetEvent(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 5);
```

9.408 ex_MSRCXSetGlobalDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetGlobalDirection function.

```
MSRCXSetGlobalDirection(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_FWD);
```

9.409 ex_MSRCXSetGlobalOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetGlobalOutput function.

```
MSRCXSetGlobalOutput(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_ON);
```

9.410 ex_MSRCXSetMaxPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetMaxPower function.

```
MSRCXSetMaxPower(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_ConstantSrc, 5);
```

9.411 ex_MSRCXSetMessage.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetMessage function.

```
MSRCXSetMessage(20);
```

9.412 ex_MSRCXSetNRLinkPort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetNRLinkPort function.

```
MSRCXSetNRLinkPort(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.413 ex_MSRCXSetOutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetOutput function.

```
MSRCXSetOutput(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_OUT_ON);
```

9.414 ex_MSRCXSetPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetPower function.

```
MSRCXSetPower(RCX_OUT_A, RCX_ConstantSrc, RCX_OUT_FULL);
```

9.415 ex_MSRCXSetPriority.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetPriority function.

```
MSRCXSetPriority(2);
```

9.416 ex_MSRCXSetSensorMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetSensorMode function.

```
MSRCXSetSensorMode(S1, SENSOR_MODE_BOOL);
```

9.417 ex_MSRCXSetSensorType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetSensorType function.

```
MSRCXSetSensorType(S1, SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH);
```

9.418 ex_MSRCXSetSleepTime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetSleepTime function.

```
MSRCXSetSleepTime(4);
```

9.419 ex_MSRCXSetTxPower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetTxPower function.

```
MSRCXSetTxPower(0);
```

9.420 ex_MSRCXSetUserDisplay.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetUserDisplay function.

```
MSRCXSetUserDisplay(RCX_VariableSrc, 0, 2);
```

9.421 ex_MSRCXSetVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetVar function.

```
MSRCXSetVar(0, RCX_VariableSrc, 1);
```

9.422 ex_MSRCXSetWatch.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSetWatch function.

```
MSRCXSetWatch(3, 30);
```

9.423 ex_MSRCXSgnVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSgnVar function.

```
MSRCXSgnVar(0, RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.424 ex_MSRCXStartTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXStartTask function.

```
MSRCXStartTask(2);
```

9.425 ex_MSRCXStopAllTasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXStopAllTasks function.

```
MSRCXStopAllTasks();
```

9.426 ex_MSRCXStopTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXStopTask function.

```
MSRCXStopTask(1);
```

9.427 ex_MSRCXSubVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSubVar function.

```
MSRCXSubVar(0, RCX_RandomSrc, 10);
```

9.428 ex_MSRCXSumVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXSumVar function.

```
MSRCXSumVar(0, RCX_InputValueSrc, S1);
```

9.429 ex_MSRCXToggle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXToggle function.

```
MSRCXToggle(RCX_OUT_A);
```

9.430 ex_MSRCXUnlock.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXUnlock function.

```
MSRCXUnlock();
```

9.431 ex_MSRCXUnmuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSRCXUnmuteSound function.

```
MSRCXUnmuteSound();
```

9.432 ex_MSReadValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSReadValue function.

```
byte value = MSReadValue(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_CMD, 1);
```

9.433 ex_MSScoutCalibrateSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutCalibrateSensor function.

```
MSScoutCalibrateSensor();
```

9.434 ex_MSScoutMuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutMuteSound function.

```
MSScoutMuteSound();
```

9.435 ex_MSScoutSelectSounds.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSelectSounds function.

```
MSScoutSelectSounds(0);
```

9.436 ex_MSScoutSendVLL.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSendVLL function.

```
MSScoutSendVLL(RCX_ConstantSrc, 0x30);
```

9.437 ex_MSScoutSetCounterLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetCounterLimit function.

```
MSScoutSetCounterLimit(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 2000);
```

9.438 ex_MSScoutSetEventFeedback.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetEventFeedback function.

```
MSScoutSetEventFeedback(RCX_ConstantSrc, 10);
```

9.439 ex_MSScoutSetLight.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetLight function.

```
MSScoutSetLight(SCOUT_LIGMS_ON);
```

9.440 ex_MSScoutSetScoutMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetScoutMode function.

```
MSScoutSetScoutMode(SCOUT_MODE_POWER);
```

9.441 ex_MSScoutSetScoutRules.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetScoutRules function.

```
MSScoutSetScoutRules(SCOUT_MR_FORWARD, SCOUT_TR_REVERSE, SCOUT_LR_IGNORE,
      SCOUT_TGS_SHORT, SCOUT_FXR_BUG);
```

9.442 ex_MSScoutSetSensorClickTime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetSensorClickTime function.

```
MSScoutSetSensorClickTime(RCX_ConstantSrc, 200);
```

9.443 ex_MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis function.

```
MSScoutSetSensorHysteresis(RCX_ConstantSrc, 50);
```

9.444 ex_MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit function.

```
MSScoutSetSensorLowerLimit(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.445 ex_MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit function.

```
MSScoutSetSensorUpperLimit(RCX_VariableSrc, 0);
```

9.446 ex_MSScoutSetTimerLimit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutSetTimerLimit function.

```
MSScoutSetTimerLimit(0, RCX_ConstantSrc, 10000);
```

9.447 ex_MSScoutUnmuteSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the MSScoutUnmuteSound function.

```
MSScoutUnmuteSound();
```

9.448 ex_muldiv32.nxc

This is an example of how to use the muldiv32 function.

```
y = muldiv32(a, b, c);
```

9.449 ex_NRLink2400.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLink2400 function.

```
char result = NRLink2400(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.450 ex_NRLink4800.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLink4800 function.

```
char result = NRLink4800(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.451 ex_NRLinkFlush.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkFlush function.

```
char result = NRLinkFlush(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.452 ex_NRLinkIRLong.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkIRLong function.

```
char result = NRLinkIRLong(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.453 ex_NRLinkIRShort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkIRShort function.

```
char result = NRLinkIRShort(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.454 ex_NRLinkSetPF.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkSetPF function.

```
char result = NRLinkSetPF(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.455 ex_NRLinkSetRCX.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkSetRCX function.

```
char result = NRLinkSetRCX(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.456 ex_NRLinkSetTrain.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkSetTrain function.

```
char result = NRLinkSetTrain(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.457 ex_NRLinkStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkStatus function.

```
byte result = NRLinkStatus(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.458 ex_NRLinkTxRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NRLinkTxRaw function.

```
byte result = NRLinkTxRaw(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK);
```

9.459 ex_NumOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NumOut function.

```
NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, x);
```

9.460 ex_NumToStr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NumToStr function.

```
msg = NumToStr(-2); // returns "-2" in a string
```

9.461 ex_NXTHID.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NXTHIDAsciiMode, NXTHIDDirectMode, NXTHIDTransmit, NXTHIDLoadCharacter, SetSensorLowspeed, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1); // NXTHID is an i2c device

  char result;
```

```
  // configure device in ASCII mode
  result = NXTHIDAsciiMode(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTHID);

  // load a character
  result = NXTHIDLoadCharacter(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTHID, NXTHID_MOD_NONE, 'A');

  // transmit the character
  result = NXTHIDTransmit(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // configure device in Direct mode
  result = NXTHIDDirectMode(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTHID);

  // load a character
  result = NXTHIDLoadCharacter(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTHID, NXTHID_MOD_LEFT_CTRL, 'd'); //
       ctrl+d

  // transmit the character
  result = NXTHIDTransmit(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);

  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.462 ex_NXTLineLeader.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NXTLineLeaderSteering, NXTLineLeaderAverage, NXTLineLeaderResult, NXTLineLeaderPowerDown, NXTLineLeaderPowerUp, NXTLineLeaderInvert, NXTLineLeaderReset, NXTLineLeaderSnapshot, NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite, NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack, SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint, SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue, SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue, SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue, SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor, SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor, SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor, SetSensorLowspeed, NumOut, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1); // NXTLineLeader is an i2c device

  char val;
  // position sensor over white surface for 1 second
  val = NXTLineLeaderCalibrateWhite(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  Wait(SEC_1);

  // position sensor over black surface for 1 second
  val = NXTLineLeaderCalibrateBlack(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  Wait(SEC_1);

  // position sensor over line
  byte steering, average, result;
  steering = NXTLineLeaderSteering(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);
```

```
  average = NXTLineLeaderAverage(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);
  result = NXTLineLeaderResult(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, steering);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, average);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, result);

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // put the device to sleep
  val = NXTLineLeaderPowerDown(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // wake up the device
  val = NXTLineLeaderPowerUp(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  // invert colors (white line on black surface)
  val = NXTLineLeaderInvert(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // reset back to default colors
  val = NXTLineLeaderReset(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // take a snapshot of the surface below the device
  val = NXTLineLeaderSnapshot(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR);

  // set sensor configuration values to non-defaults
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderSetpoint(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 10); // default is 45
  // set PID values
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKpValue(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 100); // default is 25
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKiValue(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 10); // default is 0
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKdValue(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 50); // default is 8
  // set PID factors
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKpFactor(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 40); // default is 32
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKiFactor(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 40); // default is 32
  val = SetNXTLineLeaderKdFactor(S1, MS_ADDR_LINELDR, 40); // default is 32

  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.463 ex_NXTPowerMeter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NXTPowerMeterResetCounters, NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent, NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage, NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed, NXTPowerMeterPresentPower, NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed, NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent, NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent, NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage, NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage, NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime, NXTPowerMeterErrorCount, SetSensorLowspeed, NumOut, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
```

```
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1); // NXTPowerMeter is an i2c device

  char result;

  // reset the counters
  result = NXTPowerMeterResetCounters(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS);

  // wait 10 seconds
  Wait(SEC_10);

  // output values

  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, NXTPowerMeterPresentCurrent(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, NXTPowerMeterPresentVoltage(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, NXTPowerMeterCapacityUsed(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, NXTPowerMeterPresentPower(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, NXTPowerMeterTotalPowerConsumed(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, NXTPowerMeterMaxCurrent(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE7, NXTPowerMeterMinCurrent(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  Wait(SEC_5);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, NXTPowerMeterMaxVoltage(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, NXTPowerMeterMinVoltage(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, NXTPowerMeterElapsedTime(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, NXTPowerMeterErrorCount(S1, MS_ADDR_IVSENS));
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.464 ex_NXTServo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the NXTServoPosition, NXTServoSpeed, NXTServoBatteryVoltage, SetNXTServoSpeed, SetNXTServoQuickPosition, SetNXTServoPosition, NXTServoReset, NXTServoHaltMacro, NXTServoResumeMacro, NXTServoPauseMacro, NXTServoInit, NXTServoGotoMacroAddress, NXTServoEditMacro, NXTServoQuitEdit, SetSensorLowspeed, NumOut, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1); // NXTServo is an i2c device

  // edit a macro
  char result;
  result = NXTServoEditMacro(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);

  // TODO: write bytes of macro data to the device

  result = NXTServoQuitEdit(S1);

  // run a macro at address 0x30
  result = NXTServoGotoMacroAddress(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, 0x30);
  Wait(SEC_1);

  // pause the macro
  result = NXTServoPauseMacro(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);
```

```
  Wait(SEC_1);

  // resume the macro
  result = NXTServoResumeMacro(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);
  Wait(SEC_1);

  // halt the macro
  result = NXTServoHaltMacro(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);

  // set a non-default speed value for a servo (0 = full speed)
  result = SetNXTServoSpeed(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1, 10);

  // set a non-default quick position value for a servo
  result = SetNXTServoQuickPosition(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1,
      NXTSERVO_QPOS_MIN);

  // Wait a bit for the servo to reach its new position
  Wait(SEC_5);

  // set a non-default position value for a servo
  result = SetNXTServoPosition(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1,
      NXTSERVO_POS_CENTER);

  // store these non-default values as the initial position for this servo
  result = NXTServoInit(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1);

  // output the battery voltage
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, NXTServoBatteryVoltage(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO));

  // output the current position
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, NXTServoPosition(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1));


  // output the current speed
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, NXTServoSpeed(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO, NXTSERVO_SERVO_1));

  Wait(SEC_5);

  // reset the device back to default speed/position (0/1500) settings for all se
      rvos
  result = NXTServoReset(S1, MS_ADDR_NXTSERVO);

  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.465 ex_NXTSumoEyes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorNXTSumoEyes, SensorNXTSumoEyes, SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw, NumOut, and Wait functions.

```
inline void TurnLeft() { }
inline void TurnRight() { }
inline void GoStraight() { }
inline void SearchForObstacle() { }
```

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorNXTSumoEyes(S1, true); // long range
  while(true)
  {
    char zone = SensorNXTSumoEyes(S1);
    switch (zone) {
      case NXTSE_ZONE_LEFT:
        TurnLeft();
        break;
      case NXTSE_ZONE_RIGHT:
        TurnRight();
        break;
      case NXTSE_ZONE_FRONT:
        GoStraight();
        break;
      default:
        SearchForObstacle();
        break;
    }
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, SensorNXTSumoEyesRaw(S1));
    Wait(MS_500);
  }
}
```

9.466 ex_off.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Off function.

```
Off(OUT_A); // turn off output A
```

9.467 ex_offex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OffEx function.

```
OffEx(OUT_A, RESET_NONE); // turn off output A
```

9.468 ex_OnBrickProgramPointer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnBrickProgramPointer function.

```
x = OnBrickProgramPointer();
```

9.469 ex_onfwd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwd function.

```
OnFwd(OUT_A, 75);
```

9.470 ex_onfwdex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdEx function.

```
OnFwdEx(OUT_A, 75, RESET_NONE);
```

9.471 ex_onfwdreg.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdReg function.

```
OnFwdReg(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED); // regulate speed
```

9.472 ex_onfwdregex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdRegEx function.

```
OnFwdRegEx(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, RESET_NONE);
```

9.473 ex_onfwdregexpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdRegExPID function.

```
OnFwdRegExPID(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, RESET_NONE, 30, 50, 90);
```

9.474 ex_onfwdregpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdRegPID function.

```
OnFwdRegPID(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, 30, 50, 90); // regulate speed
```

9.475 ex_onfwdsync.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdSync function.

```
OnFwdSync(OUT_AB, 75, -100); // spin right
```

9.476 ex_onfwdsyncex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdSyncEx function.

```
OnFwdSyncEx(OUT_AB, 75, 0, RESET_NONE);
```

9.477 ex_onfwdsyncexpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdSyncExPID function.

```
OnFwdSyncExPID(OUT_AB, 75, 0, RESET_NONE, 30, 50, 90);
```

9.478 ex_onfwdsyncpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnFwdSyncPID function.

```
OnFwdSyncPID(OUT_AB, 75, -100, 30, 50, 90); // spin right
```

9.479 ex_onrev.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRev function.

```
OnRev(OUT_A, 75);
```

9.480 ex_onrevex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevEx function.

```
OnRevEx(OUT_A, 75, RESET_NONE);
```

9.481 ex_onrevreg.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevReg function.

```
OnRevReg(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED); // regulate speed
```

9.482 ex_onrevregex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevRegEx function.

```
OnRevRegEx(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, RESET_NONE);
```

9.483 ex_onrevregexpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevRegExPID function.

```
OnRevRegExPID(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, RESET_NONE, 30, 50, 90);
```

9.484 ex_onrevregpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevRegPID function.

```
OnRevRegPID(OUT_A, 75, OUT_REGMODE_SPEED, 30, 50, 90); // regulate speed
```

9.485 ex_onrevsync.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevSync function.

```
OnRevSync(OUT_AB, 75, -100); // spin left
```

9.486 ex_onrevsyncex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevSyncEx function.

```
OnRevSyncEx(OUT_AB, 75, -100, RESET_NONE); // spin left
```

9.487 ex_onrevsyncexpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevSyncExPID function.

```
OnRevSyncExPID(OUT_AB, 75, -100, RESET_NONE, 30, 50, 90); // spin left
```

9.488 ex_onrevsyncpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OnRevSyncPID function.

```
OnRevSyncPID(OUT_AB, 75, -100, 30, 50, 90); // spin left
```

9.489 ex_OpenFileAppend.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OpenFileAppend function.

```
result = OpenFileAppend("data.txt", fsize, handle);
```

9.490 ex_OpenFileRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OpenFileRead function.

```
result = OpenFileRead("data.txt", fsize, handle);
```

9.491 ex_OpenFileReadLinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the OpenFileReadLinear function.

```
result = OpenFileReadLinear("data.txt", fsize, handle);
```

9.492 ex_PFMate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PFMateSend, PFMateSendRaw, SetSensorLowspeed, and Wait functions.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S1); // PFMate is an i2c device
  // motor a forward full speed, motor b reverse full speed
  bool result = PFMateSend(S1, MS_ADDR_PFMATE, PFMATE_CHANNEL_1,
      PFMATE_MOTORS_BOTH, PF_CMD_FWD, 7, PF_CMD_REV, 7);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  byte b1, b2;
  b1 = 0xFF;
  b2 = 0x00;
  result = PFMateSendRaw(S1, MS_ADDR_PFMATE, PFMATE_CHANNEL_1, b1, b2);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.493 ex_PlayFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayFile function.

```
PlayFile("startup.rso");
```

9.494 ex_PlayFileEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayFileEx function.

```
PlayFileEx("startup.rso", 3, true);
```

9.495 ex_playsound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlaySound function.

```
task main()
{
  PlaySound(SOUND_UP);
  PlaySound(SOUND_DOWN);
  Wait(SEC_1);
  PlaySound(SOUND_LOW_BEEP);
  Wait(MS_500);
  PlaySound(SOUND_FAST_UP);
}
```

9.496 ex_PlayTone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayTone function.

```
PlayTone(440, 500);     // Play 'A' for one half second
```

9.497 ex_PlayToneEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayToneEx function.

```
PlayToneEx(440, 500, 2, false);
```

9.498 ex_playtones.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PlayTones function along with the Tone structure.

```
Tone sweepUp[] = {
  TONE_C4, MS_50,
  TONE_E4, MS_50,
  TONE_G4, MS_50,
  TONE_C5, MS_50,
  TONE_E5, MS_50,
  TONE_G5, MS_50,
  TONE_C6, MS_200
};

task main()
{
  PlayTones(sweepUp);
  Wait(SEC_1);
}
```

9.499 ex_PointOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PointOut function.

```
PointOut(40, 40);
```

9.500 ex_PolyOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PolyOut function.

```
LocationType myPoints[] = {16,16, 8,40, 32,52, 20,36, 52,36, 56,52, 64,32, 44,20,
       24,20};

task main()
{
  PolyOut(myPoints, false);
  Wait(SEC_2);
  ClearScreen();
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++) {
    PolyOut(myPoints, DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE);
    Wait(SEC_1);
  }
  PolyOut(myPoints, true|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE);
  Wait(SEC_2);
  ClearScreen();
  for (int i=0;i<100;i++) {
    PolyOut(myPoints, DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE);
    Wait(MS_100);
  }
  Wait(SEC_1);
}
```

9.501 ex_Pos.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Pos and NumOut functions.

```
task main()
{
  string s1 = "hi there";
  string s2 = "the";
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, Pos(s2, s1));
  while(true);
}
```

9.502 ex_PosReg.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PosRegEnable, PosRegSetAngle, PosRegAddAngle, PosRegSetMax, SetMotorRegulationTime, SetMotorRegulationOptions, Mo-

torRegulationTime, MotorRegulationOptions, MotorMaxSpeed, and MotorMaxAcceleration functions.

```
task main()
{
  byte rt = MotorRegulationTime();
  SetMotorRegulationTime(MS_10);
  byte ro = MotorRegulationOptions();
  SetMotorRegulationOptions(OUT_REGOPTION_NO_SATURATION);
  PosRegSetMax(OUT_A, 75, 15);
  byte ms = MotorMaxSpeed(OUT_A);
  byte ma = MotorMaxAcceleration(OUT_A);
  PosRegEnable(OUT_A);
  PosRegSetAngle(OUT_A, 360);
  Wait(5000);
  PosRegAddAngle(OUT_A, 360);
  Wait(5000);
}
```

9.503 ex_pow.nxc

This is an example of how to use the pow function.

```
y = pow(x, 3);
```

9.504 ex_PowerDown.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PowerDown functions.

```
PowerDown();
```

9.505 ex_Precedes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Precedes statement.

```
Precedes(moving, drawing, playing);
```

9.506 ex_printf.nxc

This is an example of how to use the printf function.

```
printf("value = %d", value);
```

9.507 ex_PSPNxAnalog.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PSPNxAnalog function.

```
char result = PSPNxAnalog(S1, MS_ADDR_PSPNX);
```

9.508 ex_PSPNxDigital.nxc

This is an example of how to use the PSPNxDigital function.

```
char result = PSPNxDigital(S1, MS_ADDR_PSPNX);
```

9.509 ex_putc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the putc function.

```
putc(ch, handle);
```

9.510 ex_rand.nxc

This is an example of how to use the rand function.

```
unsigned int x = rand(); // 0..RAND_MAX-1
```

9.511 ex_Random.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Random function.

```
int x = Random(); // signed int between -32767..32767
unsigned i = Random(100); // 0..99

int ending = 4000, starting = 1000;
unsigned int j = Random(ending-starting)+starting; // 1000..3999
```

9.512 ex_Read.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Read function.

```
result = Read(handle, value);
```

9.513 ex_ReadButtonEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadButtonEx function.

```
ReadButtonEx(BTN1, true, pressed, count);
```

9.514 ex_ReadBytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadBytes function.

```
result = ReadBytes(handle, len, buffer);
```

9.515 ex_readi2cregister.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadI2CRegister function.

```
char result = ReadI2CRegister(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_CMD, out);
```

9.516 ex_ReadLn.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadLn function.

```
result = ReadLn(handle, value);
```

9.517 ex_ReadNRLinkBytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadNRLinkBytes function.

```
bool result = ReadNRLinkBytes(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK, data);
```

9.518 ex_ReadSensorColorEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorColorEx function.

```
unsigned int rawData[], normData[];
int scaledData[];
int cval;
int result = ReadSensorColorEx(S1, cval, rawData, normData, scaledData);
```

9.519 ex_ReadSensorColorRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorColorRaw function.

```
unsigned int rawData[];
int result = ReadSensorColorRaw(S1, rawData);
```

9.520 ex_ReadSensorEMeter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorEMeter function.

```
float vIn, aIn, vOut, aOut, wIn, wOut;
int joules;

char result = ReadSensorEMeter(S1, vIn, aIn, vOut, aOut, joules, wIn, wOut);
```

9.521 ex_ReadSensorHTAccel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTAccel function.

```
bVal = ReadSensorHTAccel(S1, x, y, z);
```

9.522 ex_ReadSensorHTAngle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTAngle function.

```
task main()
{
  int angle, rpm;
  long accangle;
  SetSensorLowspeed(S4);
  while (true) {
    ClearScreen();
    ReadSensorHTAngle(S4, angle, accangle, rpm);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, angle);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, accangle);
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, rpm);
    Wait(MS_500);
  }
}
```

9.523 ex_ReadSensorHTColor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTColor function.

```
bVal = ReadSensorHTColor(S1, c, r, g, b);
```

9.524 ex_ReadSensorHTColor2Active.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTColor2Active function.

```
byte cnum, red, green, blue, white;
bool result = ReadSensorHTColor2Active(S1, cnum, red, green, blue, white);
```

9.525 ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiver.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTIRReceiver function.

```
char pfdata[];
bool result = ReadSensorHTIRReceiver(S1, pfdata);
```

9.526 ex_ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx function.

```
char pfchar;
bool result = ReadSensorHTIRReceiverEx(S1, HT_CH1_A, pfchar);
```

9.527 ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTIRSeeker function.

```
bVal = ReadSensorHTIRSeeker(port, dir, s1, s3, s5, s7, s9);
```

9.528 ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC function.

```
byte s1, s3, s5, s7, s9;
bool result = ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2AC(S1, dir, s1, s3, s5, s7, s9);
```

9.529 ex_ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC function.

```
byte s1, s3, s5, s7, s9, avg;
bool result = ReadSensorHTIRSeeker2DC(S1, dir, s1, s3, s5, s7, s9, avg);
```

9.530 ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor function.

```
bVal = ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor(S1, c, r, g, b);
```

9.531 ex_ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active function.

```
byte cidx, red, green, blue;
bool result = ReadSensorHTNormalizedColor2Active(S1, cidx, red, green, blue);
```

9.532 ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTRawColor function.

```
bVal = ReadSensorHTRawColor(S1, r, g, b);
```

9.533 ex_ReadSensorHTRawColor2.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTRawColor2 function.

```
unsigned int red, green, blue, white;
bool result = ReadSensorHTRawColor2(S1, red, green, blue, white);
```

9.534 ex_ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer function.

```
task main()
{
  byte t1, t2, t3, t4;
  SetSensorTouch(S1);
  while (true) {
    ReadSensorHTTouchMultiplexer(S1, t1, t2, t3, t4);
    if (t1)
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "1 pressed" );
    else
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "          " );
    if (t2)
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "2 pressed" );
    else
```

```
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "         " );
    if (t3)
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "3 pressed" );
    else
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "         " );
    if (t4)
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "4 pressed" );
    else
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "         " );
  }
}
```

9.535 ex_ReadSensorMSAccel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorMSAccel function.

```
int x, y, z;
bool result = ReadSensorMSAccel(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX, x, y, z);
```

9.536 ex_ReadSensorMSPlayStation.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorMSPlayStation function.

```
byte btnset1, btnset2, xleft, yleft, xright, yright;
bool result = ReadSensorMSPlayStation(S1, MS_ADDR_PSPNX, btnset1, btnset2, xleft,
       yleft, xright, yright);
```

9.537 ex_ReadSensorMSRTClock.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorMSRTClock function.

```
ReadSensorMSRTClock(S1, ss, mm, hh, dow, dd, mon, yy);
```

9.538 ex_ReadSensorMSTilt.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorMSTilt function.

```
byte x, y, z;
bool result = ReadSensorMSTilt(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX, x, y, z);
```

9.539 ex_ReadSensorUSEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReadSensorUSEx function.

```
byte values[];
char result = ReadSensorUSEx(S1, values);
```

9.540 ex_RebootInFirmwareMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RebootInFirmwareMode functions.

```
RebootInFirmwareMode();
```

9.541 ex_ReceiveMessage.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReceiveMessage function.

```
x = RecieveMessage(MAILBOX1, true, buffer);
```

9.542 ex_ReceiveRemoteBool.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReceiveRemoteBool function.

```
x = ReceiveRemoteBool(MAILBOX1, true, bvalue);
```

9.543 ex_ReceiveRemoteMessageEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReceiveRemoteMessageEx function.

```
x = ReceiveRemoteMessageEx(MAILBOX1, true, strval, val, bval);
```

9.544 ex_ReceiveRemoteNumber.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReceiveRemoteNumber function.

```
x = ReceiveRemoteBool(MAILBOX1, true, value);
```

9.545 ex_ReceiveRemoteString.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ReceiveRemoteString function.

```
x = ReceiveRemoteString(queue, true, strval);
```

9.546 ex_RechargeableBattery.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RechargeableBattery function.

```
x = RechargeableBattery();
```

9.547 ex_RectOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RectOut function.

```
RectOut(40, 40, 30, 10);
```

9.548 ex_reladdressof.nxc

This is an example of how to use the reladdressOf function.

```
task main()
{
  char x[]={1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0};
  unsigned long ptr = reladdressOf(x);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%x", ptr));
  IOMapReadByIDType args;
  args.ModuleID = CommandModuleID;
  args.Offset   = CommandOffsetMemoryPool+ptr;
  args.Count    = 10;
  SysIOMapReadByID(args);
  NumOut( 0, LCD_LINE2, x[0]);
  NumOut(20, LCD_LINE2, x[1]);
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE2, x[2]);
  NumOut(60, LCD_LINE2, x[3]);
  NumOut(80, LCD_LINE2, x[4]);
  NumOut( 0, LCD_LINE3, args.Buffer[0]);
  NumOut(20, LCD_LINE3, args.Buffer[1]);
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE3, args.Buffer[2]);
  NumOut(60, LCD_LINE3, args.Buffer[3]);
  NumOut(80, LCD_LINE3, args.Buffer[4]);
  args.Buffer++;
  args.Buffer *= 3;
  IOMapWriteByIDType a2;
  a2.ModuleID = CommandModuleID;
  a2.Offset   = CommandOffsetMemoryPool+ptr;
  a2.Buffer   = args.Buffer;
  SysIOMapWriteByID(a2);
  NumOut( 0, LCD_LINE4, x[0]);
  NumOut(20, LCD_LINE4, x[1]);
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE4, x[2]);
  NumOut(60, LCD_LINE4, x[3]);
  NumOut(80, LCD_LINE4, x[4]);
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.549 ex_Release.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Release function.

```
Acquire(motorMutex); // make sure we have exclusive access
// use the motors
Release(motorMutex); // release mutex for other tasks
```

9.550 ex_RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset function.

```
char result = RemoteBluetoothFactoryReset(CONN_HS1); // cannot be used over a blu
      eooth connection
```

9.551 ex_RemoteCloseFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteCloseFile function.

```
char result = RemoteCloseFile(CONN_BT1, handle);
```

9.552 ex_RemoteConnectionIdle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteConnectionIdle function.

```
bool result = RemoteConnectionIdle(CONN_BT1);
```

9.553 ex_RemoteConnectionWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteConnectionWrite function.

```
char result = RemoteConnectionWrite(CONN_BT1, dataBuf);
```

9.554 ex_RemoteDatalogRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteDatalogRead function.

```
byte count;
byte data[];

char result = RemoteDatalogRead(CONN_BT1, true, count, data);
```

9.555 ex_RemoteDatalogSetTimes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteDatalogSetTimes function.

```
char result = RemoteDatalogSetTimes(CONN_BT1, 1000);
```

9.556 ex_RemoteDeleteFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteDeleteFile function.

```
char result = RemoteDeleteFile(CONN_BT1, "test.dat");
```

9.557 ex_RemoteDeleteUserFlash.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteDeleteUserFlash function.

```
char result = RemoteDeleteUserFlash(CONN_BT1);
```

9.558 ex_RemoteFindFirstFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteFindFirstFile function.

```
long size;
string name;
byte handle;

char result = RemoteFindFirstFile(CONN_BT1, "*.rxe", handle, name, size);
```

9.559 ex_RemoteFindNextFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteFindNextFile function.

```
byte handle;
string name;
long size;

char result = RemoteFindNextFile(CONN_BT1, handle, name, size);
```

9.560 ex_RemoteGetBatteryLevel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetBatteryLevel function.

```
int blevel;

char result = RemoteGetBatteryLevel(CONN_BT1, blevel);
```

9.561 ex_RemoteGetBluetoothAddress.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetBluetoothAddress function.

```
byte btaddr[];

char result = RemoteGetBluetoothAddress(CONN_BT1, btaddr);
```

9.562 ex_RemoteGetConnectionCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetConnectionCount function.

```
byte cnt;

char result = RemoteGetConnectionCount(CONN_BT1, cnt);
```

9.563 ex_RemoteGetConnectionName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetConnectionName function.

```
string name;
byte idx = 1;

char result = RemoteGetConnectionName(CONN_BT1, idx, name);
```

9.564 ex_RemoteGetContactCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetContactCount function.

```
byte cnt;

char result = RemoteGetContactCount(CONN_BT1, cnt);
```

9.565 ex_RemoteGetContactName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetContactName function.

```
string name;
byte idx = 1;

char result = RemoteGetContactName(CONN_BT1, idx, name);
```

9.566 ex_RemoteGetCurrentProgramName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetCurrentProgramName function.

```
string name;

char result = RemoteGetCurrentProgramName(CONN_BT1, name);
```

9.567 ex_RemoteGetDeviceInfo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetDeviceInfo function.

```
string name;
byte btaddr[], btsignal[];
long freemem;

char result = RemoteGetDeviceInfo(CONN_BT1, name, btaddr, btsignal, freemem);
```

9.568 ex_RemoteGetFirmwareVersion.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetFirmwareVersion function.

```
byte pmin, pmaj, fmin, fmaj;

char result = RemoteGetFirmwareVersion(CONN_BT1, pmin, pmaj, fmin, fmaj);
```

9.569 ex_RemoteGetInputValues.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetInputValues function.

```
InputValuesType params;

char result = RemoteGetInputValues(CONN_BT1, params);
```

9.570 ex_RemoteGetOutputState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetOutputState function.

```
OutputStateType params;

char result = RemoteGetOutputState(CONN_BT1, params);
```

9.571 ex_RemoteGetProperty.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteGetProperty function.

```
byte value;

char result = RemoteGetProperty(CONN_BT1, RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL, value);
```

9.572 ex_RemoteIOMapRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteIOMapRead function.

```
int numbytes = 1;
byte data[];

char result = RemoteIOMapRead(CONN_BT1, CommandModuleID, CommandOffsetProgStatus,
       numbytes, data);
```

9.573 ex_RemoteIOMapWriteBytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteIOMapWriteBytes function.

```
byte data[] = {1};
char result = RemoteIOMapWriteBytes(CONN_BT1, CommandModuleID,
      CommandOffsetProgStatus, data);
```

9.574 ex_RemoteIOMapWriteValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteIOMapWriteValue function.

```
byte value;

char result = RemoteIOMapWriteValue(CONN_BT1, CommandModuleID,
      CommandOffsetProgStatus, value);
```

9.575 ex_RemoteKeepAlive.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteKeepAlive function.

```
x = RemoteKeepAlive(1);
```

9.576 ex_RemoteLowspeedGetStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteLowspeedGetStatus function.

```
byte value;

char result = RemoteLowspeedGetStatus(CONN_BT1, value);
```

9.577 ex_RemoteLowspeedRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteLowspeedRead function.

```
byte port = S1;
byte bread;
byte data[];

char result = RemoteLowspeedRead(CONN_BT1, port, bread, data);
```

9.578 ex_RemoteLowspeedWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteLowspeedWrite function.

```
byte port = S1;
byte txlen = 2;
byte rxlen = 8;
byte data[] = {0x02, 0x00};

char result = RemoteLowspeedWrite(CONN_BT1, port, txlen, rxlen, data);
```

9.579 ex_RemoteMessageRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteMessageRead function.

```
x = RemoteMessageRead(1, 5);
```

9.580 ex_RemoteMessageWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteMessageWrite function.

```
x = RemoteMessageWrite(1, 5, "test");
```

9.581 ex_RemoteOpenAppendData.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteOpenAppendData function.

```
byte handle;
long size;

char result = RemoteOpenAppendData(CONN_BT1, "test.dat", handle, size);
```

9.582 ex_RemoteOpenRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteOpenRead function.

```
byte handle;
long size;

char result = RemoteOpenRead(CONN_BT1, "test.dat", handle, size);
```

9.583 ex_RemoteOpenWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteOpenWrite function.

```
byte handle;
long size = 1024;

char result = RemoteOpenWrite(CONN_BT1, "test.dat", size, handle);
```

9.584 ex_RemoteOpenWriteData.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteOpenWriteData function.

```
byte handle;
long size = 1024;

char result = RemoteOpenWriteData(CONN_BT1, "test.dat", size, handle);
```

9.585 ex_RemoteOpenWriteLinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteOpenWriteLinear function.

```
byte handle;
long size = 1024;

char result = RemoteOpenWriteLinear(CONN_BT1, "test.rxe", size, handle);
```

9.586 ex_RemotePlaySoundFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemotePlaySoundFile function.

```
x = RemotePlaySoundFile(1, "click.rso", false);
```

9.587 ex_RemotePlayTone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemotePlayTone function.

```
x = RemotePlayTone(1, 440, 1000);
```

9.588 ex_RemotePollCommand.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemotePollCommand function.

```
byte len;
byte data[];

char result = RemotePollCommand(CONN_BT1, 0, len, data);
```

9.589 ex_RemotePollCommandLength.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemotePollCommandLength function.

```
byte len;

char result = RemotePollCommandLength(CONN_BT1, 0, len);
```

9.590 ex_RemoteRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteRead function.

```
byte handle;
int numbytes = 10;
byte data[];

char result = RemoteRead(CONN_BT1, handle, numbytes, data);
```

9.591 ex_RemoteRenameFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteRenameFile function.

```
char result = RemoteRenameFile(CONN_BT1, "test.dat", "test2.dat");
```

9.592 ex_RemoteResetMotorPosition.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteResetMotorPosition function.

```
x = RemoteResetMotorPosition(1, OUT_A, true);
```

9.593 ex_RemoteResetScaledValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteResetScaledValue function.

```
x = RemoteResetScaledValue(1, S1);
```

9.594 ex_RemoteResetTachoCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteResetTachoCount function.

```
char result = RemoteResetTachoCount(CONN_BT1, OUT_A);
```

9.595 ex_RemoteSetBrickName.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteSetBrickName function.

```
char result = RemoteSetBrickName(CONN_HS1, "NEWNAME");
```

9.596 ex_RemoteSetInputMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteSetInputMode function.

```
x = RemoteSetInputMode(1, S1, SENSOR_TYPE_LOWSPEED, SENSOR_MODE_RAW);
```

9.597 ex_RemoteSetOutputState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteSetOutputState function.

```
x = RemoteSetOutputState(1, OUT_A, 75, OUT_MODE_MOTORON, OUT_REGMODE_IDLE, 0,
      OUT_RUNSTATE_RUNNING, 0);
```

9.598 ex_RemoteSetProperty.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteSetProperty function.

```
byte value = 3;

char result = RemoteSetProperty(CONN_BT1, RC_PROP_SOUND_LEVEL, value);
```

9.599 ex_RemoteStartProgram.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteStartProgram function.

```
x = RemoteStartProgram(1, "myprog.rxe");
```

9.600 ex_RemoteStopProgram.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteStopProgram function.

```
x = RemoteStopProgram(1);
```

9.601 ex_RemoteStopSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteStopSound function.

```
x = RemoteStopSound(1);
```

9.602 ex_RemoteWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RemoteWrite function.

```
byte handle;
int numbytes = 10;
byte data[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0};

char result = RemoteWrite(CONN_BT1, handle, numbytes, data);
```

9.603 ex_remove.nxc

This is an example of how to use the remove function.

```
result = remove("data.txt");
```

9.604 ex_rename.nxc

This is an example of how to use the rename function.

```
result = rename("data.txt", "mydata.txt");
```

9.605 ex_RenameFile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RenameFile function.

```
result = RenameFile("data.txt", "mydata.txt");
```

9.606 ex_resetalltachocounts.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetAllTachoCounts function.

```
ResetAllTachoCounts(OUT_AB);
```

9.607 ex_resetblocktachocount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetBlockTachoCount function.

```
ResetBlockTachoCount(OUT_AB);
```

9.608 ex_resetrotationcount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetRotationCount function.

```
ResetRotationCount(OUT_AB);
```

9.609 ex_ResetScreen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetScreen function.

```
ResetScreen();
```

9.610 ex_ResetSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetSensor function.

```
ResetSensor(x); // x = S1
```

9.611 ex_ResetSensorHTAngle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetSensorHTAngle function.

```
task main ()
{
  SetSensorLowspeed(S4);
  ResetSensorHTAngle(S4, HTANGLE_MODE_RESET);
  Wait(50);
}
```

9.612 ex_ResetSleepTimer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetSleepTimer function.

```
ResetSleepTimer();
```

9.613 ex_resettachocount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResetTachoCount function.

```
ResetTachoCount(OUT_AB);
```

9.614 ex_resizefile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResizeFile function.

```
result = ResizeFile("data.txt", 2048);
```

9.615 ex_ResolveHandle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the ResolveHandle function.

```
result = ResolveHandle("data.txt", handle, bCanWrite);
```

9.616 ex_rewind.nxc

This is an example of how to use the rewind function.

```
rewind(handle);
```

9.617 ex_RFIDInit.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDInit function.

```
bool result = RFIDInit(S1);
```

9.618 ex_RFIDMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDMode function.

```
bool result = RFIDMode(S1, RFID_MODE_CONTINUOUS);
```

9.619 ex_RFIDRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDRead function.

```
byte output[];

bool result = RFIDRead(S1, output);
```

9.620 ex_RFIDReadContinuous.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDReadContinuous function.

```
byte output[];

bool result = RFIDReadContinuous(S1, output);
```

9.621 ex_RFIDReadSingle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDReadSingle function.

```
byte output[];

bool result = RFIDReadSingle(S1, output);
```

9.622 ex_RFIDStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDStatus function.

```
byte result = RFIDStatus(S1);
```

9.623 ex_RFIDStop.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RFIDStop function.

```
bool result = RFIDStop(S1);
```

9.624 ex_rightstr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RightStr function.

```
task main()
{
  string s = "Now is the winter of our discontent";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, RightStr(s, 12));
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.625 ex_rotatemotor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RotateMotor function.

```
RotateMotor(OUT_A, 75, 45); // forward 45 degrees
RotateMotor(OUT_A, -75, 45); // reverse 45 degrees
```

9.626 ex_rotatemotorex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RotateMotorEx function.

```
RotateMotorEx(OUT_AB, 75, 360, 50, true, true);
```

9.627 ex_rotatemotorexpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RotateMotorExPID function.

```
RotateMotorExPID(OUT_AB, 75, 360, 50, true, true, 30, 50, 90);
```

9.628 ex_rotatemotorpid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RotateMotorPID function.

```
RotateMotorPID(OUT_A, 75, 45, 20, 40, 100);
```

9.629 ex_RS485Receive.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RS485Control, RS485DataAvailable, RS485Disable, RS485Initialize, RS485Enable, UseRS485, RS485Uart, RS485Status, RS485Read, TextOut, and Wait functions.

```
// RS-485 receiver program

task main()
{
  byte mlen;
  string buffer;
  // configure the S4 port as RS485
  UseRS485();
  // make sure the RS485 system is turned on
  RS485Enable();
  // initialize the UART to default values
  RS485Initialize();

  Wait(MS_10);
  while (true) {
    // wait for a message to arrive.
    until(RS485DataAvailable());
    RS485Read(buffer);
    // display message
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, buffer);
  }
  // shut down the RS485 system
  RS485Disable();
  bool sendingData, dataAvail;
  // check RS485 status
  RS485Status(sendingData, dataAvail);
  // turn the system back on (this is equivalent to RS485Enable)
  RS485Control(HS_CTRL_INIT, HS_BAUD_DEFAULT, HS_MODE_DEFAULT);
  // configure the UART (this is equivalent to RS485Initialize)
  RS485Uart(HS_BAUD_DEFAULT, HS_MODE_DEFAULT);

}
```

9.630 ex_RS485Send.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RS485Control, RS485Disable, RS485Initialize, RS485Enable, UseRS485, RS485Uart, RS485Status, RS485Write, RS485SendingData, SendRS485String, SendRS485Bool, SendRS485Number, TextOut, and Wait functions.

```
// RS-485 sender program

inline void WaitForMessageToBeSent()
{
#if 0
  // using low level functions to wait for RS485 message to be sent
  bool sending, avail;
  RS485Status(sending, avail);
  while (sending) {
    Wait(MS_1);
    RS485Status(sending, avail);
  }
#else
  // use hi level API functions (preferred)
  while (RS485SendingData())
    Wait(MS_1);
#endif
}

task main()
{
  // configure the S4 port as RS485
  UseRS485();
  // make sure the RS485 system is turned on
#if 0
  // low level API function call
  RS485Control(HS_CTRL_INIT, HS_BAUD_DEFAULT, HS_MODE_DEFAULT);
#else
  // hi level API function call
  RS485Enable();
#endif
  // initialize the UART to default values
#if 0
  // low level API function call (allows changing UART settings)
  RS485Uart(HS_BAUD_DEFAULT, HS_MODE_DEFAULT);
#else
  // hi level API function call
  RS485Initialize();
#endif

  Wait(MS_10);
  int i;
  while (true) {
    string msg;
    msg = "goofy ";
    msg += NumToStr(i);
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, msg);
    SendRS485String(msg);
    WaitForMessageToBeSent();
```

```
#if 0
    // the RS485 receiver sample program is not written
    // in a way to handle these additional messages
    // so do not send them (yet)
    RS485Write(msg);
    WaitForMessageToBeSent();
    SendRS485Bool(true);
    WaitForMessageToBeSent();
    SendRS485Number(i);
    WaitForMessageToBeSent();
#endif
    i++;
  }
  // disable RS485 (not usually needed)
  RS485Disable();
}
```

9.631 ex_RunNRLinkMacro.nxc

This is an example of how to use the RunNRLinkMacro function.

```
char result = RunNRLinkMacro(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK, macro);
```

9.632 ex_SendMessage.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendMessage function.

```
x = SendMessage(MAILBOX1, data);
```

9.633 ex_SendRemoteBool.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendRemoteBool function.

```
x = SendRemoteBool(1, MAILBOX1, false);
```

9.634 ex_SendRemoteNumber.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendRemoteNumber function.

```
x = SendRemoteNumber(1, MAILBOX1, 123);
```

9.635 ex_SendRemoteString.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendRemoteString function.

```
x = SendRemoteString(1, MAILBOX1, "hello world");
```

9.636 ex_SendResponseBool.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendResponseBool function.

```
x = SendResponseBool(MAILBOX1, false);
```

9.637 ex_SendResponseNumber.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendResponseNumber function.

```
x = SendResponseNumber(MAILBOX1, 123);
```

9.638 ex_SendResponseString.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SendResponseString function.

```
x = SendResponseString(MAILBOX1, "hello world");
```

9.639 ex_Sensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Sensor function.

```
x = Sensor(S1); // read sensor 1
```

9.640 ex_SensorBoolean.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorBoolean function.

```
x = SensorBoolean(S1);
```

9.641 ex_SensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorDigiPinsDirection function.

```
x = SensorDigiPinsDirection(S1);
```

9.642 ex_SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel function.

```
x = SensorDigiPinsOutputLevel(S1);
```

9.643 ex_SensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorDigiPinsStatus function.

```
x = SensorDigiPinsStatus(S1);
```

9.644 ex_SensorHTColorNum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTColorNum function.

```
x = SensorHTColorNum(S1);
```

9.645 ex_SensorHTCompass.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTCompass function.

```
x = SensorHTCompass(S1);
```

9.646 ex_SensorHTEOPD.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTEOPD function.

```
int val = SensorHTEOPD(S1);
```

9.647 ex_SensorHTGyro.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTGyro function.

```
task main()
{
  int offset = 400;
  SetSensorHTGyro(S1);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, SensorHTGyro(S1, offset+5));
  Wait(SEC_9);
}
```

9.648 ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir function.

```
int val = SensorHTIRSeeker2ACDir(S1);
```

9.649 ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr function.

```
int val = SensorHTIRSeeker2Addr(S1, HTIR2_REG_DCAVG);
```

9.650 ex_SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir function.

```
int val = SensorHTIRSeeker2DCDir(S1);
```

9.651 ex_SensorHTIRSeekerDir.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTIRSeekerDir function.

```
x = SensorHTIRSeekerDir(S1);
```

9.652 ex_SensorHTMagnet.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorHTMagnet function.

```
int value = SensorHTMagnet(S1);
```

9.653 ex_SensorInvalid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorInvalid function.

```
x = SensorInvalid(S1);
```

9.654 ex_SensorMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorMode function.

```
x = SensorMode(S1);
```

9.655 ex_SensorMSCompass.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorMSCompass function.

```
x = SensorMSCompass(S1, MS_ADDR_CMPSNX);
```

9.656 ex_SensorMSDROD.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorMSDROD function.

```
x = SensorMSDROD(S1);
```

9.657 ex_SensorMSPressure.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorMSPressure function.

```
int val = SensorMSPressure(S1);
```

9.658 ex_SensorMSPressureRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorMSPressureRaw function.

```
int val = SensorMSPressureRaw(S1);
```

9.659 ex_SensorNormalized.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorNormalized function.

```
x = SensorNormalized(S1);
```

9.660 ex_SensorRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorRaw function.

```
x = SensorRaw(S1);
```

9.661 ex_SensorScaled.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorScaled function.

```
x = SensorScaled(S1);
```

9.662 ex_SensorTemperature.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorTemperature function.

```
float temp = SensorTemperature(S1);
```

9.663 ex_SensorType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorType function.

```
x = SensorType(S1);
```

9.664 ex_SensorUS.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorUS function.

```
x = SensorUS(S4); // read sensor 4
```

9.665 ex_SensorValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorValue function.

```
unsigned int val = SensorValue(S1);
```

9.666 ex_SensorValueBool.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorValueBool function.

```
bool val = SensorValueBool(S1);
```

9.667 ex_SensorValueRaw.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SensorValueRaw function.

```
unsigned int val = SensorValueRaw(S1);
```

9.668 ex_SetAbortFlag.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetAbortFlag function.

```
task main()
{
   // Set exit button to end program only if it is pressed for longer than 2 seco
      nds
#ifdef __ENHANCED_FIRMWARE
   SetLongAbort(true);
   // is equivalent to
   SetAbortFlag(BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV);
#endif

   while(true)
   {
      ClearScreen();
      // Display on NXT Screen: "Press the exit button longer (for 2 seconds) to
      exit"
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Press the exit", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "button longer", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "(for 2 seconds)", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "to exit.", 0);


      // Display number of times the user has pressed the exit button (for less t
      han 2 seconds)
      NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, ButtonPressCount(BTNEXIT), 0);
```

```
      // Wait until user presses and releases exit button before continuing loop
      while(!(ButtonPressed(BTNEXIT, 0)));
      while(ButtonPressed(BTNEXIT, 0));
   }
}
```

9.669 ex_SetACCLNxSensitivity.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetACCLNxSensitivity function.

```
result = SetACCLNxSensitivity(S1, MS_ADDR_ACCLNX, ACCL_SENSITIVITY_LEVEL_1);
```

9.670 ex_SetBatteryState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBatteryState function.

```
SetBatteryState(4);
```

9.671 ex_SetBluetoothState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBluetoothState function.

```
SetBluetoothState(UI_BT_STATE_OFF);
```

9.672 ex_SetBTInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTInputBuffer function.

```
SetBTInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.673 ex_SetBTInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTInputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetBTInputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.674 ex_SetBTInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetBTInputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.675 ex_SetBTOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTOutputBuffer function.

```
SetBTOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.676 ex_SetBTOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetBTOutputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.677 ex_SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetBTOutputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.678 ex_SetButtonLongPressCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonLongPressCount function.

```
SetButtonLongPressCount(BTN1, value);
```

9.679 ex_SetButtonLongReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonLongReleaseCount function.

```
SetButtonLongReleaseCount(BTN1, value);
```

9.680 ex_SetButtonPressCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonPressCount function.

```
SetButtonPressCount(BTN1, value);
```

9.681 ex_SetButtonReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonReleaseCount function.

```
SetButtonReleaseCount(BTN1, value);
```

9.682 ex_SetButtonShortReleaseCount.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonShortReleaseCount function.

```
SetButtonShortReleaseCount(BTN1, value);
```

9.683 ex_SetButtonState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetButtonState function.

```
SetButtonState(BTN1, BTNSTATE_PRESSED_EV);
```

9.684 ex_SetCommandFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetCommandFlags function.

```
SetCommandFlags(UI_FLAGS_REDRAW_STATUS);
```

9.685 ex_SetCustomSensorActiveStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetCustomSensorActiveStatus function.

```
SetCustomSensorActiveStatus(S1, true);
```

9.686 ex_SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale function.

```
SetCustomSensorPercentFullScale(S1, 100);
```

9.687 ex_SetCustomSensorZeroOffset.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetCustomSensorZeroOffset function.

```
SetCustomSensorZeroOffset(S1, 12);
```

9.688 ex_setdisplaycontrast.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayContrast function.

```
SetDisplayContrast(DISPLAY_CONTRAST_DEFAULT);
```

9.689 ex_SetDisplayDisplay.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayDisplay function.

```
SetDisplayDisplay(x);
```

9.690 ex_SetDisplayEraseMask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayEraseMask function.

```
SetDisplayEraseMask(x);
```

9.691 ex_SetDisplayFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayFlags function.

```
SetDisplayFlags(x);
```

9.692 ex_setdisplayfont.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayFont function.

```
const byte NewFont[] =
{
  0x04,0x00, // Graphics Format
  0x02,0x40, // Graphics DataSize
  0x10,      // Graphics Count X
  0x06,      // Graphics Count Y
  0x06,      // Graphics Width
  0x08,      // Graphics Height
  0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x06,0x5F,0x06,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x07
      ,0x03,0x00,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x7E,0x24,0x00,0x24,0x2B,0x6A,0x12,0x00,0x00,0x63,0x13,
      0x08,0x64,0x63,0x00,0x30,0x4C,0x52,0x22,0x50,0x00,0x00,0x07,0x03,0x00,0x00,0x00,0
      x00,0x3E,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x1C,0x3E,0x
      08,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x3E,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x80,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x08,0x0
      8,0x08,0x08,0x00,0x00,0x60,0x60,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x10,0x08,0x04,0x02,0x00,
  0x3E,0x51,0x49,0x45,0x3E,0x00,0x00,0x42,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x62,0x51,0x49,0x49
      ,0x46,0x00,0x22,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x18,0x14,0x12,0x7F,0x10,0x00,0x2F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x31,0x00,0x3C,0x4A,0x49,0x49,0x30,0x00,0x01,0x71,0x09,0x05,0x03,0x00,0
      x36,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x36,0x00,0x06,0x49,0x49,0x29,0x1E,0x00,0x00,0x6C,0x6C,0x00,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0xEC,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x24,0x24,0x2
      4,0x24,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x22,0x14,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x59,0x09,0x06,0x00,
  0x3E,0x41,0x5D,0x55,0x1E,0x00,0x7E,0x11,0x11,0x11,0x7E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,0x49,0x49
      ,0x36,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x22,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,0x7F,0x49,
      0x49,0x49,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x01,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x49,0x49,0x7A,0x00,0
      x7F,0x08,0x08,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x7F,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x30,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x
      3F,0x00,0x7F,0x08,0x14,0x22,0x41,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x40,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x0
      4,0x02,0x7F,0x00,0x7F,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x7F,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x41,0x3E,0x00,
  0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x09,0x06,0x00,0x3E,0x41,0x51,0x21,0x5E,0x00,0x7F,0x09,0x09,0x19
      ,0x66,0x00,0x26,0x49,0x49,0x49,0x32,0x00,0x01,0x01,0x7F,0x01,0x01,0x00,0x3F,0x40,
      0x40,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0x1F,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1F,0x00,0x3F,0x40,0x3C,0x40,0x3F,0x00,0
      x63,0x14,0x08,0x14,0x63,0x00,0x07,0x08,0x70,0x08,0x07,0x00,0x71,0x49,0x45,0x43,0x
      00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x02,0x04,0x08,0x10,0x20,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x7F,0x00,0x00,0x04,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x04,0x00,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x80,0x00,
  0x00,0x02,0x05,0x02,0x00,0x00,0x20,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x78,0x00,0x7F,0x44,0x44,0x44
      ,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x28,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x7F,0x00,0x38,0x54,
      0x54,0x54,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x7E,0x09,0x09,0x00,0x00,0x18,0x24,0xA4,0xA4,0xFC,0x00,0
      x7F,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7D,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x40,0x80,0x84,0x7D,0x
      00,0x00,0x7F,0x10,0x28,0x44,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x7F,0x40,0x00,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x1
      8,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x7C,0x04,0x04,0x78,0x00,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,
  0xFC,0x44,0x44,0x44,0x38,0x00,0x38,0x44,0x44,0x44,0xFC,0x00,0x44,0x78,0x44,0x04
      ,0x08,0x00,0x08,0x54,0x54,0x54,0x20,0x00,0x04,0x3E,0x44,0x24,0x00,0x00,0x3C,0x40,
      0x20,0x7C,0x00,0x00,0x1C,0x20,0x40,0x20,0x1C,0x00,0x3C,0x60,0x30,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0
      x6C,0x10,0x10,0x6C,0x00,0x00,0x9C,0xA0,0x60,0x3C,0x00,0x00,0x64,0x54,0x54,0x4C,0x
      00,0x00,0x08,0x3E,0x41,0x41,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x77,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x00,0x41,0x4
      1,0x3E,0x08,0x00,0x02,0x01,0x02,0x01,0x00,0x00,0x10,0x20,0x40,0x38,0x07,0x00
};

task main()
{
  unsigned long ptr, pOldFont;
  byte myData[800];
  ptr = addr(NewFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, FormatNum("%x", ptr));
  pOldFont = DisplayFont();
```

```
  SetDisplayFont(ptr);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  SetDisplayFont(pOldFont);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "Testing 1, 2, 3");
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.693 ex_SetDisplayNormal.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayNormal function.

```
SetDisplayNormal(0, TEXTLINE_1, 8, ScreenMem);
```

9.694 ex_SetDisplayPopup.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayPopup function.

```
SetDisplayPopup(0, TEXTLINE_1, 8, PopupMem);
```

9.695 ex_SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags function.

```
SetDisplayTextLinesCenterFlags(x);
```

9.696 ex_SetDisplayUpdateMask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetDisplayUpdateMask function.

```
SetDisplayUpdateMask(x);
```

9.697 ex_SetHSFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSFlags function.

```
SetHSFlags(0);
```

9.698 ex_SetHSInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSInputBuffer function.

```
SetHSInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.699 ex_SetHSInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSInputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetHSInputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.700 ex_SetHSInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetHSInputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.701 ex_sethsmode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSMode function.

```
SetHSMode(HS_MODE_8N1);
```

9.702 ex_SetHSOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSOutputBuffer function.

```
SetHSOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.703 ex_SetHSOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetHSOutputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.704 ex_SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetHSOutputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.705 ex_SetHSSpeed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSSpeed function.

```
SetHSSpeed(1);
```

9.706 ex_SetHSState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHSState function.

```
SetHSState(1);
```

9.707 ex_sethtcolor2mode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHTColor2Mode function.

```
SetHTColor2Mode(S1, HT_CMD_COLOR2_ACTIVE);
```

9.708 ex_sethtirseeker2mode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetHTIRSeeker2Mode function.

```
SetHTIRSeeker2Mode(S1, HTIR2_MODE_1200);
```

9.709 ex_SetInput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetInput function.

```
SetInput(S1, Type, SENSOR_TYPE_SOUND_DB);
```

9.710 ex_SetLongAbort.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetLongAbort function.

```
task main()
{
   // Set exit button to end program only if it is pressed for longer than 2 seco
      nds
#ifdef __ENHANCED_FIRMWARE
   SetLongAbort(true);
   // is equivalent to
   SetAbortFlag(BTNSTATE_LONG_PRESSED_EV);
#endif

   while(true)
   {
      ClearScreen();
      // Display on NXT Screen: "Press the exit button longer (for 2 seconds) to
      exit"
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Press the exit", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, "button longer", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "(for 2 seconds)", 0);
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "to exit.", 0);


      // Display number of times the user has pressed the exit button (for less t
      han 2 seconds)
      NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, ButtonPressCount(BTNEXIT), 0);


      // Wait until user presses and releases exit button before continuing loop
      while(!(ButtonPressed(BTNEXIT, 0)));
      while(ButtonPressed(BTNEXIT, 0));
   }
}
```

9.711 ex_SetMotorPwnFreq.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetMotorPwnFreq function.

```
SetMotorPwnFreq(x);
```

9.712 ex_SetOnBrickProgramPointer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetOnBrickProgramPointer function.

```
SetOnBrickProgramPointer(2);
```

9.713 ex_setoutput.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetOutput function.

```
SetOutput(OUT_AB, TachoLimit, 720); // set tacho limit
```

9.714 ex_SetSensor.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensor function.

```
SetSensor(S1, SENSOR_TOUCH);
```

9.715 ex_setsensorboolean.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorBoolean function.

```
SetHTIRSeeker2Mode(S1, HTIR2_MODE_1200);
```

9.716 ex_setsensorcolorblue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorColorBlue function.

```
SetSensorColorBlue(S1);
```

9.717 ex_setsensorcolorfull.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorColorFull function.

```
SetSensorColorFull(S1);
```

9.718 ex_setsensorcolorgreen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorColorGreen function.

```
SetSensorColorGreen(S1);
```

9.719 ex_setsensorcolornone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorColorNone function.

```
SetSensorColorNone(S1);
```

9.720 ex_setsensorcolorred.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorColorRed function.

```
SetSensorColorRed(S1);
```

9.721 ex_SetSensorDigiPinsDirection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorDigiPinsDirection function.

```
SetSensorDigiPinsDirection(S1, 1);
```

9.722 ex_SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel function.

```
SetSensorDigiPinsOutputLevel(S1, 100);
```

9.723 ex_SetSensorDigiPinsStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorDigiPinsStatus function.

```
SetSensorDigiPinsStatus(S1, false);
```

9.724 ex_SetSensorEMeter.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorEMeter function.

```
SetSensorEMeter(S1);
```

9.725 ex_setsensorhteopd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorHTEOPD function.

```
SetSensorHTEOPD(S1);
```

9.726 ex_SetSensorHTGyro.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorHTGyro function.

```
SetSensorHTGyro(S1);
```

9.727 ex_SetSensorHTMagnet.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorHTMagnet function.

```
SetSensorHTMagnet(S1);
```

9.728 ex_SetSensorLight.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorLight function.

```
SetSensorLight(S1);
```

9.729 ex_SetSensorLowspeed.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorLowspeed function.

```
SetSensorLowspeed(S1);
```

9.730 ex_SetSensorMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorMode function.

```
SetSensorMode(S1, SENSOR_MODE_RAW); // raw mode
```

9.731 ex_setsensormsdrod.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorMSDROD function.

```
SetSensorMSDROD(S1);
```

9.732 ex_setsensormspressure.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorMSPressure function.

```
SetSensorMSPressure(S1);
```

9.733 ex_SetSensorSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorSound function.

```
SetSensorSound(S1);
```

9.734 ex_SetSensorTemperature.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorTemperature function.

```
SetSensorTemperature(S1);
```

9.735 ex_SetSensorTouch.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorTouch function.

```
SetSensorTouch(S1);
```

9.736 ex_SetSensorType.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorType function.

```
SetSensorType(S1, SENSOR_TYPE_TOUCH);
```

9.737 ex_SetSensorUltrasonic.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSensorUltrasonic function.

```
SetSensorUltrasonic(S1);
```

9.738 ex_setsleeptime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSleepTime function.

```
SetSleepTime(5); // sleep in 5 minutes
```

9.739 ex_SetSleepTimeout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSleepTimeout function.

```
SetSleepTimeout(8);
```

9.740 ex_SetSleepTimer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSleepTimer function.

```
SetSleepTimer(3);
```

9.741 ex_SetSoundDuration.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundDuration function.

```
SetSoundDuration(500);
```

9.742 ex_SetSoundFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundFlags function.

```
SetSoundFlags(SOUND_FLAGS_UPDATE);
```

9.743 ex_SetSoundFrequency.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundFrequency function.

```
SetSoundFrequency(440);
```

9.744 ex_SetSoundMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundMode function.

```
SetSoundMode(SOUND_MODE_ONCE);
```

9.745 ex_SetSoundModuleState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundModuleState function.

```
SetSoundModuleState(SOUND_STATE_STOP);
```

9.746 ex_SetSoundSampleRate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundSampleRate function.

```
SetSoundSampleRate(4000);
```

9.747 ex_SetSoundVolume.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetSoundVolume function.

```
SetSoundVolume(3);
```

9.748 ex_SetUIButton.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUIButton function.

```
SetUIButton(UI_BUTTON_ENTER);
```

9.749 ex_SetUIState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUIState function.

```
SetUIState(UI_STATE_LOW_BATTERY);
```

9.750 ex_SetUSBInputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBInputBuffer function.

```
SetUSBInputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.751 ex_SetUSBInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBInputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetUSBInputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.752 ex_SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetUSBInputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.753 ex_SetUSBOutputBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBOutputBuffer function.

```
SetUSBOutputBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.754 ex_SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
SetUSBOutputBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.755 ex_SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetUSBOutputBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.756 ex_SetUSBPollBuffer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBPollBuffer function.

```
SetUSBPollBuffer(0, 10, buffer);
```

9.757 ex_SetUSBPollBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBPollBufferInPtr function.

```
SetUSBPollBufferInPtr(0);
```

9.758 ex_SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr function.

```
SetUSBPollBufferOutPtr(0);
```

9.759 ex_SetUsbState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetUSBState function.

```
SetUSBState(0);
```

9.760 ex_SetVMRunState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetVMRunState function.

```
SetVMRunState(VM_RUN_PAUSE); // pause the virtual machine.  This could be used li
      ke a breakpoint
```

9.761 ex_SetVolume.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SetVolume function.

```
SetVolume(3);
```

9.762 ex_sign.nxc

This is an example of how to use the sign function.

```
char val = sign(x); // return -1, 0, or 1
```

9.763 ex_sin_cos.nxc

This is an example of how to use the cos and the sin functions.

```
// ex_sin_cos.nxc
// Run this program and you will see a circle appear on the NXT screen in a
// strange random way. No two runs will produce the circle in exactly the same
// way.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define SCREEN_WIDH 100
#define SCREEN_HEIGHT 64
#define X_ZERO (SCREEN_WIDH / 2)
#define Y_ZERO (SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2)
#define R (Y_ZERO - 2)
#define MAX_DEG 360

// Convert a float to its nearest integer value.
inline int integer(float x)
{
   return trunc(x + 0.5);
}

task main()
{
   while(true)
   {
      float angle = RADIANS_PER_DEGREE * Random(MAX_DEG);
      float x = X_ZERO + R * cos(angle);
      float y = Y_ZERO + R * sin(angle);
      PointOut(integer(x), integer(y));
      // Without the Wait, the program runs too fast!
      Wait(MS_20);
   }
}
```

9.764 ex_sind_cosd.nxc

This is an example of how to use the cosd and sind functions.

```
// ex_sind_cosd.nxc
// Run this program and you will see a circle appear on the NXT screen in a
```

```
// strange random way. No two runs will produce the circle in exactly the same
// way.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define SCREEN_WIDH 100
#define SCREEN_HEIGHT 64
#define X_ZERO (SCREEN_WIDH / 2)
#define Y_ZERO (SCREEN_HEIGHT / 2)
#define R (Y_ZERO - 2)
#define MAX_DEG 360

// Convert a float to its nearest integer value.
inline int integer(float x)
{
   return trunc(x + 0.5);
}

task main()
{
   while(true)
   {
      float angle = Random(MAX_DEG);
      float x = X_ZERO + R * cosd(angle);
      float y = Y_ZERO + R * sind(angle);
      PointOut(integer(x), integer(y));
      // Without the Wait, the program runs too fast!
      Wait(MS_20);
   }
}
```

9.765 ex_sinh.nxc

This is an example of how to use the sinh function.

```
x = sinh(y);
```

9.766 ex_SizeOf.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SizeOf and NumOut functions.

```
task main()
{
  int x;
  float f;
  byte b;
  byte data[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6};

  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, SizeOf(x));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, SizeOf(f));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, SizeOf(b));
```

```
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, SizeOf(data));
  while(true);
}
```

9.767 ex_SleepNow.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SleepNow functions.

```
SleepNow();
```

9.768 ex_sleeptime.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SleepTime function.

```
x = SleepTime(); // read sleep time
```

9.769 ex_SleepTimeout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SleepTimeout function.

```
byte x = SleepTimeout();
```

9.770 ex_SleepTimer.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SleepTimer function.

```
byte x = SleepTimer();
```

9.771 ex_SoundDuration.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundDuration function.

```
x = SoundDuration();
```

9.772 ex_SoundFlags.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundFlags function.

```
x = SoundFlags();
```

9.773 ex_SoundFrequency.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundFrequency function.

```
x = SoundFrequency();
```

9.774 ex_SoundMode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundMode function.

```
x = SoundMode();
```

9.775 ex_SoundSampleRate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundSampleRate function.

```
x = SoundSampleRate();
```

9.776 ex_SoundState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundState function.

```
x = SoundState();
```

9.777 ex_SoundVolume.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SoundVolume function.

```
x = SoundVolume();
```

9.778 ex_sprintf.nxc

This is an example of how to use the sprintf function.

```
sprintf(msg, "value = %d", value);
```

9.779 ex_sqrt.nxc

This is an example of how to use the sqrt function.

```
x = sqrt(x);
```

9.780 ex_StartTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StartTask function.

```
StartTask(sound); // start the sound task
```

9.781 ex_Stop.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Stop function.

```
Stop(x == 24); // stop the program if x==24
```

9.782 ex_StopAllTasks.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StopAllTasks function.

```
StopAllTasks(); // stop the program
```

9.783 ex_StopSound.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StopSound function.

```
StopSound();
```

9.784 ex_StopTask.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StopTask function.

```
StopTask(sound); // stop the sound task
```

9.785 ex_StrCat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strcat function.

```
strcat(msg, "foo"); // msg = msg+"foo"
```

9.786 ex_StrCatOld.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrCat function.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  string tmp = "123456";
  string a = "AA", b = "BB", c = "CC";

  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, StrCat(a, SubStr(tmp, 2, 3), msgs[0]));
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.787 ex_strcmp.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strcmp function.

```
int i = strcmp(msg, "foo"); // returns -1, 0, or 1
```

9.788 ex_strcpy.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strcpy function.

```
strcpy(msg, "foo"); // msg = "foo"
```

9.789 ex_StrIndex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrIndex function.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, StrIndex(msgs[0], 0));
  string msg = "hi there";
  byte x = StrIndex(msg, 2); // return the value of msg[2]
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.790 ex_string.nxc

This is an example of how to use the string API functions: StrToNum, StrLen, StrIndex, NumToStr, StrCat, SubStr, Flatten, StrReplace, FormatNum, FlattenVar, UnflattenVar, ByteArrayToStr, ByteArrayToStrEx, and StrToByteArray.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  string fmts[] = {"x = %4.4d", "0x%x"};
  string tmp = "123456";
  string s = SubStr(tmp, 2, 3);
  string a = "AA", b = "BB", c = "CC";

  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, s);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, SubStr(msgs[0], 2, 3));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, StrCat(a, SubStr(tmp, 2, 3), msgs[0]));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, StrReplace(msgs[0], 2, StrCat(a, b)));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, StrIndex(msgs[0], 0));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, StrLen(msgs[0]));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, FormatNum(fmts[0], Random(34)));
  float val = StrToNum("10.5abc123");
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, val);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, NumToStr(PI));
  int x = 0x7172;
  string foo = FlattenVar(x);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, foo);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, Flatten(0x7374));
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, strlen(foo));
  NumOut(40, LCD_LINE4, UnflattenVar(foo, x));
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE5, FormatNum(fmts[1], x));
  string bats = tmp; // "123456"
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE6, bats);
  byte data[];
  StrToByteArray(bats, data);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, ByteArrayToStr(data));
  ByteArrayToStrEx(data, tmp);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE8, tmp);
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.791 ex_StrLen.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strlen function.

```
task main()
{
  string msg = "hi there";
  byte x = strlen(msg); // return the length of msg

}
```

9.792 ex_StrLenOld.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrLen function.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  string msg = "hi there";
  byte x = StrLen(msg); // return the length of msg

  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE6, StrLen(msgs[0]));
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.793 ex_strncat.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strncat function.

```
strncat(msg, "foo", 2); // msg = msg+"fo"
```

9.794 ex_strncmp.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strncmp function.

```
int i = strncmp(msg, "foo", 2); // returns -1, 0, or 1
```

9.795 ex_strncpy.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strncpy function.

```
strncpy(msg, "foo", 2); // msg = "fo"
```

9.796 ex_StrReplace.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrReplace function.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  string a = "AA", b = "BB", c = "CC";
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, StrReplace(msgs[0], 2, StrCat(a, b)));
  string msg = StrReplace("testing", 3, "xx"); // returns "tesxxng"

  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.797 ex_StrToByteArray.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrToByteArray function.

```
StrToByteArray(myStr, myArray);
```

9.798 ex_strtod.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strtod function.

```
task main()
{
  string str, endptr;
  str = "3.1415926e2abcdefg";
  float f = strtod(str, endptr);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, f);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, str);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, endptr);
  Wait(SEC_6);
}
```

9.799 ex_strtol.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strtol function.

```
task main()
{
  string str, endptr;
  str = "3.1415926e2abcdefg";
  long l = strtol(str, endptr);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, l);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, str);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, endptr);
  Wait(SEC_6);
}
```

9.800 ex_StrToNum.nxc

This is an example of how to use the StrToNum function.

```
x = StrToNum(strVal);
```

9.801 ex_strtoul.nxc

This is an example of how to use the strtoul function.

```
task main()
{
  string str, endptr;
  str = "3.1415926e2abcdefg";
  unsigned long l = strtoul(str, endptr);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, l);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, str);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, endptr);
  Wait(SEC_6);
}
```

9.802 ex_SubStr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SubStr function.

```
task main()
{
  string msgs[] = {"please work", "testing, 1, 2, 3"};
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, SubStr(msgs[0], 2, 3));
  string msg = SubStr("test", 1, 2); // returns "es"
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.803 ex_syscall.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCall function.

```
task main()
{
  DrawTextType dtArgs;
  dtArgs.Location.X = 0;
  dtArgs.Location.Y = LCD_LINE1;
  dtArgs.Text = "Please Work";
  SysCall(DrawText, dtArgs);
}
```

9.804 ex_SysColorSensorRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysColorSensorRead function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSensorColorFull(S1);
  ColorSensorReadType csr;
  csr.Port = S1;
  SysColorSensorRead(csr);
  if (csr.Result == NO_ERR) {
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, csr.ColorValue);
  }
}
```

9.805 ex_syscommbtcheckstatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommBTCheckStatus function along with the CommBTCheckStatusType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommBTCheckStatusType args;
  args.Connection = 1;
  SysCommBTCheckStatus(args);
  if (args.Result == LDR_SUCCESS) { /* do something */ }
}
```

9.806 ex_syscommbtconnection.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommBTConnection function along with the CommBTConnectionType structure.

```
#define CONNECTION 1
task main()
{
  CommBTConnectionType args;
  args.Name = "NXT2"; // whatever the slave NXT's name is
  args.ConnectionSlot = CONNECTION; // this is the desired connection slot (the a
      bove code uses 1)
  args.Action = TRUE; // could use some #define with a non-zero value to connect.
        0 == disconnect
  if(!BluetoothStatus(CONNECTION)==NO_ERR)
  {
    SysCommBTConnection(args); // try to connect.
    for (int i = 0; i < 2000; i++) {
      NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, args.Result);
      Wait(1);
    }
//    Wait(5000); // let the connection get created
    if (args.Result == LDR_SUCCESS)
    {
      // we are connected
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "success");
    }
    else {
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "failure");
      NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, args.Result);
    }
  }
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.807 ex_SysCommBTOnOff.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommBTOnOff function along with the CommBTOnOffType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommBTOnOffType bt;
  bt.PowerState = false;
  SysCommBTOnOff(bt);
  if (bt.Result == NO_ERR)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "BT is off");
}
```

9.808 ex_syscommbtwrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommBTWrite function along with the CommBTWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommBTWriteType args;
  args.Connection = 1;
  args.Buffer = myData;
  SysCommBTWrite(args);
}
```

9.809 ex_syscommexecutefunction.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommExecuteFunction function along with the CommExecuteFunctionType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommExecuteFunctionType args;
  args.Cmd = INTF_BTOFF;
  SysCommExecuteFunction(args);
}
```

9.810 ex_SysCommHSCheckStatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommHSCheckStatus function along with the CommHSCheckStatusType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommHSCheckStatusType hsc;
  SysCommHSCheckStatus(hsc);
  if (hsc.SendingData)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "sending data");
  else if (hsc.DataAvailable)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "data available");
}
```

9.811 ex_SysCommHSControl.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommHSControl function along with the CommHSControlType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommHSControlType hsc;
  hsc.Command = HS_CTRL_INIT;
  SysCommHSControl(hsc);
  if (hsc.Result)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "hi-speed initialized");
  Wait(SEC_10);
}
```

9.812 ex_SysCommHSRead.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommHSRead function along with the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommHSReadWriteType hsr;
  SysCommHSRead(hsr);
  if (hsr.Status == NO_ERR)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, hsr.Buffer);
  Wait(SEC_1);
}
```

9.813 ex_SysCommHSWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommHSWrite function along with the CommHSReadWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  // configure the hi-speed port and turn it on
  // ...
  // no write to the port
  CommHSReadWriteType rwt;
  ArrayBuild(rwt.Buffer, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x04); // four bytes
  SysCommHSWrite(rwt);
  if (rwt.Status = NO_ERR) {
    // do something
  }
}
```

9.814 ex_syscommlscheckstatus.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommLSCheckStatus function along with the CommLSCheckStatusType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommLSCheckStatusType args;
  args.Port = S1;
  SysCommLSCheckStatus(args);
  // is the status (Result) IDLE?
  if (args.Result == LOWSPEED_IDLE) { /* proceed */ }
}
```

9.815 ex_syscommlsread.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommLSRead function along with the CommLSReadType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommLSReadType args;
  args.Port = S1;
  args.Buffer = myBuf;
  args.BufferLen = 8;
  SysCommLSRead(args);
  // check Result for error status & use Buffer contents
}
```

9.816 ex_syscommlswrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommLSWrite function along with the CommLSWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommLSWriteType args;
  args.Port = S1;
  args.Buffer = myBuf;
  args.ReturnLen = 8;
  SysCommLSWrite(args);
  // check Result for error status
}
```

9.817 ex_syscommlswriteex.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysCommLSWriteEx function along with the CommLSWriteExType structure.

```
task main()
{
  CommLSWriteExType args;
  args.Port = S1;
  args.Buffer = myBuf;
  args.ReturnLen = 8;
  args.NoRestartOnRead = true;
  SysCommLSWriteEx(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR)
  {
    // do something
  }
}
```

9.818 ex_SysComputeCalibValue.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysComputeCalibValue function along with the ComputeCalibValueType structure.

```
task main()
{
  ComputeCalibValueType args;
  args.Name = "light";
  args.RawVal = Sensor(S1);
  SysComputeCalibValue(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "calib computed");
}
```

9.819 ex_sysdataloggettimes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDatalogGetTimes function along with the DatalogGetTimesType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DatalogGetTimesType args;
  SysDatalogGetTimes(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, args.SyncTime);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE5, args.SyncTick);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.820 ex_SysDatalogWrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDatalogWrite function along with the DatalogWriteType structure.

```
task main()
```

```
{
  DatalogWriteType args;
  ArrayBuild(args.Message, 0x01, 0x02);
  SysDatalogWrite(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR)
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "success");
}
```

9.821 ex_sysdisplayexecutefunction.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDisplayExecuteFunction function along with the DisplayExecuteFunctionType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DisplayExecuteFunctionType args;
  args.Cmd = DISPLAY_ERASE_ALL;
  SysDisplayExecuteFunction(args);
}
```

9.822 ex_sysdrawcircle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawCircle function along with the DrawCircleType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawCircleType dcArgs;
  dcArgs.Center.X = 20;
  dcArgs.Center.Y = 20;
  dcArgs.Size = 10; // radius
  dcArgs.Options = 0x01; // clear before drawing
  SysDrawCircle(dcArgs);
}
```

9.823 ex_SysDrawEllipse.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawEllipse function along with the DrawEllipseType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawEllipseType args;
  args.Center.X = 50;
  args.Center.Y = 32;
  repeat (10) {
    args.SizeX = 20+Random(15);
    args.SizeY = 20+Random(10);
    args.Options = DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE|DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR;
```

```
    SysDrawEllipse(args);
  }
  while(true);
}
```

9.824 ex_sysdrawfont.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawFont function along with the DrawFontType structure.

```
#download "PropTiny.ric"

task main()
{
  DrawFontType dfArgs;
  dfArgs.Location.X = 10;
  dfArgs.Location.Y = 59;
  dfArgs.Filename = "PropTiny.ric" ;
  dfArgs.Text = "Hello" ;
  dfArgs.Options = DRAW_OPT_NORMAL|DRAW_OPT_FONT_DIR_L2RT;
  SysDrawFont(dfArgs);
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.825 ex_sysdrawgraphic.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawGraphic function along with the DrawGraphicType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawGraphicType dgArgs;
  dgArgs.Location.X = 20;
  dgArgs.Location.Y = 20;
  dgArgs.Filename = "image.ric";
  ArrayInit(dgArgs.Variables, 0, 10); // 10 zeros
  dgArgs.Variables[0] = 12;
  dgArgs.Variables[1] = 14; // etc...
  dgArgs.Options = 0x00; // do not clear before drawing
  SysDrawGraphic(dgArgs);
}
```

9.826 ex_sysdrawgraphicarray.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawGraphicArray function along with the DrawGraphicArrayType structure.

```
byte ric_data[] = {
  RICOpSprite(1, 64, 2,
```

```
    RICSpriteData(0xFF, 0xFF, 0x80, 0x01, 0x80, 0x41,
                  0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x09,
                  0x80, 0x05, 0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x11,
                  0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x81,
                  0x81, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01,
                  0x88, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01, 0xA0, 0x01,
                  0x90, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01,
                  0x82, 0x01, 0x81, 0x01, 0x80, 0x81,
                  0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x11,
                  0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x05, 0x80, 0x09,
                  0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x21, 0x80, 0x41,
                  0x80, 0x81, 0x81, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01,
                  0x84, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01,
                  0xA0, 0x01, 0x90, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01,
                  0x84, 0x01, 0x82, 0x01, 0x81, 0x01,
                  0x80, 0x81, 0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x21,
                  0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x05,
                  0x80, 0x09, 0x80, 0x11, 0x80, 0x21,
                  0x80, 0x41, 0x80, 0x81, 0x81, 0x01,
                  0x82, 0x01, 0x84, 0x01, 0x88, 0x01,
                  0x90, 0x01, 0xA0, 0x01, 0x80, 0x01,
                  0xFF, 0xFF)),
  RICOpCopyBits(0, 1,
    RICImgRect(
      RICImgPoint(0, 0), 16, 64),
    RICImgPoint(0, 0))
};

task main()
{
  DrawGraphicArrayType args;
  args.Location.X = 0;
  args.Location.Y = 0;
  args.Data = ric_data;
  SysDrawGraphicArray(args);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.827 ex_sysdrawline.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawLine function along with the DrawLineType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawLineType dlArgs;
  dlArgs.StartLoc.X = 20;
  dlArgs.StartLoc.Y = 20;
  dlArgs.EndLoc.X = 60;
  dlArgs.EndLoc.Y = 60;
  dlArgs.Options = 0x01; // clear before drawing
  SysDrawLine(dlArgs);
}
```

9.828 ex_sysdrawpoint.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawPoint function along with the DrawPoint-Type structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawPointType dpArgs;
  dpArgs.Location.X = 20;
  dpArgs.Location.Y = 20;
  dpArgs.Options = 0x04; // clear this pixel
  SysDrawPoint(dpArgs);
}
```

9.829 ex_sysdrawpolygon.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawPolygon function along with the Draw-PolygonType structure.

```
LocationType myPoints[] = {16,16, 8,40, 32,52, 20,36, 52,36, 56,52, 64,32, 44,20,
       24,20};

task main()
{
  DrawPolygonType args;
  args.Points = myPoints;
  args.Options = 0x00;
  SysDrawPolygon(args);
  Wait(SEC_2);
  ClearScreen();
  args.Options = DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE;
  for(int i=0;i<10;i++) {
    SysDrawPolygon(args);
    Wait(SEC_1);
  }
  args.Options = true|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE;
  SysDrawPolygon(args);
  Wait(SEC_2);
  ClearScreen();
  args.Options = DRAW_OPT_LOGICAL_XOR|DRAW_OPT_FILL_SHAPE;
  for (int i=0;i<100;i++) {
    SysDrawPolygon(args);
    Wait(MS_100);
  }
  Wait(SEC_1);
}
```

9.830 ex_sysdrawrect.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawRect function along with the DrawRect-Type structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawRectType drArgs;
  drArgs.Location.X = 20;
  drArgs.Location.Y = 20;
  drArgs.Size.Width = 20;
  drArgs.Size.Height = 10;
  drArgs.Options = 0x00; // do not clear before drawing
  SysDrawRect(drArgs);
}
```

9.831 ex_sysdrawtext.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysDrawText function along with the DrawTextType structure.

```
task main()
{
  DrawTextType dtArgs;
  dtArgs.Location.X = 0;
  dtArgs.Location.Y = LCD_LINE1;
  dtArgs.Text = "Please Work";
  dtArgs.Options = 0x01; // clear before drawing
  SysDrawText(dtArgs);
}
```

9.832 ex_sysfileclose.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileClose function along with the FileCloseType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileCloseType fcArgs;
  fcArgs.FileHandle = foArgs.FileHandle;
  SysFileClose(fcArgs);
}
```

9.833 ex_sysfiledelete.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileDelete function along with the FileDeleteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileDeleteType fdArgs;
  fdArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  SysFileDelete(fdArgs); // delete the file
}
```

9.834 ex_sysfilefindfirst.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileFindFirst function along with the FileFindType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileFindType args;
  args.Filename = "*.*";
  SysFileFindFirst(args);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.Filename);
}
```

9.835 ex_sysfilefindnext.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileFindNext function along with the FileFindType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileFindType args;
  args.FileHandle = prev.FileHandle;
  SysFileFindNext(args);
  TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.Filename);
}
```

9.836 ex_sysfileopenappend.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenAppend function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  SysFileOpenAppend(foArgs); // open the file
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // write to the file using FileHandle
    // up to the remaining available length in Length
  }
}
```

9.837 ex_sysfileopenread.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenRead function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  SysFileOpenRead(foArgs); // open the file for reading
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // read data from the file using FileHandle
  }
}
```

9.838 ex_sysfileopenreadlinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenReadLinear function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.rxe";
  SysFileOpenReadLinear(foArgs); // open the file for
  reading
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // read data from the file using FileHandle
  }
}
```

9.839 ex_sysfileopenwrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenWrite function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  foArgs.Length = 256; // create with capacity for 256 bytes
  SysFileOpenWrite(foArgs); // create the file
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // write to the file using FileHandle
  }
}
```

9.840 ex_sysfileopenwritelinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenWriteLinear function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
```

```
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  foArgs.Length = 256; // create with capacity for 256 bytes
  SysFileOpenWriteLinear(foArgs); // create the file
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // write to the file using FileHandle
  }
}
```

9.841 ex_sysfileopenwritenonlinear.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear function along with the FileOpenType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileOpenType foArgs;
  foArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  foArgs.Length = 256; // create with capacity for 256 bytes
  SysFileOpenWriteNonLinear(foArgs); // create the file
  if (foArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // write to the file using FileHandle
  }
}
```

9.842 ex_sysfileread.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileRead function along with the FileReadWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileReadWriteType frArgs;
  frArgs.FileHandle = foArgs.FileHandle;
  frArgs.Length = 12; // number of bytes to read
  SysFileRead(frArgs);
  if (frArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, frArgs.Buffer);
    // show how many bytes were actually read
    NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, frArgs.Length);
  }
}
```

9.843 ex_sysfilerename.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileRename function along with the FileRenameType structure.

```
task main()
```

```
{
  FileRenameType frArgs;
  frArgs.OldFilename = "myfile.txt";
  frArgs.NewFilename = "myfile2.txt";
  SysFileRename(frArgs);
  if (frArgs.Result == LDR_SUCCESS) { /* do something */ }
}
```

9.844 ex_sysfileresize.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileResize function along with the FileResize-Type structure.

```
task main()
{
  byte handle;
  // get a file handle
  // ...
  // resize the file
  FileResizeType args;
  args.FileHandle = handle;
  args.NewSize = 2048;
  SysFileResize(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR)
  {
    // do something
  }
}
```

9.845 ex_sysfileresolvehandle.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileResolveHandle function along with the FileResolveHandleType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileResolveHandleType frhArgs;
  frhArgs.Filename = "myfile.txt";
  SysFileResolveHandle(frhArgs);
  if (frhArgs.Result == LDR_SUCCESS) {
    // use the FileHandle as needed
    if (frhArgs.WriteHandle) {
      // file is open for writing
    }
    else {
      // file is open for reading
    }
  }
}
```

9.846 ex_sysfileseek.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileSeek function along with the FileSeekType structure.

```
task main()
{
  byte handle;
  // get a file handle
  // ...
  FileSeekType args;
  args.FileHandle = handle;
  args.Origin = SEEK_SET;
  args.Length = 65;
  SysFileSeek(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR)
  {
    // do something
  }
}
```

9.847 ex_sysfilewrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysFileWrite function along with the FileReadWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  FileReadWriteType fwArgs;
  fwArgs.FileHandle = foArgs.FileHandle;
  fwArgs.Buffer = "data to write";
  SysFileWrite(fwArgs);
  if (fwArgs.Result == NO_ERR) {
    // display number of bytes written
      NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, fwArgs.Length);
  }
}
```

9.848 ex_sysgetstarttick.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysGetStartTick function along with the GetStartTickType structure.

```
task main()
{
  GetStartTickType gstArgs;
  SysGetStartTick(gstArgs);
  unsigned long myStart = gstArgs.Result;
}
```

9.849 ex_sysiomapread.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysIOMapRead function along with the IOMapReadType structure.

```
task main()
{
  IOMapReadType args;
  args.ModuleName = CommandModuleName;
  args.Offset = CommandOffsetTick;
  args.Count = 4; // this value happens to be 4 bytes long
  SysIOMapRead(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR) { /* do something with data */ }
}
```

9.850 ex_sysiomapreadbyid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysIOMapReadByID function along with the IOMapReadByIDType structure.

```
task main()
{
  IOMapReadByIDType args;
  args.ModuleID = CommandModuleID;
  args.Offset = CommandOffsetTick;
  args.Count = 4; // this value happens to be 4 bytes long
  SysIOMapReadByID(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR) { /* do something with data */ }
}
```

9.851 ex_sysiomapwrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysIOMapWrite function along with the IOMapWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  IOMapWriteType args;
  args.ModuleName = SoundModuleName;
  args.Offset = SoundOffsetSampleRate;
  args.Buffer = theData;
  SysIOMapWrite(args);
}
```

9.852 ex_sysiomapwritebyid.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysIOMapWriteByID function along with the IOMapWriteByIDType structure.

```
task main()
{
  IOMapWriteByIDType args;
  args.ModuleID = SoundModuleID;
  args.Offset = SoundOffsetSampleRate;
  args.Buffer = theData;
  SysIOMapWriteByID(args);
}
```

9.853 ex_syskeepalive.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysKeepAlive function along with the KeepAliveType structure.

```
task main()
{
  KeepAliveType kaArgs;
  SysKeepAlive(kaArgs); // reset sleep timer
}
```

9.854 ex_syslistfiles.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysListFiles function along with the ListFilesType structure.

```
task main()
{
  ListFilesType args;
  args.Pattern = "*.rxe";
  SysListFiles(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR && ArrayLen(args.FileList) > 0)
  {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE6, args.FileList[0]);
  }
  Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.855 ex_sysloaderexecutefunction.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysLoaderExecuteFunction function along with the LoaderExecuteFunctionType structure.

```
task main()
{
  LoaderExecuteFunctionType args;
  args.Cmd = 0xA0; // delete user flash
  SysLoaderExecuteFunction(args);
}
```

9.856 ex_sysmemorymanager.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysMemoryManager function along with the MemoryManagerType structure.

```
task main() {
  byte data[];
  byte data2[];
  int data3[];
  int ps, ds;
  MemoryManagerType args;
  args.Compact = false;
  SysMemoryManager(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.PoolSize);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, args.DataspaceSize);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  ArrayInit(data, 10, 3000);
  data[10]++;
  ps = data[10];
  data2 = data;
  ArrayBuild(data3, ps, ds, ps, ds, ps, ds, ps, ds);
  SysMemoryManager(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.PoolSize);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, args.DataspaceSize);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data[10]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
  SysMemoryManager(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.PoolSize);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, args.DataspaceSize);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE8, data2[10]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
  ClearScreen();
  Wait(SEC_1);
//  while(true);
}
```

9.857 ex_sysmessageread.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysMessageRead function along with the MessageReadType structure.

```
task main()
{
  MessageReadType args;
  args.QueueID = MAILBOX1; // 0
  args.Remove = true;
  SysMessageRead(args);
  if (args.Result == NO_ERR) {
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.Message);
```

```
  }
}
```

9.858 ex_sysmessagewrite.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysMessageWrite function along with the MessageWriteType structure.

```
task main()
{
  MessageWriteType args;
  args.QueueID = MAILBOX1; // 0
  args.Message = "testing";
  SysMessageWrite(args);
  // check Result for error status
}
```

9.859 ex_sysrandomnumber.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysRandomNumber function along with the RandomNumberType structure.

```
task main()
{
  RandomNumberType rnArgs;
  SysRandomNumber(rnArgs);
  int myRandomValue = rnArgs.Result;
}
```

9.860 ex_sysreadbutton.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysReadButton function along with the ReadButtonType structure.

```
task main()
{
  ReadButtonType rbArgs;
  rbArgs.Index = BTNRIGHT;
  SysReadButton(rbArgs);
  if (rbArgs.Pressed) {/* do something */}
}
```

9.861 ex_SysReadLastResponse.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysReadLastResponse function.

```
ReadLastResponseType args;
args.Clear = true;
SysReadLastResponse(args);
if (args.Result == NO_ERR) {
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.Length);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, args.Command);
  // also could output args.Buffer[i]
}
```

9.862 ex_SysReadSemData.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysReadSemData function along with the ReadSemDataType structure.

```
task main()
{
  ReadSemDataType args;
  args.Request = true;
  SysReadSemData(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.SemData);
}
```

9.863 ex_syssetscreenmode.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSetScreenMode function along with the SetScreenModeType structure.

```
task main()
{
  SetScreenModeType ssmArgs;
  ssmArgs.ScreenMode = 0x00; // restore default NXT screen
  SysSetScreenMode(ssmArgs);
}
```

9.864 ex_SysSetSleepTimeout.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSetSleepTimeout function.

```
task main()
{
  SetSleepTimeoutType args;
  args.TheSleepTimeoutMS = MIN_1*5;
  SysSetSleepTimeout(args);
}
```

9.865 ex_syssoundgetstate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSoundGetState function along with the SoundGetStateType structure.

```
task main()
{
  SoundGetStateType sgsArgs;
  SysSoundGetState(sgsArgs);
  if (sgsArgs.State == SOUND_STATE_IDLE) {/* do stuff */}
}
```

9.866 ex_syssoundplayfile.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSoundPlayFile function along with the SoundPlayFileType structure.

```
task main()
{
  SoundPlayFileType spfArgs;
  spfArgs.Filename = "hello.rso";
  spfArgs.Loop = false;
  spfArgs.SoundLevel = 3;
  SysSoundPlayFile(spfArgs);
}
```

9.867 ex_syssoundplaytone.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSoundPlayTone function along with the SoundPlayToneType structure.

```
task main()
{
  SoundPlayToneType sptArgs;
  sptArgs.Frequency = 440;
  sptArgs.Duration = 1000; // 1 second
  sptArgs.Loop = false;
  sptArgs.SoundLevel = 3;
  SysSoundPlayTone(sptArgs);
}
```

9.868 ex_syssoundsetstate.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysSoundSetState function along with the SoundSetStateType structure.

```
task main()
```

```
{
  SoundSetStateType sssArgs;
  sssArgs.State = SOUND_STATE_STOP;
  SysSoundSetState(sssArgs);
}
```

9.869 ex_SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo function along with the UpdateCalibCacheInfoType structure.

```
task main()
{
  UpdateCalibCacheInfoType args;
  args.Name = "light";
  args.MinVal = 0;
  args.MaxVal = 1023;
  SysUpdateCalibCacheInfo(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.Result);
}
```

9.870 ex_SysWriteSemData.nxc

This is an example of how to use the SysWriteSemData function along with the WriteSemDataType structure.

```
task main()
{
  WriteSemDataType args;
  args.NewVal = 0x4;
  args.Request = true;
  args.ClearBits = false;
  SysWriteSemData(args);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, args.SemData);
}
```

9.871 ex_tan.nxc

This is an example of how to use the tan function.

```
// ex_tan.nxc
// Display values generated by the tan API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define DELTA PI / 8

// Angles from -3/8 PI radians to almost P1/2 radians stepped by PI/8 radians.
const float data[] =
```

```
{
   -3 * DELTA,
   -2 * DELTA,
   -DELTA,
   0.0,
   DELTA,
   2 * DELTA,
   3 * DELTA,
   4 * DELTA - 0.01
};

// Display a table of angles and their tangents. The angles are the ones
// specified above.
task main()
{
   const int items = ArrayLen(data);
   for (int i = 0; i < items; ++i)
   {
      int screen_y = 56 - 8 * i;
      float angle = data[i];
      TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%7.4f", angle));
      TextOut(45, screen_y, FormatNum("%8.4f", tan(angle)));
   }
   while (true);
}
```

9.872 ex_tand.nxc

This is an example of how to use the tand function.

```
// ex_tand.nxc
// Display values generated by the tand API call.
// This program runs indefinitely -- press gray button to exit.
// Reguires enhanced firmware 1.28 or later.

#define DELTA 22.5

// Angles from -67.5 degrees to almost 90.0 degres stepped by 22.5 degrees.
const float data[] =
{
   -3 * DELTA,
   -2 * DELTA,
   -DELTA,
   0.0,
   DELTA,
   2 * DELTA,
   3 * DELTA,
   4 * DELTA - 0.01
};

// Display a table of angles and their tangents. The angles are the ones
// specified above.
task main()
{
   const int items = ArrayLen(data);
```

```
   for (int i = 0; i < items; ++i)
   {
      int screen_y = 56 - 8 * i;
      float angle = data[i];
      TextOut(0, screen_y, FormatNum("%5.1f", angle));
      TextOut(40, screen_y, FormatNum("%8.4f", tand(angle)));
   }
   while (true);
}
```

9.873 ex_tanh.nxc

This is an example of how to use the tanh function.

```
x = tanh(y);
```

9.874 ex_TextOut.nxc

This is an example of how to use the TextOut function.

```
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, "Hello World!");
```

9.875 ex_tolower.nxc

This is an example of how to use the tolower function.

```
i = tolower(x);
```

9.876 ex_toupper.nxc

This is an example of how to use the toupper function.

```
i = toupper(x);
```

9.877 ex_trunc.nxc

This is an example of how to use the trunc function.

```
y = trunc(x);
```

9.878 ex_UIButton.nxc

This is an example of how to use the UIButton function.

```
x = UIButton();
```

9.879 ex_UIState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the UIState function.

```
x = UIState();
```

9.880 ex_UiUsbState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the UsbState function.

```
value = UsbState();
```

9.881 ex_UnflattenVar.nxc

This is an example of how to use the UnflattenVar function.

```
task main()
{
  long data[] = {-50123, 68142, 128176, -45123};
  long data2[4];
  float fdata[] = {12.123, 3.14159, 2.68};
  float fdata2[3];
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE1, data[0]);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE2, fdata[1]);
  string sdata = FlattenVar(data);
  string tmp;
  // transfer the string to another NXT
  tmp = sdata;
  UnflattenVar(tmp, data2);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE3, data2[0]);
  sdata = FlattenVar(fdata);
  // transfer the string to another NXT
  tmp = sdata;
  UnflattenVar(tmp, fdata2);
  NumOut(0, LCD_LINE4, fdata2[1]);
  Wait(SEC_5);
}
```

9.882 ex_USBInputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBInputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = USBInputBufferInPtr();
```

9.883 ex_USBInputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBInputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = USBInputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.884 ex_USBOutputBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBOutputBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = USBOutputBufferInPtr();
```

9.885 ex_USBOutputBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBOutputBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = USBOutputBufferOutPtr();
```

9.886 ex_USBPollBufferInPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBPollBufferInPtr function.

```
byte x = USBPollBufferInPtr();
```

9.887 ex_USBPollBufferOutPtr.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBPollBufferOutPtr function.

```
byte x = USBPollBufferOutPtr();
```

9.888 ex_UsbState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the USBState function.

```
byte x = USBPollBufferOutPtr();
```

9.889 ex_VMRunState.nxc

This is an example of how to use the VMRunState function.

```
x = VMRunState();
```

9.890 ex_Volume.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Volume function.

```
x = Volume();
```

9.891 ex_wait.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Wait function.

```
task main()
{
  Wait(SEC_5); // wait 5 seconds
  Wait(Random(SEC_1)); // wait random time up to 1 second
}
```

9.892 ex_Write.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Write function.

```
result = Write(handle, value);
```

9.893 ex_WriteBytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteBytes function.

```
result = WriteBytes(handle, buffer, count);
```

9.894 ex_WriteBytesEx.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteBytesEx function.

```
result = WriteBytesEx(handle, len, buffer);
```

9.895 ex_writei2cregister.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteI2CRegister function.

```
char result = WriteI2CRegister(S1, I2C_ADDR_DEFAULT, I2C_REG_CMD, US_CMD_OFF);
```

9.896 ex_WriteLn.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteLn function.

```
result = WriteLn(handle, value);
```

9.897 ex_WriteLnString.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteLnString function.

```
result = WriteLnString(handle, "testing", count);
```

9.898 ex_writenrlinkbytes.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteNRLinkBytes function.

```
byte data[] = {0x01, 0x02, 0x03};
char result = WriteNRLinkBytes(S1, MS_ADDR_NRLINK, data);
```

9.899 ex_WriteString.nxc

This is an example of how to use the WriteString function.

```
result = WriteString(handle, "testing", count);
```

9.900 ex_yield.nxc

This is an example of how to use the Yield function.

```
task play() {
  while (true) {
    PlayTone(TONE_A4, MS_500);
    Wait(SEC_1);
  }
}

task drive()
{
  while (true) {
    OnFwd(OUT_A, 50);
    Yield();
  }
}

task main()
{
  Precedes(drive, play);
}
```

9.901 glBoxDemo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the glInit, glBeginObject, glBegin, glAddVertex, glEnd, glEndObject, glSetAngleX, glBeginRender, glAddToAngleY, glCallObject, and glFinishRender functions.

```
/*-----------------------------------------------------------------------------
; File          : glBoxDemo.nbc
; Description   : A program demonstrating a 3D box...
; Programmed by : Arno van der Vegt, avandervegt@home.nl
;-----------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

task main()
{
  // Initialize the 3D engine...
  glInit();
  // Create a cube, this is the first object which will be object id 0...
  glCube(GL_POLYGON, 20);
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 20, 30, 40);
  // Set the main view x-angle...
  glSetAngleX(45);
  while (true)
  {
    // Rotate the main view....
    glAddToAngleY(8);
    glAddToAngleX(4);
    // Setup for rendering...
    glBeginRender();
    // translate object 1
```

```
    glObjectAction(0, GL_TRANSLATE_X, 20);
    glObjectAction(1, GL_TRANSLATE_X, -20);
    // Call the object with id 0...
    glCallObject(0);
    glCallObject(1);
    // Finish, clear the screen, rotate and render the called objects...
    glFinishRender();
    Wait(MS_20);
  }
}
```

9.902 glCircleDemo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the glInit, glBox, glSetAngleX, glBeginRender, glAddToAngleY, glAddToAngleX glCallObject, glSet, and glFinishRender functions.

```
/*-------------------------------------------------------------------------------
; File          : glBoxDemo.nbc
; Description   : A program demonstrating a 3D box with circles on the edges...
; Programmed by : Arno van der Vegt, avandervegt@home.nl
;-------------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

task main()
{
  // Initialize the 3D engine...
  glInit();
  // Create a box, this is the first object which will be object id 0...
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 30, 30, 30);
  // Create a box, this is the second object which will be object id 1...
  glBox(GL_CIRCLE, 30, 30, 30);
  // Set the main view x-angle...
  glSetAngleX(45);
  while (true)
  {
    // Rotate the main view....
    glAddToAngleY(3);
    glAddToAngleX(5);
    // Setup for rendering...
    glBeginRender();
    glSet(GL_CULL_MODE, GL_CULL_NONE);
    // Call the object with id 0...
    glCallObject(0);
    // Call the object with id 1...
    glCallObject(1);
    // Finish, clear the screen, rotate and render the called objects...
    glFinishRender();
  }
}
```

9.903 glRotateDemo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the glInit, glBox, glSetAngleX, glBeginRender, glCallObject, glObjectAction, and glFinishRender functions.

```
/*-----------------------------------------------------------------------------
; File          : glRotateDemo.nbc
; Description   : A program demonstrating two 3D boxes with rotate actions...
; Programmed by : Arno van der Vegt, avandervegt@home.nl
;-----------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

int angleX, angleY;

task main()
{
  // Initialize the 3D engine...
  glInit();
  // Create a box, this is the first object which will be object id 0...
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 20, 20, 20);
  // Create a box, this is the second object which will be object id 1...
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 40, 40, 40);
  glSetAngleX(30);
  angleX = 0;
  angleY = 0;
  while (true) {
    // Setup for rendering...
    glBeginRender();
    // Call the object with id 0...
    glCallObject(0);
    glObjectAction(0, GL_ROTATE_X, angleX);
    // Call the object with id 1...
    glCallObject(1);
    glObjectAction(1, GL_ROTATE_Y, angleY);
    // Finish, clear the screen, rotate and render the called objects...
    glFinishRender();
    angleX += 3;
    angleX %= 360;
    angleY += 5;
    angleY %= 360;
  }
}
```

9.904 glScaleDemo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the glInit, glBox, glSetAngleX, glAddToAngleY, glBeginRender, glCallObject, glObjectAction, and glFinishRender functions.

```
/*-----------------------------------------------------------------------------
; File          : glScaleDemo.nbc
; Description   : A program demonstrating a scaling action...
; Programmed by : Arno van der Vegt, avandervegt@home.nl
;-----------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

int scaleX, scaleXStep;

task main()
{
  // Initialize the 3D engine...
  glInit();
  // Create a box, this is the first object which will be object id 0...
```

```
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 20, 20, 20);
  // Set the main view x-angle...
  glSetAngleX(45);
  // Initialize the scaling vars...
  scaleX     = 256;
  scaleXStep = 16;
  while (true)
  {
    // Rotate the main view....
    glAddToAngleY(8);
    // Setup for rendering...
    glBeginRender();
    // Call the object with id 0...
    glObjectAction(0, GL_SCALE_X, scaleX);
    glCallObject(0);
    // Finish, clear the screen, rotate and render the called objects...
    glFinishRender();
    // Scale between 256..512...
    scaleX += scaleXStep;
    if (scaleX >= 512)
      scaleXStep = -16;
    else if (scaleX <= 256)
      scaleXStep = 16;
    Wait(MS_20);
  }
}
```

9.905 glTranslateDemo.nxc

This is an example of how to use the glInit, glBox, glSetAngleX, glAddToAngleY, glBeginRender, glSet, glCallObject, glObjectAction, and glFinishRender functions.

```
/*--------------------------------------------------------------------------
; File          : glTranslateDemo.nbc
; Description   : A program demonstrating two 3D boxes with translate actions...
; Programmed by : Arno van der Vegt, avandervegt@home.nl
;--------------------------------------------------------------------------*/

int translateX, translateXStep,
    translateY, translateYStep,
    translateZ, translateZStep;

task main()
{
  // Initialize the 3D engine...
  glInit();

  // Create a box, this is the first object which will be object id 0...
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 20, 20, 20);

  // Create a box, this is the second object which will be object id 1...
  glBox(GL_POLYGON, 40, 40, 40);

  glSetAngleX(30);
```

```
  translateX      = 0;
  translateXStep  = 1;
  translateY      = 0;
  translateYStep  = 1;
  translateZ      = 0;
  translateZStep  = 2;
  while (true)
  {
    // Rotate the main view....
    glAddToAngleY(2);
    // Setup for rendering...
    glBeginRender();
    glSet(GL_CULL_MODE, GL_CULL_NONE);

    // Call the object with id 0...
    glCallObject(0);
    glObjectAction(0, GL_TRANSLATE_X, translateX);
    glObjectAction(0, GL_TRANSLATE_Z, translateZ);
    glObjectAction(0, GL_TRANSLATE_Y, translateY);

    // Call the object with id 1...
    glCallObject(1);

    // Finish, clear the screen, rotate and render the called objects...
    glFinishRender();

    translateX += translateXStep;
    if (translateX >= 10)
      translateXStep = -1;
    else if (translateX <= -10)
      translateXStep = 1;

    translateZ += translateZStep;
    if (translateZ >= 10)
      translateZStep = -2;
    else if (translateZ <= -10)
      translateZStep = 2;

    translateY += translateYStep;
    if (translateY >= 10)
      translateYStep = -1;
    else if (translateY <= -10)
      translateYStep = 1;
  }
}
```

9.906 util_battery_1.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BatteryLevel function.

```
//  Display battery voltage for four seconds.
// This version does not use floats and will work on NXTs with firmware 1.07.

// Note: the BatteryLevel API call returns an unsigned integer giving the
```

```
// battery level in millivolts.
task main()
{
   unsigned int millivolts = BatteryLevel();
   unsigned int int_volts = millivolts / 1000;
   millivolts %= 1000;
   string left = FormatNum("Battery: %d", int_volts);
   string right = FormatNum(".%03d", millivolts);
   TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, StrCat(left, right), true);
   Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.907 util_battery_2.nxc

This is an example of how to use the BatteryLevel function.

```
//  Display battery voltage for four seconds.
// This version uses floats and requires NXTs with firmware 1.28 or later.

// Note: the BatteryLevel API call returns an unsigned integer giving the
// battery level in millivolts.
task main()
{
   float volts = BatteryLevel() / 1000.0;
   TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, FormatNum("Battery: %5.3f", volts), true);
   Wait(SEC_4);
}
```

9.908 util_rpm.nxc

This is an example of how to use the CurrentTick and MotorRotationCount functions.

```
// Display RPM of motor attached to the port MOTOR while running at full speed.
// The program runs continously until stopped by pressing the gray NXT button.
// Requires NXT firmware 1.28 or later (uses floating point arithmetic).

// CurrentTick returns milliseconds in a long integer.
// MotorRotationCount returns degrees in a long integer.

#define MOTOR OUT_A
#define FULL_SPEED 100
#define DEG_TO_RPM 166.6667 // converts degrees per millisecond to RPM

long prev_tick;
long prev_deg = 0;

string rpm_msg()
{
   long dt = CurrentTick() - prev_tick;
   long deg = MotorRotationCount(MOTOR) - prev_deg;
   float rpm = deg * DEG_TO_RPM / dt;
   prev_deg = MotorRotationCount(MOTOR);
```

```
   prev_tick = CurrentTick();
   return FormatNum("RPM: %5.1f", rpm);
}

task main()
{
   prev_tick = CurrentTick();
   OnFwd(MOTOR, FULL_SPEED);
   while (true)
   {
      Wait(MS_500); // update display every 0.5 seconds
      TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, rpm_msg(), true);
   }
}
```

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