

## Homework 4

(Due March 19)

1. (24 pts) Translate the following expression into (a) postfix and (b) prefix notation:

$$(b + \sqrt{b \times b - 4 \times a \times c}) / (2 \times a)$$

2. (26 pts) Some languages (e.g., Algol 68) do not employ short-circuit evaluation for Boolean expressions. However, in such languages an `if...then...else` construct (which only evaluates the arm that is needed) can be used as an expression that returns a value. Show how to use `if...then...else` to achieve the effect of short-circuit evaluation for `A and B` and for `A or B`.
3. (24 pts) Consider a midtest loop, here written in C, that processes all lines in the input until a blank line is found:

```
for ( ; ; )
{
    line = read_line();
    if (all_blanks(line)) break;
    process_line(line);
}
```

Show how you might accomplish the same task in C using a (a) `while` and (b) `do` loop, if `break` instructions were not available.

4. (26 pts) Write a *tail-recursive* function in Scheme to compute  $n$  factorial ( $n! = 1 \times 2 \times \dots \times n$ ). You will probably want to define a “helper” function, as discussed in the textbook.
5. (Extra Credit - 10 pts) Give an example in C in which an in-line subroutine may be significantly faster than a functionally equivalent macro. Give another example in which the macro is likely to be faster. Hint: think about applicative versus normal-order evaluation of arguments.